

Your Project Calculations



Project Name: UnivofMNMorris-JB-RevA2

S3D Model Link:
https://platform.skyciv.com/structural?preload_name=UnivofMNMorris-JB-RevA2&preload_path=Shared%20Enterprise%20Folder/MT_Solar_Projects/9_2023

Public Model Link:
https://platform.skyciv.com/structural-viewer?project_id=3WZO5IID1p0MbuCp1KauGkfn7zSyf75I4yEFH75IcQSFrwr4vwKluXcL2ZzR06Y6

Array Specification

Product:	Beam
Unique ID:	5P-19.75-6TOP-HD-57-L-4Hx13W-8AE2
Duty Classification:	HD
Module Width:	44.60 in
Module Length:	89.50in
Number of Rows:	4
Number of Columns:	13
Total Number of Modules:	52
Desired Tilt Angle:	30
Front Edge Clearance:	8
Total Array Height at Tilt:	15.47 ft
Total Frame Length:	96.00 ft
Frame Weight:	4674 lbs
Array Dimensions N/S:	15.03 ft
Array Dimensions E/W:	98.04 ft
Rail Length:	180.40 in
Rail Spacing:	3.77 ft
Rail Check:	PASS (55% utilized)

Support Specifications

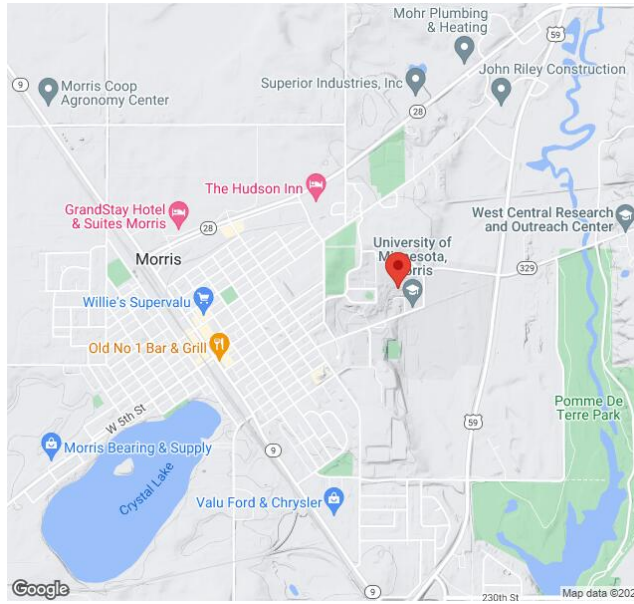
Pole Size:	6in Pipe Sch 80
Pole Length above Grade:	11.76 ft
Number of Poles:	5
Pole Spacing:	19.75 ft

Foundation Specifications

Foundation Type:	Square
Foundation Dimensions:	48 x 48 in
Foundation Depth (below grade):	Pile 1: 6.25 ft Pile 2: 6.25 ft Pile 3: 6.25 ft Pile 4: 6.25 ft Pile 5: 6.25 ft
Foundation Volume:	18.518 y ³
Foundation Result:	PASSED
Mount Twist:	0.143497 kip

Site Info

Risk Category:	I
Exposure:	B
Soil Classification:	sand
Site Location:	600 E 4th St, Morris, MN 56267, USA
Wind Speed:	104 mph
Snow Load:	50 psf
Design Uplift Pressure:	Multiple pressures
Design Downforce Pressure:	Multiple pressures
Design Snow Pressure:	0.021993 ksf



Design Disclaimer

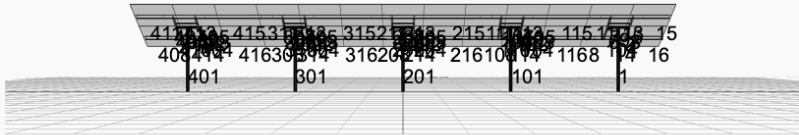
This software should be used for preliminary designs and should not be used as a final design unless reviewed, verified and designed by a qualified structural engineer.

AutoDesigner Input

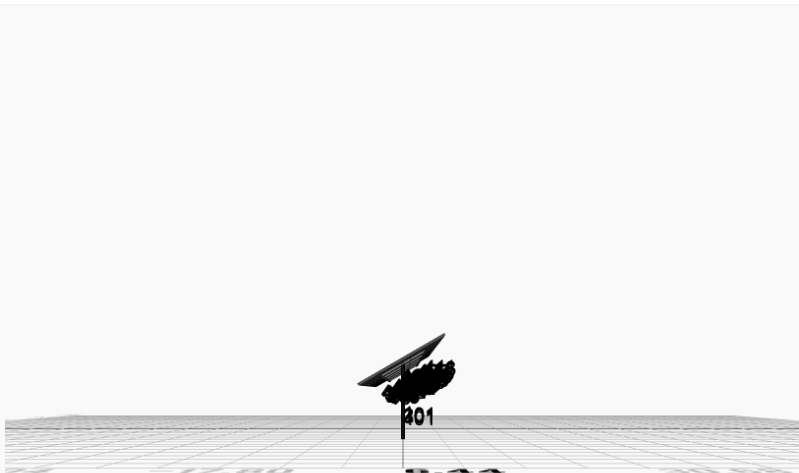
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Design Notes:

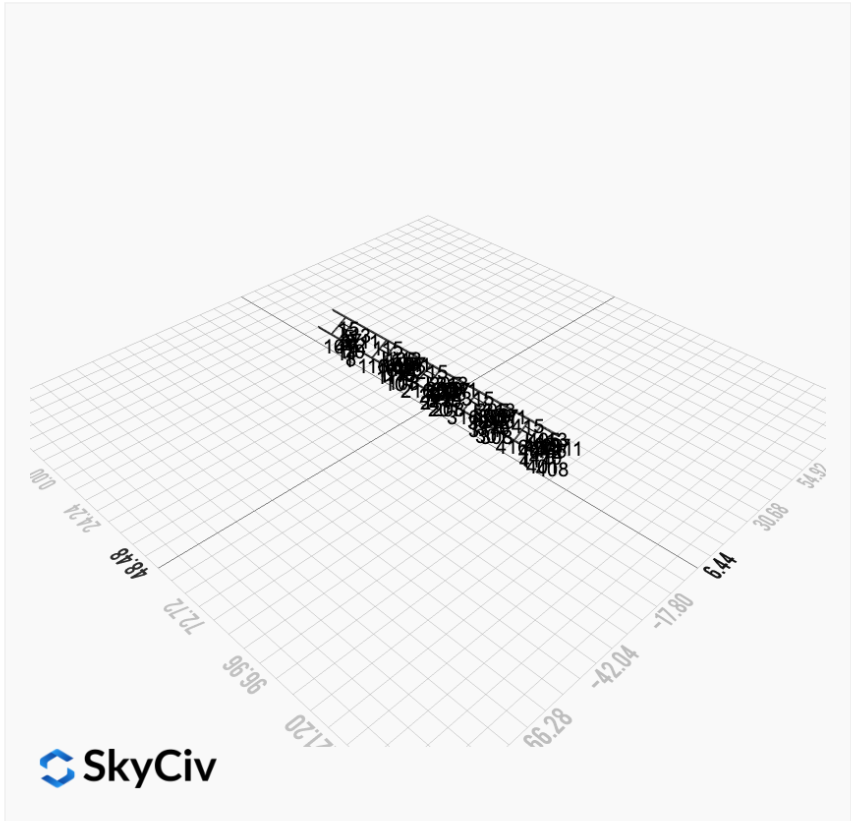
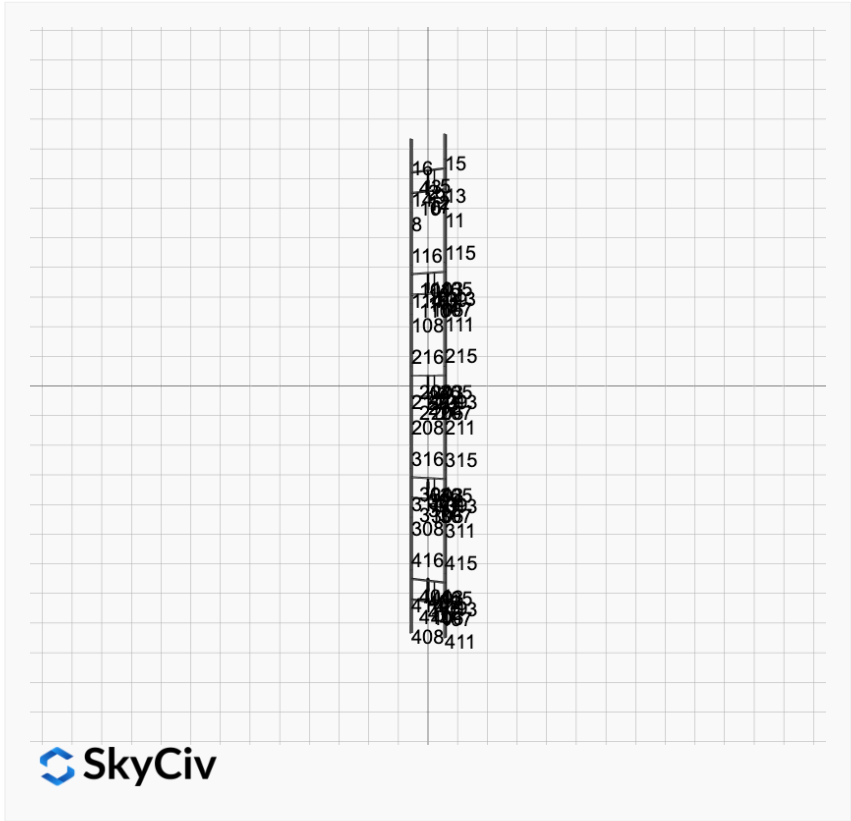
- AISC Deflection checks are set to L/1 due to structure design intent
- Foundation Soil Parameters used in this Autodesign are all estimates, proper geotechnical reports are required to confirm soil profiles



 SkyCiv



 SkyCiv

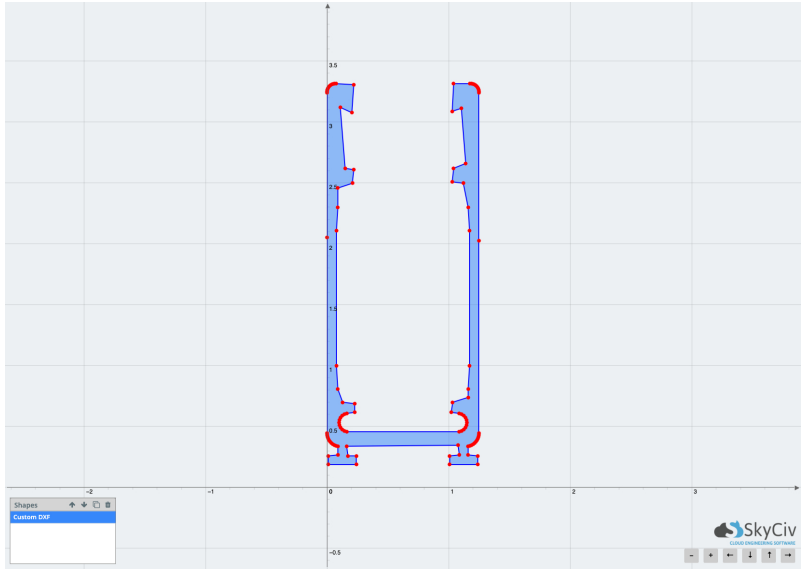




 SkyCiv

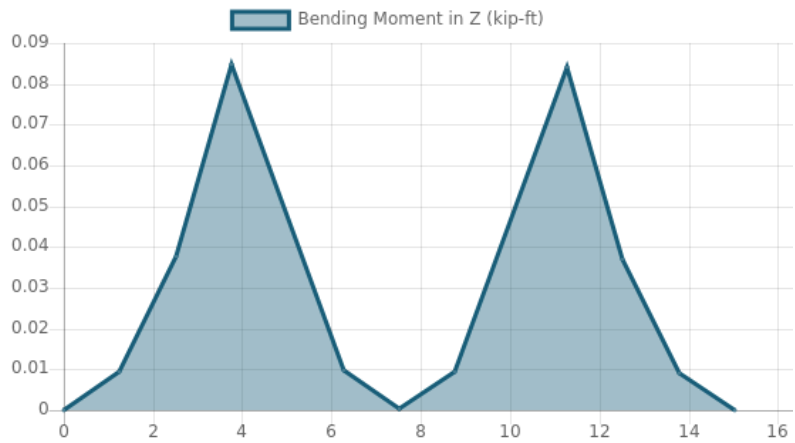
Rail Design Check

Rail Length: 15.033333333333333 ft
Additional Restraints Required: None
Tributary Width: 3.7708333333333335 ft
Material: Aluminium
Density: 169 lb/ft³
Elasticity Modulus: 10000 ksi
Fy: 34.5 ksi
Fu: 37 ksi
Snow (X): 0.0718 kip/ft
Snow (Y): -0.0415 kip/ft
Wind uplift Case A: 0.0749 kip/ft
Wind uplift Case A: 0.0749 kip/ft
Wind uplift Case B (X): 0.0000 kip/ft
Wind uplift Case B (Y): 0.1041 kip/ft

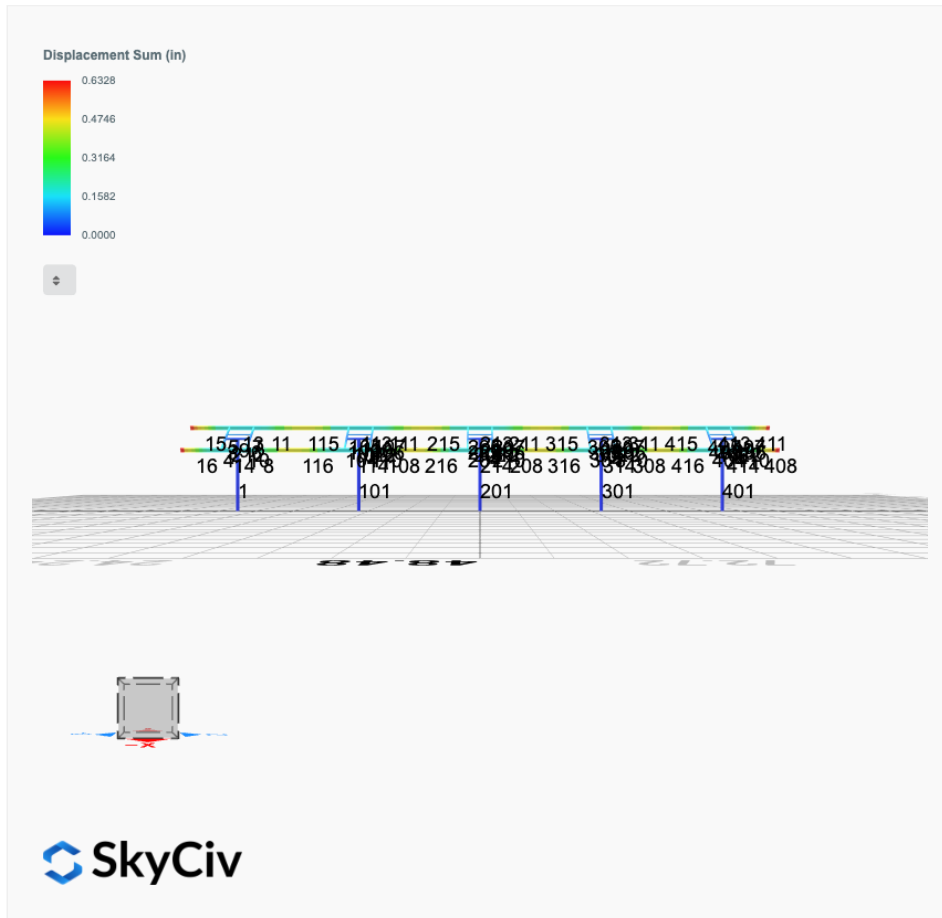


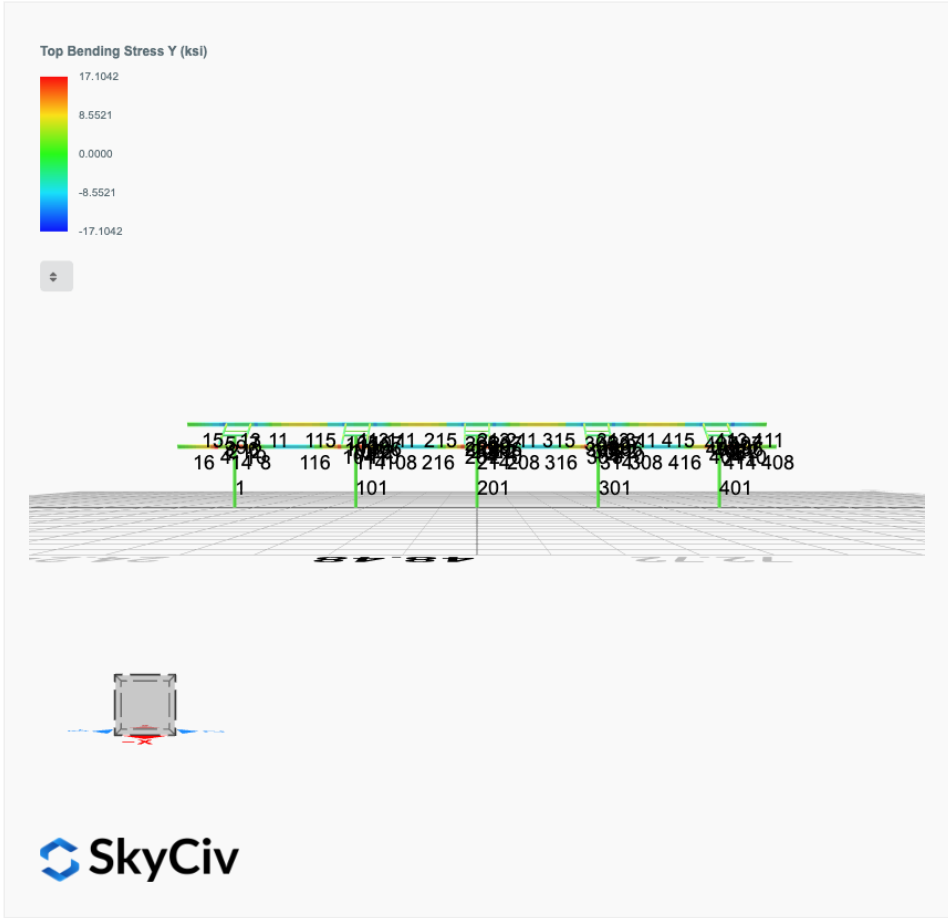
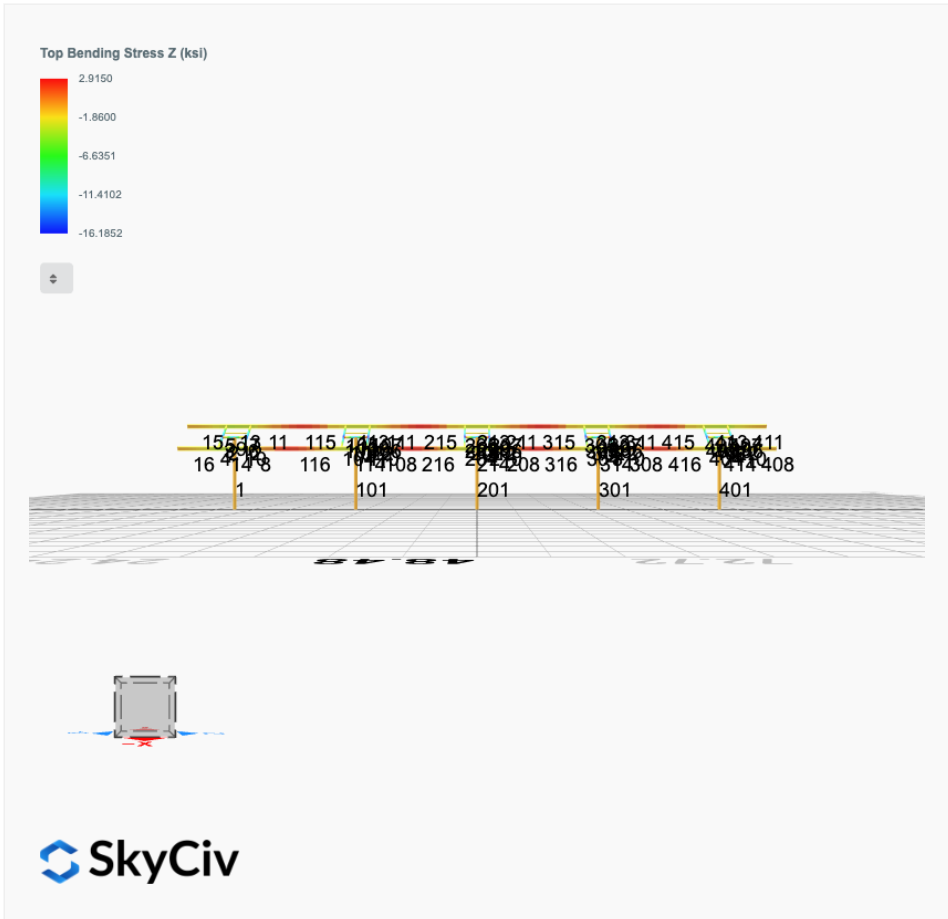
Result Check	Max Limit	Max Value	Utility	Status
Custom Stress Limit	34.5	19.03897501	0.552	PASS
Material Yield	34.5	19.03897501	0.552	PASS
Material Strength	37	19.03897501	0.515	PASS

Member 1, ULS: 1. 1.4D

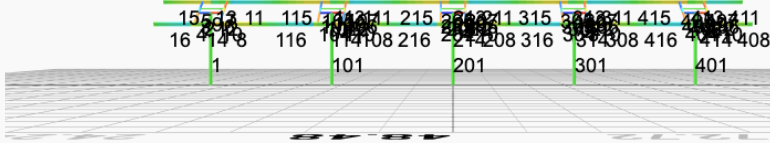


FEM Results (Envelope Worst Case for each member)





Shear Stress Y (ksi)



 SkyCiv

Reaction Forces for Foundation 1 (Node ID#1), (kip, kip-ft)

ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	-0.0034	2.2031	-0.0041	-0.0135	0.0201	0.0626
ULS: 2. D + L	-0.0034	2.2031	-0.0041	-0.0135	0.0201	0.0626
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	-0.0140	7.4867	-0.0166	-0.0551	0.0836	0.2097
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	-0.0034	2.2031	-0.0041	-0.0135	0.0201	0.0626
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	-0.0113	6.1658	-0.0135	-0.0447	0.0678	0.1729
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	-0.0034	2.2031	-0.0041	-0.0135	0.0201	0.0626
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	-0.0034	2.2031	-0.0041	-0.0135	0.0201	0.0626
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	-0.0113	6.1658	-0.0135	-0.0447	0.0678	0.1729
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	-0.0020	1.3219	-0.0024	-0.0081	0.0121	0.0376
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.9938	5.6280	-0.0036	-0.0126	0.0111	24.3015
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.9938	5.6280	-0.0036	-0.0126	0.0111	24.3015
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	1.7011	-0.7320	-0.0031	-0.0095	0.0246	-19.4769
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	1.4231	-0.2447	-0.0081	-0.0274	0.0359	-23.2113
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.5042	8.7345	-0.0131	-0.0440	0.0610	18.3522
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.5042	8.7345	-0.0131	-0.0440	0.0610	18.3522
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.2670	3.9645	-0.0127	-0.0417	0.0711	-14.4817
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	1.0585	4.3300	-0.0165	-0.0551	0.0796	-17.2825
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.4962	4.7718	-0.0037	-0.0128	0.0133	18.2418
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.4962	4.7718	-0.0037	-0.0128	0.0133	18.2418
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.2750	0.0017	-0.0033	-0.0105	0.0235	-14.5921
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	1.0664	0.3673	-0.0071	-0.0240	0.0319	-17.3928
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.9925	4.7468	-0.0020	-0.0072	0.0030	24.2765
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.9925	4.7468	-0.0020	-0.0072	0.0030	24.2765
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	1.7025	-1.6133	-0.0015	-0.0041	0.0165	-19.5020
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	1.4244	-1.1259	-0.0065	-0.0220	0.0278	-23.2363

Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	13.9520
Shear X	-3.3286
Shear Z	-0.0302
Moment X	-0.1010
Moment Y (Twist)	0.1436
Moment Z	41.9491

Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	8.7345
Shear X	-1.9938
Shear Z	-0.0166
Moment X	-0.0551
Moment Y (Twist)	0.0836
Moment Z	24.3015

Reaction Forces for Foundation 2 (Node ID#101), (kip, kip-ft)

ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	0.0037	2.3110	0.0019	0.0070	-0.0039	-0.0092
ULS: 2. D + L	0.0037	2.3110	0.0019	0.0070	-0.0039	-0.0092
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0154	7.9399	0.0078	0.0291	-0.0161	-0.0891
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0037	2.3110	0.0019	0.0070	-0.0039	-0.0092
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0125	6.5327	0.0063	0.0236	-0.0130	-0.0691
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0037	2.3110	0.0019	0.0070	-0.0039	-0.0092
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	0.0037	2.3110	0.0019	0.0070	-0.0039	-0.0092

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	0.0125	6.5327	0.0063	0.0236	-0.0130	-0.0691
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	0.0022	1.3866	0.0011	0.0042	-0.0023	-0.0055
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.0776	5.9308	0.0172	0.0621	-0.0415	25.2979
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-2.0776	5.9308	0.0172	0.0621	-0.0415	25.2979
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	1.7888	-0.7922	-0.0101	-0.0358	0.0253	-20.3806
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	1.4871	-0.2730	-0.0120	-0.0425	0.0314	-24.1999
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.5485	9.2475	0.0178	0.0649	-0.0413	18.9112
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.5485	9.2475	0.0178	0.0649	-0.0413	18.9112
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.3513	4.2053	-0.0027	-0.0085	0.0088	-15.3476
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	1.1250	4.5947	-0.0041	-0.0135	0.0134	-18.2121
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.5573	5.0258	0.0134	0.0483	-0.0321	18.9711
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.5573	5.0258	0.0134	0.0483	-0.0321	18.9711
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.3425	-0.0164	-0.0071	-0.0251	0.0180	-15.2877
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	1.1162	0.3730	-0.0085	-0.0301	0.0226	-18.1522
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.0791	5.0064	0.0165	0.0593	-0.0400	25.3016
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-2.0791	5.0064	0.0165	0.0593	-0.0400	25.3016
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	1.7873	-1.7166	-0.0108	-0.0386	0.0268	-20.3769
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	1.4856	-1.1974	-0.0127	-0.0453	0.0330	-24.1962

Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	14.7955
Shear X	-3.4689
Shear Z	0.0320
Moment X	0.1159
Moment Y (Twist)	0.0768
Moment Z	43.6210

Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	9.2475
Shear X	-2.0791
Shear Z	0.0178
Moment X	0.0649
Moment Y (Twist)	0.0415
Moment Z	25.3016

Reaction Forces for Foundation 3 (Node ID#201), (kip, kip-ft)

ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	-0.0007	2.3217	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0287
ULS: 2. D + L	-0.0007	2.3217	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0287
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	-0.0028	7.9842	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0693
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	-0.0007	2.3217	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0287
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	-0.0023	6.5686	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0592
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	-0.0007	2.3217	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0287
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	-0.0007	2.3217	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0287
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	-0.0023	6.5686	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0592
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	-0.0004	1.3930	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0172
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.1098	5.9904	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	25.6956
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-2.1098	5.9904	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	25.6956
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	1.8082	-0.8231	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	-20.6154
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	1.5031	-0.2992	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	-24.4924
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.5841	9.3201	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	19.3094
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.5841	9.3201	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	19.3094
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.3544	4.2100	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	-15.4239
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	1.1255	4.6029	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	-18.3316

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.5825	5.0733	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	19.2789
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.5825	5.0733	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	19.2789
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.3560	-0.0369	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	-15.4544
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	1.1271	0.3560	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	-18.3621
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.1095	5.0618	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	25.6842
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-2.1095	5.0618	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	25.6842
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	1.8085	-1.7517	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	-20.6269
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	1.5033	-1.2279	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	-24.5038

Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	14.9033
Shear X	-3.5160
Shear Z	0.0000
Moment X	0.0002
Moment Y (Twist)	0.0001
Moment Z	44.3644

Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	9.3201
Shear X	-2.1098
Shear Z	0.0000
Moment X	0.0000
Moment Y (Twist)	0.0000
Moment Z	25.6956

Reaction Forces for Foundation 4 (Node ID#301), (kip, kip-ft)

ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	0.0037	2.3110	-0.0019	-0.0070	0.0039	-0.0092
ULS: 2. D + L	0.0037	2.3110	-0.0019	-0.0070	0.0039	-0.0092
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0154	7.9399	-0.0078	-0.0291	0.0161	-0.0891
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0037	2.3110	-0.0019	-0.0070	0.0039	-0.0092
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0125	6.5327	-0.0063	-0.0236	0.0130	-0.0691
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0037	2.3110	-0.0019	-0.0070	0.0039	-0.0092
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	0.0037	2.3110	-0.0019	-0.0070	0.0039	-0.0092
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	0.0125	6.5327	-0.0063	-0.0236	0.0130	-0.0691
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	0.0022	1.3866	-0.0011	-0.0042	0.0023	-0.0055
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.0776	5.9308	-0.0172	-0.0621	0.0415	25.2979
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-2.0776	5.9308	-0.0172	-0.0621	0.0415	25.2979
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	1.7888	-0.7922	0.0101	0.0358	-0.0253	-20.3806
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	1.4871	-0.2730	0.0120	0.0425	-0.0314	-24.1999
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.5485	9.2475	-0.0178	-0.0649	0.0413	18.9112
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.5485	9.2475	-0.0178	-0.0649	0.0413	18.9112
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.3513	4.2053	0.0027	0.0085	-0.0088	-15.3476
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	1.1250	4.5947	0.0041	0.0135	-0.0134	-18.2121
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.5573	5.0258	-0.0134	-0.0483	0.0321	18.9711
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.5573	5.0258	-0.0134	-0.0483	0.0321	18.9711
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.3425	-0.0164	0.0071	0.0251	-0.0180	-15.2877
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	1.1162	0.3730	0.0085	0.0301	-0.0226	-18.1522
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.0791	5.0064	-0.0165	-0.0593	0.0400	25.3016
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-2.0791	5.0064	-0.0165	-0.0593	0.0400	25.3016
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	1.7873	-1.7166	0.0108	0.0386	-0.0268	-20.3769
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	1.4856	-1.1974	0.0127	0.0453	-0.0330	-24.1962

Worst Case Reactions LRFD

Worst Case Reactions ASD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module. Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	14.7955
Shear X	-3.4689
Shear Z	-0.0320
Moment X	-0.1160
Moment Y (Twist)	0.0768
Moment Z	43.6212

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module. Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	9.2475
Shear X	-2.0791
Shear Z	-0.0178
Moment X	-0.0649
Moment Y (Twist)	0.0415
Moment Z	25.3016

Reaction Forces for Foundation 5 (Node ID#401), (kip, kip-ft)

ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	-0.0034	2.2031	0.0041	0.0135	-0.0201	0.0626
ULS: 2. D + L	-0.0034	2.2031	0.0041	0.0135	-0.0201	0.0626
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	-0.0140	7.4867	0.0166	0.0551	-0.0836	0.2097
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	-0.0034	2.2031	0.0041	0.0135	-0.0201	0.0626
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	-0.0113	6.1658	0.0135	0.0447	-0.0678	0.1729
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	-0.0034	2.2031	0.0041	0.0135	-0.0201	0.0626
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	-0.0034	2.2031	0.0041	0.0135	-0.0201	0.0626
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	-0.0113	6.1658	0.0135	0.0447	-0.0678	0.1729
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	-0.0020	1.3219	0.0024	0.0081	-0.0121	0.0376
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.9938	5.6280	0.0036	0.0126	-0.0111	24.3015
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.9938	5.6280	0.0036	0.0126	-0.0111	24.3015
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	1.7011	-0.7320	0.0031	0.0096	-0.0246	-19.4769
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	1.4231	-0.2447	0.0081	0.0274	-0.0359	-23.2113
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.5042	8.7345	0.0131	0.0440	-0.0610	18.3521
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.5042	8.7345	0.0131	0.0440	-0.0610	18.3521
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.2670	3.9645	0.0127	0.0417	-0.0711	-14.4817
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	1.0585	4.3300	0.0165	0.0551	-0.0796	-17.2825
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.4962	4.7718	0.0037	0.0128	-0.0133	18.2418
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.4962	4.7718	0.0037	0.0128	-0.0133	18.2418
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.2750	0.0017	0.0033	0.0105	-0.0235	-14.5921
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	1.0664	0.3673	0.0071	0.0240	-0.0319	-17.3928
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.9925	4.7468	0.0020	0.0072	-0.0030	24.2765
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.9925	4.7468	0.0020	0.0072	-0.0030	24.2765
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	1.7025	-1.6133	0.0015	0.0041	-0.0165	-19.5020
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	1.4244	-1.1259	0.0065	0.0220	-0.0278	-23.2363

Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module. Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	13.9520
Shear X	-3.3285
Shear Z	0.0302
Moment X	0.1013
Moment Y (Twist)	0.1435
Moment Z	41.9497

Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module. Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	8.7345
Shear X	-1.9938
Shear Z	0.0166
Moment X	0.0551
Moment Y (Twist)	0.0836
Moment Z	24.3015

Project Details

Design Code: AISC 360-16 LRFD
 Provision: LRFD
 Country: United States
 User Name: sales@mtsolar.us
 Unit System: imperial

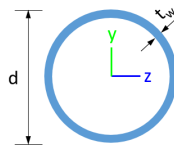


Design Input Information

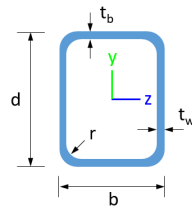
Design Factors			
Φ_t	Φ_c	Φ_b	Φ_v
0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9

Design Materials			
ID	E (ksi)	F_y (ksi)	F_u (ksi)
1	29000	50	65

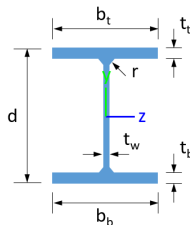
Section Dimensions



ID	Name	d (in)	t_w (in)				
2	2in Pipe Sch 80	2.38	0.22				
5	4in Pipe Sch 80	4.50	0.34				
8	6in Pipe Sch 80	6.63	0.43				



ID	Name	d (in)	b (in)	t_w (in)	t_b (in)	r (in)	
16	HSS5x3x3/16	5.00	3.00	0.17	0.17	0.17	



ID	Name	d (in)	t_w (in)	b_t (in)	b_b (in)	t_t (in)	t_b (in)	r (in)
19	W8x10	7.89	0.17	3.94	3.94	0.20	0.20	0.30

Section Properties

ID	Name	A (in ²)	J (in ⁴)	I_{yp} (in ⁴)	I_{zp} (in ⁴)	I_w (in ⁶)	S_{yp} (in ³)	S_{zp} (in ³)
2	2in Pipe Sch 80	1.48	1.74	0.87	0.87	0.00	1.02	1.02
5	4in Pipe Sch 80	4.41	19.22	9.61	9.61	0.00	5.85	5.85
8	6in Pipe Sch 80	8.40	80.98	40.49	40.49	0.00	16.60	16.60

16	HSS5x3x3/16	2.58	8.64	3.85	8.53	0.73	2.96	4.21
19	W8x10	2.96	0.04	2.09	30.80	30.90	1.66	8.87

Member Properties								
Member ID	Section ID	K _z L (ft)	K _y L (ft)	L _b (ft)	C _b	L S T	L S C	L D
1	8	24.69	24.69	11.76	-	300	200	1
2	5	4.20	4.20	2.00	-	300	200	1
3	16	0.92	0.92	1.42	1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.16,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18	300	200	1
4	16	2.44	2.44	3.75	1.69,1.68,1.69,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.65,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.86,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.64,1.70,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.58	300	200	1
5	16	1.52	1.52	2.33	1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.65,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.65,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66	300	200	1
6	16	0.92	0.92	1.42	1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.16,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18	300	200	1
7	16	1.52	1.52	2.33	1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.65,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66	300	200	1
8	19	1.33	1.33	2.05	2.12,2.12,2.12,2.12,2.12,2.12,2.12,2.12,2.11,2.37,2.12,2.12,2.11,1.40,2.12,2.12,2.12,2.15,2.12,2.12,2.11,2.35,2.11,2.11,2.11,1.40	300	200	1
9	2	2.60	2.60	4.00	-	300	200	1
10	16	2.44	2.44	3.75	1.69,1.68,1.69,1.67,1.68,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.65,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.86,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.64,1.70,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.58	300	200	1
11	19	1.33	1.33	2.05	2.12,2.12,2.12,2.12,2.12,2.12,2.24,2.24,2.30,2.33,2.28,2.28,2.38,2.37,2.15,2.15,2.11,2.09,2.24,2.24,2.33,2.34,2.29,2.29,2.37,2.37	300	200	1
12	5	1.30	1.30	2.00	-	300	200	1
13	19	4.88	4.00	7.50	1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.09,1.09,1.07,1.09,1.09,1.09,1.09,1.09,1.09,1.09,1.10,1.10,1.09,1.09,1.08,1.09,1.09,1.09,1.09	300	200	1
14	19	4.88	4.00	7.50	1.09,1.09,1.09,1.09,1.09,1.09,1.09,1.09,1.08,1.16,1.09,1.09,1.09,1.34,1.09,1.09,1.10,1.10,1.09,1.09,1.09,1.19,1.09,1.09,1.09,1.03	300	200	1
15	19	9.97	9.97	4.75	2.33,2.33	300	200	1
16	19	9.97	9.97	4.75	2.33,2.33	300	200	1
101	8	24.69	24.69	11.76	-	300	200	1
102	5	1.30	1.30	2.00	-	300	200	1
103	16	0.92	0.92	1.42	1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.16,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18	300	200	1
104	16	2.44	2.44	3.75	1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.65,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.85,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.64,1.70,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.58	300	200	1
105	16	1.52	1.52	2.33	1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.65,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.65,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66	300	200	1
106	16	0.92	0.92	1.42	1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.16,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18	300	200	1
107	16	1.52	1.52	2.33	1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.65,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66	300	200	1

108	19	1.33	1.33	2.05	2.07,2.07,2.07,2.07,2.07,2.07,2.07,2.07,2.06,2.09,2.07,2.07,2.07,1.51,2.07,2.07,2.07,2.08,2.07,2.07,2.10,2.07,2.07,2.07,1.41	300	200	1
109	2	2.60	2.60	4.00	-	300	200	1
110	16	2.44	2.44	3.75	1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.65,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.89,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.64,1.70,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.59	300	200	1
111	19	1.33	1.33	2.05	2.08,2.08,2.08,2.08,2.08,2.08,2.07,2.07,1.80,2.06,2.07,2.07,2.06,2.06,2.07,2.07,2.09,2.09,2.07,2.07,1.92,2.06,2.07,2.07,2.06,2.06	300	200	1
112	5	4.20	4.20	2.00	-	300	200	1
113	19	4.88	4.00	7.50	1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.06,1.12,1.04,1.04,1.05,1.05,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.06,1.10,1.04,1.04,1.05,1.05	300	200	1
114	19	4.88	4.00	7.50	1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.05,1.14,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.07,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.05,1.20,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.05	300	200	1
115	19	6.63	6.63	10.20	1.15,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.14,1.14,1.12,1.12,1.14,1.14,1.13,1.13,1.15,1.15,1.16,1.17,1.14,1.14,1.12,1.13,1.14,1.14,1.14,1.14	300	200	1
116	19	6.63	6.63	10.20	1.15,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.28,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.15	300	200	1
201	8	24.69	24.69	11.76	-	300	200	1
202	5	1.30	1.30	2.00	-	300	200	1
203	16	0.92	0.92	1.42	1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18	300	200	1
204	16	2.44	2.44	3.75	1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.65,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.88,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.64,1.70,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.59	300	200	1
205	16	1.52	1.52	2.33	1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67	300	200	1
206	16	0.92	0.92	1.42	1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18	300	200	1
207	16	1.52	1.52	2.33	1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67	300	200	1
208	19	1.33	1.33	2.05	2.08,2.08,2.08,2.08,2.08,2.08,2.08,2.08,2.09,2.09,2.08,2.08,2.09,1.97,2.08,2.08,2.08,2.08,2.08,2.08,2.09,2.09,2.08,2.08,2.08,1.76	300	200	1
209	2	2.60	2.60	4.00	-	300	200	1
210	16	2.44	2.44	3.75	1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.65,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.88,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.64,1.70,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.59	300	200	1
211	19	1.33	1.33	2.05	2.08,2.08,2.08,2.08,2.08,2.08,2.07,2.07,1.92,2.06,2.07,2.07,2.07,2.07,2.07,2.08,2.08,2.09,2.09,2.07,2.07,2.03,2.07,2.07,2.07,2.07,2.07	300	200	1
212	5	1.30	1.30	2.00	-	300	200	1
213	19	4.88	4.00	7.50	1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.07,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.06,1.04,1.04,1.04	300	200	1
214	19	4.88	4.00	7.50	1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.12,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.03,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.17,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.02	300	200	1
215	19	6.63	6.63	10.20	1.15,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.14,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.14,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.15	300	200	1
216	19	6.63	6.63	10.20	1.15,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.45,1.16,1.16,1.15,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.13	300	200	1
301	8	24.69	24.69	11.76	-	300	200	1

412	5	4.20	4.20	2.00	-	000	000	1
413	19	4.88	4.00	7.50	1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.09,1.09,1.07,1.09,1.09,1.09,1.09,1.09,1.10,1.10,1.09,1.09,1.08,1.09,1.09,1.09,1.09	300	200	1
414	19	4.88	4.00	7.50	1.09,1.09,1.09,1.09,1.09,1.09,1.09,1.09,1.16,1.09,1.09,1.09,1.36,1.09,1.09,1.10,1.10,1.09,1.09,1.19,1.09,1.09,1.09,1.04	300	200	1
415	19	6.63	6.63	10.20	1.17,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.20,1.20,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.16,1.18,1.18,1.20,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.19	300	200	1
416	19	6.63	6.63	10.20	1.17,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.19,1.17,1.17,1.17,2.41,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.19,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.09	300	200	1

Member Design Capacity

Member ID	$\Phi_c P_n$ (kip)	$\Phi_t P_n$ (kip)	$\Phi_b M_{zn}$ (k-ft)	$\Phi_b M_{yn}$ (k-ft)	$\Phi_v V_{yn}$ (kip)	$\Phi_v V_{zn}$ (kip)
1	378.22	104.18	62.23	62.23	113.47	113.47
2	198.33	182.14	21.95	21.95	59.50	59.50
3	116.10	115.41	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
4	116.10	111.33	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
5	116.10	114.23	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
6	116.10	115.41	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
7	116.10	114.23	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
8	133.20	126.01	32.87	6.12	40.24	43.62
9	66.48	58.89	3.82	3.82	19.94	19.94
10	116.10	111.33	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
11	133.20	126.01	32.87	6.12	40.24	43.62
12	198.33	196.72	21.95	21.95	59.50	59.50
13	133.20	104.94	24.52	6.12	40.24	43.62
14	133.20	104.94	23.60	6.12	40.24	43.62
15	133.20	32.95	32.87	6.12	40.24	43.62
16	133.20	32.95	32.87	6.12	40.24	43.62
101	378.22	104.18	62.23	62.23	113.47	113.47
102	198.33	196.72	21.95	21.95	59.50	59.50
103	116.10	115.41	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
104	116.10	111.33	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
105	116.10	114.23	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
106	116.10	115.41	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
107	116.10	114.23	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
108	133.20	126.01	32.87	6.12	40.24	43.62
109	66.48	58.89	3.82	3.82	19.94	19.94
110	116.10	111.33	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
111	133.20	126.01	32.87	6.12	40.24	43.62
112	198.33	182.14	21.95	21.95	59.50	59.50
113	133.20	104.94	23.83	6.12	40.24	43.62
114	133.20	104.94	23.83	6.12	40.24	43.62
115	133.20	69.16	17.33	6.12	40.24	43.62
116	133.20	69.16	17.80	6.12	40.24	43.62
201	378.22	104.18	62.23	62.23	113.47	113.47
202	198.33	196.72	21.95	21.95	59.50	59.50
203	116.10	115.41	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
204	116.10	111.33	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
205	116.10	114.23	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
206	116.10	115.41	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
207	116.10	114.23	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28

208	133.20	126.01	32.87	6.12	40.24	43.62
209	66.48	58.89	3.82	3.82	19.94	19.94
210	116.10	111.33	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
211	133.20	126.01	32.87	6.12	40.24	43.62
212	198.33	196.72	21.95	21.95	59.50	59.50
213	133.20	104.94	23.83	6.12	40.24	43.62
214	133.20	104.94	23.37	6.12	40.24	43.62
215	133.20	69.16	17.64	6.12	40.24	43.62
216	133.20	69.16	17.49	6.12	40.24	43.62
301	378.22	104.18	62.23	62.23	113.47	113.47
302	198.33	182.14	21.95	21.95	59.50	59.50
303	116.10	115.41	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
304	116.10	111.33	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
305	116.10	114.23	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
306	116.10	115.41	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
307	116.10	114.23	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
308	133.20	126.01	32.87	6.12	40.24	43.62
309	66.48	58.89	3.82	3.82	19.94	19.94
310	116.10	111.33	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
311	133.20	126.01	32.87	6.12	40.24	43.62
312	198.33	196.72	21.95	21.95	59.50	59.50
313	133.20	104.94	23.83	6.12	40.24	43.62
314	133.20	104.94	23.83	6.12	40.24	43.62
315	133.20	69.16	17.49	6.12	40.24	43.62
316	133.20	69.16	16.87	6.12	40.24	43.62
401	378.22	104.18	62.23	62.23	113.47	113.47
402	198.33	196.72	21.95	21.95	59.50	59.50
403	116.10	115.41	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
404	116.10	111.33	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
405	116.10	114.23	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
406	116.10	115.41	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
407	116.10	114.23	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
408	133.20	32.95	32.87	6.12	40.24	43.62
409	66.48	58.89	3.82	3.82	19.94	19.94
410	116.10	111.33	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
411	133.20	32.95	32.87	6.12	40.24	43.62
412	198.33	182.14	21.95	21.95	59.50	59.50
413	133.20	104.94	24.52	6.12	40.24	43.62
414	133.20	104.94	23.83	6.12	40.24	43.62
415	133.20	69.16	17.95	6.12	40.24	43.62
416	133.20	69.16	16.87	6.12	40.24	43.62

Design Ratio

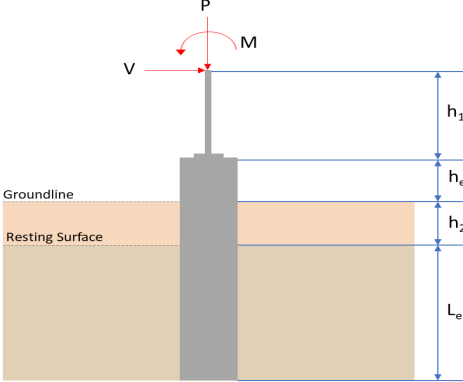
Member ID	P	M _z	M _y	V _y	V _z	(P,M _z ,M _y)	Worst LC	KL/r	δ	Status
1	0.134	0.674	0.004	0.029	0.000	0.727	#13	0.675	Not Required	Pass
2	0.004	0.520	0.165	0.114	0.028	0.656	#21	0.114	Not Required	Pass
3	0.011	0.750	0.060	0.075	0.006	0.816	#21	0.045	Not Required	Pass
4	0.011	0.745	0.195	0.075	0.040	0.870	#21	0.080	Not Required	Pass
5	0.011	0.465	0.205	0.074	0.051	0.516	#21	0.074	Not Required	Pass
6	0.012	0.743	0.068	0.074	0.007	0.816	#21	0.045	Not Required	Pass
7	0.012	0.462	0.211	0.074	0.054	0.520	#21	0.074	Not Required	Pass
8	0.001	0.055	0.182	0.052	0.020	0.224	#21	0.095	Not Required	Pass

9	0.019	0.072	0.056	0.001	0.000	0.128	#21	0.204	Not Required	Pass
10	0.012	0.735	0.205	0.074	0.044	0.877	#21	0.080	Not Required	Pass
11	0.000	0.055	0.185	0.052	0.020	0.229	#21	0.095	Not Required	Pass
12	0.004	0.511	0.163	0.114	0.028	0.641	#21	0.035	Not Required	Pass
13	0.009	0.297	0.488	0.066	0.026	0.771	#21	0.286	Not Required	Pass
14	0.009	0.303	0.488	0.066	0.026	0.771	#21	0.190	Not Required	Pass
15	0.000	0.115	0.261	0.039	0.015	0.375	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
16	0.000	0.115	0.261	0.039	0.015	0.375	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
101	0.142	0.701	0.004	0.031	0.000	0.759	#13	0.675	Not Required	Pass
102	0.004	0.539	0.167	0.120	0.029	0.672	#21	0.035	Not Required	Pass
103	0.012	0.786	0.074	0.078	0.011	0.867	#21	0.045	Not Required	Pass
104	0.012	0.781	0.195	0.078	0.042	0.919	#21	0.080	Not Required	Pass
105	0.012	0.488	0.200	0.078	0.050	0.540	#21	0.074	Not Required	Pass
106	0.012	0.797	0.076	0.080	0.012	0.877	#21	0.045	Not Required	Pass
107	0.012	0.495	0.199	0.079	0.050	0.547	#21	0.074	Not Required	Pass
108	0.001	0.068	0.175	0.051	0.020	0.210	#21	0.095	Not Required	Pass
109	0.015	0.068	0.052	0.001	0.000	0.127	#21	0.204	Not Required	Pass
110	0.012	0.788	0.192	0.079	0.041	0.920	#21	0.080	Not Required	Pass
111	0.001	0.067	0.179	0.051	0.020	0.214	#21	0.095	Not Required	Pass
112	0.003	0.548	0.170	0.122	0.030	0.684	#21	0.114	Not Required	Pass
113	0.009	0.246	0.464	0.065	0.026	0.687	#21	0.286	Not Required	Pass
114	0.009	0.250	0.462	0.065	0.026	0.685	#21	0.286	Not Required	Pass
115	0.001	0.264	0.256	0.050	0.020	0.520	#21	0.473	Not Required	Pass
116	0.001	0.265	0.258	0.050	0.020	0.524	#21	0.473	Not Required	Pass
201	0.143	0.713	0.000	0.031	0.000	0.769	#13	0.675	Not Required	Pass
202	0.004	0.548	0.171	0.122	0.030	0.685	#21	0.035	Not Required	Pass
203	0.012	0.798	0.074	0.079	0.011	0.878	#21	0.045	Not Required	Pass
204	0.012	0.793	0.194	0.079	0.041	0.929	#21	0.080	Not Required	Pass
205	0.012	0.495	0.201	0.079	0.050	0.548	#21	0.074	Not Required	Pass
206	0.012	0.798	0.074	0.079	0.011	0.878	#21	0.045	Not Required	Pass
207	0.012	0.495	0.201	0.079	0.050	0.548	#21	0.074	Not Required	Pass
208	0.001	0.065	0.177	0.051	0.020	0.220	#21	0.095	Not Required	Pass
209	0.016	0.066	0.053	0.001	0.000	0.126	#21	0.204	Not Required	Pass
210	0.012	0.793	0.194	0.079	0.041	0.929	#21	0.080	Not Required	Pass
211	0.001	0.067	0.180	0.051	0.020	0.220	#21	0.095	Not Required	Pass
212	0.004	0.548	0.171	0.122	0.030	0.685	#21	0.035	Not Required	Pass
213	0.009	0.249	0.464	0.065	0.026	0.691	#21	0.286	Not Required	Pass
214	0.009	0.258	0.461	0.066	0.026	0.692	#21	0.286	Not Required	Pass
215	0.001	0.279	0.256	0.051	0.020	0.535	#21	0.473	Not Required	Pass
216	0.001	0.278	0.258	0.051	0.020	0.533	#21	0.473	Not Required	Pass
301	0.142	0.701	0.004	0.031	0.000	0.759	#13	0.675	Not Required	Pass
302	0.003	0.548	0.170	0.122	0.030	0.684	#21	0.114	Not Required	Pass
303	0.012	0.797	0.076	0.080	0.012	0.877	#21	0.045	Not Required	Pass
304	0.012	0.788	0.193	0.079	0.041	0.920	#21	0.080	Not Required	Pass
305	0.012	0.495	0.199	0.079	0.050	0.547	#21	0.074	Not Required	Pass
306	0.012	0.786	0.074	0.078	0.011	0.867	#21	0.045	Not Required	Pass
307	0.012	0.488	0.200	0.078	0.050	0.540	#21	0.074	Not Required	Pass
308	0.001	0.065	0.178	0.050	0.020	0.217	#21	0.095	Not Required	Pass
309	0.015	0.068	0.052	0.001	0.000	0.127	#21	0.204	Not Required	Pass
310	0.012	0.781	0.195	0.078	0.042	0.919	#21	0.080	Not Required	Pass
311	0.000	0.064	0.180	0.050	0.020	0.220	#21	0.095	Not Required	Pass
312	0.004	0.539	0.167	0.120	0.029	0.672	#21	0.035	Not Required	Pass
313	0.009	0.246	0.464	0.065	0.026	0.687	#21	0.286	Not Required	Pass
314	0.009	0.250	0.462	0.065	0.026	0.685	#21	0.286	Not Required	Pass

315	0.001	0.279	0.256	0.051	0.020	0.534	#21	0.473	Not Required	Pass
316	0.001	0.277	0.258	0.051	0.020	0.535	#21	0.473	Not Required	Pass
401	0.134	0.674	0.004	0.029	0.000	0.727	#13	0.675	Not Required	Pass
402	0.004	0.511	0.163	0.114	0.028	0.641	#21	0.035	Not Required	Pass
403	0.012	0.743	0.068	0.074	0.007	0.816	#21	0.045	Not Required	Pass
404	0.012	0.735	0.205	0.074	0.044	0.877	#21	0.080	Not Required	Pass
405	0.012	0.462	0.211	0.074	0.054	0.520	#21	0.074	Not Required	Pass
406	0.011	0.750	0.060	0.075	0.006	0.816	#21	0.045	Not Required	Pass
407	0.011	0.465	0.205	0.074	0.051	0.516	#21	0.074	Not Required	Pass
408	0.000	0.115	0.261	0.039	0.015	0.375	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
409	0.019	0.072	0.056	0.001	0.000	0.128	#21	0.204	Not Required	Pass
410	0.011	0.745	0.195	0.075	0.040	0.870	#21	0.080	Not Required	Pass
411	0.000	0.115	0.261	0.039	0.015	0.375	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
412	0.004	0.520	0.165	0.114	0.028	0.656	#21	0.114	Not Required	Pass
413	0.009	0.297	0.488	0.066	0.026	0.771	#21	0.190	Not Required	Pass
414	0.009	0.303	0.488	0.066	0.026	0.771	#21	0.286	Not Required	Pass
415	0.001	0.261	0.256	0.052	0.020	0.517	#21	0.473	Not Required	Pass
416	0.001	0.262	0.258	0.052	0.020	0.520	#21	0.473	Not Required	Pass

Definitions

Φ_t	Safety factor for tensile
Φ_c	Safety factor for compression
Φ_b	Safety factor for flexure
Φ_v	Safety factor for shear
E	Modulus of elasticity
F_y	Specified minimum yield stress
F_u	Specified minimum tensile strength
A	Cross-sectional area
J	Torsional constant
I_{yp}	Moment of inertia about the Y axes
I_{zp}	Moment of inertia about the Z axes
I_w	Warping constant
S_{yp}	Plastic section modulus about the Y axis
S_{zp}	Plastic section modulus about the Z axis
KL	Effective length
C_b	Buckling modification factor (from all load combinations)
L_b	Length between braced points
LST	Limited slenderness for tension
LSC	Limited slenderness for compression
LD	Limited deflection
P_n	Nominal axial strength (tension/compression)
M_n	Nominal flexural strength (about Z/Y axis)
V_n	Nominal shear strength (along Z/Y axis)
P	Design ratio in case of axial force
M_z	Design ratio in case of bending about Z axis
M_y	Design ratio in case of bending about Y axis
V_y	Design ratio in case of shear along Y axis
V_z	Design ratio in case of shear along Z axis
(P, M_z, M_y)	Design ratio in case of axial force and bending action
KL/r	Design ratio in case of section slenderness
δ	Design ratio in case of member deflection
OK	Capacity is provided
NG	Capacity is not provided

REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS																										
	<p>SkyCiv Foundation Design Pile Foundation</p> <p>Design Information : Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code) Unit System : Imperial</p>																											
	<p>Pile Input</p>  <p>Geometry</p> <p>Pile shape: rectangular $b = 48$ in - Pile width $D = 48$ in - Pile depth $L = 6.25$ ft - Total pile length $h_1 = 0$ ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile, $h_2 = 0$ ft - Depth to resting surface $h_e = 0$ ft - Length of pile above the ground</p> <p>Tabulation of Soil Parameters</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="416 1102 1192 1191"> <thead> <tr> <th>Layer</th> <th>Label</th> <th>Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf)</th> <th>Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel</td> <td>2000.000</td> <td>150.000</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Tabulation of Loads</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="676 1288 933 1458"> <thead> <tr> <th>Load Component</th> <th>ASD</th> <th>LRFD</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>P (kip)</td> <td>8.734</td> <td>13.952</td> </tr> <tr> <td>V_x (kip)</td> <td>-1.994</td> <td>-3.329</td> </tr> <tr> <td>V_z (kip)</td> <td>-0.017</td> <td>-0.030</td> </tr> <tr> <td>M_x (kipft)</td> <td>-0.055</td> <td>-0.101</td> </tr> <tr> <td>M_z (kipft)</td> <td>24.302</td> <td>41.949</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Material Properties</p> <p>$f'_{ck} = 2.5$ ksi - Concrete strength,</p>	Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)	1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000	Load Component	ASD	LRFD	P (kip)	8.734	13.952	V_x (kip)	-1.994	-3.329	V_z (kip)	-0.017	-0.030	M_x (kipft)	-0.055	-0.101	M_z (kipft)	24.302	41.949	
Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)																									
1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000																									
Load Component	ASD	LRFD																										
P (kip)	8.734	13.952																										
V_x (kip)	-1.994	-3.329																										
V_z (kip)	-0.017	-0.030																										
M_x (kipft)	-0.055	-0.101																										
M_z (kipft)	24.302	41.949																										
	<p>Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD)</p> <p>H - Point of application of the lateral load</p> $H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$ $H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$ $H = 0 \text{ ft}$ <p>Considering x-direction:</p> <p>H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,</p> $H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$ $H_o = \frac{(-1.994 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $H_o = -0.31752 \text{ kip/ft}$ <p>M_o - Moment per length of pile,</p> $M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$																											

$$M_o = \frac{(24.302 \text{ kipft}) + ((-1.994 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 3.8697 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,x} = 5.8329 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in x-direction,

Considering z-direction:

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.017 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.002707 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.055 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.017 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.008758 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_z^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,z} = 0.82733 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in z-direction,

Minimum embedded depth required:

$L_{e,req}$ - Depth of pile required,

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$$

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(5.8329 \text{ ft}), (0.82733 \text{ ft})]$$

$$L_{e,req} = 5.833 \text{ ft}$$

L_e - Actual embedded length of pile,

$$L_e = L - h_e - h_2$$

$$L_e = (6.25 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$L_e = 6.25 \text{ ft}$$

Ratio - Embedded depth

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(5.833 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.93328$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.930**

End-bearing Capacity (ASD)

A - Pile cross-section area

$$A = b D$$

$$A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$$

q - End-bearing pressure

$$q = \frac{P_c}{A}$$

$$q = \frac{(8.734 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$$

$$q = 0.545875 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$$q = 0.049000 \text{ kip/ft}$$

Check bearing capacity ratio:

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.54588 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.27294$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.270**

Czerniak

Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):

L/D - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,

$$L/D = \frac{L}{D}$$

$$L/D = \frac{(6.25 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$$

$$L/D = 1.5625$$

Since $L/D \leq 10$,

Pile is short.

Considering x-direction:

$H_o = -0.31752 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 3.8697 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (3.8697 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.31752 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (3.8697 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.31752 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.2994 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (3.8697 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.31752 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(6.25 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (3.8697 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.31752 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.22802 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (3.8697 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.31752 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]}{(6.25 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.88397 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(4.2994 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.32245 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.22802 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.32245 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.70714$$

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

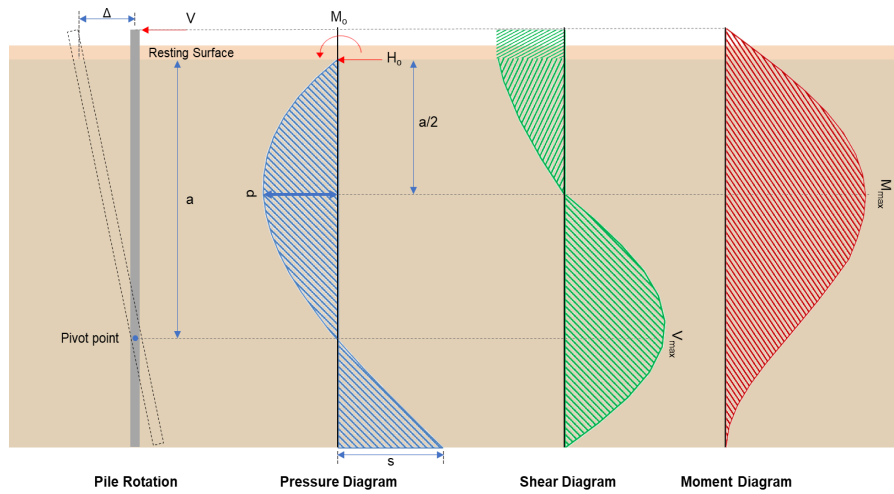
Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.710**

	$p_s = R L_e$ $p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})$ $p_s = 0.9375 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.88397 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.9375 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.9429$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.940</p>
	<p>Considering z-direction:</p> <p>$H_o = -0.002707 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile, $M_o = 0.008758 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile, a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,</p> $a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$ $a = \frac{(4 \times (0.008758 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.002707 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.008758 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.002707 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))}$ $a = 4.4599 \text{ ft}$ <p>p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,</p> $p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$ $p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (0.008758 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.002707 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(6.25 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (0.008758 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.002707 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]}$ $p = -0.00062766 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e,</p> $s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$ $s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (0.008758 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.002707 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]}{(6.25 \text{ ft})^2}$ $s = 0.00009172 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Check lateral soil pressure capacity:</p> <p>p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,</p> $p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$ $p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(4.4599 \text{ ft})}{2}$ $p_a = 0.33449 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(-0.00062766 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.33449 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = -0.0018765$ <p>p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e,</p> $p_s = R L_e$ $p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})$ $p_s = 0.9375 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000</p>

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.00009172 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.9375 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.000097834$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**



Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-3.329 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.5301 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(41.949 \text{ kipft}) + ((-3.329 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 6.6798 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(6.6798 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.5301 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 12.601 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_c) + (3 H_o L_c^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_c)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (6.6798 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.5301 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (6.6798 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.5301 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.2961 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4 E}{L_c} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_c} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3 E}{L_c} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_c} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.5301 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (12.601 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.2961 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (12.601 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.2961 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 8.9647 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.5301 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(12.601 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(4.2961 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (12.601 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.2961 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (12.601 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.2961 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 26.809 \text{ kipft}$$

Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.03 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.0047771 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.101 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.03 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.016083 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.016083 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.0047771 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 3.3667 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.016083 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.0047771 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.016083 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.0047771 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.4547 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.0047771 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (3.3667 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.4547 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (3.3667 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.4547 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.03093 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o b L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.0047771 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(3.3667 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(4.4547 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (3.3667 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.4547 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (3.3667 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.4547 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 0.085995 \text{ kipft}$$

Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$ - Concrete strength,
 $f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$ - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,
 $\phi = 0.65$ - Reduction factor for axial strength,
 $\alpha = 0.8$ - Alpha factor for axial strength,
 $A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$ - Gross area of concrete,

Table 22.4.2.1

Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load, $A_{st,required}$

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{(13.952 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -84.133 \text{ in}^2$$

A_{min} - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-84.133 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$$

n_{rebar} - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 14$$

A_{st} - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.96556$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.970**

25.2.3

s_{rebar} - Minimum spacing of reinforcement,

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$$

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$$

Ties:

25.7.2.2

Since longitudinal reinforcement is \leq No. 10: Use #3(0.375 in)

25.7.2.1

s_{ties} - Maximum spacing of ties,

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), \text{Min} (D, b)]$$

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), \text{Min} ((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$$

Summary:

Main reinforcement: **14 - #5 (0.625 in)**

Ties: #3(0.375 in) - 10 in

Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)

22.4.2.2

ϕP_N - Allowable axial compressive strength

$$\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st})]$$

$$\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times [(0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$\phi P_N = 2675.2 \text{ kip}$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(13.952 \text{ kip})}{(2675.2 \text{ kip})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.0052153$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.010**

Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)

Parameters:

22.5.2.2

$b_w = 48 \text{ in}$ - Effective width,
 d - Effective depth

$$d = 0.80 D$$

$$d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$d = 38.4 \text{ in}$$

22.5.5.1.3

λ_s - size effect modification factor

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = 0.64282$$

22.5.5.1.1

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{c,max}$ - Max shear strength of concrete

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,max} = 296.21 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.1(a)

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $P = 13.952 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 13952 \text{ lbf}$,
 $V_{c,a}$ - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + \frac{P}{6 A_g} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + \frac{(13952 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 120.35 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{c,b}$ - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + (0.05 f'_{ck}) \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi})) \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 348.89 \text{ kip}$$

V_c - Governing shear strength of concrete

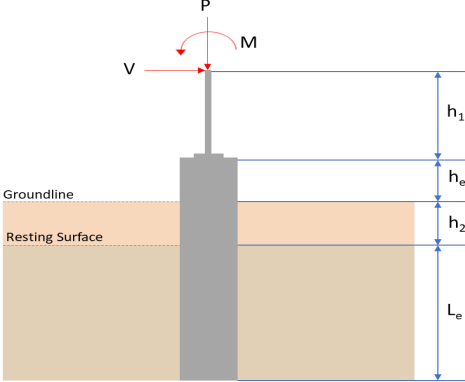
$$V_c = \text{Min}[V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min}[(296.21 \text{ kip}), (120.35 \text{ kip}), (348.89 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 120.35 \text{ kip}$$

<p>22.5.1.2</p>	<p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$.</p> <p>$V_{s,a}$ - Shear strength of steel (a)</p> $V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ $V_{s,a} = 737.28 \text{ kip}$ <p>A_v - Ties rebar area,</p> $A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$ $A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$ $A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$ <p>22.5.8.5.3 $V_{s,b}$ - Shear strength of steel (b)</p> $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yt} d}{s_{ties}}$ $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$ $V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p>V_s - Governing shear strength of steel</p> $V_s = \text{MIN}[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$ $V_s = \text{MIN}[(737.28 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$ $V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p>22.5.1.1 ϕV_n - Allowable shear strength</p> $\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$ $\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((120.35 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$ $\phi V_n = 111.31 \text{ kip}$ <p>Considering x-direction:</p> <p>$V_{max} = 8.9647 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the x-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(8.9647 \text{ kip})}{(111.31 \text{ kip})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.080542$ <p>Considering z-direction:</p> <p>$V_{max} = 0.03093 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the z-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.03093 \text{ kip})}{(111.31 \text{ kip})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.00027789$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.080</p> <p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000</p>
	<p>Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p>S_m - Section modulus</p> $S_m = \frac{b D^2}{6}$ $S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$ $S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$	

<p>14.5.2.1b</p>	<p>$\lambda = 1$ - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete), Allowable flexural strength: M_n shall be the lesser of: $\phi M_{n,1}$</p> $\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{2.5 \text{ksi}} \times 18432.001 \text{in}^3$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 249.600 \text{kipft}$ <p>$\phi M_{n,2}$</p> $\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_c \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ksi}) \times (18432 \text{in}^3)$ $\phi M_{n,2} = 2121.6 \text{kipft}$ <p>Therefore, ϕM_n - Allowable flexural strength,</p> $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$ $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(249.6 \text{kipft}), (2121.6 \text{kipft})]$ $\phi M_n = 249.6 \text{kipft}$ <p>Considering x-direction: $M_{max} = 26.809 \text{kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the x-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(26.809 \text{kipft})}{(249.6 \text{kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.10741$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.110</p>
	<p>Considering z-direction: $M_{max} = 0.085995 \text{kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the z-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.085995 \text{kipft})}{(249.6 \text{kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.00034453$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000</p>

REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS																										
	<p>SkyCiv Foundation Design Pile Foundation</p> <p>Design Information : Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code) Unit System : Imperial</p>																											
	<p>Pile Input</p>  <p>Geometry Pile shape: rectangular $b = 48$ in - Pile width $D = 48$ in - Pile depth $L = 6.25$ ft - Total pile length $h_1 = 0$ ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile, $h_2 = 0$ ft - Depth to resting surface $h_e = 0$ ft - Length of pile above the ground</p> <p>Tabulation of Soil Parameters</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="416 1102 1193 1191"> <thead> <tr> <th>Layer</th> <th>Label</th> <th>Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf)</th> <th>Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel</td> <td>2000.000</td> <td>150.000</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Tabulation of Loads</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="676 1285 935 1458"> <thead> <tr> <th>Load Component</th> <th>ASD</th> <th>LRFD</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>P (kip)</td> <td>9.248</td> <td>14.796</td> </tr> <tr> <td>V_x (kip)</td> <td>-2.079</td> <td>-3.469</td> </tr> <tr> <td>V_z (kip)</td> <td>0.018</td> <td>0.032</td> </tr> <tr> <td>M_x (kipft)</td> <td>0.065</td> <td>0.116</td> </tr> <tr> <td>M_z (kipft)</td> <td>25.302</td> <td>43.621</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Material Properties $f'_{ck} = 2.5$ ksi - Concrete strength,</p>	Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)	1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000	Load Component	ASD	LRFD	P (kip)	9.248	14.796	V_x (kip)	-2.079	-3.469	V_z (kip)	0.018	0.032	M_x (kipft)	0.065	0.116	M_z (kipft)	25.302	43.621	
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M_z (kipft)	25.302	43.621																										
	<p>Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD) H - Point of application of the lateral load</p> $H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$ $H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$ $H = 0 \text{ ft}$ <p>Considering x-direction: H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,</p> $H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$ $H_o = \frac{(-2.079 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $H_o = -0.33105 \text{ kip/ft}$ <p>M_o - Moment per length of pile,</p> $M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$																											

$$M_o = \frac{(25.302 \text{ kipft}) + ((-2.079 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 4.029 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,x} = 5.898 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in x-direction,

Considering z-direction:

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(0.018 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = 0.0028662 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.065 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.018 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.01035 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_z^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,z} = 1.0001 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in z-direction,

Minimum embedded depth required:

$L_{e,req}$ - Depth of pile required,

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$$

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(5.898 \text{ ft}), (1.0001 \text{ ft})]$$

$$L_{e,req} = 5.898 \text{ ft}$$

L_e - Actual embedded length of pile,

$$L_e = L - h_e - h_2$$

$$L_e = (6.25 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$L_e = 6.25 \text{ ft}$$

Ratio - Embedded depth

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(5.898 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.94368$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.940**

End-bearing Capacity (ASD)

A - Pile cross-section area

$$A = b D$$

$$A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$$

q - End-bearing pressure

$$q = \frac{P_c}{A}$$

$$q = \frac{(9.248 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$$

$$q = 0.578 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$$q = 0.010 \text{ kip/ft}$$

Check bearing capacity ratio:

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{q}{q_a}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.578 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.289$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.290**

Czerniak

Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):

L/D - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,

$$L/D = \frac{L}{D}$$

$$L/D = \frac{(6.25 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$$

$$L/D = 1.5625$$

Since $L/D \leq 10$,

Pile is short.

Considering x-direction:

$H_o = -0.33105 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 4.029 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (4.029 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.33105 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (4.029 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.33105 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.2995 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 \times (4.029 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.33105 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(6.25 \text{ ft})^2 [(3 \times (4.029 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.33105 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.23716 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 \times (4.029 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.33105 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]}{(6.25 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.9199 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{q}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(4.2995 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.32246 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.23716 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.32246 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.73545$$

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

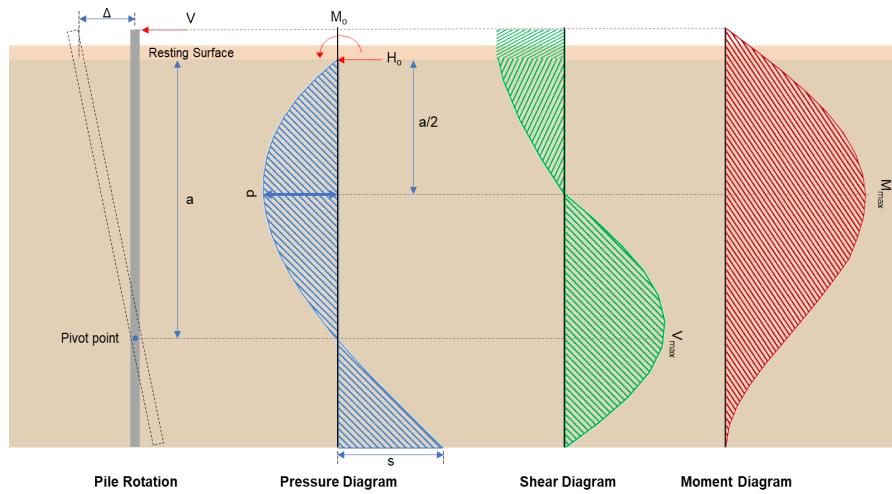
Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.740**

	$p_s = R L_e$ $p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})$ $p_s = 0.9375 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.9199 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.9375 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.98122$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.980
	<p>Considering z-direction:</p> <p>$H_o = 0.0028662 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile, $M_o = 0.01035 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile, a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,</p> $a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$ $a = \frac{(4 \times (0.01035 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.0028662 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.01035 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.0028662 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))}$ $a = 4.4457 \text{ ft}$ <p>p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,</p> $p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$ $p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (0.01035 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (0.0028662 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(6.25 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (0.01035 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (0.0028662 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]}$ $p = 0.0025988 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e,</p> $s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$ $s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (0.01035 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((0.0028662 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]}{(6.25 \text{ ft})^2}$ $s = 0.0059312 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Check lateral soil pressure capacity:</p> <p>p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,</p> $p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$ $p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(4.4457 \text{ ft})}{2}$ $p_a = 0.33343 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.0025988 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.33343 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.0077941$ <p>p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e,</p> $p_s = R L_e$ $p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})$ $p_s = 0.9375 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.010

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.0059312 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.9375 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.0063266$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.010**



Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRF)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_e}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-3.469 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.55239 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(43.621 \text{ kipft}) + ((-3.469 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 6.946 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(6.946 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.55239 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 12.575 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (6.946 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.55239 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (6.946 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.55239 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.2963 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.55239 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (12.575 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.2963 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (12.575 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.2963 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 9.3251 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.55239 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(12.575 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(4.2963 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (12.575 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.2963 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (12.575 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.2963 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 27.885 \text{ kipft}$$

Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(0.032 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = 0.0050955 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.116 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.032 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.018471 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.018471 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(0.0050955 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 3.625 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.018471 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.0050955 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.018471 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.0050955 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.4452 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((0.0050955 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (3.625 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.4452 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (3.625 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.4452 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.034469 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o b L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((0.0050955 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(3.625 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(4.4452 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (3.625 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.4452 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (3.625 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.4452 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 0.096328 \text{ kipft}$$

Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$ - Concrete strength,
 $f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$ - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,
 $\phi = 0.65$ - Reduction factor for axial strength,
 $\alpha = 0.8$ - Alpha factor for axial strength,
 $A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$ - Gross area of concrete,

Table 22.4.2.1

Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load, $A_{st,required}$

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{(14.796 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -84.104 \text{ in}^2$$

A_{min} - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-84.104 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$$

n_{rebar} - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 14$$

A_{st} - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.96556$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.970**

25.2.3

s_{rebar} - Minimum spacing of reinforcement,

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$$

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$$

Ties:

25.7.2.2

Since longitudinal reinforcement is \leq No. 10: Use #3(0.375 in)

25.7.2.1

s_{ties} - Maximum spacing of ties,

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), \text{Min} (D, b)]$$

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), \text{Min} ((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$$

Summary:

Main reinforcement: **14 - #5 (0.625 in)**

Ties: #3(0.375 in) - 10 in

Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)

22.4.2.2

ϕP_N - Allowable axial compressive strength

$$\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st})]$$

$$\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times [(0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$\phi P_N = 2675.2 \text{ kip}$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(14.796 \text{ kip})}{(2675.2 \text{ kip})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.0055308$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.010**

Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)

Parameters:

22.5.2.2

$b_w = 48 \text{ in}$ - Effective width,
 d - Effective depth

$$d = 0.80 D$$

$$d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$d = 38.4 \text{ in}$$

22.5.5.1.3

λ_s - size effect modification factor

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = 0.64282$$

22.5.5.1.1

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{c,max}$ - Max shear strength of concrete

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,max} = 296.21 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.1(a)

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $P = 14.796 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 14796 \text{ lbf}$,
 $V_{c,a}$ - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + \frac{P}{6 A_g} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + \frac{(14796 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 120.46 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{c,b}$ - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + (0.05 f'_{ck}) \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi})) \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 348.89 \text{ kip}$$

V_c - Governing shear strength of concrete

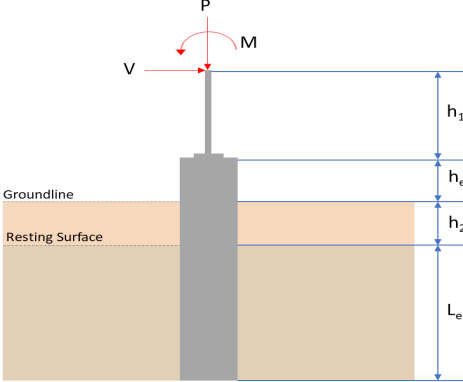
$$V_c = \text{Min}[V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min}[(296.21 \text{ kip}), (120.46 \text{ kip}), (348.89 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 120.46 \text{ kip}$$

<p>22.5.1.2</p>	<p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$.</p> <p>$V_{s,a}$ - Shear strength of steel (a)</p> $V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ $V_{s,a} = 737.28 \text{ kip}$ <p>A_v - Ties rebar area,</p> $A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$ $A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$ $A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$ <p>22.5.8.5.3 $V_{s,b}$ - Shear strength of steel (b)</p> $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yt} d}{s_{ties}}$ $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$ $V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p>V_s - Governing shear strength of steel</p> $V_s = \text{MIN}[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$ $V_s = \text{MIN}[(737.28 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$ $V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p>22.5.1.1 ϕV_n - Allowable shear strength</p> $\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$ $\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((120.46 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$ $\phi V_n = 111.38 \text{ kip}$ <p>Considering x-direction:</p> <p>$V_{max} = 9.3251 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the x-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(9.3251 \text{ kip})}{(111.38 \text{ kip})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.083724$ <p>Considering z-direction:</p> <p>$V_{max} = 0.034469 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the z-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.034469 \text{ kip})}{(111.38 \text{ kip})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.00030947$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.080</p> <p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000</p>
	<p>Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p>S_m - Section modulus</p> $S_m = \frac{b D^2}{6}$ $S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$ $S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$	

<p>14.5.2.1b</p>	<p>$\lambda = 1$ - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete), Allowable flexural strength: M_n shall be the lesser of: $\phi M_{n,1}$</p> $\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{2.5 \text{ksi}} \times 18432.001 \text{in}^3$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 249.600 \text{kipft}$ <p>$\phi M_{n,2}$</p> $\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_c \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ksi}) \times (18432 \text{in}^3)$ $\phi M_{n,2} = 2121.6 \text{kipft}$ <p>Therefore, ϕM_n - Allowable flexural strength,</p> $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$ $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(249.6 \text{kipft}), (2121.6 \text{kipft})]$ $\phi M_n = 249.6 \text{kipft}$ <p>Considering x-direction: $M_{max} = 27.885 \text{kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the x-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(27.885 \text{kipft})}{(249.6 \text{kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.11172$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.110</p>
	<p>Considering z-direction: $M_{max} = 0.096328 \text{kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the z-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.096328 \text{kipft})}{(249.6 \text{kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.00038593$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000</p>

REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS																										
	<p>SkyCiv Foundation Design Pile Foundation</p> <p>Design Information : Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code) Unit System : Imperial</p>																											
	<p>Pile Input</p>  <p>Geometry</p> <p>Pile shape: rectangular $b = 48$ in - Pile width $D = 48$ in - Pile depth $L = 6.25$ ft - Total pile length $h_1 = 0$ ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile, $h_2 = 0$ ft - Depth to resting surface $h_e = 0$ ft - Length of pile above the ground</p> <p>Tabulation of Soil Parameters</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="416 1102 1193 1191"> <thead> <tr> <th>Layer</th> <th>Label</th> <th>Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf)</th> <th>Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel</td> <td>2000.000</td> <td>150.000</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Tabulation of Loads</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="676 1288 933 1458"> <thead> <tr> <th>Load Component</th> <th>ASD</th> <th>LRFD</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>P (kip)</td> <td>9.320</td> <td>14.903</td> </tr> <tr> <td>V_x (kip)</td> <td>-2.110</td> <td>-3.516</td> </tr> <tr> <td>V_z (kip)</td> <td>0.000</td> <td>0.000</td> </tr> <tr> <td>M_x (kipft)</td> <td>0.000</td> <td>0.000</td> </tr> <tr> <td>M_z (kipft)</td> <td>25.696</td> <td>44.364</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Material Properties</p> <p>$f'_{ck} = 2.5$ ksi - Concrete strength,</p>	Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)	1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000	Load Component	ASD	LRFD	P (kip)	9.320	14.903	V_x (kip)	-2.110	-3.516	V_z (kip)	0.000	0.000	M_x (kipft)	0.000	0.000	M_z (kipft)	25.696	44.364	
Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)																									
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M_x (kipft)	0.000	0.000																										
M_z (kipft)	25.696	44.364																										
	<p>Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD)</p> <p>H - Point of application of the lateral load</p> $H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$ $H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$ $H = 0 \text{ ft}$ <p>Considering x-direction:</p> <p>H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,</p> $H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$ $H_o = \frac{(-2.11 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $H_o = -0.33599 \text{ kip/ft}$ <p>M_o - Moment per length of pile,</p> $M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$																											

	$M_o = \frac{(25.696 \text{ kipft}) + ((-2.11 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $M_o = 4.0917 \text{ kipft/ft}$ <p>Required depth of embedment in earth:</p> $L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$ <p>Solving the cubic equation: $L_{e,x} = 5.9241 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in x-direction,</p> <p>Considering z-direction: $L_{e,z} = 0 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in z-direction,</p> <p>Minimum embedded depth required: $L_{e,req}$ - Depth of pile required,</p> $L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$ $L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(5.9241 \text{ ft}), (0 \text{ ft})]$ $L_{e,req} = 5.924 \text{ ft}$ <p>L_e - Actual embedded length of pile,</p> $L_e = L - h_e - h_2$ $L_e = (6.25 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$ $L_e = 6.25 \text{ ft}$ <p><i>Ratio</i> - Embedded depth</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(5.924 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.94784$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.950</p>
	<p>End-bearing Capacity (ASD) A - Pile cross-section area</p> $A = b D$ $A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$ $A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$ <p>q - End-bearing pressure</p> $q = \frac{P_v}{A}$ $q = \frac{(9.32 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$ $q = 0.5825 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Check bearing capacity ratio: <i>Ratio</i> - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_o}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.5825 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.29125$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.290</p>
<p>Czerniak</p>	<p>Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD): L/D - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,</p> $L/D = \frac{L}{D}$ $L/D = \frac{(6.25 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$	

$$L/D = 1.5625$$

Since $L/D \leq 10$,

Pile is short.

Considering x-direction:

$H_o = -0.33599$ kip/ft - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 4.0917$ kipft/ft - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (4.0917 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.33599 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (4.0917 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.33599 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.2994 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (4.0917 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.33599 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(6.25 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (4.0917 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.33599 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.24096 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (4.0917 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.33599 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]}{(6.25 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.93443 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(4.2994 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.32246 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.24096 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.32246 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.74727$$

p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 0.9375 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

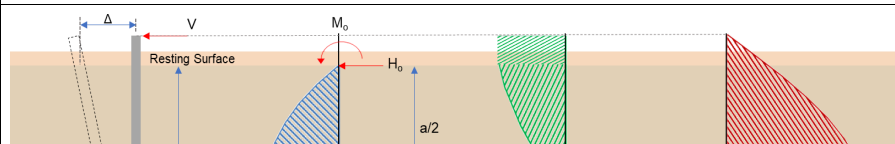
$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

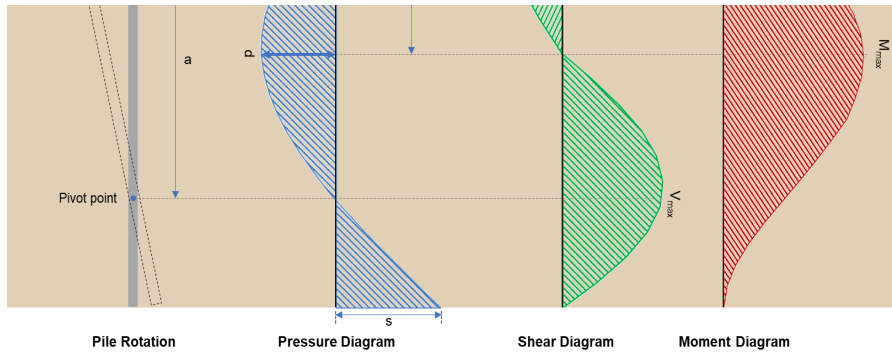
$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.93443 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.9375 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.99672$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.750**

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **1.000**





Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-3.516 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.55987 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(44.364 \text{ kipft}) + ((-3.516 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 7.0643 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(7.0643 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.55987 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 12.618 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_c) + (3 H_o L_c^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_c)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (7.0643 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.55987 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (7.0643 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.55987 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.296 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4 E}{L_c} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_c} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3 E}{L_c} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_c} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.55987 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (12.618 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.296 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (12.618 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.296 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 9.4789 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_c) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_c} + \frac{a}{2 L_c} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 E}{L_c} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_c} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 E}{L_c} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_c} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.55987 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(12.618 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(4.296 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (12.618 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.296 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (12.618 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.296 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 28.348 \text{ kipft}$$

Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$ - Concrete strength,
 $f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$ - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,
 $\phi = 0.65$ - Reduction factor for axial strength,
 $\alpha = 0.8$ - Alpha factor for axial strength,
 $A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$ - Gross area of concrete,

Table 22.4.2.1

Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load, $A_{st,required}$

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{(14.903 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -84.101 \text{ in}^2$$

A_{min} - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-84.101 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$$

n_{rebar} - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 14$$

A_{st} - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.96556$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.970**

25.2.3

s_{rebar} - Minimum spacing of reinforcement,

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$$

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$$

Ties:

25.7.2.2 Since longitudinal reinforcement is \leq No. 10: Use #3(0.375 in)

25.7.2.1

s_{ties} - Maximum spacing of ties,

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), \text{Min} (D, b)]$$

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), \text{Min} ((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$$

Summary:

Main reinforcement: **14 - #5 (0.625 in)**

Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)22.4.2.2 ϕP_N - Allowable axial compressive strength

$$\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st})]$$

$$\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times [(0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$\phi P_N = 2675.2 \text{ kip}$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(14.903 \text{ kip})}{(2675.2 \text{ kip})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.0055708$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.010****Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)****Parameters:** $b_w = 48 \text{ in}$ - Effective width,22.5.2.2 d - Effective depth

$$d = 0.80 D$$

$$d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$d = 38.4 \text{ in}$$

22.5.5.1.3 λ_s - size effect modification factor

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = 0.64282$$

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,22.5.5.1.1 $V_{c,max}$ - Max shear strength of concrete

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,max} = 296.21 \text{ kip}$$

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $P = 14.903 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 14903 \text{ lbf}$,22.5.5.1.1(a) $V_{c,a}$ - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + \frac{P}{6 A_g} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + \frac{(14903 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 120.47 \text{ kip}$$

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,22.5.5.1.2 $V_{c,b}$ - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + (0.05 f'_{ck}) \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi})) \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 348.89 \text{ kip}$$

 V_c - Governing shear strength of concrete

$$V_c = \text{Min}[V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min}[(296.21 \text{ kip}), (120.47 \text{ kip}), (348.89 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 120.47 \text{ kip}$$

<p>22.5.1.2</p>	<p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,</p> <p>$V_{s,a}$ - Shear strength of steel (a)</p> $V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ $V_{s,a} = 737.28 \text{ kip}$ <p>A_v - Ties rebar area,</p> $A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$ $A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$ $A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$ <p>22.5.8.5.3 $V_{s,b}$ - Shear strength of steel (b)</p> $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{ywk} d}{s_{ties}}$ $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$ $V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p>V_s - Governing shear strength of steel</p> $V_s = \text{MIN}[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$ $V_s = \text{MIN}[(737.28 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$ $V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p>22.5.1.1 ϕV_n - Allowable shear strength</p> $\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$ $\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((120.47 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$ $\phi V_n = 111.39 \text{ kip}$ <p>Considering x-direction:</p> <p>$V_{max} = 9.4789 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the x-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(9.4789 \text{ kip})}{(111.39 \text{ kip})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.085098$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.090</p>
<p>14.5.2.1b</p>	<p>Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p>S_m - Section modulus</p> $S_m = \frac{b D^2}{6}$ $S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$ $S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$ <p>$\lambda = 1$ - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete), Allowable flexural strength: M_n shall be the lesser of:</p> <p>$\phi M_{n,1}$</p> $\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{(2.5 \text{ ksi})} \times 18432.001 \text{ in}^3$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 249.600 \text{ kipft}$ <p>$\phi M_{n,2}$</p> $\phi M_{n,2} = 0.85 f'_c S_m$	

$\phi M_{n,2} = \phi M_{n,1}$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (18432 \text{ in}^3)$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = 2121.6 \text{ kipft}$$

Therefore,

ϕM_n - Allowable flexural strength,

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$$

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(249.6 \text{ kipft}), (2121.6 \text{ kipft})]$$

$$\phi M_n = 249.6 \text{ kipft}$$

Considering x-direction:

$M_{max} = 28.348 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the x-direction,

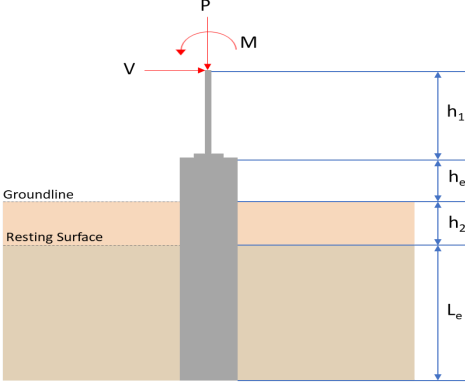
Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(28.348 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.11357$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.110**

REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS																										
	<p>SkyCiv Foundation Design Pile Foundation</p> <p>Design Information : Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code) Unit System : Imperial</p>																											
	<p>Pile Input</p>  <p>Geometry Pile shape: rectangular $b = 48$ in - Pile width $D = 48$ in - Pile depth $L = 6.25$ ft - Total pile length $h_1 = 0$ ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile, $h_2 = 0$ ft - Depth to resting surface $h_e = 0$ ft - Length of pile above the ground</p> <p>Tabulation of Soil Parameters</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="416 1102 1193 1191"> <thead> <tr> <th>Layer</th> <th>Label</th> <th>Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf)</th> <th>Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel</td> <td>2000.000</td> <td>150.000</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Tabulation of Loads</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="676 1288 935 1458"> <thead> <tr> <th>Load Component</th> <th>ASD</th> <th>LRFD</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>P (kip)</td> <td>9.248</td> <td>14.796</td> </tr> <tr> <td>V_x (kip)</td> <td>-2.079</td> <td>-3.469</td> </tr> <tr> <td>V_z (kip)</td> <td>-0.018</td> <td>-0.032</td> </tr> <tr> <td>M_x (kipft)</td> <td>-0.065</td> <td>-0.116</td> </tr> <tr> <td>M_z (kipft)</td> <td>25.302</td> <td>43.621</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Material Properties $f'_{ck} = 2.5$ ksi - Concrete strength,</p>	Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)	1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000	Load Component	ASD	LRFD	P (kip)	9.248	14.796	V_x (kip)	-2.079	-3.469	V_z (kip)	-0.018	-0.032	M_x (kipft)	-0.065	-0.116	M_z (kipft)	25.302	43.621	
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M_z (kipft)	25.302	43.621																										
	<p>Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD) H - Point of application of the lateral load</p> $H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$ $H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$ $H = 0 \text{ ft}$ <p>Considering x-direction: H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,</p> $H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$ $H_o = \frac{(-2.079 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $H_o = -0.33105 \text{ kip/ft}$ <p>M_o - Moment per length of pile,</p> $M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$																											

$$M_o = \frac{(25.302 \text{ kipft}) + ((-2.079 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 4.029 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,x} = 5.898 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in x-direction,

Considering z-direction:

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.018 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.0028662 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.065 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.018 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.01035 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_z^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,z} = 0.87799 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in z-direction,

Minimum embedded depth required:

$L_{e,req}$ - Depth of pile required,

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$$

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[5.898 \text{ ft}, (0.87799 \text{ ft})]$$

$$L_{e,req} = 5.898 \text{ ft}$$

L_e - Actual embedded length of pile,

$$L_e = L - h_e - h_2$$

$$L_e = (6.25 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$L_e = 6.25 \text{ ft}$$

Ratio - Embedded depth

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(5.898 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.94368$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.940**

End-bearing Capacity (ASD)

A - Pile cross-section area

$$A = b D$$

$$A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$$

q - End-bearing pressure

$$q = \frac{P_c}{A}$$

$$q = \frac{(9.248 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$$

$$q = 0.578 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$$q = 0.010 \text{ kip/ft}$$

Check bearing capacity ratio:

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{q}{q_a}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.578 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.289$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.290**

Czerniak

Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):

L/D - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,

$$L/D = \frac{L}{D}$$

$$L/D = \frac{(6.25 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$$

$$L/D = 1.5625$$

Since $L/D \leq 10$,

Pile is short.

Considering x-direction:

$H_o = -0.33105 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 4.029 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (4.029 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.33105 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (4.029 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.33105 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.2995 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 \times (4.029 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.33105 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(6.25 \text{ ft})^2 [(3 \times (4.029 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.33105 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.23716 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 \times (4.029 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.33105 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]}{(6.25 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.9199 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{q}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(4.2995 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.32246 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.23716 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.32246 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.73545$$

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

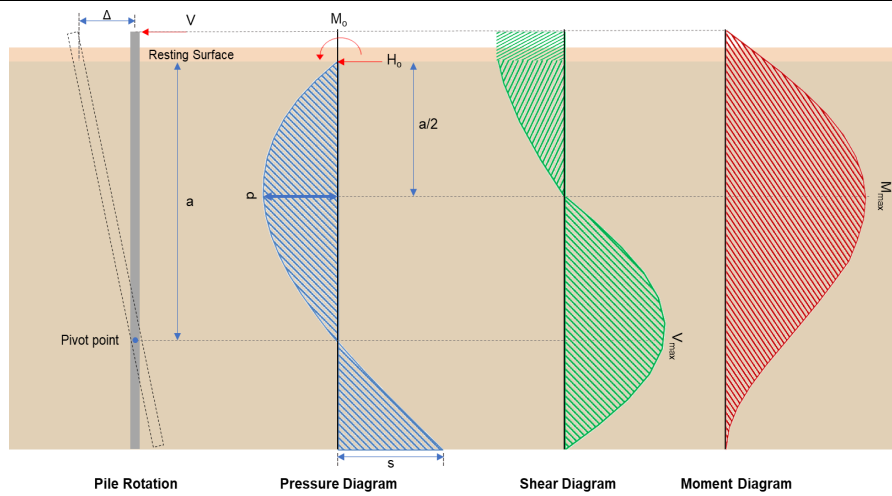
Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.740**

	$p_s = R L_e$ $p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})$ $p_s = 0.9375 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.9199 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.9375 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.98122$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.980</p>
	<p>Considering z-direction:</p> <p>$H_o = -0.0028662 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile, $M_o = 0.01035 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile, a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,</p> $a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$ $a = \frac{(4 \times (0.01035 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.0028662 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.01035 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.0028662 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))}$ $a = 4.4457 \text{ ft}$ <p>p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,</p> $p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$ $p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (0.01035 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.0028662 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(6.25 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (0.01035 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.0028662 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]}$ $p = -0.0006121 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e,</p> $s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$ $s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (0.01035 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.0028662 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]}{(6.25 \text{ ft})^2}$ $s = 0.00042803 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Check lateral soil pressure capacity:</p> <p>p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,</p> $p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$ $p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(4.4457 \text{ ft})}{2}$ $p_a = 0.33343 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(-0.0006121 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.33343 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = -0.0018358$ <p>p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e,</p> $p_s = R L_e$ $p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})$ $p_s = 0.9375 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000</p>

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.00042803 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.9375 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.00045656$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**



Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-3.469 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.55239 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(43.621 \text{ kipft}) + ((-3.469 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 6.946 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(6.946 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.55239 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 12.575 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_c) + (3 H_o L_c^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_c)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (6.946 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.55239 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (6.946 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.55239 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.2963 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4 E}{L_c} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_c} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3 E}{L_c} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_c} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.55239 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (12.575 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{4.2963 \text{ ft}}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (12.575 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{4.2963 \text{ ft}}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 9.3251 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.55239 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(12.575 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(4.2963 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (12.575 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.2963 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (12.575 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.2963 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 27.885 \text{ kipft}$$

Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.032 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.0050955 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.116 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.032 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.018471 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.018471 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.0050955 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 3.625 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.018471 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.0050955 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.018471 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.0050955 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.4452 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.0050955 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (3.625 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.4452 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (3.625 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.4452 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.034469 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o b L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.0050955 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(3.625 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(4.4452 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (3.625 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.4452 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (3.625 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.4452 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 0.096328 \text{ kipft}$$

Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$ - Concrete strength,
 $f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$ - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,
 $\phi = 0.65$ - Reduction factor for axial strength,
 $\alpha = 0.8$ - Alpha factor for axial strength,
 $A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$ - Gross area of concrete,

Table 22.4.2.1

Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load, $A_{st,required}$

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{(14.796 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -84.104 \text{ in}^2$$

A_{min} - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-84.104 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$$

n_{rebar} - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 14$$

A_{st} - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.96556$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.970**

25.2.3 s_{rebar} - Minimum spacing of reinforcement,

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$$

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$$

Ties:

25.7.2.2 Since longitudinal reinforcement is \leq No. 10: Use #3(0.375 in)

25.7.2.1 s_{ties} - Maximum spacing of ties,

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), \text{Min} (D, b)]$$

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), \text{Min} ((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$$

Summary:

Main reinforcement: **14 - #5 (0.625 in)**

Ties: #3(0.375 in) - 10 in

Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)

22.4.2.2

ϕP_N - Allowable axial compressive strength

$$\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st})]$$

$$\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times [(0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$\phi P_N = 2675.2 \text{ kip}$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(14.796 \text{ kip})}{(2675.2 \text{ kip})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.0055308$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.010**

Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)

Parameters:

22.5.2.2

$b_w = 48 \text{ in}$ - Effective width,
 d - Effective depth

$$d = 0.80 D$$

$$d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$d = 38.4 \text{ in}$$

22.5.5.1.3

λ_s - size effect modification factor

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = 0.64282$$

22.5.5.1.1

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{c,max}$ - Max shear strength of concrete

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,max} = 296.21 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.1(a)

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $P = 14.796 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 14796 \text{ lbf}$,
 $V_{c,a}$ - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + \frac{P}{6 A_g} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + \frac{(14796 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 120.46 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{c,b}$ - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + (0.05 f'_{ck}) \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi})) \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 348.89 \text{ kip}$$

V_c - Governing shear strength of concrete

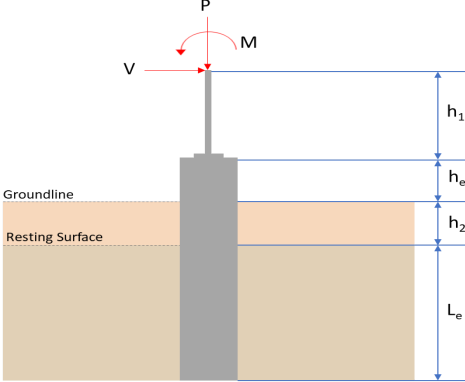
$$V_c = \text{Min}[V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min}[(296.21 \text{ kip}), (120.46 \text{ kip}), (348.89 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 120.46 \text{ kip}$$

<p>22.5.1.2</p>	<p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$.</p> <p>$V_{s,a}$ - Shear strength of steel (a)</p> $V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ $V_{s,a} = 737.28 \text{ kip}$ <p>A_v - Ties rebar area,</p> $A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$ $A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$ $A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$ <p>22.5.8.5.3 $V_{s,b}$ - Shear strength of steel (b)</p> $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yties} d}{s_{ties}}$ $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$ $V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p>V_s - Governing shear strength of steel</p> $V_s = \text{MIN}[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$ $V_s = \text{MIN}[(737.28 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$ $V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p>22.5.1.1 ϕV_n - Allowable shear strength</p> $\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$ $\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((120.46 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$ $\phi V_n = 111.38 \text{ kip}$ <p>Considering x-direction:</p> <p>$V_{max} = 9.3251 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the x-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(9.3251 \text{ kip})}{(111.38 \text{ kip})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.083724$ <p>Considering z-direction:</p> <p>$V_{max} = 0.034469 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the z-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.034469 \text{ kip})}{(111.38 \text{ kip})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.00030947$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.080</p> <p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000</p>
	<p>Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p>S_m - Section modulus</p> $S_m = \frac{b D^2}{6}$ $S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$ $S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$	

<p>14.5.2.1b</p>	<p>$\lambda = 1$ - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete), Allowable flexural strength: M_n shall be the lesser of: $\phi M_{n,1}$</p> $\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{2.5 \text{ ksi}} \times 18432.001 \text{ in}^3$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 249.600 \text{ kipft}$ <p>$\phi M_{n,2}$</p> $\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_c \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (18432 \text{ in}^3)$ $\phi M_{n,2} = 2121.6 \text{ kipft}$ <p>Therefore, ϕM_n - Allowable flexural strength,</p> $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$ $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(249.6 \text{ kipft}), (2121.6 \text{ kipft})]$ $\phi M_n = 249.6 \text{ kipft}$ <p>Considering x-direction: $M_{max} = 27.885 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the x-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(27.885 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.11172$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.110</p>
	<p>Considering z-direction: $M_{max} = 0.096328 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the z-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.096328 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.00038593$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000</p>

REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS																										
	<p>SkyCiv Foundation Design Pile Foundation</p> <p>Design Information : Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code) Unit System : Imperial</p>																											
	<p>Pile Input</p>  <p>Geometry Pile shape: rectangular $b = 48$ in - Pile width $D = 48$ in - Pile depth $L = 6.25$ ft - Total pile length $h_1 = 0$ ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile, $h_2 = 0$ ft - Depth to resisting surface $h_e = 0$ ft - Length of pile above the ground</p> <p>Tabulation of Soil Parameters</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="416 1102 1193 1191"> <thead> <tr> <th>Layer</th> <th>Label</th> <th>Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_n) (psf)</th> <th>Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel</td> <td>2000.000</td> <td>150.000</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Tabulation of Loads</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="676 1288 935 1458"> <thead> <tr> <th>Load Component</th> <th>ASD</th> <th>LRFD</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>P (kip)</td> <td>8.734</td> <td>13.952</td> </tr> <tr> <td>V_x (kip)</td> <td>-1.994</td> <td>-3.329</td> </tr> <tr> <td>V_z (kip)</td> <td>0.017</td> <td>0.030</td> </tr> <tr> <td>M_x (kipft)</td> <td>0.055</td> <td>0.101</td> </tr> <tr> <td>M_z (kipft)</td> <td>24.302</td> <td>41.950</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Material Properties $f'_{ck} = 2.5$ ksi - Concrete strength,</p>	Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_n) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)	1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000	Load Component	ASD	LRFD	P (kip)	8.734	13.952	V_x (kip)	-1.994	-3.329	V_z (kip)	0.017	0.030	M_x (kipft)	0.055	0.101	M_z (kipft)	24.302	41.950	
Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_n) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)																									
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M_x (kipft)	0.055	0.101																										
M_z (kipft)	24.302	41.950																										
	<p>Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD) H - Point of application of the lateral load</p> $H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$ $H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$ $H = 0 \text{ ft}$ <p>Considering x-direction: H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,</p> $H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$ $H_o = \frac{(-1.994 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $H_o = -0.31752 \text{ kip/ft}$ <p>M_o - Moment per length of pile,</p> $M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$																											

$$M_o = \frac{(24.302 \text{ kipft}) + ((-1.994 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 3.8697 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,x} = 5.8329 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in x-direction,

Considering z-direction:

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(0.017 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = 0.002707 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.055 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.017 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.008758 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_z^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,z} = 0.94917 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in z-direction,

Minimum embedded depth required:

$L_{e,req}$ - Depth of pile required,

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$$

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(5.8329 \text{ ft}), (0.94917 \text{ ft})]$$

$$L_{e,req} = 5.833 \text{ ft}$$

L_e - Actual embedded length of pile,

$$L_e = L - h_e - h_2$$

$$L_e = (6.25 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$L_e = 6.25 \text{ ft}$$

Ratio - Embedded depth

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(5.833 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.93328$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.930**

End-bearing Capacity (ASD)

A - Pile cross-section area

$$A = b D$$

$$A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$$

q - End-bearing pressure

$$q = \frac{P_c}{A}$$

$$q = \frac{(8.734 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$$

$$q = 0.545875 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$$q = 0.043000 \text{ kip/ft}$$

Check bearing capacity ratio:

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.54588 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.27294$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.270**

Czerniak

Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):

L/D - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,

$$L/D = \frac{L}{D}$$

$$L/D = \frac{(6.25 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$$

$$L/D = 1.5625$$

Since $L/D \leq 10$,

Pile is short.

Considering x-direction:

$H_o = -0.31752 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 3.8697 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (3.8697 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.31752 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (3.8697 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.31752 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.2994 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (3.8697 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.31752 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(6.25 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (3.8697 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.31752 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.22802 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (3.8697 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.31752 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]}{(6.25 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.88397 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{q}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(4.2994 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.32245 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.22802 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.32245 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.70714$$

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.710**

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 0.9375 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.88397 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.9375 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.9429$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.940**

Considering z-direction:

$H_o = 0.002707 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 0.008758 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.008758 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.002707 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.008758 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.002707 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.4599 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (0.008758 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (0.002707 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(6.25 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (0.008758 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (0.002707 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.0023507 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (0.008758 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((0.002707 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]}{(6.25 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.0052892 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(4.4599 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.33449 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.0023507 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.33449 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.0070278$$

p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 0.9375 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

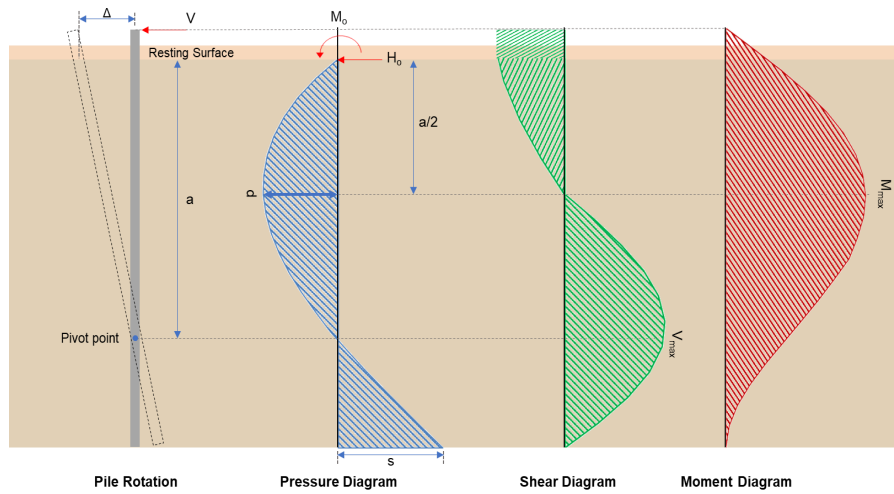
$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.010**

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.0052892 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.9375 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.0056418$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.010**



Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_e}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-3.329 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.5301 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(41.95 \text{ kipft}) + ((-3.329 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 6.6799 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(6.6799 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.5301 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 12.601 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (6.6799 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.5301 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (6.6799 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.5301 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.2961 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.5301 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (12.601 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{4.2961 \text{ ft}}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (12.601 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{4.2961 \text{ ft}}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 8.9649 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.5301 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(12.601 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(4.2961 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (12.601 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.2961 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (12.601 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.2961 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 26.81 \text{ kipft}$$

Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(0.03 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = 0.0047771 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.101 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.03 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.016083 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.016083 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(0.0047771 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 3.3667 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.016083 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.0047771 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.016083 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.0047771 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.4547 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 + 4 \left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((0.0047771 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (3.3667 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.4547 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 + 4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (3.3667 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.4547 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.03093 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o b L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((0.0047771 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(3.3667 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(4.4547 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (3.3667 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.4547 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (3.3667 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.4547 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 0.085995 \text{ kipft}$$

Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$ - Concrete strength,
 $f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$ - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,
 $\phi = 0.65$ - Reduction factor for axial strength,
 $\alpha = 0.8$ - Alpha factor for axial strength,
 $A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$ - Gross area of concrete,

Table 22.4.2.1

Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load, $A_{st,required}$

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{(13.952 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -84.133 \text{ in}^2$$

A_{min} - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-84.133 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$$

n_{rebar} - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 14$$

A_{st} - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.96556$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.970**

25.2.3

s_{rebar} - Minimum spacing of reinforcement,

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$$

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$$

Ties:

25.7.2.2

Since longitudinal reinforcement is \leq No. 10: Use #3(0.375 in)

25.7.2.1

s_{ties} - Maximum spacing of ties,

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), \text{Min} (D, b)]$$

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), \text{Min} ((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$$

Summary:

Main reinforcement: **14 - #5 (0.625 in)**

Ties: #3(0.375 in) - 10 in

Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)

22.4.2.2

ϕP_N - Allowable axial compressive strength

$$\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st})]$$

$$\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times [(0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$\phi P_N = 2675.2 \text{ kip}$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(13.952 \text{ kip})}{(2675.2 \text{ kip})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.0052153$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.010**

Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)

Parameters:

22.5.2.2

$b_w = 48 \text{ in}$ - Effective width,
 d - Effective depth

$$d = 0.80 D$$

$$d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$d = 38.4 \text{ in}$$

22.5.5.1.3

λ_s - size effect modification factor

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = 0.64282$$

22.5.5.1.1

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{c,max}$ - Max shear strength of concrete

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,max} = 296.21 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.1(a)

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $P = 13.952 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 13952 \text{ lbf}$,
 $V_{c,a}$ - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + \frac{P}{6 A_g} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + \frac{(13952 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 120.35 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{c,b}$ - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + (0.05 f'_{ck}) \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi})) \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 348.89 \text{ kip}$$

V_c - Governing shear strength of concrete

$$V_c = \text{Min}[V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min}[(296.21 \text{ kip}), (120.35 \text{ kip}), (348.89 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 120.35 \text{ kip}$$

<p>22.5.1.2</p>	<p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$.</p> <p>$V_{s,a}$ - Shear strength of steel (a)</p> $V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ $V_{s,a} = 737.28 \text{ kip}$ <p>A_v - Ties rebar area,</p> $A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$ $A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$ $A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$ <p>22.5.8.5.3 $V_{s,b}$ - Shear strength of steel (b)</p> $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yt} d}{s_{ties}}$ $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$ $V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p>V_s - Governing shear strength of steel</p> $V_s = \text{MIN}[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$ $V_s = \text{MIN}[(737.28 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$ $V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p>22.5.1.1 ϕV_n - Allowable shear strength</p> $\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$ $\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((120.35 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$ $\phi V_n = 111.31 \text{ kip}$ <p>Considering x-direction:</p> <p>$V_{max} = 8.9649 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the x-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(8.9649 \text{ kip})}{(111.31 \text{ kip})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.080543$ <p>Considering z-direction:</p> <p>$V_{max} = 0.03093 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the z-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.03093 \text{ kip})}{(111.31 \text{ kip})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.00027789$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.080</p> <p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000</p>
	<p>Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p>S_m - Section modulus</p> $S_m = \frac{b D^2}{6}$ $S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$ $S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$	

<p>14.5.2.1b</p>	<p>$\lambda = 1$ - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete), Allowable flexural strength: M_n shall be the lesser of: $\phi M_{n,1}$</p> $\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{2.5 \text{ksi}} \times 18432.001 \text{in}^3$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 249.600 \text{kipft}$ <p>$\phi M_{n,2}$</p> $\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_c \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ksi}) \times (18432 \text{in}^3)$ $\phi M_{n,2} = 2121.6 \text{kipft}$ <p>Therefore, ϕM_n - Allowable flexural strength,</p> $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$ $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(249.6 \text{kipft}), (2121.6 \text{kipft})]$ $\phi M_n = 249.6 \text{kipft}$ <p>Considering x-direction: $M_{max} = 26.81 \text{kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the x-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(26.81 \text{kipft})}{(249.6 \text{kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.10741$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.110</p>
	<p>Considering z-direction: $M_{max} = 0.085995 \text{kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the z-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.085995 \text{kipft})}{(249.6 \text{kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.00034453$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000</p>