

# Your Project Calculations



Project Name: Randy Mag cabin

S3D Model Link:

[https://platform.skyciv.com/structural?preload\\_name=Randy%20Mag%20%20cabin&preload\\_path=Shared%20Enterprise%20Folder/MT\\_Solar\\_Projects/7\\_2023](https://platform.skyciv.com/structural?preload_name=Randy%20Mag%20%20cabin&preload_path=Shared%20Enterprise%20Folder/MT_Solar_Projects/7_2023)

Public Model Link:

[https://platform.skyciv.com/structural-viewer?project\\_id=1PaFcaZ6Fe7GN6vPg08AjZXgQjHz2G4JsmiyDwO1PD345bpriHADPuZafHtLu1aD](https://platform.skyciv.com/structural-viewer?project_id=1PaFcaZ6Fe7GN6vPg08AjZXgQjHz2G4JsmiyDwO1PD345bpriHADPuZafHtLu1aD)

## Array Specification

Product:	Beam
Unique ID:	1P-0-8TOP-SD-12-L-4Hx2W-G03G
Duty Classification:	SD
Module Width:	38.97 in
Module Length:	64.56in
Number of Rows:	4
Number of Columns:	2
Total Number of Modules:	8
Desired Tilt Angle:	30
Front Edge Clearance:	5
Total Array Height at Tilt:	11.54 ft
Total Frame Length:	9.50 ft
Frame Weight:	558 lbs
Array Dimensions N/S:	13.16 ft
Array Dimensions E/W:	10.93 ft
Rail Length:	157.88 in
Rail Spacing:	2.69 ft
Rail Check:	Not Checked

## Support Specifications

Pole Size:	8in Pipe Sch 40
Pole Length above Grade:	8.29 ft
Number of Poles:	1
Pole Spacing:	0

## Foundation Specifications

Foundation Type:	Square
Foundation Dimensions:	48 x 48 in
Foundation Depth (below grade):	Pile 1: 3.00 ft
Foundation Volume:	1.778 y <sup>3</sup>
Foundation Result:	PASSED
Mount Twist:	0.000000 kip

## Site Info

Risk Category:	I
Exposure:	C
Soil Classification:	sand
Site Location:	6245 N 9920 W, Orangeville, UT 84537, USA
Wind Speed:	12 mph
Snow Load:	30 psf
Design Uplift Pressure:	Multiple pressures
Design Downforce Pressure:	Multiple pressures
Design Snow Pressure:	0.013196 ksf



### Design Disclaimer

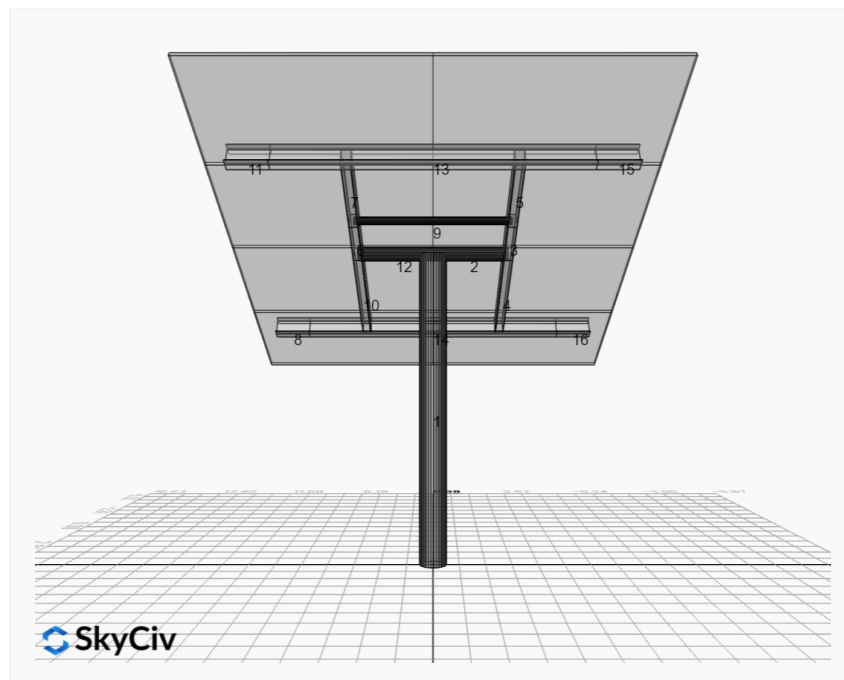
This software should be used for preliminary designs and should not be used as a final design unless reviewed, verified and designed by a qualified structural engineer.

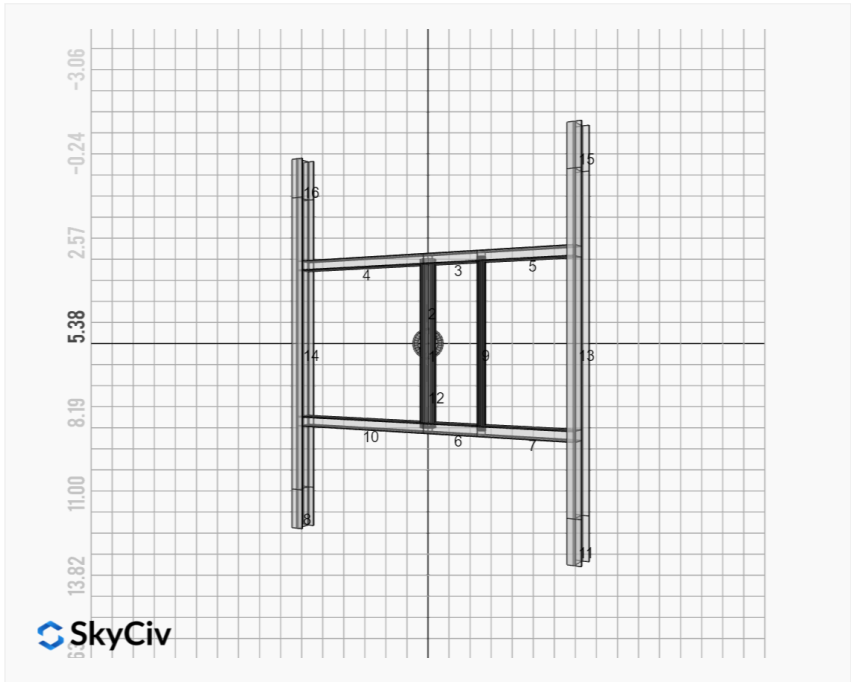
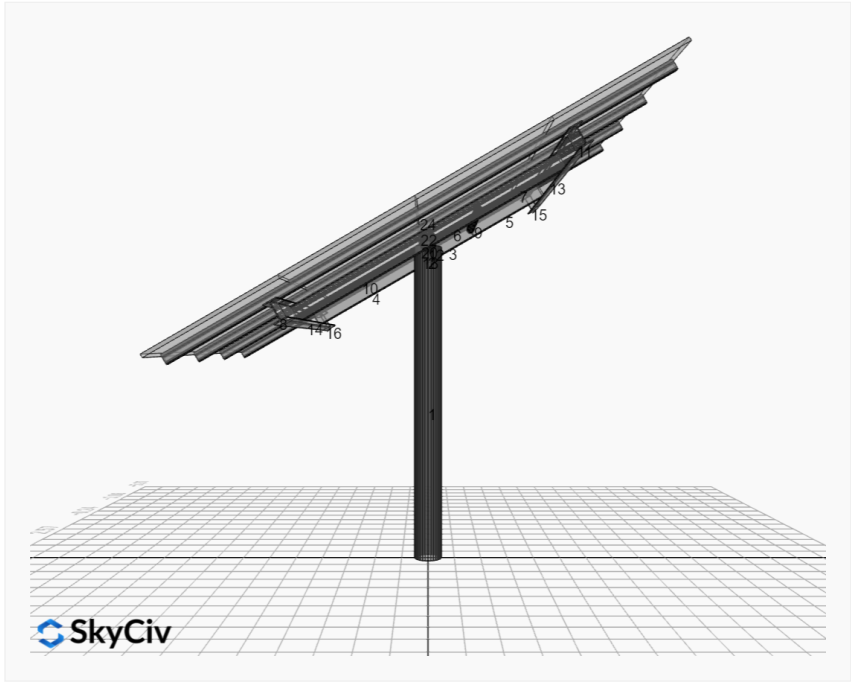
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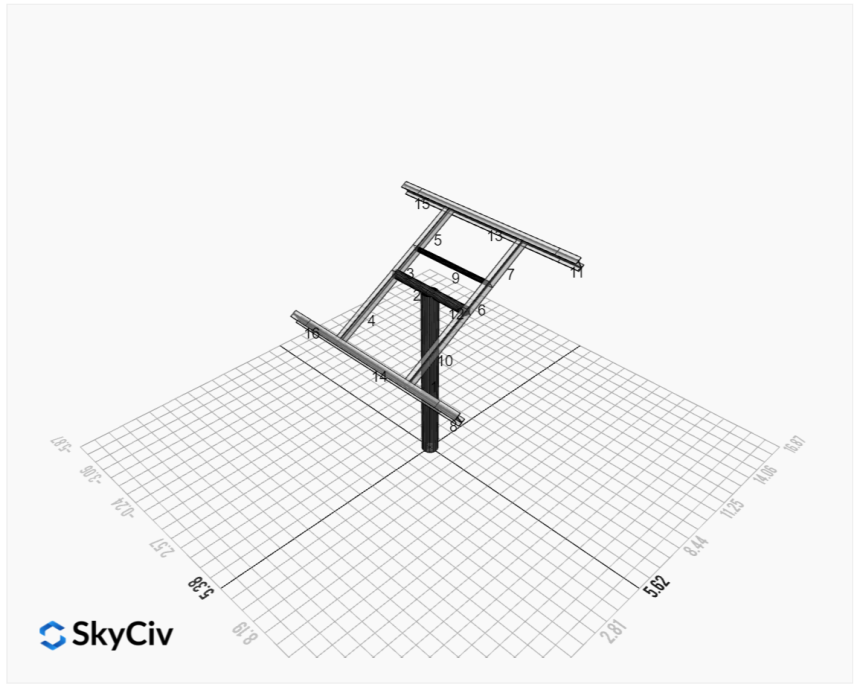
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### Design Notes:

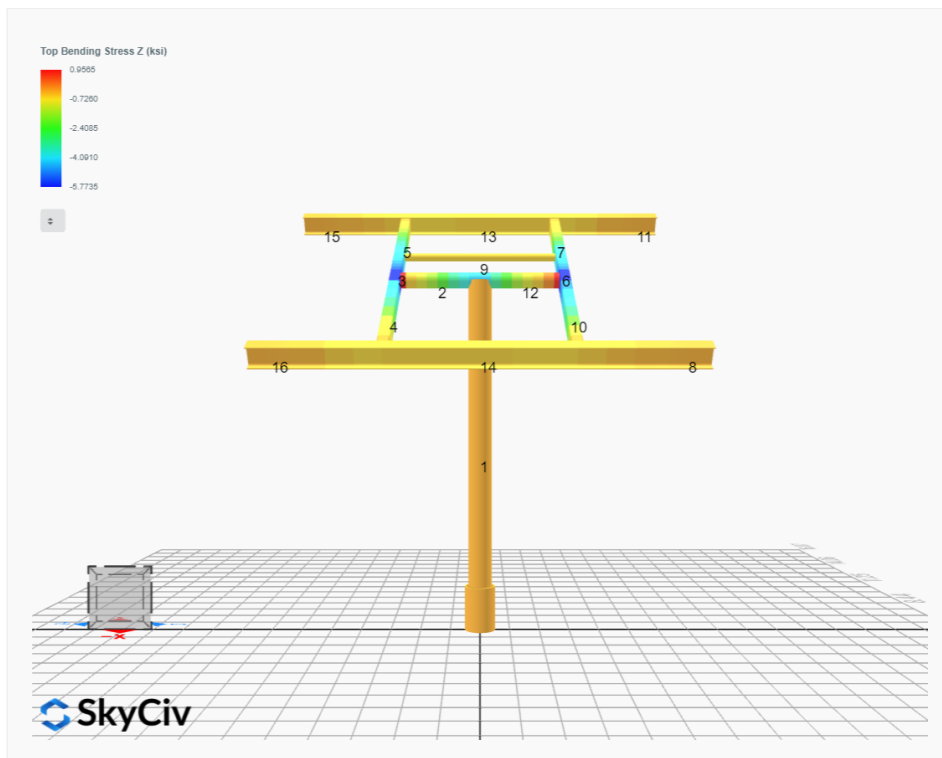
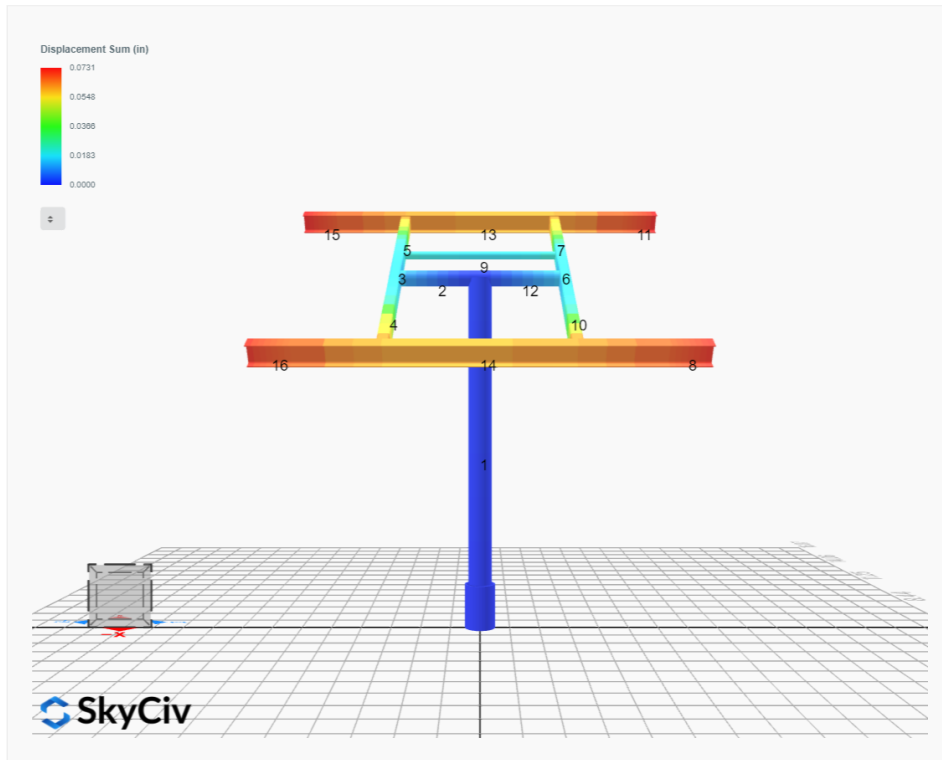
- AISC Deflection checks are set to L/1 due to structure design intent
- Foundation Design and Sizing is approximate only

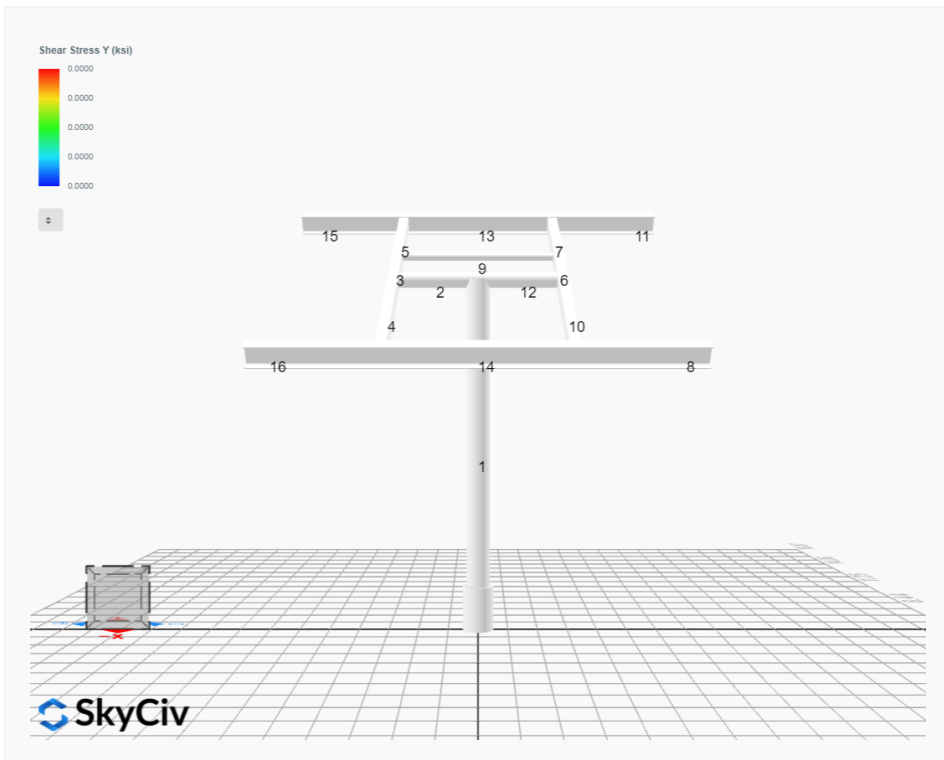
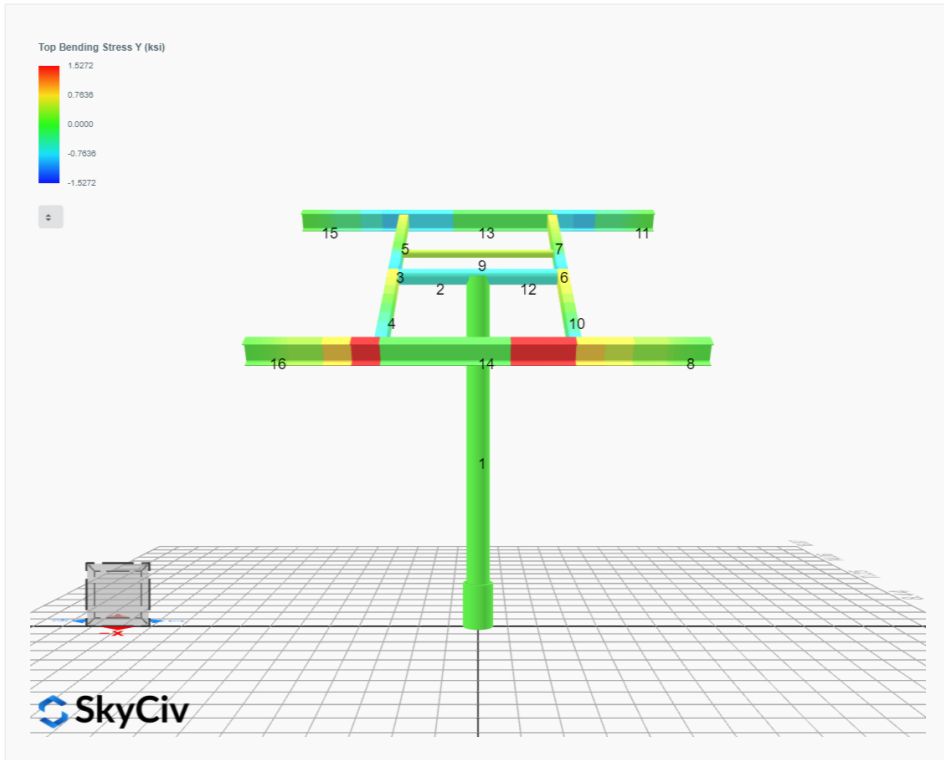


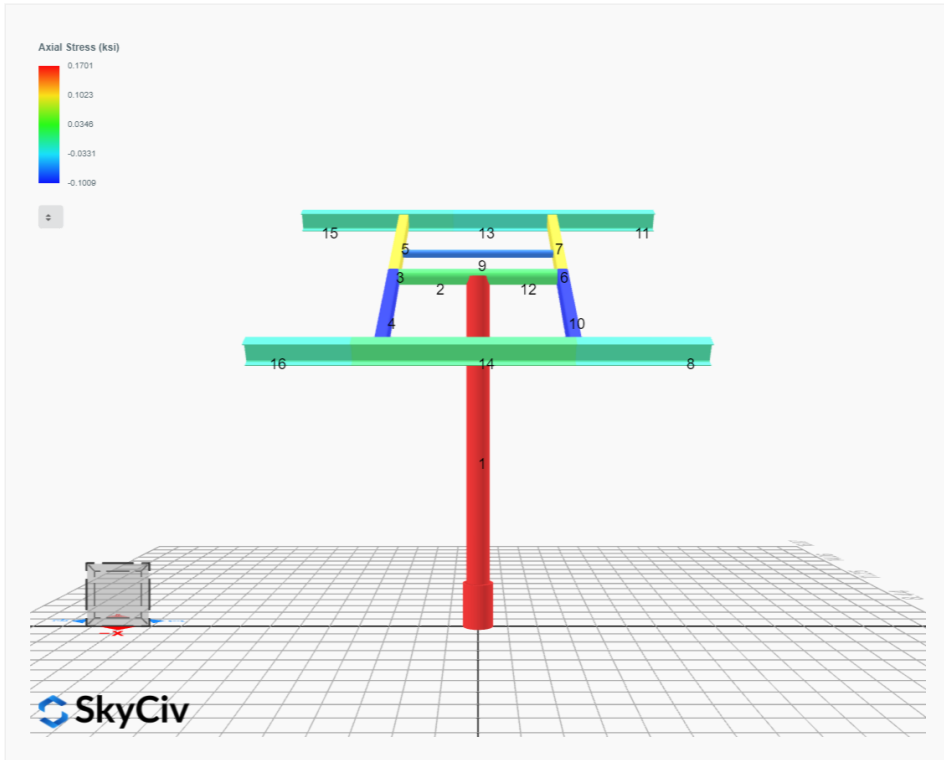




## FEM Results (Envelope Worst Case for each member)







## Reaction Forces for Foundation 1 (Node ID#1), (kip, kip-ft)

### ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	-0.0000	1.2534	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0188
ULS: 2. D + L	-0.0000	1.2534	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0188
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0000	2.6817	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0220
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	-0.0000	1.2534	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0188
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0000	2.3246	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0212
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	-0.0000	1.2534	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0188
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	-0.0000	1.2534	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0188
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	0.0000	2.3246	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0212
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	-0.0000	0.7520	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0113
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-0.0158	1.2807	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.1495
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.0158	1.2807	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.1495
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	0.0135	1.2300	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	-0.0932
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0113	1.2339	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	-0.1309
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-0.0118	2.3451	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.1192
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.0118	2.3451	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.1192
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	0.0101	2.3071	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	-0.0628
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0084	2.3100	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	-0.0911
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-0.0118	1.2739	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.1168
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.0118	1.2739	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.1168
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	0.0101	1.2358	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	-0.0652
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0084	1.2388	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	-0.0935
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-0.0158	0.7793	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.1420
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.0158	0.7793	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.1420
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	0.0135	0.7286	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	-0.1008
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0113	0.7325	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	-0.1384

### Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.  
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	3.8122
Shear X	-0.0263
Shear Z	-0.0000
Moment X	-0.0000
Moment Y (Twist)	0.0000
Moment Z	0.2495

### Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.  
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	2.6817
Shear X	-0.0158
Shear Z	0.0000
Moment X	-0.0000
Moment Y (Twist)	0.0000
Moment Z	0.1495

## Project Details

Design Code: AISC 360-16 LRFD  
 Provision: LRFD  
 Country: United States  
 User Name: sales@mtsolar.us  
 Unit System: imperial



## Design Input Information

Design Factors			
$\Phi_t$	$\Phi_c$	$\Phi_b$	$\Phi_v$
0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9

Design Materials			
ID	E (ksi)	$F_y$ (ksi)	$F_u$ (ksi)
1	29000	50	65

### Section Dimensions



ID	Name	d (in)	$t_w$ (in)				
1	2in Pipe Sch 40	2.38	0.15				
4	4in Pipe Sch 40	4.50	0.24				
9	8in Pipe Sch 40	8.63	0.32				



ID	Name	d (in)	b (in)	$t_w$ (in)	$t_b$ (in)	r (in)	
15	HSS5x3x1/8	5.00	3.00	0.12	0.12	0.12	



ID	Name	d (in)	$t_w$ (in)	$b_t$ (in)	$b_b$ (in)	$t_t$ (in)	$t_b$ (in)	r (in)
18	W6x9	5.90	0.17	3.94	3.94	0.21	0.21	0.25

### Section Properties

ID	Name	A (in <sup>2</sup> )	J (in <sup>4</sup> )	$I_{yp}$ (in <sup>4</sup> )	$I_{zp}$ (in <sup>4</sup> )	$I_w$ (in <sup>6</sup> )	$S_{yp}$ (in <sup>3</sup> )	$S_{zp}$ (in <sup>3</sup> )
1	2in Pipe Sch 40	1.07	1.33	0.67	0.67	0.00	0.76	0.76
4	4in Pipe Sch 40	3.17	14.47	7.23	7.23	0.00	4.31	4.31
9	8in Pipe Sch 40	8.40	144.98	72.49	72.49	0.00	22.21	22.21

15	HSS5x3x1/8	1.77	6.02	2.75	6.03	152.35	2.07	2.93
18	W6x9	2.68	0.04	2.20	16.40	17.70	1.72	6.23

Member Properties										
Member ID	Section ID	K <sub>z</sub> L (ft)	K <sub>y</sub> L (ft)	L <sub>b</sub> (ft)	C <sub>b</sub>	L	S	T	L	D
1	9	17.41	17.41	8.29	-	3	0	0	2	0
2	4	1.30	1.30	2.00	-	3	0	0	2	0
3	15	0.92	0.92	1.42	1.19,1.19,1.19,1.18,1.19,1.19,1.19,1.19,1.19,1.19,1.19,1.19,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.19,1.19,1.19,1.19,1.19,1.19	3	0	0	2	0
4	15	2.44	2.44	3.75	1.69,1.68,1.69,1.67,1.69,1.69,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.69,1.69,1.69,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.69,1.69,1.69,1.69,1.69,1.69	3	0	0	2	0
5	15	1.52	1.52	2.33	1.68,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68	3	0	0	2	0
6	15	0.92	0.92	1.42	1.19,1.19,1.19,1.18,1.19,1.19,1.19,1.19,1.19,1.19,1.19,1.19,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.19,1.19,1.19,1.19,1.19	3	0	0	2	0
7	15	1.52	1.52	2.33	1.68,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68	3	0	0	2	0
8	18	2.10	2.10	1.00	2.33,2.33	3	0	0	2	0
9	1	2.60	2.60	4.00	-	3	0	0	2	0
10	15	2.44	2.44	3.75	1.69,1.68,1.69,1.67,1.69,1.69,1.69,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.69,1.69,1.69,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.69,1.69,1.69,1.69,1.69,1.69	3	0	0	2	0
11	18	2.10	2.10	1.00	2.33,2.33	3	0	0	2	0
12	4	1.30	1.30	2.00	-	3	0	0	2	0
13	18	4.88	4.00	7.50	1.16,1.16	3	0	0	2	0
14	18	4.88	4.00	7.50	1.15,1.15,1.15,1.16,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.15	3	0	0	2	0
15	18	2.10	2.10	1.00	2.33,2.33	3	0	0	2	0
16	18	2.10	2.10	1.00	2.33,2.33	3	0	0	2	0

### Member Design Capacity

Member ID	$\Phi_c P_n$ (kip)	$\Phi_t P_n$ (kip)	$\Phi_b M_{zn}$ (k-ft)	$\Phi_b M_{yn}$ (k-ft)	$\Phi_v V_{yn}$ (kip)	$\Phi_v V_{zn}$ (kip)
1	377.97	261.16	83.29	83.29	113.39	113.39
2	142.83	141.72	16.17	16.17	42.85	42.85
3	79.65	74.02	10.99	4.60	29.14	16.61
4	79.65	72.01	10.99	4.60	29.14	16.61
5	79.65	73.44	10.99	4.60	29.14	16.61
6	79.65	74.02	10.99	4.60	29.14	16.61
7	79.65	73.44	10.99	4.60	29.14	16.61
8	120.60	113.97	23.36	6.45	30.09	45.74
9	48.35	43.11	2.85	2.85	14.51	14.51
10	79.65	72.01	10.99	4.60	29.14	16.61

11	120.60	113.97	23.36	6.45	30.09	45.74
12	142.83	141.72	16.17	16.17	42.85	42.85
13	120.60	98.23	20.42	6.45	30.09	45.74
14	120.60	98.23	20.25	6.45	30.09	45.74
15	120.60	113.97	23.36	6.45	30.09	45.74
16	120.60	113.97	23.36	6.45	30.09	45.74

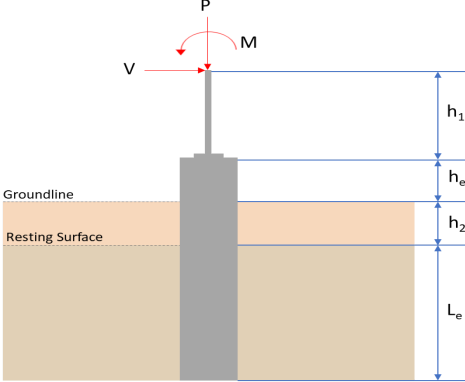
## Design Ratio

Member ID	P	M <sub>z</sub>	M <sub>y</sub>	V <sub>y</sub>	V <sub>z</sub>	(P,M <sub>z</sub> ,M <sub>y</sub> )	Worst LC	KL/r	δ	Status
1	0.015	0.003	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.009	#21	0.356	Not Required	Pass
2	0.001	0.178	0.023	0.041	0.000	0.201	#21	0.052	Not Required	Pass
3	0.006	0.254	0.084	0.026	0.017	0.340	#21	0.044	Not Required	Pass
4	0.005	0.252	0.052	0.026	0.007	0.306	#21	0.078	Not Required	Pass
5	0.006	0.156	0.035	0.025	0.004	0.162	#21	0.073	Not Required	Pass
6	0.006	0.254	0.084	0.026	0.017	0.340	#21	0.044	Not Required	Pass
7	0.006	0.156	0.035	0.025	0.004	0.162	#21	0.073	Not Required	Pass
8	0.000	0.003	0.007	0.005	0.002	0.010	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
9	0.005	0.020	0.014	0.001	0.000	0.037	#21	0.132	Not Required	Pass
10	0.005	0.252	0.052	0.026	0.007	0.306	#21	0.078	Not Required	Pass
11	0.000	0.003	0.007	0.005	0.002	0.010	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
12	0.001	0.178	0.023	0.041	0.000	0.201	#21	0.052	Not Required	Pass
13	0.001	0.035	0.051	0.014	0.005	0.080	#21	0.177	Not Required	Pass
14	0.001	0.036	0.051	0.014	0.005	0.080	#21	0.177	Not Required	Pass
15	0.000	0.003	0.007	0.005	0.002	0.010	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
16	0.000	0.003	0.007	0.005	0.002	0.010	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass

## Definitions

Φ <sub>t</sub>	Safety factor for tensile
Φ <sub>c</sub>	Safety factor for compression
Φ <sub>b</sub>	Safety factor for flexure
Φ <sub>v</sub>	Safety factor for shear
E	Modulus of elasticity
F <sub>y</sub>	Specified minimum yield stress
F <sub>u</sub>	Specified minimum tensile strength
A	Cross-sectional area
J	Torsional constant
I <sub>yp</sub>	Moment of inertia about the Y axes
I <sub>zp</sub>	Moment of inertia about the Z axes
I <sub>w</sub>	Warping constant
S <sub>yp</sub>	Plastic section modulus about the Y axis
S <sub>zp</sub>	Plastic section modulus about the Z axis
KL	Effective length
C <sub>b</sub>	Buckling modification factor (from all load combinations)
L <sub>b</sub>	Length between braced points
LST	Limited slenderness for tension
LSC	Limited slenderness for compression
LD	Limited deflection
P <sub>n</sub>	Nominal axial strength (tension/compression)
M <sub>n</sub>	Nominal flexural strength (about Z/Y axis)
V <sub>n</sub>	Nominal shear strength (along Z/Y axis)
P	Design ratio in case of axial force
M <sub>z</sub>	Design ratio in case of bending about Z axis
M <sub>y</sub>	Design ratio in case of bending about Y axis
V <sub>y</sub>	Design ratio in case of shear along Y axis
V <sub>z</sub>	Design ratio in case of shear along Z axis
(P,M <sub>z</sub> ,M <sub>y</sub> )	Design ratio in case of axial force and bending action
KL/r	Design ratio in case of section slenderness
δ	Design ratio in case of member deflection
OK	Capacity is provided
NG	Capacity is not provided

... capacity is not provided

REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS																										
	<p><b>SkyCiv Foundation Design</b> Pile Foundation</p> <p><b>Design Information :</b> Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code) Unit System : Imperial</p>																											
	<p><b>Pile Input</b></p>  <p><b>Geometry</b> Pile shape: rectangular <math>b = 48</math> in - Pile width <math>D = 48</math> in - Pile depth <math>L = 3</math> ft - Total pile length <math>h_1 = 0</math> ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile, <math>h_2 = 0</math> ft - Depth to resting surface <math>h_e = 0</math> ft - Length of pile above the ground</p> <p><b>Tabulation of Soil Parameters</b></p> <table border="1" data-bbox="416 1102 1193 1193"> <thead> <tr> <th>Layer</th> <th>Label</th> <th>Allowable Bearing Pressure (<math>q_a</math>) (psf)</th> <th>Allowable Lateral Pressure (<math>R</math>) (psf/ft)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel &amp; clayey gravel</td> <td>2000.000</td> <td>150.000</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><b>Tabulation of Loads</b></p> <table border="1" data-bbox="676 1288 935 1458"> <thead> <tr> <th>Load Component</th> <th>ASD</th> <th>LRFD</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><math>P</math> (kip)</td> <td>2.682</td> <td>3.812</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>V_x</math> (kip)</td> <td>-0.016</td> <td>-0.026</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>V_z</math> (kip)</td> <td>0.000</td> <td>0.000</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>M_x</math> (kipft)</td> <td>0.000</td> <td>0.000</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>M_z</math> (kipft)</td> <td>0.150</td> <td>0.249</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><b>Material Properties</b> <math>f'_{ck} = 2.5</math> ksi - Concrete strength,</p>	Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure ( $q_a$ ) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure ( $R$ ) (psf/ft)	1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000	Load Component	ASD	LRFD	$P$ (kip)	2.682	3.812	$V_x$ (kip)	-0.016	-0.026	$V_z$ (kip)	0.000	0.000	$M_x$ (kipft)	0.000	0.000	$M_z$ (kipft)	0.150	0.249	
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	<p><b>Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD)</b> <math>H</math> - Point of application of the lateral load</p> $H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$ $H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$ $H = 0 \text{ ft}$ <p><b>Considering x-direction:</b> <math>H_o</math> - Lateral force per length of pile,</p> $H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$ $H_o = \frac{(-0.016 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $H_o = -0.0025478 \text{ kip/ft}$ <p><math>M_o</math> - Moment per length of pile,</p> $M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$																											

	$M_o = \frac{(0.15 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.016 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $M_o = 0.023885 \text{ kipft/ft}$ <p>Required depth of embedment in earth:</p> $L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$ <p>Solving the cubic equation:  <math>L_{e,x} = 1.2 \text{ ft}</math> - Required depth in x-direction,</p> <p><b>Considering z-direction:</b>  <math>L_{e,z} = 0 \text{ ft}</math> - Required depth in z-direction,</p> <p><b>Minimum embedded depth required:</b>  <math>L_{e,req}</math> - Depth of pile required,</p> $L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$ $L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(1.2 \text{ ft}), (0 \text{ ft})]$ $L_{e,req} = 1.2 \text{ ft}$ <p><math>L_e</math> - Actual embedded length of pile,</p> $L_e = L - h_e - h_2$ $L_e = (3 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$ $L_e = 3 \text{ ft}$ <p>Ratio - Embedded depth</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(1.2 \text{ ft})}{(3 \text{ ft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.4$	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b>  Ratio: <b>0.400</b></p>
	<p><b>End-bearing Capacity (ASD)</b></p> <p>A - Pile cross-section area</p> $A = b D$ $A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$ $A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$ <p>q - End-bearing pressure</p> $q = \frac{P_u}{A}$ $q = \frac{(2.682 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$ $q = 0.16762 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p><b>Check bearing capacity ratio:</b></p> <p>Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_o}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.16762 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.083812$	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b>  Ratio: <b>0.080</b></p>
<p>Czerniak</p>	<p><b>Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):</b></p> <p><math>L/D</math> - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,</p> $L/D = \frac{L}{D}$ $L/D = \frac{(3 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$	

$$L/D = 0.75$$

Since  $L/D \leq 10$ ,

Pile is short.

**Considering x-direction:**

$H_o = -0.0025478$  kip/ft - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 0.023885$  kipft/ft - Overturning moment per length of pile,

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.023885 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (3 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.0025478 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (3 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.023885 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.0025478 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (3 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 2.044 \text{ ft}$$

$p$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $a/2$  from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (0.023885 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.0025478 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (3 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(3 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (0.023885 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.0025478 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (3 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.0077945 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$s$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $L_e$ ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (0.023885 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.0025478 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (3 \text{ ft}))]}{(3 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.026752 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

**Check lateral soil pressure capacity:**

$p_a$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(2.044 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.1533 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

*Ratio* - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.0077945 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.1533 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.050846$$

$p_s$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $L_e$ ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (3 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 0.45 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

*Ratio* - Lateral soil capacity

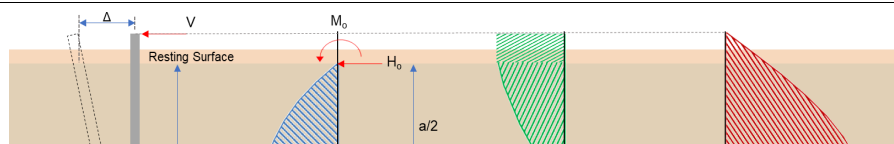
$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.026752 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.45 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.059448$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.050**

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.060**





### Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.026 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.0041401 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.249 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.026 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.03965 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

$E$  - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.03965 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.0041401 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 9.5769 \text{ ft}$$

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_c) + (3 H_o L_c^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_c)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.03965 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (3 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.0041401 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (3 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.03965 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.0041401 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (3 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 2.0432 \text{ ft}$$

$V_{max}$  - Max shear force located at depth  $a$ ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \left( \frac{4 E}{L_c} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_c} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \left( \frac{3 E}{L_c} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_c} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.0041401 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \times \left( \frac{4 \times (9.5769 \text{ ft})}{(3 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(2.0432 \text{ ft})}{(3 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \times \left( \frac{3 \times (9.5769 \text{ ft})}{(3 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(2.0432 \text{ ft})}{(3 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.10457 \text{ kip}$$

$M_{max}$  - Max bending moment located at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_c) \left[ \left( \frac{E}{L_c} + \frac{a}{2 L_c} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 E}{L_c} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_c} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 E}{L_c} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_c} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.0041401 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (3 \text{ ft})) \times \left[ \left( \frac{(9.5769 \text{ ft})}{(3 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(2.0432 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (3 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 \times (9.5769 \text{ ft})}{(3 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(2.0432 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (3 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 \times (9.5769 \text{ ft})}{(3 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(2.0432 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (3 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 0.15231 \text{ kipft}$$

**Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)**

**Parameters:**

$f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$  - Concrete strength,  
 $f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$  - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,  
 $\phi = 0.65$  - Reduction factor for axial strength,  
 $\alpha = 0.8$  - Alpha factor for axial strength,  
 $A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$  - Gross area of concrete,

Table 22.4.2.1

**Longitudinal reinforcement:**

Required reinforcement due to axial load,  $A_{st,required}$

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[ \frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[ \frac{\frac{(3.812 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -84.469 \text{ in}^2$$

$A_{min}$  - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-84.469 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$$

$n_{rebar}$  - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 14$$

$A_{st}$  - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.96556$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.970**

25.2.3

$s_{rebar}$  - Minimum spacing of reinforcement,

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$$

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$$

**Ties:**

25.7.2.2 Since longitudinal reinforcement is  $\leq$  No. 10: Use #3(0.375 in)

25.7.2.1  $s_{ties}$  - Maximum spacing of ties,

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), \text{Min} (D, b)]$$

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), \text{Min} ((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$$

**Summary:**

Main reinforcement: **14 - #5 (0.625 in)**

**Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)**22.4.2.2  $\phi P_N$  - Allowable axial compressive strength

$$\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}] + (f_{yt} A_{st})]$$

$$\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times [(0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$\phi P_N = 2675.2 \text{ kip}$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(3.812 \text{ kip})}{(2675.2 \text{ kip})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.0014249$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.000****Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)****Parameters:** $b_w = 48 \text{ in}$  - Effective width,22.5.2.2  $d$  - Effective depth

$$d = 0.80 D$$

$$d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$d = 38.4 \text{ in}$$

22.5.5.1.3  $\lambda_s$  - size effect modification factor

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[ \sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[ \sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = 0.64282$$

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ ,22.5.5.1.1  $V_{c,max}$  - Max shear strength of concrete

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,max} = 296.21 \text{ kip}$$

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ ,  $P = 3.812 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 3812 \text{ lbf}$ ,22.5.5.1.1(a)  $V_{c,a}$  - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[ 2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + \frac{P}{6 A_g} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[ 2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + \frac{(3812 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 118.99 \text{ kip}$$

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ ,22.5.5.1.2  $V_{c,b}$  - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[ 2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + (0.05 f'_{ck}) \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[ 2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi})) \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 348.89 \text{ kip}$$

 $V_c$  - Governing shear strength of concrete

$$V_c = \text{Min}[V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min}[(296.21 \text{ kip}), (118.99 \text{ kip}), (348.89 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 118.99 \text{ kip}$$

<p>22.5.1.2</p>	<p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula <math>f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}</math>,</p> <p><math>V_{s,a}</math> - Shear strength of steel (a)</p> $V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ $V_{s,a} = 737.28 \text{ kip}$ <p><math>A_v</math> - Ties rebar area,</p> $A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$ $A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$ $A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$ <p>22.5.8.5.3 <math>V_{s,b}</math> - Shear strength of steel (b)</p> $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{ywk} d}{s_{ties}}$ $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$ $V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p><math>V_s</math> - Governing shear strength of steel</p> $V_s = \text{MIN}[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$ $V_s = \text{MIN}[(737.28 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$ $V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p>22.5.1.1 <math>\phi V_n</math> - Allowable shear strength</p> $\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$ $\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((118.99 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$ $\phi V_n = 110.43 \text{ kip}$ <p><b>Considering x-direction:</b></p> <p><math>V_{max} = 0.10457 \text{ kip}</math> - Maximum shear force in the x-direction,  Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.10457 \text{ kip})}{(110.43 \text{ kip})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.00094698$	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b>  Ratio: <b>0.000</b></p>
<p>14.5.2.1b</p>	<p><b>Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</b></p> <p><math>S_m</math> - Section modulus</p> $S_m = \frac{b D^2}{6}$ $S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$ $S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$ <p><math>\lambda = 1</math> - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete),  Allowable flexural strength:  <math>M_n</math> shall be the lesser of:</p> <p><math>\phi M_{n,1}</math></p> $\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{(2.5 \text{ ksi})} \times 18432.001 \text{ in}^3$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 249.600 \text{ kipft}$ <p><math>\phi M_{n,2}</math></p> $\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_c \times S_m$	

$$\phi M_{n,2} = \phi M_{n,1}$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (18432 \text{ in}^3)$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = 2121.6 \text{ kipft}$$

Therefore,

$\phi M_n$  - Allowable flexural strength,

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$$

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(249.6 \text{ kipft}), (2121.6 \text{ kipft})]$$

$$\phi M_n = 249.6 \text{ kipft}$$

**Considering x-direction:**

$M_{max} = 0.15231 \text{ kipft}$  - Maximum moment in the x-direction,

*Ratio* - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.15231 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.00061023$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.000**