

Your Project Calculations



Project Name: MTSOLAR_4LKL8B8B485I

S3D Model Link:

[https://platform.skyciv.com/structural?](https://platform.skyciv.com/structural?preload_name=MTSOLAR_4LKL8B8B485I&preload_path=Shared%20Enterprise%20Folder/MT_Solar_Projects/8_2023)

[preload_name=MTSOLAR_4LKL8B8B485I&preload_path=Shared%20Enterprise%20Folder/MT_Solar_Projects/8_2023](https://platform.skyciv.com/structural?preload_name=MTSOLAR_4LKL8B8B485I&preload_path=Shared%20Enterprise%20Folder/MT_Solar_Projects/8_2023)

Public Model Link:

https://platform.skyciv.com/structural-viewer?project_id=oiqo6BnUVk4Jl42FIVwUZSjjbzdOD7yocNFxU8JN78jpdxwRaUQRrpj6SbyfxUi

Array Specification

Product:	Beam
Unique ID:	4P-19.75-6TOP-HD-45-L-5Hx12W-2707
Duty Classification:	HD
Module Width:	41.10 in
Module Length:	74.00in
Number of Rows:	5
Number of Columns:	12
Total Number of Modules:	60
Desired Tilt Angle:	30
Front Edge Clearance:	4
Total Array Height at Tilt:	12.61 ft
Total Frame Length:	74.25 ft
Frame Weight:	2976 lbs
Array Dimensions N/S:	17.33 ft
Array Dimensions E/W:	75.00 ft
Rail Length:	208.00 in
Rail Spacing:	3.08 ft
Rail Check:	Not Checked

Support Specifications

Pole Size:	6in Pipe Sch 40
Pole Length above Grade:	8.33 ft
Number of Poles:	4
Pole Spacing:	19.75 ft

Foundation Specifications

Foundation Type:	Round
Foundation Dimensions:	Ø36 in
Foundation Depth (below grade):	Pile 1: 7.50 ft Pile 2: 7.50 ft Pile 3: 7.50 ft Pile 4: 7.50 ft
Foundation Volume:	7.854 y ³
Foundation Result:	PASSED
Mount Twist:	0.218328 kip

Site Info

Risk Category:	I
Exposure:	C
Soil Classification:	sand
Site Location:	3643 N Fork Hwy, Cody, WY 82414, USA
Wind Speed:	80 mph
Snow Load:	30 psf
Design Uplift Pressure:	Multiple pressures
Design Downforce Pressure:	Multiple pressures
Design Snow Pressure:	0.013196 ksf



Design Disclaimer

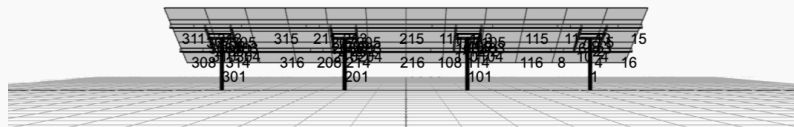
This software should be used for preliminary designs and should not be used as a final design unless reviewed, verified and designed by a qualified structural engineer.

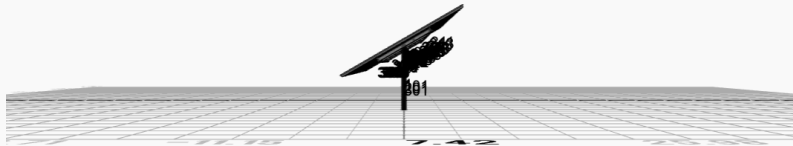
AutoDesigner Input

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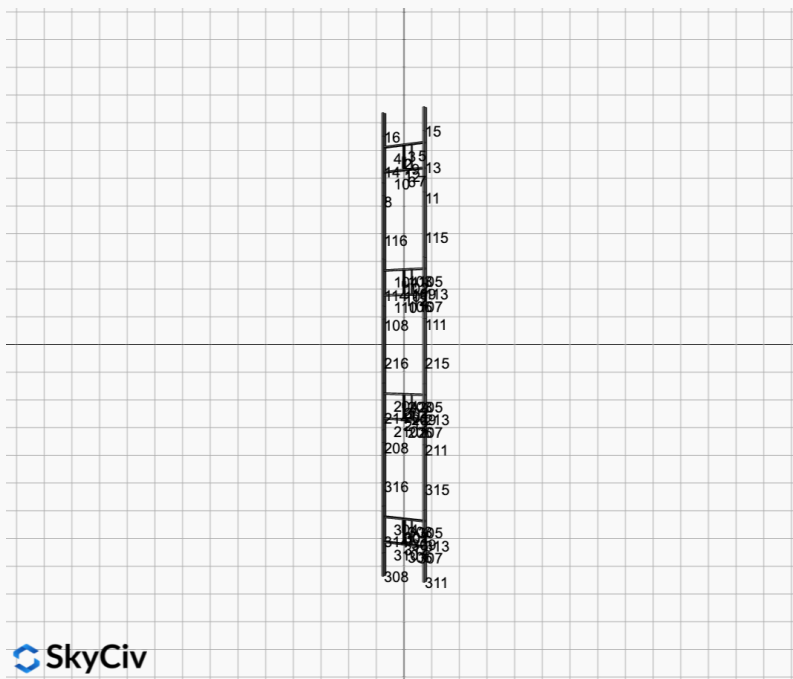
Design Notes:

- AISC Deflection checks are set to L/1 due to structure design intent
- Foundation Design and Sizing is approximate only

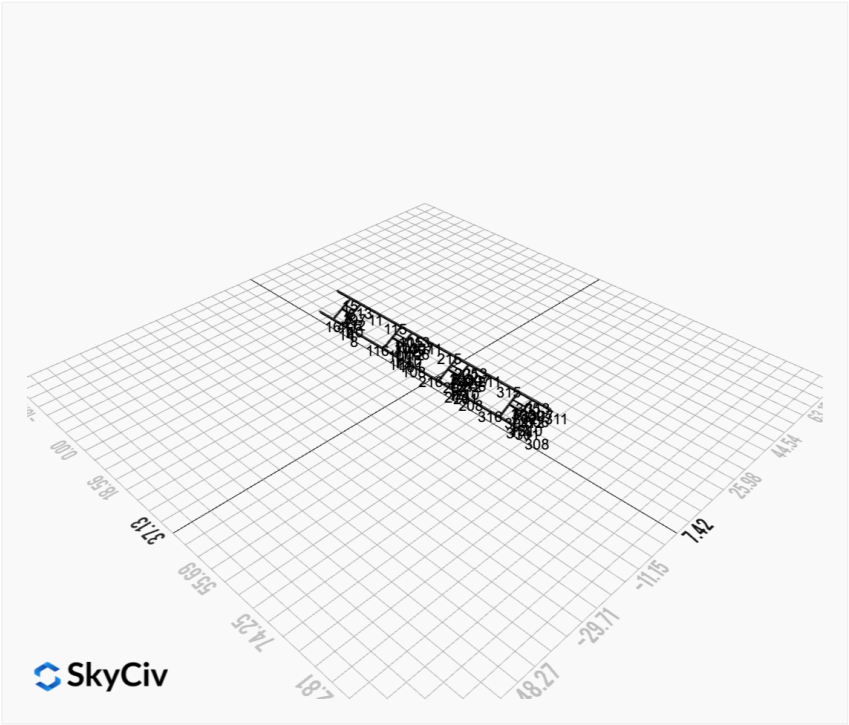




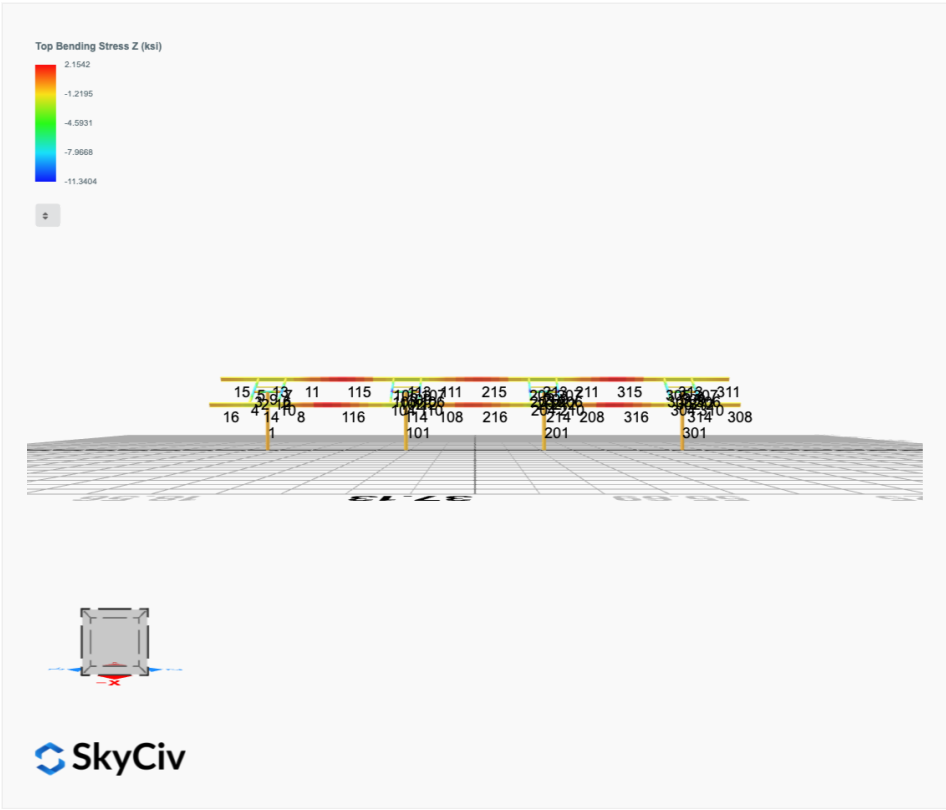
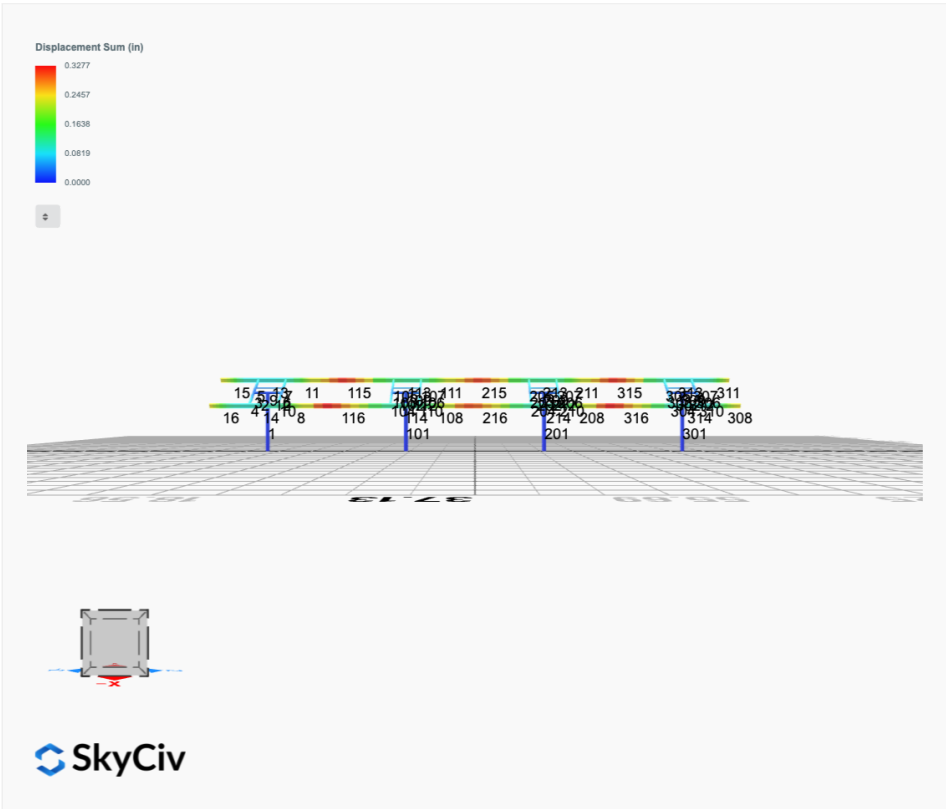
 SkyCiv



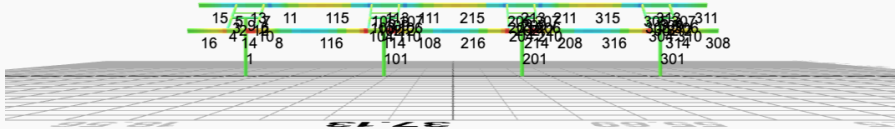
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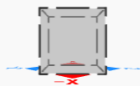
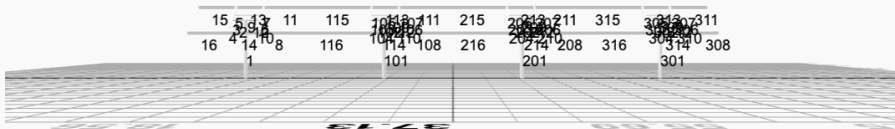
FEM Results (Envelope Worst Case for each member)



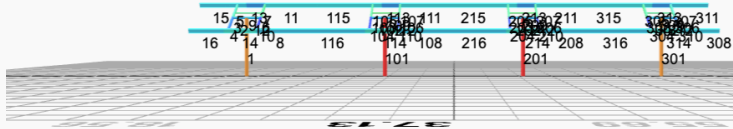
Top Bending Stress Y (ksi)



Shear Stress Y (ksi)



Axial Stress (ksi)



 SkyCiv

Reaction Forces for Foundation 1 (Node ID#1), (kip, kip-ft)

ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	0.0085	2.0885	0.0356	0.0883	-0.0092	-0.0374
ULS: 2. D + L	0.0085	2.0885	0.0356	0.0883	-0.0092	-0.0374
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0254	5.4964	0.1069	0.2650	-0.0279	-0.1530
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0085	2.0885	0.0356	0.0883	-0.0092	-0.0374
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0212	4.6444	0.0891	0.2209	-0.0232	-0.1241
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0085	2.0885	0.0356	0.0883	-0.0092	-0.0374
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	0.0085	2.0885	0.0356	0.0883	-0.0092	-0.0374
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	0.0212	4.6444	0.0891	0.2209	-0.0232	-0.1241
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	0.0051	1.2531	0.0214	0.0530	-0.0055	-0.0224
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.5673	4.7923	0.1138	0.2723	-0.1264	13.4331
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.5673	4.7923	0.1138	0.2723	-0.1264	13.4331
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	1.3580	-0.2286	-0.0297	-0.0652	0.0888	-11.1783
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	1.1433	0.1534	-0.0301	-0.0659	0.0927	-14.9900
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.1607	6.6723	0.1477	0.3588	-0.1111	9.9788
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.1607	6.6723	0.1477	0.3588	-0.1111	9.9788
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.0333	2.9066	0.0400	0.1057	0.0503	-8.4798
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.8723	3.1931	0.0397	0.1052	0.0532	-11.3386
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.1734	4.1164	0.0942	0.2263	-0.0971	10.0655
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.1734	4.1164	0.0942	0.2263	-0.0971	10.0655
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.0206	0.3507	-0.0134	-0.0268	0.0643	-8.3930
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.8596	0.6372	-0.0137	-0.0273	0.0673	-11.2519
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.5707	3.9569	0.0995	0.2370	-0.1228	13.4480
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.5707	3.9569	0.0995	0.2370	-0.1228	13.4480
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	1.3546	-1.0640	-0.0440	-0.1006	0.0925	-11.1633
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	1.1400	-0.6820	-0.0444	-0.1012	0.0964	-14.9751

Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	10.2124
Shear X	-2.6263
Shear Z	0.2237
Moment X	0.5481
Moment Y (Twist)	0.2182
Moment Z	25.5656

Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	6.6723
Shear X	-1.5707
Shear Z	0.1477
Moment X	0.3588
Moment Y (Twist)	0.1264
Moment Z	14.9900

Reaction Forces for Foundation 2 (Node ID#101), (kip, kip-ft)

ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	-0.0085	2.3595	-0.0027	-0.0066	0.0031	0.0923
ULS: 2. D + L	-0.0085	2.3595	-0.0027	-0.0066	0.0031	0.0923
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	-0.0254	6.3053	-0.0080	-0.0198	0.0093	0.2391
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	-0.0085	2.3595	-0.0027	-0.0066	0.0031	0.0923
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	-0.0212	5.3189	-0.0067	-0.0165	0.0077	0.2024
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	-0.0085	2.3595	-0.0027	-0.0066	0.0031	0.0923
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	-0.0085	2.3595	-0.0027	-0.0066	0.0031	0.0923

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	-0.0212	5.3189	-0.0067	-0.0165	0.0077	0.2024
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	-0.0051	1.4157	-0.0016	-0.0040	0.0019	0.0554
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.8062	5.4988	0.0016	0.0023	-0.0111	15.3098
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.8062	5.4988	0.0016	0.0023	-0.0111	15.3098
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	1.5336	-0.3318	-0.0055	-0.0123	0.0136	-12.4591
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	1.2663	0.1209	-0.0115	-0.0263	0.0250	-16.5491
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.3694	7.6733	-0.0035	-0.0098	-0.0029	11.6155
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.3694	7.6733	-0.0035	-0.0098	-0.0029	11.6155
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.1354	3.3004	-0.0087	-0.0208	0.0156	-9.2112
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.9349	3.6399	-0.0133	-0.0313	0.0242	-12.2786
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.3568	4.7139	0.0005	0.0001	-0.0075	11.5054
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.3568	4.7139	0.0005	0.0001	-0.0075	11.5054
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.1480	0.3410	-0.0048	-0.0109	0.0110	-9.3213
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.9476	0.6806	-0.0093	-0.0214	0.0195	-12.3887
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.8028	4.5550	0.0027	0.0049	-0.0123	15.2729
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.8028	4.5550	0.0027	0.0049	-0.0123	15.2729
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	1.5369	-1.2756	-0.0044	-0.0096	0.0124	-12.4961
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	1.2697	-0.8229	-0.0104	-0.0236	0.0238	-16.5860

Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	11.7604
Shear X	-3.0135
Shear Z	-0.0216
Moment X	-0.0495
Moment Y (Twist)	0.0454
Moment Z	28.1984

Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	7.6733
Shear X	-1.8062
Shear Z	-0.0133
Moment X	-0.0313
Moment Y (Twist)	0.0250
Moment Z	16.5860

Reaction Forces for Foundation 3 (Node ID#201), (kip, kip-ft)

ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	-0.0085	2.3595	0.0027	0.0066	-0.0031	0.0923
ULS: 2. D + L	-0.0085	2.3595	0.0027	0.0066	-0.0031	0.0923
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	-0.0254	6.3053	0.0080	0.0198	-0.0092	0.2391
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	-0.0085	2.3595	0.0027	0.0066	-0.0031	0.0923
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	-0.0212	5.3189	0.0067	0.0165	-0.0077	0.2024
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	-0.0085	2.3595	0.0027	0.0066	-0.0031	0.0923
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	-0.0085	2.3595	0.0027	0.0066	-0.0031	0.0923
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	-0.0212	5.3189	0.0067	0.0165	-0.0077	0.2024
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	-0.0051	1.4157	0.0016	0.0040	-0.0019	0.0554
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.8062	5.4988	-0.0016	-0.0023	0.0111	15.3098
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.8062	5.4988	-0.0016	-0.0023	0.0111	15.3098
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	1.5336	-0.3318	0.0055	0.0123	-0.0136	-12.4591
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	1.2663	0.1209	0.0115	0.0263	-0.0250	-16.5491
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.3694	7.6733	0.0035	0.0098	0.0029	11.6155
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.3694	7.6733	0.0035	0.0098	0.0029	11.6155
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.1354	3.3004	0.0087	0.0208	-0.0156	-9.2112
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.9349	3.6399	0.0133	0.0313	-0.0241	-12.2786

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.3568	4.7139	-0.0005	-0.0001	0.0075	11.5054
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.3568	4.7139	-0.0005	-0.0001	0.0075	11.5054
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.1480	0.3410	0.0048	0.0109	-0.0110	-9.3213
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.9476	0.6806	0.0093	0.0214	-0.0195	-12.3887
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.8028	4.5550	-0.0027	-0.0049	0.0123	15.2729
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.8028	4.5550	-0.0027	-0.0049	0.0123	15.2729
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	1.5369	-1.2756	0.0044	0.0096	-0.0124	-12.4961
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	1.2697	-0.8229	0.0104	0.0236	-0.0238	-16.5860

Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	11.7604
Shear X	-3.0136
Shear Z	0.0216
Moment X	0.0498
Moment Y (Twist)	0.0452
Moment Z	28.1985

Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	7.6733
Shear X	-1.8062
Shear Z	0.0133
Moment X	0.0313
Moment Y (Twist)	0.0250
Moment Z	16.5860

Reaction Forces for Foundation 4 (Node ID#301), (kip, kip-ft)

ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	0.0085	2.0885	-0.0356	-0.0883	0.0092	-0.0374
ULS: 2. D + L	0.0085	2.0885	-0.0356	-0.0883	0.0092	-0.0374
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0254	5.4964	-0.1069	-0.2651	0.0279	-0.1530
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0085	2.0885	-0.0356	-0.0883	0.0092	-0.0374
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0212	4.6444	-0.0891	-0.2209	0.0232	-0.1241
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0085	2.0885	-0.0356	-0.0883	0.0092	-0.0374
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	0.0085	2.0885	-0.0356	-0.0883	0.0092	-0.0374
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	0.0212	4.6444	-0.0891	-0.2209	0.0232	-0.1241
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	0.0051	1.2531	-0.0214	-0.0530	0.0055	-0.0224
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.5673	4.7923	-0.1138	-0.2723	0.1264	13.4331
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.5673	4.7923	-0.1138	-0.2723	0.1264	13.4331
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	1.3580	-0.2286	0.0297	0.0652	-0.0888	-11.1783
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	1.1433	0.1534	0.0301	0.0659	-0.0927	-14.9900
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.1607	6.6723	-0.1477	-0.3589	0.1112	9.9788
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.1607	6.6723	-0.1477	-0.3589	0.1112	9.9788
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.0333	2.9066	-0.0400	-0.1057	-0.0503	-8.4797
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.8723	3.1931	-0.0397	-0.1053	-0.0532	-11.3386
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.1734	4.1164	-0.0942	-0.2263	0.0971	10.0655
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.1734	4.1164	-0.0942	-0.2263	0.0971	10.0655
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.0206	0.3507	0.0134	0.0268	-0.0643	-8.3930
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.8596	0.6372	0.0137	0.0273	-0.0672	-11.2519
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.5707	3.9569	-0.0995	-0.2370	0.1228	13.4481
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.5707	3.9569	-0.0995	-0.2370	0.1228	13.4481
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	1.3546	-1.0640	0.0440	0.1006	-0.0925	-11.1633
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	1.1400	-0.6820	0.0444	0.1012	-0.0964	-14.9751

Worst Case Reactions LRFD

Worst Case Reactions ASD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module. Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	10.2124
Shear X	-2.6263
Shear Z	-0.2237
Moment X	-0.5482
Moment Y (Twist)	0.2183
Moment Z	25.5662

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module. Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	6.6723
Shear X	-1.5707
Shear Z	-0.1477
Moment X	-0.3589
Moment Y (Twist)	0.1264
Moment Z	14.9900

Project Details

Design Code: AISC 360-16 LRFD
 Provision: LRFD
 Country: United States

User Name: sales@mtsolar.us
 Project Name: MTSOLAR_4LKL8B8B485I
 Unit System: imperial



Design Input Information

Design Factors			
Φ_t	Φ_c	Φ_b	Φ_v
0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9

Design Materials			
ID	E (ksi)	F_y (ksi)	F_u (ksi)
1	29000	50	65

Section Dimensions								
ID	Name	d (in)	t_w (in)					
2	2in Pipe Sch 80	2.38	0.22					
5	4in Pipe Sch 80	4.50	0.34					
7	6in Pipe Sch 40	6.63	0.28					
ID	Name	d (in)	b (in)	t_w (in)	t_b (in)	r (in)		
16	HSS5x3x16	5.00	3.00	0.17	0.17	0.17		
ID	Name	d (in)	t_w (in)	b_t (in)	b_b (in)	t_t (in)	t_b (in)	r (in)
19	W8x10	7.89	0.17	3.94	3.94	0.20	0.20	0.30

Section Properties								
ID	Name	A (in ²)	J (in ⁴)	I_{yp} (in ⁴)	I_{zp} (in ⁴)	I_w (in ⁶)	S_{yp} (in ³)	S_{zp} (in ³)
2	2in Pipe Sch 80	1.48	1.74	0.87	0.87	0.00	1.02	1.02
5	4in Pipe Sch 80	4.41	19.22	9.61	9.61	0.00	5.85	5.85

7	6in Pipe Sch 40	5.58	56.28	28.14	28.14	0.00	11.28	11.28
16	HSS5x3x3/16	2.58	8.64	3.85	8.53	92.39	2.96	4.21
19	W8x10	2.96	0.04	2.09	30.80	30.90	1.66	8.87

Member Properties								
Member ID	Section ID	K _z L (ft)	K _y L (ft)	L _b (ft)	C _b	L S T	L S C	L D
1	7	17.50	17.50	8.33	-	300	200	1
2	5	1.30	1.30	2.00	-	300	200	1
3	16	0.92	0.92	1.42	1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.16,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.12,1.16,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.17	300	200	1
4	16	2.44	2.44	3.75	1.69,1.68,1.69,1.67,1.68,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.64,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.65,1.72,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.58,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.80	300	200	1
5	16	1.52	1.52	2.33	1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.65,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.61,1.65,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66	300	200	1
6	16	0.92	0.92	1.42	1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.19,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.15,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18	300	200	1
7	16	1.52	1.52	2.33	1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.65,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.63,1.65,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66	300	200	1
8	19	1.33	1.33	2.05	1.67,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.65,1.65,1.54,2.07,1.64,1.64,1.61,1.99,1.66,1.66,1.70,1.74,1.65,1.65,1.51,2.06,1.64,1.64,1.62,1.23	300	200	1
9	2	2.60	2.60	4.00	-	300	200	1
10	16	2.44	2.44	3.75	1.68,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.64,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.72,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.59,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.85	300	200	1
11	19	1.33	1.33	2.05	1.71,1.71,1.71,1.71,1.71,1.71,1.71,1.77,1.77,2.07,2.08,1.78,1.78,1.87,2.04,1.74,1.74,1.67,1.57,1.77,1.77,2.09,2.09,1.79,1.79,1.84,2.00	300	200	1
12	5	1.30	1.30	2.00	-	300	200	1
13	19	4.88	4.00	7.50	1.11,1.11,1.11,1.11,1.11,1.11,1.11,1.11,1.09,1.12,1.11,1.11,1.10,1.11,1.11,1.11,1.12,1.12,1.11,1.11,1.08,1.15,1.11,1.11,1.10,1.11	300	200	1
14	19	4.88	4.00	7.50	1.11,1.11,1.11,1.11,1.11,1.11,1.11,1.11,1.12,1.15,1.11,1.11,1.11,1.88,1.11,1.11,1.11,1.12,1.11,1.11,1.12,1.15,1.11,1.11,1.11,3.17	300	200	1
15	19	7.88	7.88	3.75	2.33,2.33	300	200	1
16	19	7.88	7.88	3.75	2.33,2.33	300	200	1
101	7	17.50	17.50	8.33	-	300	200	1
102	5	1.30	1.30	2.00	-	300	200	1
103	16	0.92	0.92	1.42	1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.16,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.14,1.16,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.17	300	200	1
104	16	2.44	2.44	3.75	1.68,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.64,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.72,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.60,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.66,2.09	300	200	1
105	16	1.52	1.52	2.33	1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.65,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.62,1.65,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66	300	200	1
106	16	0.92	0.92	1.42	1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.14,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18	300	200	1
107	16	1.52	1.52	2.33	1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.65,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.63,1.65,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66	300	200	1

						0	0	
108	19	1.33	1.33	2.05	2.09,2.09,2.09,2.09,2.09,2.09,2.09,2.09,2.11,2.06,2.10,2.10,2.10,1.61,2.09,2.09,2.09,2.09,2.09,2.12,2.07,2.10,2.10,2.10,1.15	300	200	1
109	2	2.60	2.60	4.00	-	300	200	1
110	16	2.44	2.44	3.75	1.68,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.64,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.72,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.60,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.93	300	200	1
111	19	1.33	1.33	2.05	2.09,2.09,2.09,2.09,2.09,2.09,2.07,2.07,1.59,1.70,2.06,2.06,1.93,1.88,2.08,2.08,2.11,2.39,2.07,2.07,1.49,1.66,2.06,2.06,1.99,1.92	300	200	1
112	5	1.30	1.30	2.00	-	300	200	1
113	19	4.88	4.00	7.50	1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.05,1.05,1.07,1.16,1.05,1.05,1.05,1.08,1.05,1.05,1.04,1.04,1.05,1.09,1.20,1.05,1.05,1.05,1.06	300	200	1
114	19	4.88	4.00	7.50	1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.05,1.16,1.04,1.04,1.05,3.95,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.06,1.12,1.05,1.05,1.05,1.03	300	200	1
115	19	6.63	6.63	10.20	1.15,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.14,1.14,1.10,1.10,1.14,1.14,1.13,1.12,1.15,1.15,1.16,1.18,1.14,1.14,1.09,1.10,1.14,1.14,1.13,1.12	300	200	1
116	19	6.63	6.63	10.20	1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.17,1.13,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.11,1.16,1.16,1.15,1.15,1.16,1.16,1.17,1.13,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.76	300	200	1
201	7	17.50	17.50	8.33	-	300	200	1
202	5	1.30	1.30	2.00	-	300	200	1
203	16	0.92	0.92	1.42	1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.14,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18	300	200	1
204	16	2.44	2.44	3.75	1.68,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.64,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.72,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.60,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.93	300	200	1
205	16	1.52	1.52	2.33	1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.65,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.63,1.65,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66	300	200	1
206	16	0.92	0.92	1.42	1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.16,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.13,1.16,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.17	300	200	1
207	16	1.52	1.52	2.33	1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.65,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.62,1.65,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66	300	200	1
208	19	1.33	1.33	2.05	2.08,2.08,2.08,2.08,2.08,2.08,2.08,2.08,2.10,1.84,2.08,2.08,2.08,1.35,2.08,2.08,2.07,2.07,2.08,2.08,2.11,1.88,2.08,2.08,2.08,1.05	300	200	1
209	2	2.60	2.60	4.00	-	300	200	1
210	16	2.44	2.44	3.75	1.68,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.64,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.72,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.60,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.66,2.09	300	200	1
211	19	1.33	1.33	2.05	2.07,2.07,2.07,2.07,2.07,2.07,1.97,1.97,1.46,1.54,1.93,1.93,1.73,1.68,2.06,2.06,2.09,2.12,1.98,1.98,1.36,1.50,1.91,1.91,1.78,1.72	300	200	1
212	5	1.30	1.30	2.00	-	300	200	1
213	19	4.88	4.00	7.50	1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.05,1.05,1.07,1.16,1.05,1.05,1.06,1.08,1.05,1.05,1.04,1.04,1.05,1.09,1.20,1.05,1.05,1.05,1.06	300	200	1
214	19	4.88	4.00	7.50	1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.05,1.16,1.04,1.04,1.05,3.99,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.06,1.12,1.05,1.05,1.05,1.03	300	200	1
215	19	6.63	6.63	10.20	1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.15,1.15,1.12,1.13,1.15,1.15,1.14,1.13,1.15,1.15,1.17,1.18,1.15,1.15,1.11,1.12,1.15,1.15,1.14,1.14	300	200	1
216	19	6.63	6.63	10.20	1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.17,1.15,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.12,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.17,1.15,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.06	300	200	1
301	7	17.50	17.50	8.33	-	300	200	1

Member Design Capacity

SkyCiv AutoDesigner Report - MTSOLAR_4LKL8B8B485I
Page 15 of 59

103	116.10	115.41	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
104	116.10	111.33	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
105	116.10	114.23	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
106	116.10	115.41	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
107	116.10	114.23	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
108	133.20	126.01	32.87	6.12	40.24	43.62
109	66.48	58.89	3.82	3.82	19.94	19.94
110	116.10	111.33	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
111	133.20	126.01	32.87	6.12	40.24	43.62
112	198.33	196.72	21.95	21.95	59.50	59.50
113	133.20	104.94	23.83	6.12	40.24	43.62
114	133.20	104.94	23.60	6.12	40.24	43.62
115	133.20	69.16	16.87	6.12	40.24	43.62
116	133.20	69.16	17.18	6.12	40.24	43.62
201	251.16	132.50	42.30	42.30	75.35	75.35
202	198.33	196.72	21.95	21.95	59.50	59.50
203	116.10	115.41	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
204	116.10	111.33	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
205	116.10	114.23	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
206	116.10	115.41	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
207	116.10	114.23	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
208	133.20	126.01	32.87	6.12	40.24	43.62
209	66.48	58.89	3.82	3.82	19.94	19.94
210	116.10	111.33	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
211	133.20	126.01	32.87	6.12	40.24	43.62
212	198.33	196.72	21.95	21.95	59.50	59.50
213	133.20	104.94	23.83	6.12	40.24	43.62
214	133.20	104.94	23.60	6.12	40.24	43.62
215	133.20	69.16	17.18	6.12	40.24	43.62
216	133.20	69.16	16.40	6.12	40.24	43.62
301	251.16	132.50	42.30	42.30	75.35	75.35
302	198.33	196.72	21.95	21.95	59.50	59.50
303	116.10	115.41	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
304	116.10	111.33	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
305	116.10	114.23	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
306	116.10	115.41	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
307	116.10	114.23	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
308	133.20	52.83	32.87	6.12	40.24	43.62
309	66.48	58.89	3.82	3.82	19.94	19.94
310	116.10	111.33	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
311	133.20	52.83	32.87	6.12	40.24	43.62
312	198.33	196.72	21.95	21.95	59.50	59.50
313	133.20	104.94	24.75	6.12	40.24	43.62
314	133.20	104.94	25.44	6.12	40.24	43.62
315	133.20	69.16	17.18	6.12	40.24	43.62
316	133.20	69.16	17.02	6.12	40.24	43.62

Design Ratio

Member ID	P	M _z	M _y	V _y	V _z	(P,M _z ,M _y)	Worst LC	KL/r	δ	Status
1	0.077	0.604	0.031	0.035	0.003	0.610	#16	0.468	Not Required	Pass
2	0.003	0.349	0.122	0.079	0.022	0.442	#21	0.035	Not Required	Pass
3	0.008	0.521	0.033	0.052	0.002	0.556	#21	0.045	Not Required	Pass

4	0.007	0.519	0.117	0.052	0.026	0.606	#21	0.080	Not Required	Pass
5	0.007	0.323	0.111	0.052	0.028	0.349	#21	0.074	Not Required	Pass
6	0.009	0.580	0.073	0.059	0.015	0.657	#21	0.045	Not Required	Pass
7	0.010	0.359	0.160	0.058	0.040	0.402	#21	0.074	Not Required	Pass
8	0.001	0.073	0.139	0.039	0.015	0.147	#24	0.095	Not Required	Pass
9	0.010	0.050	0.057	0.001	0.002	0.108	#21	0.204	Not Required	Pass
10	0.010	0.568	0.150	0.057	0.032	0.661	#21	0.080	Not Required	Pass
11	0.002	0.070	0.142	0.039	0.015	0.144	#23	0.095	Not Required	Pass
12	0.002	0.408	0.132	0.090	0.023	0.507	#21	0.053	Not Required	Pass
13	0.005	0.177	0.363	0.051	0.020	0.489	#21	0.286	Not Required	Pass
14	0.006	0.177	0.358	0.050	0.020	0.473	#21	0.190	Not Required	Pass
15	0.000	0.057	0.125	0.025	0.009	0.182	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
16	0.000	0.057	0.125	0.025	0.009	0.182	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
101	0.089	0.667	0.003	0.040	0.000	0.672	#16	0.468	Not Required	Pass
102	0.003	0.439	0.147	0.097	0.025	0.552	#21	0.035	Not Required	Pass
103	0.010	0.635	0.059	0.064	0.009	0.698	#21	0.045	Not Required	Pass
104	0.010	0.636	0.153	0.064	0.032	0.743	#21	0.080	Not Required	Pass
105	0.010	0.394	0.159	0.063	0.040	0.435	#21	0.074	Not Required	Pass
106	0.010	0.636	0.058	0.064	0.009	0.697	#21	0.045	Not Required	Pass
107	0.010	0.395	0.154	0.063	0.039	0.435	#21	0.074	Not Required	Pass
108	0.002	0.048	0.135	0.040	0.015	0.172	#21	0.095	Not Required	Pass
109	0.012	0.054	0.043	0.001	0.000	0.102	#21	0.204	Not Required	Pass
110	0.009	0.632	0.149	0.064	0.032	0.737	#21	0.080	Not Required	Pass
111	0.002	0.052	0.137	0.040	0.015	0.171	#21	0.095	Not Required	Pass
112	0.003	0.437	0.148	0.097	0.026	0.550	#21	0.035	Not Required	Pass
113	0.005	0.197	0.367	0.053	0.020	0.541	#21	0.286	Not Required	Pass
114	0.006	0.210	0.364	0.054	0.020	0.550	#21	0.286	Not Required	Pass
115	0.004	0.245	0.198	0.041	0.016	0.445	#21	0.473	Not Required	Pass
116	0.001	0.242	0.200	0.042	0.016	0.442	#21	0.473	Not Required	Pass
201	0.089	0.667	0.003	0.040	0.000	0.672	#16	0.468	Not Required	Pass
202	0.003	0.437	0.148	0.097	0.026	0.550	#21	0.035	Not Required	Pass
203	0.010	0.636	0.058	0.064	0.009	0.697	#21	0.045	Not Required	Pass
204	0.009	0.632	0.149	0.064	0.032	0.737	#21	0.080	Not Required	Pass
205	0.010	0.395	0.154	0.063	0.039	0.435	#21	0.074	Not Required	Pass
206	0.010	0.635	0.059	0.064	0.009	0.698	#21	0.045	Not Required	Pass
207	0.010	0.394	0.159	0.063	0.040	0.435	#21	0.074	Not Required	Pass
208	0.001	0.056	0.143	0.042	0.016	0.176	#21	0.095	Not Required	Pass
209	0.012	0.054	0.043	0.001	0.000	0.102	#21	0.204	Not Required	Pass
210	0.010	0.637	0.153	0.064	0.032	0.743	#21	0.080	Not Required	Pass
211	0.002	0.061	0.146	0.041	0.016	0.172	#21	0.095	Not Required	Pass
212	0.003	0.439	0.147	0.097	0.025	0.552	#21	0.035	Not Required	Pass
213	0.005	0.198	0.367	0.053	0.020	0.541	#21	0.286	Not Required	Pass
214	0.006	0.210	0.364	0.054	0.020	0.550	#21	0.286	Not Required	Pass
215	0.004	0.218	0.199	0.040	0.015	0.420	#21	0.473	Not Required	Pass
216	0.002	0.209	0.199	0.040	0.015	0.408	#21	0.473	Not Required	Pass
301	0.077	0.604	0.031	0.035	0.003	0.610	#16	0.468	Not Required	Pass
302	0.002	0.408	0.132	0.090	0.023	0.507	#21	0.053	Not Required	Pass
303	0.009	0.580	0.073	0.059	0.015	0.657	#21	0.045	Not Required	Pass
304	0.010	0.568	0.150	0.057	0.032	0.661	#21	0.080	Not Required	Pass
305	0.010	0.359	0.160	0.058	0.040	0.402	#21	0.074	Not Required	Pass
306	0.008	0.521	0.033	0.052	0.002	0.556	#21	0.045	Not Required	Pass
307	0.007	0.323	0.111	0.052	0.028	0.349	#21	0.074	Not Required	Pass
308	0.000	0.057	0.125	0.025	0.009	0.182	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
309	0.010	0.050	0.057	0.001	0.002	0.108	#21	0.204	Not Required	Pass

309	0.010	0.050	0.057	0.001	0.002	0.100	#21	0.204	Not Required	Pass
310	0.007	0.519	0.117	0.052	0.026	0.606	#21	0.080	Not Required	Pass
311	0.000	0.057	0.125	0.025	0.009	0.182	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
312	0.003	0.349	0.122	0.079	0.022	0.442	#21	0.035	Not Required	Pass
313	0.005	0.177	0.362	0.051	0.020	0.489	#21	0.190	Not Required	Pass
314	0.006	0.177	0.358	0.050	0.020	0.473	#21	0.286	Not Required	Pass
315	0.004	0.250	0.199	0.039	0.015	0.450	#21	0.473	Not Required	Pass
316	0.001	0.248	0.199	0.039	0.015	0.448	#21	0.473	Not Required	Pass

Definitions

Φ_t	Safety factor for tensile
Φ_c	Safety factor for compression
Φ_b	Safety factor for flexure
Φ_v	Safety factor for shear
E	Modulus of elasticity
F_y	Specified minimum yield stress
F_u	Specified minimum tensile strength
A	Cross-sectional area
J	Torsional constant
I_{yp}	Moment of inertia about the Y axes
I_{zp}	Moment of inertia about the Z axes
I_w	Warping constant
S_{yp}	Plastic section modulus about the Y axis
S_{zp}	Plastic section modulus about the Z axis
KL	Effective length
C_b	Buckling modification factor (from all load combinations)
L_b	Length between braced points
LST	Limited slenderness for tension
LSC	Limited slenderness for compression
LD	Limited deflection
P_n	Nominal axial strength (tension/compression)
M_n	Nominal flexural strength (about Z/Y axis)
V_n	Nominal shear strength (along Z/Y axis)
P	Design ratio in case of axial force
M_z	Design ratio in case of bending about Z axis
M_y	Design ratio in case of bending about Y axis
V_y	Design ratio in case of shear along Y axis
V_z	Design ratio in case of shear along Z axis
(P, M_z , M_y)	Design ratio in case of axial force and bending action
KL/r	Design ratio in case of section slenderness
δ	Design ratio in case of member deflection
OK	Capacity is provided
NG	Capacity is not provided

	$M_o = \frac{(14.99 \text{ kipft}) + ((-1.571 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{(36 \text{ in})}$ $M_o = 4.9967 \text{ kipft/ft}$ Required depth of embedment in earth: $L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$ Solving the cubic equation: $L_{e,x} = 6.6804 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in x-direction, Considering z-direction: H_o - Lateral force per length of pile, $H_o = \frac{V_z}{D}$ $H_o = \frac{(0.148 \text{ kip})}{(36 \text{ in})}$ $H_o = 0.049333 \text{ kip/ft}$ M_o - Moment per length of pile, $M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{D}$ $M_o = \frac{(0.359 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.148 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{(36 \text{ in})}$ $M_o = 0.11967 \text{ kipft/ft}$ Required depth of embedment in earth: $L_z^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$ Solving the cubic equation: $L_{e,z} = 3.086 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in z-direction, Minimum embedded depth required: $L_{e,req}$ - Depth of pile required, $L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$ $L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(6.6804 \text{ ft}), (3.086 \text{ ft})]$ $L_{e,req} = 6.68 \text{ ft}$ L_e - Actual embedded length of pile, $L_e = L - h_c - h_2$ $L_e = (7.5 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$ $L_e = 7.5 \text{ ft}$ Ratio - Embedded depth $\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(6.68 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.89067$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.890
	End-bearing Capacity (ASD) A - Pile cros-section area $A = \pi \left(\frac{D}{2}\right)^2$ $A = \pi \times \left(\frac{(36 \text{ in})}{2}\right)^2$ $A = 7.0686 \text{ ft}^2$ q - End-bearing pressure $q = \frac{P_o}{A}$ $q = \frac{(6.672 \text{ kip})}{(7.0686 \text{ ft}^2)}$	

	$q = 0.94389 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ Check bearing capacity ratio: Ratio - Capacity $\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.94389 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.47195$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.470
Czerniak	Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD): L/D - Length to least lateral dimension ratio, $L/D = \frac{L}{D}$ $L/D = \frac{(7.5 \text{ ft})}{(36 \text{ in})}$ $L/D = 2.5$ Since $L/D \leq 10$, Pile is short. Considering x-direction: $H_o = -0.52367 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile, $M_o = 4.9967 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile, a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point, $a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$ $a = \frac{(4 \times (4.9967 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.52367 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (4.9967 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.52367 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))}$ $a = 5.2149 \text{ ft}$ p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface, $p = \frac{1.178 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$ $p = \frac{1.178 \times [(4 \times (4.9967 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.52367 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(7.5 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (4.9967 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.52367 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))]}$ $p = 0.19756 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e, $s = \frac{9.425 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$ $s = \frac{9.425 \times [(2 \times (4.9967 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.52367 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))]}{(7.5 \text{ ft})^2}$ $s = 1.0164 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ Check lateral soil pressure capacity: p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$, $p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$ $p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(5.2149 \text{ ft})}{2}$ $p_a = 0.39112 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ Ratio - Lateral soil capacity $\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.19756 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.39112 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.50512$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.510

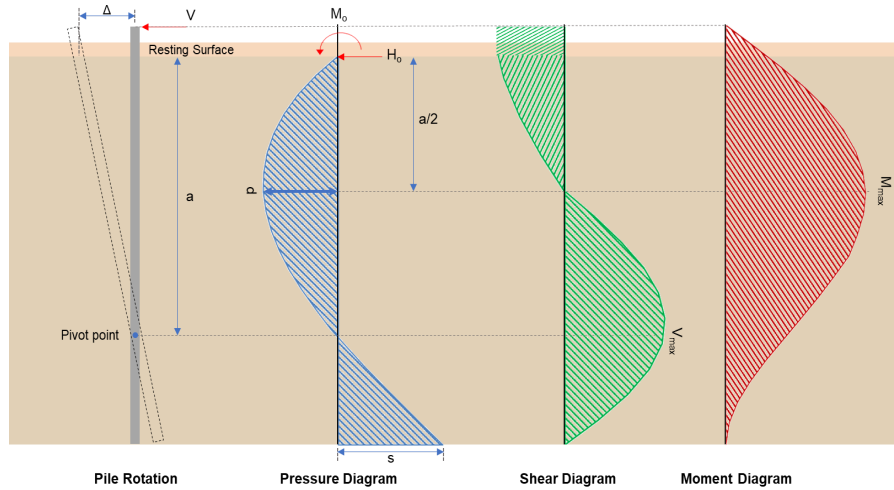
	p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e, $p_s = R L_e$ $p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})$ $p_s = 1.125 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <i>Ratio</i> - Lateral soil capacity $\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(1.0164 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.125 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.90343$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.900
	Considering z-direction: $H_o = 0.049333 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile, $M_o = 0.11967 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile, a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point, $a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$ $a = \frac{(4 \times (0.11967 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.049333 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.11967 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.049333 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))}$ $a = 5.4208 \text{ ft}$ p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface, $p = \frac{1.178 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$ $p = \frac{1.178 \times [(4 \times (0.11967 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (0.049333 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(7.5 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (0.11967 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (0.049333 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))]}$ $p = 0.048094 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e, $s = \frac{9.425 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$ $s = \frac{9.425 \times [(2 \times (0.11967 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((0.049333 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))]}{(7.5 \text{ ft})^2}$ $s = 0.1021 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ Check lateral soil pressure capacity: p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$, $p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$ $p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(5.4208 \text{ ft})}{2}$ $p_a = 0.40656 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <i>Ratio</i> - Lateral soil capacity $\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.048094 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.40656 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.11829$ p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e, $p_s = R L_e$ $p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})$ $p_s = 1.125 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <i>Ratio</i> - Lateral soil capacity	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.120

$$Ratio = \frac{M_o}{p_s}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.1021 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.125 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.090753$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.090**



Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-2.626 \text{ kip})}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.87533 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_x H)}{D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(25.566 \text{ kipft}) + ((-2.626 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 8.522 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(8.522 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.87533 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 9.7357 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (8.522 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.87533 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (8.522 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.87533 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.2121 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 + 4 \left(\frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.87533 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (36 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (9.7357 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.2121 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 + 4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (9.7357 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.2121 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

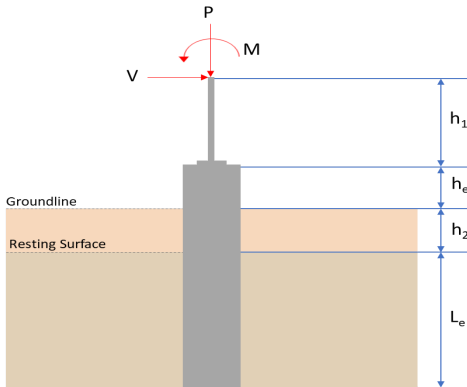
	$V_{max} = 7.7637 \text{ kip}$ M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$, $M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$ $M_{max} = ((-0.87533 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(9.7357 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(5.2121 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.5 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (9.7357 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.2121 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (9.7357 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.2121 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$ $M_{max} = 27.333 \text{ kipft}$	
	Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD) H_o - Lateral force per length of pile, $H_o = \frac{V_z}{D}$ $H_o = \frac{(0.224 \text{ kip})}{(36 \text{ in})}$ $H_o = 0.074667 \text{ kip/ft}$ M_o - Moment per length of pile, $M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{D}$ $M_o = \frac{(0.548 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.224 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{(36 \text{ in})}$ $M_o = 0.18267 \text{ kipft/ft}$ E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface, $E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$ $E = \frac{(0.18267 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(0.074667 \text{ kip/ft})}$ $E = 2.4464 \text{ ft}$ a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point, $a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$ $a = \frac{(4 \times (0.18267 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.074667 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.18267 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.074667 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))}$ $a = 5.4197 \text{ ft}$ V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a, $V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$ $V_{max} = ((0.074667 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (36 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (2.4464 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.4197 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (2.4464 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.4197 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$ $V_{max} = 0.27952 \text{ kip}$ M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$, $M_{max} = (H_o b L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$ $M_{max} = ((0.074667 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(2.4464 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(5.4197 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.5 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (2.4464 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.4197 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (2.4464 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.4197 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$	

		$M_{max} = 0.89917 \text{ kipft}$	
		Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD) Parameters: $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$ - Concrete strength, $f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$ - Longitudinal reinforcement strength, $\phi = 0.65$ - Reduction factor for axial strength, $\alpha = 0.85$ - Alpha factor for axial strength, $A_g = 1017.9 \text{ in}^2$ - Gross area of concrete, Longitudinal reinforcement: Required reinforcement due to axial load, $A_{st,required}$ $A_{st,required}$ $A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$ $A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{(10.212 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.85)} - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (1017.9 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (1017.9 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$ $A_{st,required} = -37.054 \text{ in}^2$ A_{min} - Governing minimum reinforcement area, $A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$ $A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-37.054 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (1017.9 \text{ in}^2))]$ $A_{min} = 1.8322 \text{ in}^2$ n_{rebar} - Required number of reinforcement, $n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$ $n_{rebar} = \frac{(1.8322 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$ $n_{rebar} = 6$ A_{st} - Actual total reinforcement area, $A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$ $A_{st} = (6) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$ $A_{st} = 1.8408 \text{ in}^2$ Ratio - Capacity $\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(1.8322 \text{ in}^2)}{(1.8408 \text{ in}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.99533$ 25.2.3 s_{rebar} - Minimum spacing of reinforcement, $s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$ $s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$ $s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$ Ties: 25.7.2.2 Since longitudinal reinforcement is $\leq \text{No. 10}\varnothing$: Use #3(0.375 in) 25.7.2.1 s_{ties} - Maximum center-to-center spacing of ties, $s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), D]$ $s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), (36 \text{ in})]$ $s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$ Summary:	Status: PASS Ratio: 1.000

	Main reinforcement: 6 - #5 (0.625 in) Ties: #3(0.375 in) - 10 in	
22.4.2.2	Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD) ϕP_N - Allowable axial compressive strength $\phi P_N = \phi 0.85 \left[(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st}) \right]$ $\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times \left[(0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times [(1017.9 \text{ in}^2) - (1.8408 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (1.8408 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$ $\phi P_N = 1253.9 \text{ kip}$ Ratio - Capacity $Ratio = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$ $Ratio = \frac{(10.212 \text{ kip})}{(1253.9 \text{ kip})}$ $Ratio = 0.0081441$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.010
22.5.2.2	Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD) Parameters: $b_w = 36 \text{ in}$ - Effective width, d - Effective depth $d = 0.80 D$ $d = 0.80 \times (36 \text{ in})$ $d = 28.8 \text{ in}$	
22.5.5.1.3	λ_s - size effect modification factor $\lambda_s = MIN \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$ $\lambda_s = MIN \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(28.8 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$ $\lambda_s = 0.71796$	
22.5.5.1.1	The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$. $V_{c,max}$ - Max shear strength of concrete $V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.71796) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})$ $V_{c,max} = 186.09 \text{ kip}$	
22.5.5.1.1(a)	The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $P = 10.212 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 10212 \text{ lbf}$. $V_{c,a}$ - Shear strength of concrete (a) $V_{c,a} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + \frac{P}{6 A_g} \right] b_w d$ $V_{c,a} = \left[2 \times (0.71796) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + \frac{(10212 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (1017.9 \text{ in}^2)} \right] \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})$ $V_{c,a} = 76.172 \text{ kip}$	
22.5.5.1.2	The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$. $V_{c,b}$ - Shear strength of concrete (b) $V_{c,b} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + (0.05 f'_{ck}) \right] b_w d$ $V_{c,b} = \left[2 \times (0.71796) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi})) \right] \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})$ $V_{c,b} = 204.04 \text{ kip}$ V_c - Governing shear strength of concrete $V_c = MIN [V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$ $V_c = MIN [(186.09 \text{ kip}), (76.172 \text{ kip}), (204.04 \text{ kip})]$	

22.5.1.2 22.5.8.5.3 22.5.1.1	$V_c = 76.172 \text{ kip}$ The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $V_{s,a} - \text{Shear strength of steel (a)}$ $V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})$ $V_{s,a} = 414.72 \text{ kip}$ A_v - Ties rebar area, $A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$ $A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$ $A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$ $V_{s,b}$ - Shear strength of steel (b) $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yw} d}{s_{ties}}$ $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$ $V_{s,b} = 38.17 \text{ kip}$ V_s - Governing shear strength of steel $V_s = MIN[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$ $V_s = MIN[(414.72 \text{ kip}), (38.17 \text{ kip})]$ $V_s = 38.17 \text{ kip}$ ϕV_n - Allowable shear strength $\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$ $\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((76.172 \text{ kip}) + (38.17 \text{ kip}))$ $\phi V_n = 74.322 \text{ kip}$ Considering x-direction: $V_{max} = 7.7637 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the x-direction, Ratio - Capacity $Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $Ratio = \frac{(7.7637 \text{ kip})}{(74.322 \text{ kip})}$ $Ratio = 0.10446$ Considering z-direction: $V_{max} = 0.27952 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the z-direction, Ratio - Capacity $Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $Ratio = \frac{(0.27952 \text{ kip})}{(74.322 \text{ kip})}$ $Ratio = 0.003761$ Status: PASS Ratio: 0.100	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000
	Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD) S_m - Section modulus $S_m = \frac{\pi D^3}{32}$ $S_m = \frac{\pi \times (36 \text{ in})^3}{32}$ $S_m = 4500.47 \text{ in}^3$	

	$S_m = 4580.4 \text{ in}^3$ $\lambda = 1$ - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete), Allowable flexural strength: M_n shall be the lesser of: $\phi M_{n,1}$ $\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{(2.5 \text{ ksi})} \times 4580.442 \text{ in}^3$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 62.027 \text{ kipft}$ $\phi M_{n,2}$ $\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_{ck} \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (4580.4 \text{ in}^3)$ $\phi M_{n,2} = 527.23 \text{ kipft}$ Therefore, ϕM_n - Allowable flexural strength, $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$ $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(62.027 \text{ kipft}), (527.23 \text{ kipft})]$ $\phi M_n = 62.027 \text{ kipft}$ Considering x-direction: $M_{max} = 27.333 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the x-direction, Ratio - Capacity $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(27.333 \text{ kipft})}{(62.027 \text{ kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.44066$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.440
	Considering z-direction: $M_{max} = 0.89917 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the z-direction, Ratio - Capacity $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.89917 \text{ kipft})}{(62.027 \text{ kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.014496$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.010

REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS																										
	SkyCiv Foundation Design Pile Foundation Design Information : Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code) Unit System : Imperial																											
	Pile Input  Geometry Pile shape: round D = 36 in - Pile diameter Le = 7.5 ft - Total pile length h1 = 0 ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile, h2 = 0 ft - Depth to resisting surface he = 0 ft - Length of pile above the ground Tabulation of Soil Parameters <table><tr><th>Layer</th><th>Label</th><th>Allowable Bearing Pressure (qa) (psf)</th><th>Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)</th></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel</td><td>2000.000</td><td>150.000</td></tr></table> Tabulation of Loads <table><tr><th>Load Component</th><th>ASD</th><th>LRFD</th></tr><tr><td>P (kip)</td><td>7.673</td><td>11.760</td></tr><tr><td>Vx (kip)</td><td>-1.806</td><td>-3.014</td></tr><tr><td>Vz (kip)</td><td>-0.013</td><td>-0.022</td></tr><tr><td>Mx (kipft)</td><td>-0.031</td><td>-0.050</td></tr><tr><td>Mz (kipft)</td><td>16.586</td><td>28.198</td></tr></table> Material Properties f'ck = 2.5 ksi - Concrete strength,	Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure (qa) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)	1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000	Load Component	ASD	LRFD	P (kip)	7.673	11.760	Vx (kip)	-1.806	-3.014	Vz (kip)	-0.013	-0.022	Mx (kipft)	-0.031	-0.050	Mz (kipft)	16.586	28.198	
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Mz (kipft)	16.586	28.198																										
	Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD) H - Point of application of the lateral load $H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$ $H = (0\text{ ft}) + (0\text{ ft}) + (0\text{ ft})$ $H = 0\text{ ft}$ Considering x-direction: Ho - Lateral force per length of pile, $H_o = \frac{V_x}{D}$ $H_o = \frac{(-1.806\text{ kip})}{(36\text{ in})}$ $H_o = -0.602\text{ kip/ft}$ Mo - Moment per length of pile, $M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{D}$																											

	$M_o = \frac{(16.586 \text{ kipft}) + ((-1.806 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{(36 \text{ in})}$ $M_o = 5.5287 \text{ kipft/ft}$ Required depth of embedment in earth: $L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$ Solving the cubic equation: $L_{e,x} = 6.7715 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in x-direction, Considering z-direction: H_o - Lateral force per length of pile, $H_o = \frac{V_z}{D}$ $H_o = \frac{(-0.013 \text{ kip})}{(36 \text{ in})}$ $H_o = -0.0043333 \text{ kip/ft}$ M_o - Moment per length of pile, $M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{D}$ $M_o = \frac{(0.031 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.013 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{(36 \text{ in})}$ $M_o = 0.010333 \text{ kipft/ft}$ Required depth of embedment in earth: $L_z^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$ Solving the cubic equation: $L_{e,z} = 0.96675 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in z-direction, Minimum embedded depth required: $L_{e,req}$ - Depth of pile required, $L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$ $L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(6.7715 \text{ ft}), (0.96675 \text{ ft})]$ $L_{e,req} = 6.772 \text{ ft}$ L_e - Actual embedded length of pile, $L_e = L - h_c - h_2$ $L_e = (7.5 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$ $L_e = 7.5 \text{ ft}$ Ratio - Embedded depth $\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(6.772 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.90293$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.900
	End-bearing Capacity (ASD) A - Pile cros-section area $A = \pi \left(\frac{D}{2}\right)^2$ $A = \pi \times \left(\frac{(36 \text{ in})}{2}\right)^2$ $A = 7.0686 \text{ ft}^2$ q - End-bearing pressure $q = \frac{P_o}{A}$ $q = \frac{(7.673 \text{ kip})}{(7.0686 \text{ ft}^2)}$	

	$q = 1.0855 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ Check bearing capacity ratio: Ratio - Capacity $\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(1.0855 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.54275$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.540
Czerniak	Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD): L/D - Length to least lateral dimension ratio, $L/D = \frac{L}{D}$ $L/D = \frac{(7.5 \text{ ft})}{(36 \text{ in})}$ $L/D = 2.5$ Since $L/D \leq 10$, Pile is short. Considering x-direction: $H_o = -0.602 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile, $M_o = 5.5287 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile, a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point, $a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$ $a = \frac{(4 \times (5.5287 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.602 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (5.5287 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.602 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))}$ $a = 5.2203 \text{ ft}$ p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface, $p = \frac{1.178 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$ $p = \frac{1.178 \times [(4 \times (5.5287 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.602 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(7.5 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (5.5287 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.602 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))]}$ $p = 0.20354 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e, $s = \frac{9.425 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$ $s = \frac{9.425 \times [(2 \times (5.5287 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.602 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))]}{(7.5 \text{ ft})^2}$ $s = 1.0962 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ Check lateral soil pressure capacity: p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$, $p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$ $p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(5.2203 \text{ ft})}{2}$ $p_a = 0.39152 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ Ratio - Lateral soil capacity $\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.20354 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.39152 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.51988$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.520

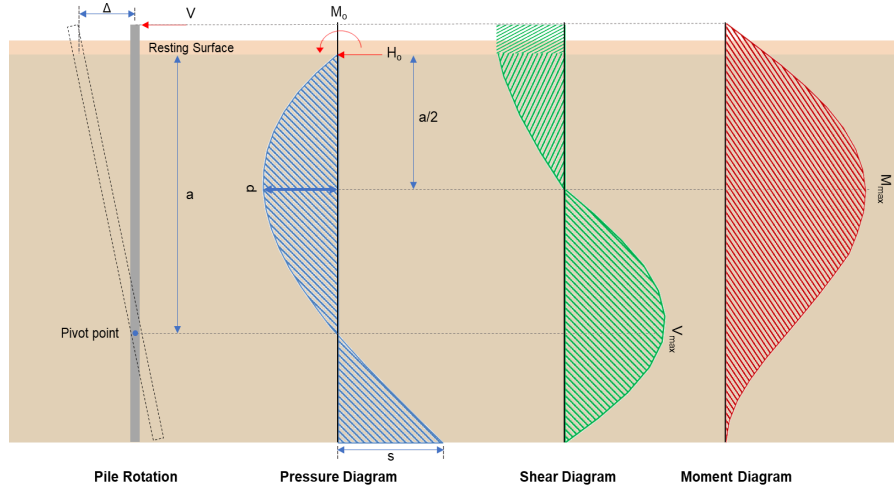
	p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e, $p_s = R L_e$ $p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})$ $p_s = 1.125 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ Ratio - Lateral soil capacity $\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(1.0962 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.125 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.9744$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.970
	Considering z-direction: $H_o = -0.0043333 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile, $M_o = 0.010333 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile, a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point, $a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$ $a = \frac{(4 \times (0.010333 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.0043333 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.010333 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.0043333 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))}$ $a = 5.4232 \text{ ft}$ p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface, $p = \frac{1.178 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$ $p = \frac{1.178 \times [(4 \times (0.010333 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.0043333 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(7.5 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (0.010333 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.0043333 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))]}$ $p = -0.0019431 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e, $s = \frac{9.425 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$ $s = \frac{9.425 \times [(2 \times (0.010333 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.0043333 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))]}{(7.5 \text{ ft})^2}$ $s = -0.0019827 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ Check lateral soil pressure capacity: p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$, $p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$ $p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(5.4232 \text{ ft})}{2}$ $p_a = 0.40674 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ Ratio - Lateral soil capacity $\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(-0.0019431 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.40674 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = -0.0047773$ p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e, $p_s = R L_e$ $p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})$ $p_s = 1.125 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ Ratio - Lateral soil capacity	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000

$$Ratio = \frac{M_o}{p_s}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(-0.0019827 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.125 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = -0.0017624$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**



Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-3.014 \text{ kip})}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -1.0047 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_x H)}{D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(28.198 \text{ kipft}) + ((-3.014 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 9.3993 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(9.3993 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-1.0047 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 9.3557 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (9.3993 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-1.0047 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (9.3993 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-1.0047 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.2177 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 + 4 \left(\frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-1.0047 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (36 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (9.3557 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.2177 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 + 4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (9.3557 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.2177 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

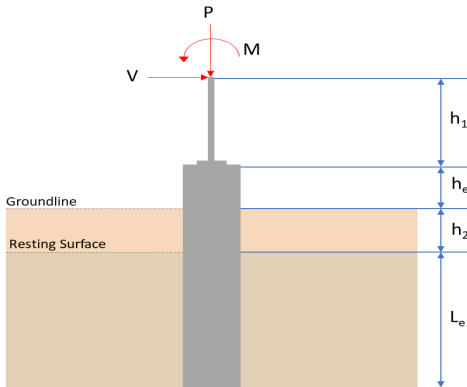
	$V_{max} = 8.6408 \text{ kip}$ M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$, $M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$ $M_{max} = ((-1.0047 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(9.3557 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(5.2177 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.5 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (9.3557 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.2177 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (9.3557 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.2177 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$ $M_{max} = 30.36 \text{ kipft}$	
	Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD) H_o - Lateral force per length of pile, $H_o = \frac{V_z}{D}$ $H_o = \frac{(-0.022 \text{ kip})}{(36 \text{ in})}$ $H_o = -0.0073333 \text{ kip/ft}$ M_o - Moment per length of pile, $M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{D}$ $M_o = \frac{(0.05 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.022 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{(36 \text{ in})}$ $M_o = 0.016667 \text{ kipft/ft}$ E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface, $E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$ $E = \frac{(0.016667 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.0073333 \text{ kip/ft})}$ $E = 2.2727 \text{ ft}$ a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point, $a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$ $a = \frac{(4 \times (0.016667 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.0073333 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.016667 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.0073333 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))}$ $a = 5.4297 \text{ ft}$ V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a, $V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$ $V_{max} = ((-0.0073333 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (36 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (2.2727 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.4297 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (2.2727 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.4297 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$ $V_{max} = 0.026568 \text{ kip}$ M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$, $M_{max} = (H_o b L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$ $M_{max} = ((-0.0073333 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(2.2727 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(5.4297 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.5 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (2.2727 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.4297 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (2.2727 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.4297 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$	

		$M_{max} = 0.085004 \text{ kipft}$	
		Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD) Parameters: $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$ - Concrete strength, $f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$ - Longitudinal reinforcement strength, $\phi = 0.65$ - Reduction factor for axial strength, $\alpha = 0.85$ - Alpha factor for axial strength, $A_g = 1017.9 \text{ in}^2$ - Gross area of concrete, Longitudinal reinforcement: Required reinforcement due to axial load, $A_{st,required}$ $A_{st,required}$ $A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$ $A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{(11.76 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.85)} - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (1017.9 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (1017.9 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$ $A_{st,required} = -37.006 \text{ in}^2$ A_{min} - Governing minimum reinforcement area, $A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$ $A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-37.006 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (1017.9 \text{ in}^2))]$ $A_{min} = 1.8322 \text{ in}^2$ n_{rebar} - Required number of reinforcement, $n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$ $n_{rebar} = \frac{(1.8322 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$ $n_{rebar} = 6$ A_{st} - Actual total reinforcement area, $A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$ $A_{st} = (6) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$ $A_{st} = 1.8408 \text{ in}^2$ Ratio - Capacity $\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(1.8322 \text{ in}^2)}{(1.8408 \text{ in}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.99533$ 25.2.3 s_{rebar} - Minimum spacing of reinforcement, $s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$ $s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$ $s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$ Ties: 25.7.2.2 Since longitudinal reinforcement is $\leq \text{No. } 10\phi$: Use #3(0.375 in) 25.7.2.1 s_{ties} - Maximum center-to-center spacing of ties, $s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), D]$ $s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), (36 \text{ in})]$ $s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$ Summary:	Status: PASS Ratio: 1.000

	Main reinforcement: 6 - #5 (0.625 in) Ties: #3(0.375 in) - 10 in	
22.4.2.2	Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD) ϕP_N - Allowable axial compressive strength $\phi P_N = \phi 0.85 \left[(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st}) \right]$ $\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times \left[(0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times [(1017.9 \text{ in}^2) - (1.8408 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (1.8408 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$ $\phi P_N = 1253.9 \text{ kip}$ Ratio - Capacity $Ratio = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$ $Ratio = \frac{(11.76 \text{ kip})}{(1253.9 \text{ kip})}$ $Ratio = 0.0093787$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.010
22.5.2.2	Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD) Parameters: $b_w = 36 \text{ in}$ - Effective width, d - Effective depth $d = 0.80 D$ $d = 0.80 \times (36 \text{ in})$ $d = 28.8 \text{ in}$	
22.5.5.1.3	λ_s - size effect modification factor $\lambda_s = MIN \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$ $\lambda_s = MIN \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(28.8 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$ $\lambda_s = 0.71796$	
22.5.5.1.1	The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $V_{c,max}$ - Max shear strength of concrete $V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.71796) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})$ $V_{c,max} = 186.09 \text{ kip}$	
22.5.5.1.1(a)	The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $P = 11.76 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 11760 \text{ lbf}$, $V_{c,a}$ - Shear strength of concrete (a) $V_{c,a} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + \frac{P}{6 A_g} \right] b_w d$ $V_{c,a} = \left[2 \times (0.71796) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + \frac{(11760 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (1017.9 \text{ in}^2)} \right] \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})$ $V_{c,a} = 76.434 \text{ kip}$	
22.5.5.1.2	The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $V_{c,b}$ - Shear strength of concrete (b) $V_{c,b} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + (0.05 f'_{ck}) \right] b_w d$ $V_{c,b} = \left[2 \times (0.71796) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi})) \right] \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})$ $V_{c,b} = 204.04 \text{ kip}$ V_c - Governing shear strength of concrete $V_c = MIN [V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$ $V_c = MIN [(186.09 \text{ kip}), (76.434 \text{ kip}), (204.04 \text{ kip})]$	

22.5.1.2	$V_c = 76.434 \text{ kip}$ The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $V_{s,a}$ - Shear strength of steel (a) $V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})$ $V_{s,a} = 414.72 \text{ kip}$ A_v - Ties rebar area, $A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$ $A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$ $A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$ 22.5.8.5.3 $V_{s,b}$ - Shear strength of steel (b) $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yw} d}{s_{ties}}$ $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$ $V_{s,b} = 38.17 \text{ kip}$ V_s - Governing shear strength of steel $V_s = MIN[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$ $V_s = MIN[(414.72 \text{ kip}), (38.17 \text{ kip})]$ $V_s = 38.17 \text{ kip}$ 22.5.1.1 ϕV_n - Allowable shear strength $\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$ $\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((76.434 \text{ kip}) + (38.17 \text{ kip}))$ $\phi V_n = 74.493 \text{ kip}$ Considering x-direction: $V_{max} = 8.6408 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the x-direction, <i>Ratio</i> - Capacity $Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $Ratio = \frac{(8.6408 \text{ kip})}{(74.493 \text{ kip})}$ $Ratio = 0.116$ Considering z-direction: $V_{max} = 0.026568 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the z-direction, <i>Ratio</i> - Capacity $Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $Ratio = \frac{(0.026568 \text{ kip})}{(74.493 \text{ kip})}$ $Ratio = 0.00035665$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.120 Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000
	Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD) S_m - Section modulus $S_m = \frac{\pi D^3}{32}$ $S_m = \frac{\pi \times (36 \text{ in})^3}{32}$	

14.5.2.1b	$S_m = 4580.4 \text{ in}^3$ $\lambda = 1$ - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete), Allowable flexural strength: M_n shall be the lesser of: $\phi M_{n,1}$ $\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{(2.5 \text{ ksi})} \times 4580.442 \text{ in}^3$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 62.027 \text{ kipft}$ $\phi M_{n,2}$ $\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_{ck} \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (4580.4 \text{ in}^3)$ $\phi M_{n,2} = 527.23 \text{ kipft}$ Therefore, ϕM_n - Allowable flexural strength, $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$ $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(62.027 \text{ kipft}), (527.23 \text{ kipft})]$ $\phi M_n = 62.027 \text{ kipft}$ Considering x-direction: $M_{max} = 30.36 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the x-direction, Ratio - Capacity $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(30.36 \text{ kipft})}{(62.027 \text{ kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.48947$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.490
	Considering z-direction: $M_{max} = 0.085004 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the z-direction, Ratio - Capacity $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.085004 \text{ kipft})}{(62.027 \text{ kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.0013704$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000

REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS																										
	SkyCiv Foundation Design Pile Foundation Design Information : Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code) Unit System : Imperial																											
	Pile Input  Geometry Pile shape: round D = 36 in - Pile diameter Le = 7.5 ft - Total pile length h1 = 0 ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile, h2 = 0 ft - Depth to resisting surface he = 0 ft - Length of pile above the ground Tabulation of Soil Parameters <table><tr><th>Layer</th><th>Label</th><th>Allowable Bearing Pressure (qa) (psf)</th><th>Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)</th></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel</td><td>2000.000</td><td>150.000</td></tr></table> Tabulation of Loads <table><tr><th>Load Component</th><th>ASD</th><th>LRFD</th></tr><tr><td>P (kip)</td><td>7.673</td><td>11.760</td></tr><tr><td>Vx (kip)</td><td>-1.806</td><td>-3.014</td></tr><tr><td>Vz (kip)</td><td>0.013</td><td>0.022</td></tr><tr><td>Mx (kipft)</td><td>0.031</td><td>0.050</td></tr><tr><td>Mz (kipft)</td><td>16.586</td><td>28.198</td></tr></table> Material Properties f'ck = 2.5 ksi - Concrete strength,	Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure (qa) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)	1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000	Load Component	ASD	LRFD	P (kip)	7.673	11.760	Vx (kip)	-1.806	-3.014	Vz (kip)	0.013	0.022	Mx (kipft)	0.031	0.050	Mz (kipft)	16.586	28.198	
Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure (qa) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)																									
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Mx (kipft)	0.031	0.050																										
Mz (kipft)	16.586	28.198																										
	Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD) H - Point of application of the lateral load $H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$ $H = (0\text{ ft}) + (0\text{ ft}) + (0\text{ ft})$ $H = 0\text{ ft}$ Considering x-direction: Ho - Lateral force per length of pile, $H_o = \frac{V_x}{D}$ $H_o = \frac{(-1.806\text{ kip})}{(36\text{ in})}$ $H_o = -0.602\text{ kip/ft}$ Mo - Moment per length of pile, $M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{D}$																											

	$M_o = \frac{(16.586 \text{ kipft}) + ((-1.806 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{(36 \text{ in})}$ $M_o = 5.5287 \text{ kipft/ft}$ Required depth of embedment in earth: $L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$ Solving the cubic equation: $L_{e,x} = 6.7715 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in x-direction, Considering z-direction: H_o - Lateral force per length of pile, $H_o = \frac{V_z}{D}$ $H_o = \frac{(0.013 \text{ kip})}{(36 \text{ in})}$ $H_o = 0.0043333 \text{ kip/ft}$ M_o - Moment per length of pile, $M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{D}$ $M_o = \frac{(0.031 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.013 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{(36 \text{ in})}$ $M_o = 0.010333 \text{ kipft/ft}$ Required depth of embedment in earth: $L_z^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$ Solving the cubic equation: $L_{e,z} = 1.2151 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in z-direction, Minimum embedded depth required: $L_{e,req}$ - Depth of pile required, $L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$ $L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(6.7715 \text{ ft}), (1.2151 \text{ ft})]$ $L_{e,req} = 6.772 \text{ ft}$ L_e - Actual embedded length of pile, $L_e = L - h_c - h_2$ $L_e = (7.5 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$ $L_e = 7.5 \text{ ft}$ Ratio - Embedded depth $\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(6.772 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.90293$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.900
	End-bearing Capacity (ASD) A - Pile cros-section area $A = \pi \left(\frac{D}{2}\right)^2$ $A = \pi \times \left(\frac{(36 \text{ in})}{2}\right)^2$ $A = 7.0686 \text{ ft}^2$ q - End-bearing pressure $q = \frac{P_o}{A}$ $q = \frac{(7.673 \text{ kip})}{(7.0686 \text{ ft}^2)}$	

	$q = 1.0855 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ Check bearing capacity ratio: Ratio - Capacity $\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(1.0855 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.54275$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.540
Czerniak	Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD): L/D - Length to least lateral dimension ratio, $L/D = \frac{L}{D}$ $L/D = \frac{(7.5 \text{ ft})}{(36 \text{ in})}$ $L/D = 2.5$ Since $L/D \leq 10$, Pile is short. Considering x-direction: $H_o = -0.602 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile, $M_o = 5.5287 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile, a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point, $a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$ $a = \frac{(4 \times (5.5287 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.602 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (5.5287 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.602 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))}$ $a = 5.2203 \text{ ft}$ p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface, $p = \frac{1.178 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$ $p = \frac{1.178 \times [(4 \times (5.5287 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.602 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(7.5 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (5.5287 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.602 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))]}$ $p = 0.20354 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e, $s = \frac{9.425 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$ $s = \frac{9.425 \times [(2 \times (5.5287 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.602 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))]}{(7.5 \text{ ft})^2}$ $s = 1.0962 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ Check lateral soil pressure capacity: p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$, $p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$ $p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(5.2203 \text{ ft})}{2}$ $p_a = 0.39152 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ Ratio - Lateral soil capacity $\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.20354 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.39152 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.51988$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.520

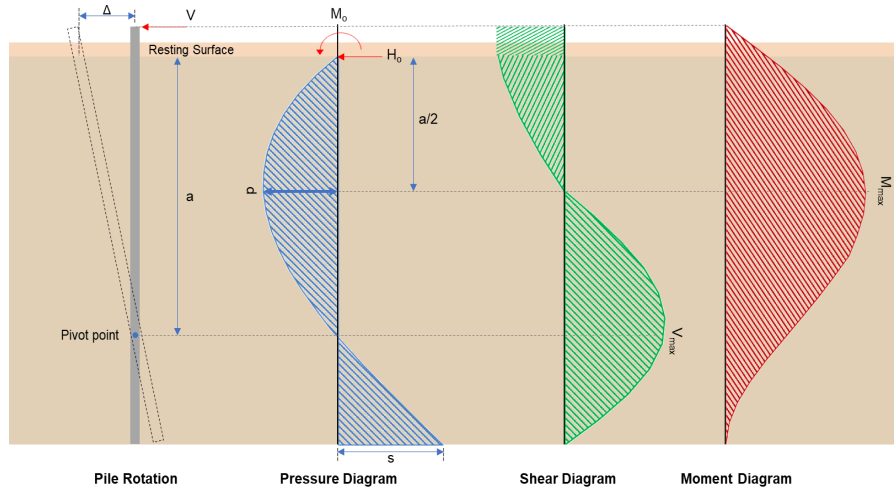
	p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e, $p_s = R L_e$ $p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})$ $p_s = 1.125 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ Ratio - Lateral soil capacity $\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(1.0962 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.125 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.9744$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.970
	Considering z-direction: $H_o = 0.0043333 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile, $M_o = 0.010333 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile, a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point, $a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$ $a = \frac{(4 \times (0.010333 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.0043333 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.010333 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.0043333 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))}$ $a = 5.4232 \text{ ft}$ p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface, $p = \frac{1.178 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$ $p = \frac{1.178 \times [(4 \times (0.010333 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (0.0043333 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(7.5 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (0.010333 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (0.0043333 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))]}$ $p = 0.0042047 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e, $s = \frac{9.425 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$ $s = \frac{9.425 \times [(2 \times (0.010333 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((0.0043333 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))]}{(7.5 \text{ ft})^2}$ $s = 0.0089084 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ Check lateral soil pressure capacity: p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$, $p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$ $p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(5.4232 \text{ ft})}{2}$ $p_a = 0.40674 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ Ratio - Lateral soil capacity $\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.0042047 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.40674 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.010338$ p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e, $p_s = R L_e$ $p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})$ $p_s = 1.125 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ Ratio - Lateral soil capacity	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.010

$$Ratio = \frac{M_o}{p_s}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.0089084 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.125 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.0079186$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.010**



Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-3.014 \text{ kip})}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -1.0047 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_z H)}{D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(28.198 \text{ kipft}) + ((-3.014 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 9.3993 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(9.3993 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-1.0047 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 9.3557 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (9.3993 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-1.0047 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (9.3993 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-1.0047 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.2177 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 + 4 \left(\frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-1.0047 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (36 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (9.3557 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.2177 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 + 4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (9.3557 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.2177 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

	$V_{max} = 8.6408 \text{ kip}$ M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$, $M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$ $M_{max} = ((-1.0047 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(9.3557 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(5.2177 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.5 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (9.3557 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.2177 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (9.3557 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.2177 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$ $M_{max} = 30.36 \text{ kipft}$	
	Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD) H_o - Lateral force per length of pile, $H_o = \frac{V_z}{D}$ $H_o = \frac{(0.022 \text{ kip})}{(36 \text{ in})}$ $H_o = 0.0073333 \text{ kip/ft}$ M_o - Moment per length of pile, $M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{D}$ $M_o = \frac{(0.05 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.022 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{(36 \text{ in})}$ $M_o = 0.016667 \text{ kipft/ft}$ E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface, $E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$ $E = \frac{(0.016667 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(0.0073333 \text{ kip/ft})}$ $E = 2.2727 \text{ ft}$ a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point, $a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$ $a = \frac{(4 \times (0.016667 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.0073333 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.016667 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.0073333 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))}$ $a = 5.4297 \text{ ft}$ V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a, $V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$ $V_{max} = ((0.0073333 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (36 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (2.2727 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.4297 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (2.2727 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.4297 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$ $V_{max} = 0.026568 \text{ kip}$ M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$, $M_{max} = (H_o b L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$ $M_{max} = ((0.0073333 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(2.2727 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(5.4297 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.5 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (2.2727 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.4297 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (2.2727 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.4297 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$	

		$M_{max} = 0.085004 \text{ kipft}$	
		Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD) Parameters: $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$ - Concrete strength, $f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$ - Longitudinal reinforcement strength, $\phi = 0.65$ - Reduction factor for axial strength, $\alpha = 0.85$ - Alpha factor for axial strength, $A_g = 1017.9 \text{ in}^2$ - Gross area of concrete, Longitudinal reinforcement: Required reinforcement due to axial load, $A_{st,required}$ $A_{st,required}$ $A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$ $A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{(11.76 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.85)} - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (1017.9 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (1017.9 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$ $A_{st,required} = -37.006 \text{ in}^2$ A_{min} - Governing minimum reinforcement area, $A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$ $A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-37.006 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (1017.9 \text{ in}^2))]$ $A_{min} = 1.8322 \text{ in}^2$ n_{rebar} - Required number of reinforcement, $n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$ $n_{rebar} = \frac{(1.8322 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$ $n_{rebar} = 6$ A_{st} - Actual total reinforcement area, $A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$ $A_{st} = (6) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$ $A_{st} = 1.8408 \text{ in}^2$ Ratio - Capacity $\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(1.8322 \text{ in}^2)}{(1.8408 \text{ in}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.99533$ 25.2.3 s_{rebar} - Minimum spacing of reinforcement, $s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$ $s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$ $s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$ Ties: 25.7.2.2 Since longitudinal reinforcement is $\leq \text{No. } 10\phi$: Use #3(0.375 in) 25.7.2.1 s_{ties} - Maximum center-to-center spacing of ties, $s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), D]$ $s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), (36 \text{ in})]$ $s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$ Summary:	Status: PASS Ratio: 1.000

	Main reinforcement: 6 - #5 (0.625 in) Ties: #3(0.375 in) - 10 in	
22.4.2.2	Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD) ϕP_N - Allowable axial compressive strength $\phi P_N = \phi 0.85 \left[(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st}) \right]$ $\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times \left[(0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times [(1017.9 \text{ in}^2) - (1.8408 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (1.8408 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$ $\phi P_N = 1253.9 \text{ kip}$ Ratio - Capacity $Ratio = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$ $Ratio = \frac{(11.76 \text{ kip})}{(1253.9 \text{ kip})}$ $Ratio = 0.0093787$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.010
22.5.2.2	Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD) Parameters: $b_w = 36 \text{ in}$ - Effective width, d - Effective depth $d = 0.80 D$ $d = 0.80 \times (36 \text{ in})$ $d = 28.8 \text{ in}$	
22.5.5.1.3	λ_s - size effect modification factor $\lambda_s = MIN \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$ $\lambda_s = MIN \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(28.8 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$ $\lambda_s = 0.71796$	
22.5.5.1.1	The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $V_{c,max}$ - Max shear strength of concrete $V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.71796) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})$ $V_{c,max} = 186.09 \text{ kip}$	
22.5.5.1.1(a)	The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $P = 11.76 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 11760 \text{ lbf}$, $V_{c,a}$ - Shear strength of concrete (a) $V_{c,a} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + \frac{P}{6 A_g} \right] b_w d$ $V_{c,a} = \left[2 \times (0.71796) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + \frac{(11760 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (1017.9 \text{ in}^2)} \right] \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})$ $V_{c,a} = 76.434 \text{ kip}$	
22.5.5.1.2	The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $V_{c,b}$ - Shear strength of concrete (b) $V_{c,b} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + (0.05 f'_{ck}) \right] b_w d$ $V_{c,b} = \left[2 \times (0.71796) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi})) \right] \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})$ $V_{c,b} = 204.04 \text{ kip}$ V_c - Governing shear strength of concrete $V_c = MIN [V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$ $V_c = MIN [(186.09 \text{ kip}), (76.434 \text{ kip}), (204.04 \text{ kip})]$	

22.5.1.2	The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $V_{s,a}$ - Shear strength of steel (a) $V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})$ $V_{s,a} = 414.72 \text{ kip}$ A_v - Ties rebar area, $A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$ $A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$ $A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$
22.5.8.5.3	$V_{s,b}$ - Shear strength of steel (b) $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yw} d}{s_{ties}}$ $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$ $V_{s,b} = 38.17 \text{ kip}$ V_s - Governing shear strength of steel $V_s = MIN[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$ $V_s = MIN[(414.72 \text{ kip}), (38.17 \text{ kip})]$ $V_s = 38.17 \text{ kip}$
22.5.1.1	ϕV_n - Allowable shear strength $\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$ $\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((76.434 \text{ kip}) + (38.17 \text{ kip}))$ $\phi V_n = 74.493 \text{ kip}$ Considering x-direction: $V_{max} = 8.6408 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the x-direction, <i>Ratio</i> - Capacity $Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $Ratio = \frac{(8.6408 \text{ kip})}{(74.493 \text{ kip})}$ $Ratio = 0.116$ Considering z-direction: $V_{max} = 0.026568 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the z-direction, <i>Ratio</i> - Capacity $Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $Ratio = \frac{(0.026568 \text{ kip})}{(74.493 \text{ kip})}$ $Ratio = 0.00035665$
	Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD) S_m - Section modulus $S_m = \frac{\pi D^3}{32}$ $S_m = \frac{\pi \times (36 \text{ in})^3}{32}$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.120**

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**

	$S_m = 4580.4 \text{ in}^3$ $\lambda = 1$ - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete), Allowable flexural strength: M_n shall be the lesser of: $\phi M_{n,1}$ $\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{(2.5 \text{ ksi})} \times 4580.442 \text{ in}^3$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 62.027 \text{ kipft}$ $\phi M_{n,2}$ $\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_{ck} \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (4580.4 \text{ in}^3)$ $\phi M_{n,2} = 527.23 \text{ kipft}$ Therefore, ϕM_n - Allowable flexural strength, $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$ $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(62.027 \text{ kipft}), (527.23 \text{ kipft})]$ $\phi M_n = 62.027 \text{ kipft}$ Considering x-direction: $M_{max} = 30.36 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the x-direction, Ratio - Capacity $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(30.36 \text{ kipft})}{(62.027 \text{ kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.48947$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.490
	Considering z-direction: $M_{max} = 0.085004 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the z-direction, Ratio - Capacity $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.085004 \text{ kipft})}{(62.027 \text{ kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.0013704$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000

	$M_o = \frac{(14.99 \text{ kipft}) + ((-1.571 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{(36 \text{ in})}$ $M_o = 4.9967 \text{ kipft/ft}$ Required depth of embedment in earth: $L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$ Solving the cubic equation: $L_{e,x} = 6.6804 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in x-direction, Considering z-direction: H_o - Lateral force per length of pile, $H_o = \frac{V_z}{D}$ $H_o = \frac{(-0.148 \text{ kip})}{(36 \text{ in})}$ $H_o = -0.049333 \text{ kip/ft}$ M_o - Moment per length of pile, $M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{D}$ $M_o = \frac{(0.359 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.148 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{(36 \text{ in})}$ $M_o = 0.11967 \text{ kipft/ft}$ Required depth of embedment in earth: $L_z^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$ Solving the cubic equation: $L_{e,z} = 1.857 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in z-direction, Minimum embedded depth required: $L_{e,req}$ - Depth of pile required, $L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$ $L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(6.6804 \text{ ft}), (1.857 \text{ ft})]$ $L_{e,req} = 6.68 \text{ ft}$ L_e - Actual embedded length of pile, $L_e = L - h_c - h_2$ $L_e = (7.5 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$ $L_e = 7.5 \text{ ft}$ Ratio - Embedded depth $\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(6.68 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.89067$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.890
	End-bearing Capacity (ASD) A - Pile cros-section area $A = \pi \left(\frac{D}{2}\right)^2$ $A = \pi \times \left(\frac{(36 \text{ in})}{2}\right)^2$ $A = 7.0686 \text{ ft}^2$ q - End-bearing pressure $q = \frac{P_o}{A}$ $q = \frac{(6.672 \text{ kip})}{(7.0686 \text{ ft}^2)}$	

	$q = 0.94389 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ Check bearing capacity ratio: Ratio - Capacity $\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.94389 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.47195$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.470
Czerniak	Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD): L/D - Length to least lateral dimension ratio, $L/D = \frac{L}{D}$ $L/D = \frac{(7.5 \text{ ft})}{(36 \text{ in})}$ $L/D = 2.5$ Since $L/D \leq 10$, Pile is short. Considering x-direction: $H_o = -0.52367 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile, $M_o = 4.9967 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile, a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point, $a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$ $a = \frac{(4 \times (4.9967 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.52367 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (4.9967 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.52367 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))}$ $a = 5.2149 \text{ ft}$ p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface, $p = \frac{1.178 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$ $p = \frac{1.178 \times [(4 \times (4.9967 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.52367 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(7.5 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (4.9967 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.52367 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))]}$ $p = 0.19756 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e, $s = \frac{9.425 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$ $s = \frac{9.425 \times [(2 \times (4.9967 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.52367 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))]}{(7.5 \text{ ft})^2}$ $s = 1.0164 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ Check lateral soil pressure capacity: p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$, $p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$ $p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(5.2149 \text{ ft})}{2}$ $p_a = 0.39112 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ Ratio - Lateral soil capacity $\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.19756 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.39112 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.50512$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.510

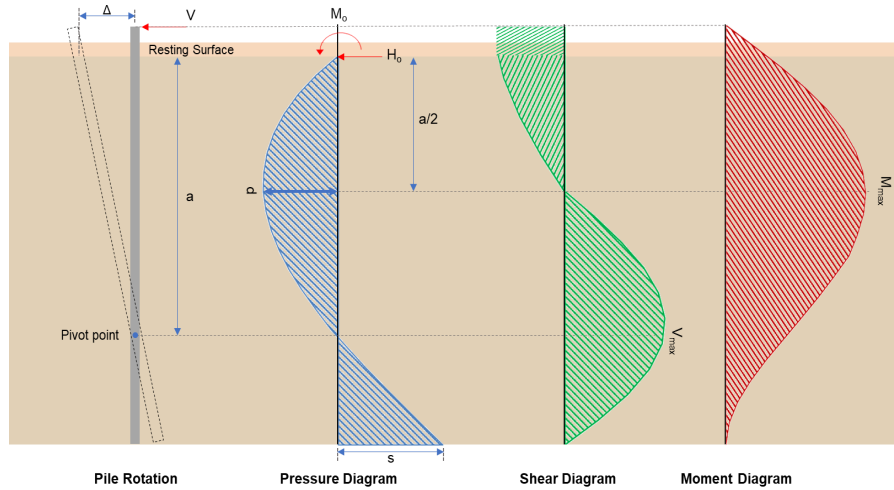
	p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e, $p_s = R L_e$ $p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})$ $p_s = 1.125 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ Ratio - Lateral soil capacity $\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(1.0164 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.125 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.90343$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.900
	Considering z-direction: $H_o = -0.049333 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile, $M_o = 0.11967 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile, a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point, $a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$ $a = \frac{(4 \times (0.11967 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.049333 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.11967 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.049333 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))}$ $a = 5.4208 \text{ ft}$ p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface, $p = \frac{1.178 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$ $p = \frac{1.178 \times [(4 \times (0.11967 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.049333 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(7.5 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (0.11967 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.049333 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))]}$ $p = -0.021909 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e, $s = \frac{9.425 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$ $s = \frac{9.425 \times [(2 \times (0.11967 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.049333 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))]}{(7.5 \text{ ft})^2}$ $s = -0.021894 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ Check lateral soil pressure capacity: p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$, $p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$ $p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(5.4208 \text{ ft})}{2}$ $p_a = 0.40656 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ Ratio - Lateral soil capacity $\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(-0.021909 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.40656 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = -0.053887$ p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e, $p_s = R L_e$ $p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})$ $p_s = 1.125 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ Ratio - Lateral soil capacity	Status: PASS Ratio: -0.050

$$Ratio = \frac{M_o}{p_s}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(-0.021894 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.125 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = -0.019461$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **-0.020**



Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-2.626 \text{ kip})}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.87533 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_x H)}{D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(25.566 \text{ kipft}) + ((-2.626 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 8.522 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(8.522 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.87533 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 9.7357 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (8.522 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.87533 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (8.522 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.87533 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.2121 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 + 4 \left(\frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.87533 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (36 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (9.7357 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.2121 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 + 4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (9.7357 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.2121 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

	$V_{max} = 7.7637 \text{ kip}$ M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$, $M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$ $M_{max} = ((-0.87533 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(9.7357 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(5.2121 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.5 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (9.7357 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.2121 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (9.7357 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.2121 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$ $M_{max} = 27.333 \text{ kipft}$	
	Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD) H_o - Lateral force per length of pile, $H_o = \frac{V_z}{D}$ $H_o = \frac{(-0.224 \text{ kip})}{(36 \text{ in})}$ $H_o = -0.074667 \text{ kip/ft}$ M_o - Moment per length of pile, $M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{D}$ $M_o = \frac{(0.548 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.224 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{(36 \text{ in})}$ $M_o = 0.18267 \text{ kipft/ft}$ E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface, $E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$ $E = \frac{(0.18267 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.074667 \text{ kip/ft})}$ $E = 2.4464 \text{ ft}$ a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point, $a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$ $a = \frac{(4 \times (0.18267 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.074667 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.18267 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.074667 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))}$ $a = 5.4197 \text{ ft}$ V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a, $V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$ $V_{max} = ((-0.074667 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (36 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (2.4464 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.4197 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (2.4464 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.4197 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$ $V_{max} = 0.27952 \text{ kip}$ M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$, $M_{max} = (H_o b L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$ $M_{max} = ((-0.074667 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(2.4464 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(5.4197 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.5 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (2.4464 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.4197 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (2.4464 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.4197 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$	

		$M_{max} = 0.89917 \text{ kipft}$	
		Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD) Parameters: $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$ - Concrete strength, $f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$ - Longitudinal reinforcement strength, $\phi = 0.65$ - Reduction factor for axial strength, $\alpha = 0.85$ - Alpha factor for axial strength, $A_g = 1017.9 \text{ in}^2$ - Gross area of concrete, Longitudinal reinforcement: Required reinforcement due to axial load, $A_{st,required}$ $A_{st,required}$ $A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$ $A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{(10.212 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.85)} - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (1017.9 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (1017.9 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$ $A_{st,required} = -37.054 \text{ in}^2$ A_{min} - Governing minimum reinforcement area, $A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$ $A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-37.054 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (1017.9 \text{ in}^2))]$ $A_{min} = 1.8322 \text{ in}^2$ n_{rebar} - Required number of reinforcement, $n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$ $n_{rebar} = \frac{(1.8322 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$ $n_{rebar} = 6$ A_{st} - Actual total reinforcement area, $A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$ $A_{st} = (6) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$ $A_{st} = 1.8408 \text{ in}^2$ Ratio - Capacity $\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(1.8322 \text{ in}^2)}{(1.8408 \text{ in}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.99533$ 25.2.3 s_{rebar} - Minimum spacing of reinforcement, $s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$ $s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$ $s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$ Ties: 25.7.2.2 Since longitudinal reinforcement is $\leq \text{No. 10}\varnothing$: Use #3(0.375 in) 25.7.2.1 s_{ties} - Maximum center-to-center spacing of ties, $s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), D]$ $s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), (36 \text{ in})]$ $s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$ Summary:	Status: PASS Ratio: 1.000

	Main reinforcement: 6 - #5 (0.625 in) Ties: #3(0.375 in) - 10 in	
22.4.2.2	Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD) ϕP_N - Allowable axial compressive strength $\phi P_N = \phi 0.85 \left[(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st}) \right]$ $\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times \left[(0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times [(1017.9 \text{ in}^2) - (1.8408 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (1.8408 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$ $\phi P_N = 1253.9 \text{ kip}$ Ratio - Capacity $Ratio = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$ $Ratio = \frac{(10.212 \text{ kip})}{(1253.9 \text{ kip})}$ $Ratio = 0.0081441$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.010
22.5.2.2	Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD) Parameters: $b_w = 36 \text{ in}$ - Effective width, d - Effective depth $d = 0.80 D$ $d = 0.80 \times (36 \text{ in})$ $d = 28.8 \text{ in}$	
22.5.5.1.3	λ_s - size effect modification factor $\lambda_s = MIN \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$ $\lambda_s = MIN \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(28.8 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$ $\lambda_s = 0.71796$	
22.5.5.1.1	The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$. $V_{c,max}$ - Max shear strength of concrete $V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.71796) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})$ $V_{c,max} = 186.09 \text{ kip}$	
22.5.5.1.1(a)	The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $P = 10.212 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 10212 \text{ lbf}$. $V_{c,a}$ - Shear strength of concrete (a) $V_{c,a} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + \frac{P}{6 A_g} \right] b_w d$ $V_{c,a} = \left[2 \times (0.71796) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + \frac{(10212 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (1017.9 \text{ in}^2)} \right] \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})$ $V_{c,a} = 76.172 \text{ kip}$	
22.5.5.1.2	The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$. $V_{c,b}$ - Shear strength of concrete (b) $V_{c,b} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + (0.05 f'_{ck}) \right] b_w d$ $V_{c,b} = \left[2 \times (0.71796) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi})) \right] \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})$ $V_{c,b} = 204.04 \text{ kip}$ V_c - Governing shear strength of concrete $V_c = MIN [V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$ $V_c = MIN [(186.09 \text{ kip}), (76.172 \text{ kip}), (204.04 \text{ kip})]$	

22.5.1.2	$V_c = 76.172 \text{ kip}$ The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $V_{s,a}$ - Shear strength of steel (a) $V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})$ $V_{s,a} = 414.72 \text{ kip}$ A_v - Ties rebar area, $A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$ $A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$ $A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$ 22.5.8.5.3 $V_{s,b}$ - Shear strength of steel (b) $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yw} d}{s_{ties}}$ $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$ $V_{s,b} = 38.17 \text{ kip}$ V_s - Governing shear strength of steel $V_s = MIN[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$ $V_s = MIN[(414.72 \text{ kip}), (38.17 \text{ kip})]$ $V_s = 38.17 \text{ kip}$ 22.5.1.1 ϕV_n - Allowable shear strength $\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$ $\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((76.172 \text{ kip}) + (38.17 \text{ kip}))$ $\phi V_n = 74.322 \text{ kip}$ Considering x-direction: $V_{max} = 7.7637 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the x-direction, <i>Ratio</i> - Capacity $Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $Ratio = \frac{(7.7637 \text{ kip})}{(74.322 \text{ kip})}$ $Ratio = 0.10446$ Considering z-direction: $V_{max} = 0.27952 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the z-direction, <i>Ratio</i> - Capacity $Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $Ratio = \frac{(0.27952 \text{ kip})}{(74.322 \text{ kip})}$ $Ratio = 0.003761$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.100 Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000
	Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD) S_m - Section modulus $S_m = \frac{\pi D^3}{32}$ $S_m = \frac{\pi \times (36 \text{ in})^3}{32}$	

	$S_m = 4580.4 \text{ in}^3$ $\lambda = 1$ - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete), Allowable flexural strength: M_n shall be the lesser of: $\phi M_{n,1}$ $\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{(2.5 \text{ ksi})} \times 4580.442 \text{ in}^3$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 62.027 \text{ kipft}$ $\phi M_{n,2}$ $\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_{ck} \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (4580.4 \text{ in}^3)$ $\phi M_{n,2} = 527.23 \text{ kipft}$ Therefore, ϕM_n - Allowable flexural strength, $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$ $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(62.027 \text{ kipft}), (527.23 \text{ kipft})]$ $\phi M_n = 62.027 \text{ kipft}$ Considering x-direction: $M_{max} = 27.333 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the x-direction, Ratio - Capacity $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(27.333 \text{ kipft})}{(62.027 \text{ kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.44066$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.440
	Considering z-direction: $M_{max} = 0.89917 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the z-direction, Ratio - Capacity $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.89917 \text{ kipft})}{(62.027 \text{ kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.014496$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.010