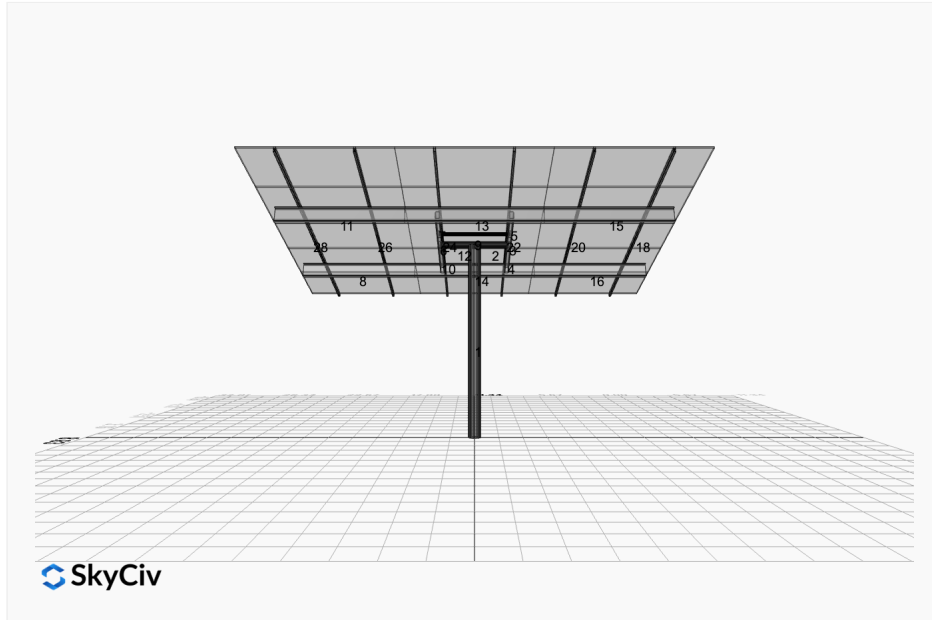


Project Name: 20250114 Teplicek Farms **Date:** Wed Jan 22 2025
Location: W 7th St, Sullivan City, TX 78595, USA **Number of Modules:** 15
Unique ID: 1P-0-8TOP-XD-84-L-5Hx3W-HLCG **Number of Poles:** 1
Dealer: _____ **Date Sold:** _____



Array Dimensions N/S	18.79 ft
Array Dimensions E/W	22.67 ft
Winter Tilt Angle	20
Front Edge Clearance	8 ft

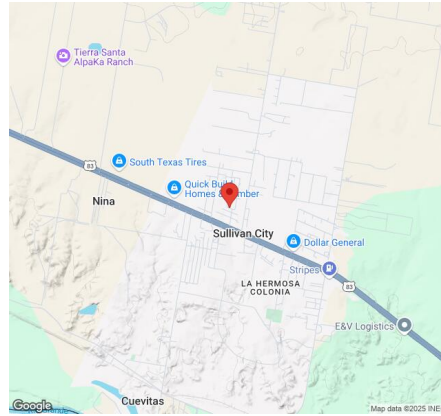
MT Solar Bill of Materials (1P-0-8TOP-XD-84-L-5Hx3W-HLCG)

Part	Short Description	BOM Qty
MTS-PC-8	8IN Pole Cap Assembly	1
MTS-HF-XD	H-Frame Assembly-XD	1
MTS-XD-Wing-84	84IN XD Wing	4
MTS-CLAMP-ANGLE-4PK	Angle Clamp	3

Rail Bill of Materials

Part	Qty
Rails (223in)	6
Rail Attachment	24
Module Mid Clamp	24
Module End Clamp	12
Ground Lug	3

Site Details:



Site Address: W 7th St, Sullivan City, TX 78595, USA

Array Specification

Duty Classification:	XD
Module Width:	44.60 in
Module Length:	89.68in
Number of Rows:	5
Number of Columns:	3
Total Number of Modules:	15
Winter Tilt Angle:	20
Front Edge Clearance:	8
Total Array Height at Tilt:	14.43 ft
Total Frame Length:	21.50 ft
Frame Weight:	1427 lbs
Array Dimensions N/S:	18.79 ft
Array Dimensions E/W:	22.67 ft
Rail Length:	225.50 in
Rail Spacing:	3.78 ft

Support Specifications

Pole Size:	8in Pipe Sch 40
Pole Length above Grade:	11.21 ft
Number of Poles:	1
Pole Spacing:	0

Foundation Specifications

Foundation Type:	Round
Foundation Dimensions:	Ø36 in
Foundation Depth (below grade):	Pile 1: 15.00 ft
Foundation Volume:	3.927 y ³

Site Info

Risk Category:	I
Exposure:	C
Soil Classification:	sand
Site Location:	W 7th St, Sullivan City, TX 78595, USA
Wind Speed:	115 mph
Snow Load:	0 psf

Design Disclaimer

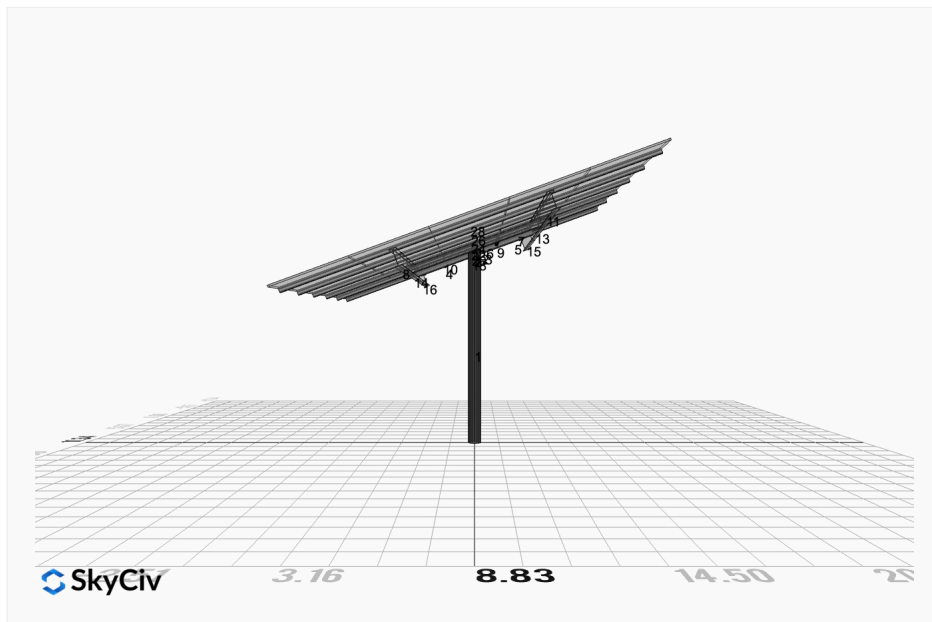
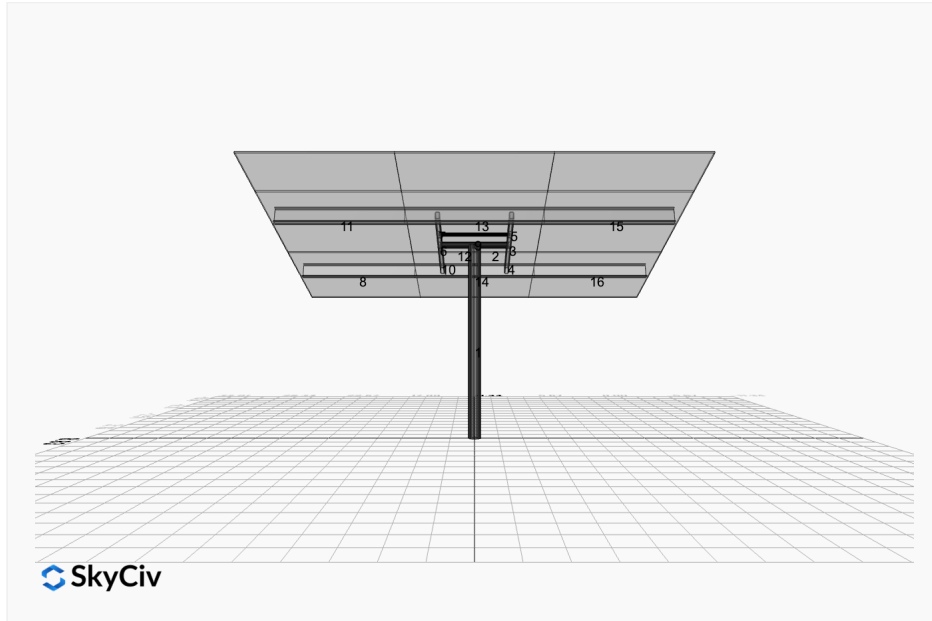
This software should be used for preliminary designs and should not be used as a final design unless reviewed, verified and designed by a qualified structural engineer.

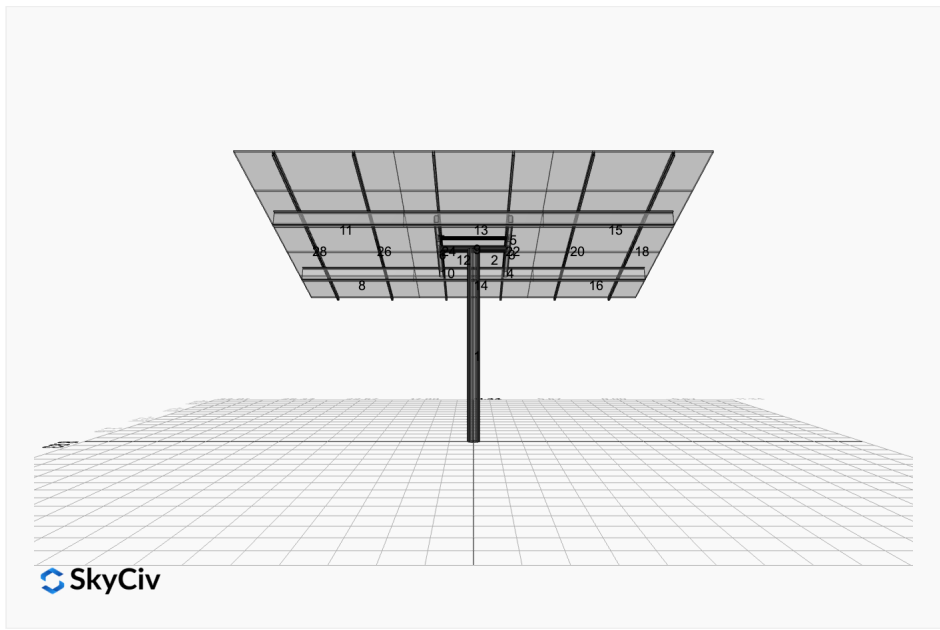
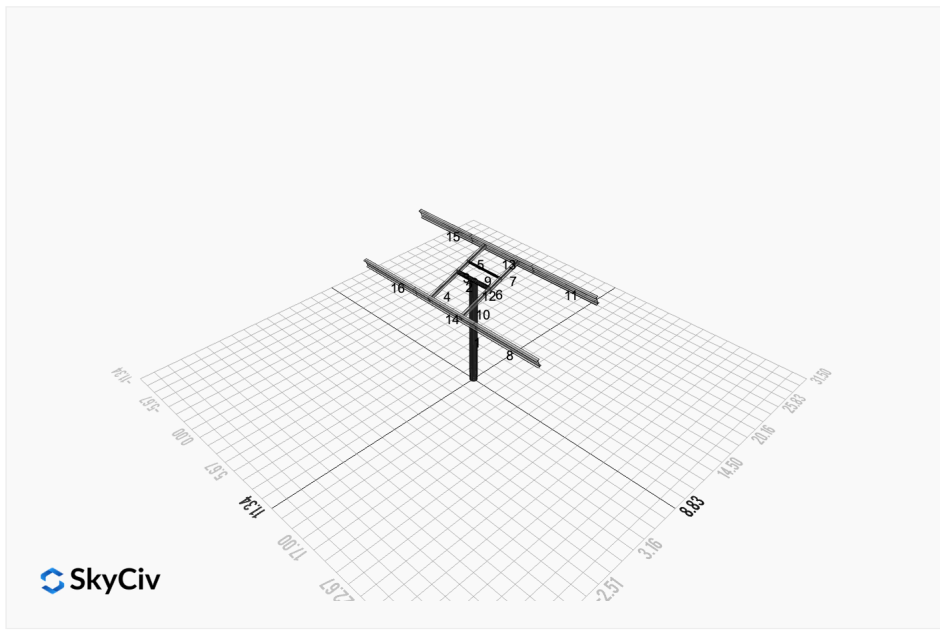
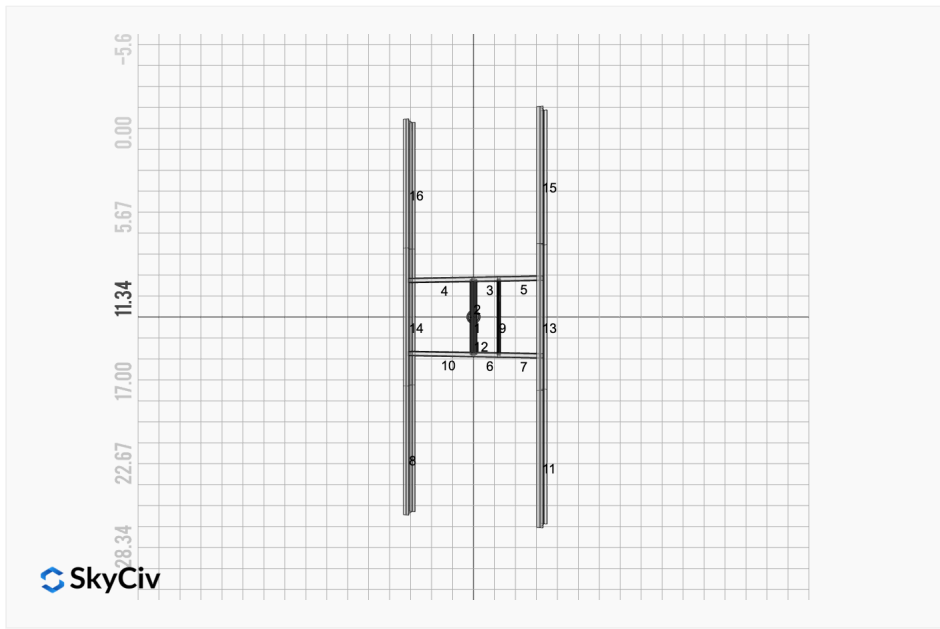
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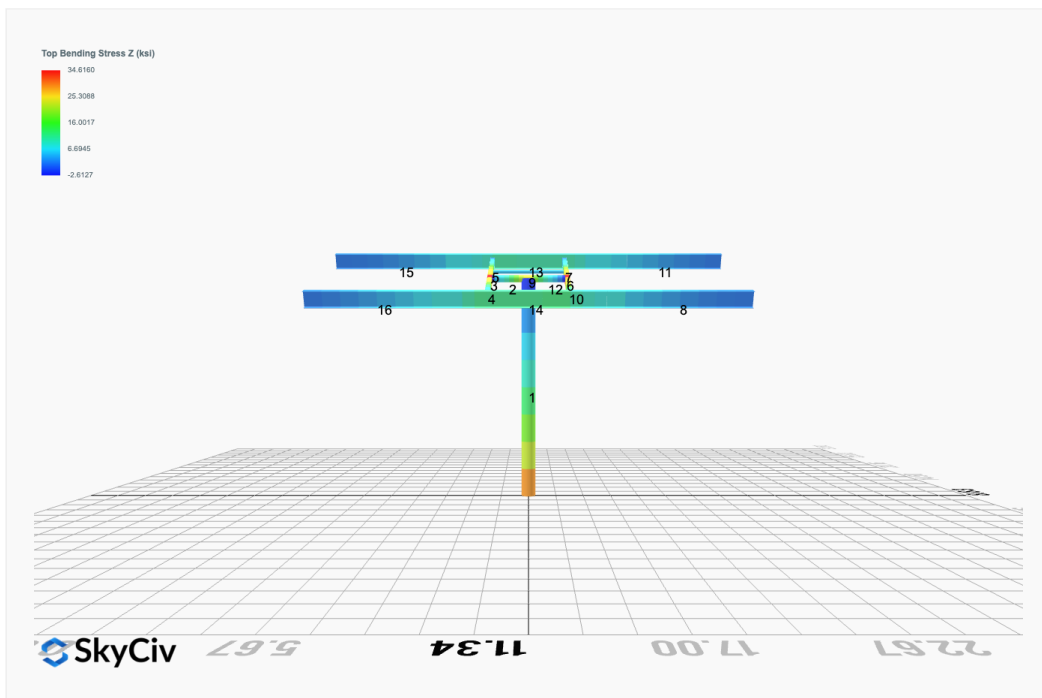
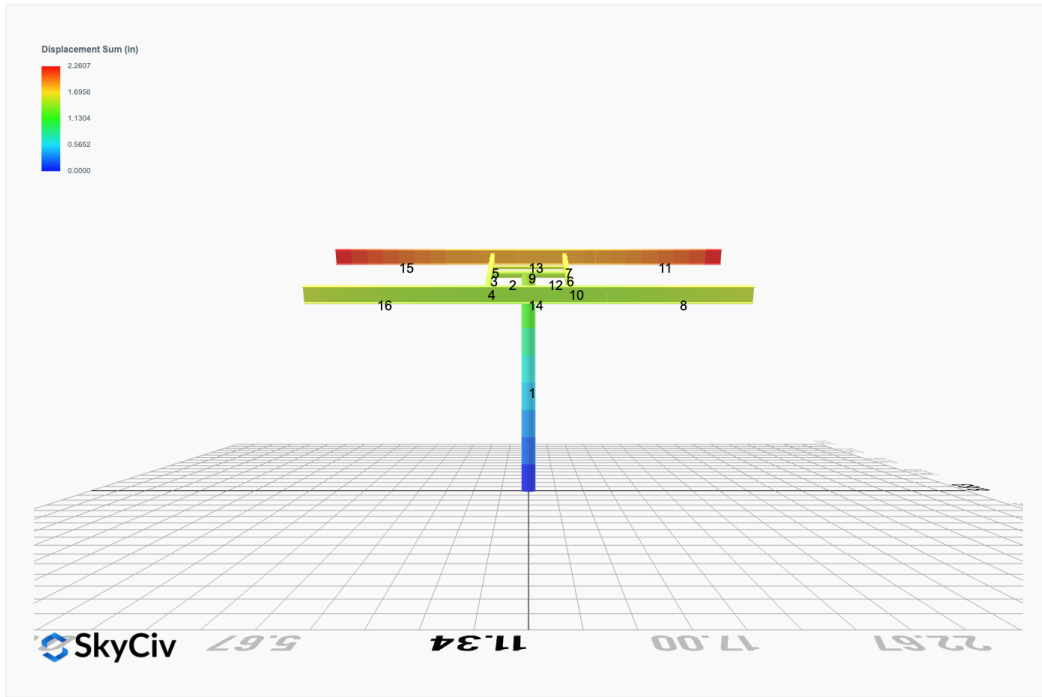
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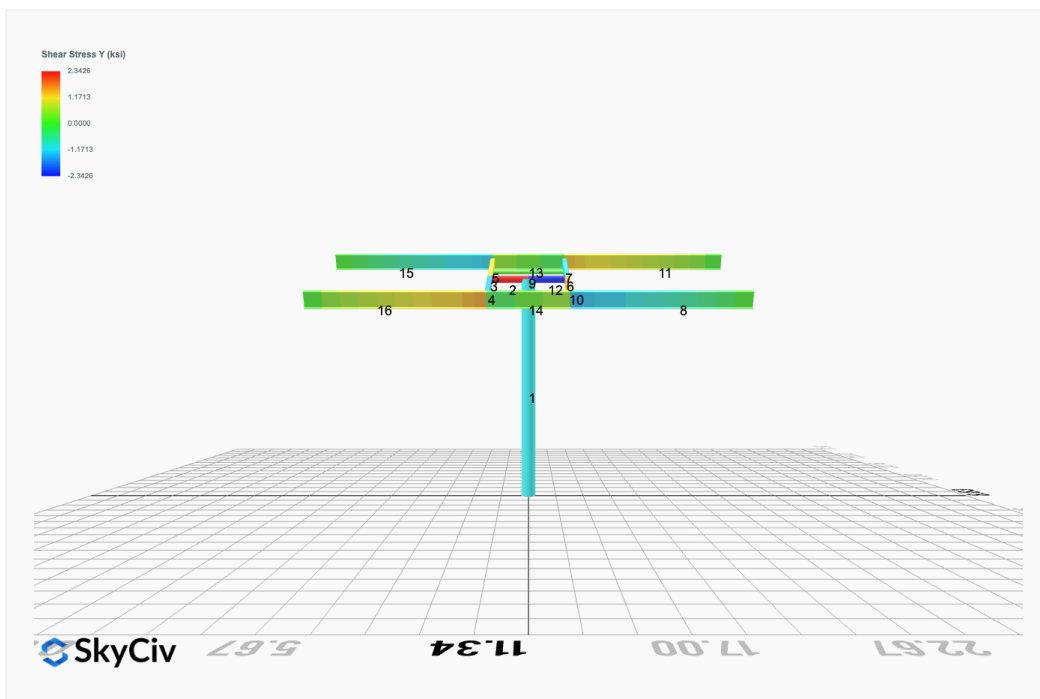
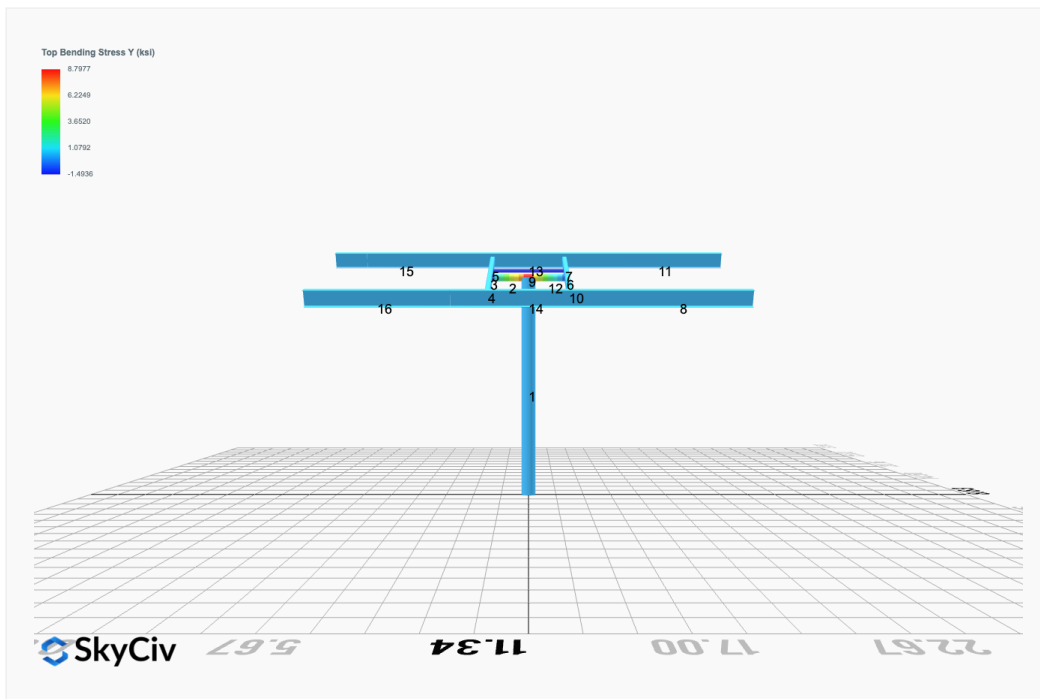
- AISC Deflection checks are set to L/1 due to structure design intent
- Foundation Soil Parameters used in this Autodesign are all estimates, proper geotechnical reports are required to confirm soil profiles
- Wind speeds, snow loads and other site specific results are based on ASCE 7 2016
- Steel frame design checks are based on AISC 360 2016 (LRFD)
- Foundation Design and Sizing is approximate only

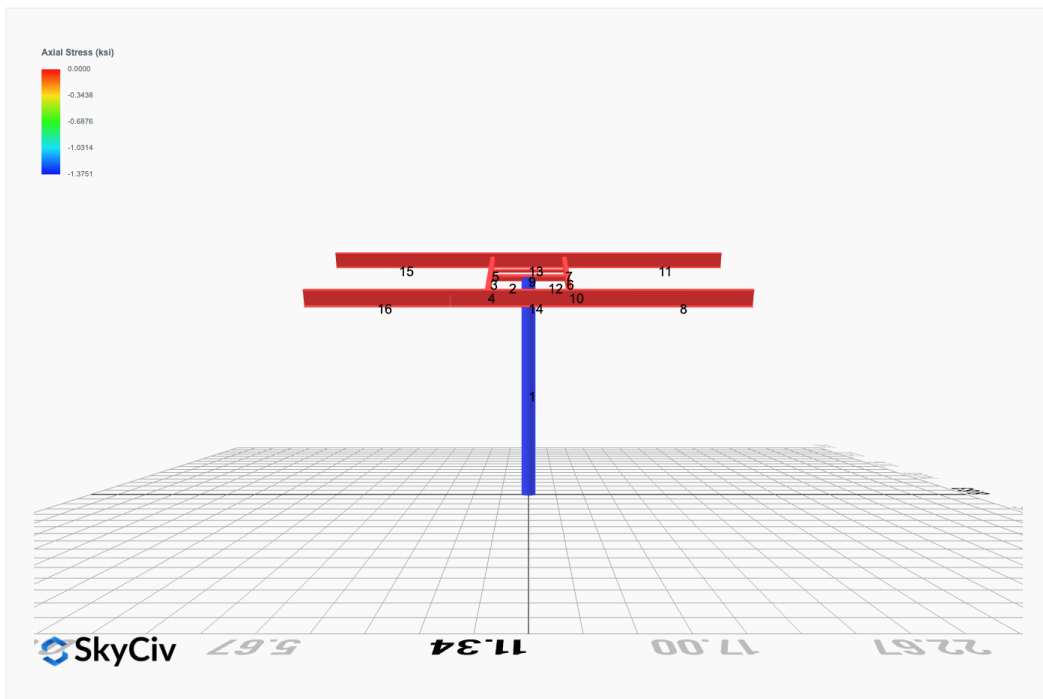




FEM Results (Envelope Worst Case for each member)







Reaction Forces for Foundation 1 (Node ID#1), (kip, kip-ft)

ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	0.0000	2.9931	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0330
ULS: 2. D + L	0.0000	2.9931	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0330
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0000	2.9931	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0330
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0000	2.9931	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0330
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0000	2.9931	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0330
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0000	2.9931	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0330
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	0.0000	2.9931	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0330
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	0.0000	2.9931	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0330
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	0.0000	1.7959	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0198
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.9728	11.1608	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	36.4831
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-2.9728	11.1608	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	36.4831
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	2.5224	-3.9370	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	-25.4685
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	2.1921	-3.0295	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	-43.1085
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.2296	9.1189	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	27.3706
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-2.2296	9.1189	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	27.3706
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.8918	-2.2045	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	-19.0932
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	1.6440	-1.5238	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	-32.3231
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.2296	9.1189	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	27.3706
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-2.2296	9.1189	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	27.3706
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.8918	-2.2045	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	-19.0932
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	1.6440	-1.5238	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	-32.3231
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.9728	9.9635	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	36.4700
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-2.9728	9.9635	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	36.4700
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	2.5224	-5.1342	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	-25.4817
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	2.1921	-4.2267	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	-43.1217

Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.

Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	17.2045
Shear X	-4.9546
Shear Z	0.0000
Moment X	-0.0000
Moment Y (Twist)	0.0000
Moment Z	72.7718

Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.

Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	11.1608
Shear X	-2.9728
Shear Z	0.0000
Moment X	0.0000
Moment Y (Twist)	0.0000
Moment Z	43.1217

Project Details

Design Code: AISC 360-16 LRFD
 Provision: LRFD
 Country: United States
 User Name: sales@mtsolar.us
 Unit System: imperial

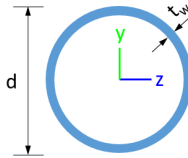


Design Input Information

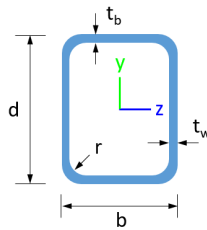
Design Factors			
Φ_t	Φ_c	Φ_b	Φ_v
0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9

Design Materials			
ID	E (ksi)	F_y (ksi)	F_u (ksi)
1	29000	50	65

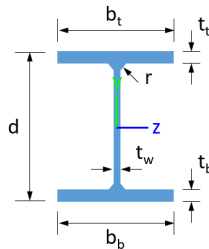
Section Dimensions



ID	Name	d (in)	t_w (in)				
3	2in Pipe Sch 120	2.38	0.25				
6	4in Pipe Sch 120	4.50	0.44				
9	8in Pipe Sch 40	8.63	0.32				



ID	Name	d (in)	b (in)	t_w (in)	t_b (in)	r (in)	
17	HSS5x3x1/4	5.00	3.00	0.23	0.23	0.23	



ID	Name	d (in)	t_w (in)	b_t (in)	b_b (in)	t_t (in)	t_b (in)	r (in)
20	W10x12	9.87	0.19	3.96	3.96	0.21	0.21	0.30

Section Properties

ID	Name	A (in ²)	J (in ⁴)	I_{yp} (in ⁴)	I_{zp} (in ⁴)	I_w (in ⁶)	S_{yp} (in ³)	S_{zp} (in ³)
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15	159.30	15.83	46.90	6.46	56.26	44.91
16	159.30	15.83	46.90	6.46	56.26	44.91

Design Ratio

Member ID	P	M _z	M _y	V _y	V _z	(P,M _z ,M _y)	Worst LC	KL/r	δ	Status
1	0.090	0.874	0.000	0.044	0.000	0.882	#16	0.481	Not Required	Pass
2	0.002	0.552	0.177	0.112	0.033	0.730	#13	0.036	Not Required	Pass
3	0.002	0.840	0.015	0.084	0.003	0.846	#13	0.046	Not Required	Pass
4	0.002	0.770	0.058	0.077	0.012	0.799	#13	0.082	Not Required	Pass
5	0.002	0.521	0.060	0.083	0.016	0.536	#13	0.076	Not Required	Pass
6	0.002	0.840	0.015	0.084	0.003	0.846	#13	0.046	Not Required	Pass
7	0.002	0.521	0.060	0.083	0.016	0.536	#13	0.076	Not Required	Pass
8	0.000	0.200	0.101	0.048	0.004	0.287	#13	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
9	0.008	0.094	0.037	0.001	0.000	0.134	#13	0.206	Not Required	Pass
10	0.002	0.770	0.058	0.077	0.012	0.799	#13	0.082	Not Required	Pass
11	0.000	0.218	0.101	0.052	0.004	0.305	#13	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
12	0.002	0.552	0.177	0.112	0.033	0.730	#13	0.036	Not Required	Pass
13	0.003	0.531	0.159	0.065	0.005	0.650	#13	0.204	Not Required	Pass
14	0.004	0.496	0.159	0.060	0.005	0.608	#13	0.204	Not Required	Pass
15	0.000	0.218	0.101	0.052	0.004	0.305	#13	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
16	0.000	0.200	0.101	0.048	0.004	0.287	#13	Not Required	Not Required	Pass

Definitions

Φ _t	Safety factor for tensile
Φ _c	Safety factor for compression
Φ _b	Safety factor for flexure
Φ _v	Safety factor for shear
E	Modulus of elasticity
F _y	Specified minimum yield stress
F _u	Specified minimum tensile strength
A	Cross-sectional area
J	Torsional constant
I _{yp}	Moment of inertia about the Y axes
I _{zp}	Moment of inertia about the Z axes
I _w	Warping constant
S _{yp}	Plastic section modulus about the Y axis
S _{zp}	Plastic section modulus about the Z axis
KL	Effective length
C _b	Buckling modification factor (from all load combinations)
L _b	Length between braced points
LST	Limited slenderness for tension
LSC	Limited slenderness for compression
LD	Limited deflection
P _n	Nominal axial strength (tension/compression)
M _n	Nominal flexural strength (about Z/Y axis)
V _n	Nominal shear strength (along Z/Y axis)
P	Design ratio in case of axial force
M _z	Design ratio in case of bending about Z axis
M _y	Design ratio in case of bending about Y axis
V _y	Design ratio in case of shear along Y axis
V _z	Design ratio in case of shear along Z axis
(P,M _z ,M _y)	Design ratio in case of axial force and bending action
KL/r	Design ratio in case of section slenderness
δ	Design ratio in case of member deflection
OK	Capacity is provided
NG	Capacity is not provided

REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS
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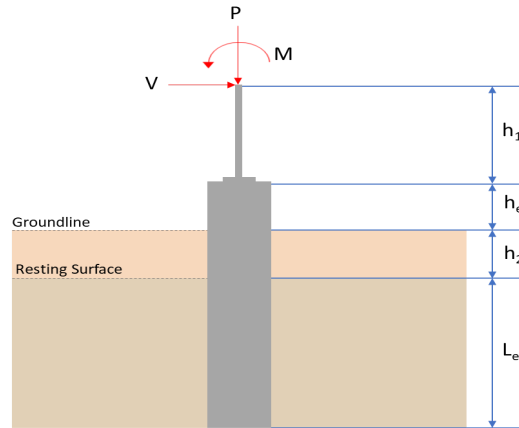
SkyCiv Foundation Design

Pile Foundation

Design Information :

Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code)
Unit System : Imperial

Pile Input



Geometry

Pile shape: round

$D = 36$ in - Pile diameter

$L = 15$ ft - Total pile length

$h_1 = 0$ ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile,

$h_2 = 0$ ft - Depth to resisting surface

$h_e = 0$ ft - Length of pile above the ground

Tabulation of Soil Parameters

Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)
1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000

Tabulation of Loads

Load Component	ASD	LRFD
P (kip)	11.161	17.205
V_x (kip)	-2.973	-4.955
V_z (kip)	0.000	0.000
M_x (kipft)	0.000	0.000
M_z (kipft)	43.122	72.772

Material Properties

$f'_{ck} = 2.5$ ksi - Concrete strength,

Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD)

H - Point of application of the lateral load

$$H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$$

$$H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$H = 0 \text{ ft}$$

Considering x-direction:

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-2.973 \text{ kip})}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.991 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(43.122 \text{ kipft}) + ((-2.973 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 14.374 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,x} = 9.6666 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in x-direction,

Considering z-direction:

$L_{e,z} = 0 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in z-direction,

Minimum embedded depth required:

$L_{e,req}$ - Depth of pile required,

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$$

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(9.6666 \text{ ft}), (0 \text{ ft})]$$

$$L_{e,req} = 9.667 \text{ ft}$$

L_e - Actual embedded length of pile,

$$L_e = L - h_e - h_2$$

$$L_e = (15 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$L_e = 15 \text{ ft}$$

Ratio - Embedded depth

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(9.667 \text{ ft})}{(15 \text{ ft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.64447$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.640**

End-bearing Capacity (ASD)

A - Pile cross-section area

$$A = \pi \left(\frac{D}{2}\right)^2$$

$$A = \pi \times \left(\frac{(36 \text{ in})}{2}\right)^2$$

$$A = 7.0686 \text{ ft}^2$$

q - End-bearing pressure

$$q = \frac{P_v}{A}$$

$$q = \frac{(11.161 \text{ kip})}{(7.0686 \text{ ft}^2)}$$

$$q = 1.579 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check bearing capacity ratio:

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(1.579 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.78948$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.790**

Czerniak **Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):**

L/D - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,

$$L/D = \frac{L}{D}$$

$$L/D = \frac{(15 \text{ ft})}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$L/D = 5$$

Since $L/D \leq 10$,

Pile is short.

Considering x-direction:

$H_o = -0.991 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 14.374 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_c) + (3 H_o L_c^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_c)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (14.374 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (15 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.991 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (15 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (14.374 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.991 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (15 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 10.51 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{1.178 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_c)]^2}{L_c^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_c)]}$$

$$p = \frac{1.178 \times [(4 \times (14.374 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.991 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (15 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(15 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (14.374 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.991 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (15 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.065068 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{9.425 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_c)]}{L_c^2}$$

$$s = \frac{9.425 \times [(2 \times (14.374 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.991 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (15 \text{ ft}))]}{(15 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.58154 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(10.51 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.78826 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.065068 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.78826 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.082546$$

p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (15 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 2.25 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

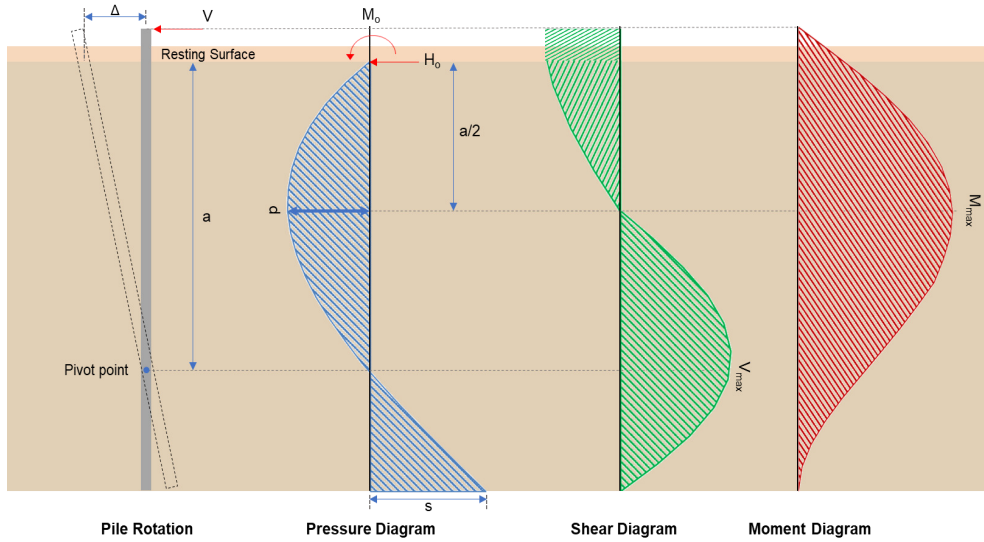
$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.58154 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2.25 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.080**

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{\dots}{(2.25 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.25846$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.260**



Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-4.955 \text{ kip})}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -1.6517 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(72.772 \text{ kipft}) + ((-4.955 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 24.257 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(24.257 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-1.6517 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 14.687 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (24.257 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (15 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-1.6517 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (15 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (24.257 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-1.6517 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (15 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 10.506 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 + 4 \left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-1.6517 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (36 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (14.687 \text{ ft})}{(15 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(10.506 \text{ ft})}{(15 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 + 4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (14.687 \text{ ft})}{(15 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(10.506 \text{ ft})}{(15 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 11.858 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-1.6517 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (15 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(14.687 \text{ ft})}{(15 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(10.506 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (15 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (14.687 \text{ ft})}{(15 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(10.506 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (15 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (14.687 \text{ ft})}{(15 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(10.506 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (15 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 82.241 \text{ kipft}$$

Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$ - Concrete strength,

$f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$ - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,

$\phi = 0.65$ - Reduction factor for axial strength,

$\alpha = 0.85$ - Alpha factor for axial strength,

$A_g = 1017.9 \text{ in}^2$ - Gross area of concrete,

Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load, $A_{st,required}$

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{(17.205 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.85)} - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (1017.9 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (1017.9 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -36.835 \text{ in}^2$$

A_{min} - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-36.835 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (1017.9 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 1.8322 \text{ in}^2$$

n_{rebar} - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(1.8322 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 6$$

A_{st} - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (6) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 1.8408 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(1.8322 \text{ in}^2)}{(1.8408 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.99533$$

25.2.3

s_{rebar} - Minimum spacing of reinforcement,

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **1.000**

<p>25.7.2.2 25.7.2.1</p>	$s_{rebar} = Max[1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$ $s_{rebar} = Max[1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$ $s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$ <p>Ties: Since longitudinal reinforcement is \leq No. 10: Use #3(0.375 in) s_{ties} - Maximum center-to-center spacing of ties,</p> $s_{ties} = Min[(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), D]$ $s_{ties} = Min[(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), (36 \text{ in})]$ $s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$ <p>Summary:</p> <p>Main reinforcement: 6 - #5 (0.625 in) Ties: #3(0.375 in) - 10 in</p>	
<p>22.4.2.2</p>	<p>Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p>ϕP_N - Allowable axial compressive strength</p> $\phi P_N = \phi 0.85 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st})]$ $\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times [(0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times [(1017.9 \text{ in}^2) - (1.8408 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (1.8408 \text{ in}^2))]$ $\phi P_N = 1253.9 \text{ kip}$ <p>Ratio - Capacity</p> $Ratio = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$ $Ratio = \frac{(17.205 \text{ kip})}{(1253.9 \text{ kip})}$ $Ratio = 0.013721$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.010</p>
<p>22.5.2.2 22.5.5.1.3 22.5.5.1.1 22.5.5.1.1(a)</p>	<p>Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p>Parameters: $b_w = 36 \text{ in}$ - Effective width, d - Effective depth</p> $d = 0.80 D$ $d = 0.80 \times (36 \text{ in})$ $d = 28.8 \text{ in}$ <p>λ_s - size effect modification factor</p> $\lambda_s = MIN \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$ $\lambda_s = MIN \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(28.8 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$ $\lambda_s = 0.71796$ <p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $V_{c,max}$ - Max shear strength of concrete</p> $V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.71796) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})$ $V_{c,max} = 186.09 \text{ kip}$ <p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $P = 17.205 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 17205 \text{ lbf}$, $V_{c,a}$ - Shear strength of concrete (a)</p> $V_{c,a} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + \frac{P}{6 A_g} \right] b_w d$	

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \times (0.71796) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + \frac{(17205 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (1017.9 \text{ in}^2)} \right] \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 77.359 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{c,b}$ - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + (0.05 f'_{ck}) \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \times (0.71796) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi})) \right] \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 204.04 \text{ kip}$$

V_c - Governing shear strength of concrete

$$V_c = \text{Min} [V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min} [(186.09 \text{ kip}), (77.359 \text{ kip}), (204.04 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 77.359 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{s,a}$ - Shear strength of steel (a)

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{s,a} = 414.72 \text{ kip}$$

A_v - Ties rebar area,

$$A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$$

22.5.8.5.3 $V_{s,b}$ - Shear strength of steel (b)

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{ywk} d}{s_{ties}}$$

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$$

$$V_{s,b} = 38.17 \text{ kip}$$

V_s - Governing shear strength of steel

$$V_s = \text{MIN} [V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$$

$$V_s = \text{MIN} [(414.72 \text{ kip}), (38.17 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_s = 38.17 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.1.1 ϕV_n - Allowable shear strength

$$\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$$

$$\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((77.359 \text{ kip}) + (38.17 \text{ kip}))$$

$$\phi V_n = 75.094 \text{ kip}$$

Considering x-direction:

$V_{max} = 11.858 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the x-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(11.858 \text{ kip})}{(75.094 \text{ kip})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.15791$$

Status: **PASS**
 Ratio: **0.158**

Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD) S_m - Section modulus

$$S_m = \frac{\pi D^3}{32}$$

$$S_m = \frac{\pi \times (36 \text{ in})^3}{32}$$

$$S_m = 4580.4 \text{ in}^3$$

 $\lambda = 1$ - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete),

Allowable flexural strength:

 M_n shall be the lesser of: $\phi M_{n,1}$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{2.5 \text{ ksi}} \times 4580.442 \text{ in}^3$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 62.027 \text{ kipft}$$

14.5.2.1b

 $\phi M_{n,2}$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 f'_c S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (4580.4 \text{ in}^3)$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = 527.23 \text{ kipft}$$

Therefore,

 ϕM_n - Allowable flexural strength,

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$$

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(62.027 \text{ kipft}), (527.23 \text{ kipft})]$$

$$\phi M_n = 62.027 \text{ kipft}$$

Considering x-direction: $M_{max} = 82.241 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the x-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(82.241 \text{ kipft})}{(62.027 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 1.3259$$

Status: **FAIL**
Ratio: **1.330**