

# Your Project Calculations



Project Name: Reduce global warning A

S3D Model Link:

[https://platform.skyciv.com/structural?preload\\_name=Reduce%20global%20warning%20A&preload\\_path=Shared%20Enterprise%20Folder/MT\\_Solar\\_Projects/6\\_2023](https://platform.skyciv.com/structural?preload_name=Reduce%20global%20warning%20A&preload_path=Shared%20Enterprise%20Folder/MT_Solar_Projects/6_2023)

Public Model Link:

[https://platform.skyciv.com/structural-viewer?project\\_id=eCg8SjbiVPw6ws27DLYzyYOMWZBLFqHndRkyODHRf24mn5H1uHaYhKDOGJR206M](https://platform.skyciv.com/structural-viewer?project_id=eCg8SjbiVPw6ws27DLYzyYOMWZBLFqHndRkyODHRf24mn5H1uHaYhKDOGJR206M)

## Array Specification

Product:	Beam
Unique ID:	1P-0-6TOP-SD-57-L-5Hx3W-675E
Duty Classification:	SD
Module Width:	40.80 in
Module Length:	69.40in
Number of Rows:	5
Number of Columns:	3
Total Number of Modules:	15
Desired Tilt Angle:	60
Front Edge Clearance:	5
Total Array Height at Tilt:	19.81 ft
Total Frame Length:	17.00 ft
Frame Weight:	814 lbs
Array Dimensions N/S:	17.21 ft
Array Dimensions E/W:	17.60 ft
Rail Length:	206.50 in
Rail Spacing:	2.89 ft
Rail Check:	Not Checked

## Support Specifications

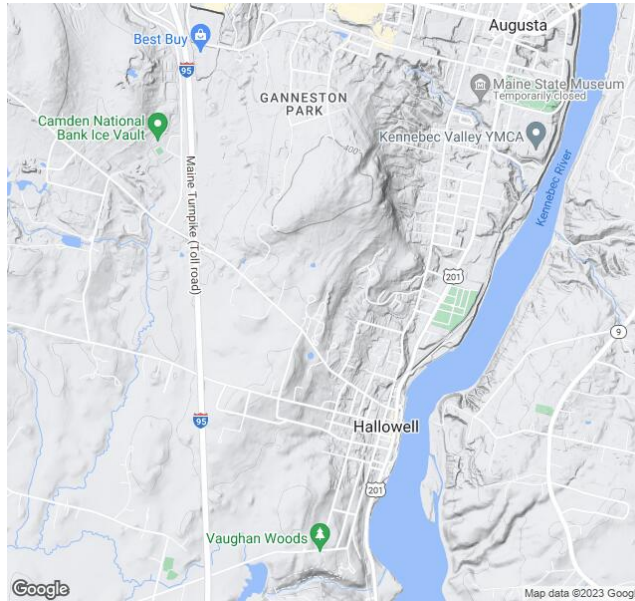
Pole Size:	6in Pipe Sch 80
Pole Length above Grade:	12.45 ft
Number of Poles:	1
Pole Spacing:	0

## Foundation Specifications

Foundation Type:	Square
Foundation Dimensions:	48 x 48 in
Foundation Depth (below grade):	Pile 1: 6.75 ft
Foundation Volume:	4.000 y <sup>3</sup>
Foundation Result:	PASSED
Mount Twist:	0.000011 kip

## Site Info

Risk Category:	I
Exposure:	B
Soil Classification:	sand
Site Location:	42 Beech Ln, Bethel, ME 04217, USA
Wind Speed:	99 mph
Snow Load:	101 psf
Design Uplift Pressure:	0.015150 ksf
Design Downforce Pressure:	-0.015150 ksf
Design Snow Pressure:	0.011106 ksf



### Design Disclaimer

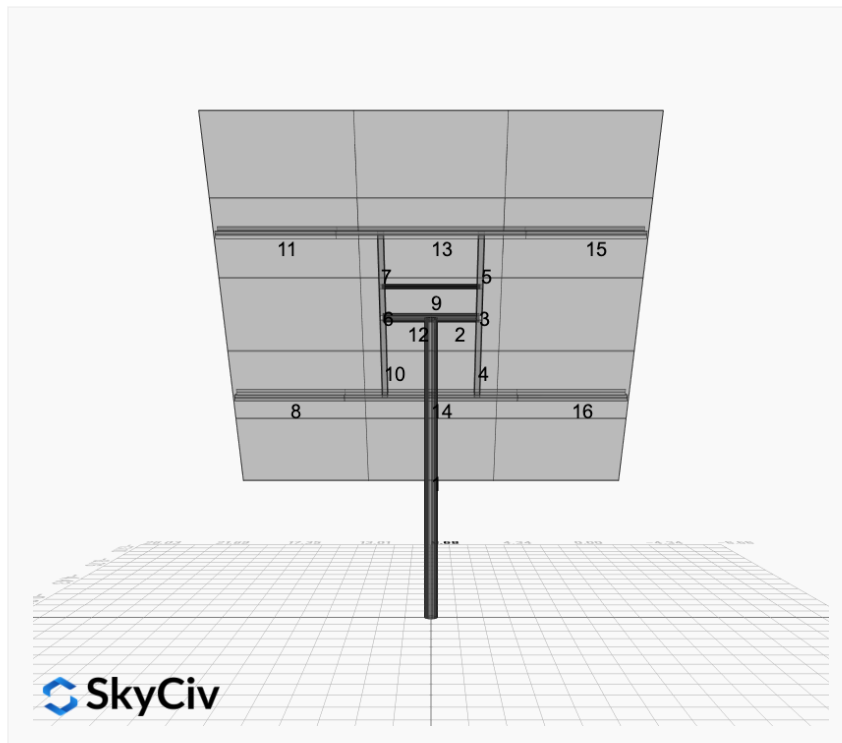
This software should be used for preliminary designs and should not be used as a final design unless reviewed, verified and designed by a qualified structural engineer.

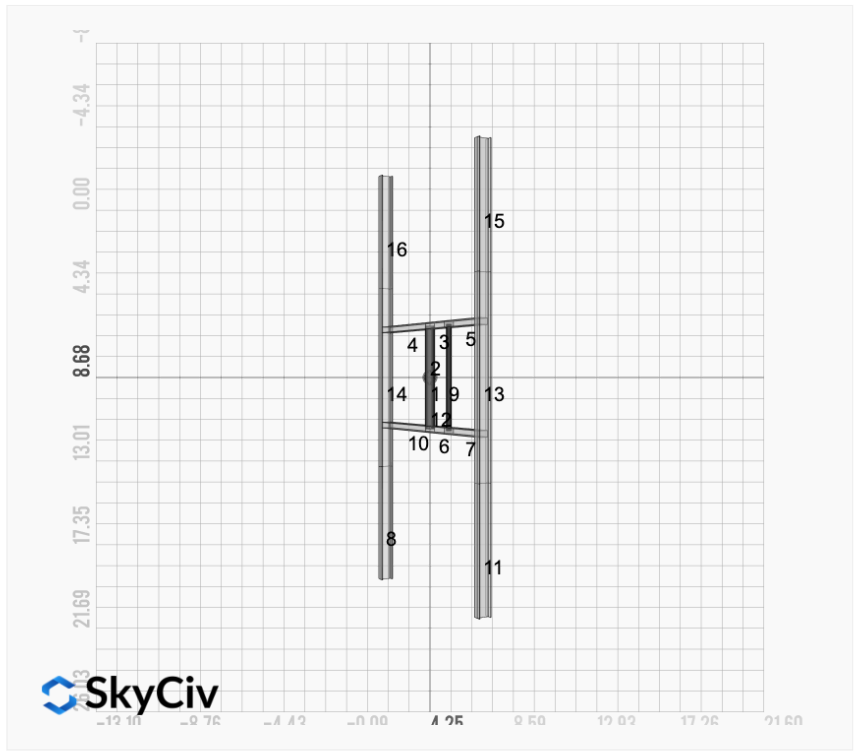
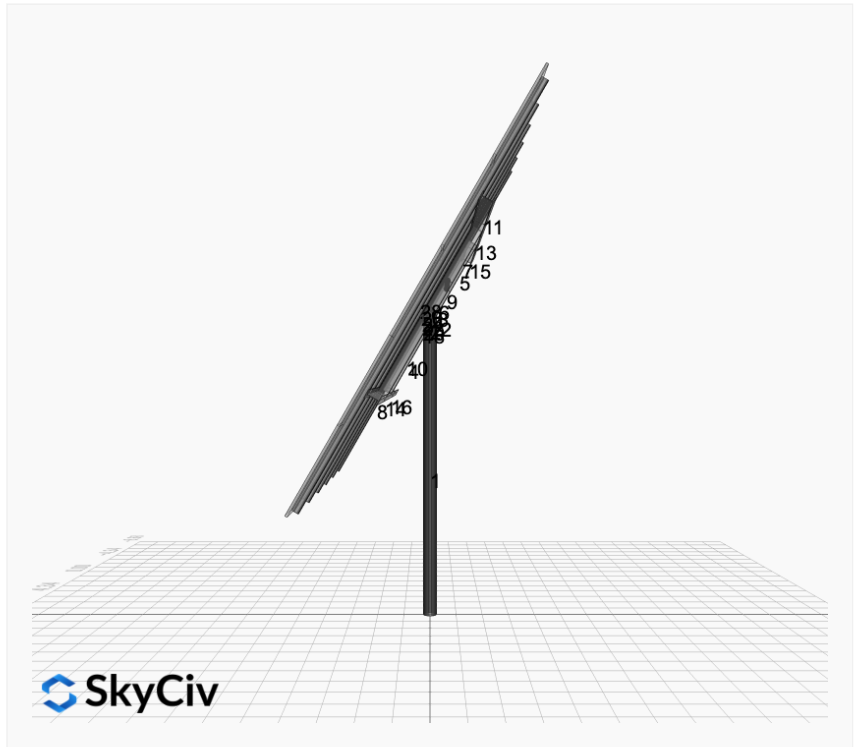
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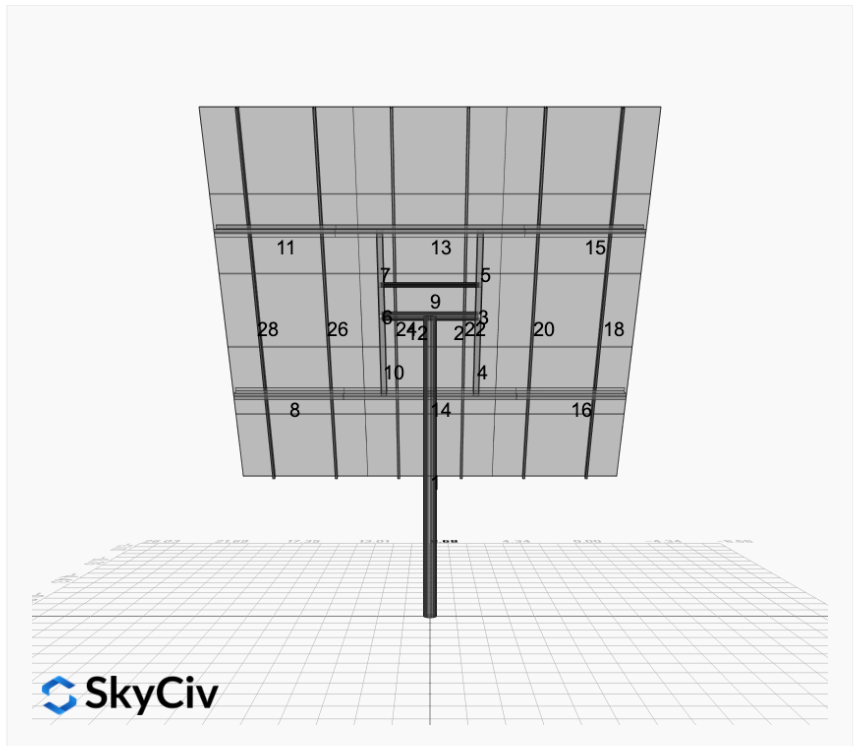
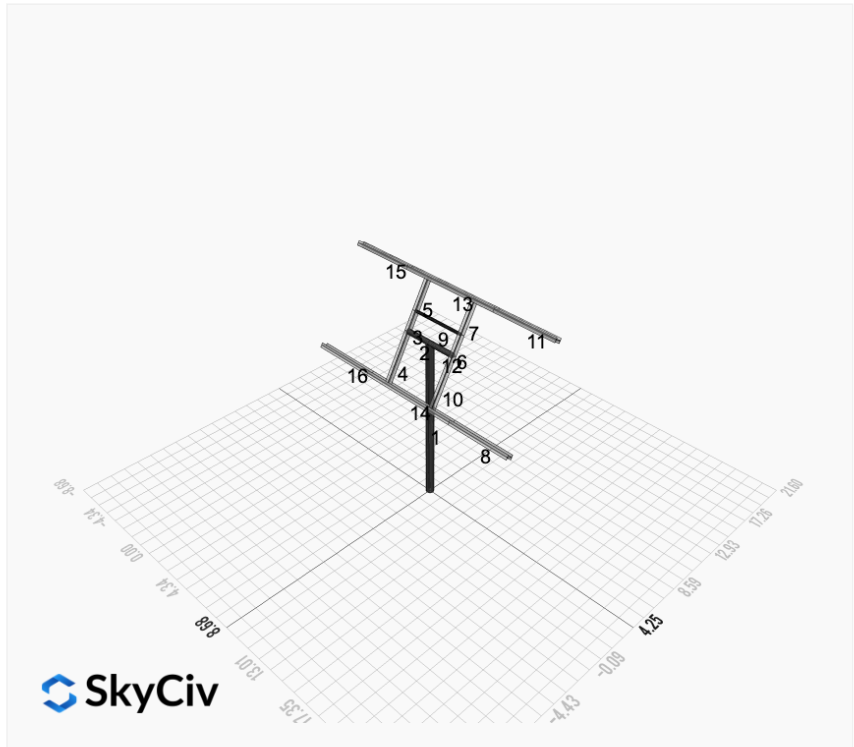
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### Design Notes:

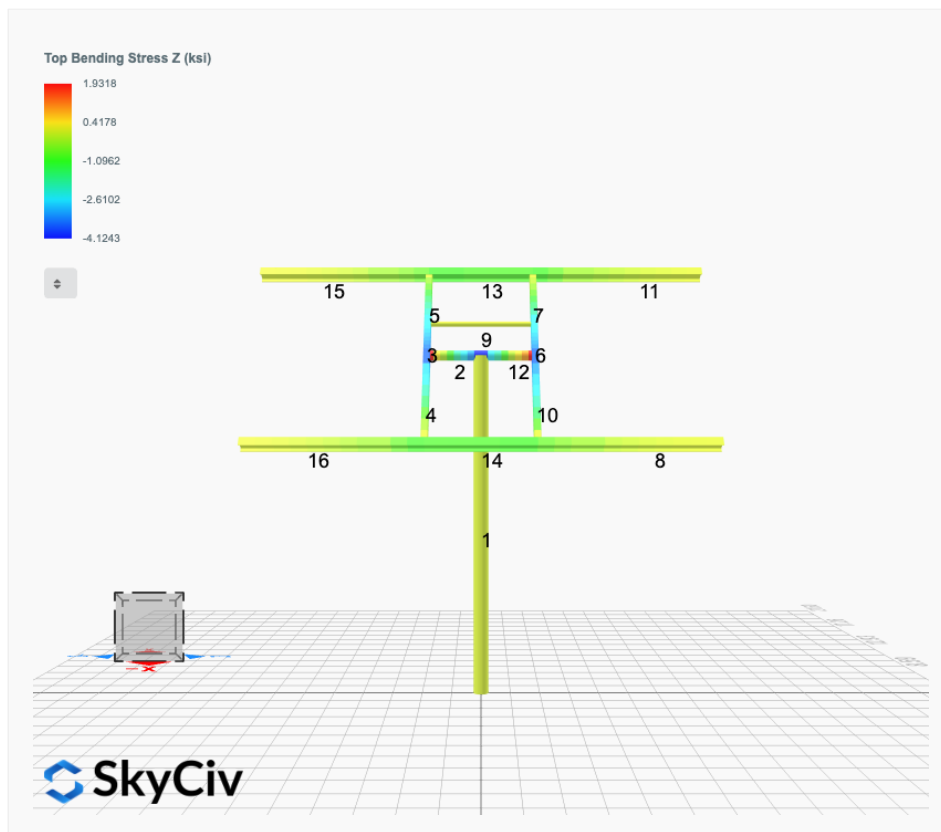
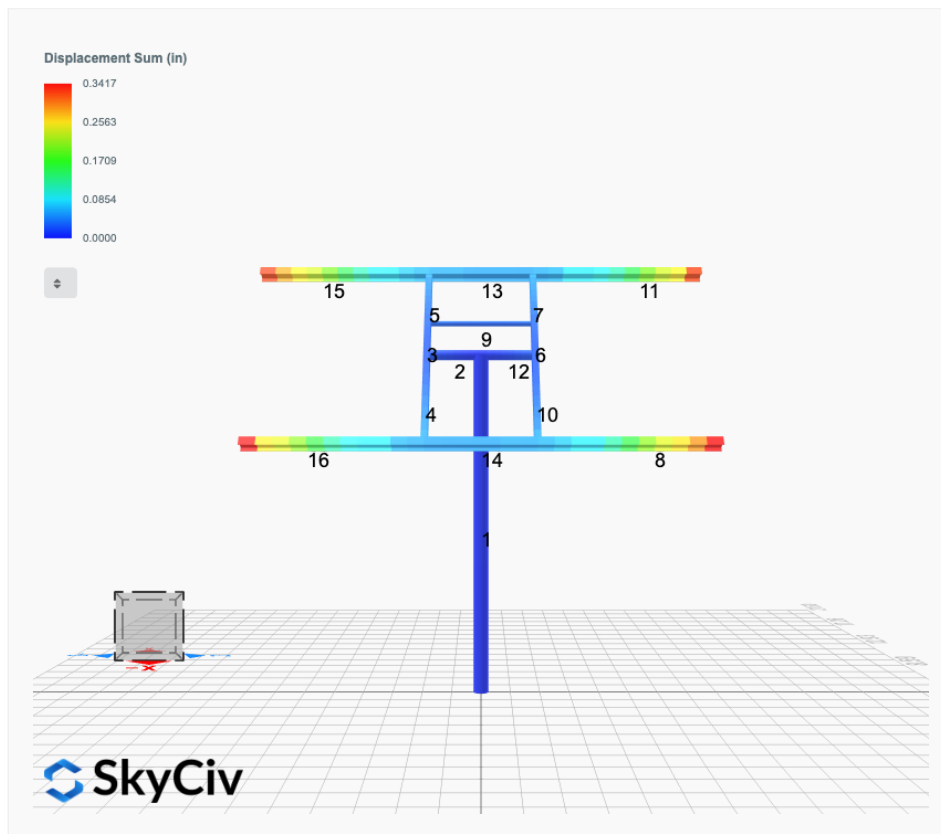
- AISC Deflection checks are set to L/1 due to structure design intent
- Foundation Design and Sizing is approximate only

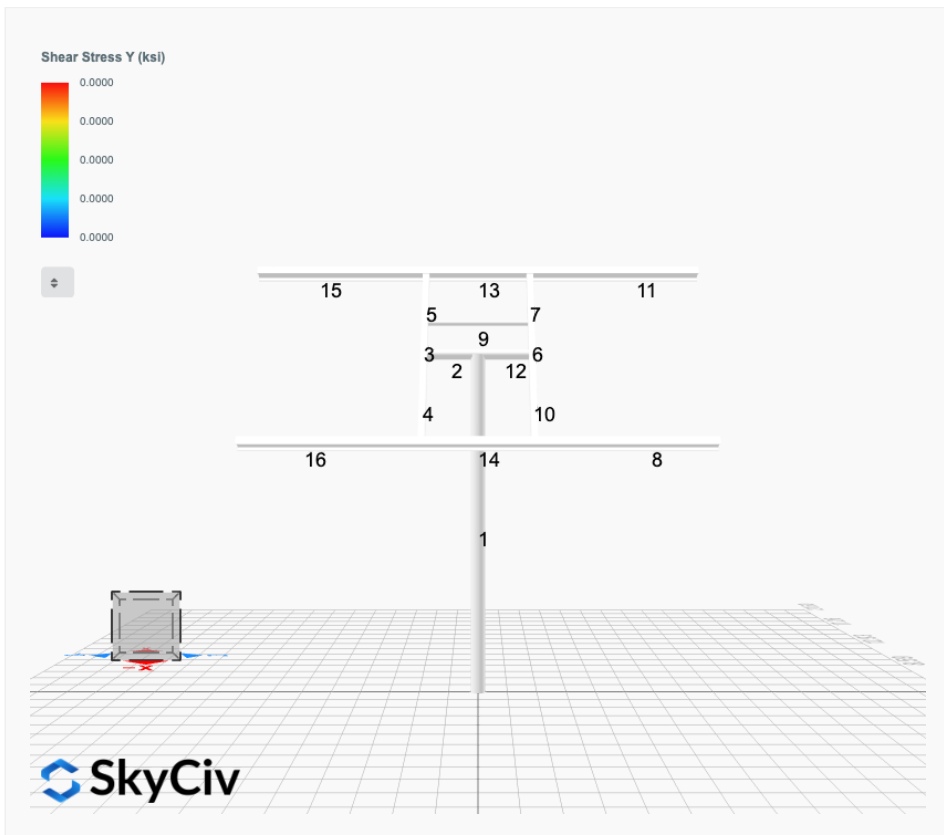
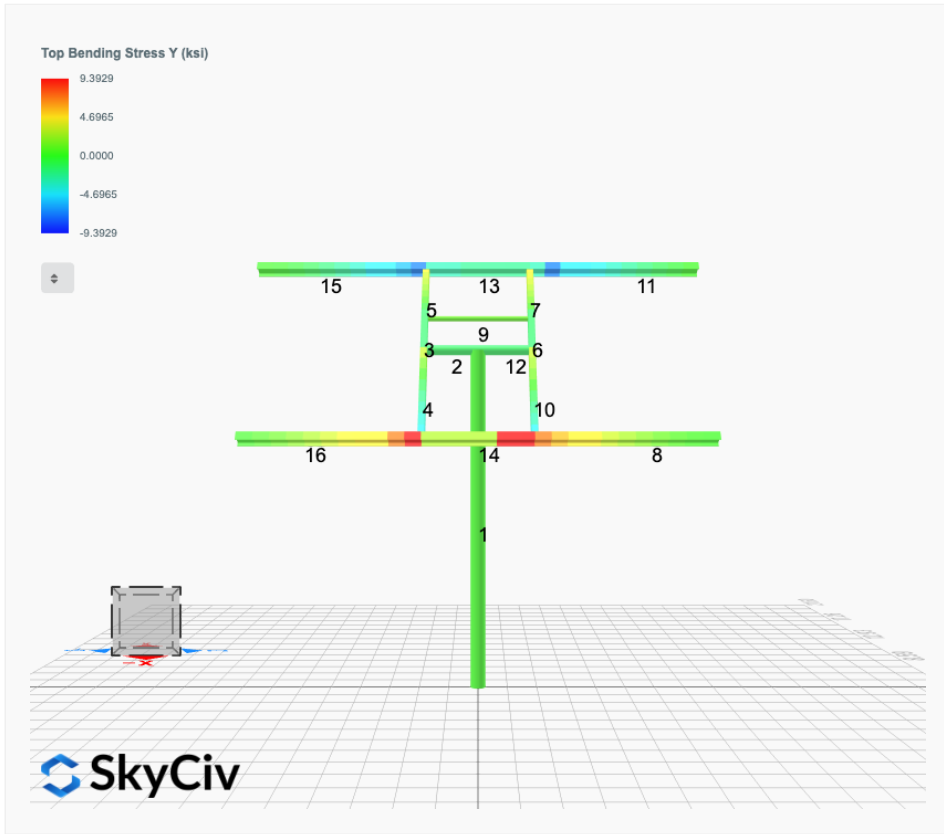


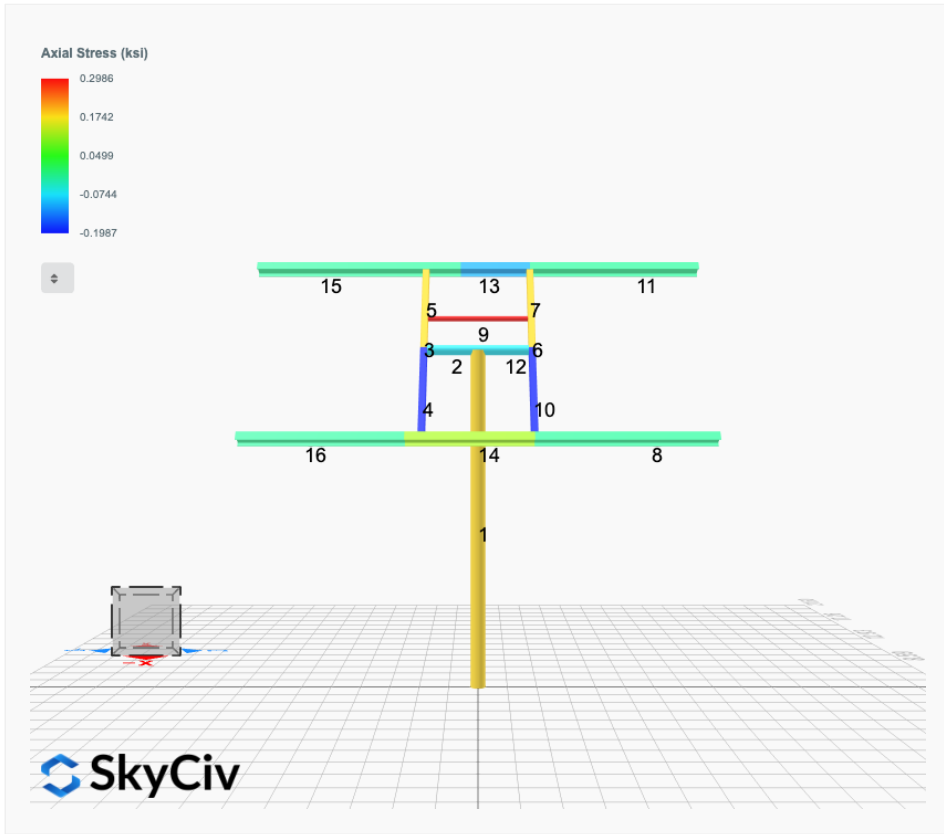




## FEM Results (Envelope Worst Case for each member)







## Reaction Forces for Foundation 1 (Node ID#1), (kip, kip-ft)

### ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	0.0000	2.2058	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0137
ULS: 2. D + L	0.0000	2.2058	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0137
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0000	3.8303	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0179
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0000	2.2058	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0137
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0000	3.4242	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0169
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0000	2.2058	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0137
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	0.0000	2.2058	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0137
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	0.0000	3.4242	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0169
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	0.0000	1.3235	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0082
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.3842	3.5824	-0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	30.1402
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	0.0000	2.2058	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0137
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	2.3842	0.8293	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	-29.2492
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0000	2.2058	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0137
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.7882	4.4566	-0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	22.6117
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	0.0000	3.4242	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0169
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.7882	2.3918	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	-21.9303
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0000	3.4242	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0169
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.7882	3.2382	-0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	22.6086
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	0.0000	2.2058	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0137
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.7882	1.1734	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	-21.9335
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0000	2.2058	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0137
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.3842	2.7000	-0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	30.1347
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	0.0000	1.3235	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0082
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	2.3842	-0.0531	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	-29.2547
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0000	1.3235	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0082

### Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.  
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	6.3933
Shear X	-3.9737
Shear Z	0.0000
Moment X	0.0000
Moment Y (Twist)	0.0000
Moment Z	51.4385

### Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.  
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	4.4566
Shear X	-2.3842
Shear Z	-0.0000
Moment X	0.0000
Moment Y (Twist)	0.0000
Moment Z	30.1402

## Project Details

Design Code: AISC 360-16 LRFD  
 Provision: LRFD  
 Country: United States

User Name: sales@mtsolar.us  
 Project Name: Reduce global warning A  
 Unit System: imperial



## Design Input Information

Design Factors			
$\Phi_t$	$\Phi_c$	$\Phi_b$	$\Phi_v$
0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9

Design Materials			
ID	E (ksi)	F <sub>y</sub> (ksi)	F <sub>u</sub> (ksi)
1	29000	50	65

Section Dimensions							

ID	Name	d (in)	t <sub>w</sub> (in)				
1	2in Pipe Sch 40	2.38	0.15				
4	4in Pipe Sch 40	4.50	0.24				
8	6in Pipe Sch 80	6.63	0.43				

Section Dimensions							

ID	Name	d (in)	b (in)	t <sub>w</sub> (in)	t <sub>b</sub> (in)	r (in)	
15	HSS5x3x1/8	5.00	3.00	0.12	0.12	0.12	

Section Dimensions							

ID	Name	d (in)	t <sub>w</sub> (in)	b <sub>t</sub> (in)	b <sub>b</sub> (in)	t <sub>t</sub> (in)	t <sub>b</sub> (in)	r (in)
18	W6x9	5.90	0.17	3.94	3.94	0.21	0.21	0.25

Section Properties								
ID	Name	A (in <sup>2</sup> )	J (in <sup>4</sup> )	I <sub>yp</sub> (in <sup>4</sup> )	I <sub>zp</sub> (in <sup>4</sup> )	I <sub>w</sub> (in <sup>6</sup> )	S <sub>yp</sub> (in <sup>3</sup> )	S <sub>zp</sub> (in <sup>3</sup> )
1	2in Pipe Sch 40	1.07	1.33	0.67	0.67	0.00	0.76	0.76
4	4in Pipe Sch 40	3.17	14.47	7.23	7.23	0.00	4.31	4.31



10	79.65	72.01	10.99	4.60	29.14	16.61
11	120.60	34.69	23.36	6.45	30.09	45.74
12	142.83	141.72	16.17	16.17	42.85	42.85
13	120.60	98.23	18.13	6.45	30.09	45.74
14	120.60	98.23	18.13	6.45	30.09	45.74
15	120.60	34.69	23.36	6.45	30.09	45.74
16	120.60	34.69	23.36	6.45	30.09	45.74

## Design Ratio

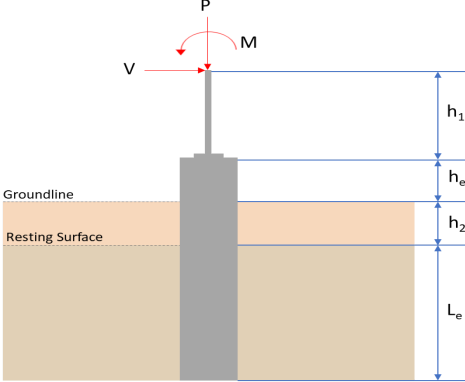
Member ID	P	M <sub>z</sub>	M <sub>y</sub>	V <sub>y</sub>	V <sub>z</sub>	(P,M <sub>z</sub> ,M <sub>y</sub> )	Worst LC	KL/r	δ	Status
1	0.069	0.827	0.000	0.035	0.000	0.858	#13	0.715	Not Required	Pass
2	0.005	0.268	0.253	0.070	0.046	0.513	#13	0.034	Not Required	Pass
3	0.014	0.526	0.115	0.052	0.005	0.604	#13	0.044	Not Required	Pass
4	0.013	0.523	0.380	0.052	0.046	0.678	#13	0.078	Not Required	Pass
5	0.014	0.327	0.398	0.052	0.059	0.405	#6	0.073	Not Required	Pass
6	0.014	0.526	0.115	0.052	0.005	0.604	#13	0.044	Not Required	Pass
7	0.014	0.327	0.398	0.052	0.059	0.405	#6	0.073	Not Required	Pass
8	0.000	0.085	0.207	0.028	0.012	0.272	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
9	0.021	0.026	0.060	0.001	0.000	0.091	#13	0.198	Not Required	Pass
10	0.013	0.523	0.380	0.052	0.046	0.678	#13	0.078	Not Required	Pass
11	0.000	0.085	0.207	0.028	0.012	0.272	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
12	0.005	0.268	0.253	0.070	0.046	0.513	#13	0.034	Not Required	Pass
13	0.008	0.212	0.387	0.038	0.017	0.545	#21	0.177	Not Required	Pass
14	0.008	0.215	0.387	0.038	0.017	0.545	#21	0.177	Not Required	Pass
15	0.000	0.085	0.207	0.028	0.012	0.272	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
16	0.000	0.085	0.207	0.028	0.012	0.272	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass

## Definitions

$\Phi_t$	Safety factor for tensile
$\Phi_c$	Safety factor for compression
$\Phi_b$	Safety factor for flexure
$\Phi_v$	Safety factor for shear
E	Modulus of elasticity
F <sub>y</sub>	Specified minimum yield stress
F <sub>u</sub>	Specified minimum tensile strength
A	Cross-sectional area
J	Torsional constant
I <sub>yp</sub>	Moment of inertia about the Y axes
I <sub>zp</sub>	Moment of inertia about the Z axes
I <sub>w</sub>	Warping constant
S <sub>yp</sub>	Plastic section modulus about the Y axis
S <sub>zp</sub>	Plastic section modulus about the Z axis
KL	Effective length
C <sub>b</sub>	Buckling modification factor (from all load combinations)
L <sub>b</sub>	Length between braced points
LST	Limited slenderness for tension
LSC	Limited slenderness for compression
LD	Limited deflection
P <sub>n</sub>	Nominal axial strength (tension/compression)
M <sub>n</sub>	Nominal flexural strength (about Z/Y axis)
V <sub>n</sub>	Nominal shear strength (along Z/Y axis)
P	Design ratio in case of axial force
M <sub>z</sub>	Design ratio in case of bending about Z axis
M <sub>y</sub>	Design ratio in case of bending about Y axis
V <sub>y</sub>	Design ratio in case of shear along Y axis
V <sub>z</sub>	Design ratio in case of shear along Z axis
(P,M <sub>z</sub> ,M <sub>y</sub> )	Design ratio in case of axial force and bending action
KL/r	Design ratio in case of section slenderness
δ	Design ratio in case of member deflection
OK	Capacity is provided

OK  
NG

Capacity is provided  
Capacity is not provided

REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS																										
	<p><b>SkyCiv Foundation Design</b> Pile Foundation</p> <p><b>Design Information :</b> Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code) Unit System : Imperial</p>																											
	<p><b>Pile Input</b></p>  <p><b>Geometry</b> Pile shape: rectangular <math>b = 48</math> in - Pile width <math>D = 48</math> in - Pile depth <math>L = 6.75</math> ft - Total pile length <math>h_1 = 0</math> ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile, <math>h_2 = 0</math> ft - Depth to resting surface <math>h_e = 0</math> ft - Length of pile above the ground</p> <p><b>Tabulation of Soil Parameters</b></p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Layer</th> <th>Label</th> <th>Allowable Bearing Pressure (<math>q_n</math>) (psf)</th> <th>Allowable Lateral Pressure (<math>R</math>) (psf/ft)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel &amp; clayey gravel</td> <td>2000.000</td> <td>150.000</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><b>Tabulation of Loads</b></p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Load Component</th> <th>ASD</th> <th>LRFD</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><math>P</math> (kip)</td> <td>4.457</td> <td>6.393</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>V_x</math> (kip)</td> <td>-2.384</td> <td>-3.974</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>V_z</math> (kip)</td> <td>0.000</td> <td>0.000</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>M_x</math> (kipft)</td> <td>0.000</td> <td>0.000</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>M_z</math> (kipft)</td> <td>30.140</td> <td>51.439</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><b>Material Properties</b> <math>f'_{ck} = 2.5</math> ksi - Concrete strength,</p>	Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure ( $q_n$ ) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure ( $R$ ) (psf/ft)	1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000	Load Component	ASD	LRFD	$P$ (kip)	4.457	6.393	$V_x$ (kip)	-2.384	-3.974	$V_z$ (kip)	0.000	0.000	$M_x$ (kipft)	0.000	0.000	$M_z$ (kipft)	30.140	51.439	
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$M_z$ (kipft)	30.140	51.439																										
	<p><b>Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD)</b> <math>H</math> - Point of application of the lateral load</p> $H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$ $H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$ $H = 0 \text{ ft}$ <p><b>Considering x-direction:</b> <math>H_o</math> - Lateral force per length of pile,</p> $H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$ $H_o = \frac{(-2.384 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $H_o = -0.37962 \text{ kip/ft}$ <p><math>M_o</math> - Moment per length of pile,</p> $M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$																											

	$M_o = \frac{(30.14 \text{ kipft}) + ((-2.384 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $M_o = 4.7994 \text{ kipft/ft}$ <p>Required depth of embedment in earth:</p> $L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$ <p>Solving the cubic equation:  <math>L_{e,x} = 6.2317 \text{ ft}</math> - Required depth in x-direction,</p> <p><b>Considering z-direction:</b>  <math>L_{e,z} = 0 \text{ ft}</math> - Required depth in z-direction,</p> <p><b>Minimum embedded depth required:</b>  <math>L_{e,req}</math> - Depth of pile required,</p> $L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$ $L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(6.2317 \text{ ft}), (0 \text{ ft})]$ $L_{e,req} = 6.232 \text{ ft}$ <p><math>L_e</math> - Actual embedded length of pile,</p> $L_e = L - h_e - h_2$ $L_e = (6.75 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$ $L_e = 6.75 \text{ ft}$ <p><i>Ratio</i> - Embedded depth</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(6.232 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.92326$	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b>  Ratio: <b>0.920</b></p>
	<p><b>End-bearing Capacity (ASD)</b>  A - Pile cross-section area</p> $A = b D$ $A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$ $A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$ <p>q - End-bearing pressure</p> $q = \frac{P_v}{A}$ $q = \frac{(4.457 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$ $q = 0.27856 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p><b>Check bearing capacity ratio:</b>  <i>Ratio</i> - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_o}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.27856 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.13928$	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b>  Ratio: <b>0.140</b></p>
<p>Czerniak</p>	<p><b>Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):</b>  L/D - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,</p> $L/D = \frac{L}{D}$ $L/D = \frac{(6.75 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$	

$$L/D = 1.6875$$

Since  $L/D \leq 10$ ,

Pile is short.

**Considering x-direction:**

$H_o = -0.37962$  kip/ft - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 4.7994$  kipft/ft - Overturning moment per length of pile,

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (4.7994 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.37962 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (4.7994 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.37962 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.6477 \text{ ft}$$

$p$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $a/2$  from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (4.7994 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.37962 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(6.75 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (4.7994 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.37962 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.23517 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$s$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $L_e$ ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (4.7994 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.37962 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft}))]}{(6.75 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.92659 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

**Check lateral soil pressure capacity:**

$p_a$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$p_a = R \frac{q}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(4.6477 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.34857 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

*Ratio* - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.23517 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.34857 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.67467$$

$p_s$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $L_e$ ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 1.0125 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

*Ratio* - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.92659 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.0125 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.91515$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.670**

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.920**





### Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-3.974 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.6328 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(51.439 \text{ kipft}) + ((-3.974 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 8.1909 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

$E$  - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(8.1909 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.6328 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 12.944 \text{ ft}$$

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_c) + (3 H_o L_c^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_c)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (8.1909 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.6328 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (8.1909 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.6328 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.6451 \text{ ft}$$

$V_{max}$  - Max shear force located at depth  $a$ ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \left( \frac{4 E}{L_c} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_c} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \left( \frac{3 E}{L_c} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_c} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.6328 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \times \left( \frac{4 \times (12.944 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(4.6451 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \times \left( \frac{3 \times (12.944 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(4.6451 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 10.26 \text{ kip}$$

$M_{max}$  - Max bending moment located at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_c) \left[ \left( \frac{E}{L_c} + \frac{a}{2 L_c} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 E}{L_c} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_c} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 E}{L_c} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_c} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.6328 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft})) \times \left[ \left( \frac{(12.944 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(4.6451 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.75 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 \times (12.944 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(4.6451 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 \times (12.944 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(4.6451 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 33.072 \text{ kipft}$$

### Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

#### Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$  - Concrete strength,  
 $f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$  - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,  
 $\phi = 0.65$  - Reduction factor for axial strength,  
 $\alpha = 0.8$  - Alpha factor for axial strength,  
 $A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$  - Gross area of concrete,

Table 22.4.2.1

#### Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load,  $A_{st,required}$

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[ \frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[ \frac{\frac{(6.393 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -84.384 \text{ in}^2$$

$A_{min}$  - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-84.384 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$$

$n_{rebar}$  - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 14$$

$A_{st}$  - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.96556$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.970**

25.2.3

$s_{rebar}$  - Minimum spacing of reinforcement,

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$$

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$$

#### Ties:

25.7.2.2 Since longitudinal reinforcement is  $\leq$  No. 10: Use #3(0.375 in)

25.7.2.1  $s_{ties}$  - Maximum spacing of ties,

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), \text{Min} (D, b)]$$

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), \text{Min} ((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$$

#### Summary:

Main reinforcement: **14 - #5 (0.625 in)**

**Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)**22.4.2.2  $\phi P_N$  - Allowable axial compressive strength

$$\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st})]$$

$$\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times [(0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$\phi P_N = 2675.2 \text{ kip}$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(6.393 \text{ kip})}{(2675.2 \text{ kip})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.0023897$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.000****Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)****Parameters:** $b_w = 48 \text{ in}$  - Effective width,22.5.2.2  $d$  - Effective depth

$$d = 0.80 D$$

$$d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$d = 38.4 \text{ in}$$

22.5.5.1.3  $\lambda_s$  - size effect modification factor

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[ \sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[ \sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = 0.64282$$

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ ,22.5.5.1.1  $V_{c,max}$  - Max shear strength of concrete

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,max} = 296.21 \text{ kip}$$

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ ,  $P = 6.393 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 6393 \text{ lbf}$ ,22.5.5.1.1(a)  $V_{c,a}$  - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[ 2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + \frac{P}{6 A_g} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[ 2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + \frac{(6393 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 119.34 \text{ kip}$$

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ ,22.5.5.1.2  $V_{c,b}$  - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[ 2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + (0.05 f'_{ck}) \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[ 2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi})) \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 348.89 \text{ kip}$$

 $V_c$  - Governing shear strength of concrete

$$V_c = \text{Min}[V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min}[(296.21 \text{ kip}), (119.34 \text{ kip}), (348.89 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 119.34 \text{ kip}$$

<p>22.5.1.2</p>	<p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula <math>f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}</math>,</p> <p><math>V_{s,a}</math> - Shear strength of steel (a)</p> $V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ $V_{s,a} = 737.28 \text{ kip}$ <p><math>A_v</math> - Ties rebar area,</p> $A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$ $A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$ $A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$ <p>22.5.8.5.3 <math>V_{s,b}</math> - Shear strength of steel (b)</p> $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{ywk} d}{s_{ties}}$ $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$ $V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p><math>V_s</math> - Governing shear strength of steel</p> $V_s = MIN[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$ $V_s = MIN[(737.28 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$ $V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p>22.5.1.1 <math>\phi V_n</math> - Allowable shear strength</p> $\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$ $\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((119.34 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$ $\phi V_n = 110.65 \text{ kip}$ <p><b>Considering x-direction:</b></p> <p><math>V_{max} = 10.26 \text{ kip}</math> - Maximum shear force in the x-direction,  <b>Ratio</b> - Capacity</p> $Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $Ratio = \frac{(10.26 \text{ kip})}{(110.65 \text{ kip})}$ $Ratio = 0.09272$	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b>  Ratio: <b>0.090</b></p>
<p>14.5.2.1b</p>	<p><b>Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</b></p> <p><math>S_m</math> - Section modulus</p> $S_m = \frac{b D^2}{6}$ $S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$ $S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$ <p><math>\lambda = 1</math> - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete),  Allowable flexural strength:  <math>M_n</math> shall be the lesser of:</p> <p><math>\phi M_{n,1}</math></p> $\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{(2.5 \text{ ksi})} \times 18432.001 \text{ in}^3$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 249.600 \text{ kipft}$ <p><math>\phi M_{n,2}</math></p> $\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_c \times S_m$	

$$\phi M_{n,2} = \phi F_y Z_{xk} S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (18432 \text{ in}^3)$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = 2121.6 \text{ kipft}$$

Therefore,  
 $\phi M_n$  - Allowable flexural strength,

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$$

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(249.6 \text{ kipft}), (2121.6 \text{ kipft})]$$

$$\phi M_n = 249.6 \text{ kipft}$$

**Considering x-direction:**

$M_{max} = 33.072 \text{ kipft}$  - Maximum moment in the x-direction,

*Ratio* - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(33.072 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.1325$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.130**