

Your Project Calculations



Project Name: MTSOLAR_37BF297E65L19

S3D Model Link:

https://platform.skyciv.com/structural?preload_name=MTSOLAR_37BF297E65L19&preload_path=Shared%20Enterprise%20Folder/MT_Solar_Projects/9_2023

Public Model Link:

https://platform.skyciv.com/structural-viewer?project_id=LadGIZ4kqwcCEWRLLVf0QpgS3gKCA2VTYG3a5AtIMFyj6FnKHLIYxzsDbeOPYxj0

Array Specification

Product:	Beam
Unique ID:	2P-19.75-8TOP-SD-57-L-4Hx5W-15GD
Duty Classification:	SD
Module Width:	41.15 in
Module Length:	87.25in
Number of Rows:	4
Number of Columns:	5
Total Number of Modules:	20
Desired Tilt Angle:	60
Front Edge Clearance:	5
Total Array Height at Tilt:	16.95 ft
Total Frame Length:	36.75 ft
Frame Weight:	1596 lbs
Array Dimensions N/S:	13.88 ft
Array Dimensions E/W:	36.77 ft
Rail Length:	166.60 in
Rail Spacing:	3.64 ft
Rail Check:	Not Checked

Support Specifications

Pole Size:	8in Pipe Sch 40
Pole Length above Grade:	11.01 ft
Number of Poles:	2
Pole Spacing:	19.75 ft

Foundation Specifications

Foundation Type:	Round
Foundation Dimensions:	Ø36 in
Foundation Depth (below grade):	Pile 1: 9.50 ft Pile 2: 9.50 ft
Foundation Volume:	4.974 y ³
Foundation Result:	PASSED
Mount Twist:	0.299582 kip

Site Info

Risk Category:	I
Exposure:	C
Soil Classification:	sand
Site Location:	Columbus, MT 59019, USA
Wind Speed:	102 mph
Snow Load:	41 psf
Design Uplift Pressure:	0.022449 ksf
Design Downforce Pressure:	-0.022449 ksf
Design Snow Pressure:	0.004509 ksf



Design Disclaimer

This software should be used for preliminary designs and should not be used as a final design unless reviewed, verified and designed by a qualified structural engineer.

AutoDesigner Input

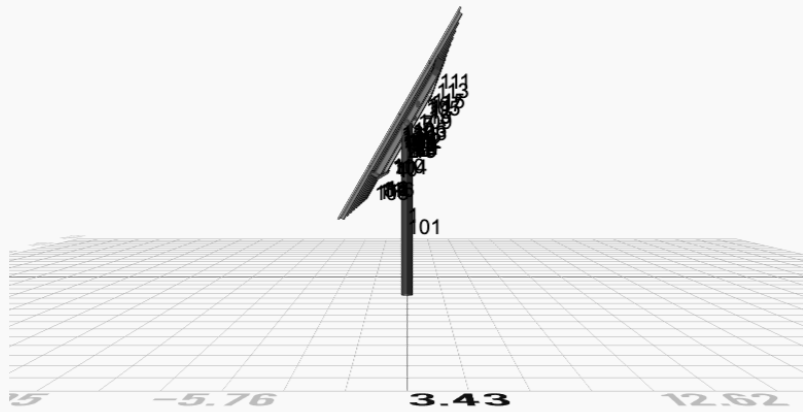
```
{"wind_speed_override":null,"snow_load_override":null,"direct_snow_load":false,"product_type":"Beam","project_id":"MTSOLAR_37BF297E65L19","site_address":"Columbus, MT 59019, USA","module_width":41.15,"module_length":87.25,"number_rows":4,"number_columns":5,"pole_mount_section":"4_40","core_pipe_width":65,"core_pipe_section":"2_40","adjuster_section":"2_40","core_beam_height":65,"core_beam_section":"HSS3x2x1/8","main_pipe_section":"2_12GA","pole_spacing":15,"tilt_angle":60,"ground_clearance":5,"risk_category":"I","exposure_category":"C","frame_duty_override":"auto","pole_override":"auto","soil_type":"sand","customer_foundation_override":"36_Round","foundation_type":"Round","foundation_size":36,"check_rails":false}
```

Design Notes:

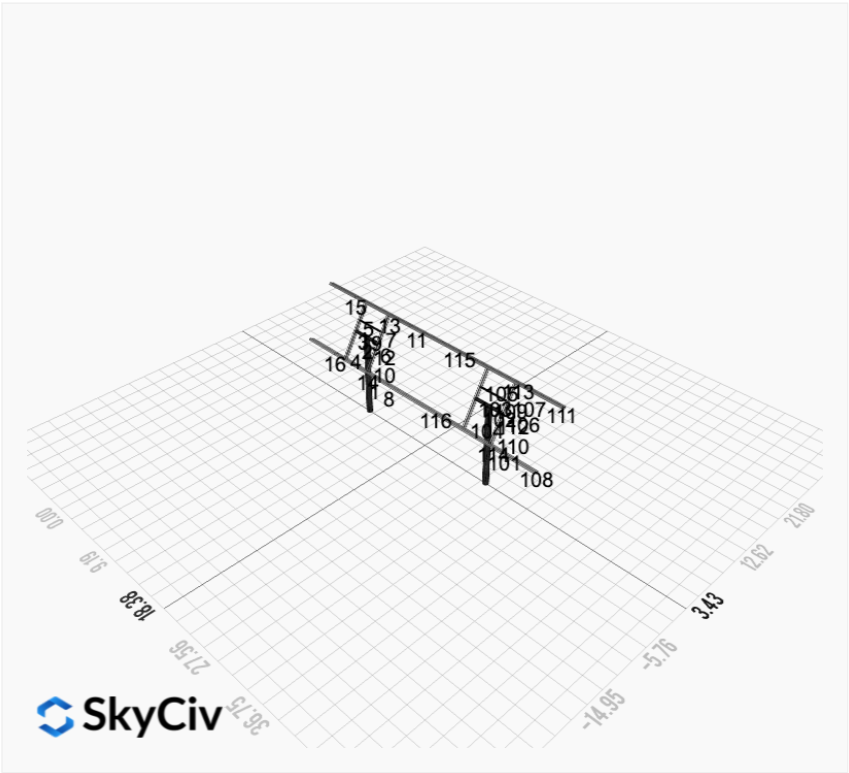
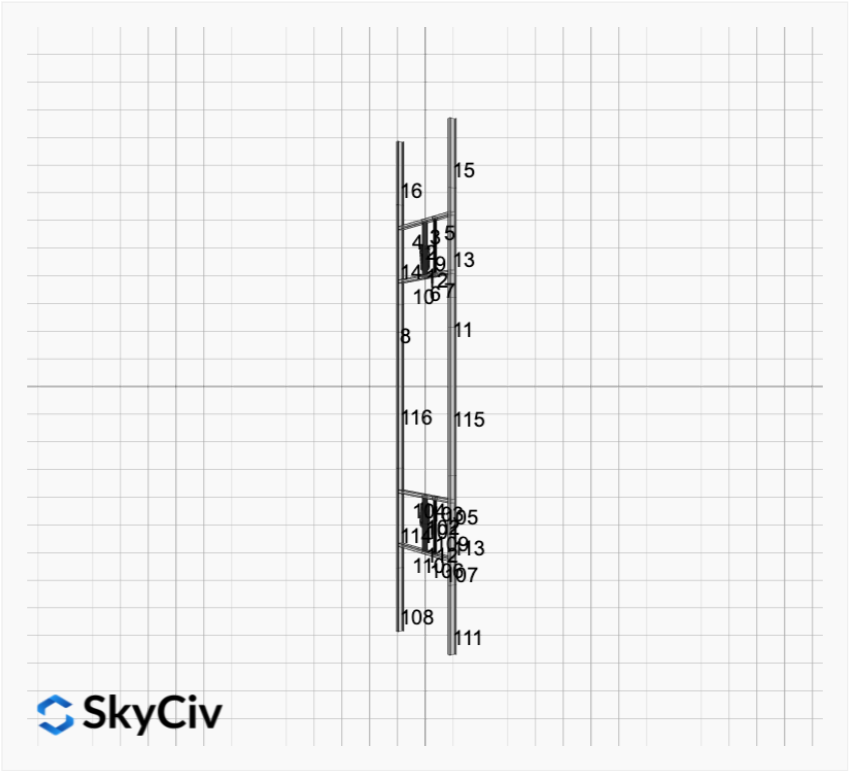
- AISC Deflection checks are set to L/1 due to structure design intent
- Foundation Design and Sizing is approximate only

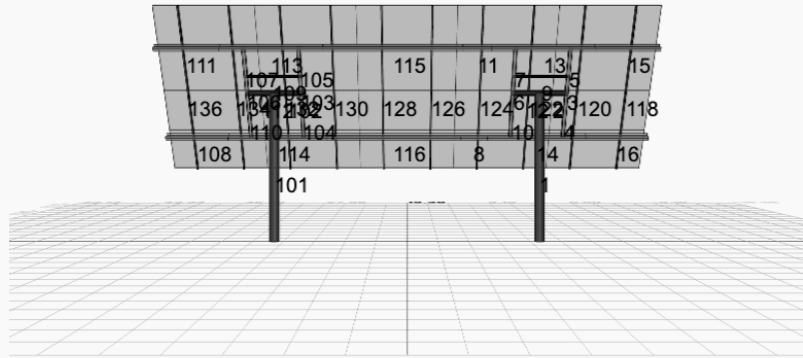


 SkyCiv

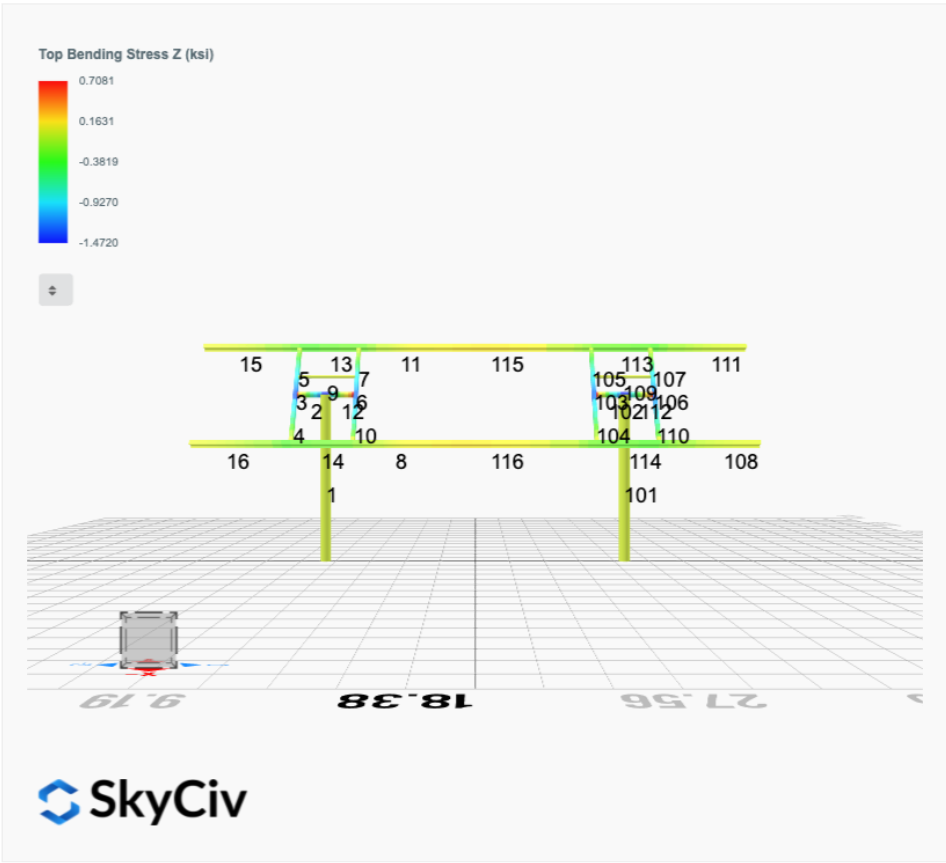
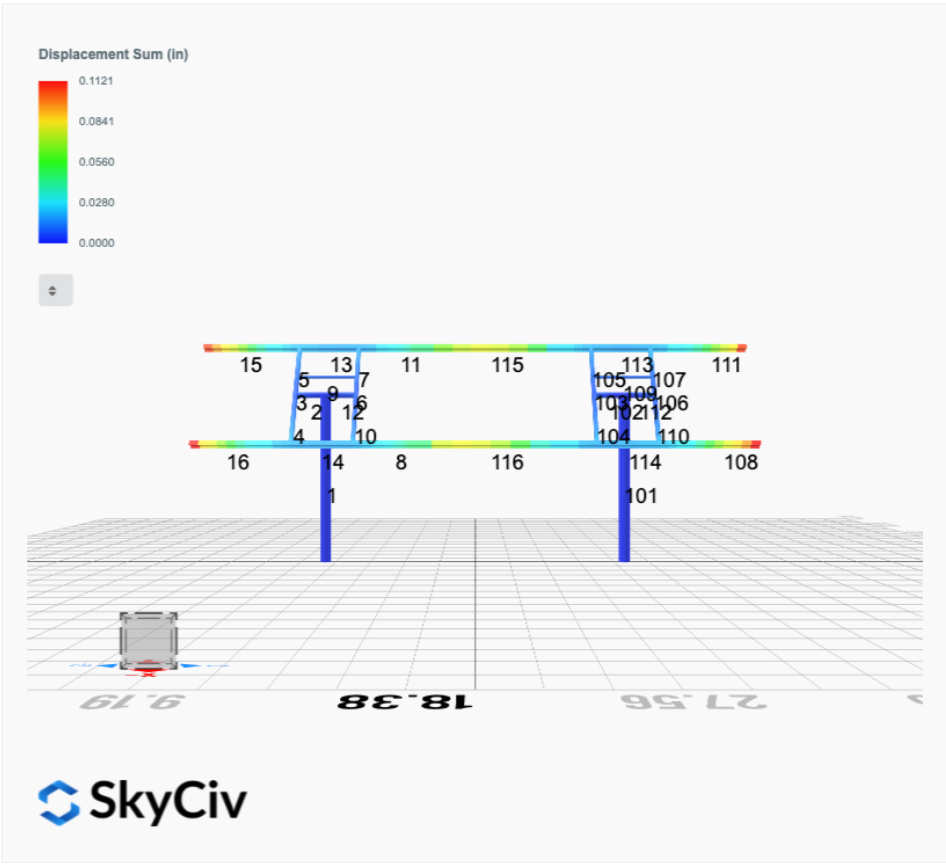


 SkyCiv

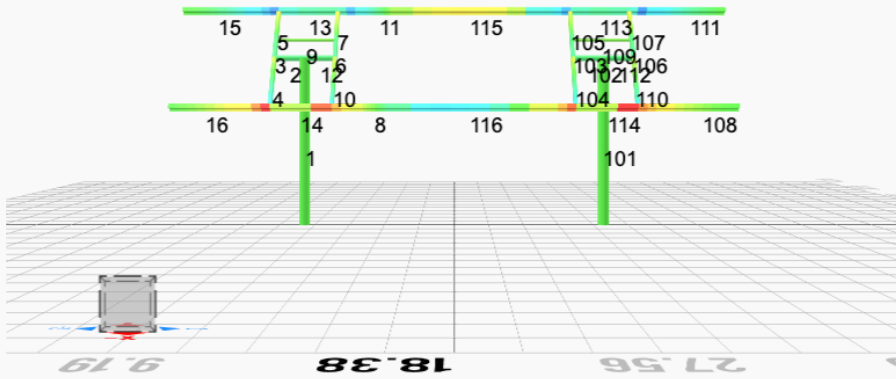




FEM Results (Envelope Worst Case for each member)

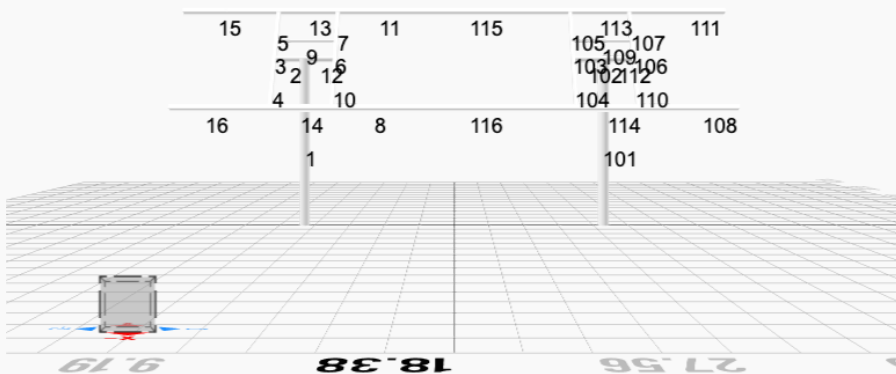
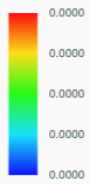


Top Bending Stress Y (ksi)

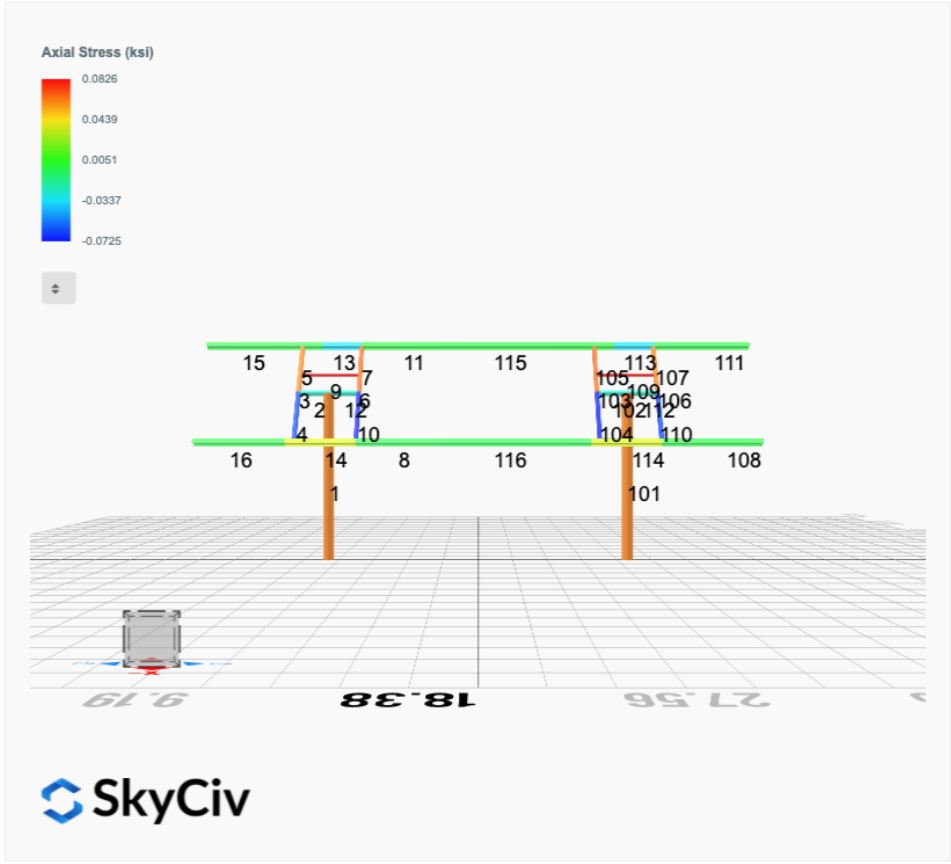


 SkyCiv

Shear Stress Y (ksi)



 SkyCiv



Reaction Forces for Foundation 1 (Node ID#1), (kip, kip-ft)

ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	0.0000	1.9690	0.0016	0.0077	0.0495	0.0128
ULS: 2. D + L	0.0000	1.9690	0.0016	0.0077	0.0495	0.0128
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0000	2.5441	0.0023	0.0107	0.0682	0.0133
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0000	1.9690	0.0016	0.0077	0.0495	0.0128
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0000	2.4003	0.0021	0.0099	0.0635	0.0132
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0000	1.9690	0.0016	0.0077	0.0495	0.0128
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	0.0000	1.9690	0.0016	0.0077	0.0495	0.0128
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	0.0000	2.4003	0.0021	0.0099	0.0635	0.0132
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	0.0000	1.1814	0.0010	0.0046	0.0297	0.0077
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.9775	3.6881	-0.0164	-0.0445	0.1877	33.0628
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	0.0000	1.9690	0.0016	0.0077	0.0495	0.0128
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	2.9775	0.2500	0.0195	0.0596	-0.0887	-32.5170
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0000	1.9690	0.0016	0.0077	0.0495	0.0128
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.2331	3.6896	-0.0114	-0.0292	0.1672	24.8007
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	0.0000	2.4003	0.0021	0.0099	0.0635	0.0132
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	2.2331	1.1110	0.0155	0.0489	-0.0401	-24.3842
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0000	2.4003	0.0021	0.0099	0.0635	0.0132
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.2331	3.2583	-0.0119	-0.0315	0.1532	24.8003
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	0.0000	1.9690	0.0016	0.0077	0.0495	0.0128
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	2.2331	0.6797	0.0151	0.0466	-0.0542	-24.3846
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0000	1.9690	0.0016	0.0077	0.0495	0.0128
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.9775	2.9005	-0.0170	-0.0476	0.1679	33.0577
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	0.0000	1.1814	0.0010	0.0046	0.0297	0.0077
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	2.9775	-0.5377	0.0189	0.0566	-0.1085	-32.5221
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0000	1.1814	0.0010	0.0046	0.0297	0.0077

Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	5.5155
Shear X	-4.9625
Shear Z	0.0322
Moment X	0.0976
Moment Y (Twist)	0.2995
Moment Z	55.5558

Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	3.6896
Shear X	-2.9775
Shear Z	0.0195
Moment X	0.0596
Moment Y (Twist)	0.1877
Moment Z	33.0628

Reaction Forces for Foundation 2 (Node ID#101), (kip, kip-ft)

ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	-0.0000	1.9690	-0.0016	-0.0077	-0.0495	0.0128
ULS: 2. D + L	-0.0000	1.9690	-0.0016	-0.0077	-0.0495	0.0128
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	-0.0000	2.5441	-0.0023	-0.0107	-0.0682	0.0133
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	-0.0000	1.9690	-0.0016	-0.0077	-0.0495	0.0128
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	-0.0000	2.4003	-0.0021	-0.0099	-0.0635	0.0132
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	-0.0000	1.9690	-0.0016	-0.0077	-0.0495	0.0128
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	-0.0000	1.9690	-0.0016	-0.0077	-0.0495	0.0128

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	-0.0000	2.4003	-0.0021	-0.0099	-0.0635	0.0132
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	-0.0000	1.1814	-0.0010	-0.0046	-0.0297	0.0077
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.9775	3.6881	0.0164	0.0445	-0.1877	33.0628
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.0000	1.9690	-0.0016	-0.0077	-0.0495	0.0128
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	2.9775	0.2500	-0.0195	-0.0596	0.0888	-32.5170
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	-0.0000	1.9690	-0.0016	-0.0077	-0.0495	0.0128
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.2331	3.6896	0.0114	0.0292	-0.1672	24.8007
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.0000	2.4003	-0.0021	-0.0099	-0.0635	0.0132
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	2.2331	1.1110	-0.0155	-0.0489	0.0401	-24.3842
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	-0.0000	2.4003	-0.0021	-0.0099	-0.0635	0.0132
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.2331	3.2583	0.0119	0.0315	-0.1532	24.8003
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.0000	1.9690	-0.0016	-0.0077	-0.0495	0.0128
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	2.2331	0.6797	-0.0151	-0.0466	0.0542	-24.3846
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	-0.0000	1.9690	-0.0016	-0.0077	-0.0495	0.0128
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.9775	2.9005	0.0170	0.0476	-0.1679	33.0577
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.0000	1.1814	-0.0010	-0.0046	-0.0297	0.0077
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	2.9775	-0.5377	-0.0189	-0.0566	0.1085	-32.5221
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	-0.0000	1.1814	-0.0010	-0.0046	-0.0297	0.0077

Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	5.5155
Shear X	-4.9625
Shear Z	-0.0322
Moment X	-0.0976
Moment Y (Twist)	0.2996
Moment Z	55.5564

Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	3.6896
Shear X	-2.9775
Shear Z	-0.0195
Moment X	-0.0596
Moment Y (Twist)	0.1877
Moment Z	33.0628

Project Details

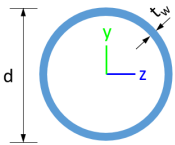
Design Code: AISC 360-16 LRFD
 Provision: LRFD
 Country: United States
 User Name: sales@mtsolar.us
 Unit System: imperial



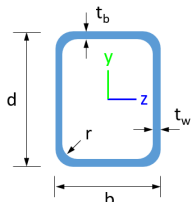
Design Input Information

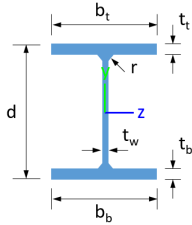
Design Factors			
Φ_t	Φ_c	Φ_b	Φ_v
0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9

Design Materials			
ID	E (ksi)	F_y (ksi)	F_u (ksi)
1	29000	50	65

Section Dimensions							
							

ID	Name	d (in)	t_w (in)					
1	2in Pipe Sch 40	2.38	0.15					
4	4in Pipe Sch 40	4.50	0.24					
9	8in Pipe Sch 40	8.63	0.32					

							
ID	Name	d (in)	b (in)	t_w (in)	t_b (in)	r (in)	
15	HSS5x3x1/8	5.00	3.00	0.12	0.12	0.12	

ID	Name	d (in)	b (in)	t _w (in)	t _b (in)	r (in)		
15	HSS5x3x1/8	5.00	3.00	0.12	0.12	0.12		
								
ID	Name	d (in)	t _w (in)	b _t (in)	b _b (in)	t _t (in)	t _b (in)	r (in)
18	W6x9	5.90	0.17	3.94	3.94	0.21	0.21	0.25

Section Properties								
ID	Name	A (in ²)	J (in ⁴)	I_{yp} (in ⁴)	I_{zp} (in ⁴)	I_w (in ⁶)	S_{yp} (in ³)	S_{zp} (in ³)
1	2in Pipe Sch 40	1.07	1.33	0.67	0.67	0.00	0.76	0.76
4	4in Pipe Sch 40	3.17	14.47	7.23	7.23	0.00	4.31	4.31
9	8in Pipe Sch 40	8.40	144.98	72.49	72.49	0.00	22.21	22.21

15	HSS5x3x1/8	1.77	6.02	2.75	6.03	152.35	2.07	2.93
18	W6x9	2.68	0.04	2.20	16.40	17.70	1.72	6.23

Member Properties									
Member ID	Section ID	K _z L (ft)	K _y L (ft)	L _b (ft)	C _b	L S T	L S C	L D	
1	9	23.12	23.12	11.01	-	300	200	1	
2	4	2.00	1.30	2.00	-	300	200	1	
3	15	0.92	0.92	1.42	1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.19,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.19	300	200	1	
4	15	2.44	2.44	3.75	1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.68	300	200	1	
5	15	1.52	1.52	2.33	1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.68	300	200	1	
6	15	0.92	0.92	1.42	1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18	300	200	1	
7	15	1.52	1.52	2.33	1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.68	300	200	1	
8	18	1.33	1.33	2.05	2.12,2.12,2.12,2.12,2.12,2.12,2.12,2.11,2.12,2.11,2.12,2.11,2.12,2.11,2.12,2.11,2.12,2.11,2.12,2.11,2.12,2.11,2.12,2.11,2.12	300	200	1	
9	1	2.60	2.60	4.00	-	300	200	1	
10	15	2.44	2.44	3.75	1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.68	300	200	1	
11	18	1.33	1.33	2.05	2.12,2.12,2.12,2.12,2.12,2.12,2.12,2.11,2.12,2.11,2.12,2.11,2.12,2.11,2.12,2.11,2.12,2.11,2.12,2.11,2.12,2.11,2.12,2.11,2.12	300	200	1	
12	4	1.30	1.30	2.00	-	300	200	1	
13	18	4.88	4.00	7.50	1.10,1.10	300	200	1	
14	18	4.88	4.00	7.50	1.10,1.10	300	200	1	
15	18	9.97	9.97	4.75	2.33,2.33	300	200	1	
16	18	9.97	9.97	4.75	2.33,2.33	300	200	1	
101	9	23.12	23.12	11.01	-	300	200	1	
102	4	1.30	1.30	2.00	-	300	200	1	
103	15	0.92	0.92	1.42	1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18	300	200	1	
104	15	2.44	2.44	3.75	1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.68	300	200	1	
105	15	1.52	1.52	2.33	1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.68	300	200	1	
106	15	0.92	0.92	1.42	1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.19,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.19	300	200	1	
107	15	1.52	1.52	2.33	1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.68	300	200	1	

113	120.00	68.63	15.98	6.45	30.09	45.74
116	120.60	68.63	15.98	6.45	30.09	45.74

Design Ratio

Member ID	P	M _z	M _y	V _y	V _z	(P,M _z ,M _y)	Worst LC	KL/r	δ	Status
1	0.028	0.667	0.003	0.044	0.000	0.682	#13	0.472	Not Required	Pass
2	0.002	0.265	0.309	0.061	0.059	0.574	#13	0.053	Not Required	Pass
3	0.008	0.596	0.074	0.060	0.006	0.659	#13	0.044	Not Required	Pass
4	0.008	0.594	0.202	0.060	0.025	0.691	#13	0.078	Not Required	Pass
5	0.008	0.370	0.208	0.059	0.030	0.407	#13	0.073	Not Required	Pass
6	0.009	0.575	0.082	0.057	0.007	0.641	#13	0.044	Not Required	Pass
7	0.009	0.357	0.208	0.057	0.031	0.399	#13	0.073	Not Required	Pass
8	0.000	0.042	0.072	0.038	0.009	0.098	#21	0.088	Not Required	Pass
9	0.009	0.035	0.065	0.001	0.000	0.103	#13	0.198	Not Required	Pass
10	0.008	0.572	0.202	0.058	0.025	0.688	#13	0.078	Not Required	Pass
11	0.000	0.042	0.074	0.038	0.009	0.099	#21	0.088	Not Required	Pass
12	0.002	0.251	0.290	0.059	0.057	0.542	#13	0.034	Not Required	Pass
13	0.004	0.208	0.211	0.048	0.011	0.363	#13	0.265	Not Required	Pass
14	0.004	0.211	0.211	0.048	0.011	0.363	#13	0.177	Not Required	Pass
15	0.000	0.089	0.112	0.029	0.007	0.175	#13	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
16	0.000	0.089	0.112	0.029	0.007	0.175	#13	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
101	0.028	0.667	0.003	0.044	0.000	0.682	#13	0.472	Not Required	Pass
102	0.002	0.251	0.290	0.059	0.057	0.542	#13	0.034	Not Required	Pass
103	0.009	0.575	0.082	0.057	0.007	0.641	#13	0.044	Not Required	Pass
104	0.008	0.572	0.202	0.058	0.025	0.688	#13	0.078	Not Required	Pass
105	0.009	0.357	0.208	0.057	0.031	0.399	#13	0.073	Not Required	Pass
106	0.008	0.596	0.074	0.060	0.006	0.659	#13	0.044	Not Required	Pass
107	0.008	0.370	0.208	0.059	0.030	0.407	#13	0.073	Not Required	Pass
108	0.000	0.089	0.112	0.029	0.007	0.175	#13	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
109	0.009	0.035	0.065	0.001	0.000	0.103	#13	0.198	Not Required	Pass
110	0.008	0.594	0.202	0.060	0.025	0.691	#13	0.078	Not Required	Pass
111	0.000	0.089	0.112	0.029	0.007	0.175	#13	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
112	0.002	0.265	0.309	0.061	0.059	0.574	#13	0.053	Not Required	Pass
113	0.004	0.208	0.211	0.048	0.011	0.363	#13	0.177	Not Required	Pass
114	0.004	0.211	0.211	0.048	0.011	0.363	#13	0.265	Not Required	Pass
115	0.000	0.157	0.113	0.038	0.009	0.244	#13	0.439	Not Required	Pass
116	0.000	0.157	0.114	0.038	0.009	0.245	#13	0.439	Not Required	Pass

Definitions

Φ_t	Safety factor for tensile
Φ_c	Safety factor for compression
Φ_b	Safety factor for flexure
Φ_v	Safety factor for shear
E	Modulus of elasticity
F _y	Specified minimum yield stress
F _u	Specified minimum tensile strength
A	Cross-sectional area
J	Torsional constant
I _{yp}	Moment of inertia about the Y axes
I _{zp}	Moment of inertia about the Z axes
I _w	Warping constant
S _{yp}	Plastic section modulus about the Y axis
S _{zp}	Plastic section modulus about the Z axis
KL	Effective length
C _b	Buckling modification factor (from all load combinations)
L _b	Length between braced points

L_u	Length between brace points
LST	Limited slenderness for tension
LSC	Limited slenderness for compression
LD	Limited deflection
P_n	Nominal axial strength (tension/compression)
M_n	Nominal flexural strength (about Z/Y axis)
V_n	Nominal shear strength (along Z/Y axis)
P	Design ratio in case of axial force
M_z	Design ratio in case of bending about Z axis
M_y	Design ratio in case of bending about Y axis
V_y	Design ratio in case of shear along Y axis
V_z	Design ratio in case of shear along Z axis
(P, M_z , M_y)	Design ratio in case of axial force and bending action
KL/r	Design ratio in case of section slenderness
δ	Design ratio in case of member deflection
OK	Capacity is provided
NG	Capacity is not provided

	$M_o = \frac{(33.063 \text{ kipft}) + ((-2.978 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{(36 \text{ in})}$ $M_o = 11.021 \text{ kipft/ft}$ Required depth of embedment in earth: $L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$ Solving the cubic equation: $L_{e,x} = 8.4204 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in x-direction, Considering z-direction: H_o - Lateral force per length of pile, $H_o = \frac{V_z}{D}$ $H_o = \frac{(0.02 \text{ kip})}{(36 \text{ in})}$ $H_o = 0.0066667 \text{ kip/ft}$ M_o - Moment per length of pile, $M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{D}$ $M_o = \frac{(0.06 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.02 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{(36 \text{ in})}$ $M_o = 0.02 \text{ kipft/ft}$ Required depth of embedment in earth: $L_z^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$ Solving the cubic equation: $L_{e,z} = 1.5132 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in z-direction, Minimum embedded depth required: $L_{e,req}$ - Depth of pile required, $L_{e,req} = MAX[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$ $L_{e,req} = MAX[(8.4204 \text{ ft}), (1.5132 \text{ ft})]$ $L_{e,req} = 8.42 \text{ ft}$ L_e - Actual embedded length of pile, $L_e = L - h_c - h_2$ $L_e = (9.5 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$ $L_e = 9.5 \text{ ft}$ Ratio - Embedded depth $Ratio = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$ $Ratio = \frac{(8.42 \text{ ft})}{(9.5 \text{ ft})}$ $Ratio = 0.88632$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.890
	End-bearing Capacity (ASD) A - Pile cros-section area $A = \pi \left(\frac{D}{2}\right)^2$ $A = \pi \times \left(\frac{(36 \text{ in})}{2}\right)^2$ $A = 7.0686 \text{ ft}^2$ q - End-bearing pressure $q = \frac{P_o}{A}$ $q = \frac{(3.69 \text{ kip})}{(7.0686 \text{ ft}^2)}$	

	$q = 0.52203 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ Check bearing capacity ratio: Ratio - Capacity $\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.52203 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.26101$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.260
Czerniak	Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD): L/D - Length to least lateral dimension ratio, $L/D = \frac{L}{D}$ $L/D = \frac{(9.5 \text{ ft})}{(36 \text{ in})}$ $L/D = 3.1667$ Since $L/D \leq 10$, Pile is short. Considering x-direction: $H_o = -0.99267 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile, $M_o = 11.021 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile, a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point, $a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$ $a = \frac{(4 \times (11.021 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (9.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.99267 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (9.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (11.021 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.99267 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (9.5 \text{ ft}))}$ $a = 6.6209 \text{ ft}$ p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface, $p = \frac{1.178 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$ $p = \frac{1.178 \times [(4 \times (11.021 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.99267 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (9.5 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(9.5 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (11.021 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.99267 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (9.5 \text{ ft}))]}$ $p = 0.22923 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e, $s = \frac{9.425 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$ $s = \frac{9.425 \times [(2 \times (11.021 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.99267 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (9.5 \text{ ft}))]}{(9.5 \text{ ft})^2}$ $s = 1.3171 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ Check lateral soil pressure capacity: p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$, $p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$ $p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(6.6209 \text{ ft})}{2}$ $p_a = 0.49657 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ Ratio - Lateral soil capacity $\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.22923 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.49657 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.46163$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.460

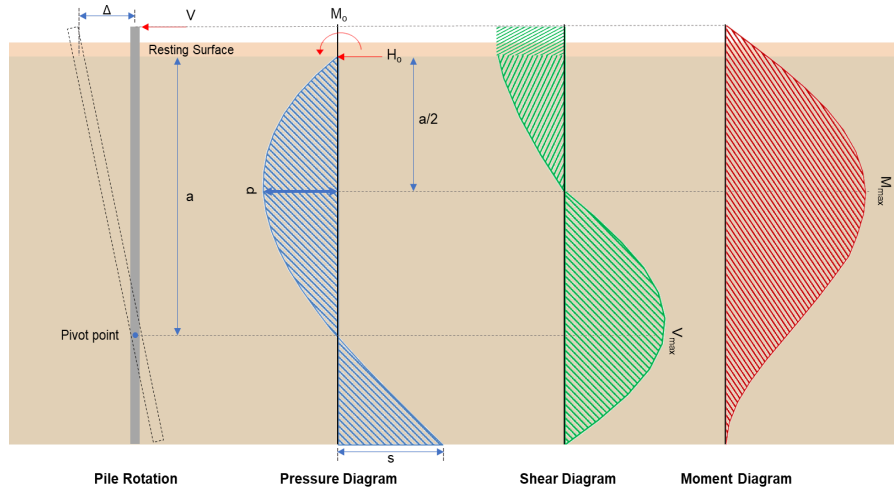
	p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e, $p_s = R L_e$ $p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (9.5 \text{ ft})$ $p_s = 1.425 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <i>Ratio</i> - Lateral soil capacity $\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(1.3171 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.425 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.92425$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.920
	Considering z-direction: $H_o = 0.0066667 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile, $M_o = 0.02 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile, a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point, $a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$ $a = \frac{(4 \times (0.02 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (9.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.0066667 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (9.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.02 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.0066667 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (9.5 \text{ ft}))}$ $a = 6.8705 \text{ ft}$ p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface, $p = \frac{1.178 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$ $p = \frac{1.178 \times [(4 \times (0.02 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (0.0066667 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (9.5 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(9.5 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (0.02 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (0.0066667 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (9.5 \text{ ft}))]}$ $p = 0.0050975 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e, $s = \frac{9.425 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$ $s = \frac{9.425 \times [(2 \times (0.02 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((0.0066667 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (9.5 \text{ ft}))]}{(9.5 \text{ ft})^2}$ $s = 0.010791 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ Check lateral soil pressure capacity: p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$, $p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$ $p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(6.8705 \text{ ft})}{2}$ $p_a = 0.51529 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <i>Ratio</i> - Lateral soil capacity $\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.0050975 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.51529 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.0098925$ p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e, $p_s = R L_e$ $p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (9.5 \text{ ft})$ $p_s = 1.425 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <i>Ratio</i> - Lateral soil capacity	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.010

$$Ratio = \frac{M_o}{p_s}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.010791 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.425 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.0075729$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.010**



Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-4.963 \text{ kip})}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -1.6543 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_x H)}{D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(55.556 \text{ kipft}) + ((-4.963 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 18.519 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(18.519 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-1.6543 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 11.194 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (18.519 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (9.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-1.6543 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (9.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (18.519 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-1.6543 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (9.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 6.6194 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 + 4 \left(\frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-1.6543 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (36 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (11.194 \text{ ft})}{(9.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(6.6194 \text{ ft})}{(9.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 + 4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (11.194 \text{ ft})}{(9.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(6.6194 \text{ ft})}{(9.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

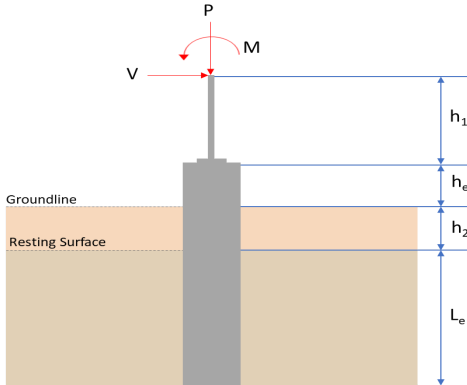
	$V_{max} = 13.622 \text{ kip}$ M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$, $M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$ $M_{max} = ((-1.6543 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (9.5 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(11.194 \text{ ft})}{(9.5 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(6.6194 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (9.5 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (11.194 \text{ ft})}{(9.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(6.6194 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (9.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (11.194 \text{ ft})}{(9.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(6.6194 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (9.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$ $M_{max} = 60.449 \text{ kipft}$	
	Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD) H_o - Lateral force per length of pile, $H_o = \frac{V_z}{D}$ $H_o = \frac{(0.032 \text{ kip})}{(36 \text{ in})}$ $H_o = 0.010667 \text{ kip/ft}$ M_o - Moment per length of pile, $M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{D}$ $M_o = \frac{(0.098 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.032 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{(36 \text{ in})}$ $M_o = 0.032667 \text{ kipft/ft}$ E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface, $E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$ $E = \frac{(0.032667 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(0.010667 \text{ kip/ft})}$ $E = 3.0625 \text{ ft}$ a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point, $a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$ $a = \frac{(4 \times (0.032667 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (9.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.010667 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (9.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.032667 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.010667 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (9.5 \text{ ft}))}$ $a = 6.867 \text{ ft}$ V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a, $V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$ $V_{max} = ((0.010667 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (36 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (3.0625 \text{ ft})}{(9.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(6.867 \text{ ft})}{(9.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (3.0625 \text{ ft})}{(9.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(6.867 \text{ ft})}{(9.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$ $V_{max} = 0.039719 \text{ kip}$ M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$, $M_{max} = (H_o b L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$ $M_{max} = ((0.010667 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (9.5 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(3.0625 \text{ ft})}{(9.5 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(6.867 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (9.5 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (3.0625 \text{ ft})}{(9.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(6.867 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (9.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (3.0625 \text{ ft})}{(9.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(6.867 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (9.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$	

		$M_{max} = 0.1617 \text{ kipft}$	
		Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD) Parameters: $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$ - Concrete strength, $f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$ - Longitudinal reinforcement strength, $\phi = 0.65$ - Reduction factor for axial strength, $\alpha = 0.85$ - Alpha factor for axial strength, $A_g = 1017.9 \text{ in}^2$ - Gross area of concrete, Longitudinal reinforcement: Required reinforcement due to axial load, $A_{st,required}$ $A_{st,required}$ $A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$ $A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{(5.516 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.85)} - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (1017.9 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (1017.9 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$ $A_{st,required} = -37.201 \text{ in}^2$ A_{min} - Governing minimum reinforcement area, $A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$ $A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-37.201 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (1017.9 \text{ in}^2))]$ $A_{min} = 1.8322 \text{ in}^2$ n_{rebar} - Required number of reinforcement, $n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$ $n_{rebar} = \frac{(1.8322 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$ $n_{rebar} = 6$ A_{st} - Actual total reinforcement area, $A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$ $A_{st} = (6) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$ $A_{st} = 1.8408 \text{ in}^2$ Ratio - Capacity $\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(1.8322 \text{ in}^2)}{(1.8408 \text{ in}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.99533$ 25.2.3 s_{rebar} - Minimum spacing of reinforcement, $s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$ $s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$ $s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$ Ties: 25.7.2.2 Since longitudinal reinforcement is $\leq \text{No. } 10\phi$: Use #3(0.375 in) 25.7.2.1 s_{ties} - Maximum center-to-center spacing of ties, $s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), D]$ $s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), (36 \text{ in})]$ $s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$ Summary:	Status: PASS Ratio: 1.000

	Main reinforcement: 6 - #5 (0.625 in) Ties: #3(0.375 in) - 10 in	
22.4.2.2	Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD) ϕP_N - Allowable axial compressive strength $\phi P_N = \phi 0.85 \left[(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st}) \right]$ $\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times \left[(0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times [(1017.9 \text{ in}^2) - (1.8408 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (1.8408 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$ $\phi P_N = 1253.9 \text{ kip}$ Ratio - Capacity $Ratio = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$ $Ratio = \frac{(5.516 \text{ kip})}{(1253.9 \text{ kip})}$ $Ratio = 0.004399$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000
22.5.2.2	Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD) Parameters: $b_w = 36 \text{ in}$ - Effective width, d - Effective depth $d = 0.80 D$ $d = 0.80 \times (36 \text{ in})$ $d = 28.8 \text{ in}$	
22.5.5.1.3	λ_s - size effect modification factor $\lambda_s = MIN \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$ $\lambda_s = MIN \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(28.8 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$ $\lambda_s = 0.71796$	
22.5.5.1.1	The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$. $V_{c,max}$ - Max shear strength of concrete $V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.71796) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})$ $V_{c,max} = 186.09 \text{ kip}$	
22.5.5.1.1(a)	The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $P = 5.516 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 5516 \text{ lbf}$. $V_{c,a}$ - Shear strength of concrete (a) $V_{c,a} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + \frac{P}{6 A_g} \right] b_w d$ $V_{c,a} = \left[2 \times (0.71796) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + \frac{(5516 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (1017.9 \text{ in}^2)} \right] \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})$ $V_{c,a} = 75.374 \text{ kip}$	
22.5.5.1.2	The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$. $V_{c,b}$ - Shear strength of concrete (b) $V_{c,b} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + (0.05 f'_{ck}) \right] b_w d$ $V_{c,b} = \left[2 \times (0.71796) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi})) \right] \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})$ $V_{c,b} = 204.04 \text{ kip}$ V_c - Governing shear strength of concrete $V_c = Min [V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$ $V_c = Min [(186.09 \text{ kip}), (75.374 \text{ kip}), (204.04 \text{ kip})]$	

22.5.1.2 22.5.8.5.3 22.5.1.1	$V_c = 75.374 \text{ kip}$ The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $V_{s,a} - \text{Shear strength of steel (a)}$ $V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})$ $V_{s,a} = 414.72 \text{ kip}$ A_v - Ties rebar area, $A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$ $A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$ $A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$ $V_{s,b}$ - Shear strength of steel (b) $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yw} d}{s_{ties}}$ $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$ $V_{s,b} = 38.17 \text{ kip}$ V_s - Governing shear strength of steel $V_s = MIN[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$ $V_s = MIN[(414.72 \text{ kip}), (38.17 \text{ kip})]$ $V_s = 38.17 \text{ kip}$ ϕV_n - Allowable shear strength $\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$ $\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((75.374 \text{ kip}) + (38.17 \text{ kip}))$ $\phi V_n = 73.804 \text{ kip}$ Considering x-direction: $V_{max} = 13.622 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the x-direction, Ratio - Capacity $Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $Ratio = \frac{(13.622 \text{ kip})}{(73.804 \text{ kip})}$ $Ratio = 0.18458$ Considering z-direction: $V_{max} = 0.039719 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the z-direction, Ratio - Capacity $Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $Ratio = \frac{(0.039719 \text{ kip})}{(73.804 \text{ kip})}$ $Ratio = 0.00053817$ Status: PASS Ratio: 0.180 Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000	
	Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD) S_m - Section modulus $S_m = \frac{\pi D^3}{32}$ $S_m = \frac{\pi \times (36 \text{ in})^3}{32}$ $S_m = 4500.47 \text{ in}^3$	

	$S_m = 4580.4 \text{ in}^3$ $\lambda = 1$ - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete), Allowable flexural strength: M_n shall be the lesser of: $\phi M_{n,1}$ $\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{2.5 \text{ ksi}} \times 4580.442 \text{ in}^3$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 62.027 \text{ kipft}$ $\phi M_{n,2}$ $\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_c \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (4580.4 \text{ in}^3)$ $\phi M_{n,2} = 527.23 \text{ kipft}$ Therefore, ϕM_n - Allowable flexural strength, $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$ $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(62.027 \text{ kipft}), (527.23 \text{ kipft})]$ $\phi M_n = 62.027 \text{ kipft}$ Considering x-direction: $M_{max} = 60.449 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the x-direction, Ratio - Capacity $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(60.449 \text{ kipft})}{(62.027 \text{ kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.97455$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.970
	Considering z-direction: $M_{max} = 0.1617 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the z-direction, Ratio - Capacity $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.1617 \text{ kipft})}{(62.027 \text{ kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.0026069$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000

REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS																										
	SkyCiv Foundation Design Pile Foundation Design Information : Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code) Unit System : Imperial																											
	Pile Input  Geometry Pile shape: round D = 36 in - Pile diameter Le = 9.5 ft - Total pile length h1 = 0 ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile, h2 = 0 ft - Depth to resisting surface he = 0 ft - Length of pile above the ground Tabulation of Soil Parameters <table><tr><th>Layer</th><th>Label</th><th>Allowable Bearing Pressure (qa) (psf)</th><th>Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)</th></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel</td><td>2000.000</td><td>150.000</td></tr></table> Tabulation of Loads <table><tr><th>Load Component</th><th>ASD</th><th>LRFD</th></tr><tr><td>P (kip)</td><td>3.690</td><td>5.516</td></tr><tr><td>Vx (kip)</td><td>-2.978</td><td>-4.963</td></tr><tr><td>Vz (kip)</td><td>-0.020</td><td>-0.032</td></tr><tr><td>Mx (kipft)</td><td>-0.060</td><td>-0.098</td></tr><tr><td>Mz (kipft)</td><td>33.063</td><td>55.556</td></tr></table> Material Properties f'ck = 2.5 ksi - Concrete strength,	Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure (qa) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)	1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000	Load Component	ASD	LRFD	P (kip)	3.690	5.516	Vx (kip)	-2.978	-4.963	Vz (kip)	-0.020	-0.032	Mx (kipft)	-0.060	-0.098	Mz (kipft)	33.063	55.556	
Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure (qa) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)																									
1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000																									
Load Component	ASD	LRFD																										
P (kip)	3.690	5.516																										
Vx (kip)	-2.978	-4.963																										
Vz (kip)	-0.020	-0.032																										
Mx (kipft)	-0.060	-0.098																										
Mz (kipft)	33.063	55.556																										
	Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD) H - Point of application of the lateral load $H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$ $H = (0\text{ ft}) + (0\text{ ft}) + (0\text{ ft})$ $H = 0\text{ ft}$ Considering x-direction: Ho - Lateral force per length of pile, $H_o = \frac{V_z}{D}$ $H_o = \frac{(-2.978\text{ kip})}{(36\text{ in})}$ $H_o = -0.99267\text{ kip/ft}$ Mo - Moment per length of pile, $M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{D}$																											

	$M_o = \frac{(33.063 \text{ kipft}) + ((-2.978 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{(36 \text{ in})}$ $M_o = 11.021 \text{ kipft/ft}$ Required depth of embedment in earth: $L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$ Solving the cubic equation: $L_{e,x} = 8.4204 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in x-direction, Considering z-direction: H_o - Lateral force per length of pile, $H_o = \frac{V_z}{D}$ $H_o = \frac{(-0.02 \text{ kip})}{(36 \text{ in})}$ $H_o = -0.0066667 \text{ kip/ft}$ M_o - Moment per length of pile, $M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{D}$ $M_o = \frac{(0.06 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.02 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{(36 \text{ in})}$ $M_o = 0.02 \text{ kipft/ft}$ Required depth of embedment in earth: $L_z^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$ Solving the cubic equation: $L_{e,z} = 1.2062 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in z-direction, Minimum embedded depth required: $L_{e,req}$ - Depth of pile required, $L_{e,req} = MAX[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$ $L_{e,req} = MAX[(8.4204 \text{ ft}), (1.2062 \text{ ft})]$ $L_{e,req} = 8.42 \text{ ft}$ L_e - Actual embedded length of pile, $L_e = L - h_c - h_2$ $L_e = (9.5 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$ $L_e = 9.5 \text{ ft}$ Ratio - Embedded depth $Ratio = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$ $Ratio = \frac{(8.42 \text{ ft})}{(9.5 \text{ ft})}$ $Ratio = 0.88632$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.890
	End-bearing Capacity (ASD) A - Pile cros-section area $A = \pi \left(\frac{D}{2}\right)^2$ $A = \pi \times \left(\frac{(36 \text{ in})}{2}\right)^2$ $A = 7.0686 \text{ ft}^2$ q - End-bearing pressure $q = \frac{P_e}{A}$ $q = \frac{(3.69 \text{ kip})}{(7.0686 \text{ ft}^2)}$	

	$q = 0.52203 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ Check bearing capacity ratio: Ratio - Capacity $\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.52203 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.26101$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.260
Czerniak	Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD): L/D - Length to least lateral dimension ratio, $L/D = \frac{L}{D}$ $L/D = \frac{(9.5 \text{ ft})}{(36 \text{ in})}$ $L/D = 3.1667$ Since $L/D \leq 10$, Pile is short. Considering x-direction: $H_o = -0.99267 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile, $M_o = 11.021 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile, a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point, $a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$ $a = \frac{(4 \times (11.021 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (9.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.99267 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (9.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (11.021 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.99267 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (9.5 \text{ ft}))}$ $a = 6.6209 \text{ ft}$ p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface, $p = \frac{1.178 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$ $p = \frac{1.178 \times [(4 \times (11.021 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.99267 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (9.5 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(9.5 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (11.021 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.99267 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (9.5 \text{ ft}))]}$ $p = 0.22923 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e, $s = \frac{9.425 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$ $s = \frac{9.425 \times [(2 \times (11.021 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.99267 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (9.5 \text{ ft}))]}{(9.5 \text{ ft})^2}$ $s = 1.3171 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ Check lateral soil pressure capacity: p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$, $p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$ $p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(6.6209 \text{ ft})}{2}$ $p_a = 0.49657 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ Ratio - Lateral soil capacity $\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.22923 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.49657 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.46163$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.460

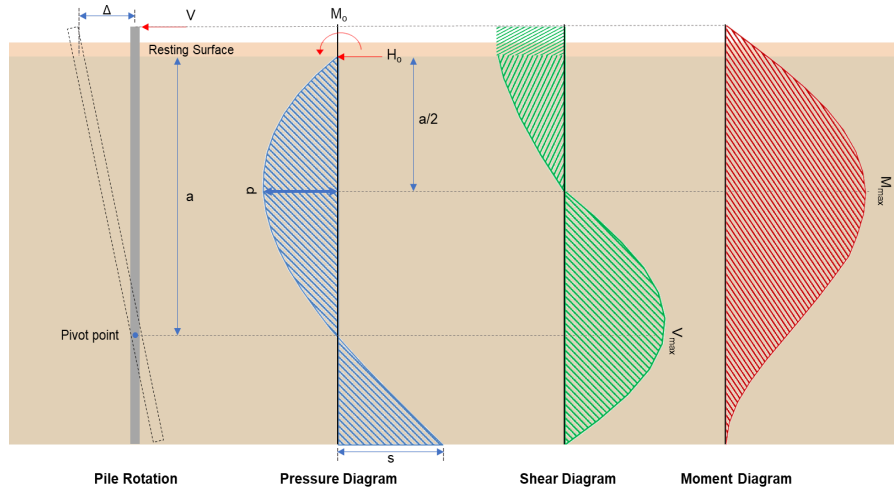
	p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e, $p_s = R L_e$ $p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (9.5 \text{ ft})$ $p_s = 1.425 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ Ratio - Lateral soil capacity $\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(1.3171 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.425 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.92425$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.920
	Considering z-direction: $H_o = -0.0066667 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile, $M_o = 0.02 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile, a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point, $a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$ $a = \frac{(4 \times (0.02 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (9.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.0066667 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (9.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.02 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.0066667 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (9.5 \text{ ft}))}$ $a = 6.8705 \text{ ft}$ p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface, $p = \frac{1.178 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$ $p = \frac{1.178 \times [(4 \times (0.02 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.0066667 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (9.5 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(9.5 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (0.02 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.0066667 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (9.5 \text{ ft}))]}$ $p = -0.0023691 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e, $s = \frac{9.425 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$ $s = \frac{9.425 \times [(2 \times (0.02 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.0066667 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (9.5 \text{ ft}))]}{(9.5 \text{ ft})^2}$ $s = -0.0024367 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ Check lateral soil pressure capacity: p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$, $p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$ $p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(6.8705 \text{ ft})}{2}$ $p_a = 0.51529 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ Ratio - Lateral soil capacity $\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(-0.0023691 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.51529 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = -0.0045975$ p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e, $p_s = R L_e$ $p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (9.5 \text{ ft})$ $p_s = 1.425 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ Ratio - Lateral soil capacity	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000

$$Ratio = \frac{M_o}{p_s}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(-0.0024367 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.425 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = -0.00171$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**



Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-4.963 \text{ kip})}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -1.6543 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_x H)}{D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(55.556 \text{ kipft}) + ((-4.963 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 18.519 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(18.519 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-1.6543 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 11.194 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (18.519 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (9.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-1.6543 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (9.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (18.519 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-1.6543 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (9.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 6.6194 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 + 4 \left(\frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-1.6543 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (36 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (11.194 \text{ ft})}{(9.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(6.6194 \text{ ft})}{(9.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 + 4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (11.194 \text{ ft})}{(9.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(6.6194 \text{ ft})}{(9.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

	$V_{max} = 13.622 \text{ kip}$ M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$, $M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$ $M_{max} = ((-1.6543 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (9.5 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(11.194 \text{ ft})}{(9.5 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(6.6194 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (9.5 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (11.194 \text{ ft})}{(9.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(6.6194 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (9.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (11.194 \text{ ft})}{(9.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(6.6194 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (9.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$ $M_{max} = 60.449 \text{ kipft}$	
	Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD) H_o - Lateral force per length of pile, $H_o = \frac{V_z}{D}$ $H_o = \frac{(-0.032 \text{ kip})}{(36 \text{ in})}$ $H_o = -0.010667 \text{ kip/ft}$ M_o - Moment per length of pile, $M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{D}$ $M_o = \frac{(0.098 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.032 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{(36 \text{ in})}$ $M_o = 0.032667 \text{ kipft/ft}$ E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface, $E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$ $E = \frac{(0.032667 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.010667 \text{ kip/ft})}$ $E = 3.0625 \text{ ft}$ a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point, $a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$ $a = \frac{(4 \times (0.032667 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (9.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.010667 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (9.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.032667 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.010667 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (9.5 \text{ ft}))}$ $a = 6.867 \text{ ft}$ V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a, $V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$ $V_{max} = ((-0.010667 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (36 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (3.0625 \text{ ft})}{(9.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(6.867 \text{ ft})}{(9.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (3.0625 \text{ ft})}{(9.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(6.867 \text{ ft})}{(9.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$ $V_{max} = 0.039719 \text{ kip}$ M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$, $M_{max} = (H_o b L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$ $M_{max} = ((-0.010667 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (9.5 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(3.0625 \text{ ft})}{(9.5 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(6.867 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (9.5 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (3.0625 \text{ ft})}{(9.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(6.867 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (9.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (3.0625 \text{ ft})}{(9.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(6.867 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (9.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$	

		$M_{max} = 0.1617 \text{ kipft}$	
		Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD) Parameters: $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$ - Concrete strength, $f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$ - Longitudinal reinforcement strength, $\phi = 0.65$ - Reduction factor for axial strength, $\alpha = 0.85$ - Alpha factor for axial strength, $A_g = 1017.9 \text{ in}^2$ - Gross area of concrete, Longitudinal reinforcement: Required reinforcement due to axial load, $A_{st,required}$ $A_{st,required}$ $A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$ $A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{(5.516 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.85)} - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (1017.9 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (1017.9 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$ $A_{st,required} = -37.201 \text{ in}^2$ A_{min} - Governing minimum reinforcement area, $A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$ $A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-37.201 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (1017.9 \text{ in}^2))]$ $A_{min} = 1.8322 \text{ in}^2$ n_{rebar} - Required number of reinforcement, $n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$ $n_{rebar} = \frac{(1.8322 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$ $n_{rebar} = 6$ A_{st} - Actual total reinforcement area, $A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$ $A_{st} = (6) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$ $A_{st} = 1.8408 \text{ in}^2$ Ratio - Capacity $\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(1.8322 \text{ in}^2)}{(1.8408 \text{ in}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.99533$ 25.2.3 s_{rebar} - Minimum spacing of reinforcement, $s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$ $s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$ $s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$ Ties: 25.7.2.2 Since longitudinal reinforcement is $\leq \text{No. } 10\emptyset$: Use #3(0.375 in) 25.7.2.1 s_{ties} - Maximum center-to-center spacing of ties, $s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), D]$ $s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), (36 \text{ in})]$ $s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$ Summary:	Status: PASS Ratio: 1.000

	Main reinforcement: 6 - #5 (0.625 in) Ties: #3(0.375 in) - 10 in	
22.4.2.2	Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD) ϕP_N - Allowable axial compressive strength $\phi P_N = \phi 0.85 \left[(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st}) \right]$ $\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times \left[(0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times [(1017.9 \text{ in}^2) - (1.8408 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (1.8408 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$ $\phi P_N = 1253.9 \text{ kip}$ Ratio - Capacity $Ratio = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$ $Ratio = \frac{(5.516 \text{ kip})}{(1253.9 \text{ kip})}$ $Ratio = 0.004399$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000
22.5.2.2	Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD) Parameters: $b_w = 36 \text{ in}$ - Effective width, d - Effective depth $d = 0.80 D$ $d = 0.80 \times (36 \text{ in})$ $d = 28.8 \text{ in}$	
22.5.5.1.3	λ_s - size effect modification factor $\lambda_s = MIN \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$ $\lambda_s = MIN \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(28.8 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$ $\lambda_s = 0.71796$	
22.5.5.1.1	The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$. $V_{c,max}$ - Max shear strength of concrete $V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.71796) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})$ $V_{c,max} = 186.09 \text{ kip}$	
22.5.5.1.1(a)	The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $P = 5.516 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 5516 \text{ lbf}$. $V_{c,a}$ - Shear strength of concrete (a) $V_{c,a} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + \frac{P}{6 A_g} \right] b_w d$ $V_{c,a} = \left[2 \times (0.71796) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + \frac{(5516 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (1017.9 \text{ in}^2)} \right] \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})$ $V_{c,a} = 75.374 \text{ kip}$	
22.5.5.1.2	The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$. $V_{c,b}$ - Shear strength of concrete (b) $V_{c,b} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + (0.05 f'_{ck}) \right] b_w d$ $V_{c,b} = \left[2 \times (0.71796) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi})) \right] \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})$ $V_{c,b} = 204.04 \text{ kip}$ V_c - Governing shear strength of concrete $V_c = MIN [V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$ $V_c = MIN [(186.09 \text{ kip}), (75.374 \text{ kip}), (204.04 \text{ kip})]$	

22.5.1.2 22.5.8.5.3 22.5.1.1	$V_c = 75.374 \text{ kip}$ The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $V_{s,a} - \text{Shear strength of steel (a)}$ $V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})$ $V_{s,a} = 414.72 \text{ kip}$ A_v - Ties rebar area, $A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$ $A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$ $A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$ $V_{s,b}$ - Shear strength of steel (b) $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yw} d}{s_{ties}}$ $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$ $V_{s,b} = 38.17 \text{ kip}$ V_s - Governing shear strength of steel $V_s = MIN[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$ $V_s = MIN[(414.72 \text{ kip}), (38.17 \text{ kip})]$ $V_s = 38.17 \text{ kip}$ ϕV_n - Allowable shear strength $\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$ $\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((75.374 \text{ kip}) + (38.17 \text{ kip}))$ $\phi V_n = 73.804 \text{ kip}$ Considering x-direction: $V_{max} = 13.622 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the x-direction, Ratio - Capacity $Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $Ratio = \frac{(13.622 \text{ kip})}{(73.804 \text{ kip})}$ $Ratio = 0.18458$ Considering z-direction: $V_{max} = 0.039719 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the z-direction, Ratio - Capacity $Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $Ratio = \frac{(0.039719 \text{ kip})}{(73.804 \text{ kip})}$ $Ratio = 0.00053817$ Status: PASS Ratio: 0.180 Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000	
	Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD) S_m - Section modulus $S_m = \frac{\pi D^3}{32}$ $S_m = \frac{\pi \times (36 \text{ in})^3}{32}$ $S_m = 4500.47 \text{ in}^3$	

	$S_m = 4580.4 \text{ in}^3$ $\lambda = 1$ - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete), Allowable flexural strength: M_n shall be the lesser of: $\phi M_{n,1}$ $\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{(2.5 \text{ ksi})} \times 4580.442 \text{ in}^3$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 62.027 \text{ kipft}$ $\phi M_{n,2}$ $\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_c \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (4580.4 \text{ in}^3)$ $\phi M_{n,2} = 527.23 \text{ kipft}$ Therefore, ϕM_n - Allowable flexural strength, $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$ $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(62.027 \text{ kipft}), (527.23 \text{ kipft})]$ $\phi M_n = 62.027 \text{ kipft}$ Considering x-direction: $M_{max} = 60.449 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the x-direction, Ratio - Capacity $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(60.449 \text{ kipft})}{(62.027 \text{ kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.97455$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.970
	Considering z-direction: $M_{max} = 0.1617 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the z-direction, Ratio - Capacity $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.1617 \text{ kipft})}{(62.027 \text{ kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.0026069$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000