

Your Project Calculations



Project Name: CharkowskiOffGridCabin-RevA

S3D Model Link:
https://platform.skyciv.com/structural?preload_name=CharkowskiOffGridCabin-RevA&preload_path=Shared%20Enterprise%20Folder/MT_Solar_Projects/6_2023

Public Model Link:
https://platform.skyciv.com/structural-viewer?project_id=JcZOLFFrwp2hkkwLZqkARjTsuhehldBzarieb63mORZ2XLKhM8w7vS54B8U2Yt

Array Specification

Product:	Beam
Unique ID:	2P-15-10TOP-XD-12-L-4Hx4W-DF0K
Duty Classification:	XD
Module Width:	41.10 in
Module Length:	74.00in
Number of Rows:	4
Number of Columns:	4
Total Number of Modules:	16
Desired Tilt Angle:	40
Front Edge Clearance:	5
Total Array Height at Tilt:	13.86 ft
Total Frame Length:	24.50 ft
Frame Weight:	1898 lbs
Array Dimensions N/S:	13.87 ft
Array Dimensions E/W:	25.00 ft
Rail Length:	166.40 in
Rail Spacing:	3.13 ft
Rail Check:	PASS (81% utilized)

Support Specifications

Pole Size:	10in Pipe Sch 40
Pole Length above Grade:	9.46 ft
Number of Poles:	2
Pole Spacing:	15 ft

Foundation Specifications

Foundation Type:	Square
Foundation Dimensions:	48 x 48 in
Foundation Depth (below grade):	Pile 1: 7.25 ft Pile 2: 7.25 ft
Foundation Volume:	8.593 y ³
Foundation Result:	PASSED
Mount Twist:	1.367063 kip

Site Info

Risk Category:	I
Exposure:	C
Soil Classification:	sand
Site Location:	5431 Storm Mountain Rd, Loveland, CO 80538, USA
Wind Speed:	158 mph
Snow Load:	85 psf
Design Uplift Pressure:	Multiple pressures
Design Downforce Pressure:	Multiple pressures
Design Snow Pressure:	0.028041 ksf



Design Disclaimer

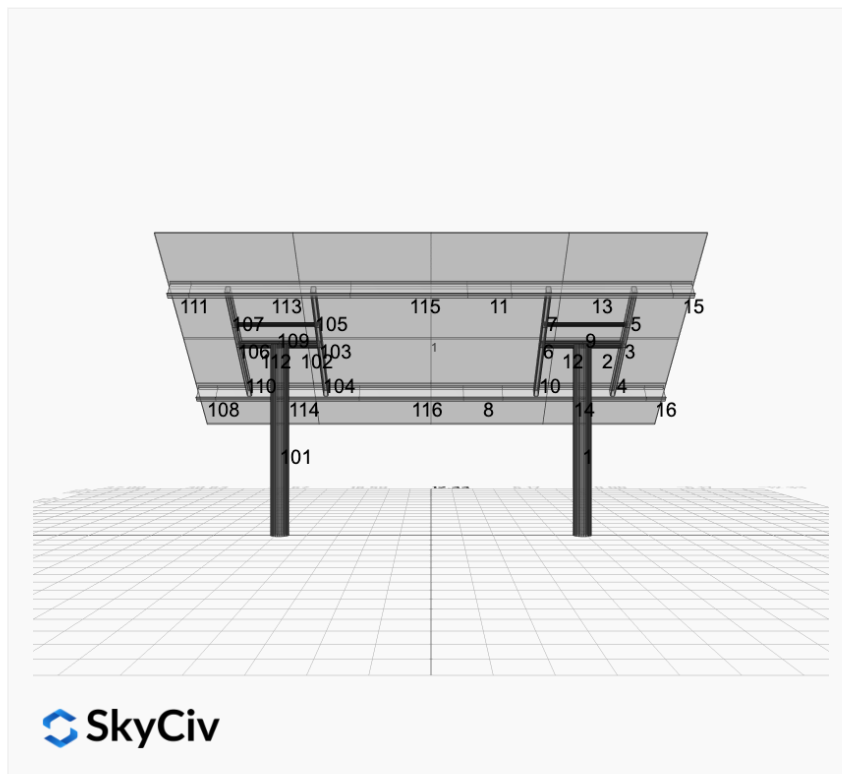
This software should be used for preliminary designs and should not be used as a final design unless reviewed, verified and designed by a qualified structural engineer.

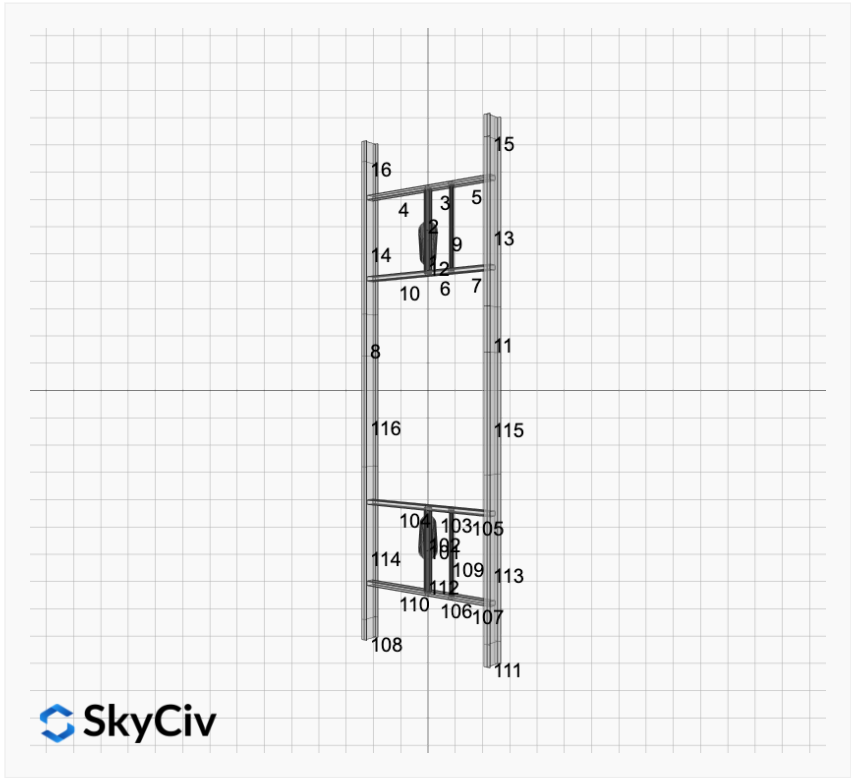
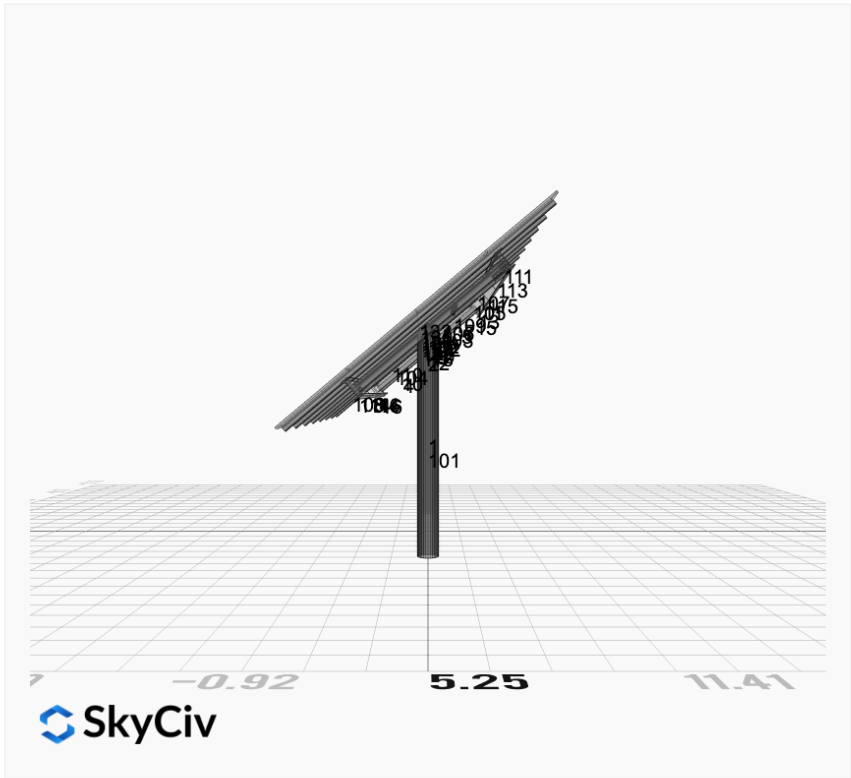
AutoDesigner Input

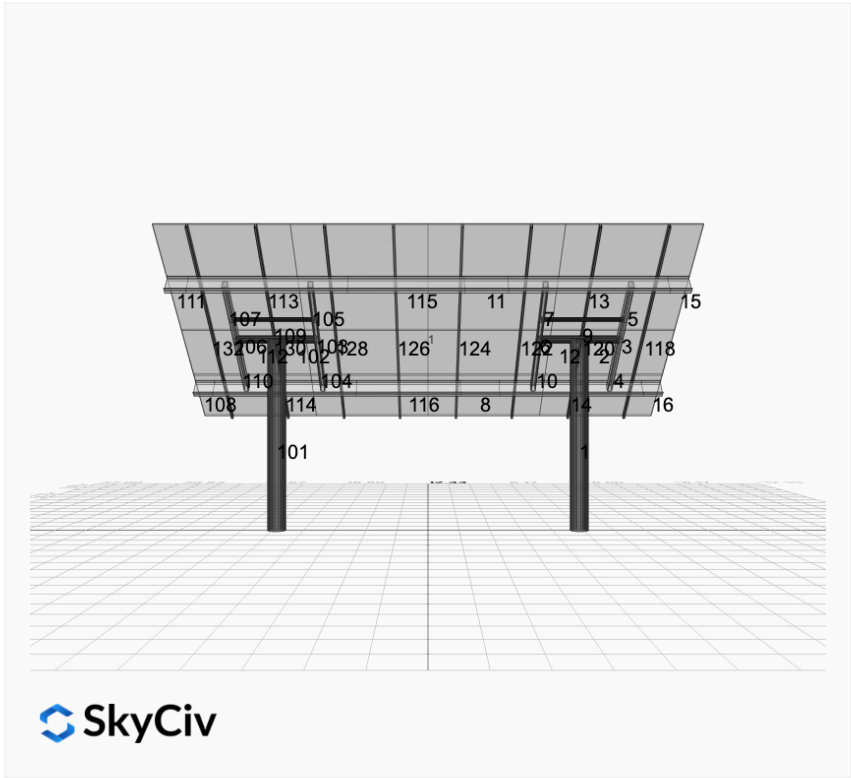
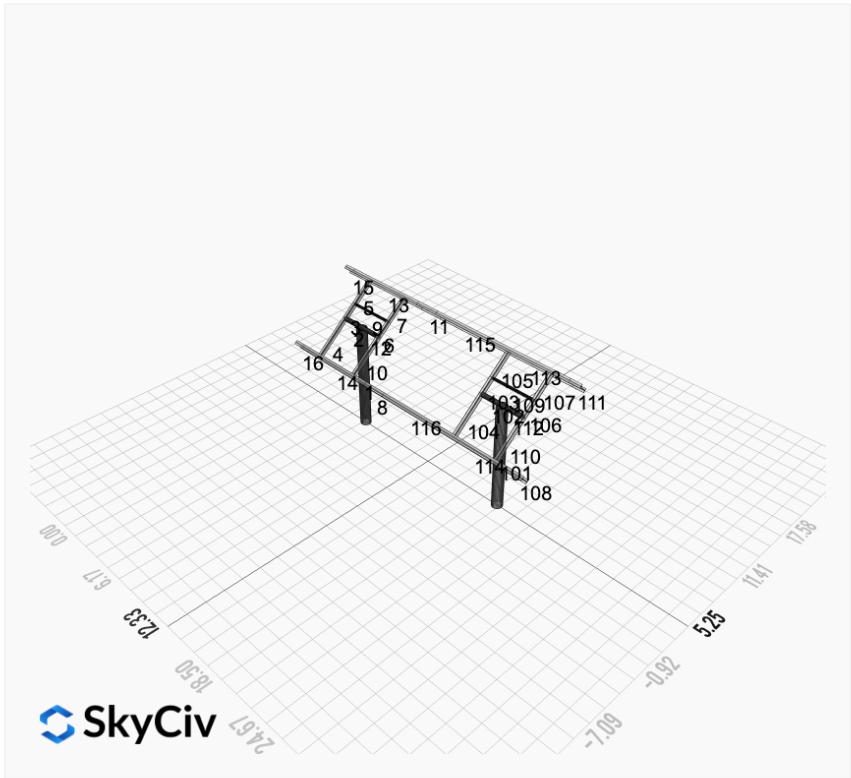
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Design Notes:

- AISC Deflection checks are set to L/1 due to structure design intent







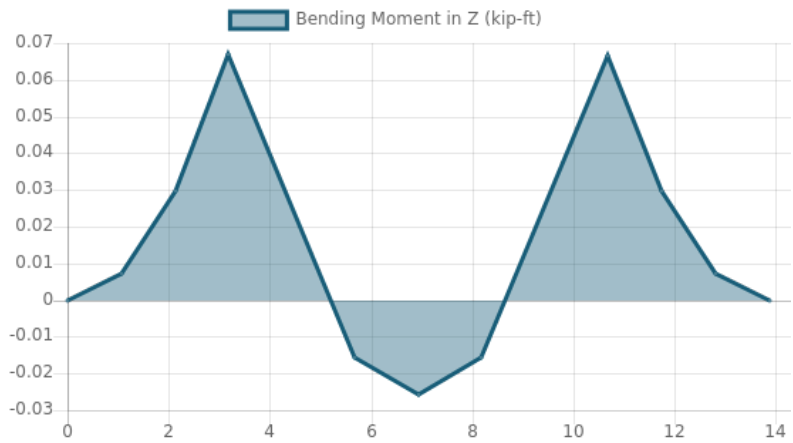
Rail Design Check

Rail Length: 13.866666666666667 ft
Additional Restraints Required: None
Tributary Width: 3.125 ft
Material: Aluminium
Density: 169 lb/ft³
Elasticity Modulus: 10000 ksi
Fy: 34.5 ksi
Fu: 37 ksi
Snow (X): 0.0671 kip/ft
Snow (Y): -0.0563 kip/ft
Wind uplift Case A: 0.1684 kip/ft
Wind uplift Case A: 0.1684 kip/ft
Wind uplift Case B (X): 0.0000 kip/ft
Wind uplift Case B (Y): 0.2214 kip/ft

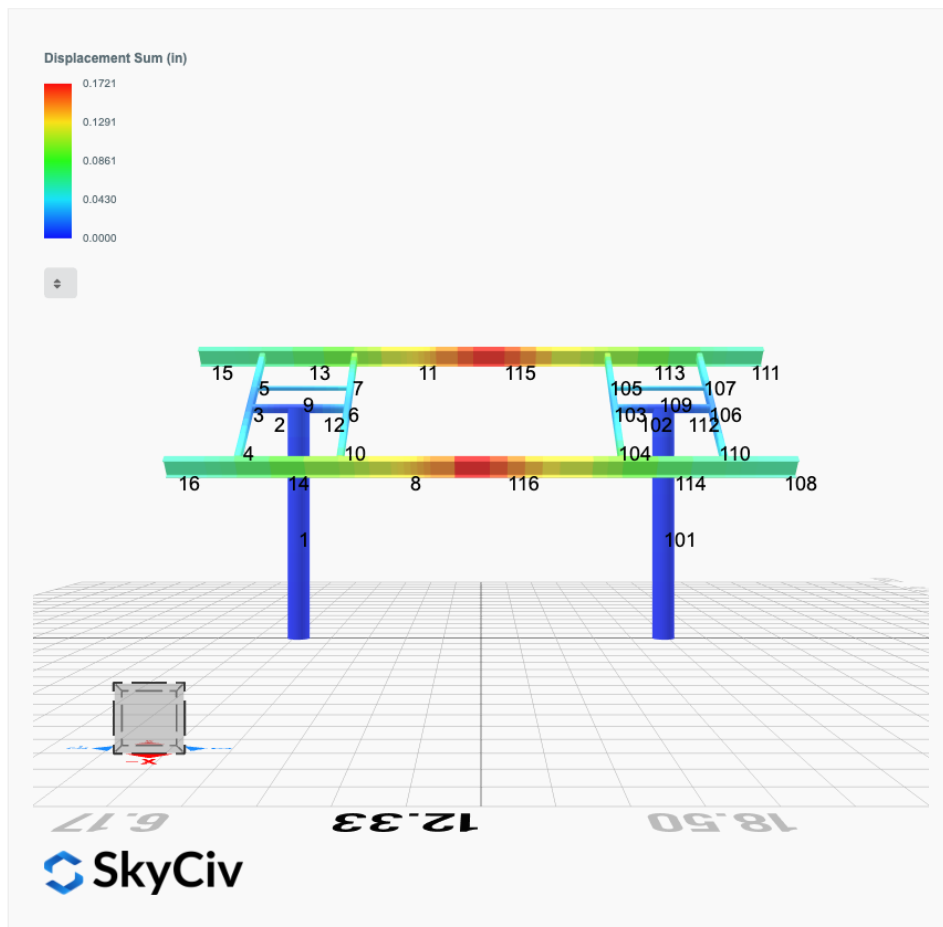


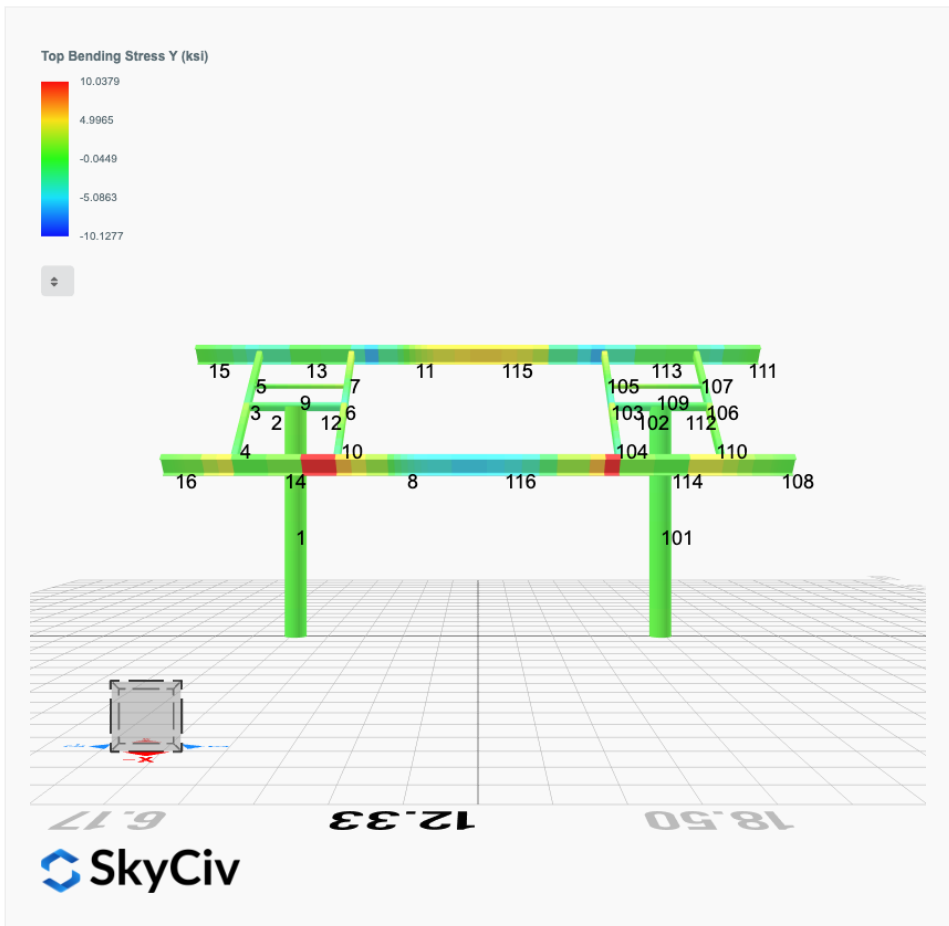
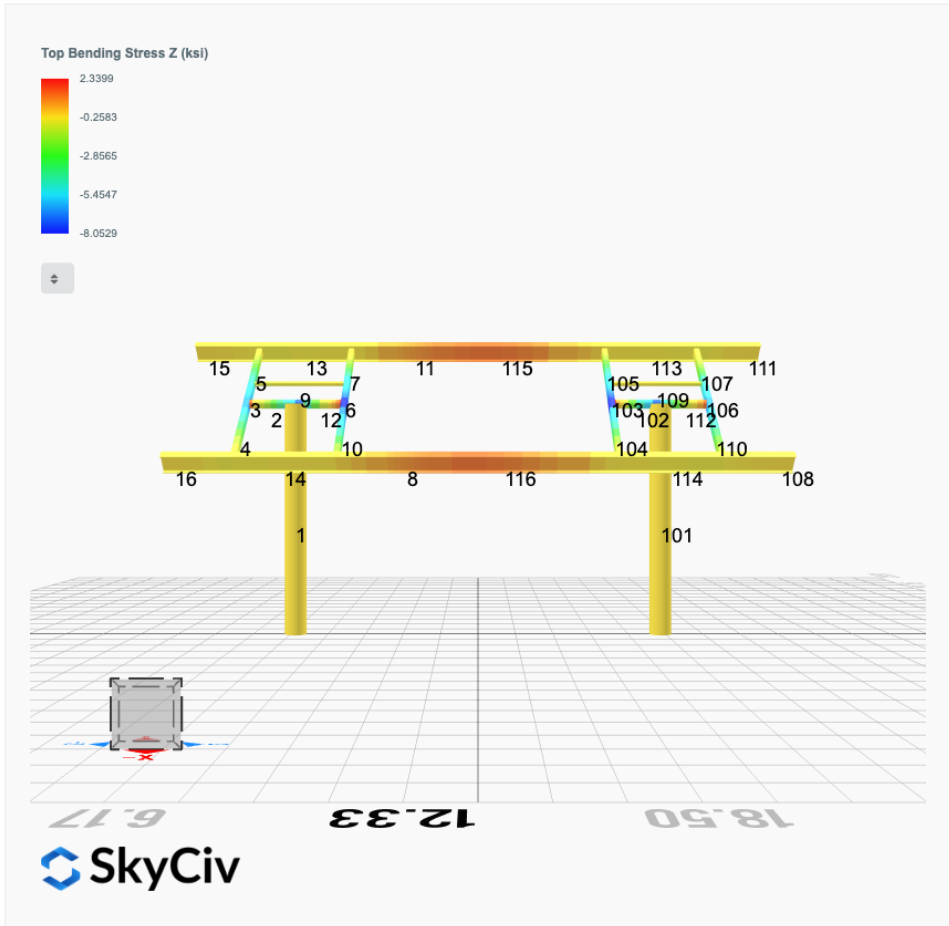
Result Check	Max Limit	Max Value	Utility	Status
Custom Stress Limit	34.5	28.03588898	0.813	PASS
Material Yield	34.5	28.03588898	0.813	PASS
Material Strength	37	28.03588898	0.758	PASS

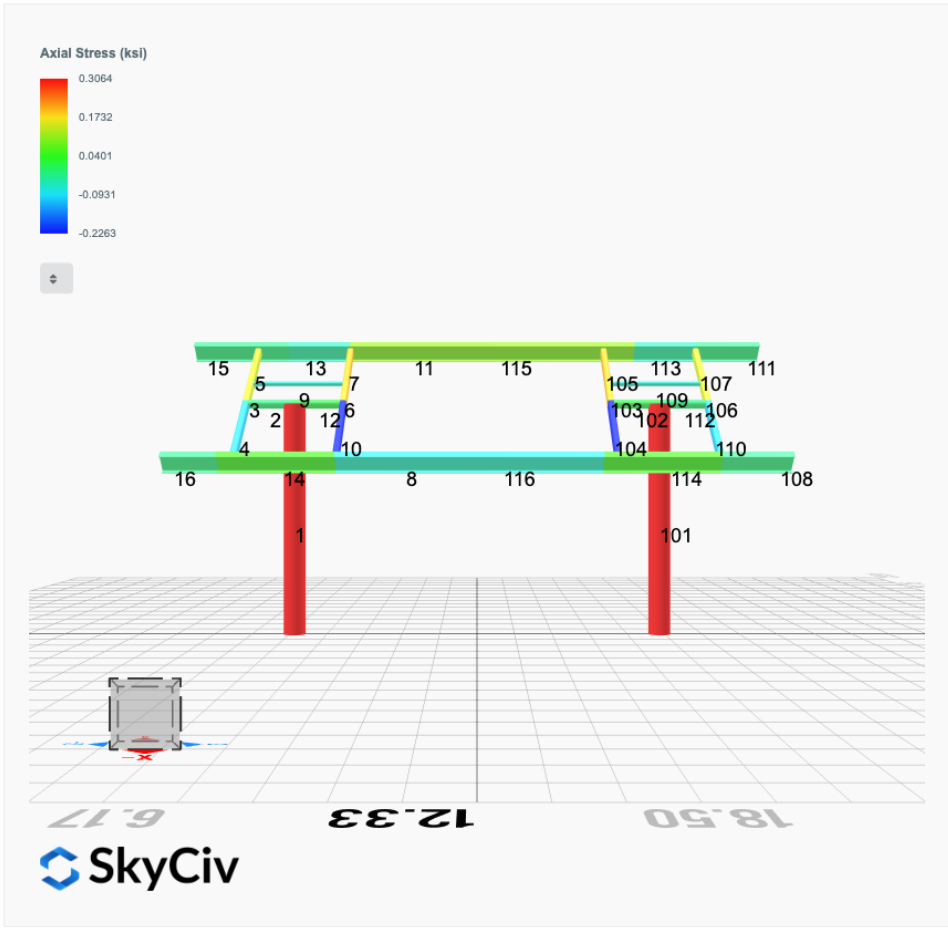
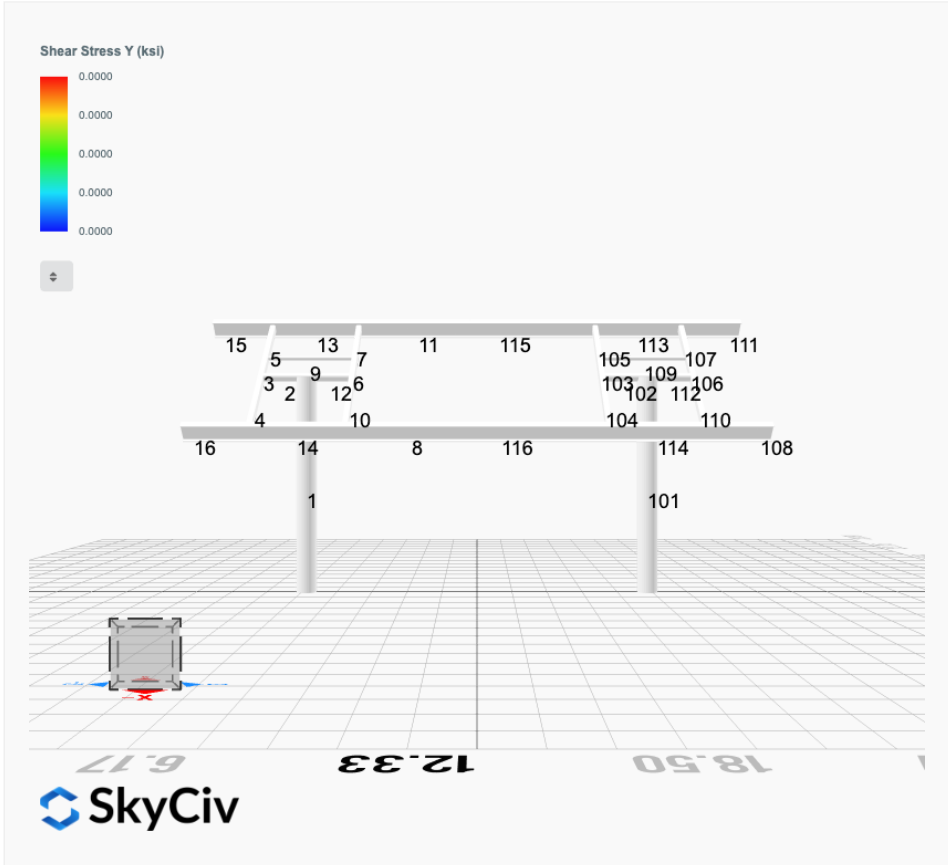
Member 1, ULS: 1. 1.4D



FEM Results (Envelope Worst Case for each member)







Reaction Forces for Foundation 1 (Node ID#1), (kip, kip-ft)

ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	0.0000	1.7623	0.0372	0.0755	-0.0046	0.0255
ULS: 2. D + L	0.0000	1.7623	0.0372	0.0755	-0.0046	0.0255
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0000	5.4111	0.1604	0.3274	-0.0226	0.0393
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0000	1.7623	0.0372	0.0755	-0.0046	0.0255
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0000	4.4989	0.1296	0.2644	-0.0181	0.0358
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0000	1.7623	0.0372	0.0755	-0.0046	0.0255
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	0.0000	1.7623	0.0372	0.0755	-0.0046	0.0255
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	0.0000	4.4989	0.1296	0.2644	-0.0181	0.0358
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	0.0000	1.0574	0.0223	0.0453	-0.0028	0.0153
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-4.4367	7.0498	0.2195	0.3799	-0.8170	43.3111
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-4.4367	7.0498	0.2195	0.3799	-0.8170	43.3111
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	3.5360	-2.4518	-0.1073	-0.1658	0.6415	-32.8134
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	3.0023	-1.8157	-0.0865	-0.1310	0.5483	-38.2485
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-3.3275	8.4645	0.2663	0.4927	-0.6274	32.5000
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-3.3275	8.4645	0.2663	0.4927	-0.6274	32.5000
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	2.6520	1.3383	0.0212	0.0835	0.4665	-24.5933
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	2.2517	1.8154	0.0368	0.1095	0.3965	-28.6697
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-3.3275	5.7279	0.1739	0.3038	-0.6139	32.4897
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-3.3275	5.7279	0.1739	0.3038	-0.6139	32.4897
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	2.6520	-1.3983	-0.0712	-0.1054	0.4800	-24.6037
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	2.2517	-0.9212	-0.0556	-0.0794	0.4101	-28.6800
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-4.4367	6.3449	0.2046	0.3497	-0.8152	43.3009
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-4.4367	6.3449	0.2046	0.3497	-0.8152	43.3009
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	3.5360	-3.1567	-0.1222	-0.1960	0.6433	-32.8236
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	3.0023	-2.5206	-0.1014	-0.1612	0.5501	-38.2587

Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	12.7516
Shear X	-7.3945
Shear Z	0.4101
Moment X	0.7495
Moment Y (Twist)	1.3668
Moment Z	72.5036

Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	8.4645
Shear X	-4.4367
Shear Z	0.2663
Moment X	0.4927
Moment Y (Twist)	0.8170
Moment Z	43.3111

Reaction Forces for Foundation 2 (Node ID#101), (kip, kip-ft)

ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	-0.0000	1.7623	-0.0372	-0.0755	0.0046	0.0255
ULS: 2. D + L	-0.0000	1.7623	-0.0372	-0.0755	0.0046	0.0255
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	-0.0000	5.4111	-0.1604	-0.3274	0.0226	0.0393
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	-0.0000	1.7623	-0.0372	-0.0755	0.0046	0.0255
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	-0.0000	4.4989	-0.1296	-0.2644	0.0181	0.0358
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	-0.0000	1.7623	-0.0372	-0.0755	0.0046	0.0255
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	-0.0000	1.7623	-0.0372	-0.0755	0.0046	0.0255

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	-0.0000	4.4989	-0.1296	-0.2644	0.0181	0.0358
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	-0.0000	1.0574	-0.0223	-0.0453	0.0028	0.0153
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-4.4367	7.0498	-0.2195	-0.3799	0.8170	43.3111
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-4.4367	7.0498	-0.2195	-0.3799	0.8170	43.3111
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	3.5360	-2.4518	0.1073	0.1658	-0.6415	-32.8134
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	3.0023	-1.8157	0.0865	0.1310	-0.5483	-38.2485
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-3.3275	8.4645	-0.2663	-0.4927	0.6274	32.5000
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-3.3275	8.4645	-0.2663	-0.4927	0.6274	32.5000
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	2.6520	1.3383	-0.0212	-0.0835	-0.4664	-24.5933
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	2.2517	1.8154	-0.0368	-0.1095	-0.3965	-28.6696
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-3.3275	5.7279	-0.1739	-0.3038	0.6139	32.4897
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-3.3275	5.7279	-0.1739	-0.3038	0.6139	32.4897
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	2.6520	-1.3983	0.0712	0.1054	-0.4800	-24.6037
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	2.2517	-0.9212	0.0556	0.0794	-0.4100	-28.6800
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-4.4367	6.3449	-0.2046	-0.3497	0.8152	43.3009
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-4.4367	6.3449	-0.2046	-0.3497	0.8152	43.3009
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	3.5360	-3.1567	0.1222	0.1960	-0.6433	-32.8236
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	3.0023	-2.5206	0.1014	0.1612	-0.5501	-38.2587

Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	12.7517
Shear X	-7.3946
Shear Z	-0.4101
Moment X	-0.7492
Moment Y (Twist)	1.3671
Moment Z	72.5047

Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	8.4645
Shear X	-4.4367
Shear Z	-0.2663
Moment X	-0.4927
Moment Y (Twist)	0.8170
Moment Z	43.3111

Project Details

Design Code: AISC 360-16 LRFD
 Provision: LRFD
 Country: United States
 User Name: sales@mtsolar.us
 Unit System: imperial



Design Input Information

Design Factors			
Φ_t	Φ_c	Φ_b	Φ_v
0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9

Design Materials			
ID	E (ksi)	F_y (ksi)	F_u (ksi)
1	29000	50	65

Section Dimensions



ID	Name	d (in)	t_w (in)				
3	2in Pipe Sch 120	2.38	0.25				
6	4in Pipe Sch 120	4.50	0.44				
11	10in Pipe Sch 40	10.75	0.36				



ID	Name	d (in)	b (in)	t_w (in)	t_b (in)	r (in)	
17	HSS5x3x1/4	5.00	3.00	0.23	0.23	0.23	



ID	Name	d (in)	t_w (in)	b_t (in)	b_b (in)	t_t (in)	t_b (in)	r (in)
20	W10x12	9.87	0.19	3.96	3.96	0.21	0.21	0.30

Section Properties

ID	Name	A (in ²)	J (in ⁴)	I_{yp} (in ⁴)	I_{zp} (in ⁴)	I_w (in ⁶)	S_{yp} (in ³)	S_{zp} (in ³)
3	2in Pipe Sch 120	1.67	1.91	0.96	0.96	0.00	1.13	1.13
6	4in Pipe Sch 120	5.58	23.29	11.64	11.64	0.00	7.24	7.24
11	10in Pipe Sch 40	11.91	321.47	160.73	160.73	0.00	39.38	39.38

17	HSS5x3x1/4	3.37	11.00	4.81	10.70	62.42	3.77	5.38
20	W10x12	3.54	0.05	2.18	53.80	50.90	1.74	12.60

Member Properties								
Member ID	Section ID	K _z L (ft)	K _y L (ft)	L _b (ft)	C _b	L	S	T
1	11	19.86	19.86	9.46	-	3	2	1
2	6	1.30	1.30	2.00	-	3	2	1
3	17	0.92	0.92	1.42	1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.19,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.15,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.17	3	2	1
4	17	2.44	2.44	3.75	1.70,1.68,1.70,1.67,1.69,1.70,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.60,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.65,1.67,1.67,1.72,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.58,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.65	3	2	1
5	17	1.52	1.52	2.33	1.69,1.68,1.69,1.67,1.68,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.69,1.63,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66	3	2	1
6	17	0.92	0.92	1.42	1.20,1.19,1.20,1.18,1.19,1.20,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.20,1.14,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18	3	2	1
7	17	1.52	1.52	2.33	1.69,1.68,1.69,1.67,1.68,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.69,1.63,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.67	3	2	1
8	20	1.33	1.33	2.05	1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.15,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.21,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.16,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.17	3	2	1
9	3	2.60	2.60	4.00	-	3	2	1
10	17	2.44	2.44	3.75	1.70,1.68,1.70,1.67,1.69,1.70,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.63,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.65,1.67,1.67,1.71,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.62,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66	3	2	1
11	20	1.33	1.33	2.05	1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.21,1.15,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18	3	2	1
12	6	4.20	4.20	2.00	-	3	2	1
13	20	4.88	4.00	7.50	1.62,1.66,1.62,1.68,1.65,1.62,1.78,1.78,1.82,2.10,1.79,1.79,1.79,2.03,1.75,1.75,1.37,1.71,1.77,1.77,1.82,2.08,1.79,1.79,1.79,2.02	3	2	1
14	20	4.88	4.00	7.50	1.58,1.63,1.58,1.65,1.61,1.58,1.71,1.71,1.81,1.13,1.72,1.72,1.79,1.17,1.69,1.69,1.28,1.93,1.71,1.71,1.82,1.10,1.72,1.72,1.78,1.19	3	2	1
15	20	2.10	2.10	1.00	2.32,2.33,2.32,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.32,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33	3	2	1
16	20	2.10	2.10	1.00	2.32,2.33,2.32,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.32,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33	3	2	1
101	11	19.86	19.86	9.46	-	3	2	1
102	6	4.20	4.20	2.00	-	3	2	1
103	17	0.92	0.92	1.42	1.20,1.19,1.20,1.18,1.19,1.20,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.20,1.14,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18	3	2	1
104	17	2.44	2.44	3.75	1.70,1.68,1.70,1.67,1.69,1.70,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.63,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.65,1.67,1.67,1.71,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.62,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66	3	2	1
105	17	1.52	1.52	2.33	1.69,1.68,1.69,1.67,1.68,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.69,1.63,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.67	3	2	1
106	17	0.92	0.92	1.42	1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.19,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.15,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.17	3	2	1
107	17	1.52	1.52	2.33	1.69,1.68,1.69,1.67,1.68,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.69,1.63,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66	3	2	1

115	159.30	122.21	40.06	6.46	56.26	44.91
116	159.30	122.21	40.06	6.46	56.26	44.91

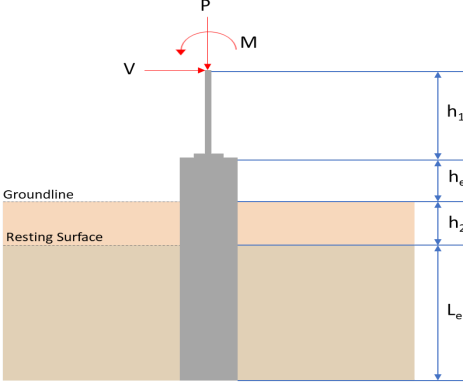
Design Ratio

Member ID	P	M _z	M _y	V _y	V _z	(P,M _z ,M _y)	Worst LC	KL/r	δ	Status
1	0.032	0.491	0.021	0.046	0.003	0.512	#13	0.324	Not Required	Pass
2	0.001	0.316	0.223	0.072	0.047	0.539	#13	0.054	Not Required	Pass
3	0.006	0.615	0.044	0.061	0.013	0.629	#13	0.046	Not Required	Pass
4	0.006	0.575	0.054	0.057	0.012	0.613	#13	0.082	Not Required	Pass
5	0.006	0.382	0.027	0.061	0.006	0.389	#13	0.076	Not Required	Pass
6	0.009	0.731	0.101	0.074	0.032	0.785	#13	0.046	Not Required	Pass
7	0.010	0.453	0.100	0.072	0.025	0.466	#13	0.076	Not Required	Pass
8	0.002	0.147	0.118	0.037	0.016	0.239	#21	0.102	Not Required	Pass
9	0.003	0.052	0.067	0.002	0.003	0.116	#13	0.137	Not Required	Pass
10	0.010	0.687	0.093	0.069	0.022	0.704	#13	0.082	Not Required	Pass
11	0.004	0.156	0.118	0.039	0.016	0.241	#21	0.102	Not Required	Pass
12	0.002	0.432	0.273	0.091	0.053	0.706	#13	0.174	Not Required	Pass
13	0.005	0.086	0.284	0.057	0.023	0.300	#21	0.306	Not Required	Pass
14	0.003	0.082	0.280	0.054	0.023	0.292	#21	0.204	Not Required	Pass
15	0.000	0.006	0.015	0.010	0.004	0.020	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
16	0.000	0.006	0.015	0.010	0.004	0.019	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
101	0.032	0.491	0.021	0.046	0.003	0.512	#13	0.324	Not Required	Pass
102	0.002	0.432	0.273	0.091	0.053	0.706	#13	0.174	Not Required	Pass
103	0.009	0.731	0.101	0.074	0.032	0.785	#13	0.046	Not Required	Pass
104	0.010	0.687	0.093	0.069	0.022	0.704	#13	0.082	Not Required	Pass
105	0.010	0.453	0.100	0.072	0.025	0.466	#13	0.076	Not Required	Pass
106	0.006	0.615	0.044	0.061	0.013	0.629	#13	0.046	Not Required	Pass
107	0.006	0.382	0.027	0.061	0.006	0.389	#13	0.076	Not Required	Pass
108	0.000	0.006	0.015	0.010	0.004	0.019	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
109	0.003	0.052	0.067	0.002	0.003	0.116	#13	0.137	Not Required	Pass
110	0.006	0.575	0.054	0.057	0.012	0.613	#13	0.082	Not Required	Pass
111	0.000	0.006	0.015	0.010	0.004	0.020	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
112	0.001	0.316	0.223	0.072	0.047	0.539	#13	0.054	Not Required	Pass
113	0.005	0.086	0.284	0.057	0.023	0.300	#21	0.204	Not Required	Pass
114	0.003	0.082	0.280	0.054	0.023	0.292	#21	0.306	Not Required	Pass
115	0.005	0.203	0.158	0.039	0.016	0.320	#21	0.271	Not Required	Pass
116	0.002	0.192	0.159	0.037	0.016	0.315	#21	0.271	Not Required	Pass

Definitions

Φ_t	Safety factor for tensile
Φ_c	Safety factor for compression
Φ_b	Safety factor for flexure
Φ_v	Safety factor for shear
E	Modulus of elasticity
F _y	Specified minimum yield stress
F _u	Specified minimum tensile strength
A	Cross-sectional area
J	Torsional constant
I _{yp}	Moment of inertia about the Y axes
I _{zp}	Moment of inertia about the Z axes
I _w	Warping constant
S _{yp}	Plastic section modulus about the Y axis
S _{zp}	Plastic section modulus about the Z axis
KL	Effective length
C _b	Buckling modification factor (from all load combinations)
L _b	Length between braced points

l	Length between brace points
LST	Limited slenderness for tension
LSC	Limited slenderness for compression
LD	Limited deflection
P_n	Nominal axial strength (tension/compression)
M_n	Nominal flexural strength (about Z/Y axis)
V_n	Nominal shear strength (along Z/Y axis)
P	Design ratio in case of axial force
M_z	Design ratio in case of bending about Z axis
M_y	Design ratio in case of bending about Y axis
V_y	Design ratio in case of shear along Y axis
V_z	Design ratio in case of shear along Z axis
(P, M_z , M_y)	Design ratio in case of axial force and bending action
KL/r	Design ratio in case of section slenderness
δ	Design ratio in case of member deflection
OK	Capacity is provided
NG	Capacity is not provided

REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS																										
	<p>SkyCiv Foundation Design Pile Foundation</p> <p>Design Information : Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code) Unit System : Imperial</p>																											
	<p>Pile Input</p>  <p>Geometry Pile shape: rectangular $b = 48$ in - Pile width $D = 48$ in - Pile depth $L = 7.25$ ft - Total pile length $h_1 = 0$ ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile, $h_2 = 0$ ft - Depth to resting surface $h_e = 0$ ft - Length of pile above the ground</p> <p>Tabulation of Soil Parameters</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="416 1102 1193 1193"> <thead> <tr> <th>Layer</th> <th>Label</th> <th>Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_n) (psf)</th> <th>Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel</td> <td>2000.000</td> <td>150.000</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Tabulation of Loads</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="676 1285 935 1458"> <thead> <tr> <th>Load Component</th> <th>ASD</th> <th>LRFD</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>P (kip)</td> <td>8.465</td> <td>12.752</td> </tr> <tr> <td>V_x (kip)</td> <td>-4.437</td> <td>-7.395</td> </tr> <tr> <td>V_z (kip)</td> <td>0.266</td> <td>0.410</td> </tr> <tr> <td>M_x (kipft)</td> <td>0.493</td> <td>0.749</td> </tr> <tr> <td>M_z (kipft)</td> <td>43.311</td> <td>72.504</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Material Properties $f'_{ck} = 2.5$ ksi - Concrete strength,</p>	Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_n) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)	1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000	Load Component	ASD	LRFD	P (kip)	8.465	12.752	V_x (kip)	-4.437	-7.395	V_z (kip)	0.266	0.410	M_x (kipft)	0.493	0.749	M_z (kipft)	43.311	72.504	
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	<p>Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD) H - Point of application of the lateral load</p> $H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$ $H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$ $H = 0 \text{ ft}$ <p>Considering x-direction: H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,</p> $H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$ $H_o = \frac{(-4.437 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $H_o = -0.70653 \text{ kip/ft}$ <p>M_o - Moment per length of pile,</p> $M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$																											

$$M_o = \frac{(43.311 \text{ kipft}) + ((-4.437 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 6.8967 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,x} = 6.5092 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in x-direction,

Considering z-direction:

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(0.266 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = 0.042357 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.493 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.266 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.078503 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_z^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,z} = 2.2969 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in z-direction,

Minimum embedded depth required:

$L_{e,req}$ - Depth of pile required,

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$$

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(6.5092 \text{ ft}), (2.2969 \text{ ft})]$$

$$L_{e,req} = 6.509 \text{ ft}$$

L_e - Actual embedded length of pile,

$$L_e = L - h_e - h_2$$

$$L_e = (7.25 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$L_e = 7.25 \text{ ft}$$

Ratio - Embedded depth

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(6.509 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.89779$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.900**

End-bearing Capacity (ASD)

A - Pile cross-section area

$$A = b D$$

$$A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$$

q - End-bearing pressure

$$q = \frac{P_c}{A}$$

$$q = \frac{(8.465 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$$

$$q = 0.52906 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$$q = 0.52906 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check bearing capacity ratio:

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.52906 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.26453$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.260**

Czerniak

Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):

L/D - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,

$$L/D = \frac{L}{D}$$

$$L/D = \frac{(7.25 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$$

$$L/D = 1.8125$$

Since $L/D \leq 10$,

Pile is short.

Considering x-direction:

$H_o = -0.70653 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 6.8967 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (6.8967 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.70653 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (6.8967 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.70653 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.0334 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (6.8967 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.70653 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(7.25 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (6.8967 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.70653 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.20398 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (6.8967 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.70653 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))]}{(7.25 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.9898 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(5.0334 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.37751 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.20398 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.37751 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.54033$$

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.540**

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 1.0875 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.9898 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.0875 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.91015$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.910**

Considering z-direction:

$H_o = 0.042357 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 0.078503 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.078503 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.042357 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.078503 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.042357 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.27 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (0.078503 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (0.042357 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(7.25 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (0.078503 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (0.042357 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.025624 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (0.078503 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((0.042357 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))]}{(7.25 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.052976 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(5.27 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.39525 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.025624 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.39525 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.06483$$

p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 1.0875 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

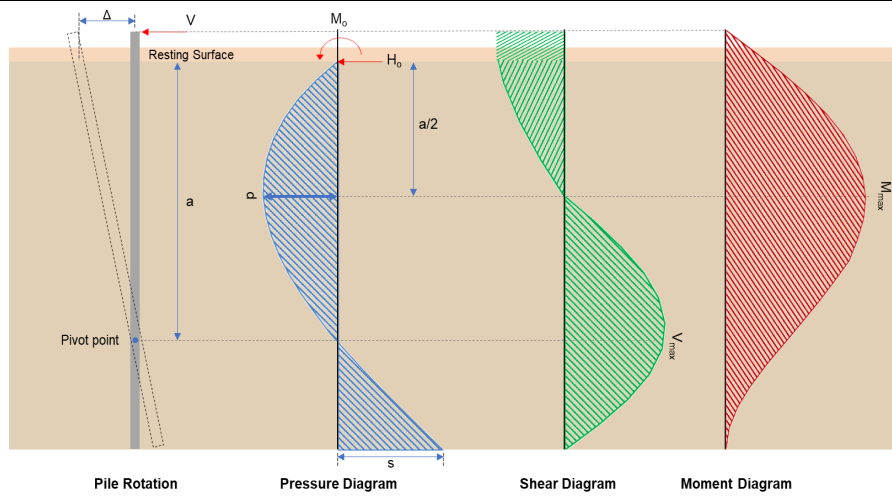
$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.060**

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.052976 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.0875 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.048714$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.050**



Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRF)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_e}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-7.395 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -1.1775 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(72.504 \text{ kipft}) + ((-7.395 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 11.545 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(11.545 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-1.1775 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 9.8045 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (11.545 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-1.1775 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (11.545 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-1.1775 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.0328 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-1.1775 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (9.8045 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.0328 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (9.8045 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.0328 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 14.377 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-1.1775 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(9.8045 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(5.0328 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.25 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (9.8045 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.0328 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (9.8045 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.0328 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 49.028 \text{ kipft}$$

Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(0.41 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = 0.065287 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.749 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.41 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.11927 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.11927 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(0.065287 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 1.8268 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.11927 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.065287 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.11927 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.065287 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.2718 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 + 4 \left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((0.065287 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (1.8268 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.2718 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 + 4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (1.8268 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.2718 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.29226 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o b L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((0.065287 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(1.8268 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(5.2718 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.25 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (1.8268 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.2718 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (1.8268 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.2718 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 0.89192 \text{ kipft}$$

Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$ - Concrete strength,
 $f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$ - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,
 $\phi = 0.65$ - Reduction factor for axial strength,
 $\alpha = 0.8$ - Alpha factor for axial strength,
 $A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$ - Gross area of concrete,

Table 22.4.2.1

Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load, $A_{st,required}$

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{(12.752 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -84.172 \text{ in}^2$$

A_{min} - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-84.172 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$$

n_{rebar} - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 14$$

A_{st} - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.96556$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.970**

25.2.3

s_{rebar} - Minimum spacing of reinforcement,

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$$

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$$

Ties:

25.7.2.2

Since longitudinal reinforcement is \leq No. 10: Use #3(0.375 in)

25.7.2.1

s_{ties} - Maximum spacing of ties,

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), \text{Min} (D, b)]$$

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), \text{Min} ((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$$

Summary:

Main reinforcement: **14 - #5 (0.625 in)**

Ties: #3(0.375 in) - 10 in

Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)

22.4.2.2

ϕP_N - Allowable axial compressive strength

$$\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st})]$$

$$\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times [(0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$\phi P_N = 2675.2 \text{ kip}$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(12.752 \text{ kip})}{(2675.2 \text{ kip})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.0047668$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**

Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)

Parameters:

22.5.2.2

$b_w = 48 \text{ in}$ - Effective width,
 d - Effective depth

$$d = 0.80 D$$

$$d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$d = 38.4 \text{ in}$$

22.5.5.1.3

λ_s - size effect modification factor

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = 0.64282$$

22.5.5.1.1

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{c,max}$ - Max shear strength of concrete

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,max} = 296.21 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.1(a)

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $P = 12.752 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 12752 \text{ lbf}$,
 $V_{c,a}$ - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + \frac{P}{6 A_g} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + \frac{(12752 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 120.19 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{c,b}$ - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + (0.05 f'_{ck}) \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi})) \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 348.89 \text{ kip}$$

V_c - Governing shear strength of concrete

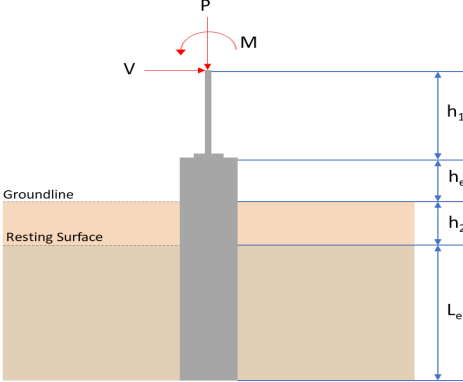
$$V_c = \text{Min}[V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min}[(296.21 \text{ kip}), (120.19 \text{ kip}), (348.89 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 120.19 \text{ kip}$$

<p>22.5.1.2</p>	<p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$.</p> <p>$V_{s,a}$ - Shear strength of steel (a)</p> $V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ $V_{s,a} = 737.28 \text{ kip}$ <p>A_v - Ties rebar area,</p> $A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$ $A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$ $A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$ <p>22.5.8.5.3 $V_{s,b}$ - Shear strength of steel (b)</p> $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{ytie} d}{s_{ties}}$ $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$ $V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p>V_s - Governing shear strength of steel</p> $V_s = \text{MIN}[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$ $V_s = \text{MIN}[(737.28 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$ $V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p>22.5.1.1 ϕV_n - Allowable shear strength</p> $\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$ $\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((120.19 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$ $\phi V_n = 111.2 \text{ kip}$ <p>Considering x-direction:</p> <p>$V_{max} = 14.377 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the x-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(14.377 \text{ kip})}{(111.2 \text{ kip})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.12929$ <p>Considering z-direction:</p> <p>$V_{max} = 0.29226 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the z-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.29226 \text{ kip})}{(111.2 \text{ kip})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.0026282$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.130</p> <p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000</p>
	<p>Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p>S_m - Section modulus</p> $S_m = \frac{b D^2}{6}$ $S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$ $S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$	

<p>14.5.2.1b</p>	<p>$\lambda = 1$ - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete), Allowable flexural strength: M_n shall be the lesser of: $\phi M_{n,1}$</p> $\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{2.5 \text{ksi}} \times 18432.001 \text{in}^3$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 249.600 \text{kipft}$ <p>$\phi M_{n,2}$</p> $\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_c \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ksi}) \times (18432 \text{in}^3)$ $\phi M_{n,2} = 2121.6 \text{kipft}$ <p>Therefore, ϕM_n - Allowable flexural strength,</p> $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$ $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(249.6 \text{kipft}), (2121.6 \text{kipft})]$ $\phi M_n = 249.6 \text{kipft}$ <p>Considering x-direction: $M_{max} = 49.028 \text{kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the x-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(49.028 \text{kipft})}{(249.6 \text{kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.19642$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.200</p>
	<p>Considering z-direction: $M_{max} = 0.89192 \text{kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the z-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.89192 \text{kipft})}{(249.6 \text{kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.0035734$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000</p>

REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS																										
	<p>SkyCiv Foundation Design Pile Foundation</p> <p>Design Information : Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code) Unit System : Imperial</p>																											
	<p>Pile Input</p>  <p>Geometry Pile shape: rectangular $b = 48$ in - Pile width $D = 48$ in - Pile depth $L = 7.25$ ft - Total pile length $h_1 = 0$ ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile, $h_2 = 0$ ft - Depth to resting surface $h_e = 0$ ft - Length of pile above the ground</p> <p>Tabulation of Soil Parameters</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="416 1102 1192 1191"> <thead> <tr> <th>Layer</th> <th>Label</th> <th>Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf)</th> <th>Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel</td> <td>2000.000</td> <td>150.000</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Tabulation of Loads</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="676 1288 933 1458"> <thead> <tr> <th>Load Component</th> <th>ASD</th> <th>LRFD</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>P (kip)</td> <td>8.465</td> <td>12.752</td> </tr> <tr> <td>V_x (kip)</td> <td>-4.437</td> <td>-7.395</td> </tr> <tr> <td>V_z (kip)</td> <td>-0.266</td> <td>-0.410</td> </tr> <tr> <td>M_x (kipft)</td> <td>-0.493</td> <td>-0.749</td> </tr> <tr> <td>M_z (kipft)</td> <td>43.311</td> <td>72.505</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Material Properties $f'_{ck} = 2.5$ ksi - Concrete strength,</p>	Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)	1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000	Load Component	ASD	LRFD	P (kip)	8.465	12.752	V_x (kip)	-4.437	-7.395	V_z (kip)	-0.266	-0.410	M_x (kipft)	-0.493	-0.749	M_z (kipft)	43.311	72.505	
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M_x (kipft)	-0.493	-0.749																										
M_z (kipft)	43.311	72.505																										
	<p>Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD) H - Point of application of the lateral load</p> $H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$ $H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$ $H = 0 \text{ ft}$ <p>Considering x-direction: H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,</p> $H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$ $H_o = \frac{(-4.437 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $H_o = -0.70653 \text{ kip/ft}$ <p>M_o - Moment per length of pile,</p> $M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$																											

$$M_o = \frac{(43.311 \text{ kipft}) + ((-4.437 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 6.8967 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,x} = 6.5092 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in x-direction,

Considering z-direction:

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.266 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.042357 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.493 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.266 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.078503 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_z^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,z} = 1.3974 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in z-direction,

Minimum embedded depth required:

$L_{e,req}$ - Depth of pile required,

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$$

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(6.5092 \text{ ft}), (1.3974 \text{ ft})]$$

$$L_{e,req} = 6.509 \text{ ft}$$

L_e - Actual embedded length of pile,

$$L_e = L - h_e - h_2$$

$$L_e = (7.25 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$L_e = 7.25 \text{ ft}$$

Ratio - Embedded depth

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(6.509 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.89779$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.900**

End-bearing Capacity (ASD)

A - Pile cross-section area

$$A = b D$$

$$A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$$

q - End-bearing pressure

$$q = \frac{P_c}{A}$$

$$q = \frac{(8.465 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$$

$$q = 0.53006 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$$q = 0.52906 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check bearing capacity ratio:

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.52906 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.26453$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.260**

Czerniak

Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):

L/D - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,

$$L/D = \frac{L}{D}$$

$$L/D = \frac{(7.25 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$$

$$L/D = 1.8125$$

Since $L/D \leq 10$,

Pile is short.

Considering x-direction:

$H_o = -0.70653 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 6.8967 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (6.8967 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.70653 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (6.8967 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.70653 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.0334 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (6.8967 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.70653 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(7.25 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (6.8967 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.70653 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.20398 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (6.8967 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.70653 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))]}{(7.25 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.9898 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(5.0334 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.37751 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.20398 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.37751 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.54033$$

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

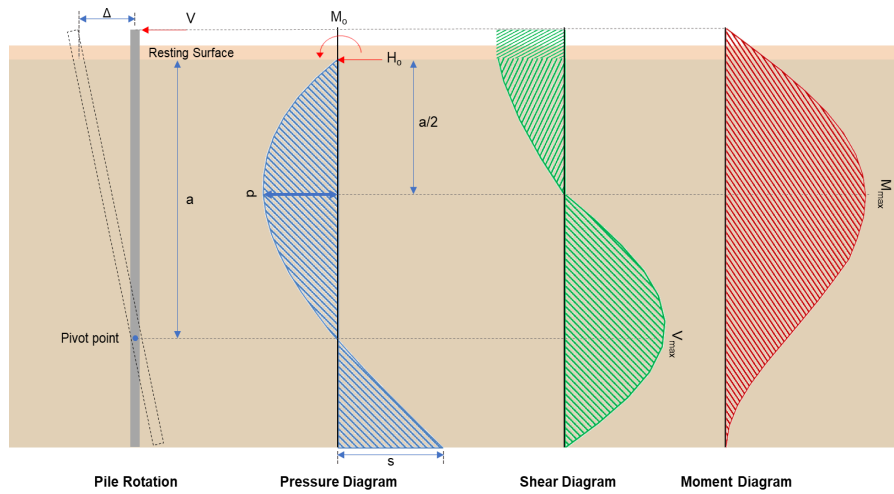
Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.540**

	$p_s = R L_e$ $p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})$ $p_s = 1.0875 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.9898 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.0875 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.91015$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.910</p>
	<p>Considering z-direction:</p> <p>$H_o = -0.042357 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile, $M_o = 0.078503 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile, a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,</p> $a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$ $a = \frac{(4 \times (0.078503 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.042357 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.078503 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.042357 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))}$ $a = 5.27 \text{ ft}$ <p>p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,</p> $p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$ $p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (0.078503 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.042357 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(7.25 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (0.078503 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.042357 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))]}$ $p = -0.013895 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e,</p> $s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$ $s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (0.078503 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.042357 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))]}{(7.25 \text{ ft})^2}$ $s = -0.017132 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Check lateral soil pressure capacity:</p> <p>p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,</p> $p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$ $p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(5.27 \text{ ft})}{2}$ $p_a = 0.39525 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(-0.013895 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.39525 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = -0.035155$ <p>p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e,</p> $p_s = R L_e$ $p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})$ $p_s = 1.0875 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: -0.040</p>

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(-0.017132 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.0875 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = -0.015753$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **-0.020**



Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRF)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_e}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-7.395 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -1.1775 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_e + (V_e H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(72.505 \text{ kipft}) + ((-7.395 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 11.545 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(11.545 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-1.1775 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 9.8046 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (11.545 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-1.1775 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (11.545 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-1.1775 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.0328 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-1.1775 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (9.8046 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.0328 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (9.8046 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.0328 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 14.377 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-1.1775 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(9.8046 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(5.0328 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.25 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (9.8046 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.0328 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (9.8046 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.0328 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 49.028 \text{ kipft}$$

Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.41 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.065287 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.749 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.41 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.11927 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.11927 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.065287 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 1.8268 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.11927 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.065287 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.11927 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.065287 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.2718 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.065287 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (1.8268 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.2718 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (1.8268 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.2718 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.29226 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o b L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.065287 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(1.8268 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(5.2718 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.25 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (1.8268 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.2718 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (1.8268 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.2718 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 0.89192 \text{ kipft}$$

Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$ - Concrete strength,
 $f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$ - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,
 $\phi = 0.65$ - Reduction factor for axial strength,
 $\alpha = 0.8$ - Alpha factor for axial strength,
 $A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$ - Gross area of concrete,

Table 22.4.2.1

Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load, $A_{st,required}$

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{(12.752 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -84.172 \text{ in}^2$$

A_{min} - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-84.172 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$$

n_{rebar} - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 14$$

A_{st} - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.96556$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.970**

25.2.3

s_{rebar} - Minimum spacing of reinforcement,

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$$

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$$

Ties:

25.7.2.2

Since longitudinal reinforcement is \leq No. 10: Use #3(0.375 in)

25.7.2.1

s_{ties} - Maximum spacing of ties,

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), \text{Min} (D, b)]$$

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), \text{Min} ((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$$

Summary:

Main reinforcement: **14 - #5 (0.625 in)**

Ties: #3(0.375 in) - 10 in

Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)

22.4.2.2

ϕP_N - Allowable axial compressive strength

$$\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st})]$$

$$\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times [(0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$\phi P_N = 2675.2 \text{ kip}$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(12.752 \text{ kip})}{(2675.2 \text{ kip})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.0047668$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**

Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)

Parameters:

22.5.2.2

$b_w = 48 \text{ in}$ - Effective width,
 d - Effective depth

$$d = 0.80 D$$

$$d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$d = 38.4 \text{ in}$$

22.5.5.1.3

λ_s - size effect modification factor

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = 0.64282$$

22.5.5.1.1

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{c,max}$ - Max shear strength of concrete

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,max} = 296.21 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.1(a)

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $P = 12.752 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 12752 \text{ lbf}$,
 $V_{c,a}$ - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + \frac{P}{6 A_g} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + \frac{(12752 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 120.19 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{c,b}$ - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + (0.05 f'_{ck}) \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi})) \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 348.89 \text{ kip}$$

V_c - Governing shear strength of concrete

$$V_c = \text{Min}[V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min}[(296.21 \text{ kip}), (120.19 \text{ kip}), (348.89 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 120.19 \text{ kip}$$

<p>22.5.1.2</p>	<p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$.</p> <p>$V_{s,a}$ - Shear strength of steel (a)</p> $V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ $V_{s,a} = 737.28 \text{ kip}$ <p>A_v - Ties rebar area,</p> $A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$ $A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$ $A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$ <p>22.5.8.5.3 $V_{s,b}$ - Shear strength of steel (b)</p> $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{ytik} d}{s_{ties}}$ $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$ $V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p>V_s - Governing shear strength of steel</p> $V_s = \text{MIN}[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$ $V_s = \text{MIN}[(737.28 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$ $V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p>22.5.1.1 ϕV_n - Allowable shear strength</p> $\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$ $\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((120.19 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$ $\phi V_n = 111.2 \text{ kip}$ <p>Considering x-direction:</p> <p>$V_{max} = 14.377 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the x-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(14.377 \text{ kip})}{(111.2 \text{ kip})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.12929$ <p>Considering z-direction:</p> <p>$V_{max} = 0.29226 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the z-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.29226 \text{ kip})}{(111.2 \text{ kip})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.0026282$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.130</p> <p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000</p>
	<p>Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p>S_m - Section modulus</p> $S_m = \frac{b D^2}{6}$ $S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$ $S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$	

<p>14.5.2.1b</p>	<p>$\lambda = 1$ - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete), Allowable flexural strength: M_n shall be the lesser of: $\phi M_{n,1}$</p> $\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{2.5 \text{ksi}} \times 18432.001 \text{in}^3$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 249.600 \text{kipft}$ <p>$\phi M_{n,2}$</p> $\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_c \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ksi}) \times (18432 \text{in}^3)$ $\phi M_{n,2} = 2121.6 \text{kipft}$ <p>Therefore, ϕM_n - Allowable flexural strength,</p> $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$ $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(249.6 \text{kipft}), (2121.6 \text{kipft})]$ $\phi M_n = 249.6 \text{kipft}$ <p>Considering x-direction: $M_{max} = 49.028 \text{kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the x-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(49.028 \text{kipft})}{(249.6 \text{kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.19643$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.200</p>
	<p>Considering z-direction: $M_{max} = 0.89192 \text{kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the z-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.89192 \text{kipft})}{(249.6 \text{kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.0035734$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000</p>