

Your Project Calculations



Project Name: Stephen_pole1

S3D Model Link:

https://platform.skyciv.com/structural?preload_name=Stephen_pole1&preload_path=Shared%20Enterprise%20Folder/MT_Solar_Projects/9_2023

Public Model Link:

https://platform.skyciv.com/structural-viewer?project_id=PujOmt3kXMP10046Sdh01AYoqjmdkvlBj03zuv60YFNdxabfLe82KCBHEtiokGN5

Array Specification

Product:	Beam
Unique ID:	1P-0-6TOP-SD-45-L-4Hx3W-E4KI
Duty Classification:	SD
Module Width:	39.40 in
Module Length:	65.60in
Number of Rows:	4
Number of Columns:	3
Total Number of Modules:	12
Desired Tilt Angle:	10
Front Edge Clearance:	8
Total Array Height at Tilt:	10.30 ft
Total Frame Length:	15.00 ft
Frame Weight:	818 lbs
Array Dimensions N/S:	13.30 ft
Array Dimensions E/W:	16.65 ft
Rail Length:	159.60 in
Rail Spacing:	2.73 ft
Rail Check:	Not Checked

Support Specifications

Pole Size:	6in Pipe Sch 40
Pole Length above Grade:	9.15 ft
Number of Poles:	1
Pole Spacing:	0

Foundation Specifications

Foundation Type:	Round
Foundation Dimensions:	Ø36 in
Foundation Depth (below grade):	Pile 1: 6.00 ft
Foundation Volume:	1.571 y ³
Foundation Result:	PASSED
Mount Twist:	0.000000 kip

Site Info

Risk Category:	I
Exposure:	B
Soil Classification:	sand
Site Location:	851 Hilltop Ct, Copperas Cove, TX 76522, USA
Wind Speed:	100 mph
Snow Load:	5 psf
Design Uplift Pressure:	Multiple pressures
Design Downforce Pressure:	Multiple pressures
Design Snow Pressure:	0.003024 ksf



Design Disclaimer

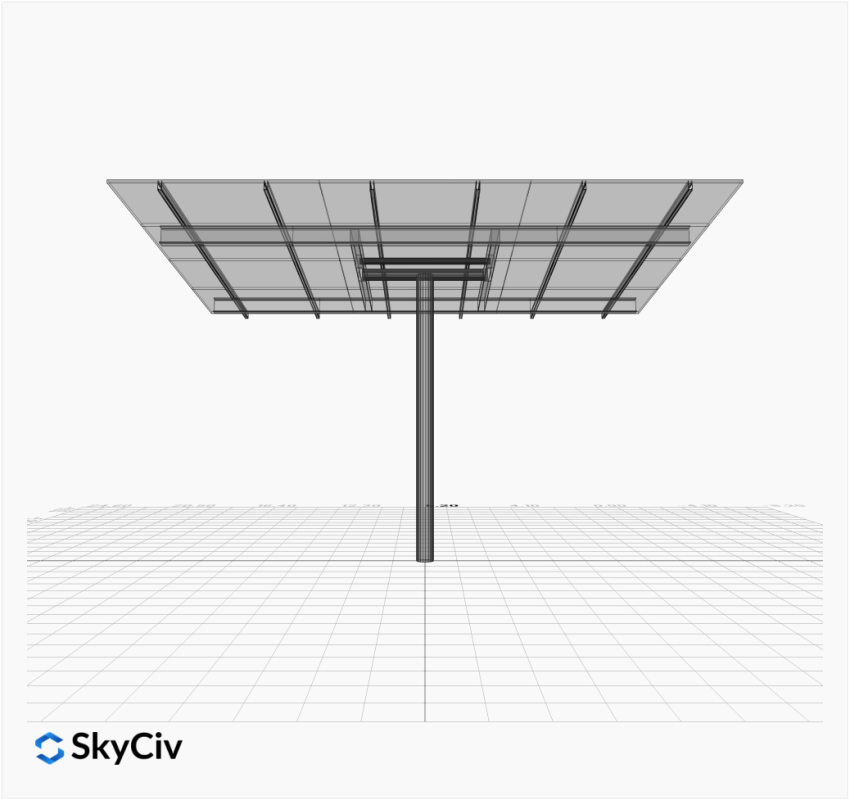
This software should be used for preliminary designs and should not be used as a final design unless reviewed, verified and designed by a qualified structural engineer.

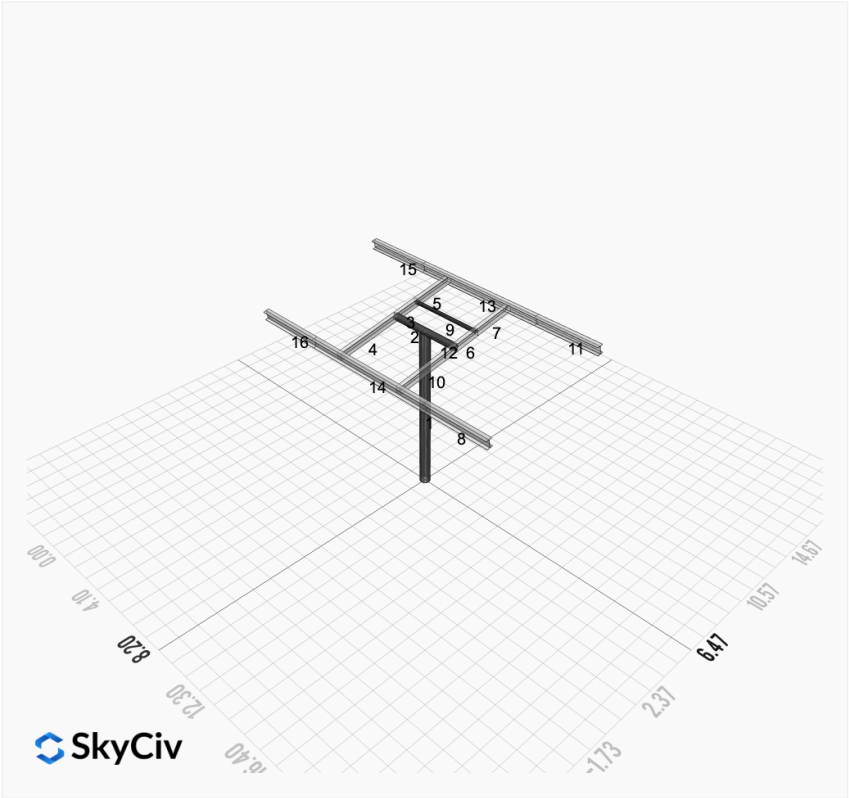
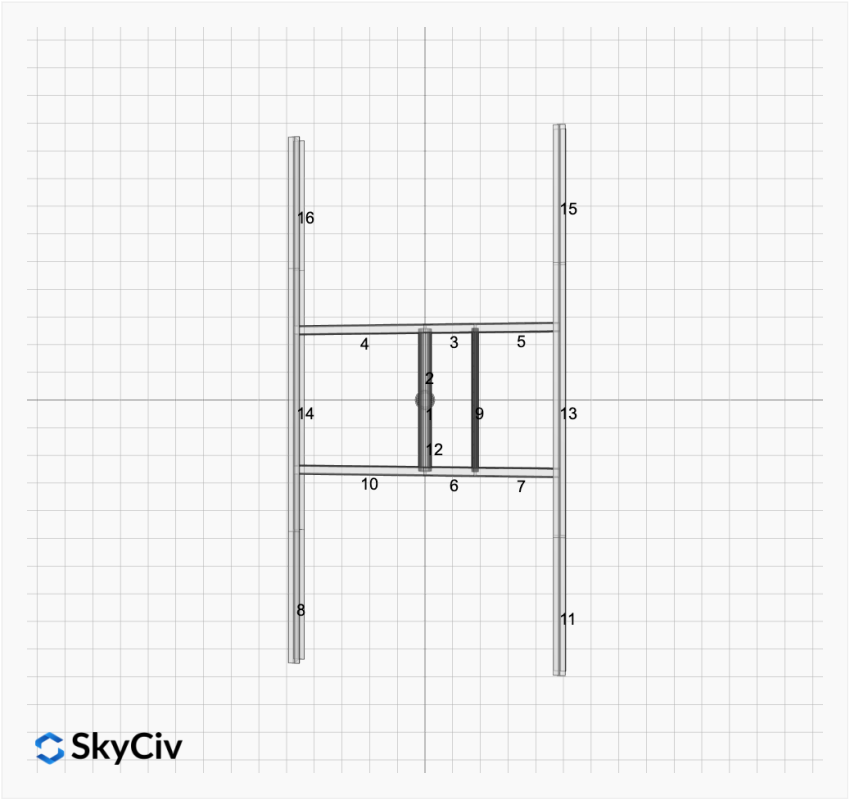
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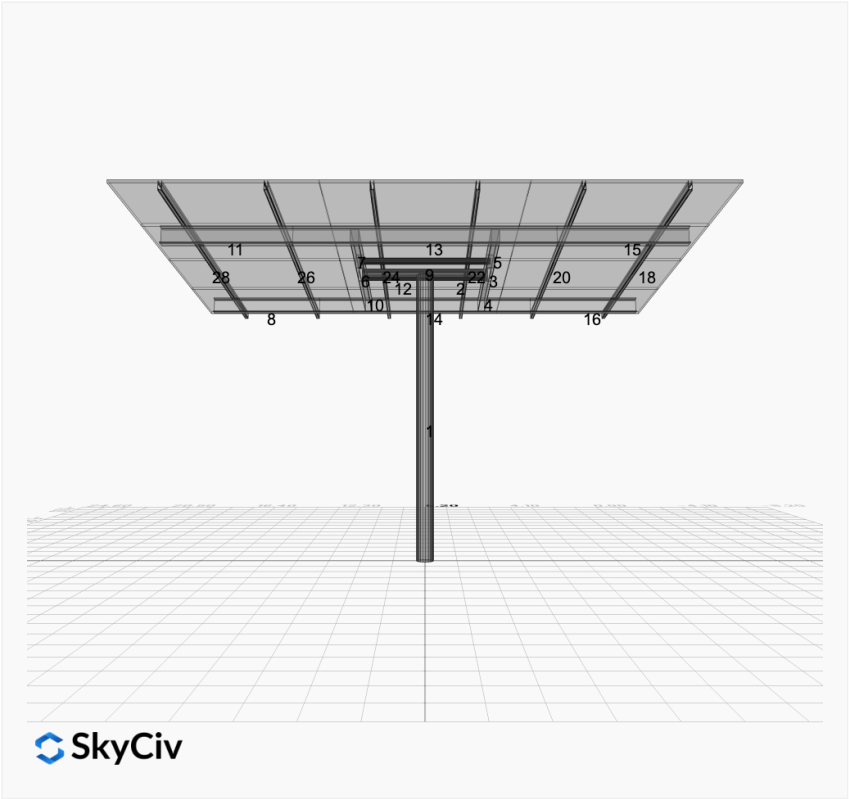
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Design Notes:

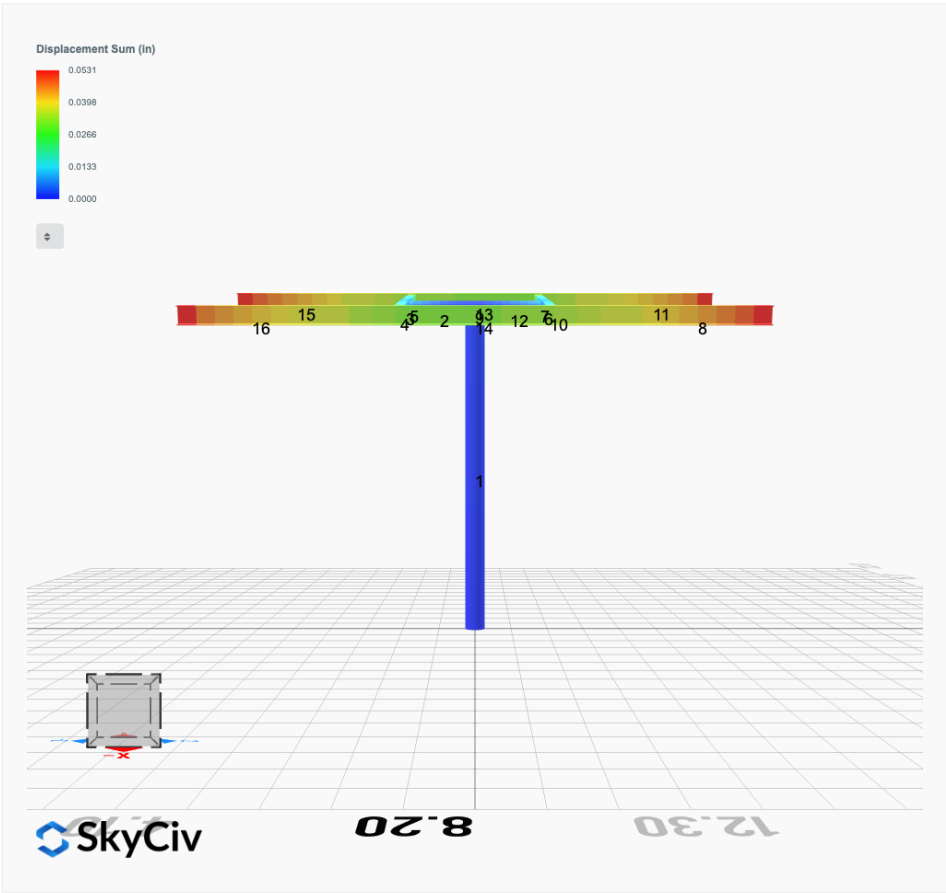
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- Foundation Design and Sizing is approximate only

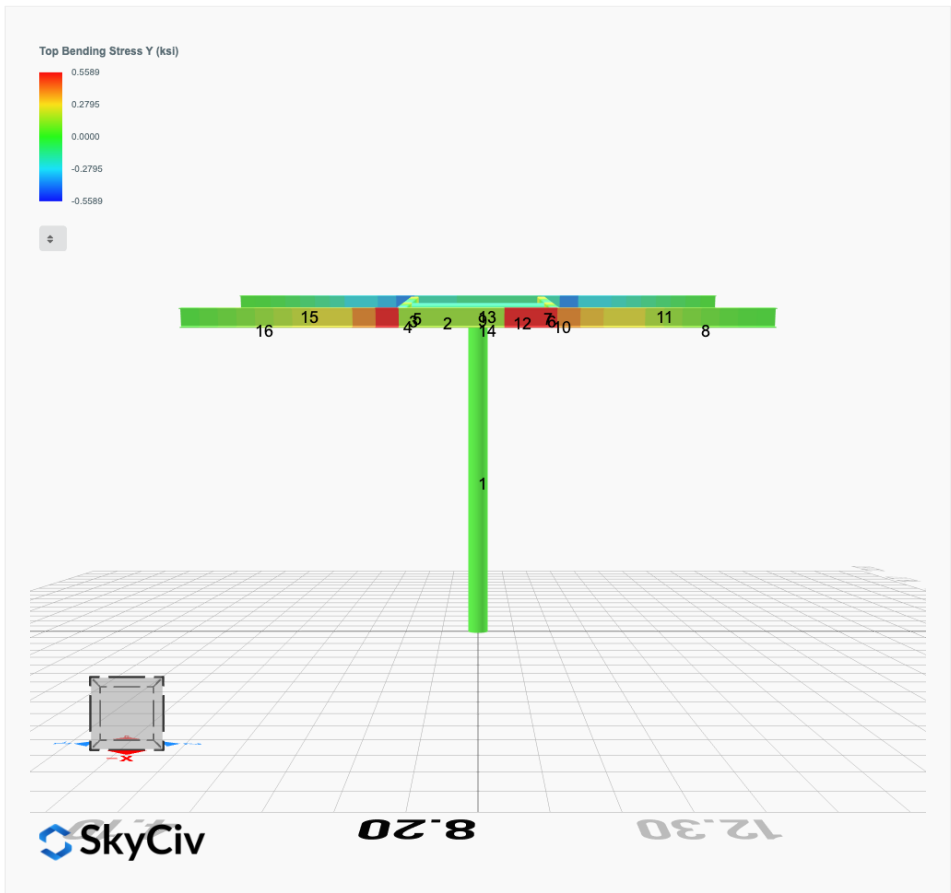
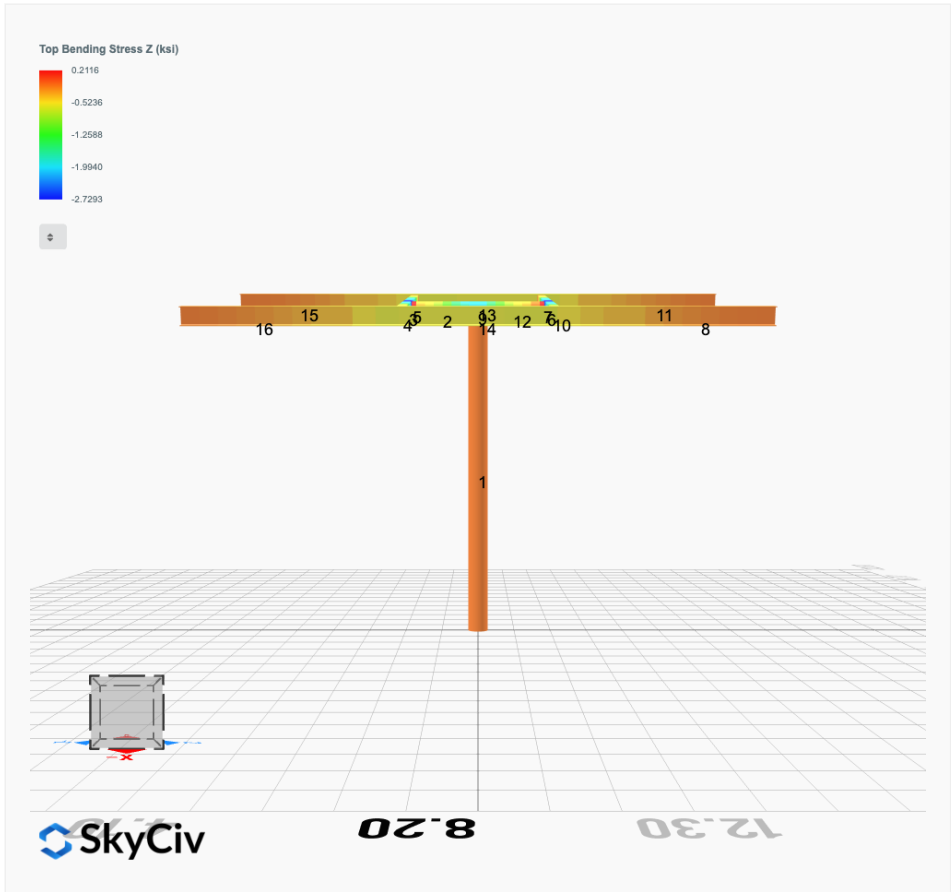


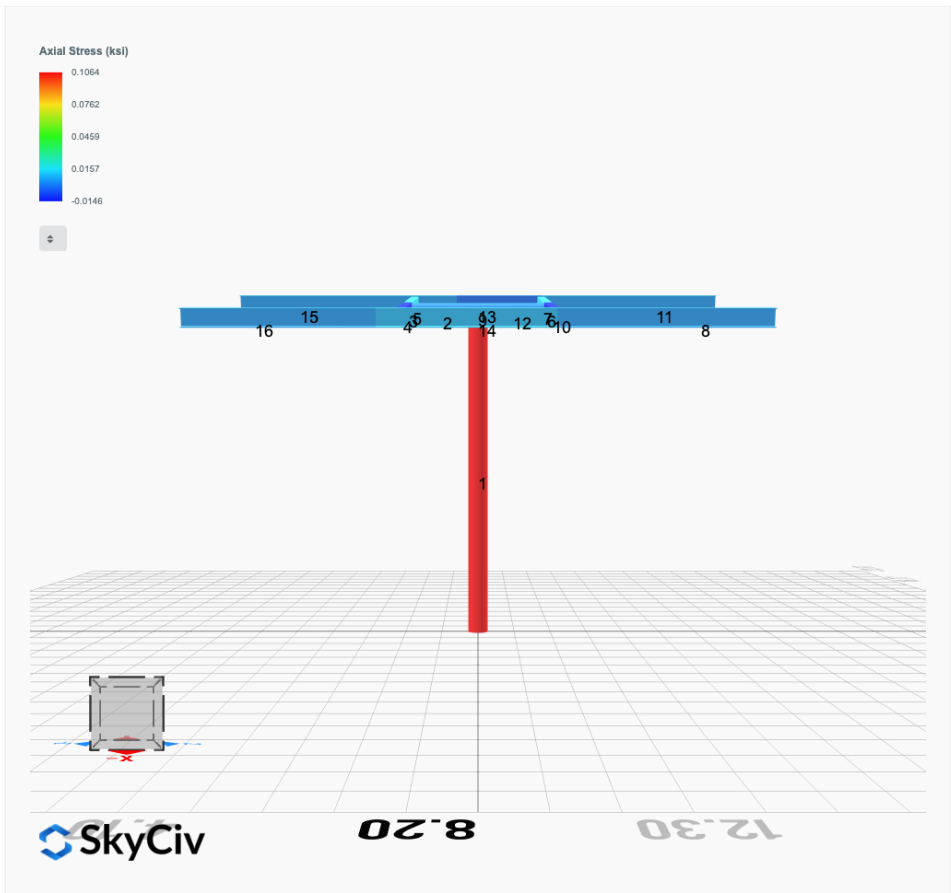
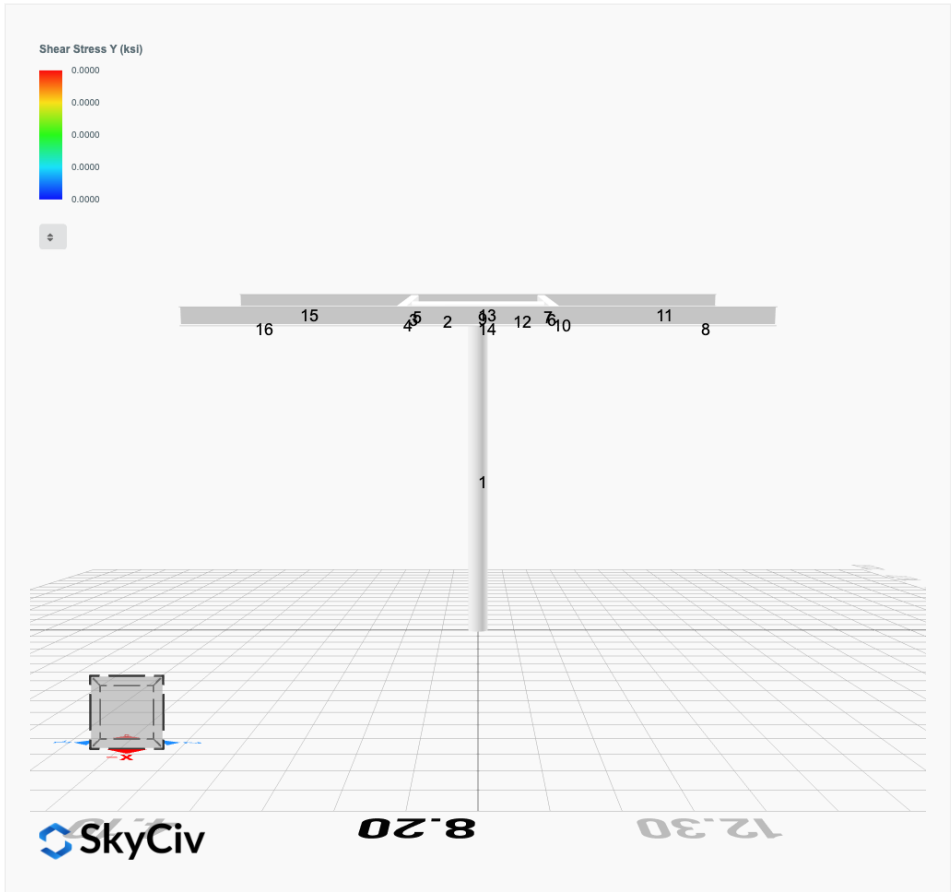




FEM Results (Envelope Worst Case for each member)







Reaction Forces for Foundation 1 (Node ID#1), (kip, kip-ft)

ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	0.0000	1.6614	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0213
ULS: 2. D + L	0.0000	1.6614	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0213
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0000	2.2555	-0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0215
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0000	1.6614	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0213
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0000	2.1070	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0214
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0000	1.6614	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0213
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	0.0000	1.6614	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0213
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	0.0000	2.1070	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0214
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	0.0000	0.9968	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0128
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-0.3033	3.3817	-0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	4.1419
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.3033	3.3817	-0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	4.1419
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	0.2127	0.4549	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	-0.9013
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	0.1852	0.6113	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	-5.6067
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-0.2275	3.3972	-0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	3.1119
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.2275	3.3972	-0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	3.1119
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	0.1595	1.2021	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	-0.6705
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.1389	1.3194	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	-4.1995
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-0.2275	2.9517	-0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	3.1117
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.2275	2.9517	-0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	3.1117
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	0.1595	0.7566	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	-0.6706
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.1389	0.8738	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	-4.1997
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-0.3033	2.7172	-0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	4.1334
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.3033	2.7172	-0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	4.1334
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	0.2127	-0.2096	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	-0.9098
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	0.1852	-0.0532	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	-5.6152

Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	5.1580
Shear X	-0.5056
Shear Z	-0.0000
Moment X	-0.0000
Moment Y (Twist)	0.0000
Moment Z	9.4989

Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	3.3972
Shear X	-0.3033
Shear Z	-0.0000
Moment X	0.0000
Moment Y (Twist)	0.0000
Moment Z	5.6152

Project Details

Design Code: AISC 360-16 LRFD
Provision: LRFD
Country: United States

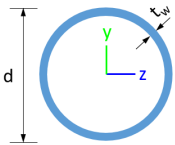
User Name: sales@mtsolar.us
Unit System: imperial



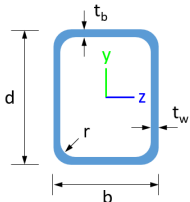
Design Input Information

Design Factors			
Φ_t	Φ_c	Φ_b	Φ_v
0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9

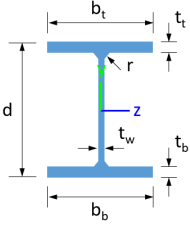
Design Materials			
ID	E (ksi)	F_y (ksi)	F_u (ksi)
1	29000	50	65

Section Dimensions								
								

ID	Name	d (in)	t_w (in)					
1	2in Pipe Sch 40	2.38	0.15					
4	4in Pipe Sch 40	4.50	0.24					
7	6in Pipe Sch 40	6.63	0.28					

								
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ID	Name	d (in)	b (in)	t_w (in)	t_b (in)	r (in)		
15	HSS5x3x1/8	5.00	3.00	0.12	0.12	0.12		

								
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ID	Name	d (in)	t_w (in)	b_t (in)	b_b (in)	t_t (in)	t_b (in)	r (in)
18	W6x9	5.90	0.17	3.94	3.94	0.21	0.21	0.25

Section Properties								
ID	Name	A (in ²)	J (in ⁴)	I_{yp} (in ⁴)	I_{zp} (in ⁴)	I_w (in ⁶)	S_{yp} (in ³)	S_{zp} (in ³)
1	2in Pipe Sch 40	1.07	1.33	0.67	0.67	0.00	0.76	0.76
4	4in Pipe Sch 40	3.17	14.47	7.23	7.23	0.00	4.31	4.31
7	6in Pipe Sch 40	5.58	56.28	28.14	28.14	0.00	11.28	11.28

11	120.60	54.44	23.36	6.45	30.09	45.74
12	142.83	141.72	16.17	16.17	42.85	42.85
13	120.60	98.23	17.61	6.45	30.09	45.74
14	120.60	98.23	18.31	6.45	30.09	45.74
15	120.60	54.44	23.36	6.45	30.09	45.74
16	120.60	54.44	23.36	6.45	30.09	45.74

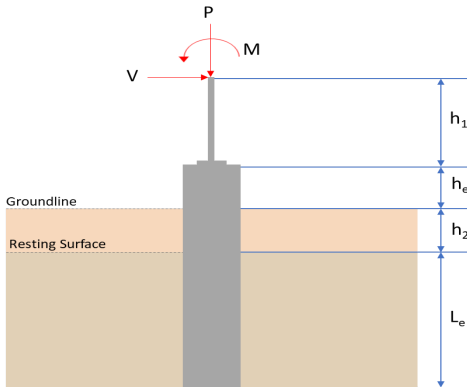
Design Ratio

Member ID	P	M _z	M _y	V _y	V _z	(P,M _z ,M _y)	Worst LC	KL/r	δ	Status
1	0.044	0.225	0.000	0.007	0.000	0.227	#16	0.514	Not Required	Pass
2	0.000	0.276	0.035	0.058	0.006	0.312	#13	0.034	Not Required	Pass
3	0.002	0.463	0.016	0.047	0.002	0.476	#13	0.044	Not Required	Pass
4	0.001	0.365	0.034	0.037	0.004	0.383	#13	0.078	Not Required	Pass
5	0.002	0.286	0.035	0.047	0.005	0.292	#13	0.073	Not Required	Pass
6	0.002	0.463	0.016	0.047	0.002	0.476	#13	0.044	Not Required	Pass
7	0.002	0.286	0.035	0.047	0.005	0.292	#13	0.073	Not Required	Pass
8	0.000	0.042	0.016	0.018	0.001	0.054	#13	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
9	0.001	0.049	0.009	0.001	0.000	0.059	#13	0.198	Not Required	Pass
10	0.001	0.365	0.034	0.037	0.004	0.383	#13	0.078	Not Required	Pass
11	0.000	0.054	0.016	0.022	0.001	0.066	#13	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
12	0.000	0.276	0.035	0.058	0.006	0.312	#13	0.034	Not Required	Pass
13	0.001	0.153	0.035	0.033	0.002	0.173	#13	0.177	Not Required	Pass
14	0.001	0.127	0.035	0.026	0.002	0.142	#13	0.177	Not Required	Pass
15	0.000	0.054	0.016	0.022	0.001	0.066	#13	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
16	0.000	0.042	0.016	0.018	0.001	0.054	#13	Not Required	Not Required	Pass

Definitions

Φ_t	Safety factor for tensile
Φ_c	Safety factor for compression
Φ_b	Safety factor for flexure
Φ_v	Safety factor for shear
E	Modulus of elasticity
F _y	Specified minimum yield stress
F _u	Specified minimum tensile strength
A	Cross-sectional area
J	Torsional constant
I _{yp}	Moment of inertia about the Y axes
I _{zp}	Moment of inertia about the Z axes
I _w	Warping constant
S _{yp}	Plastic section modulus about the Y axis
S _{zp}	Plastic section modulus about the Z axis
KL	Effective length
C _b	Buckling modification factor (from all load combinations)
L _b	Length between braced points
LST	Limited slenderness for tension
LSC	Limited slenderness for compression
LD	Limited deflection
P _n	Nominal axial strength (tension/compression)
M _n	Nominal flexural strength (about Z/Y axis)
V _n	Nominal shear strength (along Z/Y axis)
P	Design ratio in case of axial force
M _z	Design ratio in case of bending about Z axis
M _y	Design ratio in case of bending about Y axis
V _y	Design ratio in case of shear along Y axis
V _z	Design ratio in case of shear along Z axis
(P,M _z ,M _y)	Design ratio in case of axial force and bending action
KL/r	Design ratio in case of section slenderness
δ	Design ratio in case of member deflection
OK	Capacity is provided
NG	Capacity is not provided

no capacity is not provided

REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS																										
	SkyCiv Foundation Design Pile Foundation Design Information : Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code) Unit System : Imperial																											
	Pile Input  Geometry Pile shape: round D = 36 in - Pile diameter Le = 6 ft - Total pile length h1 = 0 ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile, h2 = 0 ft - Depth to resisting surface he = 0 ft - Length of pile above the ground Tabulation of Soil Parameters <table><tr><th>Layer</th><th>Label</th><th>Allowable Bearing Pressure (qa) (psf)</th><th>Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)</th></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel</td><td>2000.000</td><td>150.000</td></tr></table> Tabulation of Loads <table><tr><th>Load Component</th><th>ASD</th><th>LRFD</th></tr><tr><td>P (kip)</td><td>3.397</td><td>5.158</td></tr><tr><td>Vx (kip)</td><td>-0.303</td><td>-0.506</td></tr><tr><td>Vz (kip)</td><td>0.000</td><td>0.000</td></tr><tr><td>Mx (kipft)</td><td>0.000</td><td>0.000</td></tr><tr><td>Mz (kipft)</td><td>5.615</td><td>9.499</td></tr></table> Material Properties f'ck = 2.5 ksi - Concrete strength,	Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure (qa) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)	1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000	Load Component	ASD	LRFD	P (kip)	3.397	5.158	Vx (kip)	-0.303	-0.506	Vz (kip)	0.000	0.000	Mx (kipft)	0.000	0.000	Mz (kipft)	5.615	9.499	
Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure (qa) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)																									
1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000																									
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Vz (kip)	0.000	0.000																										
Mx (kipft)	0.000	0.000																										
Mz (kipft)	5.615	9.499																										
	Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD) H - Point of application of the lateral load $H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$ $H = (0\text{ ft}) + (0\text{ ft}) + (0\text{ ft})$ $H = 0\text{ ft}$ Considering x-direction: Ho - Lateral force per length of pile, $H_o = \frac{V_x}{D}$ $H_o = \frac{(-0.303\text{ kip})}{(36\text{ in})}$ $H_o = -0.101\text{ kip/ft}$ Mo - Moment per length of pile, $M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{D}$																											

	$M_o = \frac{(5.615 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.303 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{(36 \text{ in})}$ $M_o = 1.8717 \text{ kipft/ft}$ Required depth of embedment in earth: $L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$ Solving the cubic equation: $L_{e,x} = 5.66 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in x-direction, Considering z-direction: $L_{e,z} = 0 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in z-direction, Minimum embedded depth required: $L_{e,req}$ - Depth of pile required, $L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$ $L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(5.66 \text{ ft}), (0 \text{ ft})]$ $L_{e,req} = 5.66 \text{ ft}$ L_e - Actual embedded length of pile, $L_e = L - h_e - h_2$ $L_e = (6 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$ $L_e = 6 \text{ ft}$ Ratio - Embedded depth $\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(5.66 \text{ ft})}{(6 \text{ ft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.94333$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.940
	End-bearing Capacity (ASD) A - Pile cross-section area $A = \pi \left(\frac{D}{2}\right)^2$ $A = \pi \times \left(\frac{(36 \text{ in})}{2}\right)^2$ $A = 7.0686 \text{ ft}^2$ q - End-bearing pressure $q = \frac{P_o}{A}$ $q = \frac{(3.397 \text{ kip})}{(7.0686 \text{ ft}^2)}$ $q = 0.48058 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ Check bearing capacity ratio: Ratio - Capacity $\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.48058 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.24029$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.240
Czerniak	Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD): L/D - Length to least lateral dimension ratio, $L/D = \frac{L}{D}$ $L/D = \frac{(6 \text{ ft})}{(36 \text{ in})}$	

$$L/D = 2$$

Since $L/D \leq 10$,

Pile is short.

Considering x-direction:

$H_o = -0.101$ kip/ft - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 1.8717$ kipft/ft - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (1.8717 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.101 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (1.8717 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.101 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.0888 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{1.178 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^3 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{1.178 \times [(4 \times (1.8717 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.101 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(6 \text{ ft})^3 \times [(3 \times (1.8717 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.101 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.23881 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{9.425 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{9.425 \times [(2 \times (1.8717 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.101 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6 \text{ ft}))]}{(6 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.82137 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(4.0888 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.30666 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.23881 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.30666 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.77876$$

p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (6 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 0.9 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

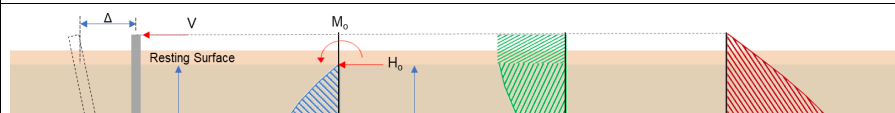
$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

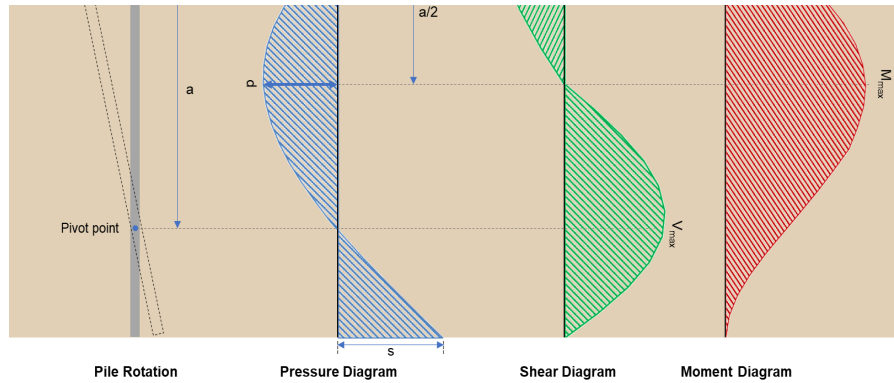
$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.82137 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.9 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.91263$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.780**

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.910**





Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.506 \text{ kip})}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.16867 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_x H)}{D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(9.5 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.506 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 3.1663 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(3.1663 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.16867 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 18.773 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (3.1663 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.16867 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (3.1663 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.16867 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.0878 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.16867 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (36 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (18.773 \text{ ft})}{(6 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.0878 \text{ ft})}{(6 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (18.773 \text{ ft})}{(6 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.0878 \text{ ft})}{(6 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 3.1381 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.16867 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (6 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(18.773 \text{ ft})}{(6 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(4.0878 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (18.773 \text{ ft})}{(6 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.0878 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (18.773 \text{ ft})}{(6 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.0878 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

		$M_{max} = 9.1367 \text{ kipft}$	
Table 22.4.2.1	22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1	Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD) Parameters: $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$ - Concrete strength, $f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$ - Longitudinal reinforcement strength, $\phi = 0.65$ - Reduction factor for axial strength, $\alpha = 0.85$ - Alpha factor for axial strength, $A_g = 1017.9 \text{ in}^2$ - Gross area of concrete, Longitudinal reinforcement: Required reinforcement due to axial load, $A_{st,required}$ $A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$ $A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{(5.158 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.85)} - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (1017.9 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (1017.9 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$ $A_{st,required} = -37.212 \text{ in}^2$ A_{min} - Governing minimum reinforcement area, $A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$ $A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-37.212 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (1017.9 \text{ in}^2))]$ $A_{min} = 1.8322 \text{ in}^2$ n_{rebar} - Required number of reinforcement, $n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$ $n_{rebar} = \frac{(1.8322 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$ $n_{rebar} = 6$ A_{st} - Actual total reinforcement area, $A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$ $A_{st} = (6) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$ $A_{st} = 1.8408 \text{ in}^2$ Ratio - Capacity $\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(1.8322 \text{ in}^2)}{(1.8408 \text{ in}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.99533$ 25.2.3 s_{rebar} - Minimum spacing of reinforcement, $s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$ $s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$ $s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$ Ties: 25.7.2.2 Since longitudinal reinforcement is $\leq \text{No. } 10\emptyset$: Use #3(0.375 in) 25.7.2.1 s_{ties} - Maximum center-to-center spacing of ties, $s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), D]$ $s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), (36 \text{ in})]$ $s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$ Summary:	Status: PASS Ratio: 1.000

	Main reinforcement: 6 - #5 (0.625 in) Ties: #3(0.375 in) - 10 in	
22.4.2.2	Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD) ϕP_N - Allowable axial compressive strength $\phi P_N = \phi 0.85 \left[(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st}) \right]$ $\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times \left[(0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times [(1017.9 \text{ in}^2) - (1.8408 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (1.8408 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$ $\phi P_N = 1253.9 \text{ kip}$ Ratio - Capacity $Ratio = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$ $Ratio = \frac{(5.158 \text{ kip})}{(1253.9 \text{ kip})}$ $Ratio = 0.0041135$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000
22.5.2.2	Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD) Parameters: $b_w = 36 \text{ in}$ - Effective width, d - Effective depth $d = 0.80 D$ $d = 0.80 \times (36 \text{ in})$ $d = 28.8 \text{ in}$	
22.5.5.1.3	λ_s - size effect modification factor $\lambda_s = MIN \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$ $\lambda_s = MIN \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(28.8 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$ $\lambda_s = 0.71796$	
22.5.5.1.1	The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $V_{c,max}$ - Max shear strength of concrete $V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.71796) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})$ $V_{c,max} = 186.09 \text{ kip}$	
22.5.5.1.1(a)	The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $P = 5.158 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 5158 \text{ lbf}$, $V_{c,a}$ - Shear strength of concrete (a) $V_{c,a} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + \frac{P}{6 A_g} \right] b_w d$ $V_{c,a} = \left[2 \times (0.71796) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + \frac{(5158 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (1017.9 \text{ in}^2)} \right] \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})$ $V_{c,a} = 75.314 \text{ kip}$	
22.5.5.1.2	The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $V_{c,b}$ - Shear strength of concrete (b) $V_{c,b} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + (0.05 f'_{ck}) \right] b_w d$ $V_{c,b} = \left[2 \times (0.71796) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi})) \right] \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})$ $V_{c,b} = 204.04 \text{ kip}$ V_c - Governing shear strength of concrete $V_c = MIN [V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$ $V_c = MIN [(186.09 \text{ kip}), (75.314 \text{ kip}), (204.04 \text{ kip})]$	

22.5.1.2	$V_c = 75.314 \text{ kip}$ The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $V_{s,a}$ - Shear strength of steel (a) $V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})$ $V_{s,a} = 414.72 \text{ kip}$ A_v - Ties rebar area, $A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$ $A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$ $A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$ 22.5.8.5.3 $V_{s,b}$ - Shear strength of steel (b) $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yw} d}{s_{ties}}$ $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$ $V_{s,b} = 38.17 \text{ kip}$ V_s - Governing shear strength of steel $V_s = MIN[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$ $V_s = MIN[(414.72 \text{ kip}), (38.17 \text{ kip})]$ $V_s = 38.17 \text{ kip}$ 22.5.1.1 ϕV_n - Allowable shear strength $\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$ $\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((75.314 \text{ kip}) + (38.17 \text{ kip}))$ $\phi V_n = 73.765 \text{ kip}$ Considering x-direction: $V_{max} = 3.1381 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the x-direction, $Ratio$ - Capacity $Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $Ratio = \frac{(3.1381 \text{ kip})}{(73.765 \text{ kip})}$ $Ratio = 0.042542$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.040
14.5.2.1b	Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD) S_m - Section modulus $S_m = \frac{\pi D^3}{32}$ $S_m = \frac{\pi \times (36 \text{ in})^3}{32}$ $S_m = 4580.4 \text{ in}^3$ $\lambda = 1$ - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete), Allowable flexural strength: M_n shall be the lesser of: $\phi M_{n,1}$ $\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{(2.5 \text{ ksi})} \times 4580.442 \text{ in}^3$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 62.027 \text{ kipft}$ $\phi M_{n,2}$	

$$\phi M_{n,2} = \phi 0.85 f'_{ck} S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (4580.4 \text{ in}^3)$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = 527.23 \text{ kipft}$$

Therefore,

ϕM_n - Allowable flexural strength,

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$$

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(62.027 \text{ kipft}), (527.23 \text{ kipft})]$$

$$\phi M_n = 62.027 \text{ kipft}$$

Considering x-direction:

$M_{max} = 9.1367 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the x-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(9.1367 \text{ kipft})}{(62.027 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.1473$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.150**