

# Your Project Calculations



Project Name: PowerRevA

S3D Model Link:

[https://platform.skyciv.com/structural?preload\\_name=PowerRevA&preload\\_path=Shared%20Enterprise%20Folder/MT\\_Solar\\_Projects/3\\_2023](https://platform.skyciv.com/structural?preload_name=PowerRevA&preload_path=Shared%20Enterprise%20Folder/MT_Solar_Projects/3_2023)

Public Model Link:

[https://platform.skyciv.com/structural-viewer?project\\_id=NpBiAyatwX7Dj86zbeMkppenu3SLeszqfkaS8XzCxEbOnV4FDwtqLNYbz6RH1JD](https://platform.skyciv.com/structural-viewer?project_id=NpBiAyatwX7Dj86zbeMkppenu3SLeszqfkaS8XzCxEbOnV4FDwtqLNYbz6RH1JD)

## Array Specification

<b>Product:</b>	Beam
<b>Unique ID:</b>	3P-17-8TOP-HD-12-L-5Hx6W-1K9K
<b>Duty Classification:</b>	HD
<b>Module Width:</b>	44.65 in
<b>Module Length:</b>	89.53in
<b>Number of Rows:</b>	5
<b>Number of Columns:</b>	6
<b>Total Number of Modules:</b>	30
<b>Desired Tilt Angle:</b>	45
<b>Front Edge Clearance:</b>	7
<b>Total Array Height at Tilt:</b>	20.23 ft
<b>Total Frame Length:</b>	43.50 ft
<b>Frame Weight:</b>	3290 lbs
<b>Array Dimensions N/S:</b>	18.81 ft
<b>Array Dimensions E/W:</b>	45.27 ft
<b>Rail Length:</b>	225.75 in
<b>Rail Spacing:</b>	3.73 ft
<b>Rail Check:</b>	Not Checked

## Support Specifications

<b>Pole Size:</b>	8in Pipe Sch 80
<b>Pole Length above Grade:</b>	13.65 ft
<b>Number of Poles:</b>	3
<b>Pole Spacing:</b>	17 ft

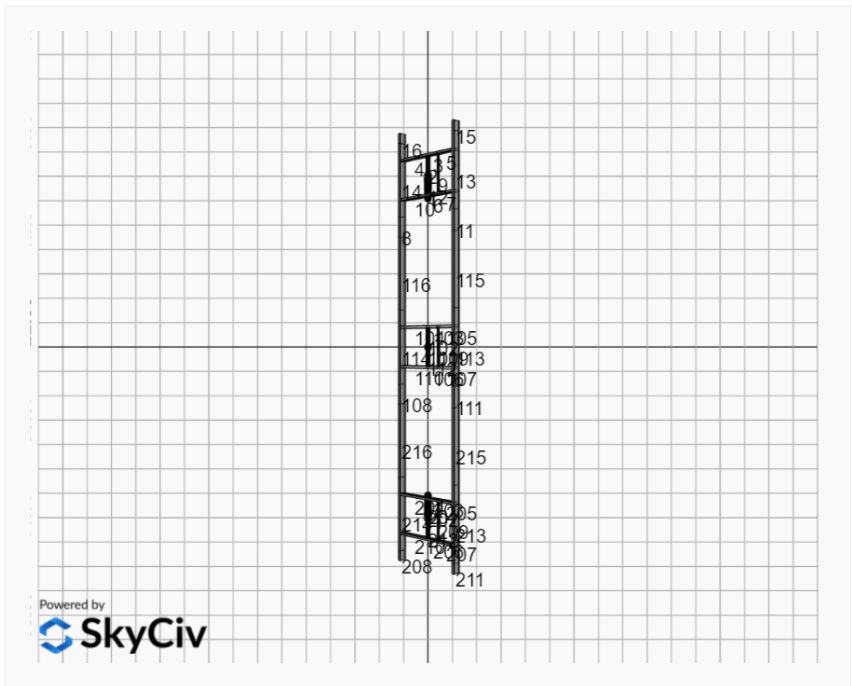
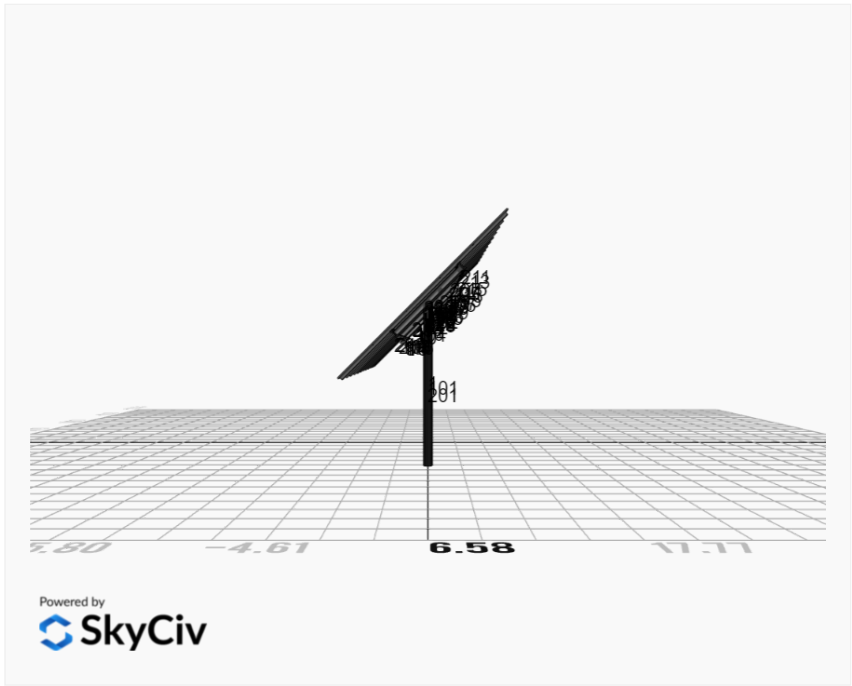
## Foundation Specifications

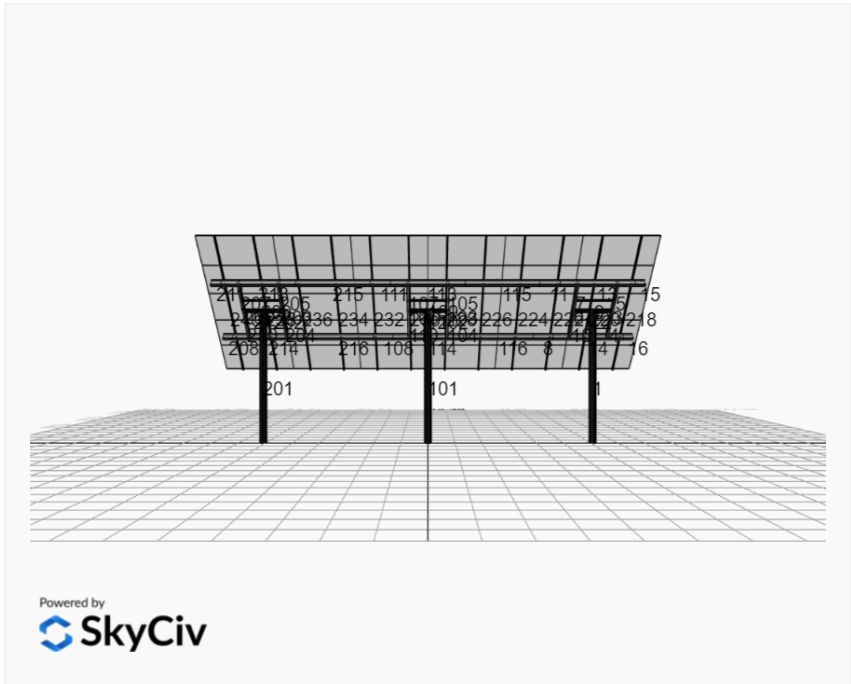
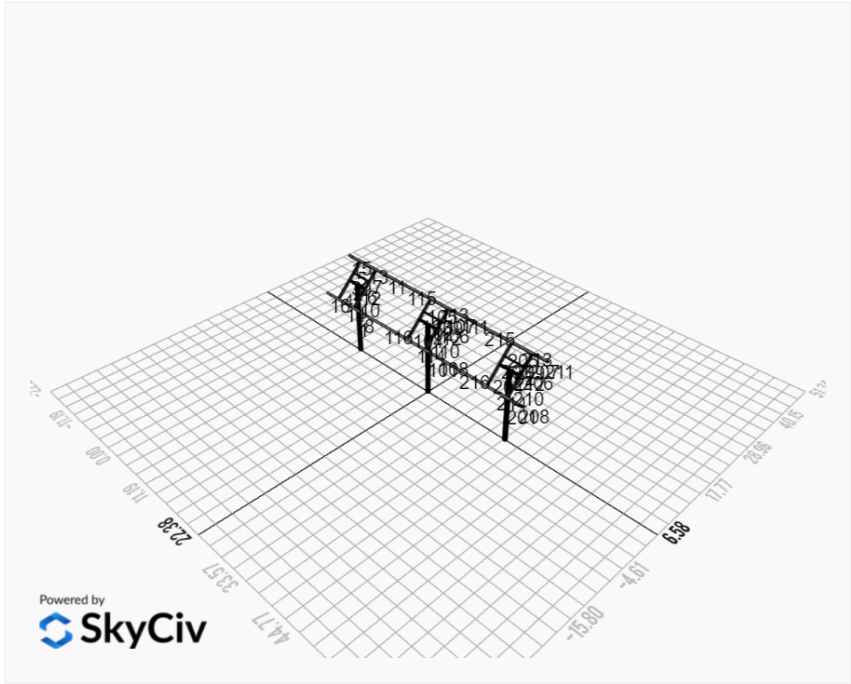
<b>Foundation Type:</b>	Square
<b>Foundation Dimensions:</b>	48 x 48 in
<b>Foundation Depth (below grade):</b>	Pile 1: 7.25 ft Pile 2: 7.75 ft Pile 3: 7.25 ft
<b>Foundation Volume:</b>	13.185 y <sup>3</sup>
<b>Foundation Result:</b>	PASSED

## Site Info

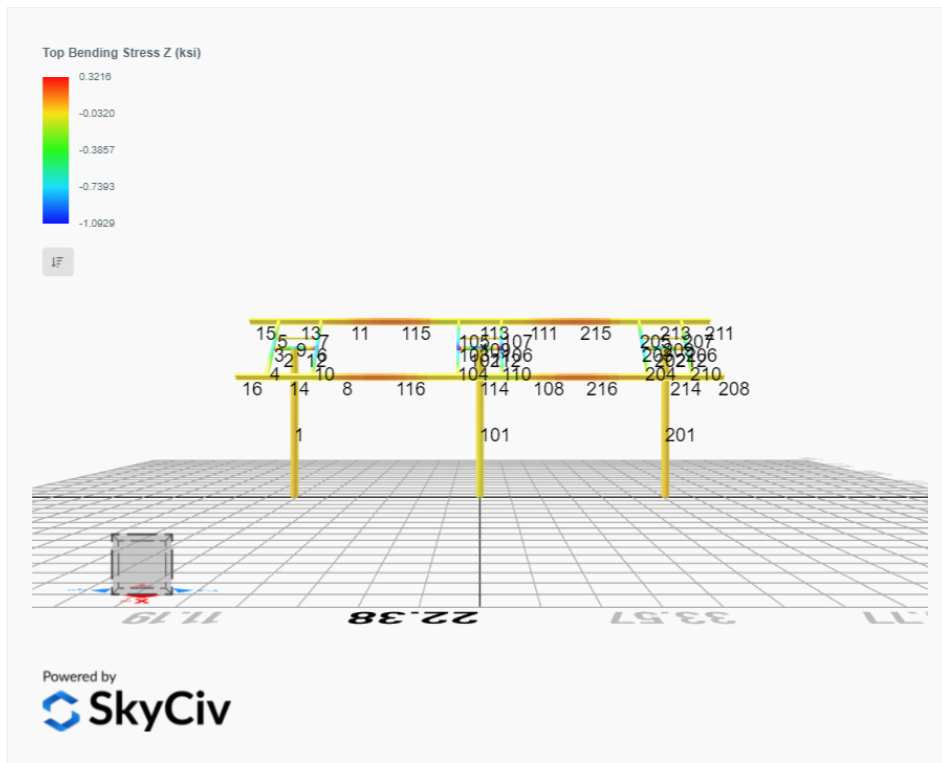
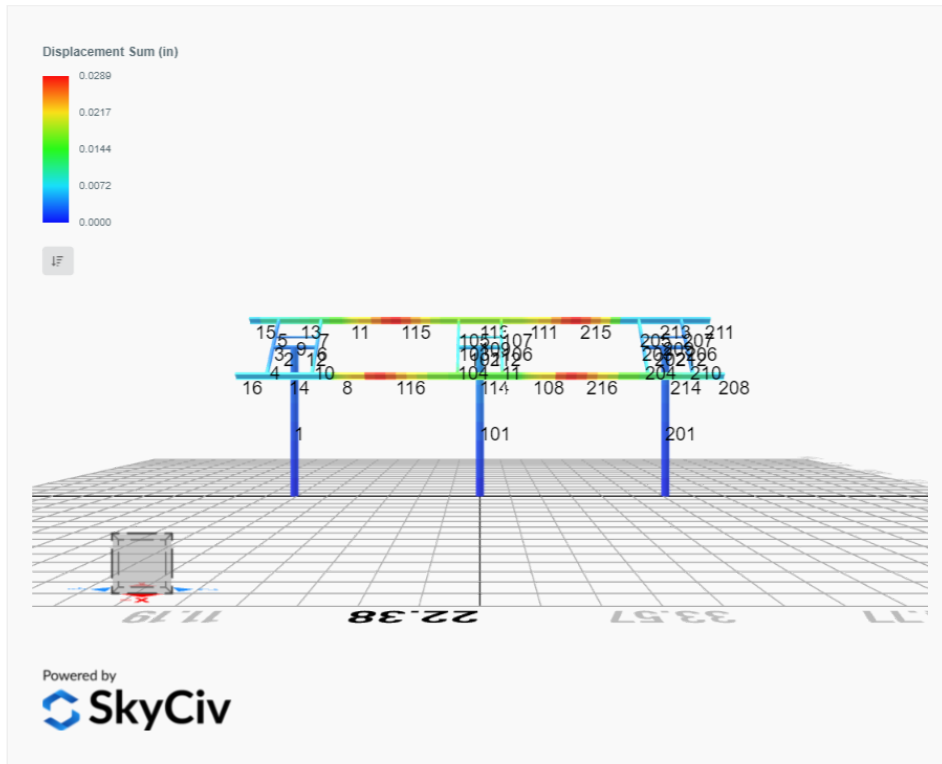
<b>Risk Category:</b>	I
<b>Exposure:</b>	B
<b>Soil Classification:</b>	sand
<b>Site Location:</b>	1525 Hwy 72 E, Corinth, MS 38834, USA
<b>Wind Speed:</b>	100 mph
<b>Snow Load:</b>	10 psf
<b>Design Uplift Pressure:</b>	Multiple pressures
<b>Design Downforce Pressure:</b>	Multiple pressures
<b>Design Snow Pressure:</b>	0.001944 ksf

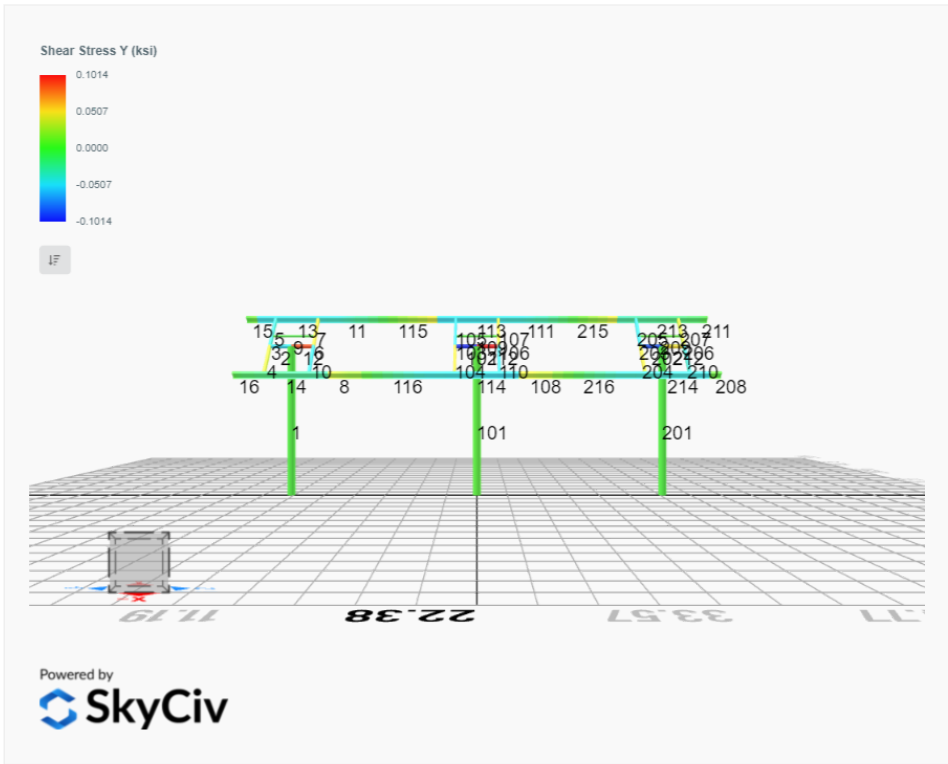
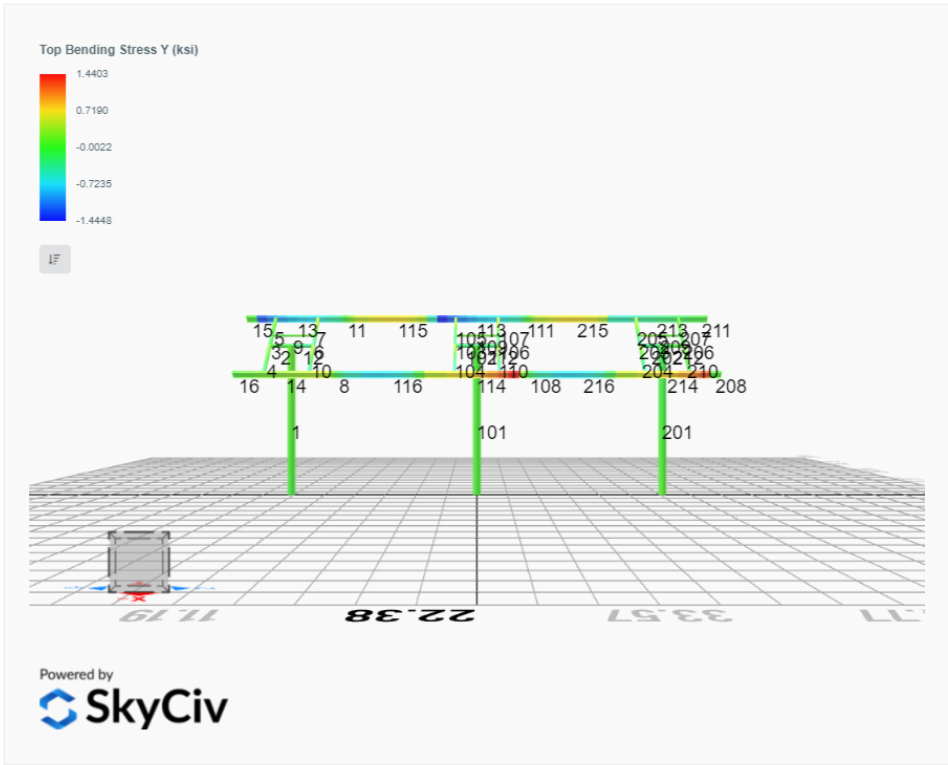


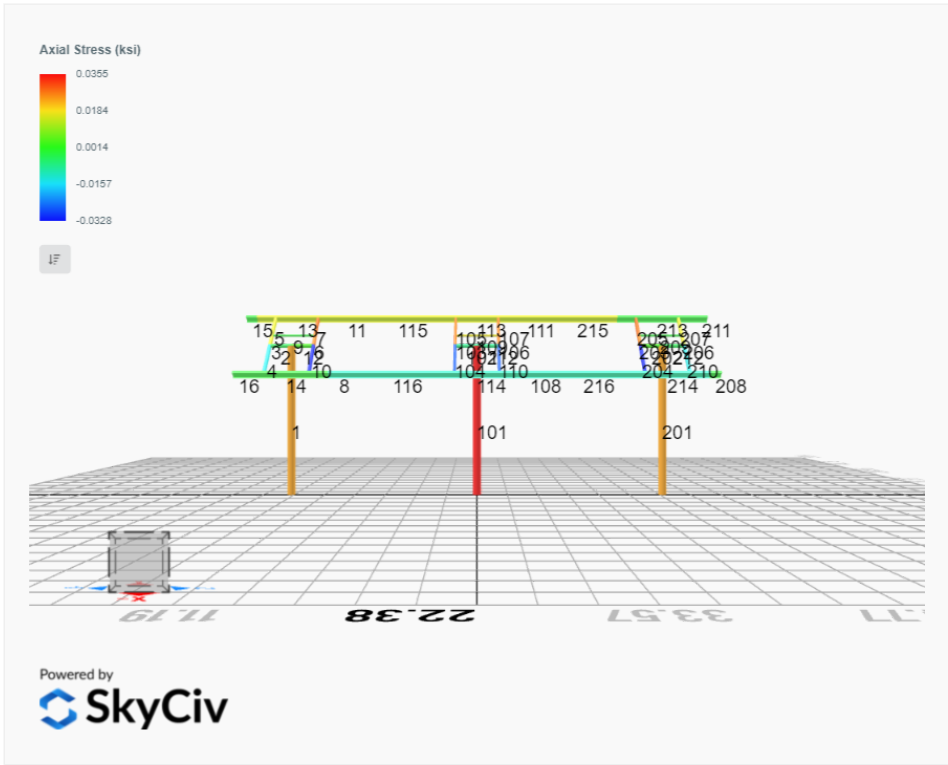




## FEM Results (Envelope Worst Case for each member)







## Reaction Forces for Foundation 1 (Node ID#1), (kip, kip-ft)

### ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	0.0204	2.1904	0.0619	0.2567	-0.0854	-0.2265
ULS: 2. D + L	0.0204	2.1904	0.0619	0.2567	-0.0854	-0.2265
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0253	2.5261	0.0769	0.3190	-0.1063	-0.2868
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0204	2.1904	0.0619	0.2567	-0.0854	-0.2265
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0241	2.4422	0.0732	0.3034	-0.1011	-0.2717
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0204	2.1904	0.0619	0.2567	-0.0854	-0.2265
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	0.0204	2.1904	0.0619	0.2567	-0.0854	-0.2265
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	0.0241	2.4422	0.0732	0.3034	-0.1011	-0.2717
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	0.0122	1.3142	0.0371	0.1540	-0.0513	-0.1359
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.7227	4.8456	0.2780	1.1078	-1.2567	38.9911
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-2.7227	4.8456	0.2780	1.1078	-1.2567	38.9911
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	1.9935	0.2762	-0.0881	-0.3333	0.7269	-26.5438
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	1.7896	0.4863	-0.0845	-0.3189	0.7141	-29.2004
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.0332	4.4336	0.2352	0.9418	-0.9795	29.1415
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-2.0332	4.4336	0.2352	0.9418	-0.9795	29.1415
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.5039	1.0065	-0.0393	-0.1391	0.5082	-20.0097
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	1.3510	1.1641	-0.0367	-0.1283	0.4986	-22.0021
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.0369	4.1818	0.2239	0.8951	-0.9639	29.1867
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-2.0369	4.1818	0.2239	0.8951	-0.9639	29.1867
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.5002	0.7547	-0.0506	-0.1858	0.5238	-19.9645
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	1.3473	0.9123	-0.0479	-0.1750	0.5142	-21.9569
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.7309	3.9694	0.2532	1.0052	-1.2225	39.0817
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-2.7309	3.9694	0.2532	1.0052	-1.2225	39.0817
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	1.9853	-0.6000	-0.1129	-0.4360	0.7610	-26.4532
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	1.7814	-0.3898	-0.1093	-0.4216	0.7483	-29.1098

### Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.  
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value
Axial	7.2236
Shear X	-4.5718
Shear Z	0.4438
Moment X	1.7663
Moment Z	65.7007

### Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.  
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value
Axial	4.8456
Shear X	-2.7309
Shear Z	0.2780
Moment X	1.1078
Moment Z	39.0817

## Reaction Forces for Foundation 2 (Node ID#101), (kip, kip-ft)

### ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	-0.0408	2.6756	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.5211
ULS: 2. D + L	-0.0408	2.6756	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.5211
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	-0.0507	3.1290	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.6423
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	-0.0408	2.6756	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.5211
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	-0.0482	3.0157	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.6120
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	-0.0408	2.6756	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.5211
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	-0.0408	2.6756	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.5211
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	-0.0482	3.0157	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.6120



Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	-0.0245	1.6054	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.3127
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-3.4371	6.2479	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	48.2184
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-3.4371	6.2479	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	48.2184
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	2.4387	0.0784	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	-31.6746
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	2.0905	0.4141	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	-34.0338
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.5955	5.6948	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	36.3850
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-2.5955	5.6948	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	36.3850
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.8114	1.0677	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	-23.5348
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	1.5503	1.3195	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	-25.3041
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.5880	5.3548	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	36.2941
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-2.5880	5.3548	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	36.2941
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.8188	0.7277	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	-23.6257
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	1.5577	0.9795	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	-25.3950
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-3.4208	5.1776	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	48.0100
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-3.4208	5.1776	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	48.0100
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	2.4550	-0.9919	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	-31.8830
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	2.1068	-0.6562	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	-34.2422

### Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.  
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value
Axial	9.3872
Shear X	-5.7072
Shear Z	-0.0000
Moment X	0.0001
Moment Z	80.9523

### Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.  
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value
Axial	6.2479
Shear X	-3.4371
Shear Z	0.0000
Moment X	0.0000
Moment Z	48.2184

## Reaction Forces for Foundation 3 (Node ID#201), (kip, kip-ft)

### ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	0.0204	2.1904	-0.0619	-0.2567	0.0855	-0.2265
ULS: 2. D + L	0.0204	2.1904	-0.0619	-0.2567	0.0855	-0.2265
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0253	2.5261	-0.0769	-0.3190	0.1063	-0.2868
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0204	2.1904	-0.0619	-0.2567	0.0855	-0.2265
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0241	2.4422	-0.0732	-0.3034	0.1011	-0.2717
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0204	2.1904	-0.0619	-0.2567	0.0855	-0.2265
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	0.0204	2.1904	-0.0619	-0.2567	0.0855	-0.2265
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	0.0241	2.4422	-0.0732	-0.3034	0.1011	-0.2717
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	0.0122	1.3142	-0.0371	-0.1540	0.0513	-0.1359
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.7227	4.8456	-0.2780	-1.1078	1.2567	38.9911
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-2.7227	4.8456	-0.2780	-1.1078	1.2567	38.9911
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	1.9935	0.2762	0.0881	0.3333	-0.7269	-26.5438
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	1.7896	0.4863	0.0845	0.3189	-0.7141	-29.2004
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.0332	4.4336	-0.2352	-0.9418	0.9795	29.1415
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-2.0332	4.4336	-0.2352	-0.9418	0.9795	29.1415
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.5039	1.0065	0.0393	0.1391	-0.5082	-20.0097
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	1.3510	1.1641	0.0367	0.1283	-0.4986	-22.0021
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.0369	4.1818	-0.2239	-0.8951	0.9639	29.1867
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-2.0369	4.1818	-0.2239	-0.8951	0.9639	29.1867

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.5002	0.7547	0.0506	0.1858	-0.5238	-19.9645
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	1.3473	0.9123	0.0479	0.1750	-0.5142	-21.9569
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.7309	3.9694	-0.2532	-1.0052	1.2225	39.0817
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-2.7309	3.9694	-0.2532	-1.0052	1.2225	39.0817
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	1.9853	-0.6000	0.1129	0.4360	-0.7610	-26.4532
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	1.7814	-0.3898	0.1093	0.4216	-0.7483	-29.1098

#### Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.  
 Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value
Axial	7.2236
Shear X	-4.5718
Shear Z	-0.4438
Moment X	-1.7664
Moment Z	65.7017

#### Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.  
 Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value
Axial	4.8456
Shear X	-2.7309
Shear Z	-0.2780
Moment X	-1.1078
Moment Z	39.0817

## Project Details

Design Code: AISC 360-16 LRFD  
 Provision: LRFD  
 Country: United States  
 User Name: sales@mtsolar.us  
 Unit System: imperial

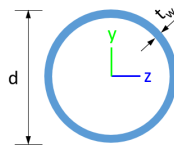


## Design Input Information

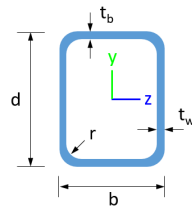
Design Factors			
$\Phi_t$	$\Phi_c$	$\Phi_b$	$\Phi_v$
0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9

Design Materials			
ID	E (ksi)	$F_y$ (ksi)	$F_u$ (ksi)
1	29000	50	65

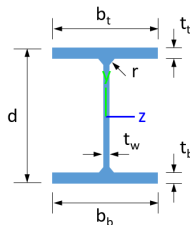
### Section Dimensions



ID	Name	d (in)	$t_w$ (in)				
2	2in Pipe Sch 80	2.38	0.22				
5	4in Pipe Sch 80	4.50	0.34				
10	8in Pipe Sch 80	8.63	0.50				



ID	Name	d (in)	b (in)	$t_w$ (in)	$t_b$ (in)	r (in)	
16	HSS5x3x3/16	5.00	3.00	0.17	0.17	0.17	



ID	Name	d (in)	$t_w$ (in)	$b_t$ (in)	$b_b$ (in)	$t_t$ (in)	$t_b$ (in)	r (in)
19	W8x10	7.89	0.17	3.94	3.94	0.20	0.20	0.30

### Section Properties

ID	Name	A (in <sup>2</sup> )	J (in <sup>4</sup> )	$I_{yp}$ (in <sup>4</sup> )	$I_{zp}$ (in <sup>4</sup> )	$I_w$ (in <sup>6</sup> )	$S_{yp}$ (in <sup>3</sup> )	$S_{zp}$ (in <sup>3</sup> )
2	2in Pipe Sch 80	1.48	1.74	0.87	0.87	0.00	1.02	1.02
5	4in Pipe Sch 80	4.41	19.22	9.61	9.61	0.00	5.85	5.85
10	8in Pipe Sch 80	12.76	211.43	105.72	105.72	0.00	33.05	33.05

16	HSS5x3x3/16	2.58	8.64	3.85	8.53	92.39	2.96	4.21
19	W8x10	2.96	0.04	2.09	30.80	30.90	1.66	8.87

Member Properties								
Member ID	Section ID	K <sub>z</sub> L (ft)	K <sub>y</sub> L (ft)	L <sub>b</sub> (ft)	C <sub>b</sub>	L	S	T
1	10	28.67	28.67	13.65	-	3	2	1
2	5	2.00	2.00	2.00	-	3	2	1
3	16	1.42	1.42	1.42	1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.17,1.16,1.16,1.17,1.17,1.16,1.16,1.17,1.17,1.12,1.16,1.17,1.17,1.14,1.16,1.17,1.17,1.16,1.17	3	2	1
4	16	3.75	3.75	3.75	1.69,1.69,1.69,1.69,1.69,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.48,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.55,1.67,1.67,1.62,1.70,1.67,1.67,1.64,1.74,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.63	3	2	1
5	16	2.33	2.33	2.33	1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.63,1.65,1.67,1.67,1.64,1.65,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66	3	2	1
6	16	1.42	1.42	1.42	1.19,1.19,1.19,1.19,1.19,1.19,1.19,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.19,1.17,1.18,1.19,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.19,1.18,1.18	3	2	1
7	16	2.33	2.33	2.33	1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.65,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.65,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.67	3	2	1
8	19	2.05	2.05	2.05	1.22,1.22,1.22,1.22,1.22,1.22,1.23,1.23,1.23,1.17,1.23,1.23,1.23,1.17,1.23,1.23,1.24,1.28,1.23,1.23,1.24,1.50,1.23,1.23,1.23,1.18	3	2	1
9	2	4.00	4.00	4.00	-	3	2	1
10	16	3.75	3.75	3.75	1.69,1.68,1.69,1.68,1.69,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.64,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.64,1.67,1.67,1.64,1.71,1.67,1.67,1.65,1.87,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.65	3	2	1
11	19	2.05	2.05	2.05	1.25,1.25,1.25,1.25,1.25,1.25,1.28,1.28,1.30,1.30,1.28,1.28,1.29,1.30,1.27,1.27,1.37,1.34,1.28,1.28,1.32,1.32,1.28,1.28,1.29,1.30	3	2	1
12	5	2.00	2.00	2.00	-	3	2	1
13	19	1.75	1.75	1.75	2.11,2.11,2.11,2.11,2.11,2.11,2.22,2.22,2.35,2.33,2.23,2.23,2.36,2.33,2.15,2.15,2.24,2.27,2.16,2.30,2.30,2.24,2.24,2.31,2.34	3	2	1
14	19	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.71,1.71	3	2	1
15	19	1.00	1.00	1.00	2.33,2.33	3	2	1
16	19	1.00	1.00	1.00	2.33,2.33	3	2	1
17	19	4.00	4.00	4.00	1.52,1.52,1.52,1.52,1.52,1.52,1.46,1.46,1.39,1.55,1.46,1.46,1.40,1.55,1.47,1.47,1.25,1.56,1.47,1.47,1.33,1.55,1.46,1.46,1.41,1.55	3	2	1
18	19	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.71,1.71	3	2	1
19	19	4.00	4.00	4.00	1.53,1.53,1.53,1.53,1.53,1.53,1.48,1.48,1.54,1.67,1.48,1.48,1.54,1.64,1.49,1.49,1.53,2.58,1.49,1.49,1.54,2.06,1.48,1.48,1.53,1.56	3	2	1
20	19	1.75	1.75	1.75	2.08,2.08,2.08,2.08,2.08,2.08,2.08,2.09,1.50,2.08,2.08,2.09,1.56,2.08,2.08,2.10,2.34,2.08,2.09,1.77,2.08,2.08,2.09,1.67	3	2	1
21	19	4.00	4.00	4.00	1.15,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.40,1.40,3.22,3.17,1.41,1.41,3.13,3.12,1.30,1.30,1.02,1.05,1.33,1.33,1.05,1.10,1.43,1.43,1.98,2.20	3	2	1
22	19	1.75	1.75	1.75	2.11,2.11,2.11,2.11,2.11,2.11,2.08,2.08,1.54,1.68,2.08,2.08,1.57,1.71,2.11,2.11,1.12,1.33,2.10,2.10,1.28,1.46,2.07,2.07,1.66,1.78	3	2	1
23	19	4.00	4.00	4.00	1.12,1.12,1.12,1.12,1.12,1.12,1.15,1.15,1.18,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.18,1.14,1.14,1.14,1.41,1.11,1.15,1.15,1.24,1.10,1.15,1.15,1.17,1.14	3	2	1





28	133.20	123.94	32.87	6.12	40.24	43.62
101	574.32	201.81	123.94	123.94	172.30	172.30
102	198.33	194.54	21.95	21.95	59.50	59.50
103	116.10	114.47	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
104	116.10	105.13	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
105	116.10	111.72	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
106	116.10	114.47	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
107	116.10	111.72	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
108	133.20	122.14	32.87	6.12	40.24	43.62
109	66.48	49.90	3.82	3.82	19.94	19.94
110	116.10	105.13	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
111	133.20	122.14	32.87	6.12	40.24	43.62
112	198.33	194.54	21.95	21.95	59.50	59.50
113	133.20	123.94	32.87	6.12	40.24	43.62
114	133.20	123.94	32.87	6.12	40.24	43.62
115	133.20	58.22	23.95	6.12	40.24	43.62
116	133.20	58.22	24.64	6.12	40.24	43.62
201	574.32	201.81	123.94	123.94	172.30	172.30
202	198.33	194.54	21.95	21.95	59.50	59.50
203	116.10	114.47	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
204	116.10	105.13	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
205	116.10	111.72	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
206	116.10	114.47	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
207	116.10	111.72	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
208	133.20	127.27	32.87	6.12	40.24	43.62
209	66.48	49.90	3.82	3.82	19.94	19.94
210	116.10	105.13	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
211	133.20	127.27	32.87	6.12	40.24	43.62
212	198.33	194.54	21.95	21.95	59.50	59.50
213	133.20	123.94	32.87	6.12	40.24	43.62
214	133.20	123.94	32.87	6.12	40.24	43.62
215	133.20	58.22	24.64	6.12	40.24	43.62
216	133.20	58.22	24.41	6.12	40.24	43.62

## Design Ratio

Member ID	P	M <sub>z</sub>	M <sub>y</sub>	V <sub>y</sub>	V <sub>z</sub>	(P,M <sub>z</sub> ,M <sub>y</sub> )	Worst LC	KL/r	δ	Status
1	0.036	0.530	0.035	0.026	0.003	0.562	#13	0.598	Not Required	Pass
2	0.000	0.148	0.143	0.041	0.031	0.291	#13	0.081	Not Required	Pass
3	0.003	0.386	0.015	0.037	0.007	0.401	#13	0.070	Not Required	Pass
4	0.003	0.337	0.050	0.034	0.011	0.387	#13	0.123	Not Required	Pass
5	0.003	0.239	0.012	0.038	0.003	0.246	#13	0.115	Not Required	Pass
6	0.005	0.602	0.047	0.062	0.014	0.645	#13	0.070	Not Required	Pass
7	0.005	0.373	0.061	0.060	0.014	0.381	#13	0.115	Not Required	Pass
8	0.003	0.108	0.060	0.030	0.007	0.169	#13	0.146	Not Required	Pass
9	0.002	0.058	0.058	0.003	0.003	0.116	#13	0.313	Not Required	Pass
10	0.005	0.512	0.074	0.051	0.017	0.530	#13	0.123	Not Required	Pass
11	0.002	0.121	0.055	0.037	0.007	0.176	#13	0.146	Not Required	Pass
12	0.002	0.343	0.237	0.069	0.046	0.581	#13	0.081	Not Required	Pass
13	0.002	0.048	0.147	0.051	0.009	0.180	#16	0.125	Not Required	Pass
14	0.000	0.032	0.037	0.019	0.004	0.062	#13	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
15	0.000	0.005	0.005	0.008	0.001	0.009	#13	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
16	0.000	0.004	0.005	0.007	0.001	0.008	#13	Not Required	Not Required	Pass

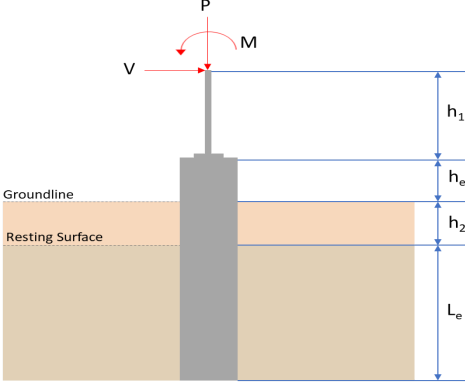
17	0.001	0.063	0.036	0.019	0.003	0.079	#13	0.286	Not Required	Pass
18	0.000	0.035	0.037	0.021	0.004	0.066	#13	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
19	0.002	0.049	0.063	0.016	0.006	0.102	#13	0.286	Not Required	Pass
20	0.003	0.051	0.148	0.042	0.009	0.159	#15	0.125	Not Required	Pass
21	0.002	0.044	0.037	0.015	0.003	0.082	#13	0.286	Not Required	Pass
22	0.002	0.062	0.170	0.048	0.010	0.197	#13	0.125	Not Required	Pass
23	0.007	0.086	0.041	0.014	0.003	0.130	#13	0.286	Not Required	Pass
24	0.003	0.069	0.171	0.047	0.010	0.242	#13	0.125	Not Required	Pass
25	0.001	0.063	0.036	0.019	0.003	0.079	#13	0.286	Not Required	Pass
26	0.002	0.048	0.147	0.051	0.009	0.180	#16	0.125	Not Required	Pass
27	0.002	0.049	0.063	0.016	0.006	0.102	#13	0.286	Not Required	Pass
28	0.000	0.032	0.037	0.019	0.004	0.062	#13	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
101	0.047	0.653	0.000	0.033	0.000	0.676	#13	0.598	Not Required	Pass
102	0.001	0.324	0.244	0.073	0.048	0.569	#13	0.081	Not Required	Pass
103	0.005	0.613	0.035	0.061	0.009	0.641	#13	0.070	Not Required	Pass
104	0.005	0.587	0.072	0.059	0.015	0.637	#13	0.123	Not Required	Pass
105	0.005	0.380	0.074	0.061	0.019	0.399	#13	0.115	Not Required	Pass
106	0.005	0.613	0.035	0.061	0.009	0.641	#13	0.070	Not Required	Pass
107	0.005	0.380	0.074	0.061	0.019	0.399	#13	0.115	Not Required	Pass
108	0.003	0.090	0.074	0.035	0.007	0.099	#13	0.146	Not Required	Pass
109	0.007	0.035	0.040	0.001	0.000	0.079	#13	0.313	Not Required	Pass
110	0.005	0.587	0.072	0.059	0.015	0.637	#13	0.123	Not Required	Pass
111	0.002	0.129	0.074	0.035	0.007	0.136	#13	0.146	Not Required	Pass
112	0.001	0.324	0.244	0.073	0.048	0.569	#13	0.081	Not Required	Pass
113	0.002	0.062	0.170	0.048	0.010	0.197	#13	0.125	Not Required	Pass
114	0.003	0.069	0.171	0.047	0.010	0.242	#13	0.125	Not Required	Pass
115	0.005	0.204	0.076	0.035	0.007	0.273	#13	0.532	Not Required	Pass
116	0.006	0.162	0.077	0.035	0.007	0.238	#13	0.532	Not Required	Pass
201	0.036	0.530	0.035	0.026	0.003	0.562	#13	0.598	Not Required	Pass
202	0.002	0.343	0.237	0.069	0.046	0.581	#13	0.081	Not Required	Pass
203	0.005	0.602	0.047	0.062	0.014	0.645	#13	0.070	Not Required	Pass
204	0.005	0.512	0.074	0.051	0.017	0.530	#13	0.123	Not Required	Pass
205	0.005	0.373	0.061	0.060	0.014	0.381	#13	0.115	Not Required	Pass
206	0.003	0.386	0.015	0.037	0.007	0.401	#13	0.070	Not Required	Pass
207	0.003	0.239	0.012	0.038	0.003	0.246	#13	0.115	Not Required	Pass
208	0.000	0.004	0.005	0.007	0.001	0.008	#13	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
209	0.002	0.058	0.058	0.003	0.003	0.116	#13	0.313	Not Required	Pass
210	0.003	0.337	0.050	0.034	0.011	0.387	#13	0.123	Not Required	Pass
211	0.000	0.005	0.005	0.008	0.001	0.009	#13	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
212	0.000	0.148	0.143	0.041	0.031	0.291	#13	0.081	Not Required	Pass
213	0.000	0.035	0.037	0.021	0.004	0.066	#13	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
214	0.003	0.051	0.148	0.042	0.009	0.159	#15	0.125	Not Required	Pass
215	0.005	0.212	0.075	0.037	0.007	0.270	#13	0.532	Not Required	Pass
216	0.006	0.174	0.076	0.030	0.007	0.243	#13	0.532	Not Required	Pass

## Definitions

$\Phi_t$	Safety factor for tensile
$\Phi_c$	Safety factor for compression
$\Phi_b$	Safety factor for flexure
$\Phi_v$	Safety factor for shear
E	Modulus of elasticity
$F_y$	Specified minimum yield stress
$F_u$	Specified minimum tensile strength
A	Cross-sectional area



J	Torsional constant
$I_{yp}$	Moment of inertia about the Y axes
$I_{zp}$	Moment of inertia about the Z axes
$I_w$	Warping constant
$S_{yp}$	Plastic section modulus about the Y axis
$S_{zp}$	Plastic section modulus about the Z axis
KL	Effective length
$C_b$	Buckling modification factor (from all load combinations)
$L_b$	Length between braced points
LST	Limited slenderness for tension
LSC	Limited slenderness for compression
LD	Limited deflection
$P_n$	Nominal axial strength (tension/compression)
$M_n$	Nominal flexural strength (about Z/Y axis)
$V_n$	Nominal shear strength (along Z/Y axis)
P	Design ratio in case of axial force
$M_z$	Design ratio in case of bending about Z axis
$M_y$	Design ratio in case of bending about Y axis
$V_y$	Design ratio in case of shear along Y axis
$V_z$	Design ratio in case of shear along Z axis
$(P, M_z, M_y)$	Design ratio in case of axial force and bending action
KL/r	Design ratio in case of section slenderness
$\delta$	Design ratio in case of member deflection
OK	Capacity is provided
NG	Capacity is not provided

REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS																										
	<p><b>SkyCiv Foundation Design</b> Pile Foundation</p> <p><b>Design Information :</b> Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code) Unit System : Imperial</p>																											
	<p><b>Pile Input</b></p>  <p><b>Geometry</b> Pile shape: rectangular <math>b = 48</math> in - Pile width <math>D = 48</math> in - Pile depth <math>L = 7.25</math> ft - Total pile length <math>h_1 = 0</math> ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile, <math>h_2 = 0</math> ft - Depth to resting surface <math>h_e = 0</math> ft - Length of pile above the ground</p> <p><b>Tabulation of Soil Parameters</b></p> <table border="1" data-bbox="416 1102 1193 1193"> <thead> <tr> <th>Layer</th> <th>Label</th> <th>Allowable Bearing Pressure (<math>q_a</math>) (psf)</th> <th>Allowable Lateral Pressure (<math>R</math>) (psf/ft)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel &amp; clayey gravel</td> <td>2000.000</td> <td>150.000</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><b>Tabulation of Loads</b></p> <table border="1" data-bbox="676 1288 935 1458"> <thead> <tr> <th>Load Component</th> <th>ASD</th> <th>LRFD</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><math>P</math> (kip)</td> <td>4.846</td> <td>7.224</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>V_x</math> (kip)</td> <td>-2.731</td> <td>-4.572</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>V_z</math> (kip)</td> <td>0.278</td> <td>0.444</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>M_x</math> (kipft)</td> <td>1.108</td> <td>1.766</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>M_z</math> (kipft)</td> <td>39.082</td> <td>65.701</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><b>Material Properties</b> <math>f'_{ck} = 3</math> ksi - Concrete strength,</p>	Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure ( $q_a$ ) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure ( $R$ ) (psf/ft)	1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000	Load Component	ASD	LRFD	$P$ (kip)	4.846	7.224	$V_x$ (kip)	-2.731	-4.572	$V_z$ (kip)	0.278	0.444	$M_x$ (kipft)	1.108	1.766	$M_z$ (kipft)	39.082	65.701	
Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure ( $q_a$ ) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure ( $R$ ) (psf/ft)																									
1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000																									
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$M_x$ (kipft)	1.108	1.766																										
$M_z$ (kipft)	39.082	65.701																										
	<p><b>Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD)</b> <math>H</math> - Point of application of the lateral load</p> $H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$ $H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$ $H = 0 \text{ ft}$ <p><b>Considering x-direction:</b> <math>H_o</math> - Lateral force per length of pile,</p> $H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$ $H_o = \frac{(-2.731 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $H_o = -0.43487 \text{ kip/ft}$ <p><math>M_o</math> - Moment per length of pile,</p> $M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$																											

$$M_o = \frac{(39.082 \text{ kipft}) + ((-2.731 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 6.2232 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,x} = 6.8362 \text{ ft}$  - Required depth in x-direction,

**Considering z-direction:**

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(0.278 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = 0.044268 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(1.108 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.278 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.17643 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_z^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,z} = 2.7807 \text{ ft}$  - Required depth in z-direction,

**Minimum embedded depth required:**

$L_{e,req}$  - Depth of pile required,

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$$

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(6.8362 \text{ ft}), (2.7807 \text{ ft})]$$

$$L_{e,req} = 6.836 \text{ ft}$$

$L_e$  - Actual embedded length of pile,

$$L_e = L - h_e - h_2$$

$$L_e = (7.25 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$L_e = 7.25 \text{ ft}$$

**Ratio** - Embedded depth

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(6.836 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.9429$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.940**

**End-bearing Capacity (ASD)**

A - Pile cross-section area

$$A = b D$$

$$A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$$

q - End-bearing pressure

$$q = \frac{P_c}{A}$$

$$q = \frac{(4.846 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$$

$$q = 0.302875 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$$q = 0.00200 \text{ kip/ft}$$

**Check bearing capacity ratio:**

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.30288 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.15144$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.150**

Czerniak

**Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):**

$L/D$  - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,

$$L/D = \frac{L}{D}$$

$$L/D = \frac{(7.25 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$$

$$L/D = 1.8125$$

Since  $L/D \leq 10$ ,

Pile is short.

**Considering x-direction:**

$H_o = -0.43487 \text{ kip/ft}$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 6.2232 \text{ kipft/ft}$  - Overturning moment per length of pile,

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (6.2232 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.43487 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (6.2232 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.43487 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.9859 \text{ ft}$$

$p$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $a/2$  from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (6.2232 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.43487 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(7.25 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (6.2232 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.43487 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.27492 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$s$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $L_e$ ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (6.2232 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.43487 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))]}{(7.25 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 1.0609 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

**Check lateral soil pressure capacity:**

$p_a$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(4.9859 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.37394 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.27492 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.37394 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.7352$$

$p_a$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $L_e$ ,

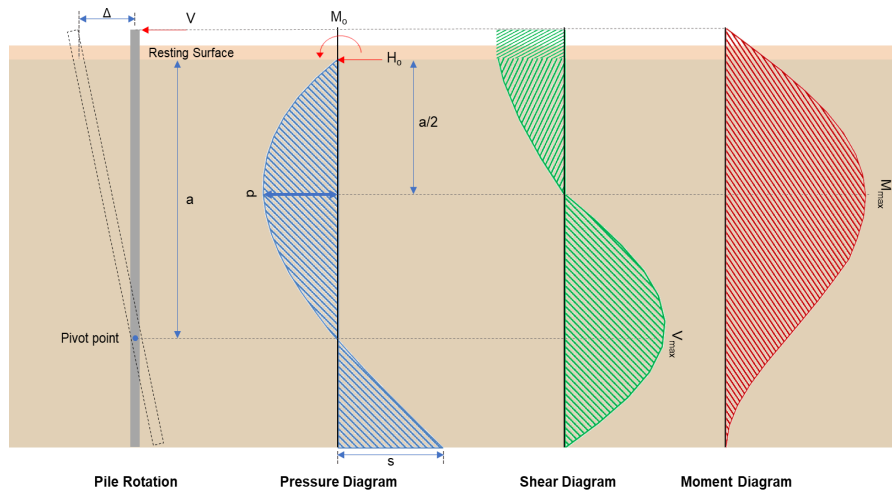
Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.740**

	$p_s = R L_e$ $p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})$ $p_s = 1.0875 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(1.0609 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.0875 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.97551$	Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>0.980</b>
	<p><b>Considering z-direction:</b></p> <p><math>H_o = 0.044268 \text{ kip/ft}</math> - Lateral force per length of pile,  <math>M_o = 0.17643 \text{ kipft/ft}</math> - Overturning moment per length of pile,  <math>a</math> - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,</p> $a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$ $a = \frac{(4 \times (0.17643 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.044268 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.17643 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.044268 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))}$ $a = 5.1645 \text{ ft}$ <p><math>p</math> - Earth pressure against the pile at distance <math>a/2</math> from resting surface,</p> $p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$ $p = \frac{0.75 [(4 \times (0.17643 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (0.044268 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(7.25 \text{ ft})^2 [(3 \times (0.17643 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (0.044268 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))]}$ $p = 0.033919 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p><math>s</math> - Earth pressure against the pile at distance <math>L_e</math>,</p> $s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$ $s = \frac{6 [(2 \times (0.17643 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((0.044268 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))]}{(7.25 \text{ ft})^2}$ $s = 0.076915 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p><b>Check lateral soil pressure capacity:</b></p> <p><math>p_a</math> - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth <math>a/2</math>,</p> $p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$ $p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(5.1645 \text{ ft})}{2}$ $p_a = 0.38733 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.033919 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.38733 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.08757$ <p><math>p_s</math> - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth <math>L_e</math>,</p> $p_s = R L_e$ $p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})$ $p_s = 1.0875 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$	Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>0.090</b>

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.076915 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.0875 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.070726$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.070**



#### Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_e}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-4.572 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.72803 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_e + (V_e H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(65.701 \text{ kipft}) + ((-4.572 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 10.462 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

$E$  - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(10.462 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.72803 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 14.37 \text{ ft}$$

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (10.462 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.72803 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (10.462 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.72803 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.9854 \text{ ft}$$

$V_{max}$  - Max shear force located at depth  $a$ ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \left( \frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \left( \frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.72803 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \times \left( \frac{4 \times (14.37 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(4.9854 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \times \left( \frac{3 \times (14.37 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(4.9854 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 12.136 \text{ kip}$$

$M_{max}$  - Max bending moment located at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[ \left( \frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 + \left[ \left( \frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.72803 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})) \times \left[ \left( \frac{(14.37 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(4.9854 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.25 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 \times (14.37 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(4.9854 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 + \left[ \left( \frac{3 \times (14.37 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(4.9854 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 42.073 \text{ kipft}$$

### Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(0.444 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = 0.070701 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(1.766 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.444 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.28121 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

$E$  - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.28121 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(0.070701 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 3.9775 \text{ ft}$$

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.28121 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.070701 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.28121 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.070701 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.1648 \text{ ft}$$

$V_{max}$  - Max shear force located at depth  $a$ ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \left( \frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 + 4 \left( \frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((0.070701 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \times \left( \frac{4 \times (3.9775 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.1648 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 + 4 \times \left( \frac{3 \times (3.9775 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.1648 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.4627 \text{ kip}$$

$M_{max}$  - Max bending moment located at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$M_{max} = (H_o b L_e) \left[ \left( \frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 + \left[ \left( \frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((0.070701 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})) \times \left[ \left( \frac{(3.9775 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(5.1648 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.25 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 \times (3.9775 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.1648 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 + \left[ \left( \frac{3 \times (3.9775 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.1648 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 1.4942 \text{ kipft}$$

### Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

#### Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi}$  - Concrete strength,  
 $f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$  - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,  
 $\phi = 0.65$  - Reduction factor for axial strength,  
 $\alpha = 0.8$  - Alpha factor for axial strength,  
 $A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$  - Gross area of concrete,

Table 22.4.2.1

#### Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load,  $A_{st,required}$

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[ \frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[ \frac{\frac{(7.224 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (3 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (3 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -102.02 \text{ in}^2$$

$A_{min}$  - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-102.02 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$$

$n_{rebar}$  - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 14$$

$A_{st}$  - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.96556$$

25.2.3

$s_{rebar}$  - Minimum spacing of reinforcement,

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$$

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$$

#### Ties:

25.7.2.2 Since longitudinal reinforcement is  $\leq$  No. 10: Use #3(0.375 in)

25.7.2.1  $s_{ties}$  - Maximum spacing of ties,

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), \text{Min} (D, b)]$$

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), \text{Min} ((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$$

#### Summary:

Main reinforcement: 14 - #5 (0.625 in)

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.970**



Ties: #3(0.375 in) - 10 in

**Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)**

22.4.2.2

$\phi P_N$  - Allowable axial compressive strength

$$\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st})]$$

$$\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times [(0.85 \times (3 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$\phi P_N = 3183.4 \text{ kip}$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(7.224 \text{ kip})}{(3183.4 \text{ kip})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.0022693$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.000**

**Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)**

**Parameters:**

22.5.2.2

$b_w = 48 \text{ in}$  - Effective width,  
 $d$  - Effective depth

$$d = 0.80 D$$

$$d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$d = 38.4 \text{ in}$$

22.5.5.1.3

$\lambda_s$  - size effect modification factor

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[ \sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[ \sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = 0.64282$$

22.5.5.1.1

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$ ,  
 $V_{c,max}$  - Max shear strength of concrete

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,max} = 324.49 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.1(a)

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$ ,  $P = 7.224 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 7224 \text{ lbf}$ ,  
 $V_{c,a}$  - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[ 2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + \frac{P}{6 A_g} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[ 2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} + \frac{(7224 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 130.76 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$ ,  
 $V_{c,b}$  - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[ 2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + (0.05 f'_{ck}) \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[ 2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} + (0.05 \times (3000 \text{ psi})) \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 406.27 \text{ kip}$$

$V_c$  - Governing shear strength of concrete

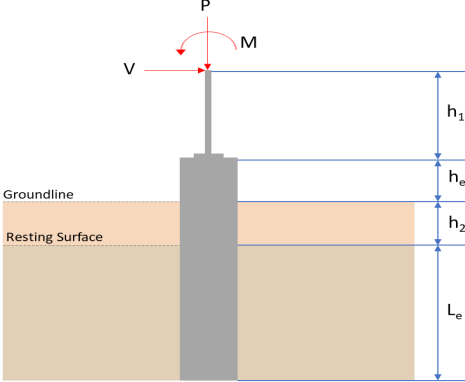
$$V_c = \text{Min}[V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min}[(324.49 \text{ kip}), (130.76 \text{ kip}), (406.27 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 130.76 \text{ kip}$$

<p>22.5.1.2</p>	<p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula <math>f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}</math>,  <math>V_{s,a}</math> - Shear strength of steel (a)</p> $V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ $V_{s,a} = 807.65 \text{ kip}$ <p><math>A_v</math> - Ties rebar area,</p> $A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$ $A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$ $A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$ <p>22.5.8.5.3 <math>V_{s,b}</math> - Shear strength of steel (b)</p> $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yt} d}{s_{ties}}$ $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$ $V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p><math>V_s</math> - Governing shear strength of steel</p> $V_s = \text{MIN}[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$ $V_s = \text{MIN}[(807.65 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$ $V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p>22.5.1.1 <math>\phi V_n</math> - Allowable shear strength</p> $\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$ $\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((130.76 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$ $\phi V_n = 118.07 \text{ kip}$ <p><b>Considering x-direction:</b></p> <p><math>V_{max} = 12.136 \text{ kip}</math> - Maximum shear force in the x-direction,  Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(12.136 \text{ kip})}{(118.07 \text{ kip})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.10279$ <p><b>Considering z-direction:</b></p> <p><math>V_{max} = 0.4627 \text{ kip}</math> - Maximum shear force in the z-direction,  Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.4627 \text{ kip})}{(118.07 \text{ kip})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.0039187$	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b>  Ratio: <b>0.100</b></p> <p>Status: <b>PASS</b>  Ratio: <b>0.000</b></p>
	<p><b>Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</b></p> <p><math>S_m</math> - Section modulus</p> $S_m = \frac{b D^2}{6}$ $S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$ $S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$	

<p>14.5.2.1b</p>	<p><math>\lambda = 1</math> - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete),  Allowable flexural strength:  <math>M_n</math> shall be the lesser of:  <math>\phi M_{n,1}</math></p> $\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{3\text{ksi}} \times 18432.001\text{in}^3$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 273.423\text{kipft}$ <p><math>\phi M_{n,2}</math></p> $\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_c \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (3\text{ksi}) \times (18432\text{in}^3)$ $\phi M_{n,2} = 2545.9\text{kipft}$ <p>Therefore,  <math>\phi M_n</math> - Allowable flexural strength,</p> $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$ $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(273.42\text{kipft}), (2545.9\text{kipft})]$ $\phi M_n = 273.42\text{kipft}$ <p><b>Considering x-direction:</b>  <math>M_{max} = 42.073\text{kipft}</math> - Maximum moment in the x-direction,  Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(42.073\text{kipft})}{(273.42\text{kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.15388$	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b>  Ratio: <b>0.150</b></p>
	<p><b>Considering z-direction:</b>  <math>M_{max} = 1.4942\text{kipft}</math> - Maximum moment in the z-direction,  Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(1.4942\text{kipft})}{(273.42\text{kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.0054647$	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b>  Ratio: <b>0.010</b></p>

REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS																										
	<p><b>SkyCiv Foundation Design</b> Pile Foundation</p> <p><b>Design Information :</b> Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code) Unit System : Imperial</p>																											
	<p><b>Pile Input</b></p>  <p><b>Geometry</b> Pile shape: rectangular <math>b = 48</math> in - Pile width <math>D = 48</math> in - Pile depth <math>L = 7.25</math> ft - Total pile length <math>h_1 = 0</math> ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile, <math>h_2 = 0</math> ft - Depth to resting surface <math>h_e = 0</math> ft - Length of pile above the ground</p> <p><b>Tabulation of Soil Parameters</b></p> <table border="1" data-bbox="416 1102 1193 1191"> <thead> <tr> <th>Layer</th> <th>Label</th> <th>Allowable Bearing Pressure (<math>q_a</math>) (psf)</th> <th>Allowable Lateral Pressure (<math>R</math>) (psf/ft)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel &amp; clayey gravel</td> <td>2000.000</td> <td>150.000</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><b>Tabulation of Loads</b></p> <table border="1" data-bbox="676 1285 935 1458"> <thead> <tr> <th>Load Component</th> <th>ASD</th> <th>LRFD</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><math>P</math> (kip)</td> <td>4.846</td> <td>7.224</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>V_x</math> (kip)</td> <td>-2.731</td> <td>-4.572</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>V_z</math> (kip)</td> <td>-0.278</td> <td>-0.444</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>M_x</math> (kipft)</td> <td>-1.108</td> <td>-1.766</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>M_z</math> (kipft)</td> <td>39.082</td> <td>65.702</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><b>Material Properties</b> <math>f'_{ck} = 3</math> ksi - Concrete strength,</p>	Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure ( $q_a$ ) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure ( $R$ ) (psf/ft)	1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000	Load Component	ASD	LRFD	$P$ (kip)	4.846	7.224	$V_x$ (kip)	-2.731	-4.572	$V_z$ (kip)	-0.278	-0.444	$M_x$ (kipft)	-1.108	-1.766	$M_z$ (kipft)	39.082	65.702	
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	<p><b>Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD)</b> <math>H</math> - Point of application of the lateral load</p> $H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$ $H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$ $H = 0 \text{ ft}$ <p><b>Considering x-direction:</b> <math>H_o</math> - Lateral force per length of pile,</p> $H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$ $H_o = \frac{(-2.731 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $H_o = -0.43487 \text{ kip/ft}$ <p><math>M_o</math> - Moment per length of pile,</p> $M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$																											

$$M_o = \frac{(39.082 \text{ kipft}) + ((-2.731 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 6.2232 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,x} = 6.8362 \text{ ft}$  - Required depth in x-direction,

**Considering z-direction:**

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.278 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.044268 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(1.108 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.278 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.17643 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_z^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,z} = 2.0535 \text{ ft}$  - Required depth in z-direction,

**Minimum embedded depth required:**

$L_{e,req}$  - Depth of pile required,

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$$

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(6.8362 \text{ ft}), (2.0535 \text{ ft})]$$

$$L_{e,req} = 6.836 \text{ ft}$$

$L_e$  - Actual embedded length of pile,

$$L_e = L - h_e - h_2$$

$$L_e = (7.25 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$L_e = 7.25 \text{ ft}$$

**Ratio** - Embedded depth

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(6.836 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.9429$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.940**

**End-bearing Capacity (ASD)**

A - Pile cross-section area

$$A = b D$$

$$A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$$

q - End-bearing pressure

$$q = \frac{P_c}{A}$$

$$q = \frac{(4.846 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$$

$$q = 0.302875 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$$q = 0.00200 \text{ kip/ft}$$

**Check bearing capacity ratio:**

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.30288 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.15144$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.150**

Czerniak

**Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):**

$L/D$  - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,

$$L/D = \frac{L}{D}$$

$$L/D = \frac{(7.25 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$$

$$L/D = 1.8125$$

Since  $L/D \leq 10$ ,

Pile is short.

**Considering x-direction:**

$H_o = -0.43487 \text{ kip/ft}$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 6.2232 \text{ kipft/ft}$  - Overturning moment per length of pile,

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (6.2232 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.43487 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (6.2232 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.43487 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.9859 \text{ ft}$$

$p$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $a/2$  from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (6.2232 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.43487 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(7.25 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (6.2232 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.43487 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.27492 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$s$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $L_e$ ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (6.2232 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.43487 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))]}{(7.25 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 1.0609 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

**Check lateral soil pressure capacity:**

$p_a$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(4.9859 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.37394 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.27492 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.37394 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.7352$$

$p_a$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $L_e$ ,

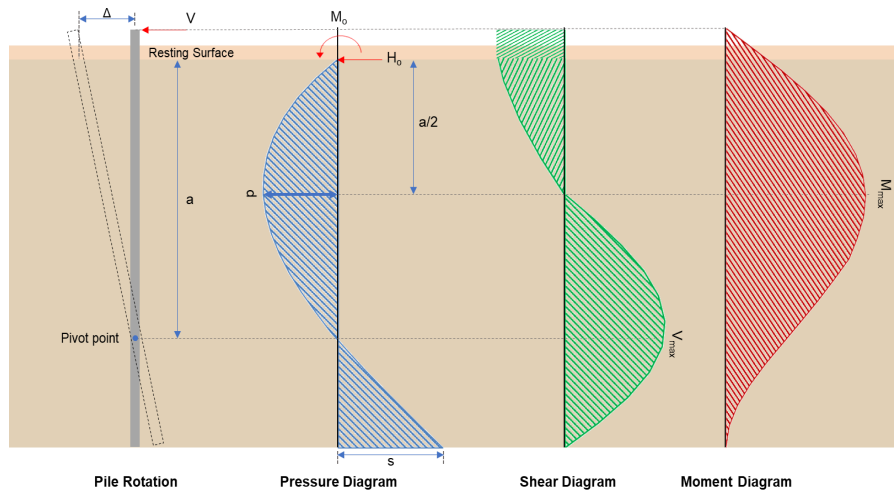
Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.740**

	$p_s = R L_e$ $p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})$ $p_s = 1.0875 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(1.0609 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.0875 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.97551$	Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>0.980</b>
	<p><b>Considering z-direction:</b></p> <p><math>H_o = -0.044268 \text{ kip/ft}</math> - Lateral force per length of pile,  <math>M_o = 0.17643 \text{ kipft/ft}</math> - Overturning moment per length of pile,  <math>a</math> - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,</p> $a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$ $a = \frac{(4 \times (0.17643 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.044268 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.17643 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.044268 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))}$ $a = 5.1645 \text{ ft}$ <p><math>p</math> - Earth pressure against the pile at distance <math>a/2</math> from resting surface,</p> $p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$ $p = \frac{0.75 [(4 \times (0.17643 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.044268 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(7.25 \text{ ft})^2 [(3 \times (0.17643 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.044268 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))]}$ $p = -0.0083769 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p><math>s</math> - Earth pressure against the pile at distance <math>L_e</math>,</p> $s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$ $s = \frac{6 [(2 \times (0.17643 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.044268 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))]}{(7.25 \text{ ft})^2}$ $s = 0.0036444 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p><b>Check lateral soil pressure capacity:</b></p> <p><math>p_a</math> - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth <math>a/2</math>,</p> $p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$ $p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(5.1645 \text{ ft})}{2}$ $p_a = 0.38733 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(-0.0083769 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.38733 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = -0.021627$ <p><math>p_s</math> - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth <math>L_e</math>,</p> $p_s = R L_e$ $p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})$ $p_s = 1.0875 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$	Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>-0.020</b>

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.0036444 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.0875 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.0033512$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.000**



#### Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-4.572 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.72803 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(65.702 \text{ kipft}) + ((-4.572 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 10.462 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

$E$  - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(10.462 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.72803 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 14.371 \text{ ft}$$

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_c) + (3 H_o L_c^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_c)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (10.462 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.72803 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (10.462 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.72803 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.9854 \text{ ft}$$

$V_{max}$  - Max shear force located at depth  $a$ ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \left( \frac{4 E}{L_c} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_c} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \left( \frac{3 E}{L_c} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_c} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.72803 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \times \left( \frac{4 \times (14.371 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(4.9854 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \times \left( \frac{3 \times (14.371 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(4.9854 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 12.136 \text{ kip}$$



$M_{max}$  - Max bending moment located at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[ \left( \frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.72803 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})) \times \left[ \left( \frac{(14.371 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(4.9854 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.25 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 \times (14.371 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(4.9854 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 \times (14.371 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(4.9854 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 42.074 \text{ kipft}$$

### Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.444 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.070701 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(1.766 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.444 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.28121 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

$E$  - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.28121 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.070701 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 3.9775 \text{ ft}$$

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.28121 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.070701 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.28121 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.070701 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.1648 \text{ ft}$$

$V_{max}$  - Max shear force located at depth  $a$ ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \left( \frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \left( \frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.070701 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \times \left( \frac{4 \times (3.9775 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.1648 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \times \left( \frac{3 \times (3.9775 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.1648 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.4627 \text{ kip}$$

$M_{max}$  - Max bending moment located at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$M_{max} = (H_o b L_e) \left[ \left( \frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.070701 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})) \times \left[ \left( \frac{(3.9775 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(5.1648 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.25 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 \times (3.9775 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.1648 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 \times (3.9775 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.1648 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 1.4942 \text{ kipft}$$

### Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

#### Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi}$  - Concrete strength,  
 $f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$  - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,  
 $\phi = 0.65$  - Reduction factor for axial strength,  
 $\alpha = 0.8$  - Alpha factor for axial strength,  
 $A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$  - Gross area of concrete,

Table 22.4.2.1

#### Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load,  $A_{st,required}$

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[ \frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[ \frac{\frac{(7.224 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (3 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (3 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -102.02 \text{ in}^2$$

$A_{min}$  - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-102.02 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$$

$n_{rebar}$  - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 14$$

$A_{st}$  - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.96556$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.970**

25.2.3

$s_{rebar}$  - Minimum spacing of reinforcement,

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$$

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$$

#### Ties:

25.7.2.2 Since longitudinal reinforcement is  $\leq$  No. 10: Use #3(0.375 in)

25.7.2.1  $s_{ties}$  - Maximum spacing of ties,

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), \text{Min} (D, b)]$$

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), \text{Min} ((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$$

#### Summary:

Main reinforcement: **14 - #5 (0.625 in)**

**Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)**22.4.2.2  $\phi P_N$  - Allowable axial compressive strength

$$\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st})]$$

$$\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times [(0.85 \times (3 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$\phi P_N = 3183.4 \text{ kip}$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(7.224 \text{ kip})}{(3183.4 \text{ kip})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.0022693$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.000****Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)****Parameters:**22.5.2.2  $b_w = 48 \text{ in}$  - Effective width,  
 $d$  - Effective depth

$$d = 0.80 D$$

$$d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$d = 38.4 \text{ in}$$

22.5.5.1.3  $\lambda_s$  - size effect modification factor

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[ \sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[ \sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = 0.64282$$

22.5.5.1.1 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$ ,  
 $V_{c,max}$  - Max shear strength of concrete

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,max} = 324.49 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.1(a) The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$ ,  $P = 7.224 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 7224 \text{ lbf}$ ,  
 $V_{c,a}$  - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[ 2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + \frac{P}{6 A_g} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[ 2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} + \frac{(7224 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 130.76 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$ ,  
 $V_{c,b}$  - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[ 2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + (0.05 f'_{ck}) \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[ 2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} + (0.05 \times (3000 \text{ psi})) \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 406.27 \text{ kip}$$

 $V_c$  - Governing shear strength of concrete

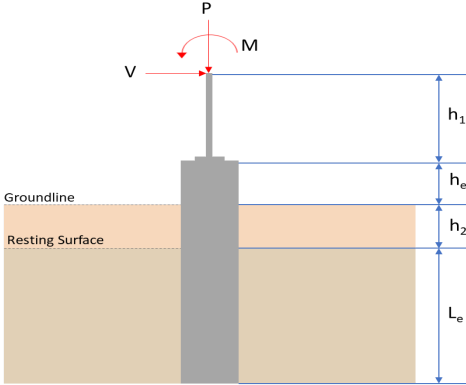
$$V_c = \text{Min}[V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min}[(324.49 \text{ kip}), (130.76 \text{ kip}), (406.27 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 130.76 \text{ kip}$$

<p>22.5.1.2</p>	<p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula <math>f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}</math>,  <math>V_{s,a}</math> - Shear strength of steel (a)</p> $V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ $V_{s,a} = 807.65 \text{ kip}$ <p><math>A_v</math> - Ties rebar area,</p> $A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$ $A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$ $A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$ <p>22.5.8.5.3 <math>V_{s,b}</math> - Shear strength of steel (b)</p> $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yt} d}{s_{ties}}$ $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$ $V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p><math>V_s</math> - Governing shear strength of steel</p> $V_s = \text{MIN}[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$ $V_s = \text{MIN}[(807.65 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$ $V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p>22.5.1.1 <math>\phi V_n</math> - Allowable shear strength</p> $\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$ $\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((130.76 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$ $\phi V_n = 118.07 \text{ kip}$ <p><b>Considering x-direction:</b></p> <p><math>V_{max} = 12.136 \text{ kip}</math> - Maximum shear force in the x-direction,  Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(12.136 \text{ kip})}{(118.07 \text{ kip})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.10279$ <p><b>Considering z-direction:</b></p> <p><math>V_{max} = 0.4627 \text{ kip}</math> - Maximum shear force in the z-direction,  Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.4627 \text{ kip})}{(118.07 \text{ kip})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.0039187$	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b>  Ratio: <b>0.100</b></p> <p>Status: <b>PASS</b>  Ratio: <b>0.000</b></p>
	<p><b>Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</b></p> <p><math>S_m</math> - Section modulus</p> $S_m = \frac{b D^2}{6}$ $S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$ $S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$	

<p>14.5.2.1b</p>	<p><math>\lambda = 1</math> - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete),  Allowable flexural strength:  <math>M_n</math> shall be the lesser of:  <math>\phi M_{n,1}</math></p> $\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{3\text{ksi}} \times 18432.001\text{in}^3$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 273.423\text{kipft}$ <p><math>\phi M_{n,2}</math></p> $\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_c \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (3\text{ksi}) \times (18432\text{in}^3)$ $\phi M_{n,2} = 2545.9\text{kipft}$ <p>Therefore,  <math>\phi M_n</math> - Allowable flexural strength,</p> $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$ $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(273.42\text{kipft}), (2545.9\text{kipft})]$ $\phi M_n = 273.42\text{kipft}$ <p><b>Considering x-direction:</b>  <math>M_{max} = 42.074\text{kipft}</math> - Maximum moment in the x-direction,  Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(42.074\text{kipft})}{(273.42\text{kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.15388$	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b>  Ratio: <b>0.150</b></p>
	<p><b>Considering z-direction:</b>  <math>M_{max} = 1.4942\text{kipft}</math> - Maximum moment in the z-direction,  Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(1.4942\text{kipft})}{(273.42\text{kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.0054647$	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b>  Ratio: <b>0.010</b></p>

REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS																										
	<p><b>SkyCiv Foundation Design</b> Pile Foundation</p> <p><b>Design Information :</b> Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code) Unit System : Imperial</p>																											
	<p><b>Pile Input</b></p>  <p><b>Geometry</b> Pile shape: rectangular <math>b = 48</math> in - Pile width <math>D = 48</math> in - Pile depth <math>L = 7.75</math> ft - Total pile length <math>h_1 = 0</math> ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile, <math>h_2 = 0</math> ft - Depth to resting surface <math>h_e = 0</math> ft - Length of pile above the ground</p> <p><b>Tabulation of Soil Parameters</b></p> <table border="1" data-bbox="416 1102 1193 1193"> <thead> <tr> <th>Layer</th> <th>Label</th> <th>Allowable Bearing Pressure (<math>q_a</math>) (psf)</th> <th>Allowable Lateral Pressure (<math>R</math>) (psf/ft)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel &amp; clayey gravel</td> <td>2000.000</td> <td>150.000</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><b>Tabulation of Loads</b></p> <table border="1" data-bbox="676 1288 935 1458"> <thead> <tr> <th>Load Component</th> <th>ASD</th> <th>LRFD</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><math>P</math> (kip)</td> <td>6.248</td> <td>9.387</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>V_x</math> (kip)</td> <td>-3.437</td> <td>-5.707</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>V_z</math> (kip)</td> <td>0.000</td> <td>0.000</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>M_x</math> (kipft)</td> <td>0.000</td> <td>0.000</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>M_z</math> (kipft)</td> <td>48.218</td> <td>80.952</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><b>Material Properties</b> <math>f'_{ck} = 3</math> ksi - Concrete strength,</p>	Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure ( $q_a$ ) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure ( $R$ ) (psf/ft)	1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000	Load Component	ASD	LRFD	$P$ (kip)	6.248	9.387	$V_x$ (kip)	-3.437	-5.707	$V_z$ (kip)	0.000	0.000	$M_x$ (kipft)	0.000	0.000	$M_z$ (kipft)	48.218	80.952	
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$M_z$ (kipft)	48.218	80.952																										
	<p><b>Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD)</b> <math>H</math> - Point of application of the lateral load</p> $H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$ $H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$ $H = 0 \text{ ft}$ <p><b>Considering x-direction:</b> <math>H_o</math> - Lateral force per length of pile,</p> $H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$ $H_o = \frac{(-3.437 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $H_o = -0.54729 \text{ kip/ft}$ <p><math>M_o</math> - Moment per length of pile,</p> $M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$																											

	$M_o = \frac{(48.218 \text{ kipft}) + ((-3.437 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $M_o = 7.678 \text{ kipft/ft}$ <p>Required depth of embedment in earth:</p> $L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$ <p>Solving the cubic equation:  <math>L_{e,x} = 7.2242 \text{ ft}</math> - Required depth in x-direction,</p> <p><b>Considering z-direction:</b>  <math>L_{e,z} = 0 \text{ ft}</math> - Required depth in z-direction,</p> <p><b>Minimum embedded depth required:</b>  <math>L_{e,req}</math> - Depth of pile required,</p> $L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$ $L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(7.2242 \text{ ft}), (0 \text{ ft})]$ $L_{e,req} = 7.224 \text{ ft}$ <p><math>L_e</math> - Actual embedded length of pile,</p> $L_e = L - h_e - h_2$ $L_e = (7.75 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$ $L_e = 7.75 \text{ ft}$ <p><i>Ratio</i> - Embedded depth</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(7.224 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.93213$	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b>  Ratio: <b>0.930</b></p>
	<p><b>End-bearing Capacity (ASD)</b>  A - Pile cross-section area</p> $A = b D$ $A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$ $A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$ <p>q - End-bearing pressure</p> $q = \frac{P_v}{A}$ $q = \frac{(6.248 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$ $q = 0.3905 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p><b>Check bearing capacity ratio:</b>  <i>Ratio</i> - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_o}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.3905 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.19525$	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b>  Ratio: <b>0.200</b></p>
<p>Czerniak</p>	<p><b>Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):</b>  L/D - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,</p> $L/D = \frac{L}{D}$ $L/D = \frac{(7.75 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$	

$$L/D = 1.9375$$

Since  $L/D \leq 10$ ,

Pile is short.

**Considering x-direction:**

$H_o = -0.54729$  kip/ft - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 7.678$  kipft/ft - Overturning moment per length of pile,

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (7.678 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.54729 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (7.678 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.54729 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.3405 \text{ ft}$$

$p$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $a/2$  from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (7.678 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.54729 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(7.75 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (7.678 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.54729 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.27766 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$s$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $L_e$ ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (7.678 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.54729 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft}))]}{(7.75 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 1.1103 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

**Check lateral soil pressure capacity:**

$p_a$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$p_a = R \frac{q}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(5.3405 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.40054 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

*Ratio* - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.27766 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.40054 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.69321$$

$p_s$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $L_e$ ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 1.1625 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

*Ratio* - Lateral soil capacity

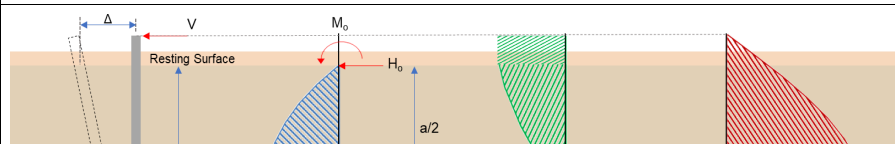
$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(1.1103 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.1625 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

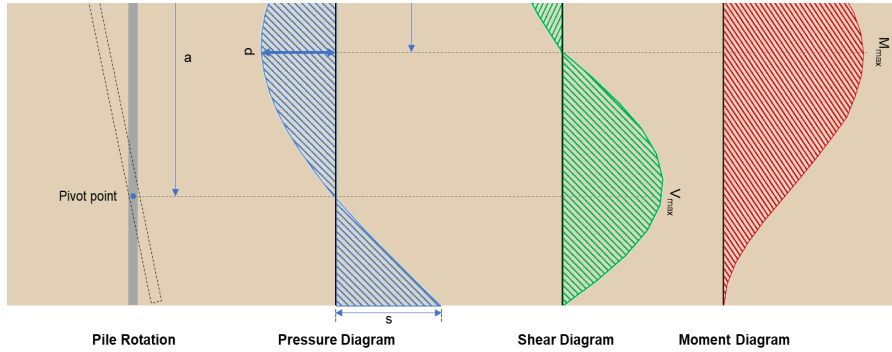
$$\text{Ratio} = 0.95509$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.690**

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.960**







### Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-5.707 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.90876 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(80.952 \text{ kipft}) + ((-5.707 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 12.89 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

$E$  - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(12.89 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.90876 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 14.185 \text{ ft}$$

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_c) + (3 H_o L_c^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_c)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (12.89 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.90876 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (12.89 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.90876 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.3391 \text{ ft}$$

$V_{max}$  - Max shear force located at depth  $a$ ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \left( \frac{4 E}{L_c} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_c} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \left( \frac{3 E}{L_c} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_c} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.90876 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \times \left( \frac{4 \times (14.185 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.3391 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \times \left( \frac{3 \times (14.185 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.3391 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 14.171 \text{ kip}$$

$M_{max}$  - Max bending moment located at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_c) \left[ \left( \frac{E}{L_c} + \frac{a}{2 L_c} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 E}{L_c} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_c} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 E}{L_c} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_c} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.90876 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})) \times \left[ \left( \frac{(14.185 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(5.3391 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.75 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 \times (14.185 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.3391 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 \times (14.185 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.3391 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 52.353 \text{ kipft}$$

### Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

#### Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi}$  - Concrete strength,  
 $f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$  - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,  
 $\phi = 0.65$  - Reduction factor for axial strength,  
 $\alpha = 0.8$  - Alpha factor for axial strength,  
 $A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$  - Gross area of concrete,

Table 22.4.2.1

#### Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load,  $A_{st,required}$

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[ \frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[ \frac{\frac{(9.387 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (3 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (3 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -101.95 \text{ in}^2$$

$A_{min}$  - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-101.95 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$$

$n_{rebar}$  - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 14$$

$A_{st}$  - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.96556$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.970**

25.2.3  $s_{rebar}$  - Minimum spacing of reinforcement,

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$$

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$$

#### Ties:

25.7.2.2 Since longitudinal reinforcement is  $\leq$  No. 10 $\emptyset$ : Use #3(0.375 in)

25.7.2.1  $s_{ties}$  - Maximum spacing of ties,

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), \text{Min} (D, b)]$$

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), \text{Min} ((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$$

#### Summary:

Main reinforcement: **14 - #5 (0.625 in)**

**Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)**22.4.2.2  $\phi P_N$  - Allowable axial compressive strength

$$\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st})]$$

$$\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times [(0.85 \times (3 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$\phi P_N = 3183.4 \text{ kip}$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(9.387 \text{ kip})}{(3183.4 \text{ kip})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.0029487$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.000****Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)****Parameters:** $b_w = 48 \text{ in}$  - Effective width,22.5.2.2  $d$  - Effective depth

$$d = 0.80 D$$

$$d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$d = 38.4 \text{ in}$$

22.5.5.1.3  $\lambda_s$  - size effect modification factor

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[ \sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[ \sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = 0.64282$$

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$ ,22.5.5.1.1  $V_{c,max}$  - Max shear strength of concrete

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,max} = 324.49 \text{ kip}$$

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$ ,  $P = 9.387 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 9387 \text{ lbf}$ ,22.5.5.1.1(a)  $V_{c,a}$  - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[ 2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + \frac{P}{6 A_g} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[ 2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} + \frac{(9387 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 131.05 \text{ kip}$$

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$ ,22.5.5.1.2  $V_{c,b}$  - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[ 2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + (0.05 f'_{ck}) \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[ 2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} + (0.05 \times (3000 \text{ psi})) \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 406.27 \text{ kip}$$

 $V_c$  - Governing shear strength of concrete

$$V_c = \text{Min}[V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min}[(324.49 \text{ kip}), (131.05 \text{ kip}), (406.27 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 131.05 \text{ kip}$$

<p>22.5.1.2</p>	<p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula <math>f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}</math>.</p> <p><math>V_{s,a}</math> - Shear strength of steel (a)</p> $V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ $V_{s,a} = 807.65 \text{ kip}$ <p><math>A_v</math> - Ties rebar area,</p> $A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$ $A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$ $A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$ <p>22.5.8.5.3 <math>V_{s,b}</math> - Shear strength of steel (b)</p> $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{ywk} d}{s_{ties}}$ $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$ $V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p><math>V_s</math> - Governing shear strength of steel</p> $V_s = \text{MIN}[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$ $V_s = \text{MIN}[(807.65 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$ $V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p>22.5.1.1 <math>\phi V_n</math> - Allowable shear strength</p> $\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$ $\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((131.05 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$ $\phi V_n = 118.26 \text{ kip}$ <p><b>Considering x-direction:</b></p> <p><math>V_{max} = 14.171 \text{ kip}</math> - Maximum shear force in the x-direction,  <b>Ratio</b> - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(14.171 \text{ kip})}{(118.26 \text{ kip})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.11983$	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b>  Ratio: <b>0.120</b></p>
<p>14.5.2.1b</p>	<p><b>Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</b></p> <p><math>S_m</math> - Section modulus</p> $S_m = \frac{b D^2}{6}$ $S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$ $S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$ <p><math>\lambda = 1</math> - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete),  Allowable flexural strength:  <math>M_n</math> shall be the lesser of:</p> <p><math>\phi M_{n,1}</math></p> $\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{(3 \text{ ksi})} \times 18432.001 \text{ in}^3$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 273.423 \text{ kipft}$ <p><math>\phi M_{n,2}</math></p> $\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_c \times S_m$	

$$\phi M_{n,z} = \phi S_x F_y$$

$$\phi M_{n,z} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (3 \text{ ksi}) \times (18432 \text{ in}^3)$$

$$\phi M_{n,z} = 2545.9 \text{ kipft}$$

Therefore,

$\phi M_n$  - Allowable flexural strength,

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$$

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(273.42 \text{ kipft}), (2545.9 \text{ kipft})]$$

$$\phi M_n = 273.42 \text{ kipft}$$

**Considering x-direction:**

$M_{max} = 52.353 \text{ kipft}$  - Maximum moment in the x-direction,

*Ratio* - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(52.353 \text{ kipft})}{(273.42 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.19147$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.190**