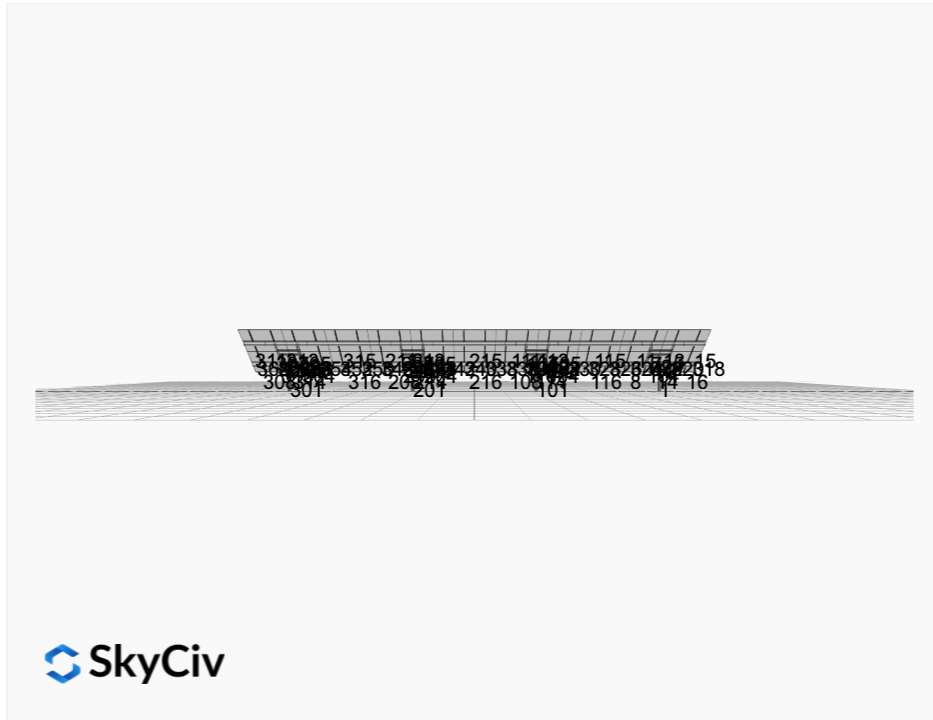


Project Details



Project Name: MTSOLAR_170F4D2B5958 **Date:** Thu Jul 10 2025
Location: 2921 County Shop Rd, Laramie, WY 82070, USA **Number of Modules:** 44
Unique ID: 4P-22.5-6TOP-HD-45-L-4Hx11W-LDJ6 **Number of Poles:** 4
Dealer: _____ **Date Sold:** _____



Array Dimensions N/S	15.05 ft
Array Dimensions E/W	83.13 ft
Winter Tilt Angle	30
Front Edge Clearance	3 ft

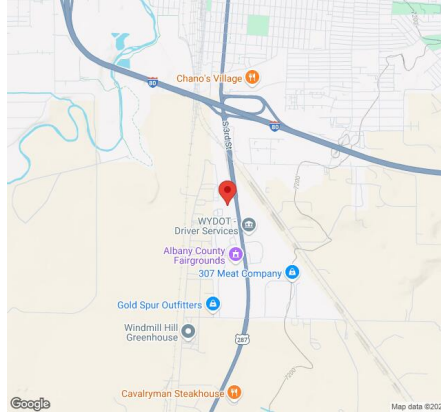
MT Solar Bill of Materials (4P-22.5-6TOP-HD-45-L-4Hx11W-LDJ6)

Part	Short Description	BOM Qty
MTS-PC-6	6IN Pole Cap Assembly	4
MTS-HF-HD	H-Frame Assembly-HD	4
MTS-HD-Wing-45	45IN HD Wing	4
MTS-HD-Splice-90	90IN HD Splice	12
MTS-CLAMP-HOOK-4PK	Hook Clamp	11

Rail Bill of Materials

Part	Qty
Rails (181in)	22
Rail Attachment	44
Module Mid Clamp	66
Module End Clamp	44
Ground Lug	11

Site Details:



Site Address: 2921 County Shop Rd, Laramie, WY 82070, USA

Array Specification

Duty Classification:	HD
Module Width:	44.65 in
Module Length:	89.69in
Number of Rows:	4
Number of Columns:	11
Total Number of Modules:	44
Winter Tilt Angle:	30
Front Edge Clearance:	3
Total Array Height at Tilt:	10.52 ft
Total Frame Length:	82.50 ft
Module Info/Notes:	
Array Dimensions N/S:	15.05 ft
Array Dimensions E/W:	83.13 ft
Rail Length:	180.60 in
Rail Spacing:	3.78 ft

Support Specifications

Pole Size:	6in Pipe Sch 40
Pole Length above Grade:	6.76 ft
Number of Poles:	4
Pole Spacing:	22.5 ft

Foundation Specifications

Foundation Type:	Round
Foundation Dimensions:	Ø36 in
Foundation Depth (below grade):	Pile 1: 7.25 ft Pile 2: 7.50 ft Pile 3: 7.50 ft Pile 4: 7.25 ft
Foundation Volume:	7.723 y ³

Site Info

Risk Category:	I
Exposure:	B
Soil Classification:	sand
Site Location:	2921 County Shop Rd, Laramie, WY 82070, USA
Wind Speed:	108 mph

Snow Load:

30 psf

Design Disclaimer

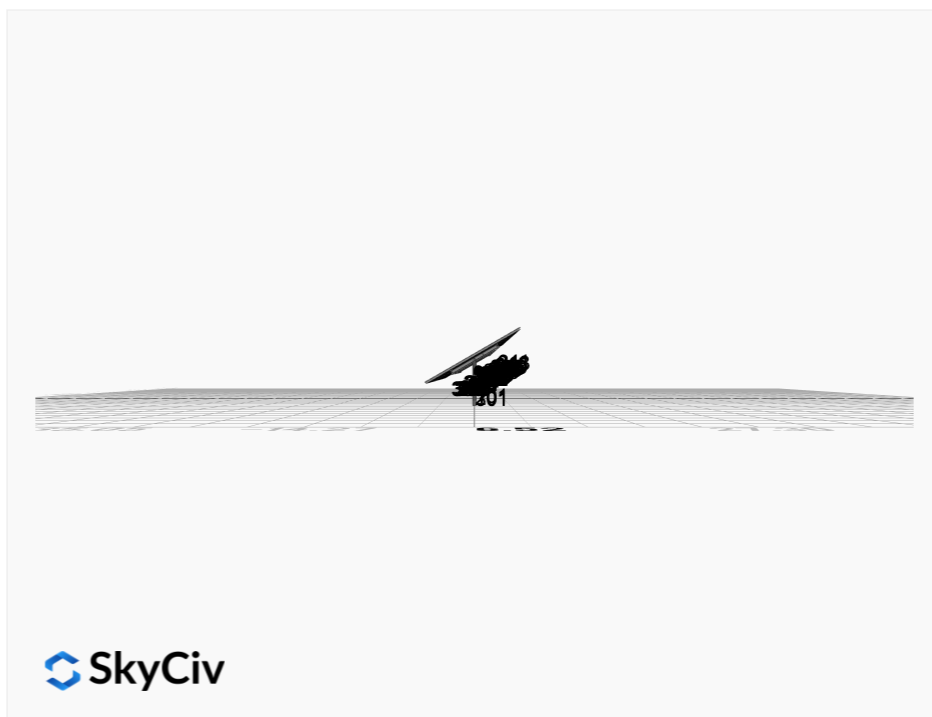
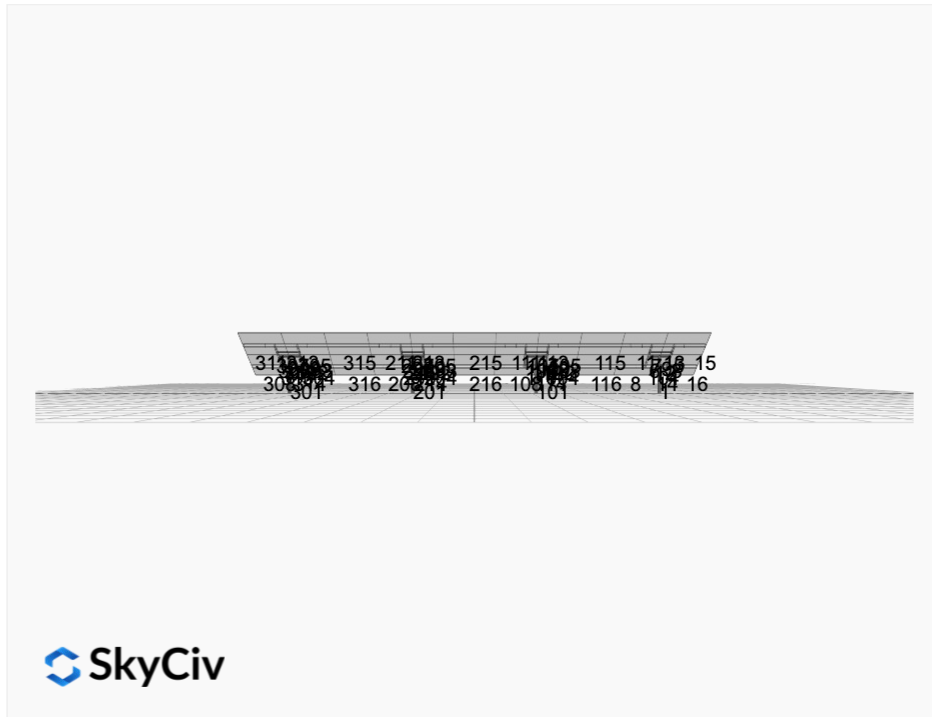
This software should be used for preliminary designs and should not be used as a final design unless reviewed, verified and designed by a qualified structural engineer.

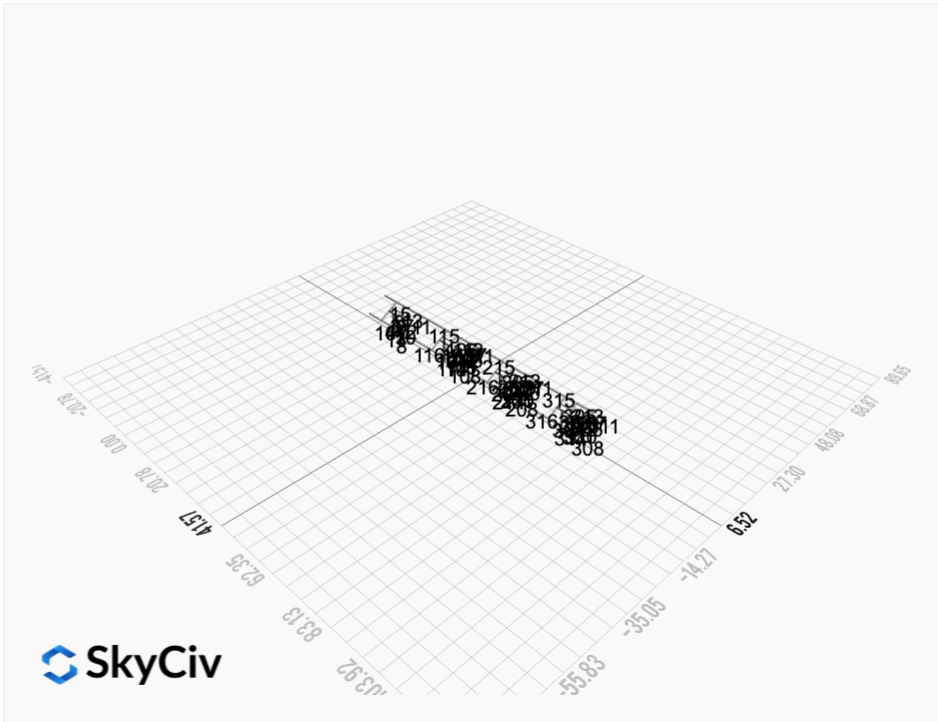
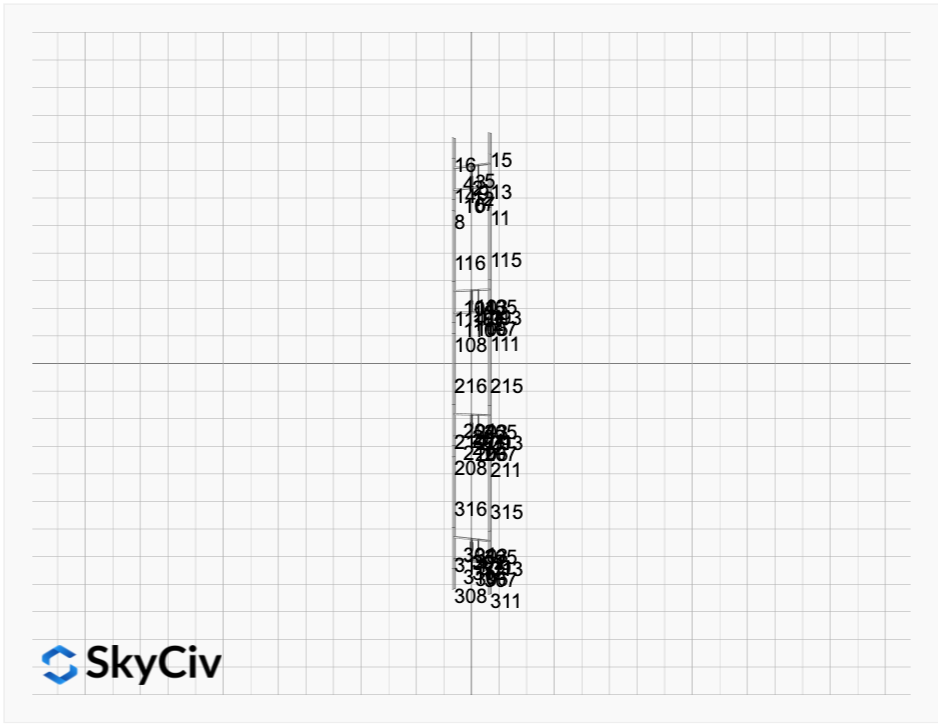
AutoDesigner Input

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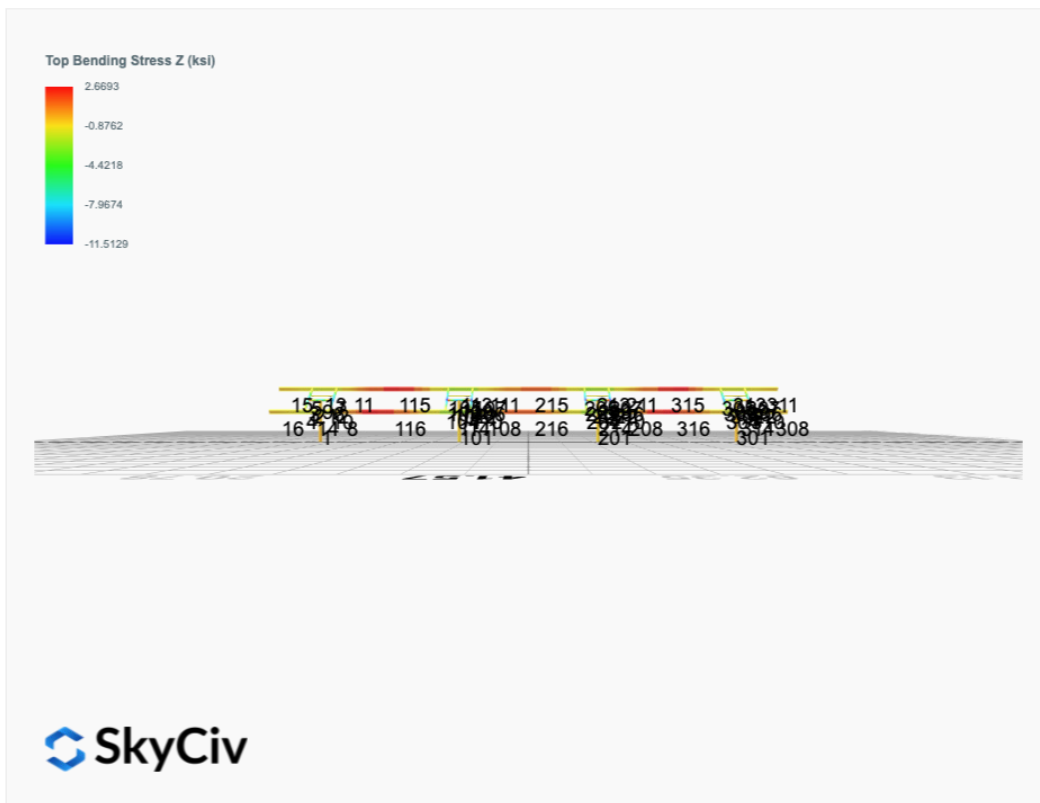
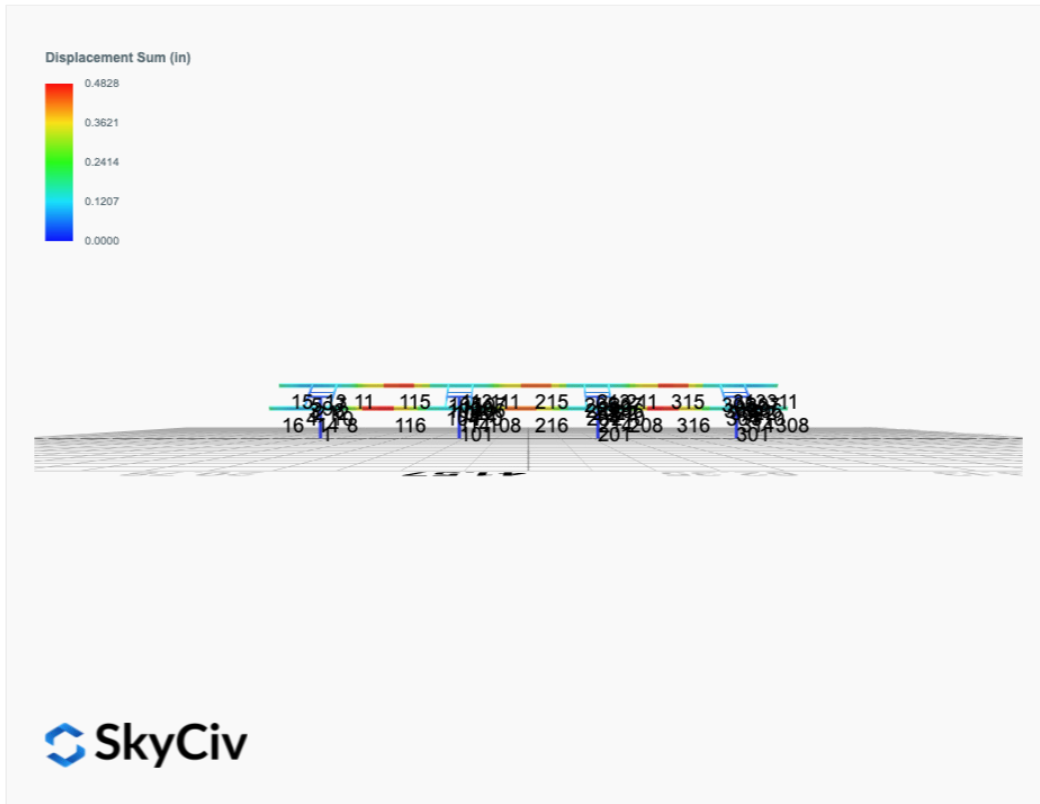
Design Notes:

- AISC Deflection checks are set to L/1 due to structure design intent
- Foundation Soil Parameters used in this Autodesign are all estimates, proper geotechnical reports are required to confirm soil profiles
- Wind speeds, snow loads and other site specific results are based on ASCE 7 2016
- Steel frame design checks are based on AISC 360 2016 (LRFD)
- Foundation Design and Sizing is approximate only

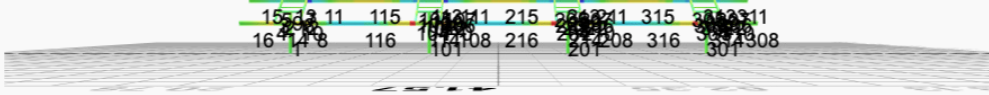
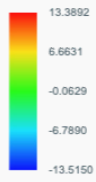




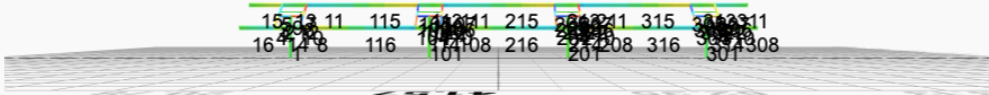
FEM Results (Envelope Worst Case for each member)



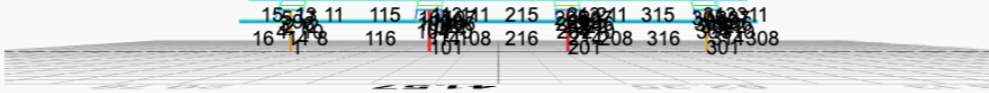
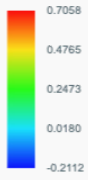
Top Bending Stress Y (ksi)



Shear Stress Y (ksi)



Axial Stress (ksi)



Reaction Forces for Foundation 1 (Node ID#1), (kip, kip-ft)

ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	0.0202	1.9696	0.0924	0.1599	-0.0595	-0.1015
ULS: 2. D + L	0.0202	1.9696	0.0924	0.1599	-0.0595	-0.1015
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0594	5.1251	0.2723	0.4721	-0.1754	-0.3398
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0202	1.9696	0.0924	0.1599	-0.0595	-0.1015
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0496	4.3363	0.2274	0.3941	-0.1465	-0.2802
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0202	1.9696	0.0924	0.1599	-0.0595	-0.1015
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	0.0202	1.9696	0.0924	0.1599	-0.0595	-0.1015
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	0.0496	4.3363	0.2274	0.3941	-0.1465	-0.2802
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	0.0121	1.1818	0.0555	0.0960	-0.0357	-0.0609
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.6546	4.8544	0.3000	0.4947	-0.3509	11.4637
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.6546	4.8544	0.3000	0.4947	-0.3509	11.4637
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	1.4553	-0.5028	-0.0833	-0.1232	0.1876	-9.7704
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	1.2257	-0.0956	-0.0705	-0.1021	0.1742	-14.2419
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.2066	6.4999	0.3830	0.6451	-0.3650	8.3937
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.2066	6.4999	0.3830	0.6451	-0.3650	8.3937
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.1259	2.4819	0.0956	0.1817	0.0389	-7.5319
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.9537	2.7874	0.1052	0.1976	0.0288	-10.8855
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.2359	4.1332	0.2481	0.4110	-0.2780	8.5724
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.2359	4.1332	0.2481	0.4110	-0.2780	8.5724
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.0965	0.1153	-0.0393	-0.0524	0.1258	-7.3532
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.9244	0.4207	-0.0298	-0.0366	0.1157	-10.7068
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.6627	4.0666	0.2630	0.4307	-0.3271	11.5043
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.6627	4.0666	0.2630	0.4307	-0.3271	11.5043
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	1.4473	-1.2906	-0.1202	-0.1872	0.2114	-9.7298
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	1.2177	-0.8834	-0.1074	-0.1660	0.1980	-14.2013

Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.

Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	9.8163
Shear X	-2.7914
Shear Z	0.5757
Moment X	0.9805
Moment Y (Twist)	0.6172
Moment Z	24.1320

Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.

Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	6.4999
Shear X	-1.6627
Shear Z	0.3830
Moment X	0.6451
Moment Y (Twist)	0.3650
Moment Z	14.2419

Reaction Forces for Foundation 2 (Node ID#101), (kip, kip-ft)

ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	-0.0202	2.3741	-0.0143	-0.0256	0.0143	0.1563
ULS: 2. D + L	-0.0202	2.3741	-0.0143	-0.0256	0.0143	0.1563
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	-0.0594	6.3132	-0.0421	-0.0752	0.0421	0.4242
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	-0.0202	2.3741	-0.0143	-0.0256	0.0143	0.1563
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	-0.0496	5.3285	-0.0352	-0.0628	0.0352	0.3572

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	-0.0202	2.3741	-0.0143	-0.0256	0.0143	0.1563
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	-0.0202	2.3741	-0.0143	-0.0256	0.0143	0.1563
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	-0.0496	5.3285	-0.0352	-0.0628	0.0352	0.3572
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	-0.0121	1.4245	-0.0086	-0.0153	0.0086	0.0938
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.1145	6.0176	-0.0375	-0.0689	0.0360	14.4640
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-2.1145	6.0176	-0.0375	-0.0689	0.0360	14.4640
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	1.7753	-0.7491	0.0061	0.0122	-0.0054	-11.7492
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	1.4665	-0.2237	-0.0067	-0.0089	0.0156	-16.9904
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.6203	8.0611	-0.0526	-0.0953	0.0515	11.0880
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.6203	8.0611	-0.0526	-0.0953	0.0515	11.0880
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.2971	2.9860	-0.0199	-0.0344	0.0204	-8.5719
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	1.0654	3.3801	-0.0295	-0.0503	0.0361	-12.5028
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.5909	5.1067	-0.0317	-0.0581	0.0306	10.8870
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.5909	5.1067	-0.0317	-0.0581	0.0306	10.8870
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.3265	0.0317	0.0010	0.0028	-0.0004	-8.7728
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	1.0948	0.4257	-0.0086	-0.0131	0.0153	-12.7038
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.1064	5.0679	-0.0318	-0.0587	0.0303	14.4015
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-2.1064	5.0679	-0.0318	-0.0587	0.0303	14.4015
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	1.7834	-1.6988	0.0118	0.0225	-0.0111	-11.8117
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	1.4746	-1.1734	-0.0010	0.0013	0.0099	-17.0529

Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	12.1878
Shear X	-3.5339
Shear Z	-0.0808
Moment X	-0.1459
Moment Y (Twist)	0.0788
Moment Z	28.7185

Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	8.0611
Shear X	-2.1145
Shear Z	-0.0526
Moment X	-0.0953
Moment Y (Twist)	0.0515
Moment Z	17.0529

Reaction Forces for Foundation 3 (Node ID#201), (kip, kip-ft)

ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	-0.0202	2.3741	0.0142	0.0238	-0.0145	0.1563
ULS: 2. D + L	-0.0202	2.3741	0.0142	0.0238	-0.0145	0.1563
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	-0.0594	6.3133	0.0417	0.0700	-0.0425	0.4242
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	-0.0202	2.3741	0.0142	0.0238	-0.0145	0.1563
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	-0.0496	5.3285	0.0348	0.0584	-0.0355	0.3572
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	-0.0202	2.3741	0.0142	0.0238	-0.0145	0.1563
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	-0.0202	2.3741	0.0142	0.0238	-0.0145	0.1563
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	-0.0496	5.3285	0.0348	0.0584	-0.0355	0.3572
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	-0.0121	1.4245	0.0085	0.0143	-0.0087	0.0938
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.1145	6.0176	0.0371	0.0635	-0.0376	14.4640
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-2.1145	6.0176	0.0371	0.0635	-0.0376	14.4640
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	1.7753	-0.7491	-0.0059	-0.0109	0.0065	-11.7492
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	1.4665	-0.2238	0.0068	0.0097	-0.0145	-16.9907

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.6203	8.0611	0.0520	0.0882	-0.0529	11.0880
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.6203	8.0611	0.0520	0.0882	-0.0529	11.0880
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.2971	2.9860	0.0197	0.0324	-0.0198	-8.5719
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	1.0654	3.3801	0.0293	0.0479	-0.0355	-12.5030
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.5909	5.1067	0.0313	0.0535	-0.0318	10.8871
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.5909	5.1067	0.0313	0.0535	-0.0318	10.8871
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.3265	0.0317	-0.0009	-0.0022	0.0012	-8.7729
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	1.0948	0.4257	0.0087	0.0132	-0.0145	-12.7040
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.1064	5.0680	0.0314	0.0539	-0.0318	14.4015
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-2.1064	5.0680	0.0314	0.0539	-0.0318	14.4015
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	1.7834	-1.6988	-0.0116	-0.0205	0.0122	-11.8117
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	1.4746	-1.1734	0.0012	0.0002	-0.0087	-17.0533

Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	12.1879
Shear X	-3.5340
Shear Z	0.0799
Moment X	0.1351
Moment Y (Twist)	0.0804
Moment Z	28.7190

Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	8.0611
Shear X	-2.1145
Shear Z	0.0520
Moment X	0.0882
Moment Y (Twist)	0.0529
Moment Z	17.0533

Reaction Forces for Foundation 4 (Node ID#301), (kip, kip-ft)

ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	0.0202	1.9696	-0.0923	-0.1613	0.0590	-0.1017
ULS: 2. D + L	0.0202	1.9696	-0.0923	-0.1613	0.0590	-0.1017
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0594	5.1249	-0.2719	-0.4760	0.1737	-0.3402
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0202	1.9696	-0.0923	-0.1613	0.0590	-0.1017
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0496	4.3360	-0.2270	-0.3973	0.1450	-0.2806
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0202	1.9696	-0.0923	-0.1613	0.0590	-0.1017
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	0.0202	1.9696	-0.0923	-0.1613	0.0590	-0.1017
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	0.0496	4.3360	-0.2270	-0.3973	0.1450	-0.2806
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	0.0121	1.1817	-0.0554	-0.0968	0.0354	-0.0610
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.6545	4.8541	-0.2995	-0.4985	0.3481	11.4628
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.6545	4.8541	-0.2995	-0.4985	0.3481	11.4628
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	1.4553	-0.5027	0.0831	0.1240	-0.1863	-9.7699
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	1.2257	-0.0955	0.0704	0.1025	-0.1732	-14.2425
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.2064	6.4995	-0.3824	-0.6503	0.3619	8.3928
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.2064	6.4995	-0.3824	-0.6503	0.3619	8.3928
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.1259	2.4818	-0.0955	-0.1834	-0.0389	-7.5318
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.9537	2.7872	-0.1050	-0.1995	-0.0291	-10.8862
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.2358	4.1330	-0.2477	-0.4142	0.2758	8.5717
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.2358	4.1330	-0.2477	-0.4142	0.2758	8.5717
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.0965	0.1154	0.0393	0.0527	-0.1250	-7.3529
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.9243	0.4208	0.0297	0.0366	-0.1152	-10.7073

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.6626	4.0663	-0.2626	-0.4340	0.3246	11.5035
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.6626	4.0663	-0.2626	-0.4340	0.3246	11.5035
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	1.4472	-1.2905	0.1200	0.1885	-0.2099	-9.7293
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	1.2176	-0.8833	0.1073	0.1670	-0.1968	-14.2018

Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.
 Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	9.8158
Shear X	-2.7912
Shear Z	-0.5748
Moment X	-0.9883
Moment Y (Twist)	0.6124
Moment Z	24.1336

Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.
 Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	6.4995
Shear X	-1.6626
Shear Z	-0.3824
Moment X	-0.6503
Moment Y (Twist)	0.3619
Moment Z	14.2425

Project Details

Design Code: AISC 360-16 LRFD
 Provision: LRFD
 Country: United States
 User Name: sales@mtsolar.us
 Project Name: MTSOLAR_170F4D2B5958
 Unit System: imperial



Design Input Information

Design Factors			
Φ_t	Φ_c	Φ_b	Φ_v
0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9

Design Materials			
ID	E (ksi)	F_y (ksi)	F_u (ksi)
1	29000	50	65

Section Dimensions

ID	Name	d (in)	t_w (in)					
2	2in Pipe Sch 80	2.38	0.22					
5	4in Pipe Sch 80	4.50	0.34					
7	6in Pipe Sch 40	6.63	0.28					

ID	Name	d (in)	b (in)	t_w (in)	t_b (in)	r (in)		
16	HSS5x3x3/16	5.00	3.00	0.17	0.17	0.17		

ID	Name	d (in)	t_w (in)	b_t (in)	b_b (in)	t_t (in)	t_b (in)	r (in)
19	W8x10	7.89	0.17	3.94	3.94	0.20	0.20	0.30

Section Properties								
ID	Name	A (in ²)	J (in ⁴)	I_{y0} (in ⁴)	I_{z0} (in ⁴)	I_w (in ⁶)	S_{y0} (in ³)	S_{z0} (in ³)

113	19	4.88	4.00	7.50	1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.05,1.11,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.07,1.04,1.04,1.03,1.03,1.04,1.04,1.0	300	200	1
114	19	4.88	4.00	7.50	1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.21,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.06,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.0	300	200	1
115	19	12.95	12.95	12.95	1.17,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.16,1.16,1.13,1.13,1.16,1.16,1.14,1.13,1.16,1.16,1.18,1.21,1.16,1.16,1.1	300	200	1
116	19	12.95	12.95	12.95	1.17,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.14,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.16,1.18,1.18,1.1	300	200	1
201	7	14.20	14.20	6.76	-	300	200	1
202	5	1.30	1.30	2.00	-	300	200	1
203	16	0.92	0.92	1.42	1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.1	300	200	1
204	16	2.44	2.44	3.75	1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.65,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.74,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.6	300	200	1
205	16	1.52	1.52	2.33	1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.65,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.6	300	200	1
206	16	0.92	0.92	1.42	1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.1	300	200	1
207	16	1.52	1.52	2.33	1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.65,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.6	300	200	1
208	19	1.33	1.33	2.05	2.30,2.30,2.30,2.30,2.30,2.30,2.29,2.29,2.26,2.09,2.28,2.28,2.27,1.18,2.29,2.29,2.31,2.33,2.29,2.29,2.2	300	200	1
209	2	2.60	2.60	4.00	-	300	200	1
210	16	2.44	2.44	3.75	1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.65,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.76,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.6	300	200	1
211	19	1.33	1.33	2.05	2.32,2.32,2.32,2.32,2.32,2.32,2.31,2.31,2.09,2.08,2.26,2.26,2.14,2.11,2.34,2.34,2.28,2.21,2.33,2.33,2.0	300	200	1
212	5	4.20	4.20	2.00	-	300	200	1
213	19	4.88	4.00	7.50	1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.05,1.11,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.07,1.04,1.04,1.03,1.03,1.04,1.04,1.0	300	200	1
214	19	4.88	4.00	7.50	1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.21,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.06,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.04,1.03,1.03,1.0	300	200	1
215	19	12.95	12.95	12.95	1.17,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.15,1.14,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.15,1.17,1.17,1.18,1.20,1.17,1.17,1.1	300	200	1
216	19	12.95	12.95	12.95	1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.15,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.09,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.1	300	200	1
301	7	14.20	14.20	6.76	-	300	200	1
302	5	1.30	1.30	2.00	-	300	200	1
303	16	0.92	0.92	1.42	1.19,1.19,1.19,1.18,1.19,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.1	300	200	1
304	16	2.44	2.44	3.75	1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.65,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.75,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.6	300	200	1
305	16	1.52	1.52	2.33	1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.65,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.6	300	200	1
306	16	0.92	0.92	1.42	1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.16,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.1	300	200	1
307	16	1.52	1.52	2.33	1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.65,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.6	300	200	1
308	19	7.88	7.88	3.75	2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.3	300	200	1
309	2	2.60	2.60	4.00	-	300	200	1
310	16	2.44	2.44	3.75	1.69,1.68,1.69,1.67,1.68,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.64,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.65,1.73,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.6	300	200	1
311	19	7.88	7.88	3.75	2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.3	300	200	1
312	5	4.20	4.20	2.00	-	300	200	1
313	19	4.88	4.00	7.50	1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.09,1.16,1.10,1.10,1.09,1.11,1.10,1.10,1.11,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.0	300	200	1
314	19	4.88	4.00	7.50	1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.11,1.29,1.11,1.11,1.11,2.33,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.11,1.10,1.10,1.1	300	200	1

212	198.33	182.14	21.95	21.95	59.50	59.50
213	133.20	85.85	23.49	6.12	40.24	43.62
214	133.20	85.85	23.06	6.12	40.24	43.62
215	133.20	19.55	12.37	6.12	40.24	43.62
216	133.20	19.55	11.86	6.12	40.24	43.62
301	251.16	164.84	42.30	42.30	75.35	75.35
302	198.33	196.72	21.95	21.95	59.50	59.50
303	116.10	115.41	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
304	116.10	111.33	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
305	116.10	114.23	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
306	116.10	115.41	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
307	116.10	114.23	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
308	133.20	52.83	32.87	6.12	40.24	43.62
309	66.48	58.89	3.82	3.82	19.94	19.94
310	116.10	111.33	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
311	133.20	52.83	32.87	6.12	40.24	43.62
312	198.33	182.14	21.95	21.95	59.50	59.50
313	133.20	85.85	24.79	6.12	40.24	43.62
314	133.20	85.85	25.18	6.12	40.24	43.62
315	133.20	19.55	12.15	6.12	40.24	43.62
316	133.20	19.55	12.22	6.12	40.24	43.62

Design Ratio

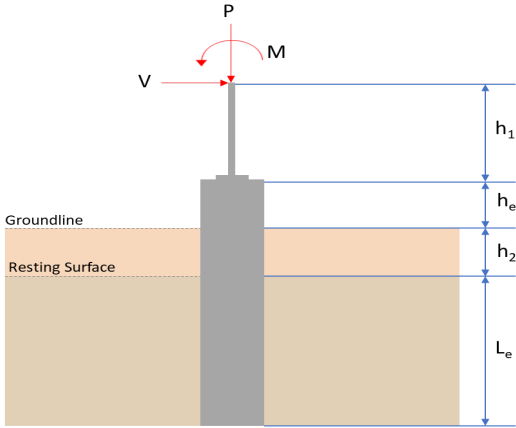
Member ID	P	M _z	M _y	V _y	V _z	(P,M _z ,M _y)	Worst LC	KL/r	δ	Status
1	0.060	0.571	0.069	0.037	0.008	0.574	#16	0.379	Not Required	Pass
2	0.004	0.299	0.119	0.069	0.022	0.391	#13	0.114	Not Required	Pass
3	0.007	0.469	0.034	0.046	0.010	0.474	#21	0.045	Not Required	Pass
4	0.005	0.468	0.119	0.047	0.027	0.565	#21	0.080	Not Required	Pass
5	0.006	0.291	0.098	0.047	0.025	0.313	#21	0.074	Not Required	Pass
6	0.009	0.596	0.089	0.061	0.018	0.689	#21	0.045	Not Required	Pass
7	0.010	0.370	0.197	0.059	0.051	0.426	#21	0.074	Not Required	Pass
8	0.002	0.087	0.203	0.041	0.017	0.210	#24	0.095	Not Required	Pass
9	0.013	0.056	0.080	0.002	0.004	0.133	#21	0.204	Not Required	Pass
10	0.011	0.583	0.175	0.059	0.036	0.672	#21	0.080	Not Required	Pass
11	0.005	0.083	0.210	0.042	0.017	0.216	#24	0.095	Not Required	Pass
12	0.002	0.432	0.147	0.093	0.025	0.545	#13	0.053	Not Required	Pass
13	0.008	0.169	0.441	0.053	0.020	0.578	#21	0.286	Not Required	Pass
14	0.007	0.166	0.432	0.052	0.020	0.551	#21	0.190	Not Required	Pass
15	0.000	0.052	0.110	0.023	0.008	0.161	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
16	0.000	0.052	0.110	0.023	0.008	0.161	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
101	0.074	0.679	0.009	0.047	0.001	0.682	#32	0.379	Not Required	Pass
102	0.004	0.470	0.174	0.102	0.030	0.605	#13	0.114	Not Required	Pass
103	0.009	0.675	0.050	0.068	0.001	0.730	#21	0.045	Not Required	Pass
104	0.010	0.678	0.181	0.068	0.037	0.793	#21	0.080	Not Required	Pass
105	0.010	0.419	0.196	0.067	0.050	0.474	#21	0.074	Not Required	Pass
106	0.010	0.662	0.046	0.066	0.002	0.710	#21	0.045	Not Required	Pass
107	0.010	0.411	0.191	0.066	0.049	0.463	#21	0.074	Not Required	Pass
108	0.003	0.073	0.199	0.045	0.016	0.273	#21	0.095	Not Required	Pass
109	0.019	0.063	0.050	0.001	0.000	0.122	#21	0.204	Not Required	Pass
110	0.000	0.657	0.188	0.066	0.020	0.791	#21	0.080	Not Required	Pass

110	0.009	0.057	0.160	0.000	0.039	0.701	#21	0.000	Not Required	Pass
111	0.005	0.068	0.205	0.045	0.016	0.275	#21	0.095	Not Required	Pass
112	0.005	0.452	0.171	0.100	0.030	0.587	#13	0.035	Not Required	Pass
113	0.008	0.259	0.441	0.058	0.020	0.682	#21	0.286	Not Required	Pass
114	0.009	0.273	0.436	0.059	0.020	0.687	#21	0.286	Not Required	Pass
115	0.033	0.447	0.230	0.048	0.016	0.686	#21	0.925	Not Required	Pass
116	0.011	0.443	0.229	0.049	0.017	0.667	#21	0.925	Not Required	Pass
201	0.074	0.679	0.010	0.047	0.001	0.682	#32	0.379	Not Required	Pass
202	0.005	0.451	0.171	0.100	0.030	0.586	#13	0.035	Not Required	Pass
203	0.010	0.662	0.046	0.066	0.002	0.710	#21	0.045	Not Required	Pass
204	0.009	0.657	0.186	0.066	0.039	0.781	#21	0.080	Not Required	Pass
205	0.010	0.411	0.191	0.066	0.049	0.464	#21	0.074	Not Required	Pass
206	0.010	0.675	0.050	0.068	0.001	0.730	#21	0.045	Not Required	Pass
207	0.010	0.419	0.196	0.067	0.050	0.474	#21	0.074	Not Required	Pass
208	0.002	0.066	0.206	0.049	0.017	0.272	#21	0.095	Not Required	Pass
209	0.019	0.063	0.050	0.001	0.000	0.122	#21	0.204	Not Required	Pass
210	0.010	0.678	0.181	0.068	0.037	0.793	#21	0.080	Not Required	Pass
211	0.005	0.058	0.210	0.048	0.016	0.271	#21	0.095	Not Required	Pass
212	0.004	0.470	0.174	0.102	0.030	0.605	#13	0.114	Not Required	Pass
213	0.008	0.259	0.441	0.058	0.020	0.682	#21	0.286	Not Required	Pass
214	0.009	0.273	0.436	0.059	0.020	0.687	#21	0.286	Not Required	Pass
215	0.031	0.345	0.227	0.045	0.016	0.588	#21	0.925	Not Required	Pass
216	0.010	0.329	0.225	0.045	0.016	0.555	#21	0.925	Not Required	Pass
301	0.060	0.571	0.068	0.037	0.008	0.574	#16	0.379	Not Required	Pass
302	0.002	0.431	0.147	0.093	0.025	0.544	#13	0.053	Not Required	Pass
303	0.009	0.596	0.089	0.061	0.018	0.689	#21	0.045	Not Required	Pass
304	0.011	0.583	0.175	0.059	0.036	0.672	#21	0.080	Not Required	Pass
305	0.010	0.370	0.197	0.059	0.051	0.426	#21	0.074	Not Required	Pass
306	0.007	0.470	0.034	0.046	0.010	0.474	#21	0.045	Not Required	Pass
307	0.006	0.291	0.098	0.047	0.025	0.313	#21	0.074	Not Required	Pass
308	0.000	0.052	0.110	0.023	0.008	0.161	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
309	0.013	0.056	0.080	0.002	0.004	0.133	#21	0.204	Not Required	Pass
310	0.005	0.468	0.119	0.047	0.027	0.565	#21	0.080	Not Required	Pass
311	0.000	0.052	0.110	0.023	0.008	0.161	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
312	0.004	0.300	0.119	0.069	0.022	0.391	#13	0.114	Not Required	Pass
313	0.008	0.168	0.441	0.053	0.020	0.578	#21	0.190	Not Required	Pass
314	0.007	0.166	0.432	0.052	0.020	0.550	#21	0.286	Not Required	Pass
315	0.033	0.461	0.230	0.042	0.016	0.700	#21	0.925	Not Required	Pass
316	0.011	0.462	0.229	0.041	0.016	0.687	#21	0.925	Not Required	Pass

Definitions

Φ_t	Safety factor for tensile
Φ_c	Safety factor for compression
Φ_b	Safety factor for flexure
Φ_v	Safety factor for shear
E	Modulus of elasticity
F_y	Specified minimum yield stress
F_u	Specified minimum tensile strength
A	Cross-sectional area
J	Torsional constant
I_{yp}	Moment of inertia about the Y axes
I_{zp}	Moment of inertia about the Z axes
I_w	Warping constant
S_{yp}	Plastic section modulus about the Y axis

S_{zp}	Plastic section modulus about the Z axis
KL	Effective length
C_b	Buckling modification factor (from all load combinations)
L_b	Length between braced points
LST	Limited slenderness for tension
LSC	Limited slenderness for compression
LD	Limited deflection
P_n	Nominal axial strength (tension/compression)
M_n	Nominal flexural strength (about Z/Y axis)
V_n	Nominal shear strength (along Z/Y axis)
P	Design ratio in case of axial force
M_z	Design ratio in case of bending about Z axis
M_y	Design ratio in case of bending about Y axis
V_y	Design ratio in case of shear along Y axis
V_z	Design ratio in case of shear along Z axis
(P, M_z, M_y)	Design ratio in case of axial force and bending action
KL/r	Design ratio in case of section slenderness
δ	Design ratio in case of member deflection
OK	Capacity is provided
NG	Capacity is not provided

REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS																										
	<p>SkyCiv Foundation Design Pile Foundation</p> <p>Design Information : Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code) Unit System : Imperial</p>																											
	<p>Pile Input</p>  <p>Geometry</p> <p>Pile shape: round $D = 36$ in - Pile diameter $L = 7.25$ ft - Total pile length $h_1 = 0$ ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile, $h_2 = 0$ ft - Depth to resisting surface $h_e = 0$ ft - Length of pile above the ground</p> <p>Tabulation of Soil Parameters</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="368 1061 1227 1162"> <thead> <tr> <th>Layer</th> <th>Label</th> <th>Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf)</th> <th>Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel</td> <td>2000.000</td> <td>150.000</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Tabulation of Loads</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="655 1267 940 1456"> <thead> <tr> <th>Load Component</th> <th>ASD</th> <th>LRFD</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>P (kip)</td> <td>6.500</td> <td>9.816</td> </tr> <tr> <td>V_x (kip)</td> <td>-1.663</td> <td>-2.791</td> </tr> <tr> <td>V_z (kip)</td> <td>0.383</td> <td>0.576</td> </tr> <tr> <td>M_x (kipft)</td> <td>0.645</td> <td>0.980</td> </tr> <tr> <td>M_z (kipft)</td> <td>14.242</td> <td>24.132</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Material Properties</p> <p>$f'_{ck} = 2.5$ ksi - Concrete strength,</p>	Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)	1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000	Load Component	ASD	LRFD	P (kip)	6.500	9.816	V_x (kip)	-1.663	-2.791	V_z (kip)	0.383	0.576	M_x (kipft)	0.645	0.980	M_z (kipft)	14.242	24.132	
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M_z (kipft)	14.242	24.132																										
	<p>Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD)</p> <p>H - Point of application of the lateral load</p> $H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$ $H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$ $H = 0 \text{ ft}$ <p>Considering x-direction:</p> <p>H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,</p> $H_o = \frac{V_x}{D}$ $H_o = \frac{(-1.663 \text{ kip})}{(36 \text{ in})}$ $H_o = -0.55433 \text{ kip/ft}$ <p>M_o - Moment per length of pile,</p>																											

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(14.242 \text{ kipft}) + ((-1.663 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 4.7473 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,x} = 6.4 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in x-direction,

Considering z-direction:

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(0.383 \text{ kip})}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = 0.12767 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.645 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.383 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.215 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_z^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,z} = 4.2829 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in z-direction,

Minimum embedded depth required:

$L_{e,req}$ - Depth of pile required,

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$$

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(6.4 \text{ ft}), (4.2829 \text{ ft})]$$

$$L_{e,req} = 6.4 \text{ ft}$$

L_e - Actual embedded length of pile,

$$L_e = L - h_e - h_2$$

$$L_e = (7.25 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$L_e = 7.25 \text{ ft}$$

Ratio - Embedded depth

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(6.4 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.88276$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.880**

End-bearing Capacity (ASD)

A - Pile cross-section area

$$A = \pi \left(\frac{D}{2}\right)^2$$

$$A = \pi \times \left(\frac{(36 \text{ in})}{2}\right)^2$$

$$A = 7.0686 \text{ ft}^2$$

q - End-bearing pressure

$$q = \frac{P_v}{A}$$

$$q = \frac{(6.5 \text{ kip})}{(7.0686 \text{ ft}^2)}$$

$$q = 0.91956 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check bearing capacity ratio:

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.91956 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.45978$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.460**

Czerniak

Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):

L/D - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,

$$L/D = \frac{L}{D}$$

$$L/D = \frac{(7.25 \text{ ft})}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$L/D = 2.4167$$

Since $L/D \leq 10$,

Pile is short.

Considering x-direction:

$H_o = -0.55433 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 4.7473 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (4.7473 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.55433 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (4.7473 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.55433 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.0513 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{1.178 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{1.178 \times [(4 \times (4.7473 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.55433 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(7.25 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (4.7473 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.55433 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.17361 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{9.425 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{9.425 \times [(2 \times (4.7473 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.55433 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))]}{(7.25 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.98186 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(5.0513 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.37885 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.17361 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.37885 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.45826$$

p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 1.0875 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.98186 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.0875 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.90286$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.460**

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.900**

Considering z-direction:

$H_o = 0.12767 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 0.215 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.215 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.12767 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.215 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.12767 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.2814 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{1.178 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{1.178 \times [(4 \times (0.215 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (0.12767 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(7.25 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (0.215 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (0.12767 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.11875 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{9.425 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{9.425 \times [(2 \times (0.215 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((0.12767 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))]}{(7.25 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.24307 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(5.2814 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.3961 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.11875 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.3961 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

(0.0001 kip/ft)

$$Ratio = 0.2998$$

p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 1.0875 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

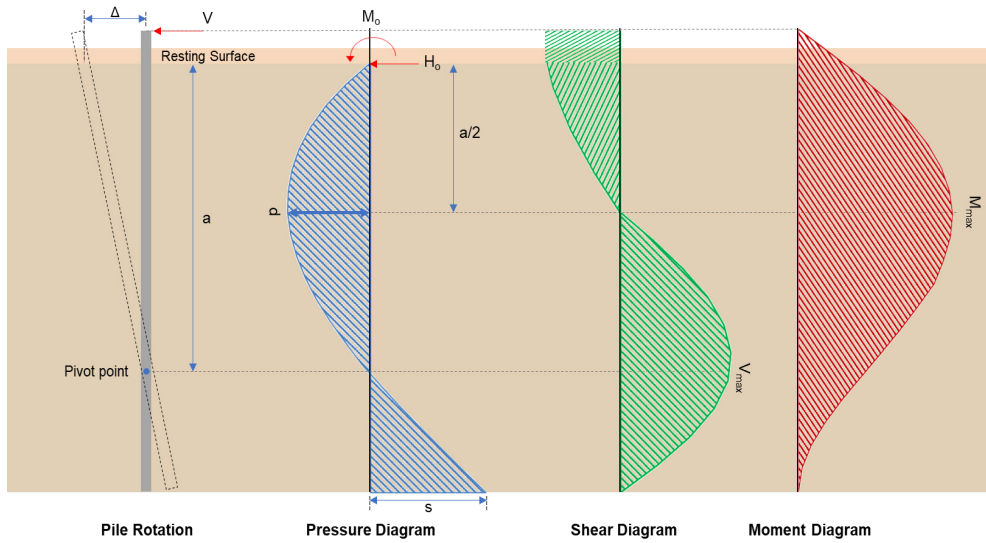
$$Ratio = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.24307 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.0875 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.22351$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.300**

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.220**



Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-2.791 \text{ kip})}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.93033 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(24.132 \text{ kipft}) + ((-2.791 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 8.044 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(8.044 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.93033 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 8.6464 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (8.044 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.93033 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (8.044 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.93033 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.05 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.93033 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (36 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (8.6464 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.05 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (8.6464 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.05 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 7.7311 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.93033 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(8.6464 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(5.05 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.25 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (8.6464 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.05 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (8.6464 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.05 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 26.198 \text{ kipft}$$

Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(0.576 \text{ kip})}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = 0.192 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.98 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.576 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.32667 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.32667 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(0.192 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 1.7014 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.32667 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.192 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.32667 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.192 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.2802 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$\left[\frac{L_e}{L_e} \quad / \quad \frac{L_e}{L_e} \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((0.192 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (36 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (1.7014 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.2802 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] \right. \\ \left. + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (1.7014 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.2802 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.62737 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o b L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) \right. \\ \left. - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((0.192 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(1.7014 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(5.2802 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.25 \text{ ft})} \right) \right. \\ \left. - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (1.7014 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.2802 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (1.7014 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.2802 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 1.905 \text{ kipft}$$

Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$ - Concrete strength,

$f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$ - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,

$\phi = 0.65$ - Reduction factor for axial strength,

Table 22.4.2.1

$\alpha = 0.85$ - Alpha factor for axial strength,

$A_g = 1017.9 \text{ in}^2$ - Gross area of concrete,

Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load, $A_{st,required}$

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{(9.816 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.85)} - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (1017.9 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (1017.9 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -37.066 \text{ in}^2$$

A_{min} - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-37.066 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (1017.9 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 1.8322 \text{ in}^2$$

n_{rebar} - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(1.8322 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 6$$

A_{st} - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (6) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 1.8408 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$= \frac{(1.8322 \text{ in}^2)}{(1.8408 \text{ in}^2)}$$

<p>25.2.3</p> <p>25.7.2.2</p> <p>25.7.2.1</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = \frac{\lambda}{(1.8408 \text{ in}^2)}$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = 0.99533$</p> <p>$s_{rebar} = Max [1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$</p> <p>$s_{rebar} = Max [1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$</p> <p>Ties:</p> <p>Since longitudinal reinforcement is \leq No. 10\emptyset: Use #3(0.375 in)</p> <p>$s_{ties} = Max [16 d_{bar}, (48 d_{ties}), D]$</p> <p>$s_{ties} = Min [(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), (36 \text{ in})]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$</p> <p>Summary:</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Main reinforcement: 6 - #5 (0.625 in) Ties: #3(0.375 in) - 10 in</p>	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 1.000</p>
<p>22.4.2.2</p>	<p>Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p>ϕP_N - Allowable axial compressive strength</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\phi P_N = \phi 0.85 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st})]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times [(0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times [(1017.9 \text{ in}^2) - (1.8408 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (1.8408 \text{ in}^2))]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\phi P_N = 1253.9 \text{ kip}$</p> <p><i>Ratio - Capacity</i></p> <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = \frac{(9.816 \text{ kip})}{(1253.9 \text{ kip})}$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = 0.0078283$</p>	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.010</p>
<p>22.5.2.2</p> <p>22.5.5.1.3</p> <p>22.5.5.1.1</p>	<p>Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p>Parameters:</p> <p>$b_w = 36 \text{ in}$ - Effective width, d - Effective depth</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$d = 0.80 D$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$d = 0.80 \times (36 \text{ in})$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$d = 28.8 \text{ in}$</p> <p>λ_s - size effect modification factor</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\lambda_s = MIN \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\lambda_s = MIN \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(28.8 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\lambda_s = 0.71796$</p> <p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$.</p> <p>$V_{c,max}$ - Max shear strength of concrete</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.71796) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})$</p>	

$$V_{c,max} = 186.09 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.1(a) The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $P = 9.816 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 9816 \text{ lbf}$,
 $V_{c,a}$ - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + \frac{P}{6 A_g} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \times (0.71796) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + \frac{(9816 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (1017.9 \text{ in}^2)} \right] \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 76.104 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{c,b}$ - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + (0.05 f'_{ck}) \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \times (0.71796) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi})) \right] \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 204.04 \text{ kip}$$

V_c - Governing shear strength of concrete

$$V_c = \text{Min}[V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min}[(186.09 \text{ kip}), (76.104 \text{ kip}), (204.04 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 76.104 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{s,a}$ - Shear strength of steel (a)

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{s,a} = 414.72 \text{ kip}$$

A_v - Ties rebar area,

$$A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$$

22.5.8.5.3 $V_{s,b}$ - Shear strength of steel (b)

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yuk} d}{s_{ties}}$$

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$$

$$V_{s,b} = 38.17 \text{ kip}$$

V_s - Governing shear strength of steel

$$V_s = \text{MIN}[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$$

$$V_s = \text{MIN}[(414.72 \text{ kip}), (38.17 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_s = 38.17 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.1.1 ϕV_n - Allowable shear strength

$$\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$$

$$\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((76.104 \text{ kip}) + (38.17 \text{ kip}))$$

$$\phi V_n = 74.279 \text{ kip}$$

Considering x-direction:

$V_{max} = 7.7311 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the x-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(7.7311 \text{ kip})}{(74.279 \text{ kip})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.10408$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.100**

Considering z-direction:

$V_{max} = 0.62737 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the z-direction,
Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.62737 \text{ kip})}{(74.279 \text{ kip})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.0084462$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.010**

Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LFRD)

S_m - Section modulus

$$S_m = \frac{\pi D^3}{32}$$

$$S_m = \frac{\pi \times (36 \text{ in})^3}{32}$$

$$S_m = 4580.4 \text{ in}^3$$

$\lambda = 1$ - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete),

Allowable flexural strength:

M_n shall be the lesser of:

$\phi M_{n,1}$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{(2.5 \text{ ksi})} \times 4580.442 \text{ in}^3$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 62.027 \text{ kipft}$$

14.5.2.1b

$\phi M_{n,2}$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_{ck} \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (4580.4 \text{ in}^3)$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = 527.23 \text{ kipft}$$

Therefore,

ϕM_n - Allowable flexural strength,

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$$

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(62.027 \text{ kipft}), (527.23 \text{ kipft})]$$

$$\phi M_n = 62.027 \text{ kipft}$$

Considering x-direction:

$M_{max} = 26.198 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the x-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(26.198 \text{ kipft})}{(62.027 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.42236$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.420**

Considering z-direction:

$M_{max} = 1.905 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the z-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$ratio = \frac{1}{\phi M_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(1.905 \text{ kipft})}{(62.027 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.030713$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.030**

REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS
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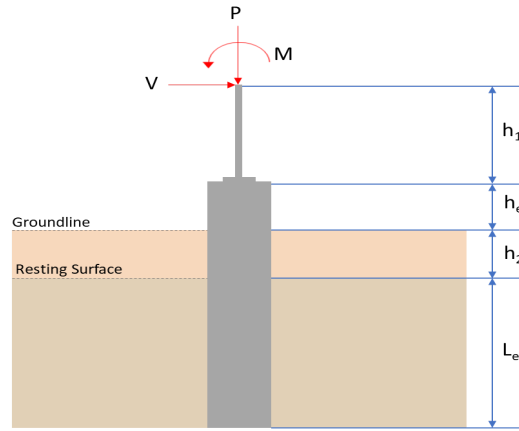
SkyCiv Foundation Design

Pile Foundation

Design Information :

Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code)
Unit System : Imperial

Pile Input



Geometry

Pile shape: round

$D = 36$ in - Pile diameter

$L = 7.25$ ft - Total pile length

$h_1 = 0$ ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile,

$h_2 = 0$ ft - Depth to resisting surface

$h_e = 0$ ft - Length of pile above the ground

Tabulation of Soil Parameters

Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)
1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000

Tabulation of Loads

Load Component	ASD	LRFD
P (kip)	6.499	9.816
V_x (kip)	-1.663	-2.791
V_z (kip)	-0.382	-0.575
M_x (kipft)	-0.650	-0.988
M_z (kipft)	14.242	24.134

Material Properties

$f'_{ck} = 2.5$ ksi - Concrete strength,

Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD)

H - Point of application of the lateral load

$$H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$$

$$H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$H = 0 \text{ ft}$$

Considering x-direction:

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-1.663 \text{ kip})}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.55433 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(14.242 \text{ kipft}) + ((-1.663 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 4.7473 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,x} = 6.4 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in x-direction,

Considering z-direction:

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.382 \text{ kip})}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.12733 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.65 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.382 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.21667 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_z^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,z} = 1.7903 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in z-direction,

Minimum embedded depth required:

$L_{e,req}$ - Depth of pile required,

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$$

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(6.4 \text{ ft}), (1.7903 \text{ ft})]$$

$$L_{e,req} = 6.4 \text{ ft}$$

L_e - Actual embedded length of pile,

$$L_e = L - h_e - h_2$$

$$L_e = (7.25 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$L_e = 7.25 \text{ ft}$$

Ratio - Embedded depth

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(6.4 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.88276$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.880**

End-bearing Capacity (ASD)

A - Pile cross-section area

$$A = \pi \left(\frac{D}{2}\right)^2$$

$$A = \pi \times \left(\frac{(36 \text{ in})}{2}\right)^2$$

$$A = 7.0686 \text{ ft}^2$$

q - End-bearing pressure

$$q = \frac{P_v}{A}$$

$$q = \frac{(6.499 \text{ kip})}{(7.0686 \text{ ft}^2)}$$

$$q = 0.91942 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check bearing capacity ratio:

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.91942 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.45971$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.460**

Czerniak

Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):

L/D - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,

$$L/D = \frac{L}{D}$$

$$L/D = \frac{(7.25 \text{ ft})}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$L/D = 2.4167$$

Since $L/D \leq 10$,

Pile is short.

Considering x-direction:

$H_o = -0.55433 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 4.7473 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (4.7473 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.55433 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (4.7473 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.55433 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.0513 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{1.178 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{1.178 \times [(4 \times (4.7473 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.55433 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(7.25 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (4.7473 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.55433 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.17361 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{9.425 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{9.425 \times [(2 \times (4.7473 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.55433 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))]}{(7.25 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.98186 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(5.0513 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.37885 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.17361 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.37885 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.45826$$

p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 1.0875 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.98186 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.0875 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.90286$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.460**

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.900**

Considering z-direction:

$H_o = -0.12733 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 0.21667 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.21667 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.12733 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.21667 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.12733 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.2802 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{1.178 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{1.178 \times [(4 \times (0.21667 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.12733 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(7.25 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (0.21667 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.12733 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = -0.067829 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{9.425 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{9.425 \times [(2 \times (0.21667 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.12733 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))]}{(7.25 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = -0.087832 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(5.2802 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.39601 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(-0.067829 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.39601 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$(0.0001 \text{ kip/ft}^2)$$

$$\text{Ratio} = -0.17128$$

p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 1.0875 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

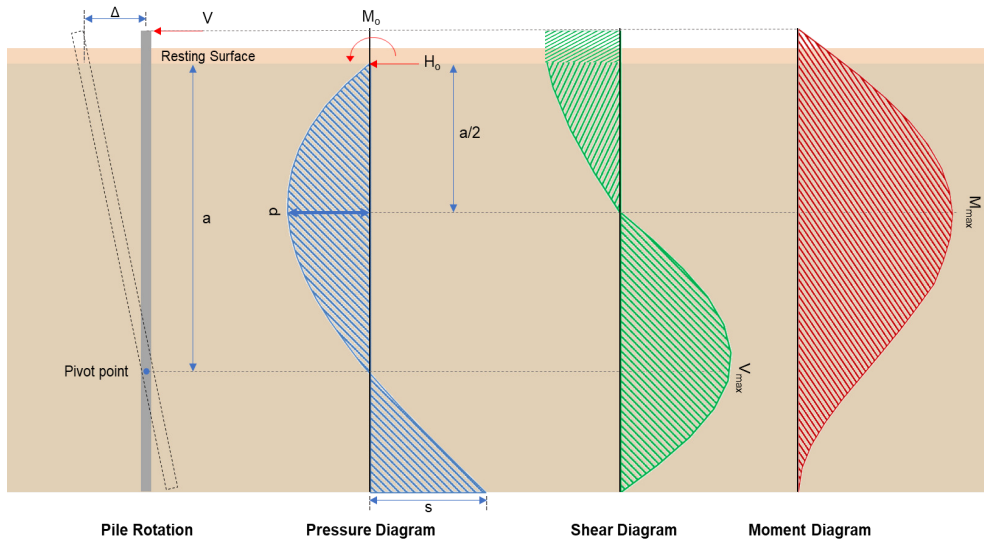
$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(-0.087832 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.0875 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = -0.080765$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **-0.170**

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **-0.080**



Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-2.791 \text{ kip})}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.93033 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(24.134 \text{ kipft}) + ((-2.791 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 8.0447 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(8.0447 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.93033 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 8.6471 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (8.0447 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.93033 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (8.0447 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.93033 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.05 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.93033 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (36 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (8.6471 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.05 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (8.6471 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.05 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 7.7316 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.93033 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(8.6471 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(5.05 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.25 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (8.6471 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.05 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (8.6471 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.05 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 26.199 \text{ kipft}$$

Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.575 \text{ kip})}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.19167 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.988 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.575 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.32933 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.32933 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.19167 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 1.7183 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.32933 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.19167 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.32933 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.19167 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.279 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$[\setminus L_e \ / \setminus L_e /]]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.19167 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (36 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (1.7183 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.279 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] \right. \\ \left. + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (1.7183 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.279 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.6286 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o b L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) \right. \\ \left. - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.19167 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(1.7183 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(5.279 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.25 \text{ ft})} \right) \right. \\ \left. - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (1.7183 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.279 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (1.7183 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.279 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 1.9101 \text{ kipft}$$

Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$ - Concrete strength,

$f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$ - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,

$\phi = 0.65$ - Reduction factor for axial strength,

$\alpha = 0.85$ - Alpha factor for axial strength,

$A_g = 1017.9 \text{ in}^2$ - Gross area of concrete,

Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load, $A_{st,required}$

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{(9.816 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.85)} - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (1017.9 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (1017.9 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -37.066 \text{ in}^2$$

A_{min} - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-37.066 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (1017.9 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 1.8322 \text{ in}^2$$

n_{rebar} - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(1.8322 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 6$$

A_{st} - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (6) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 1.8408 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$= \frac{(1.8322 \text{ in}^2)}{(1.8408 \text{ in}^2)}$$

Table 22.4.2.1

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

<p>25.2.3</p> <p>25.7.2.2</p> <p>25.7.2.1</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = \frac{\quad}{(1.8408 \text{ in}^2)}$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = 0.99533$</p> <p>$s_{rebar} = Max [1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$</p> <p>$s_{rebar} = Max [1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$</p> <p>Ties:</p> <p>Since longitudinal reinforcement is \leq No. 10\emptyset: Use #3(0.375 in)</p> <p>$s_{ties} = Max [16 d_{bar}, (48 d_{ties}), D]$</p> <p>$s_{ties} = Min [(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), (36 \text{ in})]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$</p> <p>Summary:</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Main reinforcement: 6 - #5 (0.625 in) Ties: #3(0.375 in) - 10 in</p>	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 1.000</p>
<p>22.4.2.2</p>	<p>Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p>ϕP_N - Allowable axial compressive strength</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\phi P_N = \phi 0.85 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st})]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times [(0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times [(1017.9 \text{ in}^2) - (1.8408 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (1.8408 \text{ in}^2))]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\phi P_N = 1253.9 \text{ kip}$</p> <p><i>Ratio - Capacity</i></p> <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = \frac{(9.816 \text{ kip})}{(1253.9 \text{ kip})}$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = 0.0078283$</p>	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.010</p>
<p>22.5.2.2</p> <p>22.5.5.1.3</p> <p>22.5.5.1.1</p>	<p>Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p>Parameters:</p> <p>$b_w = 36 \text{ in}$ - Effective width, d - Effective depth</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$d = 0.80 D$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$d = 0.80 \times (36 \text{ in})$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$d = 28.8 \text{ in}$</p> <p>λ_s - size effect modification factor</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\lambda_s = MIN \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\lambda_s = MIN \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(28.8 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\lambda_s = 0.71796$</p> <p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$.</p> <p>$V_{c,max}$ - Max shear strength of concrete</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.71796) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})$</p>	

$$V_{c,max} = 186.09 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.1(a) The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $P = 9.816 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 9816 \text{ lbf}$,
 $V_{c,a}$ - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + \frac{P}{6 A_g} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \times (0.71796) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + \frac{(9816 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (1017.9 \text{ in}^2)} \right] \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 76.104 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{c,b}$ - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + (0.05 f'_{ck}) \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \times (0.71796) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi})) \right] \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 204.04 \text{ kip}$$

V_c - Governing shear strength of concrete

$$V_c = \text{Min}[V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min}[(186.09 \text{ kip}), (76.104 \text{ kip}), (204.04 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 76.104 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{s,a}$ - Shear strength of steel (a)

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{s,a} = 414.72 \text{ kip}$$

A_v - Ties rebar area,

$$A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$$

22.5.8.5.3 $V_{s,b}$ - Shear strength of steel (b)

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yuk} d}{s_{ties}}$$

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$$

$$V_{s,b} = 38.17 \text{ kip}$$

V_s - Governing shear strength of steel

$$V_s = \text{MIN}[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$$

$$V_s = \text{MIN}[(414.72 \text{ kip}), (38.17 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_s = 38.17 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.1.1 ϕV_n - Allowable shear strength

$$\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$$

$$\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((76.104 \text{ kip}) + (38.17 \text{ kip}))$$

$$\phi V_n = 74.279 \text{ kip}$$

Considering x-direction:

$V_{max} = 7.7316 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the x-direction,

$Ratio$ - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(7.7316 \text{ kip})}{(74.279 \text{ kip})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.10409$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.100**

Considering z-direction:

$V_{max} = 0.6286 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the z-direction,
Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.6286 \text{ kip})}{(74.279 \text{ kip})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.0084627$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.010**

Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LFRD)

S_m - Section modulus

$$S_m = \frac{\pi D^3}{32}$$

$$S_m = \frac{\pi \times (36 \text{ in})^3}{32}$$

$$S_m = 4580.4 \text{ in}^3$$

$\lambda = 1$ - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete),

Allowable flexural strength:

M_n shall be the lesser of:

$\phi M_{n,1}$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{(2.5 \text{ ksi})} \times 4580.442 \text{ in}^3$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 62.027 \text{ kipft}$$

14.5.2.1b $\phi M_{n,2}$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_{ck} \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (4580.4 \text{ in}^3)$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = 527.23 \text{ kipft}$$

Therefore,

ϕM_n - Allowable flexural strength,

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$$

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(62.027 \text{ kipft}), (527.23 \text{ kipft})]$$

$$\phi M_n = 62.027 \text{ kipft}$$

Considering x-direction:

$M_{max} = 26.199 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the x-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(26.199 \text{ kipft})}{(62.027 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.42239$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.420**

Considering z-direction:

$M_{max} = 1.9101 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the z-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

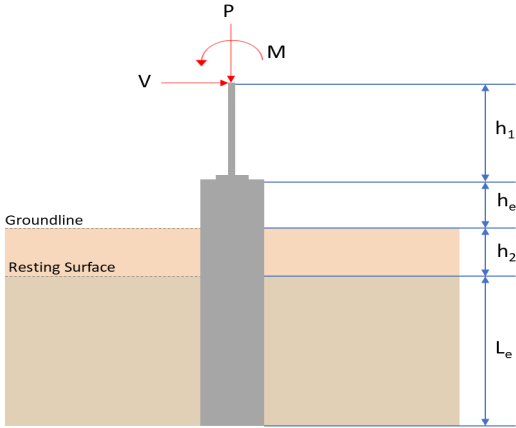
$$Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$ratio = \frac{1}{\phi M_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(1.9101 \text{ kipft})}{(62.027 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.030794$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.030**

REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS																										
	<p>SkyCiv Foundation Design Pile Foundation</p> <p>Design Information : Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code) Unit System : Imperial</p>																											
	<p>Pile Input</p>  <p>Geometry</p> <p>Pile shape: round $D = 36$ in - Pile diameter $L = 7.5$ ft - Total pile length $h_1 = 0$ ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile, $h_2 = 0$ ft - Depth to resisting surface $h_e = 0$ ft - Length of pile above the ground</p> <p>Tabulation of Soil Parameters</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="368 1061 1227 1162"> <thead> <tr> <th>Layer</th> <th>Label</th> <th>Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf)</th> <th>Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel</td> <td>2000.000</td> <td>150.000</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Tabulation of Loads</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="655 1267 940 1456"> <thead> <tr> <th>Load Component</th> <th>ASD</th> <th>LRFD</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>P (kip)</td> <td>8.061</td> <td>12.188</td> </tr> <tr> <td>V_x (kip)</td> <td>-2.114</td> <td>-3.534</td> </tr> <tr> <td>V_z (kip)</td> <td>-0.053</td> <td>-0.081</td> </tr> <tr> <td>M_x (kipft)</td> <td>-0.095</td> <td>-0.146</td> </tr> <tr> <td>M_z (kipft)</td> <td>17.053</td> <td>28.718</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Material Properties</p> <p>$f'_{ck} = 2.5$ ksi - Concrete strength,</p>	Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)	1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000	Load Component	ASD	LRFD	P (kip)	8.061	12.188	V_x (kip)	-2.114	-3.534	V_z (kip)	-0.053	-0.081	M_x (kipft)	-0.095	-0.146	M_z (kipft)	17.053	28.718	
Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)																									
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M_z (kipft)	17.053	28.718																										
	<p>Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD)</p> <p>H - Point of application of the lateral load</p> $H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$ $H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$ $H = 0 \text{ ft}$ <p>Considering x-direction:</p> <p>H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,</p> $H_o = \frac{V_x}{D}$ $H_o = \frac{(-2.114 \text{ kip})}{(36 \text{ in})}$ $H_o = -0.70467 \text{ kip/ft}$ <p>M_o - Moment per length of pile,</p>																											

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(17.053 \text{ kipft}) + ((-2.114 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 5.6843 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,x} = 6.5409 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in x-direction,

Considering z-direction:

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.053 \text{ kip})}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.017667 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.095 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.053 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.031667 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_z^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,z} = 1.2412 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in z-direction,

Minimum embedded depth required:

$L_{e,req}$ - Depth of pile required,

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$$

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(6.5409 \text{ ft}), (1.2412 \text{ ft})]$$

$$L_{e,req} = 6.541 \text{ ft}$$

L_e - Actual embedded length of pile,

$$L_e = L - h_e - h_2$$

$$L_e = (7.5 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$L_e = 7.5 \text{ ft}$$

Ratio - Embedded depth

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(6.541 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.87213$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.870**

End-bearing Capacity (ASD)

A - Pile cross-section area

$$A = \pi \left(\frac{D}{2}\right)^2$$

$$A = \pi \times \left(\frac{(36 \text{ in})}{2}\right)^2$$

$$A = 7.0686 \text{ ft}^2$$

q - End-bearing pressure

$$q = \frac{P_v}{A}$$

$$q = \frac{(8.061 \text{ kip})}{(7.0686 \text{ ft}^2)}$$

$$q = 1.1404 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check bearing capacity ratio:

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(1.1404 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.5702$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.570**

Czerniak

Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):

L/D - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,

$$L/D = \frac{L}{D}$$

$$L/D = \frac{(7.5 \text{ ft})}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$L/D = 2.5$$

Since $L/D \leq 10$,

Pile is short.

Considering x-direction:

$H_o = -0.70467 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 5.6843 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (5.6843 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.70467 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (5.6843 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.70467 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.2392 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{1.178 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{1.178 \times [(4 \times (5.6843 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.70467 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(7.5 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (5.6843 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.70467 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.15301 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{9.425 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{9.425 \times [(2 \times (5.6843 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.70467 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))]}{(7.5 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 1.0194 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(5.2392 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.39294 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.15301 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.39294 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.3894$$

p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e .

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 1.125 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(1.0194 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.125 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.90609$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.390**

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.910**

Considering z-direction:

$H_o = -0.017667 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 0.031667 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.031667 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.017667 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.031667 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.017667 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.4601 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{1.178 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{1.178 \times [(4 \times (0.031667 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.017667 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(7.5 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (0.031667 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.017667 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = -0.009036 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{9.425 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{9.425 \times [(2 \times (0.031667 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.017667 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))]}{(7.5 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = -0.011589 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(5.4601 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.40951 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(-0.009036 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.40951 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$(-0.0001 \text{ kip/ft}^2)$$

$$\text{Ratio} = -0.022066$$

p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 1.125 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

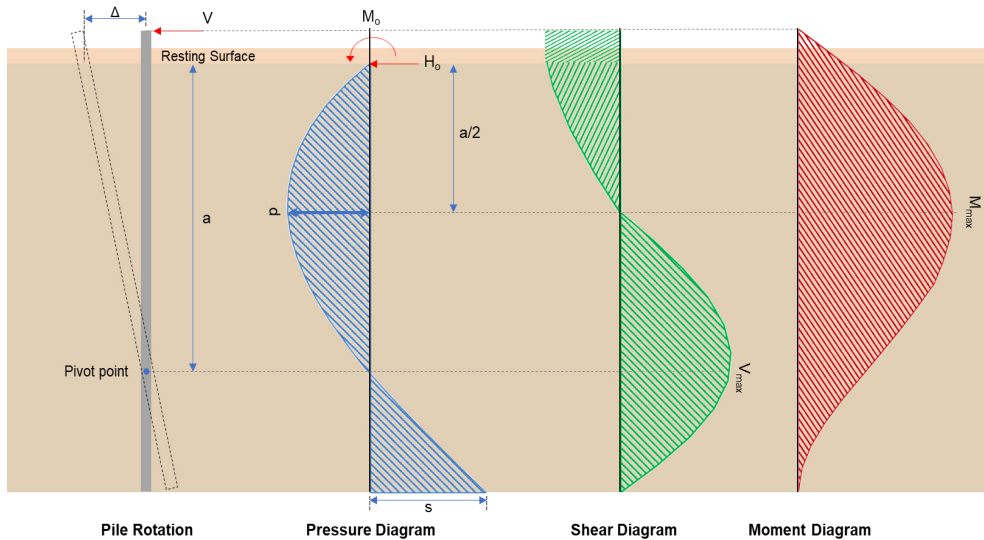
$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(-0.011589 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.125 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = -0.010302$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **-0.020**

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **-0.010**



Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-3.534 \text{ kip})}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -1.178 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(28.718 \text{ kipft}) + ((-3.534 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 9.5727 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(9.5727 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-1.178 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 8.1262 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (9.5727 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-1.178 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (9.5727 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-1.178 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.2381 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-1.178 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (36 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (8.1262 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.2381 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (8.1262 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.2381 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 9.1083 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-1.178 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(8.1262 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(5.2381 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.5 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (8.1262 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.2381 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (8.1262 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.2381 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 31.765 \text{ kipft}$$

Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.081 \text{ kip})}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.027 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.146 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.081 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.048667 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.048667 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.027 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 1.8025 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.048667 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.027 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.048667 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.027 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.4594 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$\left[\frac{L_e}{L_e} \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.027 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (36 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (1.8025 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.4594 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] \right. \\ \left. + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (1.8025 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.4594 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.089016 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o b L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) \right. \\ \left. - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.027 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(1.8025 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(5.4594 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.5 \text{ ft})} \right) \right. \\ \left. - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (1.8025 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.4594 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (1.8025 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.4594 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 0.28009 \text{ kipft}$$

Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$ - Concrete strength,

$f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$ - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,

$\phi = 0.65$ - Reduction factor for axial strength,

$\alpha = 0.85$ - Alpha factor for axial strength,

$A_g = 1017.9 \text{ in}^2$ - Gross area of concrete,

Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load, $A_{st,required}$

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g), \frac{P}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{(12.188 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.85)} - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (1017.9 \text{ in}^2)), \frac{(12.188 \text{ kip})}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (1017.9 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -36.992 \text{ in}^2$$

A_{min} - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-36.992 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (1017.9 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 1.8322 \text{ in}^2$$

n_{rebar} - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(1.8322 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 6$$

A_{st} - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (6) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 1.8408 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$= \frac{(1.8322 \text{ in}^2)}{(1.8408 \text{ in}^2)}$$

Table 22.4.2.1

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

<p>25.2.3</p> <p>25.7.2.2</p> <p>25.7.2.1</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = \frac{\quad}{(1.8408 \text{ in}^2)}$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = 0.99533$</p> <p>$s_{rebar} = Max [1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$</p> <p>$s_{rebar} = Max [1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$</p> <p>Ties:</p> <p>Since longitudinal reinforcement is \leq No. 10\emptyset: Use #3(0.375 in)</p> <p>$s_{ties} = Max [16 d_{bar}, (48 d_{ties}), D]$</p> <p>$s_{ties} = Min [(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), (36 \text{ in})]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$</p> <p>Summary:</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Main reinforcement: 6 - #5 (0.625 in) Ties: #3(0.375 in) - 10 in</p>	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 1.000</p>
<p>22.4.2.2</p>	<p>Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p>ϕP_N - Allowable axial compressive strength</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\phi P_N = \phi 0.85 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st})]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times [(0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times [(1017.9 \text{ in}^2) - (1.8408 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (1.8408 \text{ in}^2))]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\phi P_N = 1253.9 \text{ kip}$</p> <p><i>Ratio - Capacity</i></p> <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = \frac{(12.188 \text{ kip})}{(1253.9 \text{ kip})}$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = 0.00972$</p>	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.010</p>
<p>22.5.2.2</p> <p>22.5.5.1.3</p> <p>22.5.5.1.1</p>	<p>Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p>Parameters:</p> <p>$b_w = 36 \text{ in}$ - Effective width, d - Effective depth</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$d = 0.80 D$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$d = 0.80 \times (36 \text{ in})$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$d = 28.8 \text{ in}$</p> <p>λ_s - size effect modification factor</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\lambda_s = MIN \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\lambda_s = MIN \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(28.8 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\lambda_s = 0.71796$</p> <p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$.</p> <p>$V_{c,max}$ - Max shear strength of concrete</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.71796) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})$</p>	

$$V_{c,max} = 186.09 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.1(a) The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $P = 12.188 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 12188 \text{ lbf}$,
 $V_{c,a}$ - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + \frac{P}{6 A_g} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \times (0.71796) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + \frac{(12188 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (1017.9 \text{ in}^2)} \right] \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 76.507 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{c,b}$ - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + (0.05 f'_{ck}) \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \times (0.71796) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi})) \right] \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 204.04 \text{ kip}$$

V_c - Governing shear strength of concrete

$$V_c = \text{Min}[V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min}[(186.09 \text{ kip}), (76.507 \text{ kip}), (204.04 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 76.507 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{s,a}$ - Shear strength of steel (a)

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{s,a} = 414.72 \text{ kip}$$

A_v - Ties rebar area,

$$A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$$

22.5.8.5.3 $V_{s,b}$ - Shear strength of steel (b)

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{ywk} d}{s_{ties}}$$

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$$

$$V_{s,b} = 38.17 \text{ kip}$$

V_s - Governing shear strength of steel

$$V_s = \text{MIN}[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$$

$$V_s = \text{MIN}[(414.72 \text{ kip}), (38.17 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_s = 38.17 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.1.1 ϕV_n - Allowable shear strength

$$\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$$

$$\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((76.507 \text{ kip}) + (38.17 \text{ kip}))$$

$$\phi V_n = 74.54 \text{ kip}$$

Considering x-direction:

$V_{max} = 9.1083 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the x-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(9.1083 \text{ kip})}{(74.54 \text{ kip})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.12219$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.120**

Considering z-direction:

$V_{max} = 0.089016 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the z-direction,
Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.089016 \text{ kip})}{(74.54 \text{ kip})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.0011942$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**

Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)

S_m - Section modulus

$$S_m = \frac{\pi D^3}{32}$$

$$S_m = \frac{\pi \times (36 \text{ in})^3}{32}$$

$$S_m = 4580.4 \text{ in}^3$$

$\lambda = 1$ - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete),

Allowable flexural strength:

M_n shall be the lesser of:

$\phi M_{n,1}$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{(2.5 \text{ ksi})} \times 4580.442 \text{ in}^3$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 62.027 \text{ kipft}$$

14.5.2.1b

$\phi M_{n,2}$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_{ck} \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (4580.4 \text{ in}^3)$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = 527.23 \text{ kipft}$$

Therefore,

ϕM_n - Allowable flexural strength,

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$$

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(62.027 \text{ kipft}), (527.23 \text{ kipft})]$$

$$\phi M_n = 62.027 \text{ kipft}$$

Considering x-direction:

$M_{max} = 31.765 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the x-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(31.765 \text{ kipft})}{(62.027 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.51212$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.510**

Considering z-direction:

$M_{max} = 0.28009 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the z-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$ratio = \frac{M_u}{\phi M_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.28009 \text{ kipft})}{(62.027 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.0045156$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**

REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS
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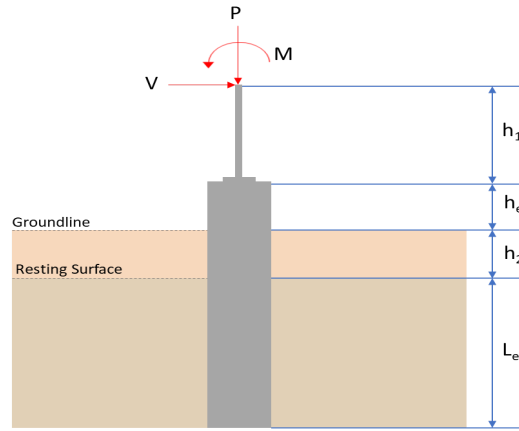
SkyCiv Foundation Design

Pile Foundation

Design Information :

Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code)
Unit System : Imperial

Pile Input



Geometry

Pile shape: round

$D = 36$ in - Pile diameter

$L = 7.5$ ft - Total pile length

$h_1 = 0$ ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile,

$h_2 = 0$ ft - Depth to resisting surface

$h_e = 0$ ft - Length of pile above the ground

Tabulation of Soil Parameters

Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)
1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000

Tabulation of Loads

Load Component	ASD	LRFD
P (kip)	8.061	12.188
V_x (kip)	-2.115	-3.534
V_z (kip)	0.052	0.080
M_x (kipft)	0.088	0.135
M_z (kipft)	17.053	28.719

Material Properties

$f'_{ck} = 2.5$ ksi - Concrete strength,

Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD)

H - Point of application of the lateral load

$$H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$$

$$H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$H = 0 \text{ ft}$$

Considering x-direction:

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-2.115 \text{ kip})}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.705 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(17.053 \text{ kipft}) + ((-2.115 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 5.6843 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,x} = 6.5398 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in x-direction,

Considering z-direction:

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(0.052 \text{ kip})}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = 0.017333 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.088 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.052 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.029333 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_z^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,z} = 1.8924 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in z-direction,

Minimum embedded depth required:

$L_{e,req}$ - Depth of pile required,

$$L_{e,req} = MAX[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$$

$$L_{e,req} = MAX[(6.5398 \text{ ft}), (1.8924 \text{ ft})]$$

$$L_{e,req} = 6.54 \text{ ft}$$

L_e - Actual embedded length of pile,

$$L_e = L - h_e - h_2$$

$$L_e = (7.5 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$L_e = 7.5 \text{ ft}$$

Ratio - Embedded depth

$$Ratio = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(6.54 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.872$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.870**

End-bearing Capacity (ASD)

A - Pile cross-section area

$$A = \pi \left(\frac{D}{2}\right)^2$$

$$A = \pi \times \left(\frac{(36 \text{ in})}{2}\right)^2$$

$$A = 7.0686 \text{ ft}^2$$

q - End-bearing pressure

$$q = \frac{P_v}{A}$$

$$q = \frac{(8.061 \text{ kip})}{(7.0686 \text{ ft}^2)}$$

$$q = 1.1404 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check bearing capacity ratio:

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(1.1404 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.5702$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.570**

Czerniak

Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):

L/D - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,

$$L/D = \frac{L}{D}$$

$$L/D = \frac{(7.5 \text{ ft})}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$L/D = 2.5$$

Since $L/D \leq 10$,

Pile is short.

Considering x-direction:

$H_o = -0.705 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 5.6843 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (5.6843 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.705 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (5.6843 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.705 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.2392 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{1.178 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{1.178 \times [(4 \times (5.6843 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.705 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(7.5 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (5.6843 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.705 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.15279 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{9.425 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{9.425 \times [(2 \times (5.6843 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.705 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))]}{(7.5 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 1.0189 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(5.2392 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.39294 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.15279 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.39294 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.38885$$

p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e .

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 1.125 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(1.0189 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.125 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.90572$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.390**

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.910**

Considering z-direction:

$H_o = 0.017333 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 0.029333 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.029333 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.017333 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.029333 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.017333 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.467 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{1.178 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{1.178 \times [(4 \times (0.029333 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (0.017333 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(7.5 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (0.029333 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (0.017333 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.015489 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{9.425 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{9.425 \times [(2 \times (0.029333 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((0.017333 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))]}{(7.5 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.031612 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(5.467 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.41002 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.015489 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.41002 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

(0.031612 kip/ft²)

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.037777$$

p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 1.125 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

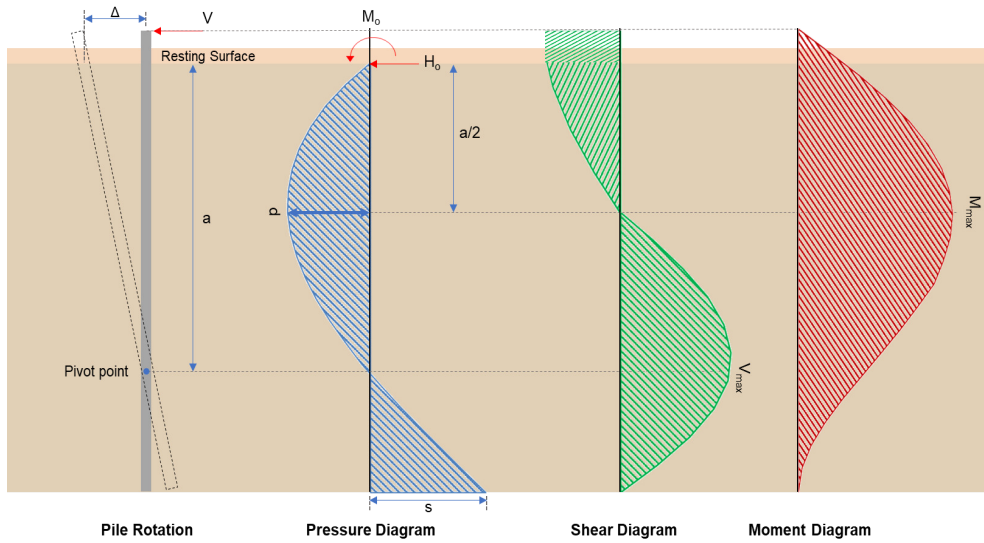
$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.031612 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.125 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.0281$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.040**

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.030**



Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-3.534 \text{ kip})}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -1.178 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(28.719 \text{ kipft}) + ((-3.534 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 9.573 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(9.573 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-1.178 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 8.1265 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (9.573 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-1.178 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (9.573 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-1.178 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.2381 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-1.178 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (36 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (8.1265 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.2381 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (8.1265 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.2381 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 9.1085 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-1.178 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(8.1265 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(5.2381 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.5 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (8.1265 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.2381 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (8.1265 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.2381 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 31.766 \text{ kipft}$$

Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(0.08 \text{ kip})}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = 0.026667 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.135 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.08 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.045 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.045 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(0.026667 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 1.6875 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.045 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.026667 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.045 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.026667 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.4673 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$[\setminus L_e \quad / \setminus L_e /]]$$

$$V_{max} = ((0.026667 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (36 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (1.6875 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.4673 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] \right. \\ \left. + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (1.6875 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.4673 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.085797 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$.

$$M_{max} = (H_o b L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) \right. \\ \left. - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((0.026667 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(1.6875 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(5.4673 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.5 \text{ ft})} \right) \right. \\ \left. - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (1.6875 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.4673 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (1.6875 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.4673 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 0.26871 \text{ kipft}$$

Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$ - Concrete strength,

$f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$ - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,

$\phi = 0.65$ - Reduction factor for axial strength,

$\alpha = 0.85$ - Alpha factor for axial strength,

$A_g = 1017.9 \text{ in}^2$ - Gross area of concrete,

Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load, $A_{st,required}$

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{(12.188 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.85)} - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (1017.9 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (1017.9 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -36.992 \text{ in}^2$$

A_{min} - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-36.992 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (1017.9 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 1.8322 \text{ in}^2$$

n_{rebar} - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(1.8322 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 6$$

A_{st} - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (6) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 1.8408 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$= \frac{1.8322 \text{ in}^2}{1.8408 \text{ in}^2}$$

Table 22.4.2.1

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

<p>25.2.3</p> <p>25.7.2.2</p> <p>25.7.2.1</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = \frac{\lambda}{(1.8408 \text{ in}^2)}$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = 0.99533$</p> <p>$s_{rebar} = Max [1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$</p> <p>$s_{rebar} = Max [1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$</p> <p>Ties:</p> <p>Since longitudinal reinforcement is \leq No. 10\emptyset: Use #3(0.375 in)</p> <p>$s_{ties} = Max [16 d_{bar}, (48 d_{ties}), D]$</p> <p>$s_{ties} = Min [(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), (36 \text{ in})]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$</p> <p>Summary:</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Main reinforcement: 6 - #5 (0.625 in) Ties: #3(0.375 in) - 10 in</p>	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 1.000</p>
<p>22.4.2.2</p>	<p>Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p>ϕP_N - Allowable axial compressive strength</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\phi P_N = \phi 0.85 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st})]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times [(0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times [(1017.9 \text{ in}^2) - (1.8408 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (1.8408 \text{ in}^2))]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\phi P_N = 1253.9 \text{ kip}$</p> <p><i>Ratio - Capacity</i></p> <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = \frac{(12.188 \text{ kip})}{(1253.9 \text{ kip})}$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = 0.00972$</p>	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.010</p>
<p>22.5.2.2</p> <p>22.5.5.1.3</p> <p>22.5.5.1.1</p>	<p>Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p>Parameters:</p> <p>$b_w = 36 \text{ in}$ - Effective width, d - Effective depth</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$d = 0.80 D$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$d = 0.80 \times (36 \text{ in})$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$d = 28.8 \text{ in}$</p> <p>λ_s - size effect modification factor</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\lambda_s = MIN \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\lambda_s = MIN \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(28.8 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\lambda_s = 0.71796$</p> <p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$.</p> <p>$V_{c,max}$ - Max shear strength of concrete</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.71796) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})$</p>	

$$V_{c,max} = 186.09 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.1(a) The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $P = 12.188 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 12188 \text{ lbf}$,
 $V_{c,a}$ - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + \frac{P}{6 A_g} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \times (0.71796) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + \frac{(12188 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (1017.9 \text{ in}^2)} \right] \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 76.507 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{c,b}$ - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + (0.05 f'_{ck}) \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \times (0.71796) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi})) \right] \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 204.04 \text{ kip}$$

V_c - Governing shear strength of concrete

$$V_c = \text{Min}[V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min}[(186.09 \text{ kip}), (76.507 \text{ kip}), (204.04 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 76.507 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{s,a}$ - Shear strength of steel (a)

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{s,a} = 414.72 \text{ kip}$$

A_v - Ties rebar area,

$$A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$$

22.5.8.5.3 $V_{s,b}$ - Shear strength of steel (b)

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yuk} d}{s_{ties}}$$

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$$

$$V_{s,b} = 38.17 \text{ kip}$$

V_s - Governing shear strength of steel

$$V_s = \text{MIN}[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$$

$$V_s = \text{MIN}[(414.72 \text{ kip}), (38.17 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_s = 38.17 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.1.1 ϕV_n - Allowable shear strength

$$\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$$

$$\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((76.507 \text{ kip}) + (38.17 \text{ kip}))$$

$$\phi V_n = 74.54 \text{ kip}$$

Considering x-direction:

$V_{max} = 9.1085 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the x-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(9.1085 \text{ kip})}{(74.54 \text{ kip})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.1222$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.120**

Considering z-direction:

$V_{max} = 0.085797 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the z-direction,
Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.085797 \text{ kip})}{(74.54 \text{ kip})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.001151$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**

Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)

S_m - Section modulus

$$S_m = \frac{\pi D^3}{32}$$

$$S_m = \frac{\pi \times (36 \text{ in})^3}{32}$$

$$S_m = 4580.4 \text{ in}^3$$

$\lambda = 1$ - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete),

Allowable flexural strength:

M_n shall be the lesser of:

$\phi M_{n,1}$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{(2.5 \text{ ksi})} \times 4580.442 \text{ in}^3$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 62.027 \text{ kipft}$$

14.5.2.1b $\phi M_{n,2}$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_{ck} \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (4580.4 \text{ in}^3)$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = 527.23 \text{ kipft}$$

Therefore,

ϕM_n - Allowable flexural strength,

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$$

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(62.027 \text{ kipft}), (527.23 \text{ kipft})]$$

$$\phi M_n = 62.027 \text{ kipft}$$

Considering x-direction:

$M_{max} = 31.766 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the x-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(31.766 \text{ kipft})}{(62.027 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.51214$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.510**

Considering z-direction:

$M_{max} = 0.26871 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the z-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$ratio = \frac{1}{\phi M_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.26871 \text{ kipft})}{(62.027 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.0043322$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**