

Your Project Calculations



Project Name: KNO Trespassing 4x5 C

S3D Model Link:

https://platform.skyciv.com/structural?preload_name=KNO%20Trespassing%204x5%20C&preload_path=Shared%20Enterprise%20Folder/MT_Solar_Projects/9_2023

Public Model Link:

https://platform.skyciv.com/structural-viewer?project_id=y78hwtmmrTXnHg4pnyV8TukFCtwOrpKcqEXwKsVglxShtyS0QKYZVvDjTVuKwfS

Array Specification

Product:	Beam
Unique ID:	2P-19.75-6TOP-SD-57-L-4Hx5W-C0C9
Duty Classification:	SD
Module Width:	41.10 in
Module Length:	87.20in
Number of Rows:	4
Number of Columns:	5
Total Number of Modules:	20
Desired Tilt Angle:	46
Front Edge Clearance:	5
Total Array Height at Tilt:	14.91 ft
Total Frame Length:	36.75 ft
Frame Weight:	1346 lbs
Array Dimensions N/S:	13.87 ft
Array Dimensions E/W:	36.75 ft
Rail Length:	166.40 in
Rail Spacing:	3.68 ft
Rail Check:	PASS (28% utilized)

Support Specifications

Pole Size:	6in Pipe Sch 40
Pole Length above Grade:	9.99 ft
Number of Poles:	2
Pole Spacing:	19.75 ft

Foundation Specifications

Foundation Type:	Isolated Footing
Foundation Dimensions:	48 x 48 in
Foundation Depth (below grade):	43 in
Foundation Volume:	4.247 y ³
Foundation Result:	PASSED
Mount Twist:	0.147162 kip

Site Info

Risk Category:	I
Exposure:	C
Soil Classification:	sandy_gravel
Site Location:	129 Shane Creek Rd, Columbus, MT 59019, USA
Wind Speed:	102 mph
Snow Load:	25 psf
Design Uplift Pressure:	0.017688 ksf
Design Downforce Pressure:	-0.017688 ksf
Design Snow Pressure:	0.006598 ksf



Design Disclaimer

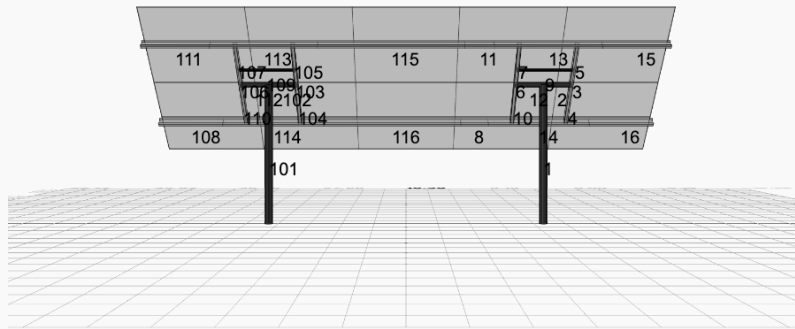
This software should be used for preliminary designs and should not be used as a final design unless reviewed, verified and designed by a qualified structural engineer.

AutoDesigner Input

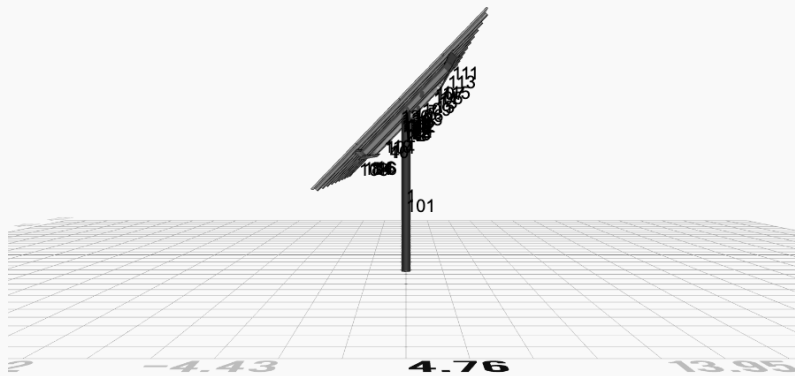
```
{"wind_speed_override":null,"snow_load_override":null,"direct_snow_load":false,"add_angle_brace":false,"product_type":"Beam","project_id":"KNO Trespassing 4x5 C","site_address":"129 Shane Creek Rd, Columbus, MT 59019, USA","module_width":41.1,"module_length":87.2,"number_rows":4,"number_columns":5,"pole_mount_section":"4_40","core_pipe_width":65,"core_pipe_section":"2_40","adjuster_section":"2_40","core_beam_height":65,"core_beam_section":"HSS3x2x1/8","main_pipe_section":"2_12GA","pole_spacing":15,"tilt_angle":46,"ground_clearance":5,"risk_category":"I","exposure_category":"C","frame_duty_override":"auto","pole_override":"auto","soil_type":"sandy_gravel","customer_foundation_override":"48_Square","foundation_type":"Isolated","foundation_size":48,"check_rails":true}
```

Design Notes:

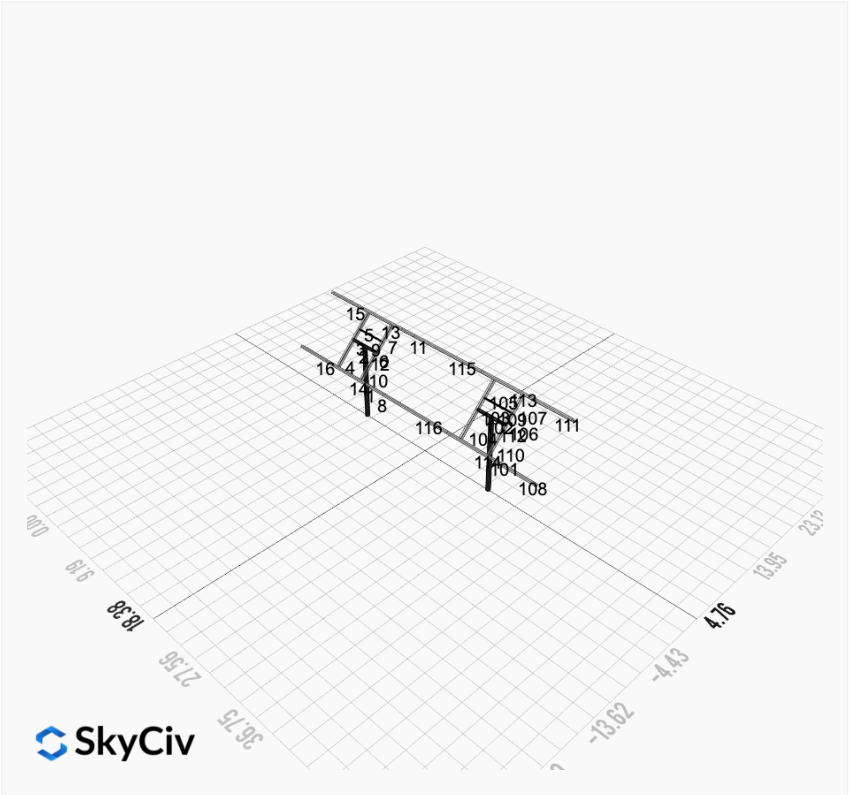
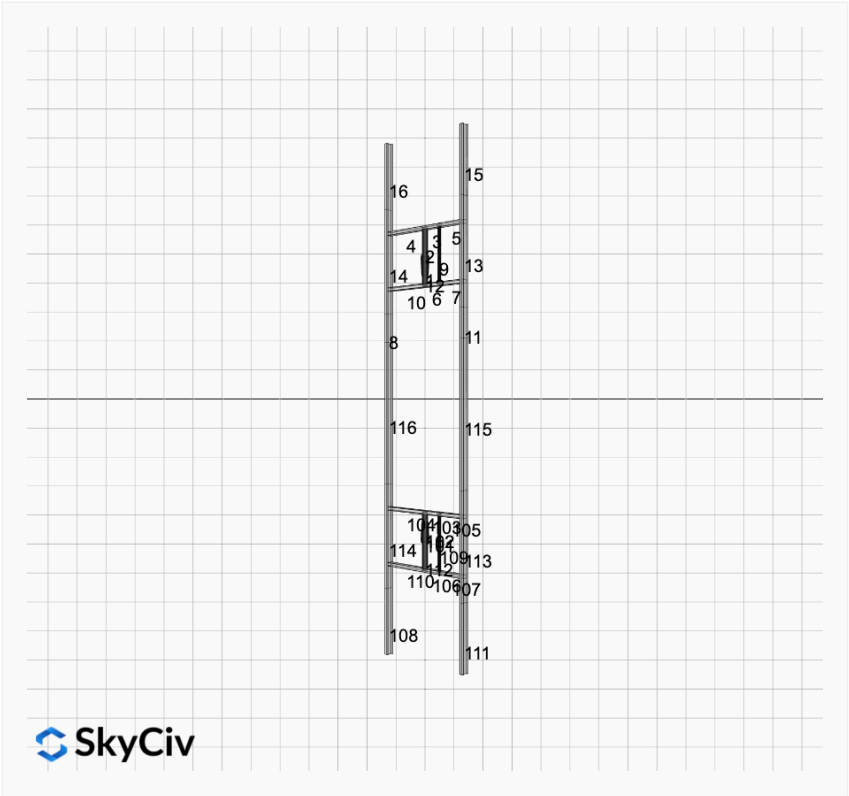
- AISC Deflection checks are set to L/1 due to structure design intent
- Foundation Soil Parameters used in this Autodesign are all estimates, proper geotechnical reports are required to confirm soil profiles

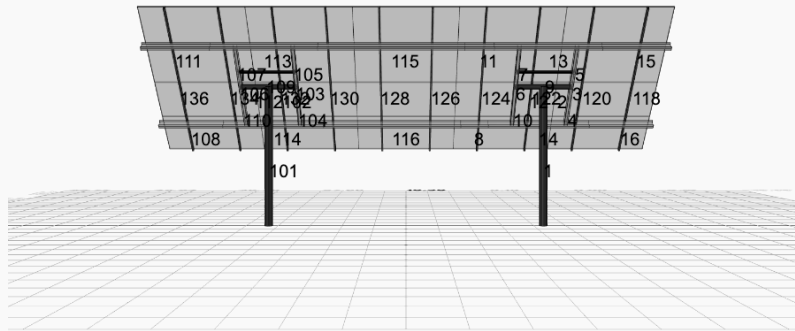


 SkyCiv



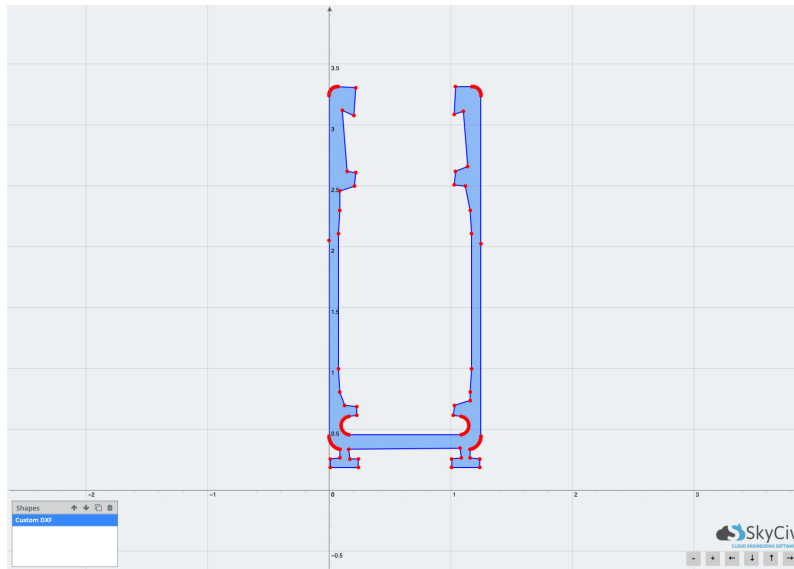
 SkyCiv



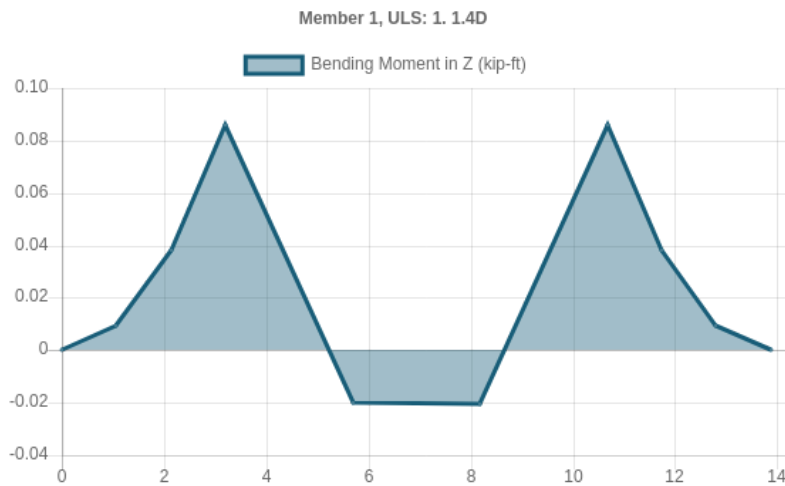


Rail Design Check

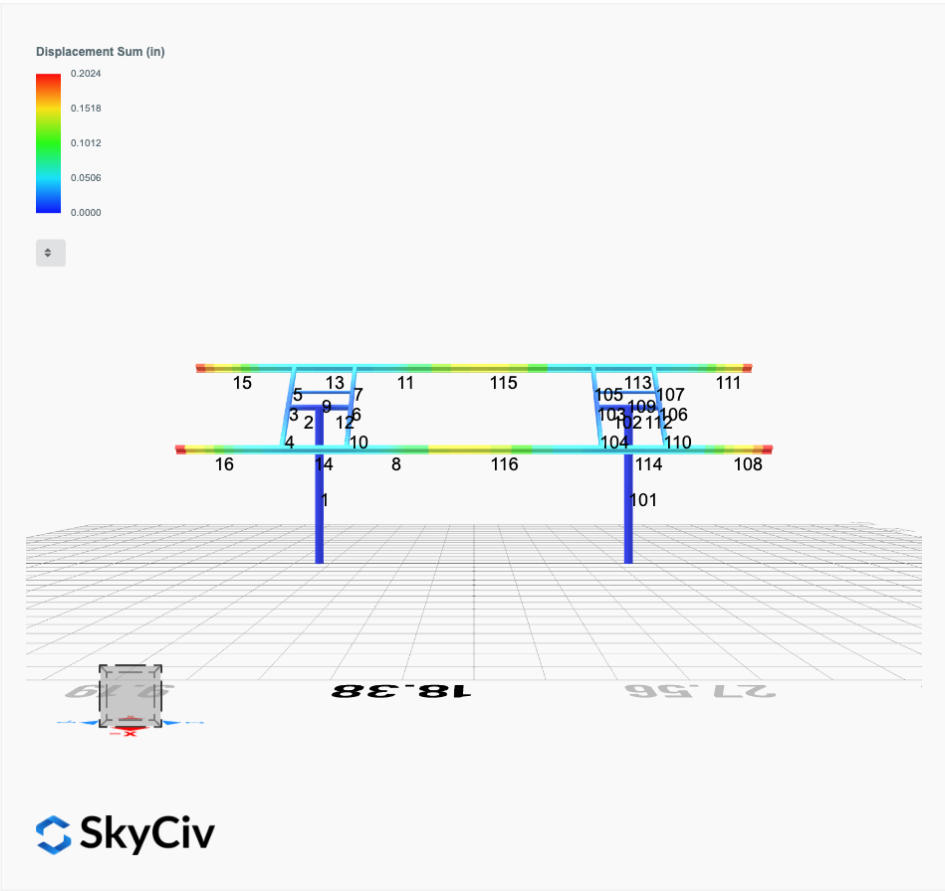
Rail Length: 13.86666666666667 ft
Additional Restraints Required: None
Tributary Width: 3.675000000000003 ft
Material: Aluminium
Density: 169 lb/ft³
Elasticity Modulus: 10000 ksi
Fy: 34.5 ksi
Fu: 37 ksi
Snow (X): 0.0168 kip/ft
Snow (Y): -0.0174 kip/ft
Wind uplift Case A: 0.0650 kip/ft
Wind downforce Case A: 0.0650 kip/ft
Dead (Panel load) (X): 0.0117 kip/ft
Dead (Panel load) (Y): -0.0121 kip/ft



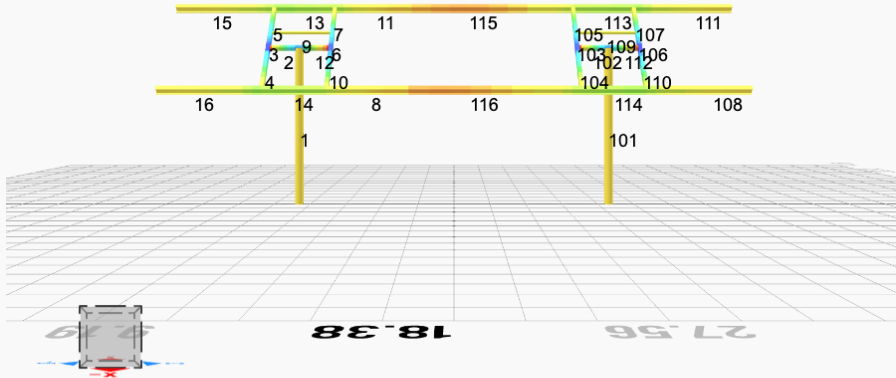
Result Check	Max Limit	Max Value	Utility	Status
Custom Stress Limit	34.5	9.74579592	0.282	PASS
Material Yield	34.5	9.74579592	0.282	PASS
Material Strength	37	9.74579592	0.263	PASS



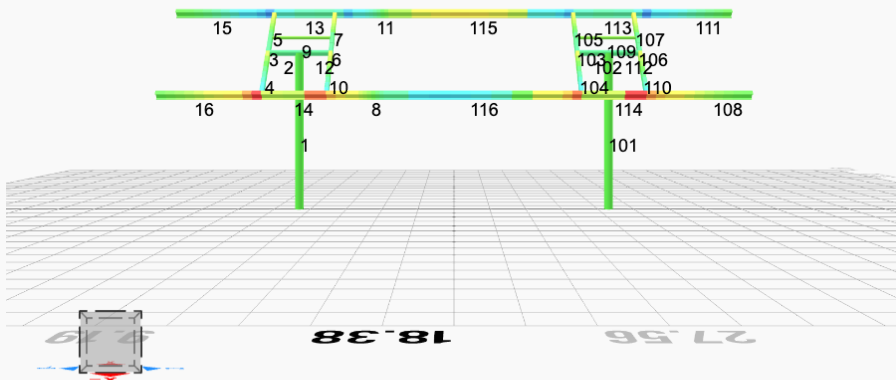
FEM Results (Envelope Worst Case for each member)

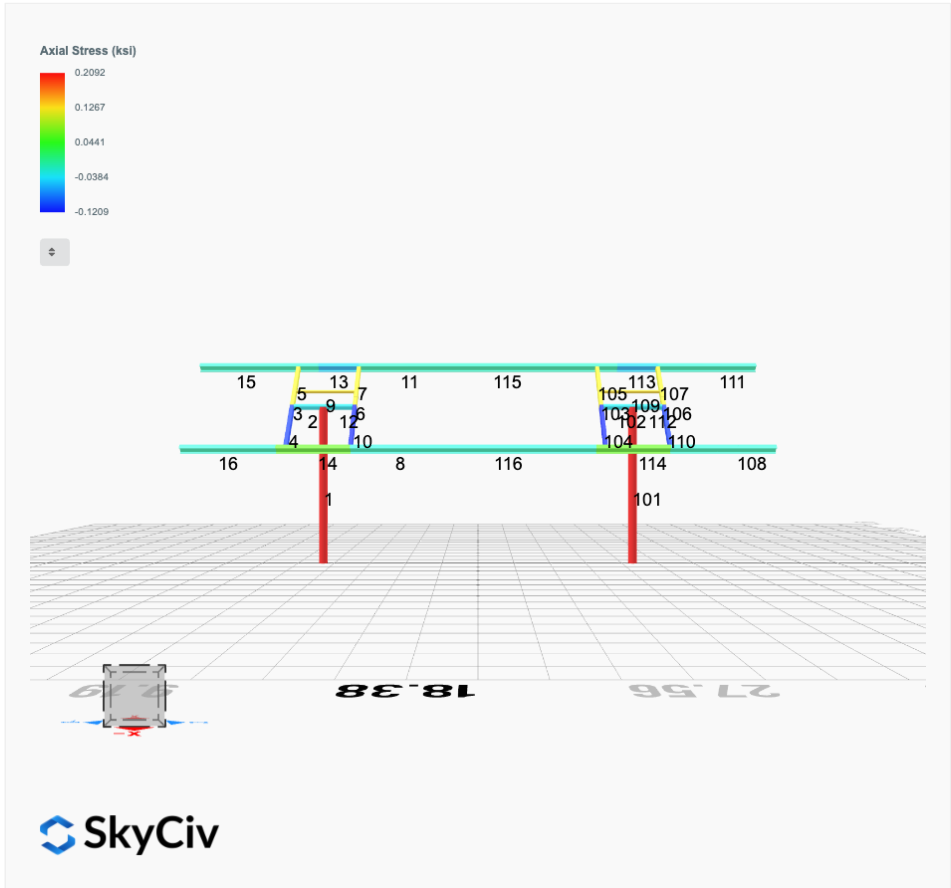
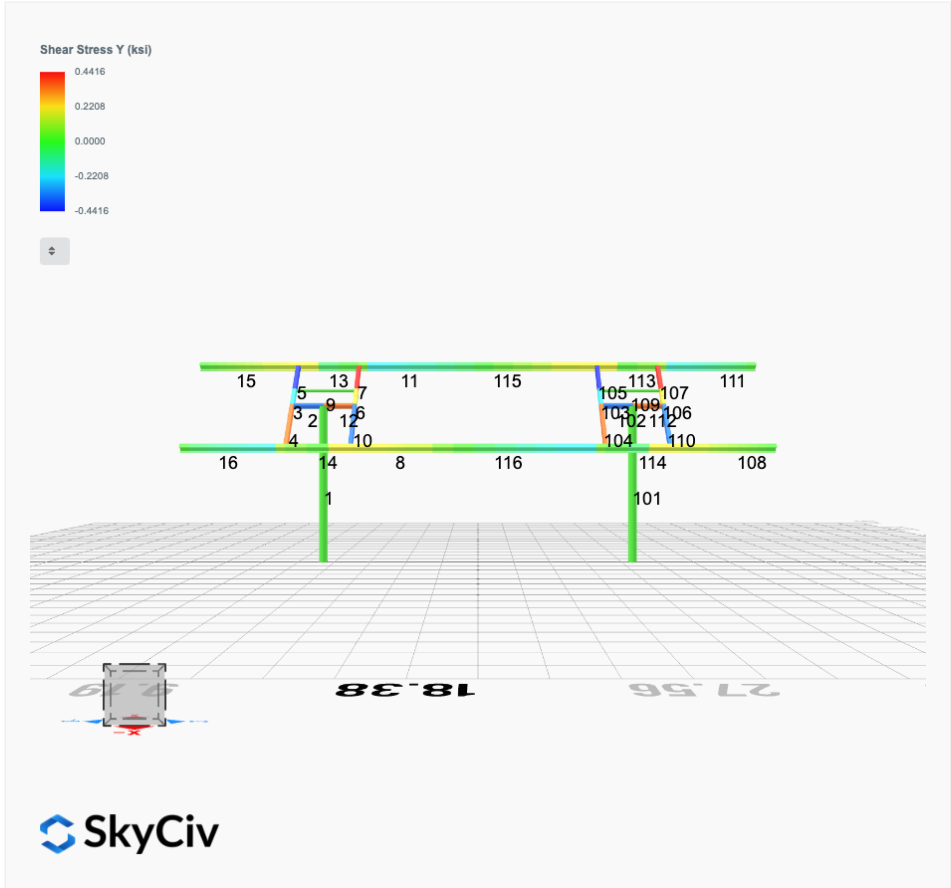


Top Bending Stress Z (ksi)



Top Bending Stress Y (ksi)





Reaction Forces for Foundation 1 (Node ID#1), (kip, kip-ft)

ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	0.0000	1.8422	-0.0047	-0.0126	0.0334	0.0172
ULS: 2. D + L	0.0000	1.8422	-0.0047	-0.0126	0.0334	0.0172
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0000	3.0100	-0.0082	-0.0221	0.0591	0.0197
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0000	1.8422	-0.0047	-0.0126	0.0334	0.0172
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0000	2.7180	-0.0074	-0.0197	0.0526	0.0191
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0000	1.8422	-0.0047	-0.0126	0.0334	0.0172
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	0.0000	1.8422	-0.0047	-0.0126	0.0334	0.0172
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	0.0000	2.7180	-0.0074	-0.0197	0.0526	0.0191
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	0.0000	1.1053	-0.0028	-0.0076	0.0200	0.0103
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.9452	3.7207	-0.0243	-0.0708	0.0897	19.8097
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	0.0000	1.8422	-0.0047	-0.0126	0.0334	0.0172
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	1.9452	-0.0363	0.0149	0.0453	-0.0230	-19.0612
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0000	1.8422	-0.0047	-0.0126	0.0334	0.0172
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.4589	4.1269	-0.0220	-0.0634	0.0949	14.8635
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	0.0000	2.7180	-0.0074	-0.0197	0.0526	0.0191
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.4589	1.3092	0.0073	0.0237	0.0104	-14.2897
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0000	2.7180	-0.0074	-0.0197	0.0526	0.0191
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.4589	3.2510	-0.0194	-0.0562	0.0756	14.8616
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	0.0000	1.8422	-0.0047	-0.0126	0.0334	0.0172
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.4589	0.4333	0.0100	0.0308	-0.0089	-14.2916
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0000	1.8422	-0.0047	-0.0126	0.0334	0.0172
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.9452	2.9838	-0.0224	-0.0657	0.0764	19.8028
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	0.0000	1.1053	-0.0028	-0.0076	0.0200	0.0103
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	1.9452	-0.7731	0.0167	0.0503	-0.0363	-19.0681
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0000	1.1053	-0.0028	-0.0076	0.0200	0.0103

Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	5.9253
Shear X	-3.2420
Shear Z	-0.0402
Moment X	-0.1175
Moment Y (Twist)	0.1470
Moment Z	33.6143

Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	4.1269
Shear X	-1.9452
Shear Z	-0.0243
Moment X	-0.0708
Moment Y (Twist)	0.0949
Moment Z	19.8097

Reaction Forces for Foundation 2 (Node ID#101), (kip, kip-ft)

ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	-0.0000	1.8422	0.0047	0.0126	-0.0334	0.0172
ULS: 2. D + L	-0.0000	1.8422	0.0047	0.0126	-0.0334	0.0172
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	-0.0000	3.0100	0.0082	0.0221	-0.0591	0.0197
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	-0.0000	1.8422	0.0047	0.0126	-0.0334	0.0172
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	-0.0000	2.7180	0.0074	0.0197	-0.0526	0.0191
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	-0.0000	1.8422	0.0047	0.0126	-0.0334	0.0172
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	-0.0000	1.8422	0.0047	0.0126	-0.0334	0.0172

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	-0.0000	2.7180	0.0074	0.0197	-0.0526	0.0191
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	-0.0000	1.1053	0.0028	0.0076	-0.0200	0.0103
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.9452	3.7207	0.0243	0.0708	-0.0897	19.8097
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.0000	1.8422	0.0047	0.0126	-0.0334	0.0172
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	1.9452	-0.0363	-0.0149	-0.0453	0.0230	-19.0612
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	-0.0000	1.8422	0.0047	0.0126	-0.0334	0.0172
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.4589	4.1269	0.0220	0.0634	-0.0949	14.8635
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.0000	2.7180	0.0074	0.0197	-0.0526	0.0191
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.4589	1.3092	-0.0073	-0.0237	-0.0104	-14.2897
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	-0.0000	2.7180	0.0074	0.0197	-0.0526	0.0191
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.4589	3.2510	0.0194	0.0562	-0.0756	14.8616
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.0000	1.8422	0.0047	0.0126	-0.0334	0.0172
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.4589	0.4333	-0.0100	-0.0308	0.0089	-14.2916
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	-0.0000	1.8422	0.0047	0.0126	-0.0334	0.0172
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.9452	2.9838	0.0224	0.0657	-0.0764	19.8028
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.0000	1.1053	0.0028	0.0076	-0.0200	0.0103
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	1.9452	-0.7731	-0.0167	-0.0503	0.0363	-19.0681
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	-0.0000	1.1053	0.0028	0.0076	-0.0200	0.0103

Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	5.9253
Shear X	-3.2420
Shear Z	0.0402
Moment X	0.1174
Moment Y (Twist)	0.1472
Moment Z	33.6149

Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	4.1269
Shear X	-1.9452
Shear Z	0.0243
Moment X	0.0708
Moment Y (Twist)	0.0949
Moment Z	19.8097

Project Details

Design Code: AISC 360-16 LRFD
Provision: LRFD
Country: United States

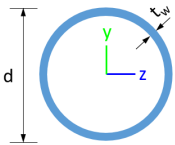
User Name: sales@mtsolar.us
Unit System: imperial



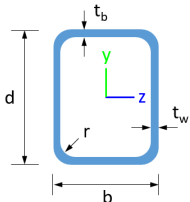
Design Input Information

Design Factors			
Φ_t	Φ_c	Φ_b	Φ_v
0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9

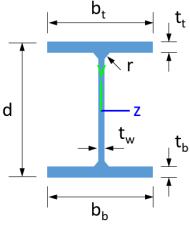
Design Materials			
ID	E (ksi)	F_y (ksi)	F_u (ksi)
1	29000	50	65

Section Dimensions							
							

ID	Name	d (in)	t_w (in)				
1	2in Pipe Sch 40	2.38	0.15				
4	4in Pipe Sch 40	4.50	0.24				
7	6in Pipe Sch 40	6.63	0.28				

							
---	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

ID	Name	d (in)	b (in)	t_w (in)	t_b (in)	r (in)	
15	HSS5x3x1/8	5.00	3.00	0.12	0.12	0.12	

							
---	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

ID	Name	d (in)	t_w (in)	b_f (in)	b_b (in)	t_f (in)	t_b (in)	r (in)
18	W6x9	5.90	0.17	3.94	3.94	0.21	0.21	0.25

Section Properties								
ID	Name	A (in ²)	J (in ⁴)	I_{yp} (in ⁴)	I_{zp} (in ⁴)	I_w (in ⁶)	S_{yp} (in ³)	S_{zp} (in ³)
1	2in Pipe Sch 40	1.07	1.33	0.67	0.67	0.00	0.76	0.76
4	4in Pipe Sch 40	3.17	14.47	7.23	7.23	0.00	4.31	4.31
7	6in Pipe Sch 40	5.58	56.28	28.14	28.14	0.00	11.28	11.28

15	HSS5x3x1/8	1.77	6.02	2.75	6.03	0.51	2.07	2.93
18	W6x9	2.68	0.04	2.20	16.40	17.70	1.72	6.23

Member Properties									
Member ID	Section ID	K _z L (ft)	K _y L (ft)	L _b (ft)	C _b	L S T	L S C	L D	
1	7	20.97	20.97	9.99	-	300	200	1	
2	4	2.00	1.30	2.00	-	300	200	1	
3	15	0.92	0.92	1.42	1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.21,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.17,1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.19	300	200	1	
4	15	2.44	2.44	3.75	1.68,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.73,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.65,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68	300	200	1	
5	15	1.52	1.52	2.33	1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.71,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68	300	200	1	
6	15	0.92	0.92	1.42	1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.21,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18	300	200	1	
7	15	1.52	1.52	2.33	1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.71,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68	300	200	1	
8	18	1.33	1.33	2.05	2.14,2.14,2.14,2.14,2.14,2.14,2.12,2.14,2.11,2.14,2.12,2.14,2.12,2.14,2.12,2.14,2.12,2.14,2.12,2.14,2.12,2.14,2.12,2.14,2.12,2.14	300	200	1	
9	1	2.60	2.60	4.00	-	300	200	1	
10	15	2.44	2.44	3.75	1.68,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.73,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.65,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68	300	200	1	
11	18	1.33	1.33	2.05	2.15,2.16,2.15,2.16,2.16,2.15,2.12,2.16,2.11,2.16,2.12,2.15,2.12,2.15,2.13,2.16,2.36,2.16,2.12,2.15,2.11,2.15,2.12,2.15,2.12,2.15	300	200	1	
12	4	1.30	1.30	2.00	-	300	200	1	
13	18	4.88	4.00	7.50	1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.08,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10	300	200	1	
14	18	4.88	4.00	7.50	1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.08,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10	300	200	1	
15	18	9.97	9.97	4.75	2.33,2.33	300	200	1	
16	18	9.97	9.97	4.75	2.33,2.33	300	200	1	
101	7	20.97	20.97	9.99	-	300	200	1	
102	4	1.30	1.30	2.00	-	300	200	1	
103	15	0.92	0.92	1.42	1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.21,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18	300	200	1	
104	15	2.44	2.44	3.75	1.68,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.73,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.65,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68	300	200	1	
105	15	1.52	1.52	2.33	1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.71,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68	300	200	1	
106	15	0.92	0.92	1.42	1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.21,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.17,1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.19	300	200	1	
107	15	1.52	1.52	2.33	1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.71,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68	300	200	1	

113	120.00	66.03	15.90	6.45	30.09	45.74
116	120.60	68.63	15.98	6.45	30.09	45.74

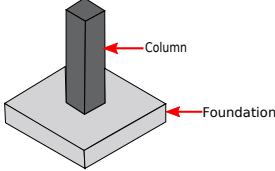
Design Ratio

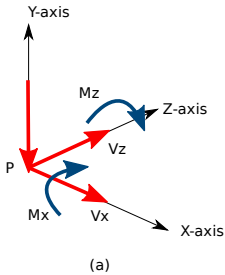
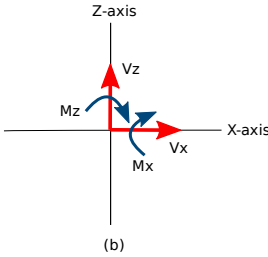
Member ID	P	M _z	M _y	V _y	V _z	(P,M _z ,M _y)	Worst LC	KL/r	δ	Status
1	0.059	0.795	0.007	0.043	0.001	0.827	#13	0.560	Not Required	Pass
2	0.002	0.305	0.212	0.067	0.039	0.518	#13	0.053	Not Required	Pass
3	0.009	0.544	0.082	0.055	0.006	0.603	#13	0.044	Not Required	Pass
4	0.008	0.542	0.222	0.054	0.027	0.631	#13	0.078	Not Required	Pass
5	0.009	0.337	0.232	0.054	0.034	0.373	#13	0.073	Not Required	Pass
6	0.009	0.527	0.089	0.053	0.008	0.588	#13	0.044	Not Required	Pass
7	0.009	0.327	0.233	0.052	0.035	0.366	#13	0.073	Not Required	Pass
8	0.000	0.038	0.081	0.034	0.010	0.110	#21	0.088	Not Required	Pass
9	0.010	0.046	0.049	0.001	0.000	0.098	#13	0.198	Not Required	Pass
10	0.009	0.524	0.228	0.053	0.029	0.637	#13	0.078	Not Required	Pass
11	0.000	0.038	0.082	0.034	0.010	0.112	#21	0.088	Not Required	Pass
12	0.002	0.287	0.203	0.066	0.038	0.491	#13	0.034	Not Required	Pass
13	0.005	0.189	0.236	0.044	0.012	0.378	#21	0.265	Not Required	Pass
14	0.005	0.192	0.236	0.044	0.012	0.378	#21	0.177	Not Required	Pass
15	0.000	0.081	0.126	0.026	0.007	0.189	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
16	0.000	0.081	0.126	0.026	0.007	0.189	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
101	0.059	0.795	0.007	0.043	0.001	0.827	#13	0.560	Not Required	Pass
102	0.002	0.287	0.203	0.066	0.038	0.491	#13	0.034	Not Required	Pass
103	0.009	0.527	0.089	0.053	0.008	0.588	#13	0.044	Not Required	Pass
104	0.009	0.524	0.228	0.053	0.029	0.637	#13	0.078	Not Required	Pass
105	0.009	0.327	0.233	0.052	0.035	0.366	#13	0.073	Not Required	Pass
106	0.009	0.544	0.082	0.055	0.006	0.603	#13	0.044	Not Required	Pass
107	0.009	0.337	0.232	0.054	0.034	0.373	#13	0.073	Not Required	Pass
108	0.000	0.081	0.126	0.026	0.007	0.189	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
109	0.010	0.046	0.049	0.001	0.000	0.098	#13	0.198	Not Required	Pass
110	0.008	0.542	0.222	0.054	0.027	0.631	#13	0.078	Not Required	Pass
111	0.000	0.081	0.126	0.026	0.007	0.189	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
112	0.002	0.305	0.212	0.067	0.039	0.518	#13	0.053	Not Required	Pass
113	0.005	0.189	0.236	0.044	0.012	0.378	#21	0.177	Not Required	Pass
114	0.005	0.192	0.236	0.044	0.012	0.378	#21	0.265	Not Required	Pass
115	0.000	0.142	0.127	0.034	0.010	0.237	#21	0.439	Not Required	Pass
116	0.000	0.142	0.128	0.034	0.010	0.238	#21	0.439	Not Required	Pass

Definitions

Φ_t	Safety factor for tensile
Φ_c	Safety factor for compression
Φ_b	Safety factor for flexure
Φ_v	Safety factor for shear
E	Modulus of elasticity
F _y	Specified minimum yield stress
F _u	Specified minimum tensile strength
A	Cross-sectional area
J	Torsional constant
I _{yp}	Moment of inertia about the Y axes
I _{zp}	Moment of inertia about the Z axes
I _w	Warping constant
S _{yp}	Plastic section modulus about the Y axis
S _{zp}	Plastic section modulus about the Z axis
KL	Effective length
C _b	Buckling modification factor (from all load combinations)
L _b	Length between braced points

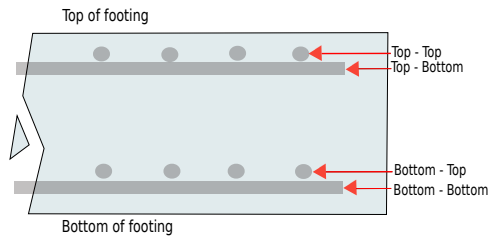
u	Length between brace points
LST	Limited slenderness for tension
LSC	Limited slenderness for compression
LD	Limited deflection
P_n	Nominal axial strength (tension/compression)
M_n	Nominal flexural strength (about Z/Y axis)
V_n	Nominal shear strength (along Z/Y axis)
P	Design ratio in case of axial force
M_z	Design ratio in case of bending about Z axis
M_y	Design ratio in case of bending about Y axis
V_y	Design ratio in case of shear along Y axis
V_z	Design ratio in case of shear along Z axis
(P, M_z, M_y)	Design ratio in case of axial force and bending action
KL/r	Design ratio in case of section slenderness
δ	Design ratio in case of member deflection
OK	Capacity is provided
NG	Capacity is not provided

REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS
	SkyCiv Foundation Design Design Information : Isolated Foundation Design code : ACI-318-2014 (American Concrete Institute) Unit System : Imperial Project Details : Project Name : Sunlux Client : Sunlux Designer : Travis Company : MT Solar Notes :	
	GEOMETRY:  Foundation: $l_z = 48$ in - Depth, $l_x = 48$ in - Width, $t = 43$ in - Thickness, Column: $c_x = 18$ in - Width, $c_z = 18$ in - Depth, $h_{column} = 1$ in - Height, $z_{offset} = 0$ in - Offset Along Z-axis, $x_{offset} = 0$ in - Offset Along X-axis, MATERIAL PROPERTIES: Concrete: $f'_c = 2500$ psi - Specified compressive strength of concrete, Steel: $f_y = 40000$ psi - Specified yield strength for nonprestressed reinforcement, Densities: $\gamma_{soil} = 120$ lbf/ft³ - Soil unit weight, $\gamma_{conc} = 150$ lbf/ft³ - Concrete unit weight, $\gamma_{water} = 62.4$ lbf/ft³ - Water unit weight, SOIL PARAMETERS: $h_{soil} = 0$ in - Soil thickness, $\theta_{friction} = 40$ - Angle of internal friction, $\mu_{friction} = 0.45$ - Coefficient of friction, $q = 0$ ksf - Surcharge area load, $\sigma_{bearing} = 3$ ksf - Allowable Soil Bearing capacity (gross), REINFORCEMENTS: Footing: Bottom reinforcement (x-direction): 0.375inØ; at 12in spacing Bottom reinforcement (z-direction): 0.375inØ; at 12in spacing Column: Main reinforcement: 3pcs -0.375inØ; Secondary reinforcement: 0.375inØ; at 12in spacing MISCELLANEOUS: $cc_{top} = 3$ in - Concrete cover at top, $cc_{bot} = 3$ in - Concrete cover at bottom, $SW_{factor} = 1$ - Selfweight Factor,	
Table 20.6.1.3.1 Table 20.6.1.3.1	GEOMETRIC VALUES: A_{ftg} - Area of a square $A_{ftg} = l_z l_x$ $A_{ftg} = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$ $A_{ftg} = 2304 \text{ in}^2$ A_{col} - Area of a square $A_{col} = c_z c_x$ $A_{col} = (18 \text{ in}) \times (18 \text{ in})$	

	$A_{col} = 324 \text{ in}^2$ V_{ftg} - Volume of foundation, $V_{ftg} = A_{ftg} t$ $V_{ftg} = (2304 \text{ in}^2) \times (43 \text{ in})$ $V_{ftg} = 57.333 \text{ ft}^3$ V_{col} - Volume of column, $V_{col} = A_{col} h_{column}$ $V_{col} = (324 \text{ in}^2) \times (1 \text{ in})$ $V_{col} = 0.1875 \text{ ft}^3$										
	SELF WEIGHTS SW_{col} - Self weight of column, $SW_{col} = V_{col} \gamma_{conc} SW_{factor}$ $SW_{col} = (0.1875 \text{ ft}^3) \times (150 \text{ lbf/ft}^3) \times (1)$ $SW_{col} = 0.028125 \text{ kip}$ SW_{ftg} - Self weight of foundation, $SW_{ftg} = V_{ftg} \gamma_{conc} SW_{factor}$ $SW_{ftg} = (57.333 \text{ ft}^3) \times (150 \text{ lbf/ft}^3) \times (1)$ $SW_{ftg} = 8.6 \text{ kip}$ SW_{soil} - Self Weight of Soil, $SW_{soil} = [(A_{ftg} h_{soil}) - (A_{col} h_{soil})] \gamma_{soil} SW_{factor}$ $SW_{soil} = [(2304 \text{ in}^2) \times (0 \text{ in}) - (324 \text{ in}^2) \times (0 \text{ in})] \times (120 \text{ lbf/ft}^3) \times (1)$ $SW_{soil} = 0 \text{ kip}$ $SW_{buoyancy} = 0 \text{ kip}$ - Total Buoyant Weight, SW_{total} - Total weight, Excluding column weights. $SW_{total} = SW_{ftg} + SW_{soil} - SW_{buoyancy}$ $SW_{total} = (8.6 \text{ kip}) + (0 \text{ kip}) - (0 \text{ kip})$ $SW_{total} = 8.6 \text{ kip}$ Q - Surcharge load, $Q = q A_{ftg}$ $Q = (0 \text{ ksf}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)$ $Q = 0 \text{ kip}$										
	LOADS   (a) (b) Local Sign Convention Positive direction (+) in (a) X-Y-Z axis (b) X-Z axis Tabulation of input loads: <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse; text-align: center;"> <thead> <tr style="background-color: #d9e1f2;"> <th>Load Component</th><th>Service loads</th><th>Ultimate loads</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>P (kip)</td><td>4.127</td><td>5.925</td></tr> <tr> <td>V_x (kip)</td><td>-1.945</td><td>-3.242</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Load Component	Service loads	Ultimate loads	P (kip)	4.127	5.925	V_x (kip)	-1.945	-3.242	
Load Component	Service loads	Ultimate loads									
P (kip)	4.127	5.925									
V_x (kip)	-1.945	-3.242									

V_z (kip)	-0.024	-0.040
M_x (kipft)	-0.071	-0.117
M_z (kipft)	19.810	33.614

EFFECTIVE DEPTH



Designation of rebar positions

d_{bb} - Foundation effective depth at Bottom - Bottom

$$d_{bb} = t - cc_{bot} - \frac{\phi_{bottom,x}}{2.00}$$

$$d_{bb} = (43 \text{ in}) - (3 \text{ in}) - \frac{(0.375 \text{ in})}{2.00}$$

$$d_{bb} = 39.813 \text{ in}$$

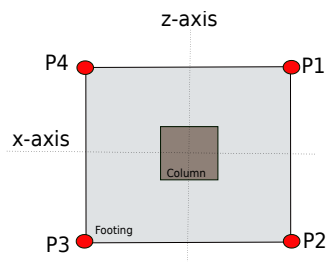
d_{bt} - Foundation effective depth at Bottom - Top

$$d_{bt} = t - cc_{bot} - \phi_{bottom,x} - \frac{\phi_{bottom,z}}{2.00}$$

$$d_{bt} = (43 \text{ in}) - (3 \text{ in}) - (0.375 \text{ in}) - \frac{(0.375 \text{ in})}{2.00}$$

$$d_{bt} = 39.438 \text{ in}$$

SOIL PRESSURE CHECK



Soil Pressure (sls):

Parameters

$SW_{total,sls}$ - Factored total weight,

$$SW_{total,sls} = [DL_{sls} (SW_{total} + SW_{col})] + (LL_{sls} Q)$$

$$SW_{total,sls} = [(1) \times ((8.6 \text{ kip}) + (0.028125 \text{ kip}))] + ((1) \times (0 \text{ kip}))$$

$$SW_{total,sls} = 8.6281 \text{ kip}$$

P_{sls} - Total axial load,

$$P_{sls} = P + SW_{total,sls}$$

$$P_{sls} = (4.1269 \text{ kip}) + (8.6281 \text{ kip})$$

$$P_{sls} = 12.755 \text{ kip}$$

$p_{column,sls}$ - Factored column load,

$$p_{column,sls} = P_{sls} - SW_{total,sls,net}$$

$$p_{column,sls} = (12.755 \text{ kip}) - (8.6 \text{ kip})$$

$$p_{column,sls} = 4.155 \text{ kip}$$

M - Total moment in the x-direction,

$$M = M_{x,sls,1} + [V_{x,sls,1} (h_{column} + t)] + (p_{column,sls} z_{offset})$$

$$M = (-0.070782 \text{ kipft}) + [(-0.024268 \text{ kip}) \times ((1 \text{ in}) + (43 \text{ in}))] + ((4.155 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ in}))$$

$$M = -0.15976 \text{ kipft}$$

M - Total moment in the z-direction,

M - Total moment in the z-direction,

$$M = M_{z,sls,1} + [V_{x,sls,1} (h_{column} + t)] + (p_{column,sls} x_{offset})$$

$$M = (19.81 \text{ kipft}) + [(-1.9452 \text{ kip}) \times ((1 \text{ in}) + (43 \text{ in}))] + ((4.155 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ in}))$$

$$M = 12.677 \text{ kipft}$$

e_x - Eccentricity in the x-direction,

$$e_x = \frac{M}{P_{sls}}$$

$$e_x = \frac{(12.677 \text{ kipft})}{(12.755 \text{ kip})}$$

$$e_x = 0.99391 \text{ ft}$$

e_z - Eccentricity in the z-direction,

$$e_z = \frac{M}{P_{sls}}$$

$$e_z = \frac{(-0.15976 \text{ kipft})}{(12.755 \text{ kip})}$$

$$e_z = -0.012526 \text{ ft}$$

The eccentricity (0.994, -0.013) falls under: **zone E**

P_2

$$P_2 = \frac{P_{sls}}{3 l_x l_z} \left(2 - \sqrt{1 - \frac{12 e_z^2}{l_z^2}} \right) \left(1 + \frac{6 e_x}{l_z} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{12 e_z^2}{l_z^2}} \right) \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{e_x}{l_z}}$$

$$P_2 = \frac{(12.755)}{3 \times (48) \times (48)} \times \left(2 - \sqrt{1 - \frac{12 \times (-0.012526)^2}{(48)^2}} \right) \times \left(1 + \frac{6 \times (-0.012526)}{(48)} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{12 \times (-0.012526)^2}{(48)^2}} \right) \times \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{(0.99391)}{(48)}}$$

$$P_2 = 2.1329 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

P_1

$$P_1 = \frac{P_{sls}}{3 l_x l_z} \left(2 - \sqrt{1 - \frac{12 e_z^2}{l_z^2}} \right) \left(1 - \frac{6 e_x}{l_z} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{12 e_z^2}{l_z^2}} \right) \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{e_x}{l_z}}$$

$$P_1 = \frac{(12.755)}{3 \times (48) \times (48)} \times \left(2 - \sqrt{1 - \frac{12 \times (-0.012526)^2}{(48)^2}} \right) \times \left(1 - \frac{6 \times (-0.012526)}{(48)} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{12 \times (-0.012526)^2}{(48)^2}} \right) \times \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{(0.99391)}{(48)}}$$

$$P_1 = 2.0932 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$P_3 = 0 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ - Soil pressure at

$P_4 = 0 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ - Soil pressure at

q_{sls} - Maximum unfactored soil pressure,

$$q_{sls} = \text{MAX}[P_1, P_2, P_3, P_4]$$

$$q_{sls} = \text{MAX}[(2.0932 \text{ kip/ft}^2), (2.1329 \text{ kip/ft}^2), (0 \text{ kip/ft}^2), (0 \text{ kip/ft}^2)]$$

$$q_{sls} = 2.1329 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Soil Pressure (uls):

Parameters

$SW_{total,uls}$ - Factored total weight,

$$SW_{total,uls} = [DL_{uls} (SW_{total} + SW_{col})] + (LL_{uls} Q)$$

$$SW_{total,uls} = [(1.2) \times ((8.6 \text{ kip}) + (0.028125 \text{ kip}))] + ((1.6) \times (0 \text{ kip}))$$

$$SW_{total,uls} = 10.354 \text{ kip}$$

P_{uls} - Total axial load,

$$P_{uls} = P + SW_{total,uls}$$

$$P_{uls} = (5.9253 \text{ kip}) + (10.354 \text{ kip})$$

$$P_{uls} = 16.279 \text{ kip}$$

$p_{column,uls}$ - Factored column load,

$$p_{column,uls} = P_{uls} - SW_{total,uls,net}$$

$$p_{column,uls} = (16.279 \text{ kip}) - (10.32 \text{ kip})$$

$$p_{column,uls} = 5.9591 \text{ kip}$$

M - Total moment in the x-direction,

$$M = M_{x,uls,1} + [V_{x,uls,1} (h_{column} + t)] + (p_{column,uls} z_{offset})$$

$$M = (-0.11745 \text{ kipft}) + [(-0.040189 \text{ kip}) \times ((1 \text{ in}) + (43 \text{ in}))] + ((5.9591 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ in}))$$

$$M = -0.26481 \text{ kipft}$$

M - Total moment in the z-direction,

$$M = M_{z,uls,1} + [V_{z,uls,1} (h_{column} + t)] + (p_{column,uls} x_{offset})$$

$$M = (33.614 \text{ kipft}) + [(-3.242 \text{ kip}) \times ((1 \text{ in}) + (43 \text{ in}))] + ((5.9591 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ in}))$$

$$M = 21.727 \text{ kipft}$$

e_x - Eccentricity in the x-direction,

$$e_x = \frac{M}{P_{uls}}$$

$$e_x = \frac{(21.727 \text{ kipft})}{(16.279 \text{ kip})}$$

$$e_x = 1.3346 \text{ ft}$$

e_z - Eccentricity in the z-direction,

$$e_z = \frac{M}{P_{uls}}$$

$$e_z = \frac{(-0.26481 \text{ kipft})}{(16.279 \text{ kip})}$$

$$e_z = -0.016267 \text{ ft}$$

The eccentricity (1.335, -0.016) falls under: **zone E**

P_2

$$P_2 = \frac{P_{uls}}{3 l_x l_z} \left(2 - \sqrt{1 - \frac{12 e_z^2}{l_z^2}} \right) \left(1 + \frac{6 e_x}{l_z} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{12 e_x^2}{l_x^2}} \right) \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{e_x}{l_x}}$$

$$P_2 = \frac{(16.279)}{3 \times (48) \times (48)} \times \left(2 - \sqrt{1 - \frac{12 \times (-0.016267)^2}{(48)^2}} \right) \times \left(1 + \frac{6 \times (-0.016267)}{(48)} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{12 \times (-0.016267)^2}{(48)^2}} \right) \times \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{(1.3346)}{(48)}}$$

$$P_2 = 4.1278 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

P_1

$$P_1 = \frac{P_{uls}}{3 l_x l_z} \left(2 - \sqrt{1 - \frac{12 e_x^2}{l_x^2}} \right) \left(1 - \frac{6 e_z}{l_z} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{12 e_z^2}{l_z^2}} \right) \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{e_z}{l_z}}$$

$$P_1 = \frac{(16.279)}{3 \times (48) \times (48)} \times \left(2 - \sqrt{1 - \frac{12 \times (-0.016267)^2}{(48)^2}} \right) \times \left(1 - \frac{6 \times (-0.016267)}{(48)} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{12 \times (-0.016267)^2}{(48)^2}} \right) \times \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{(1.3346)}{(48)}}$$

$$P_1 = 4.0283 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$P_3 = 0 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ - Soil pressure at

$P_4 = 0 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ - Soil pressure at

q_{uls} - Maximum factored soil pressure,

$$q_{uls} = \text{MAX}[P_1, P_2, P_3, P_4]$$

$$q_{uls} = \text{MAX}[(4.0283 \text{ kip/ft}^2), (4.1278 \text{ kip/ft}^2), (0 \text{ kip/ft}^2), (0 \text{ kip/ft}^2)]$$

$$q_{uls} = 4.1278 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Summary:

Corner Pressure	p1	p2	p3	p4
Service	2.093	2.133	0.000	0.000
Ultimate	4.028	4.128	0.000	0.000

Check soil bearing capacity ratio:

Ratio

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{q_{sls}}{\sigma_{bearing}}$$

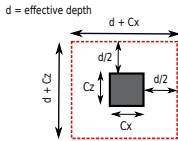
$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(2.1329 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(3 \text{ ksf})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.71096$$

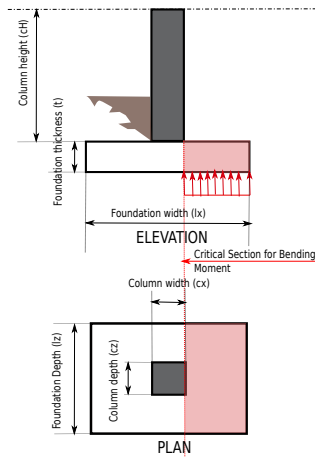
Status: **PASS**

		Ratio = 0.711
	UPLIFT CHECK <i>Uplift stability considers axial loads only</i> <i>Note: Refer to the service load combinations table</i> Minimum SLS axial force = 12.755 kip ∴ Uplift does not exist!	Status: PASS Ratio = 0.000
	SLIDING CHECK $\phi_{friction}$ - Angle of internal friction (rad), $\phi_{friction} = \theta_{friction} \frac{\pi}{180}$ $\phi_{friction} = (40) \times \frac{\pi}{180}$ $\phi_{friction} = 0.69813$ k_p - Passive Coefficient, $k_p = \frac{1 + \sin \phi_{friction}}{1 - \sin \phi_{friction}}$ $k_p = \frac{1 + \sin(0.69813)}{1 - \sin(0.69813)}$ $k_p = 4.5989$ P_{mid} - Pressure at mid depth, $P_{mid} = k_p \gamma_{soil} \left(h_{soil} + \frac{t}{2} \right)$ $P_{mid} = (4.5989) \times (120 \text{ lbf/ft}^3) \times \left((0 \text{ in}) + \frac{(43 \text{ in})}{2} \right)$ $P_{mid} = 0.98877 \text{ ksf}$ Sliding check along the x-direction: $F_{p,x}$ - Passive Force, $F_{p,x} = P_{mid} t l_z$ $F_{p,x} = (0.98877 \text{ ksf}) \times (43 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$ $F_{p,x} = 14.172 \text{ kip}$ F_f - Friction Force, $F_f = \mu_{friction} P_{sls}$ $F_f = (0.45) \times (12.755 \text{ kip})$ $F_f = 5.7398 \text{ kip}$ FOS_{actual} - Actual Factor of Safety for Sliding, $FOS_{actual} = \frac{F_{p,x} + F_f}{V_{x,sls,1}}$ $FOS_{actual} = \frac{(14.172 \text{ kip}) + (5.7398 \text{ kip})}{(-1.9452 \text{ kip})}$ $FOS_{actual} = -10.236$ Ratio $Ratio = \frac{FOS_{allowable}}{FOS_{actual}}$ $Ratio = \frac{(1.5)}{(-10.236)}$ $Ratio = 0.14653$ Sliding check along the z-direction: $F_{p,z}$ - Passive Force, $F_{p,z} = P_{mid} t l_x$ $F_{p,z} = (0.98877 \text{ ksf}) \times (43 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$ $F_{p,z} = 14.172 \text{ kip}$	Status: PASS Ratio = 0.147

	F_f - Friction Force, $F_f = \mu_{friction} P_{sls}$ $F_f = (0.45) \times (12.755 \text{ kip})$ $F_f = 5.7398 \text{ kip}$ FOS_{actual} - Actual Factor of Safety for Sliding, $FOS_{actual} = \frac{F_{p,z} + F_f}{V_{z,sls,1}}$ $FOS_{actual} = \frac{(14.172 \text{ kip}) + (5.7398 \text{ kip})}{(-0.024268 \text{ kip})}$ $FOS_{actual} = -820.51$ Ratio $Ratio = \frac{FOS_{allowable}}{FOS_{actual}}$ $Ratio = \frac{(1.5)}{(-820.51)}$ $Ratio = 0.0018281$	Status: PASS Ratio = 0.002
	OVERTURNING CHECK Overturning along the x-direction: FOS_{actual} - Actual Factor of Safety for Overturning, $FOS_{actual} = \frac{(\frac{l_x}{2})}{e_x}$ $FOS_{actual} = \frac{(\frac{(48 \text{ in})}{2})}{(0.99391 \text{ ft})}$ $FOS_{actual} = 2.0123$ Ratio $Ratio = \frac{FOS_{allowable}}{FOS_{actual}}$ $Ratio = \frac{(2)}{(2.0123)}$ $Ratio = 0.99391$ Overturning along the z-direction: FOS_{actual} - Actual Factor of Safety for Overturning, $FOS_{actual} = \frac{(\frac{l_z}{2})}{e_z}$ $FOS_{actual} = \frac{(\frac{(48 \text{ in})}{2})}{(-0.012526 \text{ ft})}$ $FOS_{actual} = 159.67$ Ratio $Ratio = \frac{FOS_{allowable}}{FOS_{actual}}$ $Ratio = \frac{(2)}{(159.67)}$ $Ratio = 0.012526$	Status: PASS Ratio = 0.994 Status: PASS Ratio = 0.013
Table 21.2.2	ONE WAY SHEAR CHECK $\theta_{shear} = 0.75$ - Shear reduction factor, d - Critical depth, $d = \frac{d_{bb} + d_{bz}}{2}$ $d = \frac{(39.813 \text{ in}) + (39.438 \text{ in})}{2}$	

	$d = \frac{s}{2}$ $d = 39.625 \text{ in}$ Critical section along the x-direction: 20.6.1.3.1 $V_{demand,x}$ - Shear demand, $V_{demand,x} = q_{uls} \left(\frac{l_z}{2} + z_{offset} - \frac{c_z}{2} - d \right) l_z$ $V_{demand,x} = (4.1278 \text{ kip/ft}^2) \times \left(\frac{(48 \text{ in})}{2} + (0 \text{ in}) - \frac{(18 \text{ in})}{2} - (39.625 \text{ in}) \right) \times (48 \text{ in})$ $V_{demand,x} = -33.882 \text{ kip}$ $V_{capacity,x}$ - Shear Capacity $V_{capacity,x} = \theta_{shear} 2 \lambda \sqrt{f'_c} l_z d$ $V_{capacity,x} = (0.75) \times 2 \times (1) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (39.625 \text{ in})$ $V_{capacity,x} = 142650 \text{ lbf}$ Critical section along the z-direction: 20.6.1.3.1 $V_{demand,z}$ - Shear demand, $V_{demand,z} = q_{uls} \left(\frac{l_x}{2} + x_{offset} - \frac{c_x}{2} - d \right) l_z$ $V_{demand,z} = (4.1278 \text{ kip/ft}^2) \times \left(\frac{(48 \text{ in})}{2} + (0 \text{ in}) - \frac{(18 \text{ in})}{2} - (39.625 \text{ in}) \right) \times (48 \text{ in})$ $V_{demand,z} = -33.882 \text{ kip}$ $V_{capacity,z}$ - Shear Capacity $V_{capacity,z} = \theta_{shear} 2 \lambda \sqrt{f'_c} l_x d$ $V_{capacity,z} = (0.75) \times 2 \times (1) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (39.625 \text{ in})$ $V_{capacity,z} = 142650 \text{ lbf}$ Governing shear capacity and demand: V_{demand} - Governing shear demand, $V_{demand} = MAX[V_{demand,x}, V_{demand,z}]$ $V_{demand} = MAX[(-33.882 \text{ kip}), (-33.882 \text{ kip})]$ $V_{demand} = -33.882 \text{ kip}$ $V_{capacity}$ - Governing shear capacity, $V_{capacity} = MIN[V_{capacity,x}, V_{capacity,z}]$ $V_{capacity} = MIN[(142650 \text{ lbf}), (142650 \text{ lbf})]$ $V_{capacity} = 142.65 \text{ kip}$ Check capacity ratio: Ratio $Ratio = \frac{V_{demand}}{V_{capacity}}$ $Ratio = \frac{(-33.882 \text{ kip})}{(142.65 \text{ kip})}$ $Ratio = 0.23752$ Status: PASS Ratio = 0.238	
22.6.5.3	TWO WAY SHEAR CHECK  Parameters: $\alpha_s = 20$ - Column position factor (corner) $\lambda = 1$ - Concrete weight type factor, ∴ Critical punching area lies outside the base area: hence, punching shear cannot be checked.	

FLEXURE CHECK



Flexural check along the x-direction:

$M_{demand,x}$ - Moment demand

$$M_{demand,x} = q_{uls} \left(\frac{l_x - c_x}{2} + |x_{offset}| \right) l_z$$

$$M_{demand,x} = (4.1278 \text{ kip/ft}^2) \times \left(\frac{(48 \text{ in}) - (18 \text{ in})}{2} + |(0 \text{ in})| \right) \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$M_{demand,x} = 12.899 \text{ kipft}$$

n - No. of reinforcement

$$n = \left[\frac{l_z - (2 c_{bot}) - \phi_{bottom,x}}{s_{bottom,x}} \right] + 1$$

$$n = \left[\frac{(48 \text{ in}) - (2 \times (3 \text{ in})) - (0.375 \text{ in})}{(12 \text{ in})} \right] + 1$$

$$n = 5$$

A_g - Area gross of the foundation

$$A_g = t l_z$$

$$A_g = (43 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$A_g = 2064 \text{ in}^2$$

Table 8.6.1.1 $A_{s,min}$ - Minimum area of reinforcement

$$A_{s,min} = 0.0020 A_g$$

$$A_{s,min} = 0.0020 \times (2064 \text{ in}^2)$$

$$A_{s,min} = 4.128 \text{ in}^2$$

A_{rebar} - Reinforcement area

$$A_{rebar} = \frac{\pi}{4} (\phi_{bottom,x})^2$$

$$A_{rebar} = \frac{\pi}{4} \times ((0.375 \text{ in}))^2$$

$$A_{rebar} = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$$

$A_{s,prov}$ - Total reinforcement area

$$A_{s,prov} = n \frac{\pi \phi_{bottom,x}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{s,prov} = (5) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{s,prov} = 0.55223 \text{ in}^2$$

Check reinforcement ratio:

Ratio

		$Ratio = \frac{A_{s,min}}{A_{s,prov}}$ $Ratio = \frac{(4.128 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.55223 \text{ in}^2)}$ $Ratio = 7.4751$		
		Since $2500 \text{ psi} \leq f'_c \leq 4000 \text{ psi}$: $\beta_1 = 0.85$ - Equivalent rectangular concrete stress distribution a - Depth of equivalent rectangular stress block, $a = \frac{A_{s,prov} f_y}{0.85 f'_c l_z}$ $a = \frac{(0.55223 \text{ in}^2) \times (40000 \text{ psi})}{0.85 \times (2500 \text{ psi}) \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $a = 0.21656 \text{ in}$		
	22.2.2.4.2	c - Distance from the extreme compression fiber to neutral axis, $c = \frac{a}{\beta_1}$ $c = \frac{(0.21656 \text{ in})}{(0.85)}$ $c = 0.25478 \text{ in}$		
	21.2.2	$\epsilon_c = 0.003$ - Compressive strain,		
	21.2.2	ϵ_t - Tensile strain in the reinforcement, $\epsilon_t = \frac{\epsilon_c}{c} (d - c)$ $\epsilon_t = \frac{(0.003)}{(0.25478 \text{ in})} \times ((39.625 \text{ in}) - (0.25478 \text{ in}))$ $\epsilon_t = 0.46358$		
	Table 21.2.2	Since $\epsilon_t \geq 0.005$ (Tension-controlled): $\phi = 0.9$ - Strength reduction factor., $M_{capacity,x}$ - Moment Capacity $M_{capacity,x} = \phi A_{s,prov} f_y \left(d - \frac{a}{2} \right)$ $M_{capacity,x} = (0.9) \times (0.55223 \text{ in}^2) \times (40000 \text{ psi}) \times \left((39.625 \text{ in}) - \frac{(0.21656 \text{ in})}{2} \right)$ $M_{capacity,x} = 65.467 \text{ kipft}$ Flexural check along the z-direction: $M_{demand,z}$ - Moment demand $M_{demand,z} = q_{uls} \left(\frac{l_z - c_z}{2} + z_{offset} \right) l_z$ $\frac{\left(\frac{l_z - c_z}{2} + z_{offset} \right)}{2}$ $M_{demand,z} = (4.1278 \text{ kip/ft}^2) \times \left(\frac{(48 \text{ in}) - (18 \text{ in})}{2} + (0 \text{ in}) \right) \times (48 \text{ in})$ $\times \frac{\left(\frac{(48 \text{ in}) - (18 \text{ in})}{2} + (0 \text{ in}) \right)}{2}$ $M_{demand,z} = 12.899 \text{ kipft}$		
		n - No. of reinforcement $n = \left\lceil \frac{l_x - (2 c_{c,bot}) - \phi_{bottom,z}}{s_{bottom,z}} \right\rceil + 1$ $n = \left\lceil \frac{(48 \text{ in}) - (2 \times (3 \text{ in})) - (0.375 \text{ in})}{(12 \text{ in})} \right\rceil + 1$ $n = 5$		
		A_g - Area gross of the foundation $A_g = t l_x$ $A_g = (43 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$		
				Status: FAIL Ratio = 7.475

		$A_g = 2004 \text{ in}^2$	
Table 8.6.1.1	$A_{s,min}$ - Minimum area of reinforcement	$A_{s,min} = 0.0020 A_g$ $A_{s,min} = 0.0020 \times (2064 \text{ in}^2)$ $A_{s,min} = 4.128 \text{ in}^2$	
	A_{rebar} - Reinforcement area	$A_{rebar} = \frac{\pi}{4} (\phi_{bottom,z})^2$ $A_{rebar} = \frac{\pi}{4} \times ((0.375 \text{ in}))^2$ $A_{rebar} = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$	
	$A_{s,prov}$ - Total reinforcement area	$A_{s,prov} = n \frac{\pi \phi_{bottom,z}^2}{4}$ $A_{s,prov} = (5) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$ $A_{s,prov} = 0.55223 \text{ in}^2$	
	Check reinforcement ratio: Ratio	$Ratio = \frac{A_{s,min}}{A_{s,prov}}$ $Ratio = \frac{(4.128 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.55223 \text{ in}^2)}$ $Ratio = 7.4751$	
Table 22.2.2.4.3	Since $2500 \text{ psi} \leq f'_c \leq 4000 \text{ psi}$: $\beta_1 = 0.85$ - Equivalent rectangular concrete stress distribution a - Depth of equivalent rectangular stress block,	$a = \frac{A_{s,prov} f_y}{0.85 f'_c l_x}$ $a = \frac{(0.55223 \text{ in}^2) \times (40000 \text{ psi})}{0.85 \times (2500 \text{ psi}) \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $a = 0.21656 \text{ in}$	Status: FAIL Ratio = 7.475
22.2.2.4.2	c - Distance from the extreme compression fiber to neutral axis,	$c = \frac{a}{\beta_1}$ $c = \frac{(0.21656 \text{ in})}{(0.85)}$ $c = 0.25478 \text{ in}$	
21.2.2	$\epsilon_c = 0.003$ - Compressive strain,		
21.2.2	ϵ_t - Tensile strain in the reinforcement,	$\epsilon_t = \frac{\epsilon_c}{c} (d - c)$ $\epsilon_t = \frac{(0.003)}{(0.25478 \text{ in})} \times ((39.625 \text{ in}) - (0.25478 \text{ in}))$ $\epsilon_t = 0.46358$	
Table 21.2.2	Since $\epsilon_t \geq 0.005$ (Tension-controlled): $\phi = 0.9$ - Strength reduction factor:, $M_{capacity,z}$ - Moment Capacity	$M_{capacity,z} = \phi A_{s,prov} f_y \left(d - \frac{a}{2} \right)$ $M_{capacity,z} = (0.9) \times (0.55223 \text{ in}^2) \times (40000 \text{ psi}) \times \left((39.625 \text{ in}) - \frac{(0.21656 \text{ in})}{2} \right)$ $M_{capacity,z} = 65.467 \text{ kipft}$	
	Governing moment capacity and demand: M_{demand} - Governing moment demand,		

	$M_{demand} = MAX[M_{demand,x}, M_{demand,z}]$ $M_{demand} = MAX[(12.899 \text{ kipft}), (12.899 \text{ kipft})]$ $M_{demand} = 12.899 \text{ kipft}$ $M_{capacity}$ - Governing moment capacity, $M_{capacity} = MIN[M_{capacity,x}, M_{capacity,z}]$ $M_{capacity} = MIN[(65.467 \text{ kipft}), (65.467 \text{ kipft})]$ $M_{capacity} = 65.467 \text{ kipft}$ Check capacity ratio: Ratio $Ratio = \frac{M_{demand}}{M_{capacity}}$ $Ratio = \frac{(12.899 \text{ kipft})}{(65.467 \text{ kipft})}$ $Ratio = 0.19703$	Status: PASS Ratio = 0.197
21.2.1(d) Table 22.8.3.2	LOAD TRANSFER OF COLUMN FORCES TO THE BASE Nominal bearing strength: ϕB_n $\phi B_n = MIN \left[\left(\phi \times \sqrt{\frac{A_1}{A_2}} \times 0.85 \times f'_c \times A_1 \right), \right. \\ \left. (\phi \times 2 (\times 0.85 \times f'_c \times A_1)) \right]$ Where: $A_1 = 324 \text{ in}^2$ - Bearing area of column, $A_2 = 324 \text{ in}^2$ - Footing area, $\phi = 0.65$ - Bearing strength reduction factor, ϕB_n $\phi B_n = MIN \left[\left(\phi \sqrt{\frac{A_1}{A_2}} 0.85 f'_c A_1 \right), \right. \\ \left. (\phi 2 (0.85 f'_c A_1)) \right]$ $\phi B_n = MIN \left[\left((0.65) \times \sqrt{\frac{(324 \text{ in}^2)}{(324 \text{ in}^2)}} \times 0.85 \times (2500 \text{ psi}) \times (324 \text{ in}^2) \right), \right. \\ \left. ((0.65) \times 2 (\times 0.85 \times (2500 \text{ psi}) \times (324 \text{ in}^2))) \right]$ $\phi B_n = 447.52 \text{ kip}$ Check capacity ratio: Ratio $Ratio = \frac{P_{axial}}{\phi B_n}$ $Ratio = \frac{(16.279 \text{ kip})}{(447.52 \text{ kip})}$ $Ratio = 0.036376$	Status: PASS Ratio = 0.036
25.4.9.1	DEVELOPMENT LENGTH Compression development length (column): $\psi_r = 1$ - Confining reinforcement factor, Compression development length shall be the greater of the following $l_{dc,1}$, $l_{dc,2}$, 8 in : $l_{dc,1} = \phi_{column} \frac{f_y \psi_r}{50 \lambda \sqrt{f'_c}}$ $l_{dc,1} = (0.375 \text{ in}) \times \frac{(40000 \text{ psi}) \times (1)}{50 \times (1) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})}}$ $l_{dc,1} = 6 \text{ in}$	

25.4.9.1	$l_{dc,2}$	$l_{dc,2} = 0.0003 f_y \psi_r \phi_{column}$ $l_{dc,2} = 0.0003 \times (40000 \text{ psi}) \times (1) \times (0.375 \text{ in})$ $l_{dc,2} = 4.5 \text{ in}$	
25.4.9.1	l_{dc}	$l_{dc} = MAX[l_{dc,1}, l_{dc,2}, 8 \text{ in}]$ $l_{dc} = MAX[(6 \text{ in}), (4.5 \text{ in}), (8 \text{ in})]$ $l_{dc} = 8 \text{ in}$	
Table 25.3.2	r - Minimum bend diameter,	$r = 4 \phi_{column}$ $r = 4 \times (0.375 \text{ in})$ $r = 1.5 \text{ in}$	
	$h_{req'd}$ - Required depth,	$h_{req'd} = cc_{bot} + \phi_{bottom,x} + \phi_{bottom,z} + \phi_{column} + r + l_{dc}$ $h_{req'd} = (3 \text{ in}) + (0.375 \text{ in}) + (0.375 \text{ in}) + (0.375 \text{ in}) + (1.5 \text{ in}) + (8 \text{ in})$ $h_{req'd} = 13.625 \text{ in}$ Check footing depth provided: $t = 43 \text{ in} \text{ - Thickness,}$ $Ratio = \frac{h_{req'd}}{t}$ $Ratio = \frac{(13.625 \text{ in})}{(43 \text{ in})}$ $Ratio = 0.31686$	
	Flexural reinforcement bar development:		
	l_d - Bar development length,	$l_d = \left[\frac{3 \times f_y}{40 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c}} \times \frac{\psi_t \times \psi_e \times \psi_s}{\frac{c_b + K_{tr}}{d_b}} \right] \times d_b$ Parameters: Table 25.4.2.4 $\psi_t = 1$ - Casting position factor, Table 25.4.2.4 $\psi_e = 1$ - Coating factor, Table 25.4.2.4 $\psi_s = 0.8$ - Bar size factor 25.4.2.3 (b) $K_{tr} = 0 \text{ in}$ - Transverse reinforcement index, 25.4.2.3 c_b $c_b = MIN \left[\left(cc_{bot} + \frac{\phi_{bottom,x}}{2} \right), \left(cc_{bot} + \frac{\phi_{bottom,z}}{2} \right), \frac{s_{bottom,x}}{2}, \frac{s_{bottom,z}}{2} \right]$ $c_b = MIN \left[\left((3 \text{ in}) + \frac{(0.375 \text{ in})}{2} \right), \left((3 \text{ in}) + \frac{(0.375 \text{ in})}{2} \right), \frac{(12 \text{ in})}{2}, \frac{(12 \text{ in})}{2} \right]$ $c_b = 3.1875 \text{ in}$	
25.4.2.3	$\frac{c_b + K_{tr}}{d_b}$ - Confinement term	$\frac{c_b + K_{tr}}{d_b} = MIN \left[\frac{c_b + K_{tr}}{\phi_{column}}, 2.5 \right]$ $\frac{c_b + K_{tr}}{d_b} = MIN \left[\frac{(3.1875 \text{ in}) + (0 \text{ in})}{(0.375 \text{ in})}, 2.5 \right]$ $\frac{c_b + K_{tr}}{d_b} = 2.5$	
25.4.2.3	l_d - Bar development length,	$l_d = \left[\frac{3 f_y}{40 \lambda \sqrt{f'_c}} \frac{\psi_t \psi_e \psi_s}{\frac{c_b + K_{tr}}{d_b}} \right] \phi_{column}$ $l_d = \left[\frac{3 \times (40000 \text{ psi})}{40 \times (1) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})}} \times \frac{(1) \times (1) \times (0.8)}{(2.5)} \right] \times (0.375 \text{ in})$ $l_d = 7.2 \text{ in}$	

Status: **PASS**
Ratio = **0.317**

Development length provided along x-direction:

$l_{d,prov'd}$ - Development length provided,

$$l_{d,prov'd} = \frac{l_x - c_x}{2} - cc_{bot}$$

$$l_{d,prov'd} = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) - (18 \text{ in})}{2} - (3 \text{ in})$$

$$l_{d,prov'd} = 12 \text{ in}$$

Check development length ratio:

Ratio

$$Ratio = \frac{l_d}{l_{d,prov'd}}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(7.2 \text{ in})}{(12 \text{ in})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.6$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio = **0.600**

Development length provided along z-direction:

$l_{d,prov'd}$ - Development length provided,

$$l_{d,prov'd} = \frac{l_z - c_z}{2} - cc_{bot}$$

$$l_{d,prov'd} = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) - (18 \text{ in})}{2} - (3 \text{ in})$$

$$l_{d,prov'd} = 12 \text{ in}$$

Check development length ratio:

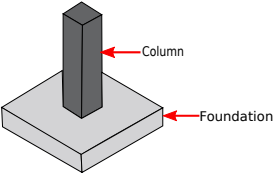
Ratio

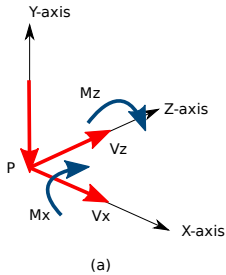
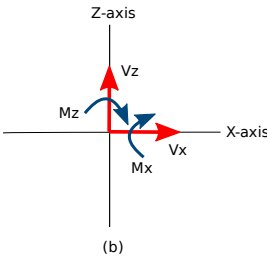
$$Ratio = \frac{l_d}{l_{d,prov'd}}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(7.2 \text{ in})}{(12 \text{ in})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.6$$

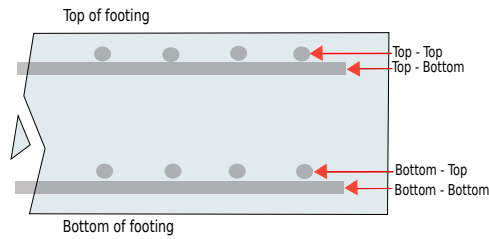
Status: **PASS**
Ratio = **0.600**

REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS
	SkyCiv Foundation Design Design Information : Isolated Foundation Design code : ACI-318-2014 (American Concrete Institute) Unit System : Imperial Project Details : Project Name : Sunlux Client : Sunlux Designer : Travis Company : MT Solar Notes :	
	GEOMETRY:  Foundation: $l_z = 48$ in - Depth, $l_x = 48$ in - Width, $t = 43$ in - Thickness, Column: $c_x = 18$ in - Width, $c_z = 18$ in - Depth, $h_{column} = 1$ in - Height, $z_{offset} = 0$ in - Offset Along Z-axis, $x_{offset} = 0$ in - Offset Along X-axis, MATERIAL PROPERTIES: Concrete: $f'_c = 2500$ psi - Specified compressive strength of concrete, Steel: $f_y = 40000$ psi - Specified yield strength for nonprestressed reinforcement, Densities: $\gamma_{soil} = 120$ lbf/ft³ - Soil unit weight, $\gamma_{conc} = 150$ lbf/ft³ - Concrete unit weight, $\gamma_{water} = 62.4$ lbf/ft³ - Water unit weight, SOIL PARAMETERS: $h_{soil} = 0$ in - Soil thickness, $\theta_{friction} = 40$ - Angle of internal friction, $\mu_{friction} = 0.45$ - Coefficient of friction, $q = 0$ ksf - Surcharge area load, $\sigma_{bearing} = 3$ ksf - Allowable Soil Bearing capacity (gross), REINFORCEMENTS: Footing: Bottom reinforcement (x-direction): 0.375inØ; at 12in spacing Bottom reinforcement (z-direction): 0.375inØ; at 12in spacing Column: Main reinforcement: 3pcs -0.375inØ; Secondary reinforcement: 0.375inØ; at 12in spacing MISCELLANEOUS: $cc_{top} = 3$ in - Concrete cover at top, $cc_{bot} = 3$ in - Concrete cover at bottom, $SW_{factor} = 1$ - Selfweight Factor,	
Table 20.6.1.3.1 Table 20.6.1.3.1	GEOMETRIC VALUES: A_{ftg} - Area of a square $A_{ftg} = l_z l_x$ $A_{ftg} = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$ $A_{ftg} = 2304 \text{ in}^2$ A_{col} - Area of a square $A_{col} = c_z c_x$ $A_{col} = (18 \text{ in}) \times (18 \text{ in})$	

	$A_{col} = 324 \text{ in}^2$ V_{ftg} - Volume of foundation, $V_{ftg} = A_{ftg} t$ $V_{ftg} = (2304 \text{ in}^2) \times (43 \text{ in})$ $V_{ftg} = 57.333 \text{ ft}^3$ V_{col} - Volume of column, $V_{col} = A_{col} h_{column}$ $V_{col} = (324 \text{ in}^2) \times (1 \text{ in})$ $V_{col} = 0.1875 \text{ ft}^3$										
	SELF WEIGHTS SW_{col} - Self weight of column, $SW_{col} = V_{col} \gamma_{conc} SW_{factor}$ $SW_{col} = (0.1875 \text{ ft}^3) \times (150 \text{ lbf/ft}^3) \times (1)$ $SW_{col} = 0.028125 \text{ kip}$ SW_{ftg} - Self weight of foundation, $SW_{ftg} = V_{ftg} \gamma_{conc} SW_{factor}$ $SW_{ftg} = (57.333 \text{ ft}^3) \times (150 \text{ lbf/ft}^3) \times (1)$ $SW_{ftg} = 8.6 \text{ kip}$ SW_{soil} - Self Weight of Soil, $SW_{soil} = [(A_{ftg} h_{soil}) - (A_{col} h_{soil})] \gamma_{soil} SW_{factor}$ $SW_{soil} = [(2304 \text{ in}^2) \times (0 \text{ in}) - (324 \text{ in}^2) \times (0 \text{ in})] \times (120 \text{ lbf/ft}^3) \times (1)$ $SW_{soil} = 0 \text{ kip}$ $SW_{buoyancy} = 0 \text{ kip}$ - Total Buoyant Weight, SW_{total} - Total weight, Excluding column weights. $SW_{total} = SW_{ftg} + SW_{soil} - SW_{buoyancy}$ $SW_{total} = (8.6 \text{ kip}) + (0 \text{ kip}) - (0 \text{ kip})$ $SW_{total} = 8.6 \text{ kip}$ Q - Surcharge load, $Q = q A_{ftg}$ $Q = (0 \text{ ksf}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)$ $Q = 0 \text{ kip}$										
	LOADS   (a) (b) Local Sign Convention Positive direction (+) in (a) X-Y-Z axis (b) X-Z axis Tabulation of input loads: <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Load Component</th><th>Service loads</th><th>Ultimate loads</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>P (kip)</td><td>4.127</td><td>5.925</td></tr> <tr> <td>V_x (kip)</td><td>-1.945</td><td>-3.242</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Load Component	Service loads	Ultimate loads	P (kip)	4.127	5.925	V_x (kip)	-1.945	-3.242	
Load Component	Service loads	Ultimate loads									
P (kip)	4.127	5.925									
V_x (kip)	-1.945	-3.242									

V_z (kip)	0.024	0.040
M_x (kipft)	0.071	0.117
M_z (kipft)	19.810	33.615

EFFECTIVE DEPTH



Designation of rebar positions

d_{bb} - Foundation effective depth at Bottom - Bottom

$$d_{bb} = t - cc_{bot} - \frac{\phi_{bottom,x}}{2.00}$$

$$d_{bb} = (43 \text{ in}) - (3 \text{ in}) - \frac{(0.375 \text{ in})}{2.00}$$

$$d_{bb} = 39.813 \text{ in}$$

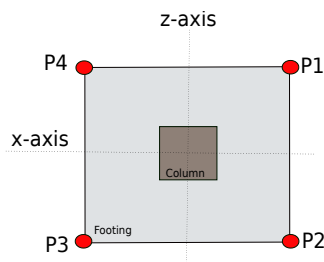
d_{bt} - Foundation effective depth at Bottom - Top

$$d_{bt} = t - cc_{bot} - \phi_{bottom,x} - \frac{\phi_{bottom,z}}{2.00}$$

$$d_{bt} = (43 \text{ in}) - (3 \text{ in}) - (0.375 \text{ in}) - \frac{(0.375 \text{ in})}{2.00}$$

$$d_{bt} = 39.438 \text{ in}$$

SOIL PRESSURE CHECK



Soil Pressure (sls):

Parameters

$SW_{total,sls}$ - Factored total weight,

$$SW_{total,sls} = [DL_{sls} (SW_{total} + SW_{col})] + (LL_{sls} Q)$$

$$SW_{total,sls} = [(1) \times ((8.6 \text{ kip}) + (0.028125 \text{ kip}))] + ((1) \times (0 \text{ kip}))$$

$$SW_{total,sls} = 8.6281 \text{ kip}$$

P_{sls} - Total axial load,

$$P_{sls} = P + SW_{total,sls}$$

$$P_{sls} = (4.1269 \text{ kip}) + (8.6281 \text{ kip})$$

$$P_{sls} = 12.755 \text{ kip}$$

$p_{column,sls}$ - Factored column load,

$$p_{column,sls} = P_{sls} - SW_{total,sls,net}$$

$$p_{column,sls} = (12.755 \text{ kip}) - (8.6 \text{ kip})$$

$$p_{column,sls} = 4.155 \text{ kip}$$

M - Total moment in the x-direction,

$$M = M_{x,sls,1} + [V_{z,sls,1} (h_{column} + t)] + (p_{column,sls} z_{offset})$$

$$M = (0.070788 \text{ kipft}) + [(0.024268 \text{ kip}) \times ((1 \text{ in}) + (43 \text{ in}))] + ((4.155 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ in}))$$

$$M = 0.15977 \text{ kipft}$$

M - Total moment in the z-direction,

M - total moment in the z-direction,

$$M = M_{x,sls,1} + [V_{x,sls,1} (h_{column} + t)] + (p_{column,sls} x_{offset})$$

$$M = (19.81 \text{ kipft}) + [(-1.9452 \text{ kip}) \times ((1 \text{ in}) + (43 \text{ in}))] + ((4.155 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ in}))$$

$$M = 12.677 \text{ kipft}$$

e_x - Eccentricity in the x-direction,

$$e_x = \frac{M}{P_{sls}}$$

$$e_x = \frac{(12.677 \text{ kipft})}{(12.755 \text{ kip})}$$

$$e_x = 0.99391 \text{ ft}$$

e_z - Eccentricity in the z-direction,

$$e_z = \frac{M}{P_{sls}}$$

$$e_z = \frac{(0.15977 \text{ kipft})}{(12.755 \text{ kip})}$$

$$e_z = 0.012526 \text{ ft}$$

The eccentricity (0.994, 0.013) falls under: **zone E**

P_1

$$P_1 = \frac{P_{sls}}{3 l_x l_z} \left(2 - \sqrt{1 - \frac{12 e_x^2}{l_z^2}} \right) \left(1 + \frac{6 e_z}{l_z} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{12 e_z^2}{l_z^2}} \right) \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{e_x}{l_x}}$$

$$P_1 = \frac{(12.755)}{3 \times (48) \times (48)} \times \left(2 - \sqrt{1 - \frac{12 \times (0.012526)^2}{(48)^2}} \right) \times \left(1 + \frac{6 \times (0.012526)}{(48)} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{12 \times (0.012526)^2}{(48)^2}} \right) \times \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{(0.99391)}{(48)}}$$

$$P_1 = 2.1329 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

P_2

$$P_2 = \frac{P_{sls}}{3 l_x l_z} \left(2 - \sqrt{1 - \frac{12 e_x^2}{l_z^2}} \right) \left(1 - \frac{6 e_z}{l_z} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{12 e_z^2}{l_z^2}} \right) \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{e_x}{l_x}}$$

$$P_2 = \frac{(12.755)}{3 \times (48) \times (48)} \times \left(2 - \sqrt{1 - \frac{12 \times (0.012526)^2}{(48)^2}} \right) \times \left(1 - \frac{6 \times (0.012526)}{(48)} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{12 \times (0.012526)^2}{(48)^2}} \right) \times \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{(0.99391)}{(48)}}$$

$$P_2 = 2.0932 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$P_3 = 0 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ - Soil pressure at

$P_4 = 0 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ - Soil pressure at

q_{sls} - Maximum unfactored soil pressure,

$$q_{sls} = \text{MAX}[P_1, P_2, P_3, P_4]$$

$$q_{sls} = \text{MAX}[(2.1329 \text{ kip/ft}^2), (2.0932 \text{ kip/ft}^2), (0 \text{ kip/ft}^2), (0 \text{ kip/ft}^2)]$$

$$q_{sls} = 2.1329 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Soil Pressure (uls):

Parameters

$SW_{total,uls}$ - Factored total weight,

$$SW_{total,uls} = [DL_{uls} (SW_{total} + SW_{col})] + (LL_{uls} Q)$$

$$SW_{total,uls} = [(1.2) \times ((8.6 \text{ kip}) + (0.028125 \text{ kip}))] + ((1.6) \times (0 \text{ kip}))$$

$$SW_{total,uls} = 10.354 \text{ kip}$$

P_{uls} - Total axial load,

$$P_{uls} = P + SW_{total,uls}$$

$$P_{uls} = (5.9253 \text{ kip}) + (10.354 \text{ kip})$$

$$P_{uls} = 16.279 \text{ kip}$$

$p_{column,uls}$ - Factored column load,

$$p_{column,uls} = P_{uls} - SW_{total,uls,net}$$

$$p_{column,uls} = (16.279 \text{ kip}) - (10.32 \text{ kip})$$

$$p_{column,uls} = 5.9591 \text{ kip}$$

M - Total moment in the x-direction,

$$M = M_{x,uls,1} + [V_{x,uls,1} (h_{column} + t)] + (p_{column,uls} z_{offset})$$

$$M = (0.11742 \text{ kipft}) + [(0.040189 \text{ kip}) \times ((1 \text{ in}) + (43 \text{ in}))] + ((5.9591 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ in}))$$

$$M = 0.26478 \text{ kipft}$$

M - Total moment in the z-direction,

$$M = M_{z,uls,1} + [V_{x,uls,1} (h_{column} + t)] + (p_{column,uls} x_{offset})$$

$$M = (33.615 \text{ kipft}) + [(-3.242 \text{ kip}) \times ((1 \text{ in}) + (43 \text{ in}))] + ((5.9591 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ in}))$$

$$M = 21.728 \text{ kipft}$$

e_x - Eccentricity in the x-direction,

$$e_x = \frac{M}{P_{uls}}$$

$$e_x = \frac{(21.728 \text{ kipft})}{(16.279 \text{ kip})}$$

$$e_x = 1.3347 \text{ ft}$$

e_z - Eccentricity in the z-direction,

$$e_z = \frac{M}{P_{uls}}$$

$$e_z = \frac{(0.26478 \text{ kipft})}{(16.279 \text{ kip})}$$

$$e_z = 0.016265 \text{ ft}$$

The eccentricity (1.335, 0.016) falls under: **zone E**

P_1

$$P_1 = \frac{P_{uls}}{3 l_x l_z} \left(2 - \sqrt{1 - \frac{12 e_z^2}{l_z^2}} \right) \left(1 + \frac{6 e_z}{l_z} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{12 e_z^2}{l_z^2}} \right) \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{e_x}{l_x}}$$

$$P_1 = \frac{(16.279)}{3 \times (48) \times (48)} \times \left(2 - \sqrt{1 - \frac{12 \times (0.016265)^2}{(48)^2}} \right) \times \left(1 + \frac{6 \times (0.016265)}{(48)} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{12 \times (0.016265)^2}{(48)^2}} \right) \times \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{(1.3347)}{(48)}}$$

$$P_1 = 4.128 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

P_2

$$P_2 = \frac{P_{uls}}{3 l_x l_z} \left(2 - \sqrt{1 - \frac{12 e_x^2}{l_x^2}} \right) \left(1 - \frac{6 e_z}{l_z} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{12 e_x^2}{l_x^2}} \right) \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{e_x}{l_x}}$$

$$P_2 = \frac{(16.279)}{3 \times (48) \times (48)} \times \left(2 - \sqrt{1 - \frac{12 \times (0.016265)^2}{(48)^2}} \right) \times \left(1 - \frac{6 \times (0.016265)}{(48)} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{12 \times (0.016265)^2}{(48)^2}} \right) \times \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{(1.3347)}{(48)}}$$

$$P_2 = 4.0285 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$P_3 = 0 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ - Soil pressure at

$P_4 = 0 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ - Soil pressure at

q_{uls} - Maximum factored soil pressure,

$$q_{uls} = \text{MAX}[P_1, P_2, P_3, P_4]$$

$$q_{uls} = \text{MAX}[(4.128 \text{ kip/ft}^2), (4.0285 \text{ kip/ft}^2), (0 \text{ kip/ft}^2), (0 \text{ kip/ft}^2)]$$

$$q_{uls} = 4.128 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Summary:

Corner Pressure	p1	p2	p3	p4
Service	2.133	2.093	0.000	0.000
Ultimate	4.128	4.029	0.000	0.000

Check soil bearing capacity ratio:

Ratio

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{q_{uls}}{\sigma_{bearing}}$$

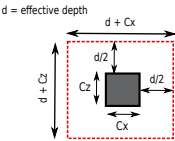
$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(2.1329 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(3 \text{ ksf})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.71096$$

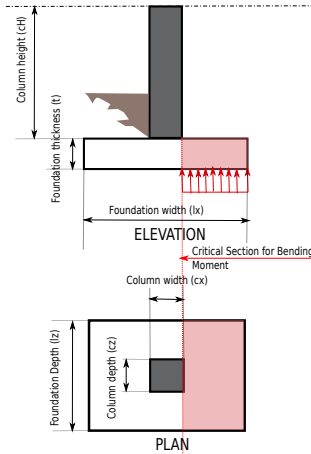
Status: **PASS**

		Ratio = 0.711
	UPLIFT CHECK <i>Uplift stability considers axial loads only</i> <i>Note: Refer to the service load combinations table</i> Minimum SLS axial force = 12.755 kip ∴ Uplift does not exist!	Status: PASS Ratio = 0.000
	SLIDING CHECK $\phi_{friction}$ - Angle of internal friction (rad), $\phi_{friction} = \theta_{friction} \frac{\pi}{180}$ $\phi_{friction} = (40) \times \frac{\pi}{180}$ $\phi_{friction} = 0.69813$ k_p - Passive Coefficient, $k_p = \frac{1 + \sin \phi_{friction}}{1 - \sin \phi_{friction}}$ $k_p = \frac{1 + \sin(0.69813)}{1 - \sin(0.69813)}$ $k_p = 4.5989$ P_{mid} - Pressure at mid depth, $P_{mid} = k_p \gamma_{soil} \left(h_{soil} + \frac{t}{2} \right)$ $P_{mid} = (4.5989) \times (120 \text{ lbf/ft}^2) \times \left((0 \text{ in}) + \frac{(43 \text{ in})}{2} \right)$ $P_{mid} = 0.98877 \text{ ksf}$ Sliding check along the x-direction: $F_{p,x}$ - Passive Force, $F_{p,x} = P_{mid} t l_z$ $F_{p,x} = (0.98877 \text{ ksf}) \times (43 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$ $F_{p,x} = 14.172 \text{ kip}$ F_f - Friction Force, $F_f = \mu_{friction} P_{sls}$ $F_f = (0.45) \times (12.755 \text{ kip})$ $F_f = 5.7398 \text{ kip}$ FOS_{actual} - Actual Factor of Safety for Sliding, $FOS_{actual} = \frac{F_{p,x} + F_f}{V_{x,sls,1}}$ $FOS_{actual} = \frac{(14.172 \text{ kip}) + (5.7398 \text{ kip})}{(-1.9452 \text{ kip})}$ $FOS_{actual} = -10.236$ Ratio $Ratio = \frac{FOS_{allowable}}{FOS_{actual}}$ $Ratio = \frac{(1.5)}{(-10.236)}$ $Ratio = 0.14653$ Sliding check along the z-direction: $F_{p,z}$ - Passive Force, $F_{p,z} = P_{mid} t l_x$ $F_{p,z} = (0.98877 \text{ ksf}) \times (43 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$ $F_{p,z} = 14.172 \text{ kip}$	Status: PASS Ratio = 0.147

	F_f - Friction Force, $F_f = \mu_{friction} P_{sls}$ $F_f = (0.45) \times (12.755 \text{ kip})$ $F_f = 5.7398 \text{ kip}$ FOS_{actual} - Actual Factor of Safety for Sliding, $FOS_{actual} = \frac{F_{p,z} + F_f}{V_{z,sls,1}}$ $FOS_{actual} = \frac{(14.172 \text{ kip}) + (5.7398 \text{ kip})}{(0.024268 \text{ kip})}$ $FOS_{actual} = 820.51$ Ratio $Ratio = \frac{FOS_{allowable}}{FOS_{actual}}$ $Ratio = \frac{(1.5)}{(820.51)}$ $Ratio = 0.0018281$	Status: PASS Ratio = 0.002
	OVERTURNING CHECK Overturning along the x-direction: FOS_{actual} - Actual Factor of Safety for Overturning, $FOS_{actual} = \frac{(\frac{l_x}{2})}{e_x}$ $FOS_{actual} = \frac{(\frac{(48 \text{ in})}{2})}{(0.99391 \text{ ft})}$ $FOS_{actual} = 2.0123$ Ratio $Ratio = \frac{FOS_{allowable}}{FOS_{actual}}$ $Ratio = \frac{(2)}{(2.0123)}$ $Ratio = 0.99391$ Overturning along the z-direction: FOS_{actual} - Actual Factor of Safety for Overturning, $FOS_{actual} = \frac{(\frac{l_z}{2})}{e_z}$ $FOS_{actual} = \frac{(\frac{(48 \text{ in})}{2})}{(0.012526 \text{ ft})}$ $FOS_{actual} = 159.67$ Ratio $Ratio = \frac{FOS_{allowable}}{FOS_{actual}}$ $Ratio = \frac{(2)}{(159.67)}$ $Ratio = 0.012526$	Status: PASS Ratio = 0.994 Status: PASS Ratio = 0.013
Table 21.2.2	ONE WAY SHEAR CHECK $\theta_{shear} = 0.75$ - Shear reduction factor, d - Critical depth, $d = \frac{d_{bb} + d_{bt}}{2}$ $= (39.813 \text{ in}) + (39.438 \text{ in})$	

	$d = \frac{s_x + s_y}{2}$ $d = 39.625 \text{ in}$ Critical section along the x-direction: 20.6.1.3.1 $V_{demand,x}$ - Shear demand, $V_{demand,x} = q_{uls} \left(\frac{l_z}{2} + z_{offset} - \frac{c_z}{2} - d \right) l_x$ $V_{demand,x} = (4.128 \text{ kip/ft}^2) \times \left(\frac{(48 \text{ in})}{2} + (0 \text{ in}) - \frac{(18 \text{ in})}{2} - (39.625 \text{ in}) \right) \times (48 \text{ in})$ $V_{demand,x} = -33.884 \text{ kip}$ $V_{capacity,x}$ - Shear Capacity $V_{capacity,x} = \theta_{shear} 2 \lambda \sqrt{f'_c} l_z d$ $V_{capacity,x} = (0.75) \times 2 \times (1) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (39.625 \text{ in})$ $V_{capacity,x} = 142650 \text{ lbf}$ Critical section along the z-direction: 20.6.1.3.1 $V_{demand,z}$ - Shear demand, $V_{demand,z} = q_{uls} \left(\frac{l_x}{2} + x_{offset} - \frac{c_x}{2} - d \right) l_z$ $V_{demand,z} = (4.128 \text{ kip/ft}^2) \times \left(\frac{(48 \text{ in})}{2} + (0 \text{ in}) - \frac{(18 \text{ in})}{2} - (39.625 \text{ in}) \right) \times (48 \text{ in})$ $V_{demand,z} = -33.884 \text{ kip}$ $V_{capacity,z}$ - Shear Capacity $V_{capacity,z} = \theta_{shear} 2 \lambda \sqrt{f'_c} l_x d$ $V_{capacity,z} = (0.75) \times 2 \times (1) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (39.625 \text{ in})$ $V_{capacity,z} = 142650 \text{ lbf}$ Governing shear capacity and demand: V_{demand} - Governing shear demand, $V_{demand} = MAX[V_{demand,x}, V_{demand,z}]$ $V_{demand} = MAX[(-33.884 \text{ kip}), (-33.884 \text{ kip})]$ $V_{demand} = -33.884 \text{ kip}$ $V_{capacity}$ - Governing shear capacity, $V_{capacity} = MIN[V_{capacity,x}, V_{capacity,z}]$ $V_{capacity} = MIN[(142650 \text{ lbf}), (142650 \text{ lbf})]$ $V_{capacity} = 142.65 \text{ kip}$ Check capacity ratio: Ratio $Ratio = \frac{V_{demand}}{V_{capacity}}$ $Ratio = \frac{(-33.884 \text{ kip})}{(142.65 \text{ kip})}$ $Ratio = 0.23753$ Status: PASS Ratio = 0.238	
22.6.5.3	TWO WAY SHEAR CHECK  Parameters: $\alpha_s = 20$ - Column position factor (corner) $\lambda = 1$ - Concrete weight type factor, ∴ Critical punching area lies outside the base area: hence, punching shear cannot be checked.	

FLEXURE CHECK



Flexural check along the x-direction:

$M_{demand,x}$ - Moment demand

$$M_{demand,x} = q_{uls} \left(\frac{l_x - c_x}{2} + |x_{offset}| \right) l_z$$

$$\left(\frac{l_x - c_x}{2} + |x_{offset}| \right)$$

$$M_{demand,x} = (4.128 \text{ kip/ft}^2) \times \left(\frac{(48 \text{ in}) - (18 \text{ in})}{2} + |(0 \text{ in})| \right) \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$\times \frac{\left(\frac{(48 \text{ in}) - (18 \text{ in})}{2} + |(0 \text{ in})| \right)}{2}$$

$$M_{demand,x} = 12.9 \text{ kipft}$$

n - No. of reinforcement

$$n = \left\lceil \frac{l_z - (2 \text{ } cc_{bot}) - \phi_{bottom,x}}{s_{bottom,x}} \right\rceil + 1$$

$$n = \left\lceil \frac{(48 \text{ in}) - (2 \times (3 \text{ in})) - (0.375 \text{ in})}{(12 \text{ in})} \right\rceil + 1$$

$$n = 5$$

A_g - Area gross of the foundation

$$A_g = t \ l_z$$

$$A_g = (43 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$A_g = 2064 \text{ in}^2$$

Table 8.6.1.1 $A_{s,min}$ - Minimum area of reinforcement

$$A_{s,min} = 0.0020 \ A_g$$

$$A_{s,min} = 0.0020 \times (2064 \text{ in}^2)$$

$$A_{s,min} = 4.128 \text{ in}^2$$

A_{rebar} - Reinforcement area

$$A_{rebar} = \frac{\pi}{4} (\phi_{bottom,x})^2$$

$$A_{rebar} = \frac{\pi}{4} \times ((0.375 \text{ in}))^2$$

$$A_{rebar} = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$$

$A_{s,prov}$ - Total reinforcement area

$$A_{s,prov} = n \frac{\pi \phi_{bottom,x}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{s,prov} = (5) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{s,prov} = 0.55223 \text{ in}^2$$

Check reinforcement ratio:
Ratio

		$Ratio = \frac{A_{s,min}}{A_{s,prov}}$ $Ratio = \frac{(4.128 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.55223 \text{ in}^2)}$ $Ratio = 7.4751$		
Table 22.2.2.4.3	Since $2500 \text{ psi} \leq f'_c \leq 4000 \text{ psi}$: $\beta_1 = 0.85$ - Equivalent rectangular concrete stress distribution a - Depth of equivalent rectangular stress block,	$a = \frac{A_{s,prov} f_y}{0.85 f'_c l_z}$ $a = \frac{(0.55223 \text{ in}^2) \times (40000 \text{ psi})}{0.85 \times (2500 \text{ psi}) \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $a = 0.21656 \text{ in}$		Status: FAIL Ratio = 7.475
22.2.2.4.2	c - Distance from the extreme compression fiber to neutral axis,	$c = \frac{a}{\beta_1}$ $c = \frac{(0.21656 \text{ in})}{(0.85)}$ $c = 0.25478 \text{ in}$		
21.2.2	$\epsilon_c = 0.003$ - Compressive strain,			
21.2.2	ϵ_t - Tensile strain in the reinforcement,	$\epsilon_t = \frac{\epsilon_c}{c} (d - c)$ $\epsilon_t = \frac{(0.003)}{(0.25478 \text{ in})} \times ((39.625 \text{ in}) - (0.25478 \text{ in}))$ $\epsilon_t = 0.46358$		
Table 21.2.2	Since $\epsilon_t \geq 0.005$ (Tension-controlled): $\phi = 0.9$ - Strength reduction factor., $M_{capacity,x}$ - Moment Capacity	$M_{capacity,x} = \phi A_{s,prov} f_y \left(d - \frac{a}{2} \right)$ $M_{capacity,x} = (0.9) \times (0.55223 \text{ in}^2) \times (40000 \text{ psi}) \times \left((39.625 \text{ in}) - \frac{(0.21656 \text{ in})}{2} \right)$ $M_{capacity,x} = 65.467 \text{ kipft}$		
	Flexural check along the z-direction:			
	$M_{demand,z}$ - Moment demand	$M_{demand,z} = q_{uls} \left(\frac{l_z - c_z}{2} + z_{offset} \right) l_z$ $\frac{\left(\frac{l_z - c_z}{2} + z_{offset} \right)}{2}$ $M_{demand,z} = (4.128 \text{ kip/ft}^2) \times \left(\frac{(48 \text{ in}) - (18 \text{ in})}{2} + (0 \text{ in}) \right) \times (48 \text{ in})$ $\times \frac{\left(\frac{(48 \text{ in}) - (18 \text{ in})}{2} + (0 \text{ in}) \right)}{2}$ $M_{demand,z} = 12.9 \text{ kipft}$		
	n - No. of reinforcement	$n = \left\lceil \frac{l_x - (2 cc_{hot}) - \phi_{bottom,z}}{s_{bottom,z}} \right\rceil + 1$ $n = \left\lceil \frac{(48 \text{ in}) - (2 \times (3 \text{ in})) - (0.375 \text{ in})}{(12 \text{ in})} \right\rceil + 1$ $n = 5$		
	A_g - Area gross of the foundation	$A_g = t l_x$ $A_g = (43 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$		

		$A_g = 2004 \text{ in}^2$	
Table 8.6.1.1	$A_{s,min}$ - Minimum area of reinforcement	$A_{s,min} = 0.0020 A_g$ $A_{s,min} = 0.0020 \times (2064 \text{ in}^2)$ $A_{s,min} = 4.128 \text{ in}^2$	
	A_{rebar} - Reinforcement area	$A_{rebar} = \frac{\pi}{4} (\phi_{bottom,z})^2$ $A_{rebar} = \frac{\pi}{4} \times ((0.375 \text{ in}))^2$ $A_{rebar} = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$	
	$A_{s,prov}$ - Total reinforcement area	$A_{s,prov} = n \frac{\pi \phi_{bottom,z}^2}{4}$ $A_{s,prov} = (5) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$ $A_{s,prov} = 0.55223 \text{ in}^2$	
	Check reinforcement ratio: Ratio	$Ratio = \frac{A_{s,min}}{A_{s,prov}}$ $Ratio = \frac{(4.128 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.55223 \text{ in}^2)}$ $Ratio = 7.4751$	
Table 22.2.2.4.3	Since $2500 \text{ psi} \leq f'_c \leq 4000 \text{ psi}$: $\beta_1 = 0.85$ - Equivalent rectangular concrete stress distribution a - Depth of equivalent rectangular stress block,	$a = \frac{A_{s,prov} f_y}{0.85 f'_c l_x}$ $a = \frac{(0.55223 \text{ in}^2) \times (40000 \text{ psi})}{0.85 \times (2500 \text{ psi}) \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $a = 0.21656 \text{ in}$	Status: FAIL Ratio = 7.475
22.2.2.4.2	c - Distance from the extreme compression fiber to neutral axis,	$c = \frac{a}{\beta_1}$ $c = \frac{(0.21656 \text{ in})}{(0.85)}$ $c = 0.25478 \text{ in}$	
21.2.2	$\epsilon_c = 0.003$ - Compressive strain,		
21.2.2	ϵ_t - Tensile strain in the reinforcement,	$\epsilon_t = \frac{\epsilon_c}{c} (d - c)$ $\epsilon_t = \frac{(0.003)}{(0.25478 \text{ in})} \times ((39.625 \text{ in}) - (0.25478 \text{ in}))$ $\epsilon_t = 0.46358$	
Table 21.2.2	Since $\epsilon_t \geq 0.005$ (Tension-controlled): $\phi = 0.9$ - Strength reduction factor:, $M_{capacity,z}$ - Moment Capacity	$M_{capacity,z} = \phi A_{s,prov} f_y \left(d - \frac{a}{2} \right)$ $M_{capacity,z} = (0.9) \times (0.55223 \text{ in}^2) \times (40000 \text{ psi}) \times \left((39.625 \text{ in}) - \frac{(0.21656 \text{ in})}{2} \right)$ $M_{capacity,z} = 65.467 \text{ kipft}$	
	Governing moment capacity and demand: M_{demand} - Governing moment demand,		

	$M_{demand} = MAX[M_{demand,x}, M_{demand,z}]$ $M_{demand} = MAX[(12.9 \text{ kipft}), (12.9 \text{ kipft})]$ $M_{demand} = 12.9 \text{ kipft}$ $M_{capacity}$ - Governing moment capacity, $M_{capacity} = MIN[M_{capacity,x}, M_{capacity,z}]$ $M_{capacity} = MIN[(65.467 \text{ kipft}), (65.467 \text{ kipft})]$ $M_{capacity} = 65.467 \text{ kipft}$ Check capacity ratio: Ratio $Ratio = \frac{M_{demand}}{M_{capacity}}$ $Ratio = \frac{(12.9 \text{ kipft})}{(65.467 \text{ kipft})}$ $Ratio = 0.19705$	Status: PASS Ratio = 0.197
21.2.1(d) Table 22.8.3.2	LOAD TRANSFER OF COLUMN FORCES TO THE BASE Nominal bearing strength: ϕB_n $\phi B_n = MIN \left[\left(\phi \times \sqrt{\frac{A_1}{A_2}} \times 0.85 \times f'_c \times A_1 \right), \right. \\ \left. \left(\phi \times 2 \left(\times 0.85 \times f'_c \times A_1 \right) \right) \right]$ Where: $A_1 = 324 \text{ in}^2$ - Bearing area of column, $A_2 = 324 \text{ in}^2$ - Footing area, $\phi = 0.65$ - Bearing strength reduction factor, ϕB_n $\phi B_n = MIN \left[\left(\phi \sqrt{\frac{A_1}{A_2}} 0.85 f'_c A_1 \right), \right. \\ \left. \left(\phi 2 (0.85 f'_c A_1) \right) \right]$ $\phi B_n = MIN \left[\left((0.65) \times \sqrt{\frac{(324 \text{ in}^2)}{(324 \text{ in}^2)}} \times 0.85 \times (2500 \text{ psi}) \times (324 \text{ in}^2) \right), \right. \\ \left. \left((0.65) \times 2 \left(\times 0.85 \times (2500 \text{ psi}) \times (324 \text{ in}^2) \right) \right) \right]$ $\phi B_n = 447.52 \text{ kip}$ Check capacity ratio: Ratio $Ratio = \frac{P_{axial}}{\phi B_n}$ $Ratio = \frac{(16.279 \text{ kip})}{(447.52 \text{ kip})}$ $Ratio = 0.036376$	Status: PASS Ratio = 0.036
25.4.9.1	DEVELOPMENT LENGTH Compression development length (column): $\psi_r = 1$ - Confining reinforcement factor, Compression development length shall be the greater of the following $l_{dc,1}$, $l_{dc,2}$, 8 in : $l_{dc,1}$ $l_{dc,1} = \phi_{column} \frac{f_y \psi_r}{50 \lambda \sqrt{f'_c}}$ $l_{dc,1} = (0.375 \text{ in}) \times \frac{(40000 \text{ psi}) \times (1)}{50 \times (1) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})}}$ $l_{dc,1} = 6 \text{ in}$	

25.4.9.1	$l_{dc,2}$	$l_{dc,2} = 0.0003 f_y \psi_r \phi_{column}$ $l_{dc,2} = 0.0003 \times (40000 \text{ psi}) \times (1) \times (0.375 \text{ in})$ $l_{dc,2} = 4.5 \text{ in}$	
25.4.9.1	l_{dc}	$l_{dc} = MAX[l_{dc,1}, l_{dc,2}, 8 \text{ in}]$ $l_{dc} = MAX[(6 \text{ in}), (4.5 \text{ in}), (8 \text{ in})]$ $l_{dc} = 8 \text{ in}$	
Table 25.3.2	r - Minimum bend diameter,	$r = 4 \phi_{column}$ $r = 4 \times (0.375 \text{ in})$ $r = 1.5 \text{ in}$	
	$h_{req'd}$ - Required depth,	$h_{req'd} = c_{bot} + \phi_{bottom,x} + \phi_{bottom,z} + \phi_{column} + r + l_{dc}$ $h_{req'd} = (3 \text{ in}) + (0.375 \text{ in}) + (0.375 \text{ in}) + (0.375 \text{ in}) + (1.5 \text{ in}) + (8 \text{ in})$ $h_{req'd} = 13.625 \text{ in}$ Check footing depth provided: $t = 43 \text{ in}$ - Thickness, Ratio $Ratio = \frac{h_{req'd}}{t}$ $Ratio = \frac{(13.625 \text{ in})}{(43 \text{ in})}$ $Ratio = 0.31686$	
	Flexural reinforcement bar development: l_d - Bar development length,	$l_d = \left[\frac{3 \times f_y}{40 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c}} \times \frac{\psi_t \times \psi_e \times \psi_s}{\frac{c_b + K_{tr}}{d_b}} \right] \times d_b$ Parameters: Table 25.4.2.4 $\psi_t = 1$ - Casting position factor, Table 25.4.2.4 $\psi_e = 1$ - Coating factor, Table 25.4.2.4 $\psi_s = 0.8$ - Bar size factor 25.4.2.3 (b) $K_{tr} = 0 \text{ in}$ - Transverse reinforcement index, 25.4.2.3 c_b $c_b = MIN \left[\left(c_{bot} + \frac{\phi_{bottom,x}}{2} \right), \left(c_{bot} + \frac{\phi_{bottom,z}}{2} \right), \frac{s_{bottom,x}}{2}, \frac{s_{bottom,z}}{2} \right]$ $c_b = MIN \left[\left((3 \text{ in}) + \frac{(0.375 \text{ in})}{2} \right), \left((3 \text{ in}) + \frac{(0.375 \text{ in})}{2} \right), \frac{(12 \text{ in})}{2}, \frac{(12 \text{ in})}{2} \right]$ $c_b = 3.1875 \text{ in}$	
25.4.2.3	$\frac{c_b + K_{tr}}{d_b}$ - Confinement term	$\frac{c_b + K_{tr}}{d_b} = MIN \left[\frac{c_b + K_{tr}}{\phi_{column}}, 2.5 \right]$ $\frac{c_b + K_{tr}}{d_b} = MIN \left[\frac{(3.1875 \text{ in}) + (0 \text{ in})}{(0.375 \text{ in})}, 2.5 \right]$ $\frac{c_b + K_{tr}}{d_b} = 2.5$	
25.4.2.3	l_d - Bar development length,	$l_d = \left[\frac{3 f_y}{40 \lambda \sqrt{f'_c}} \frac{\psi_t \psi_e \psi_s}{\frac{c_b + K_{tr}}{d_b}} \right] \phi_{column}$ $l_d = \left[\frac{3 \times (40000 \text{ psi})}{40 \times (1) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})}} \times \frac{(1) \times (1) \times (0.8)}{(2.5)} \right] \times (0.375 \text{ in})$ $l_d = 7.2 \text{ in}$	

Status: **PASS**
Ratio = **0.317**

Development length provided along x-direction:

$l_{d,prov'd}$ - Development length provided,

$$l_{d,prov'd} = \frac{l_x - c_x}{2} - cc_{bot}$$

$$l_{d,prov'd} = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) - (18 \text{ in})}{2} - (3 \text{ in})$$

$$l_{d,prov'd} = 12 \text{ in}$$

Check development length ratio:

Ratio

$$Ratio = \frac{l_d}{l_{d,prov'd}}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(7.2 \text{ in})}{(12 \text{ in})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.6$$

Development length provided along z-direction:

$l_{d,prov'd}$ - Development length provided,

$$l_{d,prov'd} = \frac{l_z - c_z}{2} - cc_{bot}$$

$$l_{d,prov'd} = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) - (18 \text{ in})}{2} - (3 \text{ in})$$

$$l_{d,prov'd} = 12 \text{ in}$$

Check development length ratio:

Ratio

$$Ratio = \frac{l_d}{l_{d,prov'd}}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(7.2 \text{ in})}{(12 \text{ in})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.6$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio = **0.600**

Status: **PASS**
Ratio = **0.600**