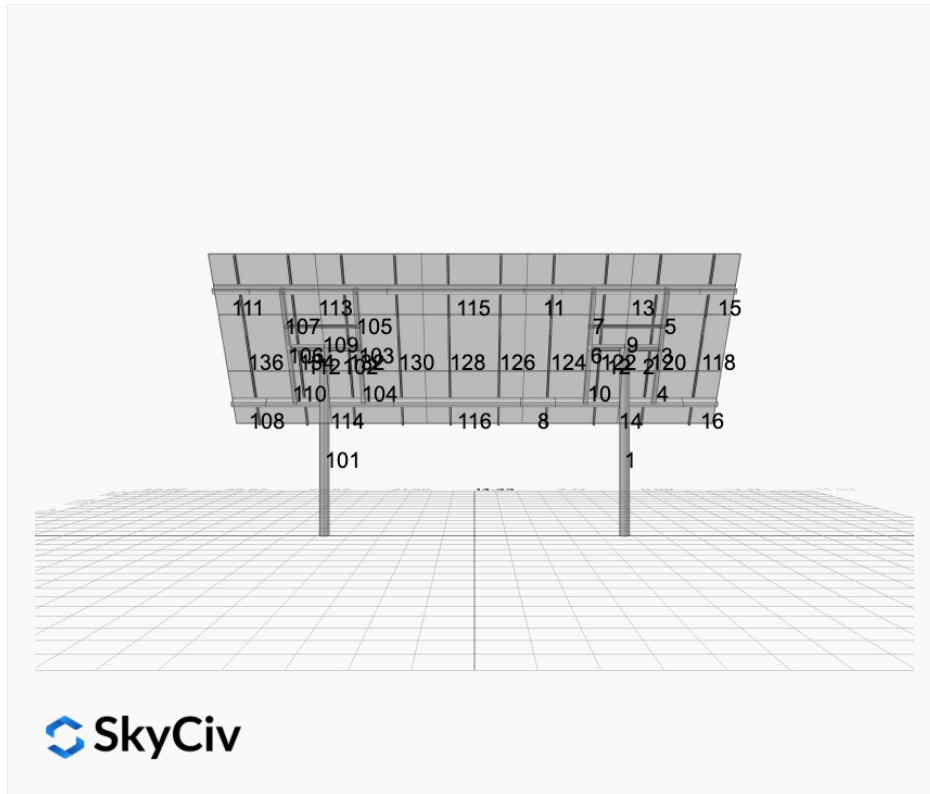


Project Details



Project Name: Winter Cabin 3x5 6ft - V1Jb
Location: Lima, MT 59739, USA
Unique ID: 2P-17-6TOP-SD-24-L-3Hx5W-B7JF
Dealer: _____

Date: Thu May 29 2025
Number of Modules: 15
Number of Poles: 2
Date Sold: _____



| | |
|-----------------------------|----------|
| Array Dimensions N/S | 11.28 ft |
| Array Dimensions E/W | 28.67 ft |
| Winter Tilt Angle | 55 |
| Front Edge Clearance | 6 ft |

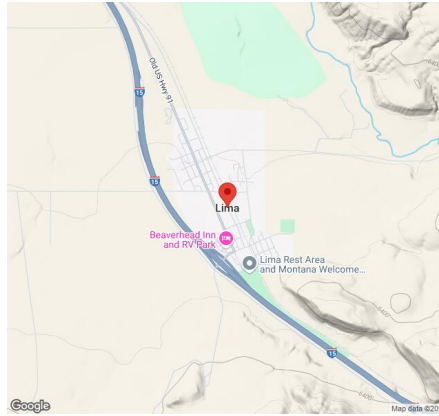
MT Solar Bill of Materials (2P-17-6TOP-SD-24-L-3Hx5W-B7JF)

| Part | Short Description | BOM Qty |
|--------------------|-----------------------|---------|
| MTS-PC-6 | 6IN Pole Cap Assembly | 2 |
| MTS-HF-SD | H-Frame Assembly-SD | 2 |
| MTS-SD-Wing-24 | 24IN SD Wing | 4 |
| MTS-SD-Splice-57 | 57IN SD Splice | 4 |
| MTS-CLAMP-HOOK-4PK | Hook Clamp | 5 |

Rail Bill of Materials

| Part | Qty |
|------------------|-----|
| Rails (135in) | 10 |
| Rail Attachment | 20 |
| Module Mid Clamp | 20 |
| Module End Clamp | 20 |
| Ground Lug | 5 |

Site Details:



Site Address: Lima, MT 59739, USA

Array Specification

| | |
|------------------------------------|-------------|
| Duty Classification: | SD |
| Module Width: | 44.60 in |
| Module Length: | 67.80in |
| Number of Rows: | 3 |
| Number of Columns: | 5 |
| Total Number of Modules: | 15 |
| Winter Tilt Angle: | 55 |
| Front Edge Clearance: | 6 |
| Total Array Height at Tilt: | 15.24 ft |
| Total Frame Length: | 28.50 ft |
| Module Info/Notes: | 440w Silfab |
| Array Dimensions N/S: | 11.28 ft |
| Array Dimensions E/W: | 28.67 ft |
| Rail Length: | 135.30 in |
| Rail Spacing: | 2.87 ft |

Support Specifications

| | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|
| Pole Size: | 6in Pipe Sch 40 |
| Pole Length above Grade: | 10.62 ft |
| Number of Poles: | 2 |
| Pole Spacing: | 17 ft |

Foundation Specifications

| | |
|--|------------------------------------|
| Foundation Type: | Square |
| Foundation Dimensions: | 48 x 48 in |
| Foundation Depth (below grade): | Pile 1: 6.00 ft Pile 2: 6.00 ft |
| Foundation Volume: | 7.111 y ³ |

Site Info

| | |
|-----------------------------|---------------------|
| Risk Category: | I |
| Exposure: | C |
| Soil Classification: | sand |
| Site Location: | Lima, MT 59739, USA |
| Wind Speed: | 115 mph |
| Snow Load: | 228 psf |

Design Disclaimer

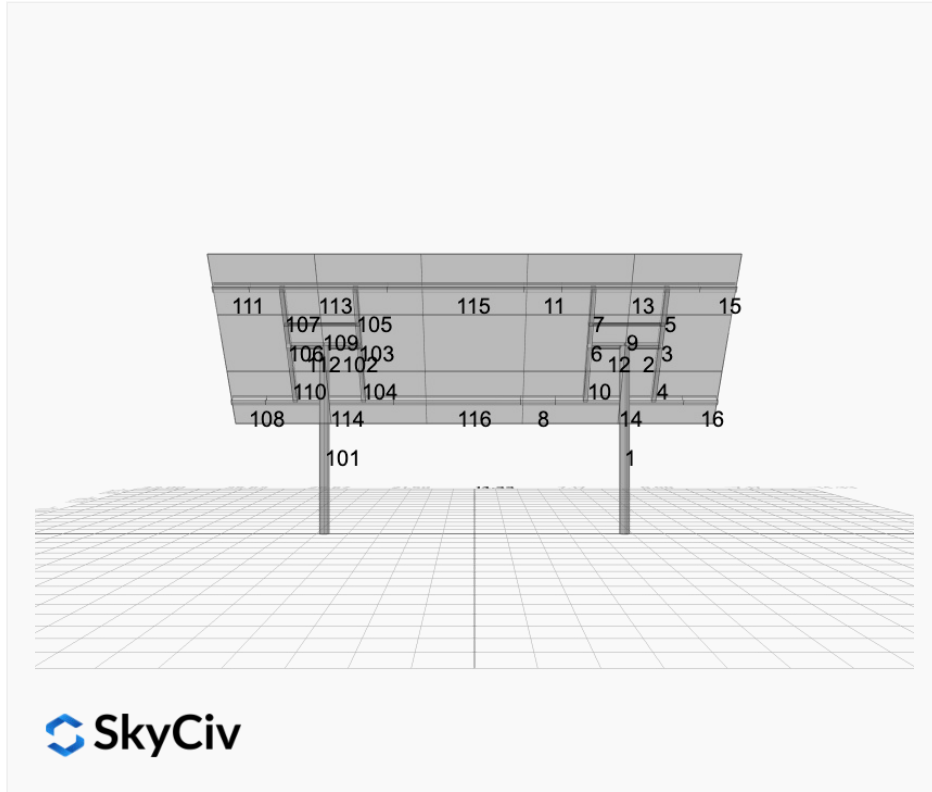
This software should be used for preliminary designs and should not be used as a final design unless reviewed, verified and designed by a qualified structural engineer.

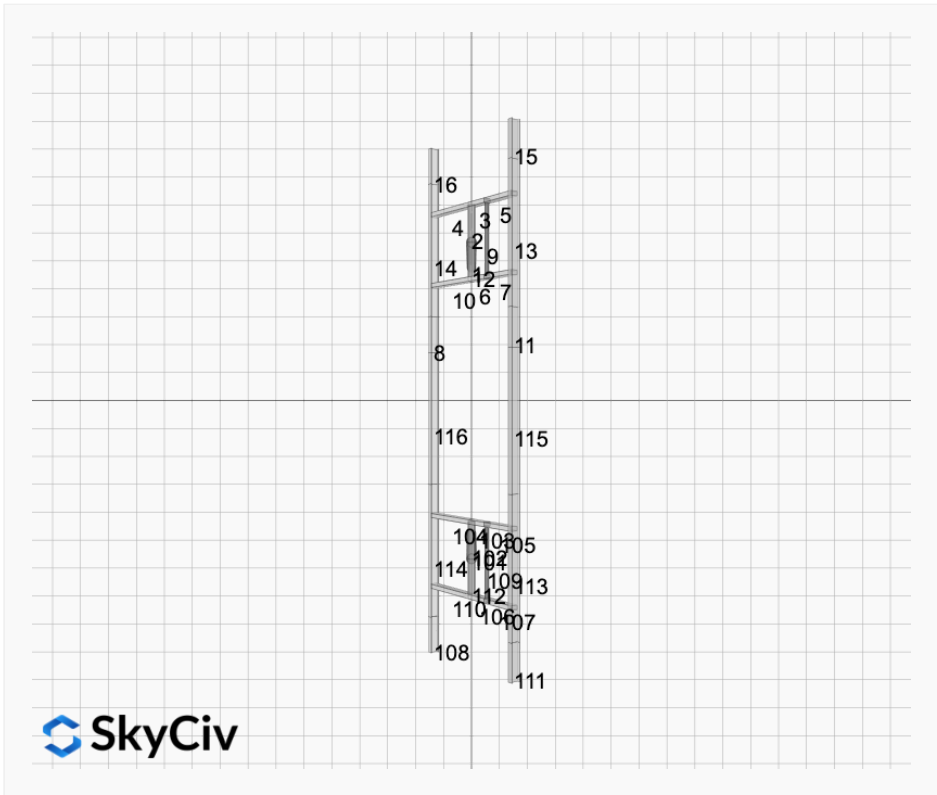
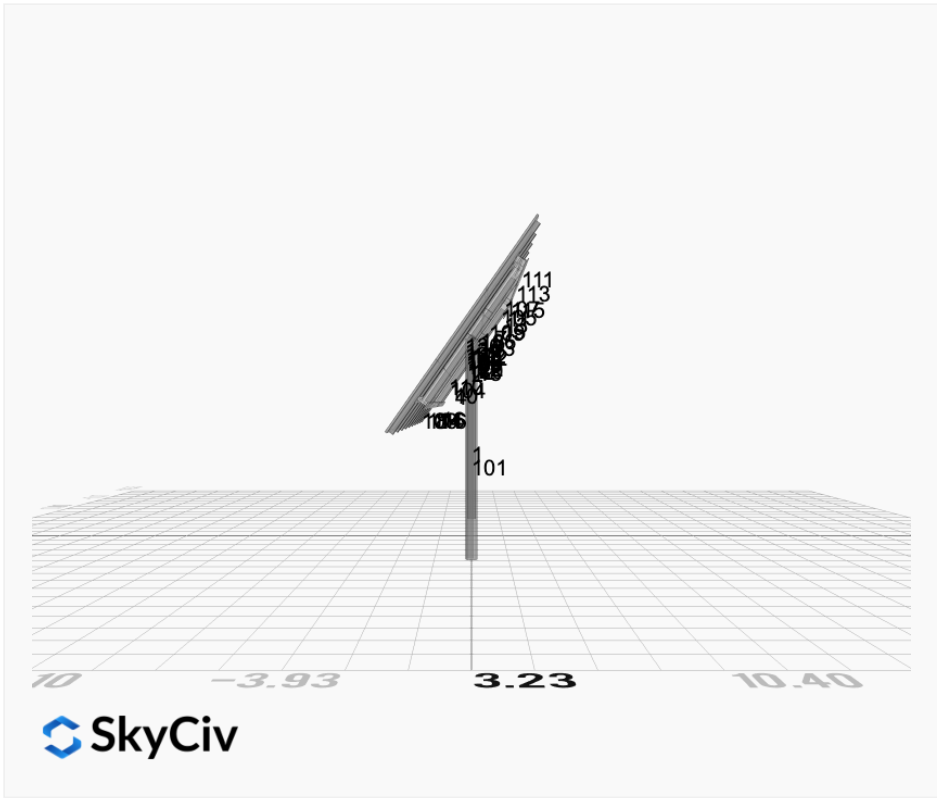
AutoDesigner Input

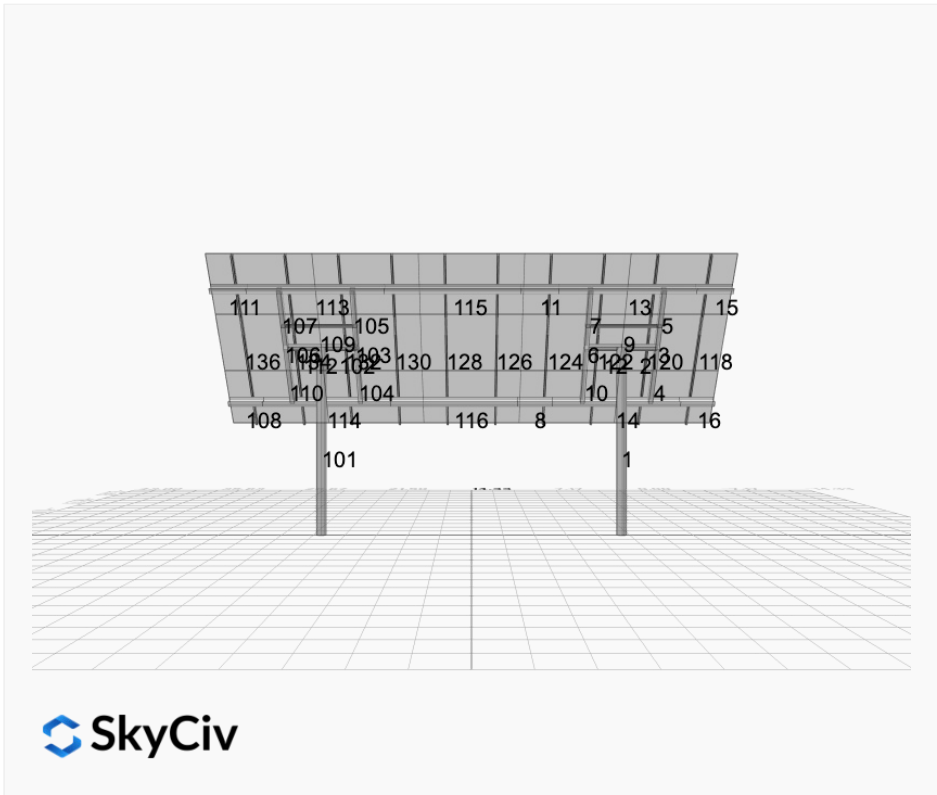
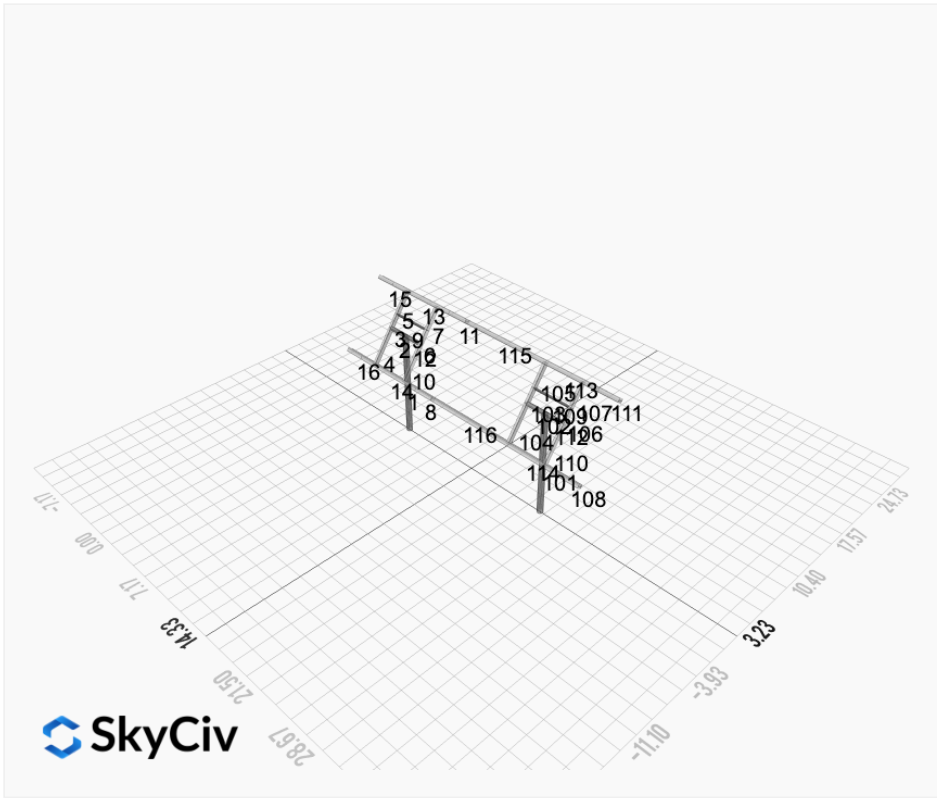
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Design Notes:

- AISC Deflection checks are set to L/1 due to structure design intent
- Foundation Soil Parameters used in this Autodesigned are all estimates, proper geotechnical reports are required to confirm soil profiles
- Wind speeds, snow loads and other site specific results are based on ASCE 7 2016
- Steel frame design checks are based on AISC 360 2016 (LRFD)

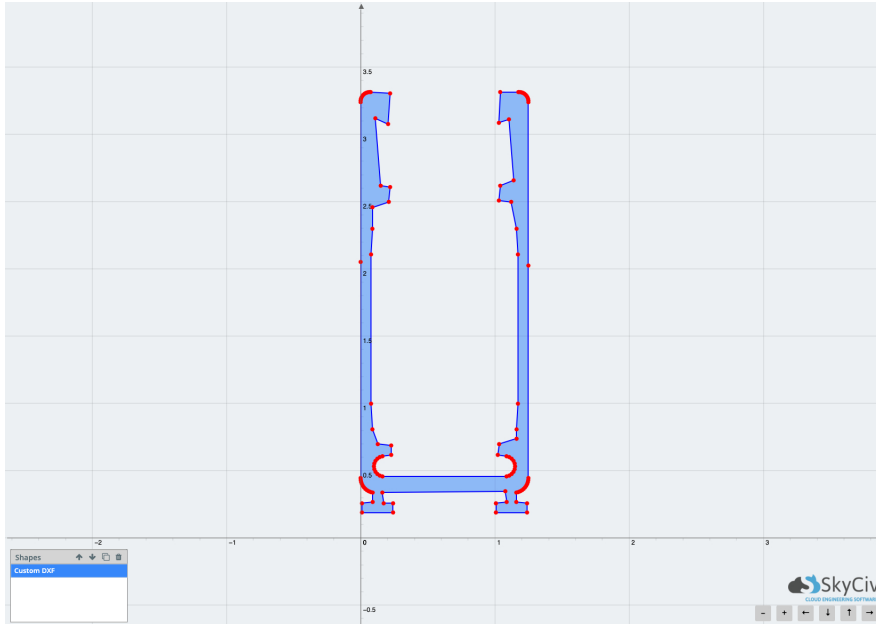






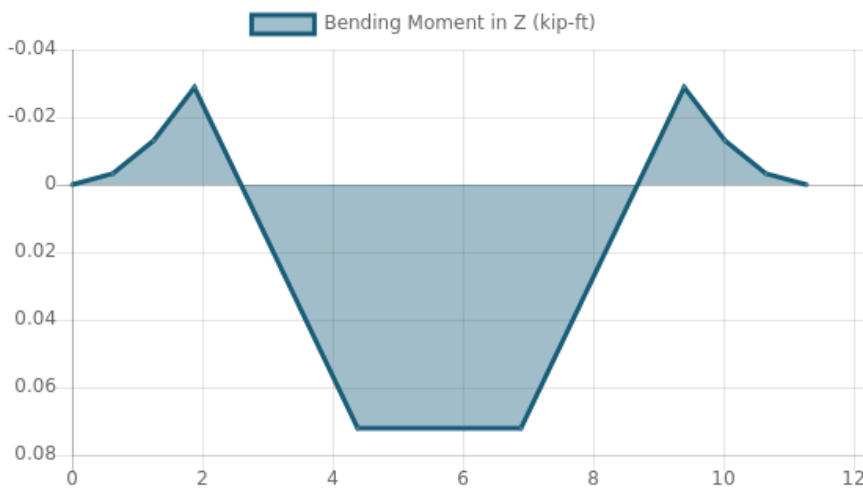
Rail Design Check

Rail Length: 11.275 ft
Additional Restraints Required: None
Tributary Width: 2.866666666666667 ft
Material: Aluminium
Density: 169 lb/ft³
Elasticity Modulus: 10000 ksi
Fy: 34.5 ksi
Fu: 37 ksi
Snow (X): 0.0618 kip/ft
Snow (Y): -0.0883 kip/ft
Wind uplift Case A: 0.0694 kip/ft
Wind downforce Case A: 0.0694 kip/ft
Dead (Panel load) (X): 0.0081 kip/ft
Dead (Panel load) (Y): -0.0116 kip/ft

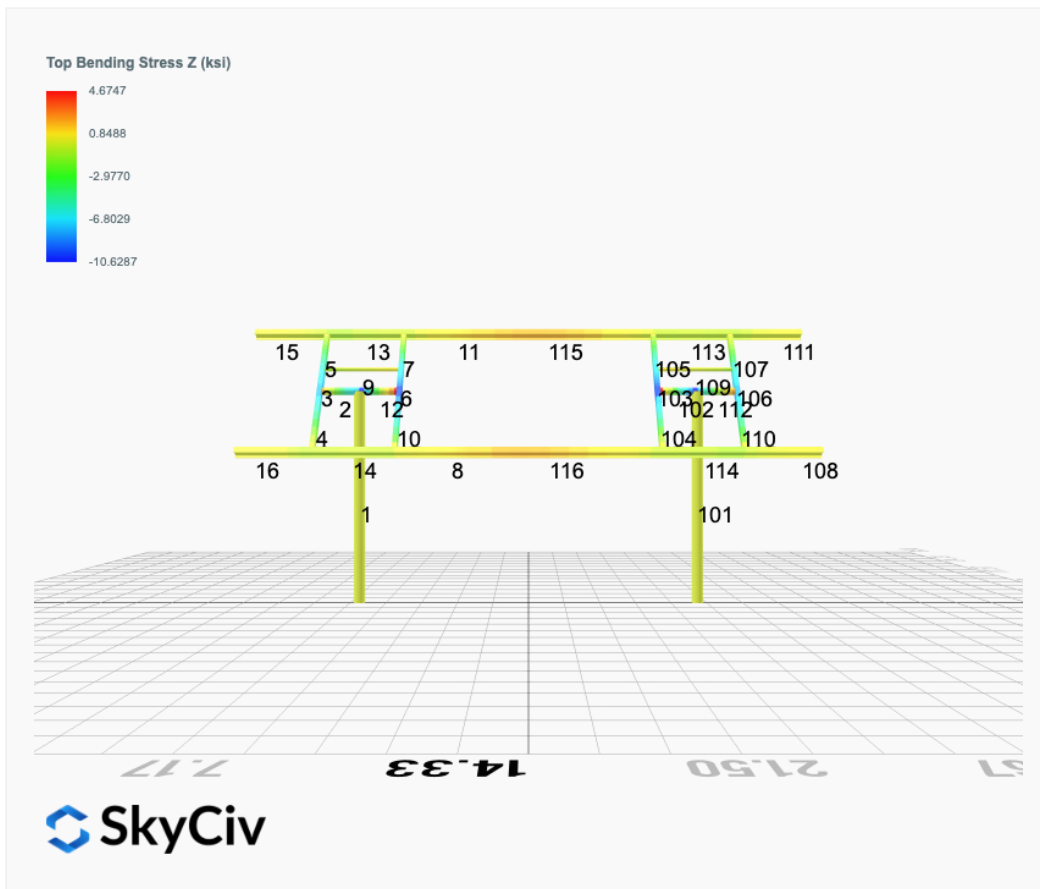
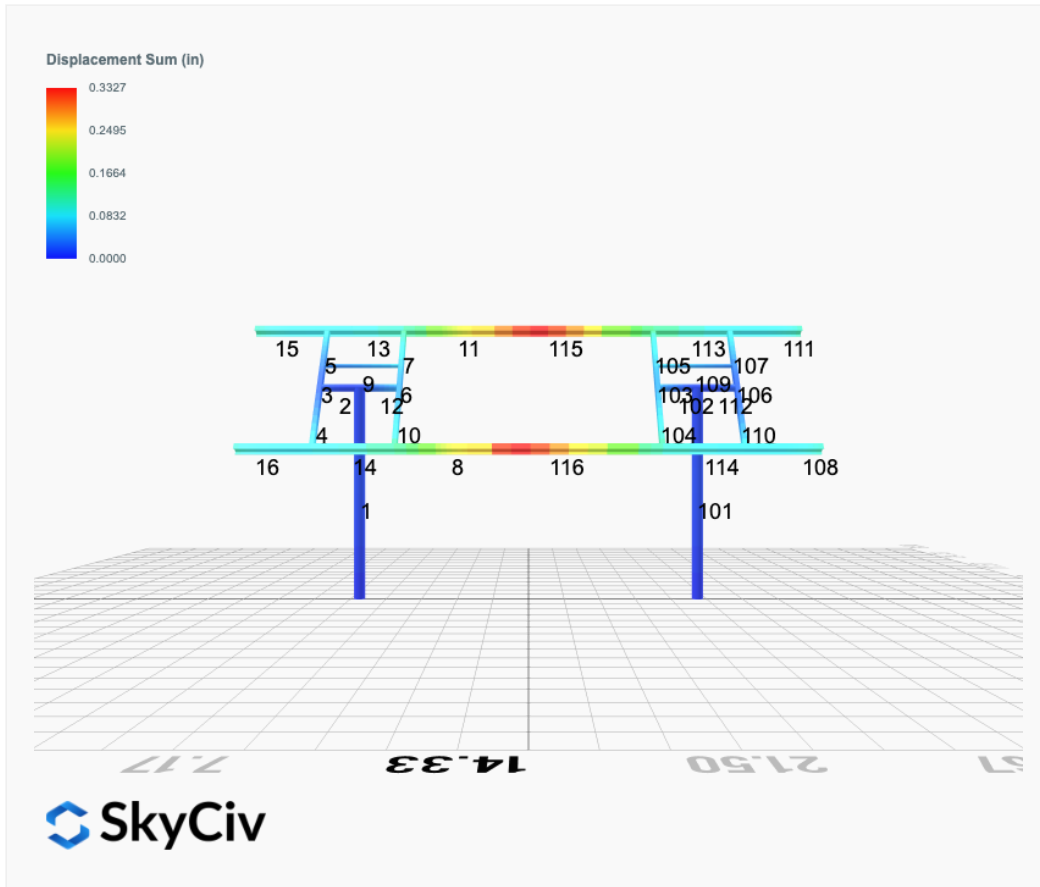


| Result Check | Max Limit | Max Value | Utility | Status |
|---------------------|-----------|-------------|---------|--------|
| Custom Stress Limit | 34.5 | 17.68618764 | 0.513 | PASS |
| Material Yield | 34.5 | 17.68618764 | 0.513 | PASS |
| Material Strength | 37 | 17.68618764 | 0.478 | PASS |

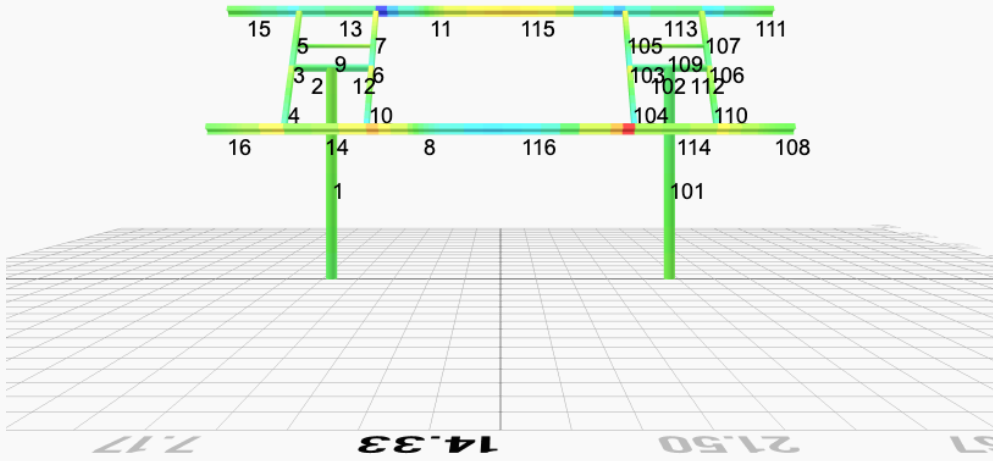
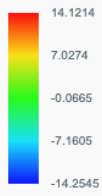
Member 1, ULS: 1. 1.4D



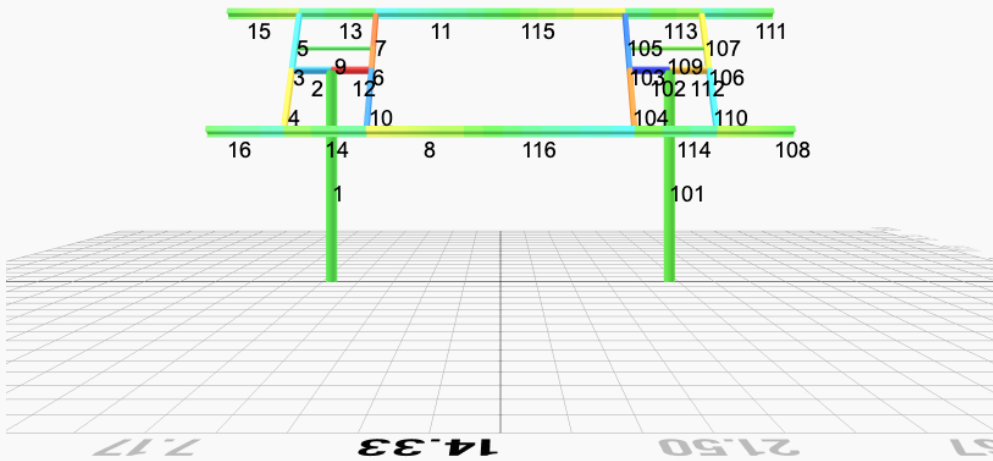
FEM Results (Envelope Worst Case for each member)



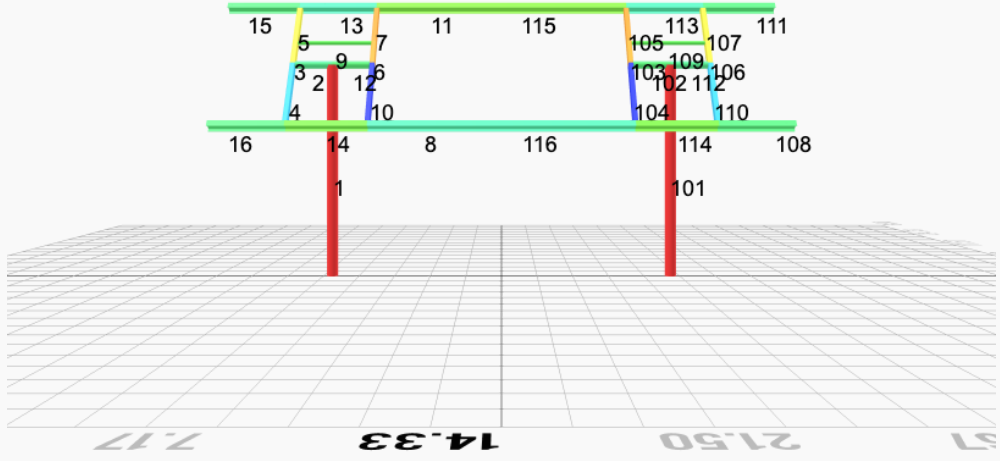
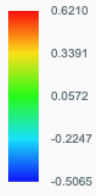
Top Bending Stress Y (ksi)



Shear Stress Y (ksi)



Axial Stress (ksi)



Reaction Forces for Foundation 1 (Node ID#1), (kip, kip-ft)

ASD Load Combination Results

| Name | Fx | Fy | Fz | Mx | My | Mz |
|---|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|
| ULS: 1. D | 0.0000 | 1.4062 | 0.0325 | 0.1090 | -0.0355 | 0.0132 |
| ULS: 2. D + L | 0.0000 | 1.4062 | 0.0325 | 0.1090 | -0.0355 | 0.0132 |
| ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R) | 0.0000 | 4.8719 | 0.1395 | 0.4692 | -0.1531 | 0.0349 |
| ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R) | 0.0000 | 1.4062 | 0.0325 | 0.1090 | -0.0355 | 0.0132 |
| ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R) | 0.0000 | 4.0055 | 0.1128 | 0.3792 | -0.1237 | 0.0295 |
| ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R) | 0.0000 | 1.4062 | 0.0325 | 0.1090 | -0.0355 | 0.0132 |
| ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E | 0.0000 | 1.4062 | 0.0325 | 0.1090 | -0.0355 | 0.0132 |
| ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S | 0.0000 | 4.0055 | 0.1128 | 0.3792 | -0.1237 | 0.0295 |
| ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E | 0.0000 | 0.8437 | 0.0195 | 0.0654 | -0.0213 | 0.0079 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only | -1.9215 | 2.7516 | 0.1043 | 0.3402 | -0.3265 | 20.7251 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only | 0.0000 | 1.4062 | 0.0325 | 0.1090 | -0.0355 | 0.0132 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only | 1.9215 | 0.0607 | -0.0394 | -0.1214 | 0.2558 | -20.0915 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only | 0.0000 | 1.4062 | 0.0325 | 0.1090 | -0.0355 | 0.0132 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only | -1.4412 | 5.0146 | 0.1667 | 0.5526 | -0.3420 | 15.5634 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only | 0.0000 | 4.0055 | 0.1128 | 0.3792 | -0.1237 | 0.0295 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only | 1.4412 | 2.9964 | 0.0589 | 0.2063 | 0.0948 | -15.0491 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only | 0.0000 | 4.0055 | 0.1128 | 0.3792 | -0.1237 | 0.0295 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only | -1.4412 | 2.4153 | 0.0864 | 0.2824 | -0.2538 | 15.5471 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only | 0.0000 | 1.4062 | 0.0325 | 0.1090 | -0.0355 | 0.0132 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only | 1.4412 | 0.3971 | -0.0214 | -0.0638 | 0.1830 | -15.0653 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only | 0.0000 | 1.4062 | 0.0325 | 0.1090 | -0.0355 | 0.0132 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only | -1.9215 | 2.1892 | 0.0914 | 0.2966 | -0.3123 | 20.7198 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only | 0.0000 | 0.8437 | 0.0195 | 0.0654 | -0.0213 | 0.0079 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only | 1.9215 | -0.5018 | -0.0523 | -0.1650 | 0.2700 | -20.0968 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only | 0.0000 | 0.8437 | 0.0195 | 0.0654 | -0.0213 | 0.0079 |

Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

| Result | Value (kip, kip-ft) |
|------------------|---------------------|
| Axial | 8.3538 |
| Shear X | -3.2026 |
| Shear Z | 0.2698 |
| Moment X | 0.9023 |
| Moment Y (Twist) | 0.5833 |
| Moment Z | 35.4138 |

Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

| Result | Value (kip, kip-ft) |
|------------------|---------------------|
| Axial | 5.0146 |
| Shear X | -1.9215 |
| Shear Z | 0.1667 |
| Moment X | 0.5526 |
| Moment Y (Twist) | 0.3420 |
| Moment Z | 20.7251 |

Reaction Forces for Foundation 2 (Node ID#101), (kip, kip-ft)

ASD Load Combination Results

| Name | Fx | Fy | Fz | Mx | My | Mz |
|--|---------|--------|---------|---------|--------|--------|
| ULS: 1. D | -0.0000 | 1.4062 | -0.0325 | -0.1090 | 0.0355 | 0.0132 |
| ULS: 2. D + L | -0.0000 | 1.4062 | -0.0325 | -0.1090 | 0.0355 | 0.0132 |
| ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R) | -0.0000 | 4.8719 | -0.1395 | -0.4692 | 0.1531 | 0.0349 |
| ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R) | -0.0000 | 1.4062 | -0.0325 | -0.1090 | 0.0355 | 0.0132 |
| ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R) | -0.0000 | 4.0055 | -0.1128 | -0.3792 | 0.1237 | 0.0295 |

| Name | Fx | Fy | Fz | Mx | My | Mz |
|---|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|
| ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R) | -0.0000 | 1.4062 | -0.0325 | -0.1090 | 0.0355 | 0.0132 |
| ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E | -0.0000 | 1.4062 | -0.0325 | -0.1090 | 0.0355 | 0.0132 |
| ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S | -0.0000 | 4.0055 | -0.1128 | -0.3792 | 0.1237 | 0.0295 |
| ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E | -0.0000 | 0.8437 | -0.0195 | -0.0654 | 0.0213 | 0.0079 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only | -1.9215 | 2.7516 | -0.1043 | -0.3402 | 0.3265 | 20.7251 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only | -0.0000 | 1.4062 | -0.0325 | -0.1090 | 0.0355 | 0.0132 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only | 1.9215 | 0.0607 | 0.0394 | 0.1214 | -0.2558 | -20.0915 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only | -0.0000 | 1.4062 | -0.0325 | -0.1090 | 0.0355 | 0.0132 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only | -1.4412 | 5.0146 | -0.1667 | -0.5526 | 0.3420 | 15.5634 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only | -0.0000 | 4.0055 | -0.1128 | -0.3792 | 0.1237 | 0.0295 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only | 1.4412 | 2.9964 | -0.0589 | -0.2063 | -0.0948 | -15.0491 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only | -0.0000 | 4.0055 | -0.1128 | -0.3792 | 0.1237 | 0.0295 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only | -1.4412 | 2.4153 | -0.0864 | -0.2824 | 0.2538 | 15.5471 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only | -0.0000 | 1.4062 | -0.0325 | -0.1090 | 0.0355 | 0.0132 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only | 1.4412 | 0.3971 | 0.0214 | 0.0638 | -0.1830 | -15.0653 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only | -0.0000 | 1.4062 | -0.0325 | -0.1090 | 0.0355 | 0.0132 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only | -1.9215 | 2.1892 | -0.0914 | -0.2966 | 0.3123 | 20.7198 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only | -0.0000 | 0.8437 | -0.0195 | -0.0654 | 0.0213 | 0.0079 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only | 1.9215 | -0.5018 | 0.0523 | 0.1650 | -0.2700 | -20.0968 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only | -0.0000 | 0.8437 | -0.0195 | -0.0654 | 0.0213 | 0.0079 |

Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

| Result | Value (kip, kip-ft) |
|------------------|---------------------|
| Axial | 8.3538 |
| Shear X | -3.2026 |
| Shear Z | -0.2698 |
| Moment X | -0.9024 |
| Moment Y (Twist) | 0.5830 |
| Moment Z | 35.4146 |

Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

| Result | Value (kip, kip-ft) |
|------------------|---------------------|
| Axial | 5.0146 |
| Shear X | -1.9215 |
| Shear Z | -0.1667 |
| Moment X | -0.5526 |
| Moment Y (Twist) | 0.3420 |
| Moment Z | 20.7251 |

Project Details

Design Code: AISC 360-16 LRFD
 Provision: LRFD
 Country: United States
 User Name: sales@mtsolar.us
 Unit System: imperial

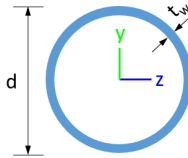


Design Input Information

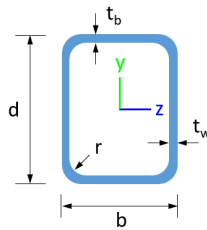
| Design Factors | | | |
|----------------|----------|----------|----------|
| Φ_t | Φ_c | Φ_b | Φ_v |
| 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.9 |

| Design Materials | | | |
|------------------|---------|-------------|-------------|
| ID | E (ksi) | F_y (ksi) | F_u (ksi) |
| 1 | 29000 | 50 | 65 |

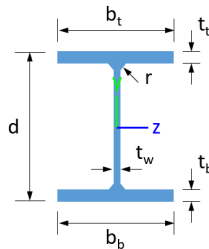
Section Dimensions



| ID | Name | d (in) | t_w (in) | | | | |
|----|-----------------|--------|------------|--|--|--|--|
| 1 | 2in Pipe Sch 40 | 2.38 | 0.15 | | | | |
| 4 | 4in Pipe Sch 40 | 4.50 | 0.24 | | | | |
| 7 | 6in Pipe Sch 40 | 6.63 | 0.28 | | | | |



| ID | Name | d (in) | b (in) | t_w (in) | t_b (in) | r (in) | |
|----|------------|--------|--------|------------|------------|--------|--|
| 15 | HSS5x3x1/8 | 5.00 | 3.00 | 0.12 | 0.12 | 0.12 | |



| ID | Name | d (in) | t_w (in) | b_t (in) | b_b (in) | t_t (in) | t_b (in) | r (in) |
|----|------|--------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|--------|
| 18 | W6x9 | 5.90 | 0.17 | 3.94 | 3.94 | 0.21 | 0.21 | 0.25 |

Section Properties

| ID | Name | A (in ²) | J (in ⁴) | I_{yp} (in ⁴) | I_{zp} (in ⁴) | I_w (in ⁶) | S_{yp} (in ³) | S_{zp} (in ³) |
|----|------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
|----|------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|--------------|--------------|------|
| 5 | 0.015 | 0.289 | 0.132 | 0.046 | 0.024 | 0.311 | #21 | 0.073 | Not Required | Pass |
| 6 | 0.022 | 0.564 | 0.233 | 0.056 | 0.053 | 0.808 | #21 | 0.044 | Not Required | Pass |
| 7 | 0.023 | 0.350 | 0.300 | 0.055 | 0.058 | 0.421 | #21 | 0.073 | Not Required | Pass |
| 8 | 0.003 | 0.109 | 0.129 | 0.032 | 0.020 | 0.239 | #21 | 0.088 | Not Required | Pass |
| 9 | 0.002 | 0.046 | 0.087 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.100 | #21 | 0.198 | Not Required | Pass |
| 10 | 0.023 | 0.558 | 0.285 | 0.056 | 0.051 | 0.776 | #21 | 0.078 | Not Required | Pass |
| 11 | 0.005 | 0.108 | 0.129 | 0.032 | 0.020 | 0.238 | #21 | 0.088 | Not Required | Pass |
| 12 | 0.001 | 0.428 | 0.217 | 0.111 | 0.042 | 0.583 | #21 | 0.052 | Not Required | Pass |
| 13 | 0.007 | 0.082 | 0.406 | 0.044 | 0.028 | 0.458 | #21 | 0.265 | Not Required | Pass |
| 14 | 0.006 | 0.084 | 0.400 | 0.044 | 0.028 | 0.450 | #21 | 0.177 | Not Required | Pass |
| 15 | 0.000 | 0.018 | 0.061 | 0.014 | 0.009 | 0.078 | #21 | Not Required | Not Required | Pass |
| 16 | 0.000 | 0.018 | 0.061 | 0.014 | 0.009 | 0.078 | #21 | Not Required | Not Required | Pass |
| 101 | 0.094 | 0.837 | 0.046 | 0.043 | 0.004 | 0.886 | #13 | 0.596 | Not Required | Pass |
| 102 | 0.001 | 0.428 | 0.217 | 0.111 | 0.042 | 0.583 | #21 | 0.052 | Not Required | Pass |
| 103 | 0.022 | 0.564 | 0.233 | 0.056 | 0.053 | 0.808 | #21 | 0.044 | Not Required | Pass |
| 104 | 0.023 | 0.558 | 0.285 | 0.056 | 0.051 | 0.776 | #21 | 0.078 | Not Required | Pass |
| 105 | 0.023 | 0.350 | 0.300 | 0.055 | 0.058 | 0.421 | #21 | 0.073 | Not Required | Pass |
| 106 | 0.016 | 0.466 | 0.105 | 0.046 | 0.019 | 0.575 | #21 | 0.044 | Not Required | Pass |
| 107 | 0.015 | 0.289 | 0.132 | 0.046 | 0.024 | 0.311 | #21 | 0.073 | Not Required | Pass |
| 108 | 0.000 | 0.018 | 0.061 | 0.014 | 0.009 | 0.078 | #21 | Not Required | Not Required | Pass |
| 109 | 0.002 | 0.046 | 0.087 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.100 | #21 | 0.198 | Not Required | Pass |
| 110 | 0.014 | 0.459 | 0.155 | 0.046 | 0.030 | 0.608 | #21 | 0.078 | Not Required | Pass |
| 111 | 0.000 | 0.018 | 0.061 | 0.014 | 0.009 | 0.078 | #21 | Not Required | Not Required | Pass |
| 112 | 0.001 | 0.307 | 0.181 | 0.078 | 0.037 | 0.433 | #21 | 0.052 | Not Required | Pass |
| 113 | 0.007 | 0.082 | 0.406 | 0.044 | 0.028 | 0.458 | #21 | 0.177 | Not Required | Pass |
| 114 | 0.006 | 0.084 | 0.400 | 0.044 | 0.028 | 0.450 | #21 | 0.265 | Not Required | Pass |
| 115 | 0.007 | 0.171 | 0.240 | 0.032 | 0.020 | 0.413 | #21 | 0.321 | Not Required | Pass |
| 116 | 0.003 | 0.171 | 0.239 | 0.032 | 0.020 | 0.412 | #21 | 0.321 | Not Required | Pass |

Definitions

| | |
|----------|---|
| Φ_t | Safety factor for tensile |
| Φ_c | Safety factor for compression |
| Φ_b | Safety factor for flexure |
| Φ_v | Safety factor for shear |
| E | Modulus of elasticity |
| F_y | Specified minimum yield stress |
| F_u | Specified minimum tensile strength |
| A | Cross-sectional area |
| J | Torsional constant |
| I_{yp} | Moment of inertia about the Y axes |
| I_{zp} | Moment of inertia about the Z axes |
| I_w | Warping constant |
| S_{yp} | Plastic section modulus about the Y axis |
| S_{zp} | Plastic section modulus about the Z axis |
| KL | Effective length |
| C_b | Buckling modification factor (from all load combinations) |
| L_b | Length between braced points |
| LST | Limited slenderness for tension |
| LSC | Limited slenderness for compression |
| LD | Limited deflection |
| P_n | Nominal axial strength (tension/compression) |
| M_n | Nominal flexural strength (about Z/Y axis) |
| V_n | Nominal shear strength (along Z/Y axis) |
| P | Design ratio in case of axial force |
| M_z | Design ratio in case of bending about Z axis |
| M_y | Design ratio in case of bending about Y axis |
| V_y | Design ratio in case of shear along Y axis |
| V_z | Design ratio in case of shear along Z axis |

| | |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| (P,M _z ,M _y) | Design ratio in case of axial force and bending action |
| KL/r | Design ratio in case of section slenderness |
| δ | Design ratio in case of member deflection |
| OK | Capacity is provided |
| NG | Capacity is not provided |

| REFERENCES | CALCULATIONS | RESULTS |
|------------|--------------|---------|
|------------|--------------|---------|

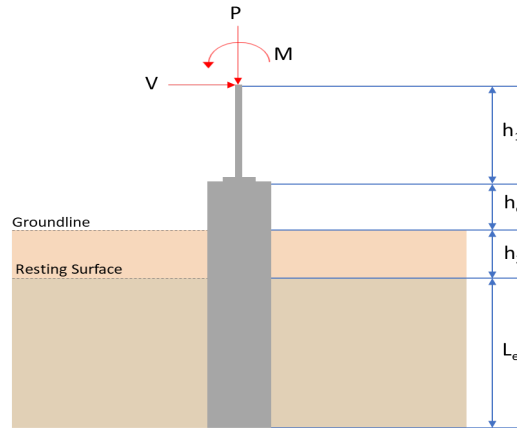
SkyCiv Foundation Design

Pile Foundation

Design Information :

Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code)
Unit System : Imperial

Pile Input



Geometry

Pile shape: rectangular

$b = 48$ in - Pile width

$D = 48$ in - Pile depth

$L = 6$ ft - Total pile length

$h_1 = 0$ ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile,

$h_2 = 0$ ft - Depth to resisting surface

$h_e = 0$ ft - Length of pile above the ground

Tabulation of Soil Parameters

| Layer | Label | Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf) | Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft) |
|-------|---|--|---|
| 1 | Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel | 2000.000 | 150.000 |

Tabulation of Loads

| Load Component | ASD | LRFD |
|----------------|--------|--------|
| P (kip) | 5.015 | 8.354 |
| V_x (kip) | -1.922 | -3.203 |
| V_z (kip) | 0.167 | 0.270 |
| M_x (kipft) | 0.553 | 0.902 |
| M_z (kipft) | 20.725 | 35.414 |

Material Properties

$f'_{ck} = 2.5$ ksi - Concrete strength.

Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD)

H - Point of application of the lateral load

$$H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$$

$$H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$H = 0 \text{ ft}$$

Considering x-direction:

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-1.922 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.30605 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(20.725 \text{ kipft}) + ((-1.922 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 3.3002 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R} \right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R} \right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,x} = 5.4691 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in x-direction,

Considering z-direction:

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(0.167 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = 0.026592 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.553 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.167 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.088057 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_z^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R} \right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R} \right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,z} = 2.1928 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in z-direction,

Minimum embedded depth required:

$L_{e,req}$ - Depth of pile required,

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$$

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(5.4691 \text{ ft}), (2.1928 \text{ ft})]$$

$$L_{e,req} = 5.469 \text{ ft}$$

L_e - Actual embedded length of pile,

$$L_e = L - h_e - h_2$$

$$L_e = (6 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$L_e = 6 \text{ ft}$$

Ratio - Embedded depth

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(5.469 \text{ ft})}{(6 \text{ ft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.9115$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.910**

End-bearing Capacity (ASD)

A - Pile cross-section area

$$A = b D$$

$$A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$$

q - End-bearing pressure

$$q = \frac{P_v}{A}$$

$$q = \frac{(5.015 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$$

$$q = 0.31344 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check bearing capacity ratio:

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.31344 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.15672$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.160**

Czerniak

Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):

L/D - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,

$$L/D = \frac{L}{D}$$

$$L/D = \frac{(6 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$$

$$L/D = 1.5$$

Since $L/D \leq 10$,

Pile is short.

Considering x-direction:

$H_o = -0.30605 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 3.3002 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (3.3002 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.30605 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (3.3002 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.30605 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.1353 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (3.3002 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.30605 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(6 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (3.3002 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.30605 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.19791 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (3.3002 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.30605 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6 \text{ ft}))]}{(6 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.794 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(4.1353 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.31015 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.19791 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.31015 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.63812$$

p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (6 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 0.9 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.794 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.9 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.88222$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.640**

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.880**

Considering z-direction:

$H_o = 0.026592 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 0.088057 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.088057 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.026592 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.088057 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.026592 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.2735 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (0.088057 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (0.026592 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(6 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (0.088057 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (0.026592 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.024659 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (0.088057 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((0.026592 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6 \text{ ft}))]}{(6 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.055945 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(4.2735 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.32052 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.024659 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.32052 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.076934$$

p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (6 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 0.9 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

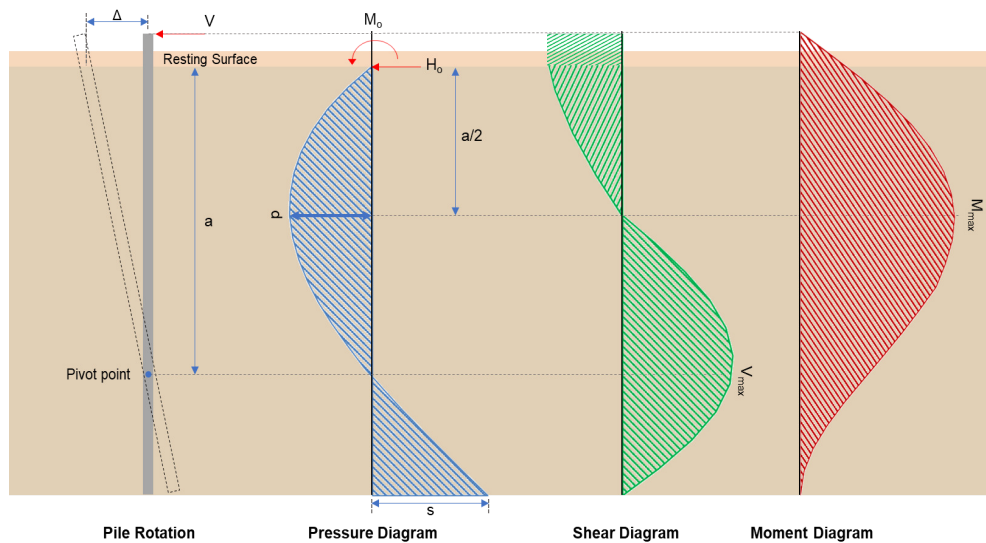
$$Ratio = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.055945 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.9 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.062161$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.080**

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.060**



Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-3.203 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.51003 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(35.414 \text{ kipft}) + ((-3.203 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 5.6392 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(5.6392 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.51003 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 11.057 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (5.6392 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.51003 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (5.6392 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.51003 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = \frac{(-0.51003 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})}{(6 \times (5.6392 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.51003 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.1328 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.51003 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (11.057 \text{ ft})}{(6 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.1328 \text{ ft})}{(6 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (11.057 \text{ ft})}{(6 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.1328 \text{ ft})}{(6 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 7.9984 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth a/2,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.51003 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (6 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(11.057 \text{ ft})}{(6 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(4.1328 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (11.057 \text{ ft})}{(6 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.1328 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (11.057 \text{ ft})}{(6 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.1328 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 22.883 \text{ kipft}$$

Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(0.27 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = 0.042994 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.902 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.27 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.14363 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.14363 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(0.042994 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 3.3407 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.14363 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.042994 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.14363 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.042994 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.2725 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((0.042994 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (3.3407 \text{ ft})}{(6 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.2725 \text{ ft})}{(6 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] \right. \\ \left. + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (3.3407 \text{ ft})}{(6 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.2725 \text{ ft})}{(6 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.28383 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o \cdot b \cdot L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) \right. \\ \left. - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((0.042994 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (6 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(3.3407 \text{ ft})}{(6 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(4.2725 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6 \text{ ft})} \right) \right. \\ \left. - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (3.3407 \text{ ft})}{(6 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.2725 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (3.3407 \text{ ft})}{(6 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.2725 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 0.75933 \text{ kipft}$$

Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$ - Concrete strength,

$f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$ - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,

$\phi = 0.65$ - Reduction factor for axial strength,

$\alpha = 0.8$ - Alpha factor for axial strength,

$A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$ - Gross area of concrete,

Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load, $A_{st,required}$

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{(8.354 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -84.319 \text{ in}^2$$

A_{min} - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-84.319 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$$

n_{rebar} - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 14$$

A_{st} - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$$

Table 22.4.2.1

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

| | | |
|---|--|--|
| <p>25.2.3</p> <p>25.7.2.2</p> <p>25.7.2.1</p> | <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = 0.96556$</p> <p>$s_{rebar} = Minimum\ spacing\ of\ reinforcement,$</p> $s_{rebar} = Max[1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$ $s_{rebar} = Max[1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625\ in))]$ $s_{rebar} = 1.5\ in$ <p>Ties:</p> <p>Since longitudinal reinforcement is \leq No. 10: Use #3(0.375 in)</p> <p>s_{ties} - Maximum spacing of ties,</p> $s_{ties} = Min[(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), Min(D, b)]$ $s_{ties} = Min[(16 \times (0.625\ in)), (48 \times (0.375\ in)), Min((48\ in), (48\ in))]$ $s_{ties} = 10\ in$ <p>Summary:</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Main reinforcement: 14 - #5 (0.625 in) Ties: #3(0.375 in) - 10 in</p> | <p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.970</p> |
| <p>22.4.2.2</p> | <p>Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p>ϕP_N - Allowable axial compressive strength</p> $\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_y A_{st})]$ $\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times [(0.85 \times (2.5\ ksi) \times [(2304\ in^2) - (4.2951\ in^2)]) + ((60\ ksi) \times (4.2951\ in^2))]$ $\phi P_N = 2675.2\ kip$ <p><i>Ratio - Capacity</i></p> $Ratio = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$ $Ratio = \frac{(8.354\ kip)}{(2675.2\ kip)}$ $Ratio = 0.0031228$ | <p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000</p> |
| <p>22.5.2.2</p> <p>22.5.5.1.3</p> <p>22.5.5.1.1</p> | <p>Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p>Parameters:</p> <p>$b_w = 48\ in$ - Effective width, d - Effective depth</p> $d = 0.80 D$ $d = 0.80 \times (48\ in)$ $d = 38.4\ in$ <p>λ_s - size effect modification factor</p> $\lambda_s = MIN \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$ $\lambda_s = MIN \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4\ in)}{10}}}, 1 \right]$ $\lambda_s = 0.64282$ <p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5\ ksi \rightarrow 2500\ psi$,</p> <p>$V_{c,max}$ - Max shear strength of concrete</p> $V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500\ psi)} \times (48\ in) \times (38.4\ in)$ | |

$$V_{c,max} = 296.21 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.1(a) The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $P = 8.354 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 8354 \text{ lbf}$,
 $V_{c,a}$ - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck} + \frac{P}{6 A_g}} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi}) + \frac{(8354 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)}} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 119.6 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{c,b}$ - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck} + (0.05 f'_{ck})} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi}) + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi}))} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 348.89 \text{ kip}$$

V_c - Governing shear strength of concrete

$$V_c = \text{Min} [V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min} [(296.21 \text{ kip}), (119.6 \text{ kip}), (348.89 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 119.6 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{s,a}$ - Shear strength of steel (a)

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{s,a} = 737.28 \text{ kip}$$

A_v - Ties rebar area,

$$A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$$

22.5.8.5.3 $V_{s,b}$ - Shear strength of steel (b)

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yw} d}{s_{ties}}$$

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$$

$$V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$$

V_s - Governing shear strength of steel

$$V_s = \text{MIN} [V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$$

$$V_s = \text{MIN} [(737.28 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.1.1 ϕV_n - Allowable shear strength

$$\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$$

$$\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((119.6 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$$

$$\phi V_n = 110.82 \text{ kip}$$

Considering x-direction:

$V_{max} = 7.9984 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the x-direction,

$Ratio$ - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(7.9984 \text{ kip})}{(110.82 \text{ kip})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.072175$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.070**

Considering z-direction:

$V_{max} = 0.28383 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the z-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.28383 \text{ kip})}{(110.82 \text{ kip})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.0025612$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**

Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)

S_m - Section modulus

$$S_m = \frac{b D^2}{6}$$

$$S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$$

$$S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$$

$\lambda = 1$ - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete),

Allowable flexural strength:

M_n shall be the lesser of:

$\phi M_{n,1}$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{(2.5 \text{ ksi})} \times 18432.001 \text{ in}^3$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 249.600 \text{ kipft}$$

14.5.2.1b

$\phi M_{n,2}$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_c \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (18432 \text{ in}^3)$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = 2121.6 \text{ kipft}$$

Therefore,

ϕM_n - Allowable flexural strength,

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$$

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(249.6 \text{ kipft}), (2121.6 \text{ kipft})]$$

$$\phi M_n = 249.6 \text{ kipft}$$

Considering x-direction:

$M_{max} = 22.883 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the x-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(22.883 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.091679$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.090**

Considering z-direction:

$M_{max} = 0.75933 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the z-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.75933 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.0030422$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**

| REFERENCES | CALCULATIONS | RESULTS |
|------------|--------------|---------|
|------------|--------------|---------|

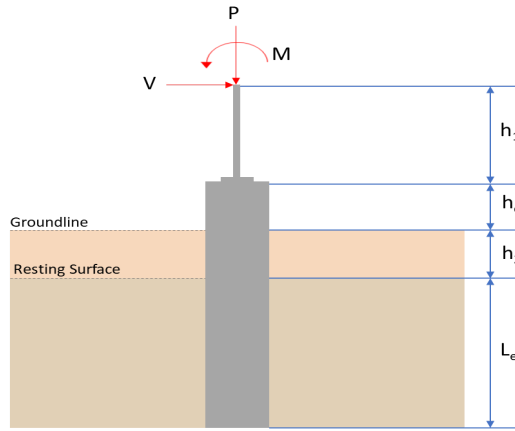
SkyCiv Foundation Design

Pile Foundation

Design Information :

Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code)
Unit System : Imperial

Pile Input



Geometry

Pile shape: rectangular

$b = 48$ in - Pile width

$D = 48$ in - Pile depth

$L = 6$ ft - Total pile length

$h_1 = 0$ ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile,

$h_2 = 0$ ft - Depth to resisting surface

$h_e = 0$ ft - Length of pile above the ground

Tabulation of Soil Parameters

| Layer | Label | Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf) | Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft) |
|-------|---|--|---|
| 1 | Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel | 2000.000 | 150.000 |

Tabulation of Loads

| Load Component | ASD | LRFD |
|----------------|--------|--------|
| P (kip) | 5.015 | 8.354 |
| V_x (kip) | -1.922 | -3.203 |
| V_z (kip) | -0.167 | -0.270 |
| M_x (kipft) | -0.553 | -0.902 |
| M_z (kipft) | 20.725 | 35.415 |

Material Properties

$f'_{ck} = 2.5$ ksi - Concrete strength.

Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD)

H - Point of application of the lateral load

$$H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$$

$$H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$H = 0 \text{ ft}$$

Considering x-direction:

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-1.922 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.30605 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(20.725 \text{ kipft}) + ((-1.922 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 3.3002 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R} \right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R} \right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,x} = 5.4691 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in x-direction,

Considering z-direction:

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.167 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.026592 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.553 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.167 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.088057 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_z^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R} \right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R} \right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,z} = 1.6418 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in z-direction,

Minimum embedded depth required:

$L_{e,req}$ - Depth of pile required,

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$$

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(5.4691 \text{ ft}), (1.6418 \text{ ft})]$$

$$L_{e,req} = 5.469 \text{ ft}$$

L_e - Actual embedded length of pile,

$$L_e = L - h_e - h_2$$

$$L_e = (6 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$L_e = 6 \text{ ft}$$

Ratio - Embedded depth

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(5.469 \text{ ft})}{(6 \text{ ft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.9115$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.910**

End-bearing Capacity (ASD)

A - Pile cross-section area

$$A = b D$$

$$A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$$

q - End-bearing pressure

$$q = \frac{P_v}{A}$$

$$q = \frac{(5.015 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$$

$$q = 0.31344 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check bearing capacity ratio:

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.31344 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.15672$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.160**

Czerniak

Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):

L/D - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,

$$L/D = \frac{L}{D}$$

$$L/D = \frac{(6 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$$

$$L/D = 1.5$$

Since $L/D \leq 10$,

Pile is short.

Considering x-direction:

$H_o = -0.30605 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 3.3002 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (3.3002 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.30605 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (3.3002 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.30605 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.1353 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (3.3002 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.30605 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(6 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (3.3002 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.30605 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.19791 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (3.3002 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.30605 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6 \text{ ft}))]}{(6 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.794 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(4.1353 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.31015 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.19791 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.31015 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.63812$$

p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (6 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 0.9 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.794 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.9 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.88222$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.640**

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.880**

Considering z-direction:

$H_o = -0.026592 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 0.088057 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.088057 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.026592 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.088057 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.026592 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.2735 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 \times (0.088057 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.026592 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(6 \text{ ft})^2 [(3 \times (0.088057 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.026592 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = -0.0060621 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (0.088057 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.026592 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6 \text{ ft}))]}{(6 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.0027601 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(4.2735 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.32052 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(-0.0060621 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.32052 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = -0.018913$$

p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (6 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 0.9 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

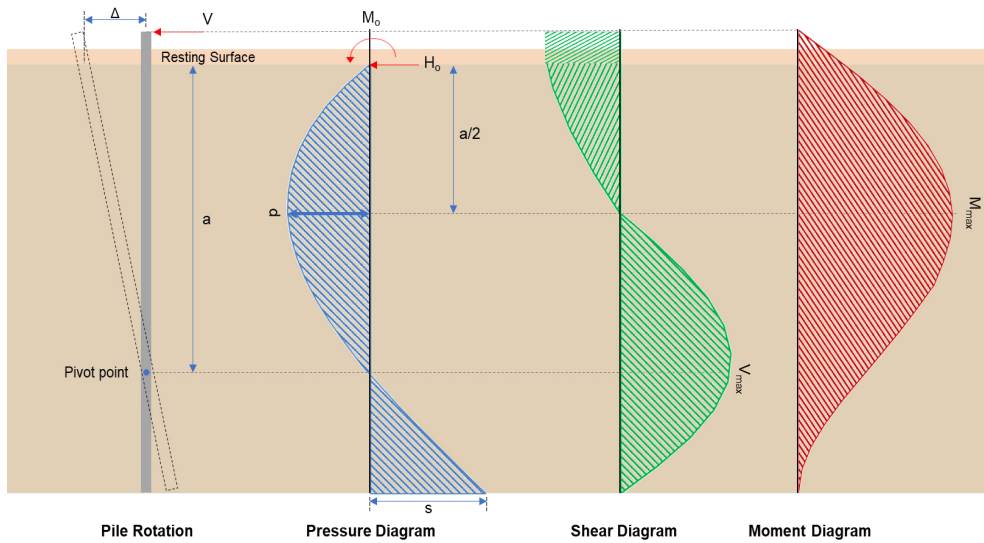
$$Ratio = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.0027601 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.9 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.0030668$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **-0.020**

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**



Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-3.203 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.51003 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(35.415 \text{ kipft}) + ((-3.203 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 5.6393 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(5.6393 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.51003 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 11.057 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (5.6393 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.51003 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (5.6393 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.51003 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = \frac{(-0.51003 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})}{(6 \times (5.6393 \text{ kip/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.51003 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.1328 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.51003 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (11.057 \text{ ft})}{(6 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.1328 \text{ ft})}{(6 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (11.057 \text{ ft})}{(6 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.1328 \text{ ft})}{(6 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 7.9986 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth a/2,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.51003 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (6 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(11.057 \text{ ft})}{(6 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(4.1328 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (11.057 \text{ ft})}{(6 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.1328 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (11.057 \text{ ft})}{(6 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.1328 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 22.884 \text{ kipft}$$

Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.27 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.042994 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.902 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.27 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.14363 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.14363 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.042994 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 3.3407 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.14363 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.042994 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.14363 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.042994 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.2725 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.042994 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (3.3407 \text{ ft})}{(6 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.2725 \text{ ft})}{(6 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] \right. \\ \left. + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (3.3407 \text{ ft})}{(6 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.2725 \text{ ft})}{(6 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.28383 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o \cdot b \cdot L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) \right. \\ \left. - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.042994 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (6 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(3.3407 \text{ ft})}{(6 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(4.2725 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6 \text{ ft})} \right) \right. \\ \left. - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (3.3407 \text{ ft})}{(6 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.2725 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (3.3407 \text{ ft})}{(6 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.2725 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 0.75933 \text{ kipft}$$

Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$ - Concrete strength,

$f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$ - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,

$\phi = 0.65$ - Reduction factor for axial strength,

$\alpha = 0.8$ - Alpha factor for axial strength,

$A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$ - Gross area of concrete,

Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load, $A_{st,required}$

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{(8.354 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -84.319 \text{ in}^2$$

A_{min} - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-84.319 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$$

n_{rebar} - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 14$$

A_{st} - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$$

Table 22.4.2.1

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

| | | |
|---|---|--|
| <p>25.2.3</p> <p>25.7.2.2</p> <p>25.7.2.1</p> | <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = 0.96556$</p> <p>$s_{rebar} = Max[1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$</p> <p>$s_{rebar} = Max[1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$</p> <p>$s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$</p> <p>Ties:</p> <p>Since longitudinal reinforcement is \leq No. 10: Use #3(0.375 in)</p> <p>$s_{ties} = Min[(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), Min(D, b)]$</p> <p>$s_{ties} = Min[(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), Min((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]$</p> <p>$s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$</p> <p>Summary:</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Main reinforcement: 14 - #5 (0.625 in) Ties: #3(0.375 in) - 10 in</p> | <p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.970</p> |
| <p>22.4.2.2</p> | <p>Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p>ϕP_N - Allowable axial compressive strength</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_y A_{st})]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times [(0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2))]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\phi P_N = 2675.2 \text{ kip}$</p> <p>Ratio - Capacity</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = \frac{(8.354 \text{ kip})}{(2675.2 \text{ kip})}$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = 0.0031228$</p> | <p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000</p> |
| <p>22.5.2.2</p> <p>22.5.5.1.3</p> <p>22.5.5.1.1</p> | <p>Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p>Parameters:</p> <p>$b_w = 48 \text{ in}$ - Effective width, d - Effective depth</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$d = 0.80 D$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$d = 38.4 \text{ in}$</p> <p>λ_s - size effect modification factor</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\lambda_s = MIN \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\lambda_s = MIN \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\lambda_s = 0.64282$</p> <p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,</p> <p>$V_{c,max}$ - Max shear strength of concrete</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$</p> | |

$$V_{c,max} = 296.21 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.1(a) The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $P = 8.354 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 8354 \text{ lbf}$,
 $V_{c,a}$ - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck} + \frac{P}{6 A_g}} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi}) + \frac{(8354 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)}} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 119.6 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{c,b}$ - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck} + (0.05 f'_{ck})} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi}) + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi}))} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 348.89 \text{ kip}$$

V_c - Governing shear strength of concrete

$$V_c = \text{Min} [V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min} [(296.21 \text{ kip}), (119.6 \text{ kip}), (348.89 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 119.6 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{s,a}$ - Shear strength of steel (a)

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{s,a} = 737.28 \text{ kip}$$

A_v - Ties rebar area,

$$A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$$

22.5.8.5.3 $V_{s,b}$ - Shear strength of steel (b)

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yw} d}{s_{ties}}$$

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$$

$$V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$$

V_s - Governing shear strength of steel

$$V_s = \text{MIN} [V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$$

$$V_s = \text{MIN} [(737.28 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.1.1 ϕV_n - Allowable shear strength

$$\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$$

$$\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((119.6 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$$

$$\phi V_n = 110.82 \text{ kip}$$

Considering x-direction:

$V_{max} = 7.9986 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the x-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(7.9986 \text{ kip})}{(110.82 \text{ kip})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.072176$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.070**

Considering z-direction:

$V_{max} = 0.28383 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the z-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.28383 \text{ kip})}{(110.82 \text{ kip})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.0025612$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**

Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)

S_m - Section modulus

$$S_m = \frac{b D^2}{6}$$

$$S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$$

$$S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$$

$\lambda = 1$ - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete),

Allowable flexural strength:

M_n shall be the lesser of:

$\phi M_{n,1}$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{(2.5 \text{ ksi})} \times 18432.001 \text{ in}^3$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 249.600 \text{ kipft}$$

14.5.2.1b

$\phi M_{n,2}$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_{ck} \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (18432 \text{ in}^3)$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = 2121.6 \text{ kipft}$$

Therefore,

ϕM_n - Allowable flexural strength,

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$$

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(249.6 \text{ kipft}), (2121.6 \text{ kipft})]$$

$$\phi M_n = 249.6 \text{ kipft}$$

Considering x-direction:

$M_{max} = 22.884 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the x-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(22.884 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.091681$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.090**

Considering z-direction:

$M_{max} = 0.75933 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the z-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.75933 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.0030422$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**