

Your Project Calculations

Project Name: MTSOLAR_B3B5716L9I95 - RevA - Jb

S3D Model Link:

https://platform.skyciv.com/structural?preload_name=MTSOLAR_B3B5716L9I95%20-%20RevA%20-%20Jb&preload_path=Shared%20Enterprise%20Folder/MT_Solar_Projects/5_2024

Public Model Link:

https://platform.skyciv.com/structural-viewer?project_id=DnBB8h38DSFEPPe0OeFAcsfa4vPVZAKAN7vo0TR6dNMzZlcjEvAtYvAXTBh6YOFA



Array Specification

Product:	Beam
Unique ID:	2P-19.75-8TOP-HD-57-L-5Hx5W-919J
Duty Classification:	HD
Module Width:	41.10 in
Module Length:	87.20in
Number of Rows:	5
Number of Columns:	5
Total Number of Modules:	25
Desired Tilt Angle:	30
Front Edge Clearance:	15
Total Array Height at Tilt:	23.61 ft
Total Frame Length:	36.75 ft
Frame Weight:	2843 lbs
Array Dimensions N/S:	17.33 ft
Array Dimensions E/W:	36.75 ft
Rail Length:	208.00 in
Rail Spacing:	3.63 ft
Rail Check:	Not Checked

Support Specifications

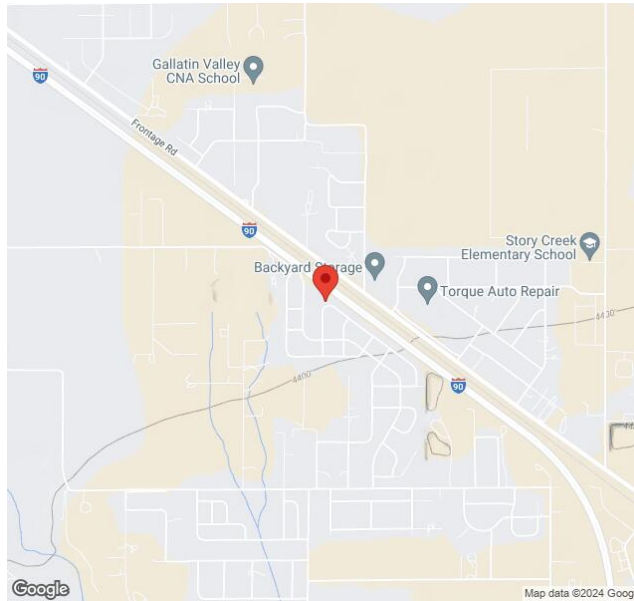
Pole Size:	8in Pipe Sch 80
Pole Length above Grade:	19.33 ft
Number of Poles:	2
Pole Spacing:	19.75 ft

Foundation Specifications

Foundation Type:	Square
Foundation Dimensions:	48 x 48 in
Foundation Depth (below grade):	Pile 1: 8.50 ft Pile 2: 8.50 ft
Foundation Volume:	10.074 y ³
Foundation Result:	PASSED
Mount Twist:	0.246141 kip

Site Info

Risk Category:	I
Exposure:	C
Soil Classification:	sand
Site Location:	527 Red Barn Dr, Belgrade, MT 59714, USA
Wind Speed:	101 mph
Snow Load:	33 psf
Design Uplift Pressure:	Multiple pressures
Design Downforce Pressure:	Multiple pressures
Design Snow Pressure:	0.014515 ksf



Design Disclaimer

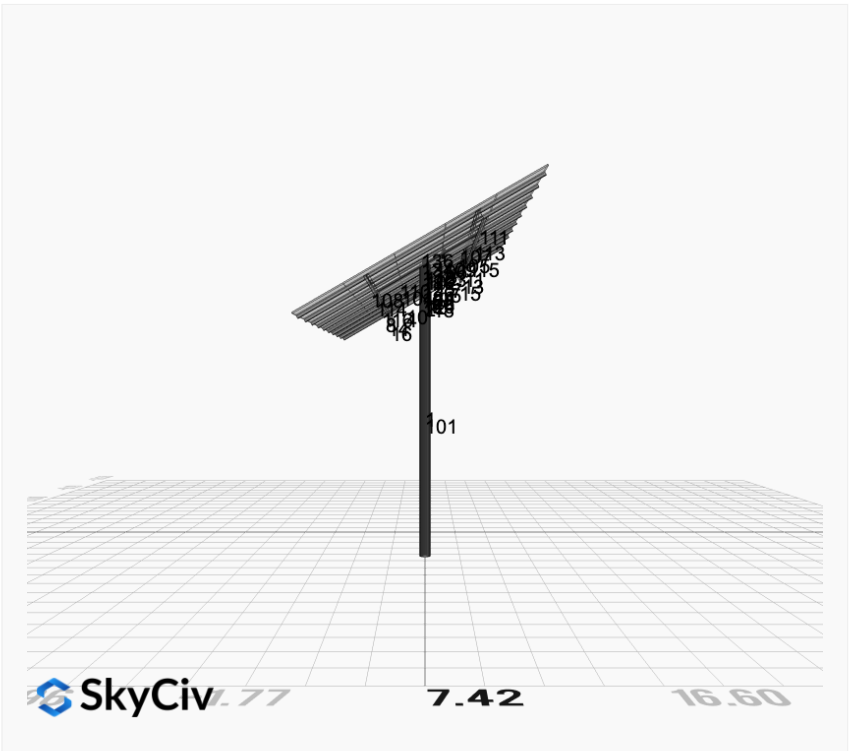
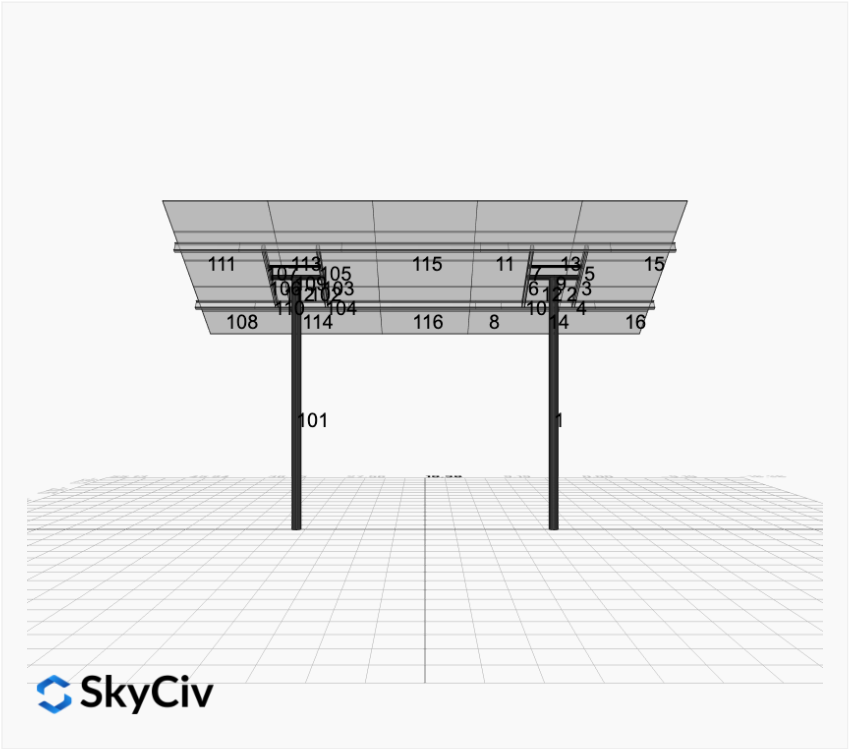
This software should be used for preliminary designs and should not be used as a final design unless reviewed, verified and designed by a qualified structural engineer.

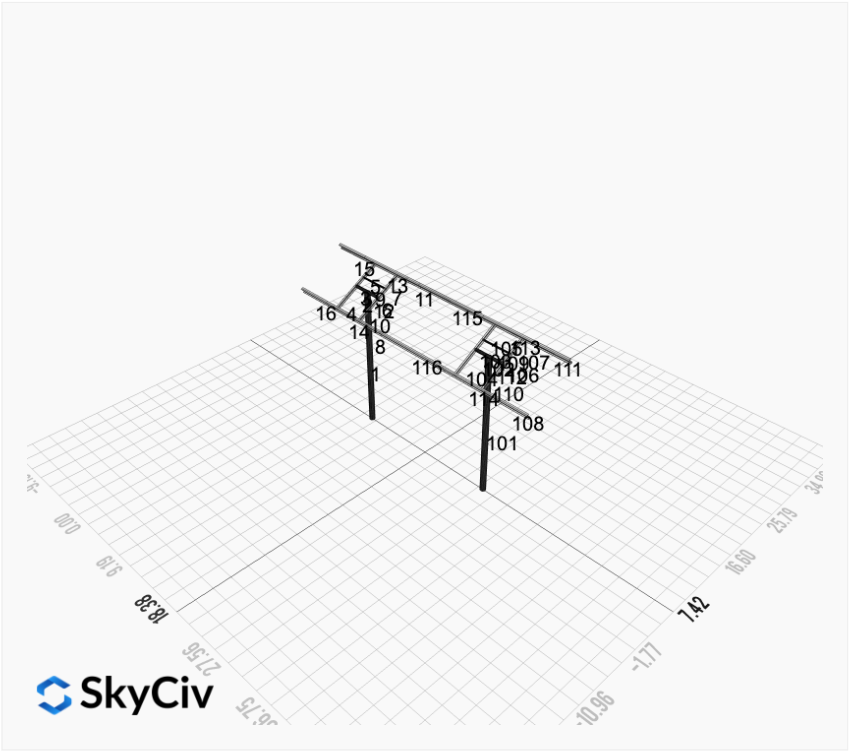
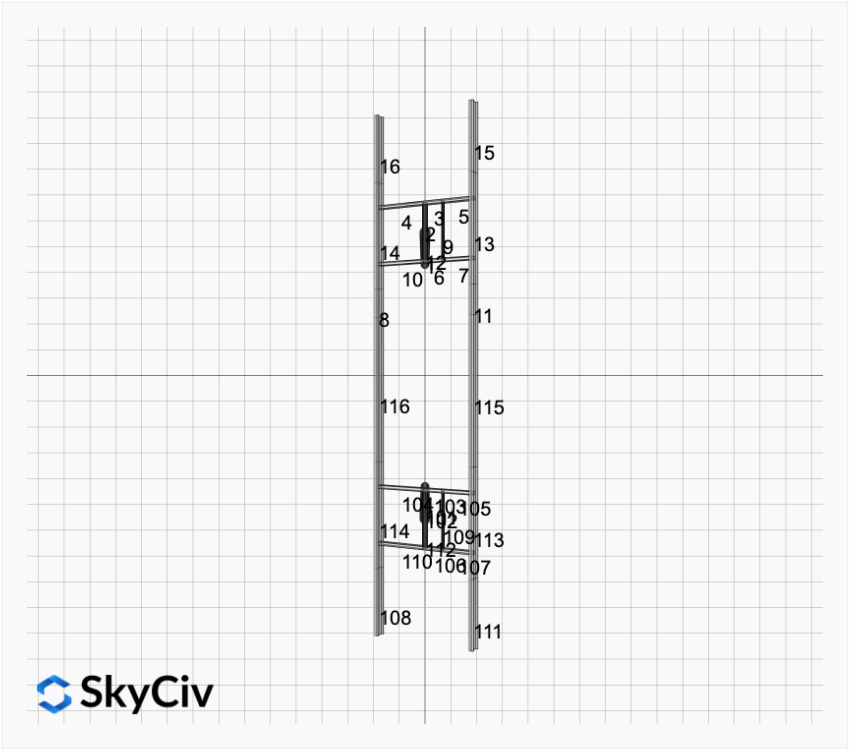
AutoDesigner Input

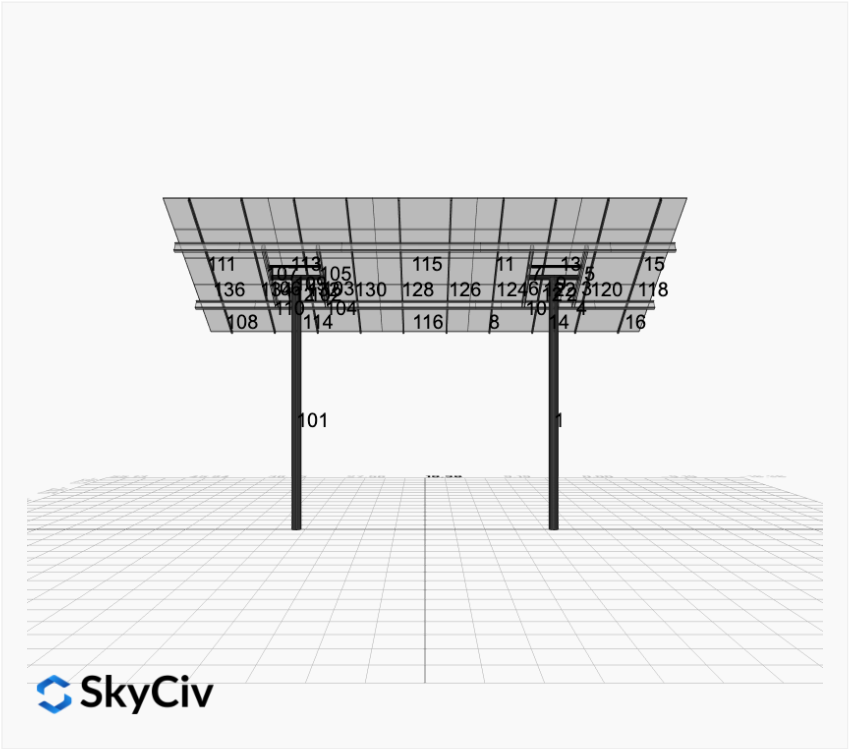
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Design Notes:

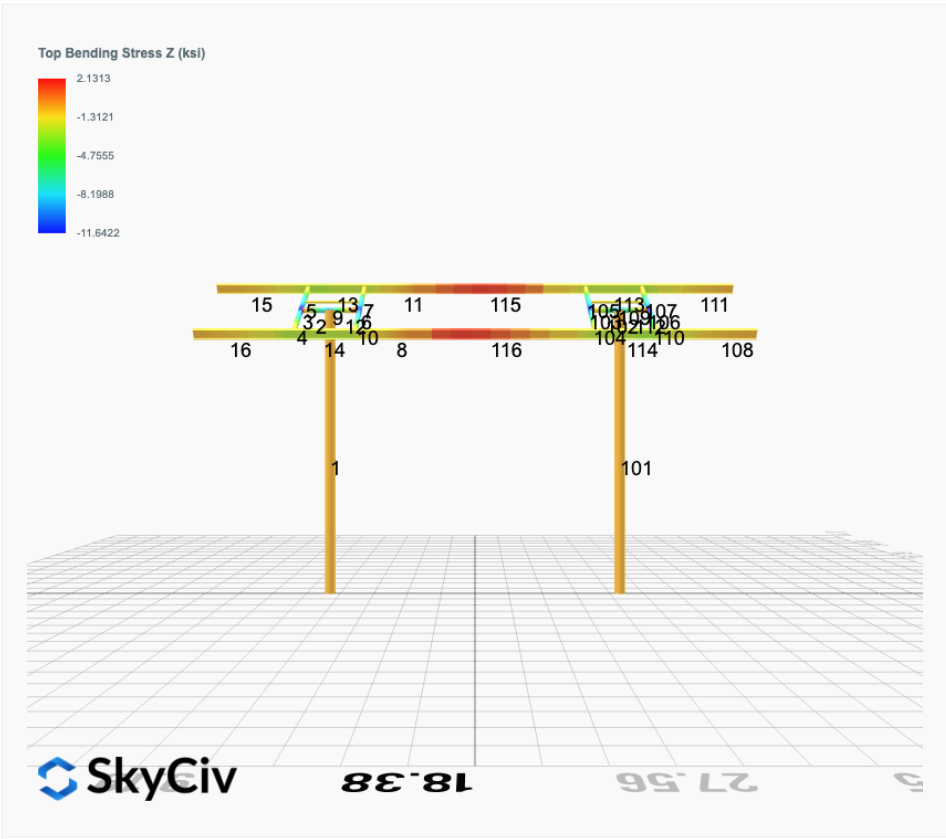
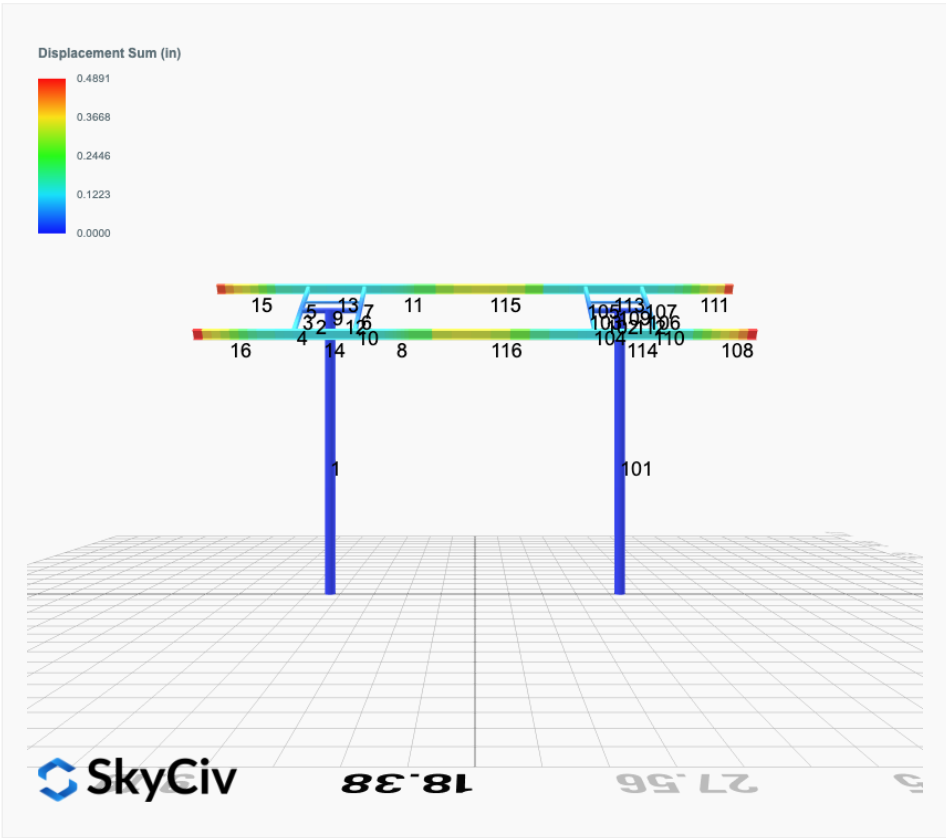
- AISC Deflection checks are set to L/1 due to structure design intent
- Foundation Soil Parameters used in this Autodesign are all estimates, proper geotechnical reports are required to confirm soil profiles
- Wind speeds, snow loads and other site specific results are based on ASCE 7 2016
- Steel frame design checks are based on AISC 360 2016 (LRFD)
- Foundation Design and Sizing is approximate only

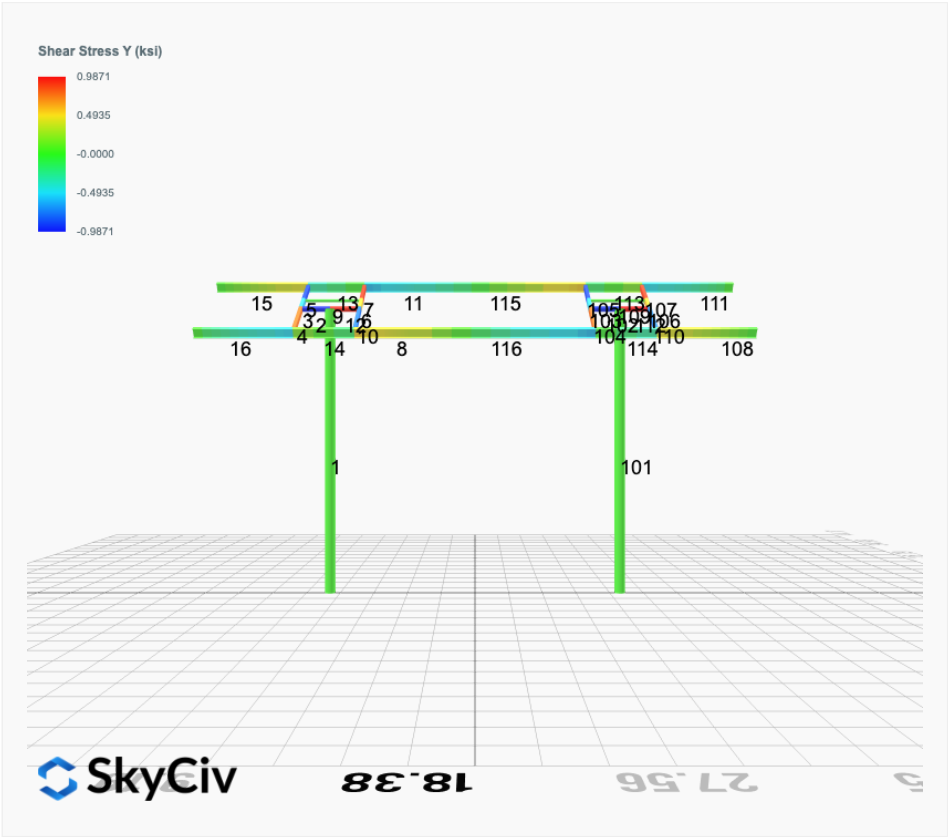
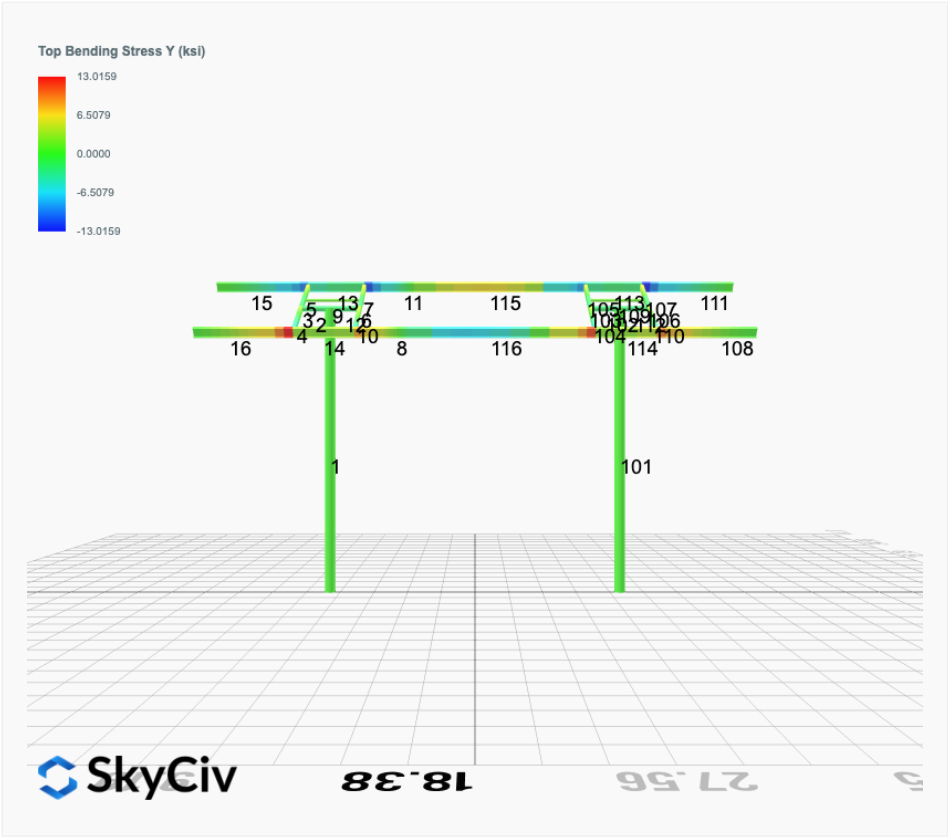


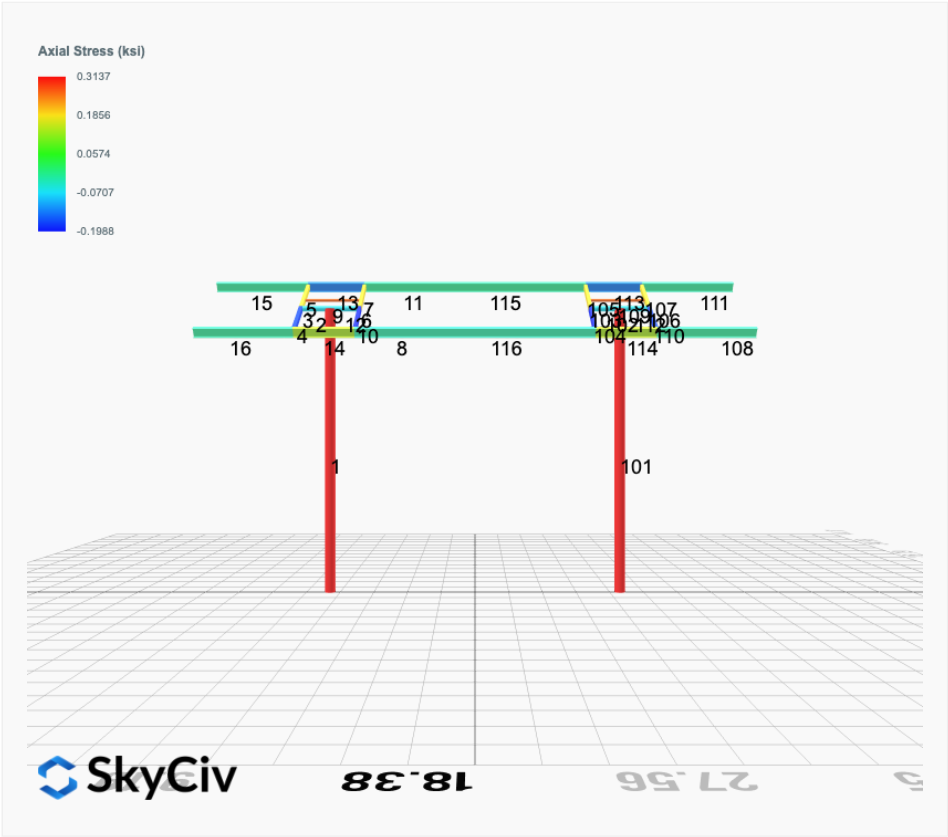




FEM Results (Envelope Worst Case for each member)







Reaction Forces for Foundation 1 (Node ID#1), (kip, kip-ft)

ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	0.0000	2.8456	-0.0051	-0.0307	0.0379	0.0275
ULS: 2. D + L	0.0000	2.8456	-0.0051	-0.0307	0.0379	0.0275
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	-0.0000	6.8493	-0.0164	-0.0978	0.1217	0.0459
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0000	2.8456	-0.0051	-0.0307	0.0379	0.0275
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	-0.0000	5.8483	-0.0136	-0.0810	0.1008	0.0413
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0000	2.8456	-0.0051	-0.0307	0.0379	0.0275
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	0.0000	2.8456	-0.0051	-0.0307	0.0379	0.0275
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	-0.0000	5.8483	-0.0136	-0.0810	0.1008	0.0413
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	0.0000	1.7073	-0.0031	-0.0184	0.0228	0.0165
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.8917	7.8541	-0.0285	-0.1746	0.1169	58.8341
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-2.8917	7.8541	-0.0285	-0.1746	0.1169	58.8341
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	2.4786	-1.4474	0.0148	0.0912	-0.0297	-45.9810
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	2.0655	-0.7319	0.0115	0.0714	-0.0187	-48.3771
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.1687	9.6047	-0.0311	-0.1890	0.1600	44.1463
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-2.1687	9.6047	-0.0311	-0.1890	0.1600	44.1463
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.8589	2.6286	0.0014	0.0104	0.0500	-34.4651
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	1.5491	3.1652	-0.0011	-0.0044	0.0583	-36.2622
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.1687	6.6019	-0.0226	-0.1387	0.0971	44.1325
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-2.1687	6.6019	-0.0226	-0.1387	0.0971	44.1325
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.8589	-0.3742	0.0098	0.0607	-0.0128	-34.4789
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	1.5491	0.1624	0.0074	0.0459	-0.0046	-36.2760
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.8917	6.7158	-0.0264	-0.1624	0.1017	58.8232
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-2.8917	6.7158	-0.0264	-0.1624	0.1017	58.8232
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	2.4786	-2.5857	0.0168	0.1035	-0.0449	-45.9920
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	2.0655	-1.8702	0.0136	0.0837	-0.0339	-48.3881

Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	13.9944
Shear X	-4.8195
Shear Z	-0.0509
Moment X	-0.3128
Moment Y (Twist)	0.2460
Moment Z	101.6009

Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	9.6047
Shear X	-2.8917
Shear Z	-0.0311
Moment X	-0.1890
Moment Y (Twist)	0.1600
Moment Z	58.8341

Reaction Forces for Foundation 2 (Node ID#101), (kip, kip-ft)

ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	-0.0000	2.8456	0.0051	0.0307	-0.0379	0.0275
ULS: 2. D + L	-0.0000	2.8456	0.0051	0.0307	-0.0379	0.0275
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0000	6.8493	0.0164	0.0978	-0.1217	0.0458
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	-0.0000	2.8456	0.0051	0.0307	-0.0379	0.0275
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0000	5.8483	0.0136	0.0810	-0.1008	0.0413
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	-0.0000	2.8456	0.0051	0.0307	-0.0379	0.0275
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	-0.0000	2.8456	0.0051	0.0307	-0.0379	0.0275

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	0.0000	5.8483	0.0136	0.0810	-0.1008	0.0413
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	-0.0000	1.7073	0.0031	0.0184	-0.0228	0.0165
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.8917	7.8541	0.0285	0.1747	-0.1169	58.8341
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-2.8917	7.8541	0.0285	0.1747	-0.1169	58.8341
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	2.4786	-1.4474	-0.0148	-0.0912	0.0297	-45.9810
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	2.0655	-0.7319	-0.0115	-0.0714	0.0187	-48.3771
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.1687	9.6047	0.0311	0.1890	-0.1600	44.1463
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-2.1687	9.6047	0.0311	0.1890	-0.1600	44.1463
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.8589	2.6286	-0.0014	-0.0104	-0.0500	-34.4651
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	1.5491	3.1652	0.0011	0.0044	-0.0583	-36.2622
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.1687	6.6019	0.0226	0.1387	-0.0971	44.1325
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-2.1687	6.6019	0.0226	0.1387	-0.0971	44.1325
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.8589	-0.3742	-0.0098	-0.0607	0.0128	-34.4789
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	1.5491	0.1624	-0.0074	-0.0459	0.0046	-36.2760
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.8917	6.7158	0.0264	0.1624	-0.1017	58.8232
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-2.8917	6.7158	0.0264	0.1624	-0.1017	58.8232
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	2.4786	-2.5857	-0.0168	-0.1035	0.0449	-45.9920
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	2.0655	-1.8702	-0.0136	-0.0837	0.0339	-48.3881

Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	13.9944
Shear X	-4.8194
Shear Z	0.0509
Moment X	0.3127
Moment Y (Twist)	0.2461
Moment Z	101.6017

Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	9.6047
Shear X	-2.8917
Shear Z	0.0311
Moment X	0.1890
Moment Y (Twist)	0.1600
Moment Z	58.8341

Project Details

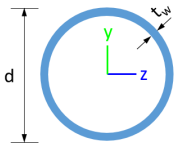
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 Provision: LRFD
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 Unit System: imperial



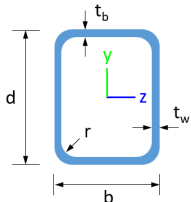
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Design Factors			
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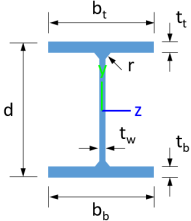
Design Materials			
ID	E (ksi)	F_y (ksi)	F_u (ksi)
1	29000	50	65

Section Dimensions								
								

ID	Name	d (in)	t_w (in)					
2	2in Pipe Sch 80	2.38	0.22					
5	4in Pipe Sch 80	4.50	0.34					
10	8in Pipe Sch 80	8.63	0.50					

								
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ID	Name	d (in)	b (in)	t_w (in)	t_b (in)	r (in)		
16	HSS5x3x3/16	5.00	3.00	0.17	0.17	0.17		

								
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ID	Name	d (in)	t_w (in)	b_t (in)	b_b (in)	t_t (in)	t_b (in)	r (in)
19	W8x10	7.89	0.17	3.94	3.94	0.20	0.20	0.30

Section Properties								
ID	Name	A (in ²)	J (in ⁴)	I_{yp} (in ⁴)	I_{zp} (in ⁴)	I_w (in ⁶)	S_{yp} (in ³)	S_{zp} (in ³)
2	2in Pipe Sch 80	1.48	1.74	0.87	0.87	0.00	1.02	1.02
5	4in Pipe Sch 80	4.41	19.22	9.61	9.61	0.00	5.85	5.85
10	8in Pipe Sch 80	12.76	211.43	105.72	105.72	0.00	33.05	33.05

16	HSS5x3x3/16	2.58	8.64	3.85	8.53	0.73	2.96	4.21
19	W8x10	2.96	0.04	2.09	30.80	30.90	1.66	8.87

Member Properties									
Member ID	Section ID	K _z L (ft)	K _y L (ft)	L _b (ft)	C _b	L S T	L S C	L D	
1	10	40.60	40.60	19.33	-	300	200	1	
2	5	1.30	1.30	2.00	-	300	200	1	
3	16	0.92	0.92	1.42	1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.17,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18	300	200	1	
4	16	2.44	2.44	3.75	1.68,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.60,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.65,1.71,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.64	300	200	1	
5	16	1.52	1.52	2.33	1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67	300	200	1	
6	16	0.92	0.92	1.42	1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.17,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18	300	200	1	
7	16	1.52	1.52	2.33	1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67	300	200	1	
8	19	1.33	1.33	2.05	2.12,2.12,2.12,2.12,2.12,2.12,2.12,2.12,2.11,2.38,2.12,2.12,2.11,2.06,2.12,2.12,2.14,2.14,2.12,2.12,2.11,2.39,2.12,2.12,2.11,2.08	300	200	1	
9	2	2.60	2.60	4.00	-	300	200	1	
10	16	2.44	2.44	3.75	1.68,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.58,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.65,1.71,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.64	300	200	1	
11	19	1.33	1.33	2.05	2.12,2.12,2.12,2.12,2.12,2.12,2.12,2.12,2.11,2.12,2.12,2.12,2.11,2.12,2.12,2.12,2.15,2.12,2.12,2.12,2.11,2.12,2.12,2.12	300	200	1	
12	5	1.30	1.30	2.00	-	300	200	1	
13	19	4.88	4.00	7.50	1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.12,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.11,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.09,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.12,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10	300	200	1	
14	19	4.88	4.00	7.50	1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.56,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.08,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.47,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.09	300	200	1	
15	19	9.97	9.97	4.75	2.33,2.33	300	200	1	
16	19	9.97	9.97	4.75	2.33,2.33	300	200	1	
101	10	40.60	40.60	19.33	-	300	200	1	
102	5	1.30	1.30	2.00	-	300	200	1	
103	16	0.92	0.92	1.42	1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.17,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18	300	200	1	
104	16	2.44	2.44	3.75	1.68,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.58,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.65,1.71,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.64	300	200	1	
105	16	1.52	1.52	2.33	1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67	300	200	1	
106	16	0.92	0.92	1.42	1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.17,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18	300	200	1	
107	16	1.52	1.52	2.33	1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67	300	200	1	

113	133.20	69.16	17.67	6.12	40.24	43.62
116	133.20	69.16	17.67	6.12	40.24	43.62

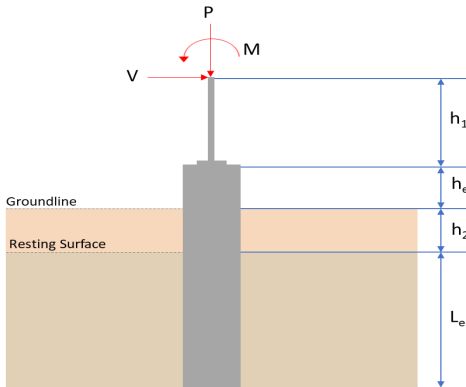
Design Ratio

Member ID	P	M _z	M _y	V _y	V _z	(P,M _z ,M _y)	Worst LC	KL/r	δ	Status
1	0.139	0.820	0.005	0.028	0.000	0.891	#13	0.846	Not Required	Pass
2	0.003	0.520	0.227	0.110	0.042	0.748	#13	0.035	Not Required	Pass
3	0.009	0.812	0.050	0.081	0.004	0.840	#13	0.045	Not Required	Pass
4	0.009	0.809	0.162	0.081	0.033	0.856	#13	0.080	Not Required	Pass
5	0.009	0.504	0.169	0.081	0.042	0.524	#13	0.074	Not Required	Pass
6	0.010	0.784	0.056	0.078	0.006	0.814	#13	0.045	Not Required	Pass
7	0.010	0.487	0.170	0.078	0.044	0.510	#13	0.074	Not Required	Pass
8	0.001	0.058	0.143	0.055	0.016	0.196	#21	0.095	Not Required	Pass
9	0.015	0.083	0.052	0.001	0.000	0.135	#13	0.204	Not Required	Pass
10	0.010	0.781	0.167	0.078	0.036	0.842	#13	0.080	Not Required	Pass
11	0.000	0.058	0.146	0.055	0.016	0.198	#21	0.095	Not Required	Pass
12	0.004	0.489	0.217	0.108	0.040	0.707	#13	0.035	Not Required	Pass
13	0.007	0.319	0.402	0.070	0.021	0.681	#21	0.286	Not Required	Pass
14	0.009	0.324	0.402	0.070	0.021	0.682	#21	0.190	Not Required	Pass
15	0.000	0.124	0.215	0.043	0.013	0.329	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
16	0.000	0.124	0.215	0.043	0.013	0.329	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
101	0.139	0.820	0.005	0.028	0.000	0.891	#13	0.846	Not Required	Pass
102	0.004	0.489	0.217	0.108	0.040	0.707	#13	0.035	Not Required	Pass
103	0.010	0.784	0.056	0.078	0.006	0.814	#13	0.045	Not Required	Pass
104	0.010	0.781	0.167	0.078	0.036	0.842	#13	0.080	Not Required	Pass
105	0.010	0.487	0.170	0.078	0.044	0.510	#13	0.074	Not Required	Pass
106	0.009	0.812	0.050	0.081	0.004	0.840	#13	0.045	Not Required	Pass
107	0.009	0.504	0.169	0.081	0.042	0.524	#13	0.074	Not Required	Pass
108	0.000	0.124	0.215	0.043	0.013	0.329	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
109	0.015	0.083	0.052	0.001	0.000	0.135	#13	0.204	Not Required	Pass
110	0.009	0.809	0.162	0.081	0.033	0.856	#13	0.080	Not Required	Pass
111	0.000	0.124	0.215	0.043	0.013	0.329	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
112	0.003	0.520	0.227	0.110	0.042	0.748	#13	0.035	Not Required	Pass
113	0.007	0.319	0.402	0.070	0.021	0.681	#21	0.190	Not Required	Pass
114	0.009	0.324	0.402	0.070	0.021	0.682	#21	0.286	Not Required	Pass
115	0.001	0.270	0.211	0.055	0.016	0.460	#21	0.473	Not Required	Pass
116	0.001	0.270	0.213	0.055	0.016	0.462	#21	0.473	Not Required	Pass

Definitions

Φ _t	Safety factor for tensile
Φ _c	Safety factor for compression
Φ _b	Safety factor for flexure
Φ _v	Safety factor for shear
E	Modulus of elasticity
F _y	Specified minimum yield stress
F _u	Specified minimum tensile strength
A	Cross-sectional area
J	Torsional constant
I _{yp}	Moment of inertia about the Y axes
I _{zp}	Moment of inertia about the Z axes
I _w	Warping constant
S _{yp}	Plastic section modulus about the Y axis
S _{zp}	Plastic section modulus about the Z axis
KL	Effective length
C _b	Buckling modification factor (from all load combinations)
L _b	Length between braced points

L_u	Length between brace points
LST	Limited slenderness for tension
LSC	Limited slenderness for compression
LD	Limited deflection
P_n	Nominal axial strength (tension/compression)
M_n	Nominal flexural strength (about Z/Y axis)
V_n	Nominal shear strength (along Z/Y axis)
P	Design ratio in case of axial force
M_z	Design ratio in case of bending about Z axis
M_y	Design ratio in case of bending about Y axis
V_y	Design ratio in case of shear along Y axis
V_z	Design ratio in case of shear along Z axis
(P, M_z , M_y)	Design ratio in case of axial force and bending action
KL/r	Design ratio in case of section slenderness
δ	Design ratio in case of member deflection
OK	Capacity is provided
NG	Capacity is not provided

REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS																										
	<div><div>SkyCiv Foundation Design</div><div>Pile Foundation</div><div>Design Information :</div><div>Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code)</div><div>Unit System : Imperial</div></div>																											
	<div><div>Pile Input</div><div></div><div><div>Geometry</div><div>Pile shape: rectangular b = 48 in - Pile width D = 48 in - Pile depth L = 8.5 ft - Total pile length h1 = 0 ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile, h2 = 0 ft - Depth to resisting surface he = 0 ft - Length of pile above the ground</div><div><div>Tabulation of Soil Parameters</div><table><tr><th>Layer</th><th>Label</th><th>Allowable Bearing Pressure (qa) (psf)</th><th>Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)</th></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel</td><td>2000.000</td><td>150.000</td></tr></table></div><div><div>Tabulation of Loads</div><table><tr><th>Load Component</th><th>ASD</th><th>LRFD</th></tr><tr><td>P (kip)</td><td>9.605</td><td>13.994</td></tr><tr><td>Vx (kip)</td><td>-2.892</td><td>-4.819</td></tr><tr><td>Vz (kip)</td><td>-0.031</td><td>-0.051</td></tr><tr><td>Mx (kipft)</td><td>-0.189</td><td>-0.313</td></tr><tr><td>Mz (kipft)</td><td>58.834</td><td>101.601</td></tr></table></div><div><div>Material Properties</div><div>f'ck = 2.5 ksi - Concrete strength,</div></div></div></div>	Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure (qa) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)	1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000	Load Component	ASD	LRFD	P (kip)	9.605	13.994	Vx (kip)	-2.892	-4.819	Vz (kip)	-0.031	-0.051	Mx (kipft)	-0.189	-0.313	Mz (kipft)	58.834	101.601	
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	<div><div>Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD)</div><div>H - Point of application of the lateral load</div><div><div><div><div><div>$H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$</div><div>$H = (0\text{ ft}) + (0\text{ ft}) + (0\text{ ft})$</div><div>$H = 0\text{ ft}$</div></div></div></div></div><div><div>Considering x-direction:</div><div>Ho - Lateral force per length of pile,</div><div><div><div><div>$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57\,D}$</div><div>$H_o = \frac{(-2.892\text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48\text{ in})}$</div><div>$H_o = -0.46051\text{ kip/ft}$</div></div></div></div><div><div>Mo - Moment per length of pile,</div><div><div><div>$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x\,H)}{1.57\,D}$</div></div></div></div></div></div>																											

	$M_o = \frac{(58.834 \text{ kipft}) + ((-2.892 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $M_o = 9.3685 \text{ kipft/ft}$ <p>Required depth of embedment in earth:</p> $L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$ <p>Solving the cubic equation: $L_{e,x} = 8.0742 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in x-direction,</p> <p>Considering z-direction:</p> <p>H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,</p> $H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$ $H_o = \frac{(-0.031 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $H_o = -0.0049363 \text{ kip/ft}$ <p>M_o - Moment per length of pile,</p> $M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$ $M_o = \frac{(0.189 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.031 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $M_o = 0.030096 \text{ kipft/ft}$ <p>Required depth of embedment in earth:</p> $L_z^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$ <p>Solving the cubic equation: $L_{e,z} = 1.2667 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in z-direction,</p> <p>Minimum embedded depth required:</p> <p>$L_{e,req}$ - Depth of pile required,</p> $L_{e,req} = MAX[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$ $L_{e,req} = MAX[(8.0742 \text{ ft}), (1.2667 \text{ ft})]$ $L_{e,req} = 8.074 \text{ ft}$ <p>L_e - Actual embedded length of pile,</p> $L_e = L - h_c - h_2$ $L_e = (8.5 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$ $L_e = 8.5 \text{ ft}$ <p>Ratio - Embedded depth</p> $Ratio = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$ $Ratio = \frac{(8.074 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})}$ $Ratio = 0.94988$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.950</p>
	<p>End-bearing Capacity (ASD)</p> <p>A - Pile cross-section area</p> $A = b D$ $A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$ $A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$ <p>q - End-bearing pressure</p> $q = \frac{P_o}{A}$ $q = \frac{(9.605 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$ $q = 0.60031 \text{ kips/ft}^2$	

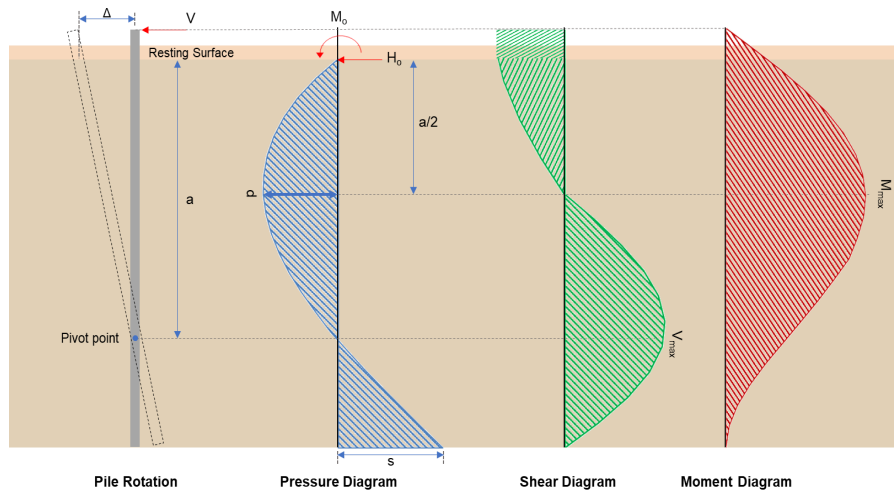
	$q = 0.00031 \text{ kip/ft}^2$	
	<p>Check bearing capacity ratio:</p> <p>Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.00031 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.30016$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.300</p>
Czerniak	<p>Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):</p> <p>L/D - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,</p> $L/D = \frac{L}{D}$ $L/D = \frac{(8.5 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$ $L/D = 2.125$ <p>Since $L/D \leq 10$,</p> <p>Pile is short.</p> <p>Considering x-direction:</p> <p>$H_o = -0.46051 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile, $M_o = 9.3685 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile, a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,</p> $a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$ $a = \frac{(4 \times (9.3685 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.46051 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (9.3685 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.46051 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft}))}$ $a = 5.821 \text{ ft}$ <p>p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,</p> $p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^3 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$ $p = \frac{0.75 [(4 \times (9.3685 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.46051 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(8.5 \text{ ft})^3 [(3 \times (9.3685 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.46051 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft}))]}$ $p = 0.33895 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e,</p> $s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$ $s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (9.3685 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.46051 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft}))]}{(8.5 \text{ ft})^2}$ $s = 1.2309 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Check lateral soil pressure capacity:</p> <p>p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,</p> $p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$ $p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(5.821 \text{ ft})}{2}$ $p_a = 0.43657 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.33895 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.43657 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.77638$ <p>p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e,</p>	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.780</p>

	$p_s = R L_e$ $p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})$ $p_s = 1.275 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(1.2309 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.275 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.96545$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.970
	<p>Considering z-direction:</p> <p>$H_o = -0.0049363 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile, $M_o = 0.030096 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile, a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,</p> $a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$ $a = \frac{(4 \times (0.030096 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.0049363 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.030096 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.0049363 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft}))}$ $a = 6.0079 \text{ ft}$ <p>p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,</p> $p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^3 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$ $p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (0.030096 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.0049363 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(8.5 \text{ ft})^3 \times [(3 \times (0.030096 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.0049363 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft}))]}$ $p = 0.000049186 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e,</p> $s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$ $s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (0.030096 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.0049363 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft}))]}{(8.5 \text{ ft})^2}$ $s = 0.0015141 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Check lateral soil pressure capacity:</p> <p>p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,</p> $p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$ $p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(6.0079 \text{ ft})}{2}$ $p_a = 0.45059 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.000049186 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.45059 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.00010916$ <p>p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e,</p> $p_s = R L_e$ $p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})$ $p_s = 1.275 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.0015141 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.275 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.0011875$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**



Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_e}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-4.819 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.76736 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_e + (V_e H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(101.6 \text{ kipft}) + ((-4.819 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 16.179 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(16.179 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.76736 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 21.083 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (16.179 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.76736 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (16.179 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.76736 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.8167 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.76736 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (21.083 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.8167 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (21.083 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.8167 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 15.504 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.76736 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(21.083 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(5.8167 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.5 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (21.083 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.8167 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (21.083 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.8167 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 63.513 \text{ kipft}$$

Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.051 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.008121 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.313 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.051 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.049841 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.049841 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.008121 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 6.1373 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.049841 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.008121 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.049841 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.008121 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 6.0067 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.008121 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (6.1373 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(6.0067 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (6.1373 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(6.0067 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.063033 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o b L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

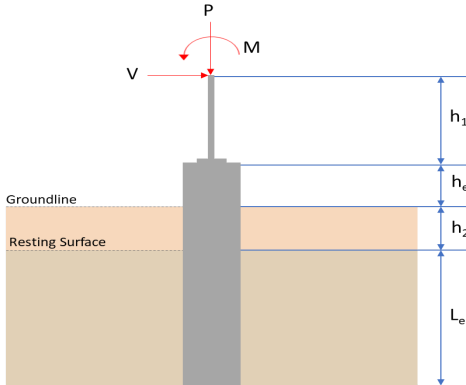
$$M_{max} = ((-0.008121 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(6.1373 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(6.0067 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.5 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (6.1373 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(6.0067 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (6.1373 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(6.0067 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

		$M_{max} = 0.24314 \text{ kipft}$	
		<p>Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)</p> <p>Parameters:</p> <p>$f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$ - Concrete strength, $f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$ - Longitudinal reinforcement strength, $\phi = 0.65$ - Reduction factor for axial strength, $\alpha = 0.8$ - Alpha factor for axial strength, $A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$ - Gross area of concrete,</p> <p>Longitudinal reinforcement:</p> <p>Required reinforcement due to axial load, $A_{st,required}$</p> <p>$A_{st,required}$</p> $A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$ $A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{(13.994 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$ $A_{st,required} = -84.131 \text{ in}^2$ <p>A_{min} - Governing minimum reinforcement area,</p> $A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$ $A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-84.131 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$ $A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$ <p>n_{rebar} - Required number of reinforcement,</p> $n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$ $n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$ $n_{rebar} = 14$ <p>A_{st} - Actual total reinforcement area,</p> $A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$ $A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$ $A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$ <p>Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.96556$ <p>25.2.3 s_{rebar} - Minimum spacing of reinforcement,</p> $s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$ $s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$ $s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$ <p>Ties:</p> <p>25.7.2.2 Since longitudinal reinforcement is $\leq \text{No. } 10\phi$: Use #3(0.375 in)</p> <p>25.7.2.1 s_{ties} - Maximum spacing of ties,</p> $s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), \text{Min}(D, b)]$ $s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), \text{Min}((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]$ $s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$ <p>Summary:</p> <p>Main reinforcement: 14 - #5 (0.625 in)</p>	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.970</p>

	Ties: #3(0.375 in) - 10 in	
22.4.2.2	<p>Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p>ϕP_N - Allowable axial compressive strength</p> $\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 \left[(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st}) \right]$ $\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times \left[(0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$ $\phi P_N = 2675.2 \text{ kip}$ <p>Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(13.994 \text{ kip})}{(2675.2 \text{ kip})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.005231$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.010
22.5.2.2	<p>Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p>Parameters:</p> <p>$b_w = 48 \text{ in}$ - Effective width, d - Effective depth</p> $d = 0.80 D$ $d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})$ $d = 38.4 \text{ in}$	
22.5.5.1.3	<p>λ_s - size effect modification factor</p> $\lambda_s = MIN \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$ $\lambda_s = MIN \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$ $\lambda_s = 0.64282$	
22.5.5.1.1	<p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $V_{c,max}$ - Max shear strength of concrete</p> $V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ $V_{c,max} = 296.21 \text{ kip}$	
22.5.5.1.1(a)	<p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $P = 13.994 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 13994 \text{ lbf}$, $V_{c,a}$ - Shear strength of concrete (a)</p> $V_{c,a} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + \frac{P}{6 A_g} \right] b_w d$ $V_{c,a} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + \frac{(13994 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ $V_{c,a} = 120.35 \text{ kip}$	
22.5.5.1.2	<p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $V_{c,b}$ - Shear strength of concrete (b)</p> $V_{c,b} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + (0.05 f'_{ck}) \right] b_w d$ $V_{c,b} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi})) \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ $V_{c,b} = 348.89 \text{ kip}$ <p>V_c - Governing shear strength of concrete</p> $V_c = MIN [V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$ $V_c = MIN [(296.21 \text{ kip}), (120.35 \text{ kip}), (348.89 \text{ kip})]$ $V_c = 120.35 \text{ kip}$	

<p>22.5.1.2</p> <p>22.5.8.5.3</p> <p>22.5.1.1</p>	<p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $V_{s,a}$ - Shear strength of steel (a)</p> $V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ $V_{s,a} = 737.28 \text{ kip}$ <p>A_v - Ties rebar area,</p> $A_v = \frac{\pi d_{tes}^2}{4}$ $A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$ $A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$ <p>$V_{s,b}$ - Shear strength of steel (b)</p> $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{ysk} d}{s_{ties}}$ $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$ $V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p>V_s - Governing shear strength of steel</p> $V_s = MIN[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$ $V_s = MIN[(737.28 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$ $V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p>ϕV_n - Allowable shear strength</p> $\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$ $\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((120.35 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$ $\phi V_n = 111.31 \text{ kip}$ <p>Considering x-direction:</p> <p>$V_{max} = 15.504 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the x-direction, <i>Ratio</i> - Capacity</p> $Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $Ratio = \frac{(15.504 \text{ kip})}{(111.31 \text{ kip})}$ $Ratio = 0.13929$ <p>Considering z-direction:</p> <p>$V_{max} = 0.063033 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the z-direction, <i>Ratio</i> - Capacity</p> $Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $Ratio = \frac{(0.063033 \text{ kip})}{(111.31 \text{ kip})}$ $Ratio = 0.00056629$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.140</p> <p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000</p>
	<p>Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p>S_m - Section modulus</p> $S_m = \frac{b D^3}{6}$ $S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$ $S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$	

14.5.2.1b	<p> $\lambda = 1$ - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete), Allowable flexural strength: M_n shall be the lesser of: $\phi M_{n,1}$ </p> $\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{2.5 \text{ ksi}} \times 18432.001 \text{ in}^3$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 249.600 \text{ kipft}$ <p> $\phi M_{n,2}$ </p> $\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_c \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (18432 \text{ in}^3)$ $\phi M_{n,2} = 2121.6 \text{ kipft}$ <p> Therefore, ϕM_n - Allowable flexural strength, </p> $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$ $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(249.6 \text{ kipft}), (2121.6 \text{ kipft})]$ $\phi M_n = 249.6 \text{ kipft}$ <p> Considering x-direction: $M_{max} = 63.513 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the x-direction, Ratio - Capacity </p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(63.513 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.25446$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.250
	<p> Considering z-direction: $M_{max} = 0.24314 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the z-direction, Ratio - Capacity </p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.24314 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.0009741$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000

REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS																										
	<div><div>SkyCiv Foundation Design</div><div>Pile Foundation</div><div>Design Information :</div><div>Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code)</div><div>Unit System : Imperial</div></div>																											
	<div><div>Pile Input</div><div></div><div>Geometry</div><div>Pile shape: rectangular b = 48 in - Pile width D = 48 in - Pile depth L = 8.5 ft - Total pile length h1 = 0 ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile, h2 = 0 ft - Depth to resisting surface he = 0 ft - Length of pile above the ground</div><div>Tabulation of Soil Parameters</div><table><thead><tr><th>Layer</th><th>Label</th><th>Allowable Bearing Pressure (qa) (psf)</th><th>Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>1</td><td>Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel</td><td>2000.000</td><td>150.000</td></tr></tbody></table><div>Tabulation of Loads</div><table><thead><tr><th>Load Component</th><th>ASD</th><th>LRFD</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>P (kip)</td><td>9.605</td><td>13.994</td></tr><tr><td>Vx (kip)</td><td>-2.892</td><td>-4.819</td></tr><tr><td>Vz (kip)</td><td>0.031</td><td>0.051</td></tr><tr><td>Mx (kipft)</td><td>0.189</td><td>0.313</td></tr><tr><td>Mz (kipft)</td><td>58.834</td><td>101.602</td></tr></tbody></table><div>Material Properties</div><div>f'ck = 2.5 ksi - Concrete strength,</div></div>	Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure (qa) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)	1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000	Load Component	ASD	LRFD	P (kip)	9.605	13.994	Vx (kip)	-2.892	-4.819	Vz (kip)	0.031	0.051	Mx (kipft)	0.189	0.313	Mz (kipft)	58.834	101.602	
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	<div><div>Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD)</div><div>H - Point of application of the lateral load</div><div>H = h1 + h2 + he</div><div>H = (0 ft) + (0 ft) + (0 ft)</div><div>H = 0 ft</div><div>Considering x-direction:</div><div>Ho - Lateral force per length of pile,</div><div>Ho = Vx / (1.57 D)</div><div>Ho = (-2.892 kip) / (1.57 x (48 in))</div><div>Ho = -0.46051 kip/ft</div><div>Mo - Moment per length of pile,</div><div>Mo = (Mz + (Vx H)) / (1.57 D)</div></div>																											

	$M_o = \frac{(58.834 \text{ kipft}) + ((-2.892 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $M_o = 9.3685 \text{ kipft/ft}$ <p>Required depth of embedment in earth:</p> $L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$ <p>Solving the cubic equation: $L_{e,x} = 8.0742 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in x-direction,</p> <p>Considering z-direction:</p> <p>H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,</p> $H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$ $H_o = \frac{(0.031 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $H_o = 0.0049363 \text{ kip/ft}$ <p>M_o - Moment per length of pile,</p> $M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$ $M_o = \frac{(0.189 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.031 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $M_o = 0.030096 \text{ kipft/ft}$ <p>Required depth of embedment in earth:</p> $L_z^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$ <p>Solving the cubic equation: $L_{e,z} = 1.414 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in z-direction,</p> <p>Minimum embedded depth required:</p> <p>$L_{e,req}$ - Depth of pile required,</p> $L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$ $L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(8.0742 \text{ ft}), (1.414 \text{ ft})]$ $L_{e,req} = 8.074 \text{ ft}$ <p>L_e - Actual embedded length of pile,</p> $L_e = L - h_c - h_2$ $L_e = (8.5 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$ $L_e = 8.5 \text{ ft}$ <p>Ratio - Embedded depth</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(8.074 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.94988$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.950</p>
	<p>End-bearing Capacity (ASD)</p> <p>A - Pile cross-section area</p> $A = b D$ $A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$ $A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$ <p>q - End-bearing pressure</p> $q = \frac{P_o}{A}$ $q = \frac{(9.605 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$	

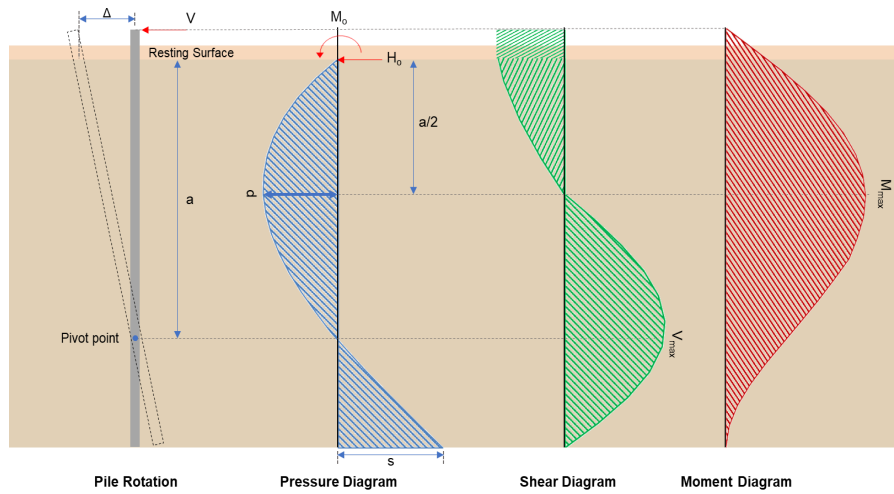
	$q = 0.00031 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Check bearing capacity ratio:</p> <p>Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.00031 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.30016$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.300
Czerniak	<p>Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):</p> <p>L/D - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,</p> $L/D = \frac{L}{D}$ $L/D = \frac{(8.5 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$ $L/D = 2.125$ <p>Since $L/D \leq 10$,</p> <p>Pile is short.</p> <p>Considering x-direction:</p> <p>$H_o = -0.46051 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile, $M_o = 9.3685 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile, a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,</p> $a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$ $a = \frac{(4 \times (9.3685 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.46051 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (9.3685 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.46051 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft}))}$ $a = 5.821 \text{ ft}$ <p>p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,</p> $p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^3 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$ $p = \frac{0.75 [(4 \times (9.3685 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.46051 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(8.5 \text{ ft})^3 [(3 \times (9.3685 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.46051 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft}))]}$ $p = 0.33895 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e,</p> $s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$ $s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (9.3685 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.46051 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft}))]}{(8.5 \text{ ft})^2}$ $s = 1.2309 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Check lateral soil pressure capacity:</p> <p>p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,</p> $p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$ $p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(5.821 \text{ ft})}{2}$ $p_a = 0.43657 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.33895 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.43657 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.77638$ <p>p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e,</p>	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.780

	$p_s = R L_e$ $p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})$ $p_s = 1.275 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $Ratio = \frac{s}{p_s}$ $Ratio = \frac{(1.2309 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.275 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $Ratio = 0.96545$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.970
	<p>Considering z-direction:</p> <p>$H_o = 0.0049363 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile, $M_o = 0.030096 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile, a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,</p> $a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$ $a = \frac{(4 \times (0.030096 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.0049363 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.030096 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.0049363 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft}))}$ $a = 6.0079 \text{ ft}$ <p>p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,</p> $p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^3 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$ $p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (0.030096 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (0.0049363 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(8.5 \text{ ft})^3 \times [(3 \times (0.030096 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (0.0049363 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft}))]}$ $p = 0.0036137 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e,</p> $s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$ $s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (0.030096 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((0.0049363 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft}))]}{(8.5 \text{ ft})^2}$ $s = 0.008483 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Check lateral soil pressure capacity:</p> <p>p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,</p> $p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$ $p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(6.0079 \text{ ft})}{2}$ $p_a = 0.45059 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $Ratio = \frac{p}{p_a}$ $Ratio = \frac{(0.0036137 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.45059 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $Ratio = 0.0080198$ <p>p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e,</p> $p_s = R L_e$ $p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})$ $p_s = 1.275 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $Ratio = \frac{s}{p_s}$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.010

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.008483 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.275 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.0066533$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.010**



Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_e}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-4.819 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.76736 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_e + (V_e H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(101.6 \text{ kipft}) + ((-4.819 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 16.179 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(16.179 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.76736 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 21.084 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (16.179 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.76736 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (16.179 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.76736 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.8167 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.76736 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (21.084 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.8167 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (21.084 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.8167 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 15.504 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.76736 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(21.084 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(5.8167 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.5 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (21.084 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.8167 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (21.084 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.8167 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 63.513 \text{ kipft}$$

Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(0.051 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = 0.008121 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.313 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.051 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.049841 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.049841 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(0.008121 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 6.1373 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.049841 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.008121 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.049841 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.008121 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 6.0067 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((0.008121 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (6.1373 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(6.0067 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (6.1373 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(6.0067 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.063033 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o b L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((0.008121 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(6.1373 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(6.0067 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.5 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (6.1373 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(6.0067 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (6.1373 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(6.0067 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

		$M_{max} = 0.24314 \text{ kipft}$	
		<p>Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)</p> <p>Parameters:</p> <p>$f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$ - Concrete strength, $f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$ - Longitudinal reinforcement strength, $\phi = 0.65$ - Reduction factor for axial strength, $\alpha = 0.8$ - Alpha factor for axial strength, $A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$ - Gross area of concrete,</p> <p>Longitudinal reinforcement:</p> <p>Required reinforcement due to axial load, $A_{st,required}$</p> <p>$A_{st,required}$</p> $A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$ $A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{(13.994 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$ $A_{st,required} = -84.131 \text{ in}^2$ <p>A_{min} - Governing minimum reinforcement area,</p> $A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$ $A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-84.131 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$ $A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$ <p>n_{rebar} - Required number of reinforcement,</p> $n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$ $n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$ $n_{rebar} = 14$ <p>A_{st} - Actual total reinforcement area,</p> $A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$ $A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$ $A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$ <p>Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.96556$ <p>25.2.3 s_{rebar} - Minimum spacing of reinforcement,</p> $s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$ $s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$ $s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$ <p>Ties:</p> <p>25.7.2.2 Since longitudinal reinforcement is $\leq \text{No. } 10\phi$: Use #3(0.375 in)</p> <p>25.7.2.1 s_{ties} - Maximum spacing of ties,</p> $s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), \text{Min}(D, b)]$ $s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), \text{Min}((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]$ $s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$ <p>Summary:</p> <p>Main reinforcement: 14 - #5 (0.625 in)</p>	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.970</p>

		Ties: #3(0.375 in) - 10 in	
		Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)	
22.4.2.2	ϕP_N - Allowable axial compressive strength	$\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 \left[(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st}) \right]$ $\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times \left[(0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$ $\phi P_N = 2675.2 \text{ kip}$ <p>Ratio - Capacity</p> $Ratio = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$ $Ratio = \frac{(13.994 \text{ kip})}{(2675.2 \text{ kip})}$ $Ratio = 0.005231$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.010
		Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)	
		Parameters:	
22.5.2.2	$b_w = 48 \text{ in}$ - Effective width, d - Effective depth	$d = 0.80 D$ $d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})$ $d = 38.4 \text{ in}$	
22.5.5.1.3	λ_s - size effect modification factor	$\lambda_s = MIN \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$ $\lambda_s = MIN \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$ $\lambda_s = 0.64282$	
22.5.5.1.1	The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $V_{c,max}$ - Max shear strength of concrete	$V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ $V_{c,max} = 296.21 \text{ kip}$	
22.5.5.1.1(a)	The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $P = 13.994 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 13994 \text{ lbf}$, $V_{c,a}$ - Shear strength of concrete (a)	$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + \frac{P}{6 A_g} \right] b_w d$ $V_{c,a} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + \frac{(13994 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ $V_{c,a} = 120.35 \text{ kip}$	
22.5.5.1.2	The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $V_{c,b}$ - Shear strength of concrete (b)	$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + (0.05 f'_{ck}) \right] b_w d$ $V_{c,b} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi})) \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ $V_{c,b} = 348.89 \text{ kip}$	
	V_c - Governing shear strength of concrete	$V_c = Min [V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$ $V_c = Min [(296.21 \text{ kip}), (120.35 \text{ kip}), (348.89 \text{ kip})]$ $V_c = 120.35 \text{ kip}$	

14.5.2.1b	<p> $\lambda = 1$ - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete), Allowable flexural strength: M_n shall be the lesser of: $\phi M_{n,1}$ </p> $\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{2.5 \text{ ksi}} \times 18432.001 \text{ in}^3$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 249.600 \text{ kipft}$ <p> $\phi M_{n,2}$ </p> $\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_c \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (18432 \text{ in}^3)$ $\phi M_{n,2} = 2121.6 \text{ kipft}$ <p> Therefore, ϕM_n - Allowable flexural strength, </p> $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$ $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(249.6 \text{ kipft}), (2121.6 \text{ kipft})]$ $\phi M_n = 249.6 \text{ kipft}$ <p> Considering x-direction: $M_{max} = 63.513 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the x-direction, Ratio - Capacity </p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(63.513 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.25446$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.250
	<p> Considering z-direction: $M_{max} = 0.24314 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the z-direction, Ratio - Capacity </p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.24314 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.0009741$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000