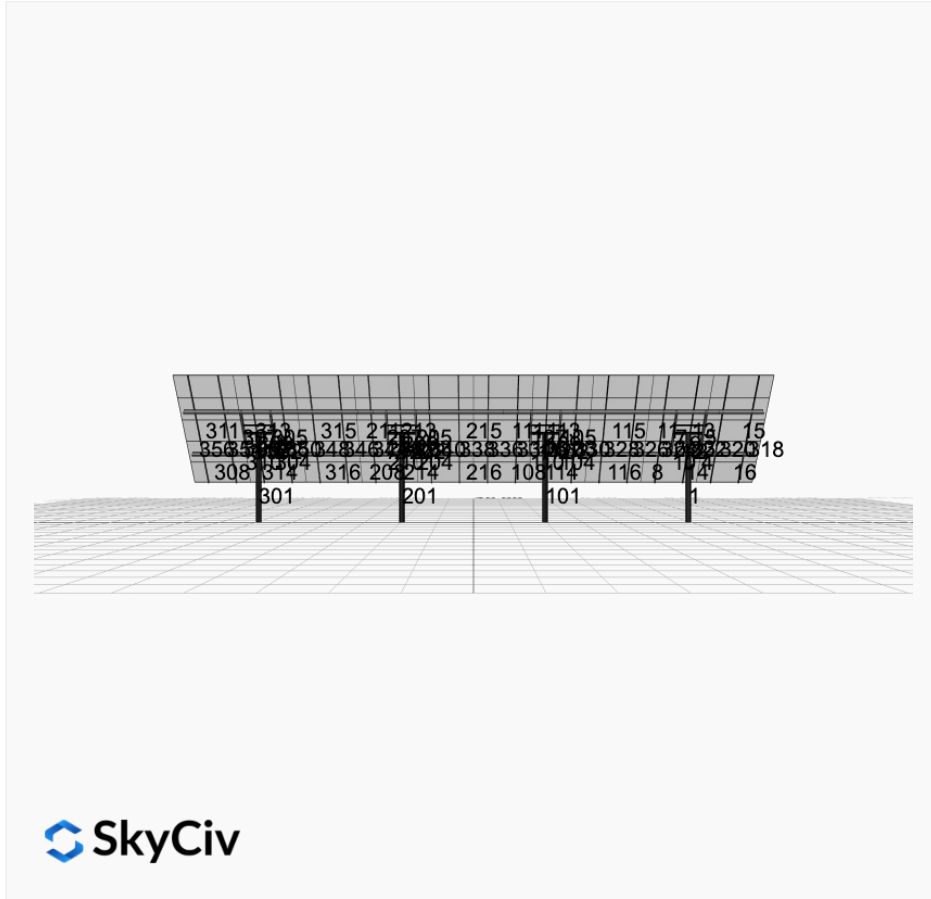


Project Details



Project Name: MTSOLAR_1B03B9CJA3A4B - V1Jb **Date:** Mon Jan 13 2025
Location: 549 Clarissa St, Rochester, NY 14608, **Number of Modules:** 50
 USA **Number of Poles:** 4
Unique ID: 4P-19.75-8TOP-HD-72-L-5Hx10W-I6JA **Date Sold:**
Dealer: _____



| | |
|-----------------------------|----------|
| Array Dimensions N/S | 18.96 ft |
| Array Dimensions E/W | 80.00 ft |
| Winter Tilt Angle | 50 |
| Front Edge Clearance | 5 ft |

MT Solar Bill of Materials (4P-19.75-8TOP-HD-72-L-5Hx10W-I6JA)

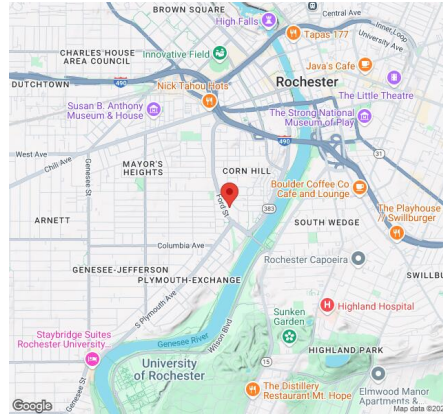
| Part | Short Description | BOM Qty |
|---------------------|-----------------------|---------|
| MTS-PC-8 | 8IN Pole Cap Assembly | 4 |
| MTS-HF-HD | H-Frame Assembly-HD | 4 |
| MTS-HD-Wing-72 | 72IN HD Wing | 4 |
| MTS-HD-Splice-90 | 90IN HD Splice | 6 |
| MTS-HD-Splice-57 | 57IN HD Splice | 6 |
| MTS-CLAMP-ANGLE-4PK | Angle Clamp | 10 |

Rail Bill of Materials

| Part | Qty |
|-----------------|-----|
| Rails (225in) | 20 |
| Rail Attachment | 80 |

| Part | Qty |
|------------------|------------|
| Module Mid Clamp | 80 |
| Module End Clamp | 40 |
| Ground Lug | 10 |

Site Details:



Site Address: 549 Clarissa St, Rochester, NY 14608, USA

Array Specification

| | |
|------------------------------------|-----------|
| Duty Classification: | HD |
| Module Width: | 45.00 in |
| Module Length: | 95.00in |
| Number of Rows: | 5 |
| Number of Columns: | 10 |
| Total Number of Modules: | 50 |
| Winter Tilt Angle: | 50 |
| Front Edge Clearance: | 5 |
| Total Array Height at Tilt: | 19.52 ft |
| Total Frame Length: | 78.75 ft |
| Frame Weight: | 5631 lbs |
| Array Dimensions N/S: | 18.96 ft |
| Array Dimensions E/W: | 80.00 ft |
| Rail Length: | 227.50 in |
| Rail Spacing: | 4.00 ft |

Support Specifications

| | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|
| Pole Size: | 8in Pipe Sch 80 |
| Pole Length above Grade: | 12.26 ft |
| Number of Poles: | 4 |
| Pole Spacing: | 19.75 ft |

Foundation Specifications

| | |
|--|--|
| Foundation Type: | Square |
| Foundation Dimensions: | 48 x 48 in |
| Foundation Depth (below grade): | Pile 1: 7.75 ft Pile 2: 7.50 ft Pile 3: 7.50 ft Pile 4: 7.75 ft |
| Foundation Volume: | 18.074 y ³ |

Site Info

| | |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Risk Category: | I |
| Exposure: | C |
| Soil Classification: | sand |
| Site Location: | 549 Clarissa St, Rochester, NY 14608, USA |
| Wind Speed: | 102 mph |

Snow Load:

40 psf

Design Disclaimer

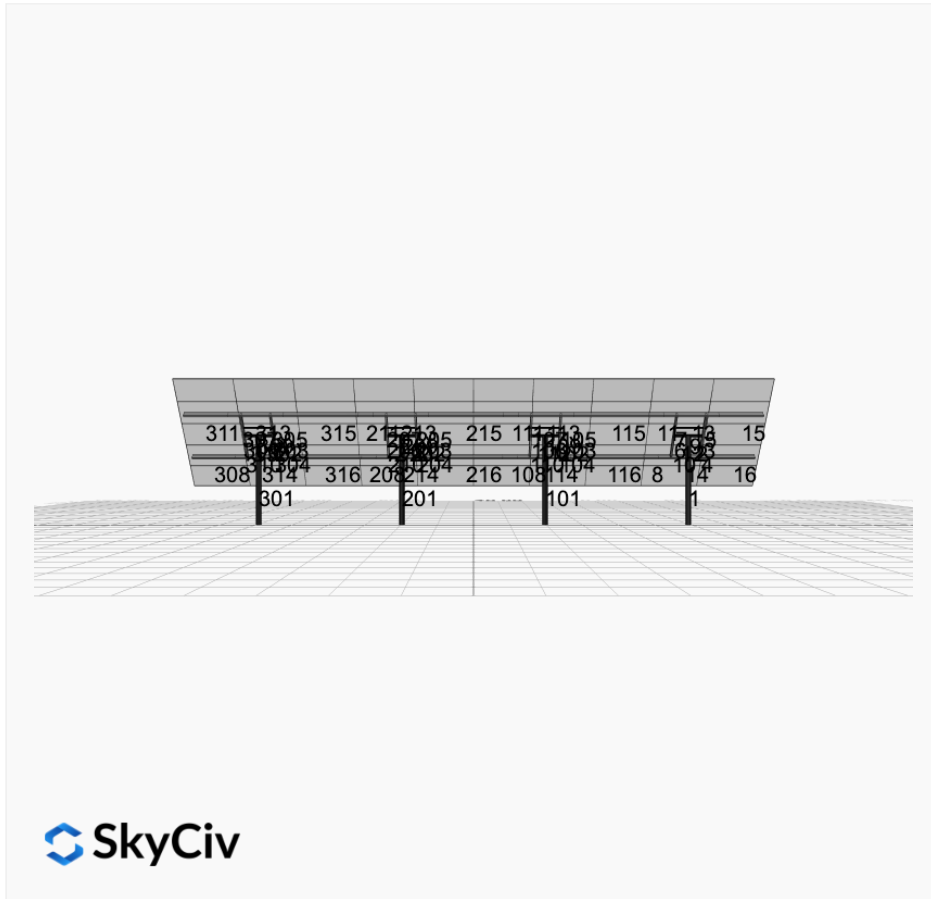
This software should be used for preliminary designs and should not be used as a final design unless reviewed, verified and designed by a qualified structural engineer.

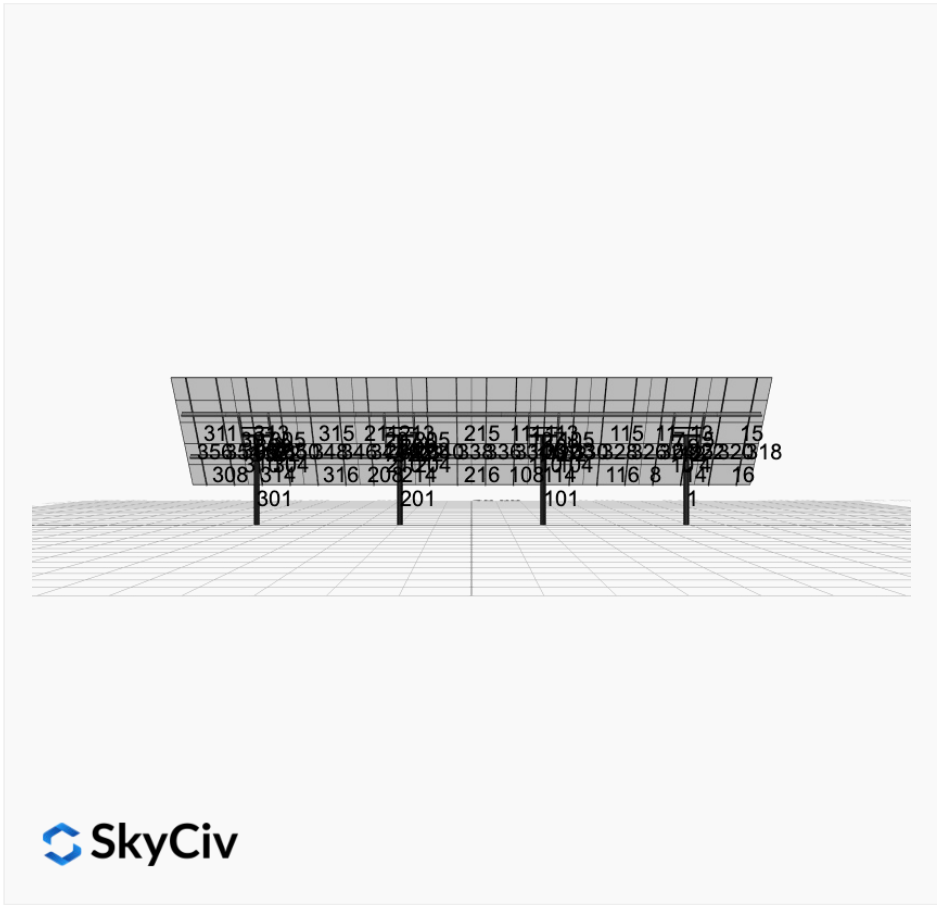
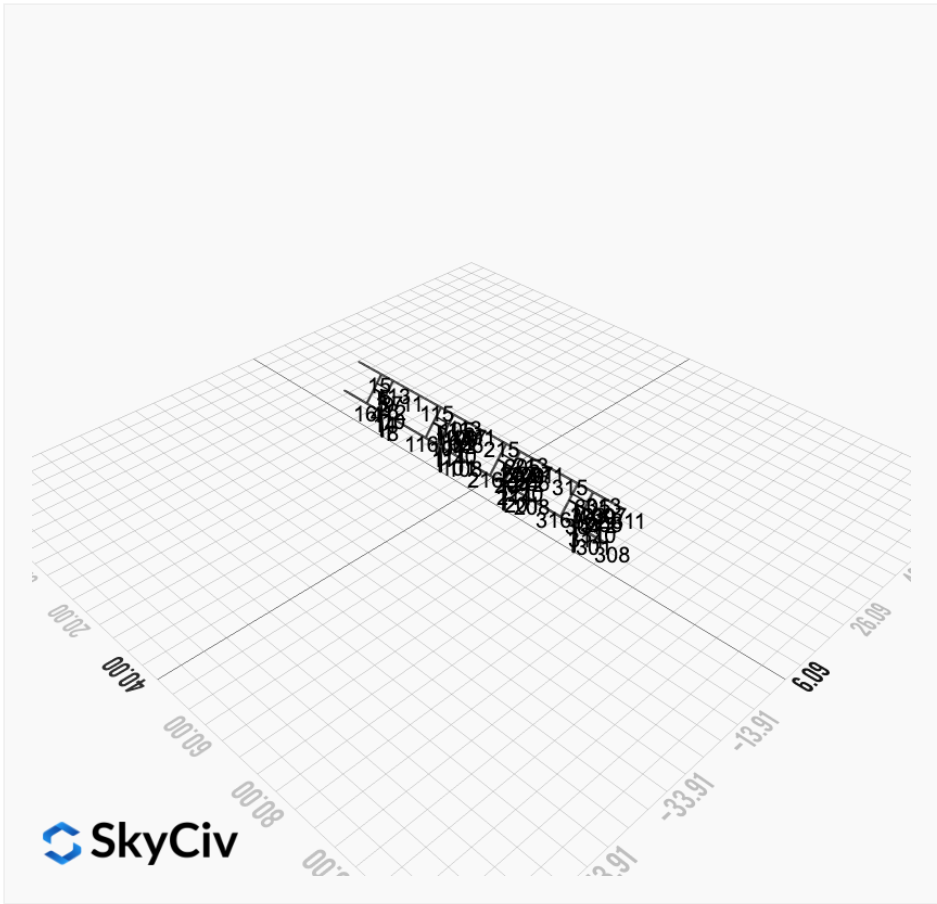
AutoDesigner Input

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{ "wind_speed_override": null, "snow_load_override": null, "direct_snow_load": false, "add_angle_brace": false, "product_type": "Beam", "designer_name": "", "designer_email": "swetasingh786123@gmail.com", "designer_phone": "", "project_id": "MTSOLAR_1B03B9CJA3A4B - V1Jb", "site_address": "549 Clarissa St, Rochester, NY 14608, USA", "module_width": 45, "module_length": 95, "number_rows": 5, "number_columns": 10, "pole_mount_section": "4_40", "core_pipe_width": 65, "core_pipe_section": "2_40", "adjuster_section": "2_40", "core_beam_height": 65, "core_beam_section": "HSS3x2x1/8", "main_pipe_section": "2_12GA", "pole_spacing": 15, "tilt_angle": 50, "ground_clearance": 5, "risk_category": "I", "exposure_category": "C", "frame_duty_override": "auto", "pole_override": "auto", "soil_type": "sand", "customer_foundation_override": "48_Square", "foundation_type": "Square", "foundation_size": 48, "check_rails": false }
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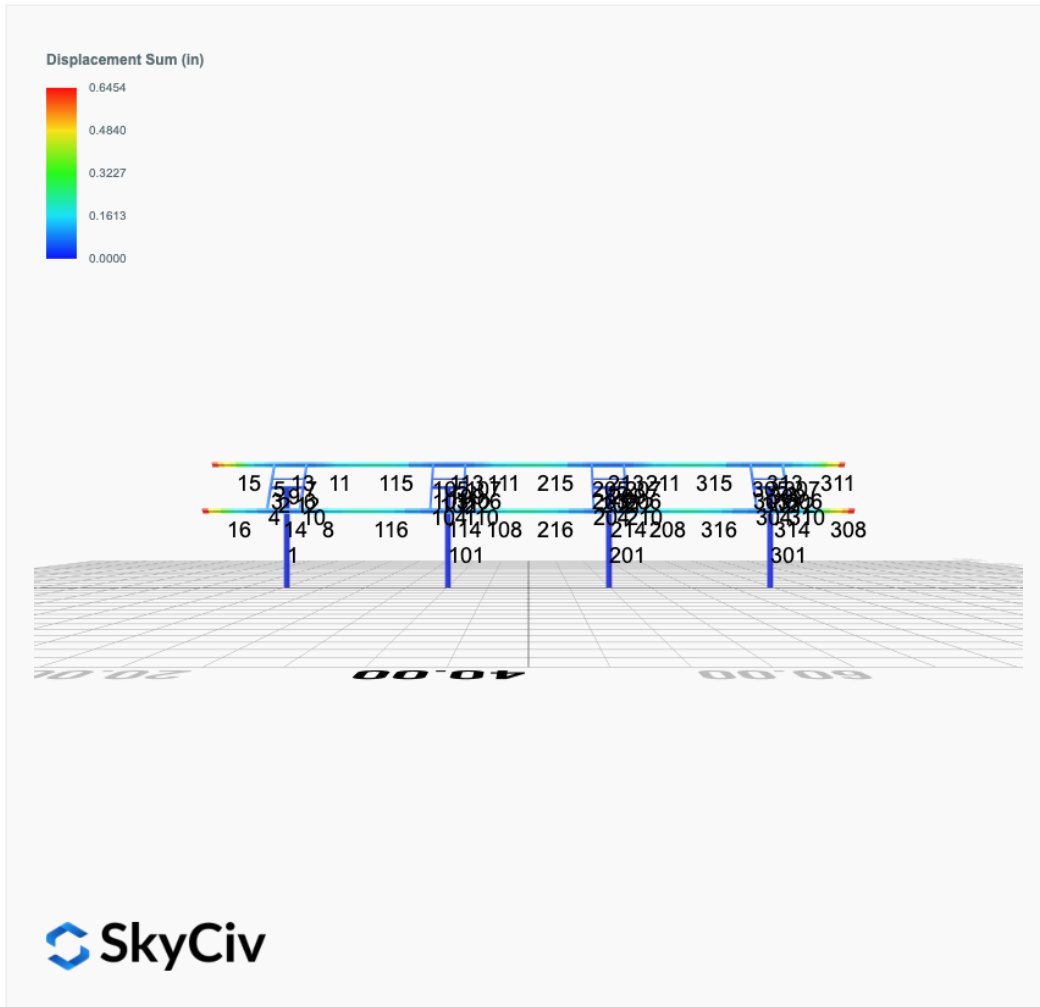
Design Notes:

- AISC Deflection checks are set to L/1 due to structure design intent
- Foundation Soil Parameters used in this Autodesigner are all estimates, proper geotechnical reports are required to confirm soil profiles
- Wind speeds, snow loads and other site specific results are based on ASCE 7 2016
- Steel frame design checks are based on AISC 360 2016 (LRFD)





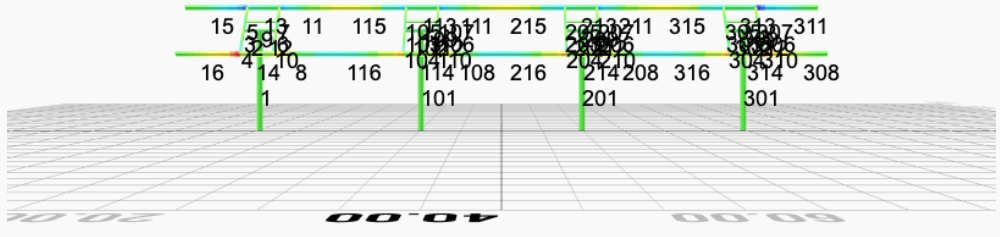
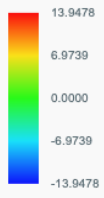
FEM Results (Envelope Worst Case for each member)



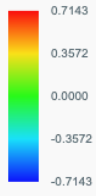
Top Bending Stress Z (ksi)



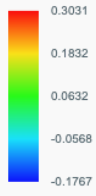
Top Bending Stress Y (ksi)



Shear Stress Y (ksi)



Axial Stress (ksi)



Reaction Forces for Foundation 1 (Node ID#1), (kip, kip-ft)

ASD Load Combination Results

| Name | Fx | Fy | Fz | Mx | My | Mz |
|---|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|
| ULS: 1. D | -0.0245 | 2.8237 | -0.0408 | -0.1404 | 0.1453 | 0.3100 |
| ULS: 2. D + L | -0.0245 | 2.8237 | -0.0408 | -0.1404 | 0.1453 | 0.3100 |
| ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R) | -0.0494 | 4.9507 | -0.0825 | -0.2837 | 0.2935 | 0.6096 |
| ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R) | -0.0245 | 2.8237 | -0.0408 | -0.1404 | 0.1453 | 0.3100 |
| ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R) | -0.0432 | 4.4190 | -0.0721 | -0.2479 | 0.2565 | 0.5347 |
| ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R) | -0.0245 | 2.8237 | -0.0408 | -0.1404 | 0.1453 | 0.3100 |
| ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E | -0.0245 | 2.8237 | -0.0408 | -0.1404 | 0.1453 | 0.3100 |
| ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S | -0.0432 | 4.4190 | -0.0721 | -0.2479 | 0.2565 | 0.5347 |
| ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E | -0.0147 | 1.6942 | -0.0245 | -0.0842 | 0.0872 | 0.1860 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only | -3.9876 | 6.1569 | -0.1607 | -0.5401 | 0.8599 | 49.5010 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only | -0.0245 | 2.8237 | -0.0408 | -0.1404 | 0.1453 | 0.3100 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only | 3.9396 | -0.5097 | 0.0780 | 0.2552 | -0.5648 | -47.6255 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only | -0.0245 | 2.8237 | -0.0408 | -0.1404 | 0.1453 | 0.3100 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only | -3.0155 | 6.9189 | -0.1620 | -0.5477 | 0.7924 | 37.4279 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only | -0.0432 | 4.4190 | -0.0721 | -0.2479 | 0.2565 | 0.5347 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only | 2.9299 | 1.9189 | 0.0170 | 0.0488 | -0.2761 | -35.4169 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only | -0.0432 | 4.4190 | -0.0721 | -0.2479 | 0.2565 | 0.5347 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only | -2.9968 | 5.3236 | -0.1308 | -0.4402 | 0.6813 | 37.2032 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only | -0.0245 | 2.8237 | -0.0408 | -0.1404 | 0.1453 | 0.3100 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only | 2.9486 | 0.3236 | 0.0483 | 0.1563 | -0.3873 | -35.6416 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only | -0.0245 | 2.8237 | -0.0408 | -0.1404 | 0.1453 | 0.3100 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only | -3.9778 | 5.0274 | -0.1444 | -0.4839 | 0.8018 | 49.3770 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only | -0.0147 | 1.6942 | -0.0245 | -0.0842 | 0.0872 | 0.1860 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only | 3.9494 | -1.6392 | 0.0944 | 0.3113 | -0.6229 | -47.7495 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only | -0.0147 | 1.6942 | -0.0245 | -0.0842 | 0.0872 | 0.1860 |

Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

| Result | Value (kip, kip-ft) |
|------------------|---------------------|
| Axial | 10.0072 |
| Shear X | -6.6465 |
| Shear Z | -0.2702 |
| Moment X | -0.9084 |
| Moment Y (Twist) | 1.4402 |
| Moment Z | 83.4681 |

Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

| Result | Value (kip, kip-ft) |
|------------------|---------------------|
| Axial | 6.9189 |
| Shear X | -3.9876 |
| Shear Z | -0.1620 |
| Moment X | -0.5477 |
| Moment Y (Twist) | 0.8599 |
| Moment Z | 49.5010 |

Reaction Forces for Foundation 2 (Node ID#101), (kip, kip-ft)

ASD Load Combination Results

| Name | Fx | Fy | Fz | Mx | My | Mz |
|--|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------|---------|
| ULS: 1. D | 0.0245 | 2.7914 | 0.0040 | 0.0147 | -0.0248 | -0.2656 |
| ULS: 2. D + L | 0.0245 | 2.7914 | 0.0040 | 0.0147 | -0.0248 | -0.2656 |
| ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R) | 0.0494 | 4.8855 | 0.0080 | 0.0297 | -0.0500 | -0.5538 |
| ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R) | 0.0245 | 2.7914 | 0.0040 | 0.0147 | -0.0248 | -0.2656 |
| ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R) | 0.0432 | 4.3619 | 0.0070 | 0.0259 | -0.0437 | -0.4818 |

| Name | Fx | Fy | Fz | Mx | My | Mz |
|---|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|
| ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R) | 0.0245 | 2.7914 | 0.0040 | 0.0147 | -0.0248 | -0.2656 |
| ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E | 0.0245 | 2.7914 | 0.0040 | 0.0147 | -0.0248 | -0.2656 |
| ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S | 0.0432 | 4.3619 | 0.0070 | 0.0259 | -0.0437 | -0.4818 |
| ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E | 0.0147 | 1.6748 | 0.0024 | 0.0088 | -0.0149 | -0.1594 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only | -3.7683 | 5.9662 | 0.0220 | 0.0771 | -0.1164 | 46.8760 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only | 0.0245 | 2.7914 | 0.0040 | 0.0147 | -0.0248 | -0.2656 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only | 3.8163 | -0.3832 | -0.0144 | -0.0490 | 0.0703 | -46.2327 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only | 0.0245 | 2.7914 | 0.0040 | 0.0147 | -0.0248 | -0.2656 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only | -2.8014 | 6.7430 | 0.0205 | 0.0728 | -0.1125 | 34.8745 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only | 0.0432 | 4.3619 | 0.0070 | 0.0259 | -0.0437 | -0.4818 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only | 2.8871 | 1.9810 | -0.0068 | -0.0218 | 0.0276 | -34.9570 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only | 0.0432 | 4.3619 | 0.0070 | 0.0259 | -0.0437 | -0.4818 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only | -2.8201 | 5.1725 | 0.0175 | 0.0615 | -0.0935 | 35.0906 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only | 0.0245 | 2.7914 | 0.0040 | 0.0147 | -0.0248 | -0.2656 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only | 2.8684 | 0.4105 | -0.0098 | -0.0331 | 0.0465 | -34.7409 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only | 0.0245 | 2.7914 | 0.0040 | 0.0147 | -0.0248 | -0.2656 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only | -3.7781 | 4.8496 | 0.0204 | 0.0712 | -0.1065 | 46.9823 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only | 0.0147 | 1.6748 | 0.0024 | 0.0088 | -0.0149 | -0.1594 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only | 3.8065 | -1.4997 | -0.0160 | -0.0549 | 0.0802 | -46.1264 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only | 0.0147 | 1.6748 | 0.0024 | 0.0088 | -0.0149 | -0.1594 |

Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

| Result | Value (kip, kip-ft) |
|------------------|---------------------|
| Axial | 9.6881 |
| Shear X | -6.3619 |
| Shear Z | 0.0366 |
| Moment X | 0.1288 |
| Moment Y (Twist) | 0.1934 |
| Moment Z | 79.0168 |

Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

| Result | Value (kip, kip-ft) |
|------------------|---------------------|
| Axial | 6.7430 |
| Shear X | -3.8163 |
| Shear Z | 0.0220 |
| Moment X | 0.0771 |
| Moment Y (Twist) | 0.1164 |
| Moment Z | 46.9823 |

Reaction Forces for Foundation 3 (Node ID#201), (kip, kip-ft)

ASD Load Combination Results

| Name | Fx | Fy | Fz | Mx | My | Mz |
|--|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|
| ULS: 1. D | 0.0245 | 2.7914 | -0.0040 | -0.0147 | 0.0248 | -0.2656 |
| ULS: 2. D + L | 0.0245 | 2.7914 | -0.0040 | -0.0147 | 0.0248 | -0.2656 |
| ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R) | 0.0494 | 4.8855 | -0.0080 | -0.0297 | 0.0500 | -0.5538 |
| ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R) | 0.0245 | 2.7914 | -0.0040 | -0.0147 | 0.0248 | -0.2656 |
| ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R) | 0.0432 | 4.3619 | -0.0070 | -0.0259 | 0.0437 | -0.4818 |
| ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R) | 0.0245 | 2.7914 | -0.0040 | -0.0147 | 0.0248 | -0.2656 |
| ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E | 0.0245 | 2.7914 | -0.0040 | -0.0147 | 0.0248 | -0.2656 |
| ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S | 0.0432 | 4.3619 | -0.0070 | -0.0259 | 0.0437 | -0.4818 |
| ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E | 0.0147 | 1.6748 | -0.0024 | -0.0088 | 0.0149 | -0.1594 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only | -3.7683 | 5.9662 | -0.0220 | -0.0771 | 0.1164 | 46.8760 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only | 0.0245 | 2.7914 | -0.0040 | -0.0147 | 0.0248 | -0.2656 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only | 3.8163 | -0.3832 | 0.0144 | 0.0491 | -0.0703 | -46.2327 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only | 0.0245 | 2.7914 | -0.0040 | -0.0147 | 0.0248 | -0.2656 |

| Name | Fx | Fy | Fz | Mx | My | Mz |
|---|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only | -2.8014 | 6.7430 | -0.0205 | -0.0727 | 0.1124 | 34.8745 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only | 0.0432 | 4.3619 | -0.0070 | -0.0259 | 0.0437 | -0.4818 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only | 2.8871 | 1.9810 | 0.0068 | 0.0219 | -0.0276 | -34.9570 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only | 0.0432 | 4.3619 | -0.0070 | -0.0259 | 0.0437 | -0.4818 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only | -2.8201 | 5.1725 | -0.0175 | -0.0615 | 0.0935 | 35.0906 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only | 0.0245 | 2.7914 | -0.0040 | -0.0147 | 0.0248 | -0.2656 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only | 2.8684 | 0.4105 | 0.0098 | 0.0331 | -0.0465 | -34.7409 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only | 0.0245 | 2.7914 | -0.0040 | -0.0147 | 0.0248 | -0.2656 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only | -3.7781 | 4.8496 | -0.0204 | -0.0712 | 0.1065 | 46.9823 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only | 0.0147 | 1.6748 | -0.0024 | -0.0088 | 0.0149 | -0.1594 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only | 3.8065 | -1.4997 | 0.0160 | 0.0549 | -0.0802 | -46.1264 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only | 0.0147 | 1.6748 | -0.0024 | -0.0088 | 0.0149 | -0.1594 |

Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

| Result | Value (kip, kip-ft) |
|------------------|---------------------|
| Axial | 9.6881 |
| Shear X | -6.3619 |
| Shear Z | -0.0366 |
| Moment X | -0.1285 |
| Moment Y (Twist) | 0.1932 |
| Moment Z | 79.0169 |

Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

| Result | Value (kip, kip-ft) |
|------------------|---------------------|
| Axial | 6.7430 |
| Shear X | -3.8163 |
| Shear Z | -0.0220 |
| Moment X | -0.0771 |
| Moment Y (Twist) | 0.1164 |
| Moment Z | 46.9823 |

Reaction Forces for Foundation 4 (Node ID#301), (kip, kip-ft)

ASD Load Combination Results

| Name | Fx | Fy | Fz | Mx | My | Mz |
|---|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|
| ULS: 1. D | -0.0245 | 2.8237 | 0.0408 | 0.1404 | -0.1453 | 0.3100 |
| ULS: 2. D + L | -0.0245 | 2.8237 | 0.0408 | 0.1404 | -0.1453 | 0.3100 |
| ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R) | -0.0494 | 4.9507 | 0.0825 | 0.2838 | -0.2935 | 0.6096 |
| ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R) | -0.0245 | 2.8237 | 0.0408 | 0.1404 | -0.1453 | 0.3100 |
| ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R) | -0.0432 | 4.4190 | 0.0721 | 0.2479 | -0.2565 | 0.5347 |
| ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R) | -0.0245 | 2.8237 | 0.0408 | 0.1404 | -0.1453 | 0.3100 |
| ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E | -0.0245 | 2.8237 | 0.0408 | 0.1404 | -0.1453 | 0.3100 |
| ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S | -0.0432 | 4.4190 | 0.0721 | 0.2479 | -0.2565 | 0.5347 |
| ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E | -0.0147 | 1.6942 | 0.0245 | 0.0843 | -0.0872 | 0.1860 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only | -3.9876 | 6.1569 | 0.1607 | 0.5401 | -0.8599 | 49.5010 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only | -0.0245 | 2.8237 | 0.0408 | 0.1404 | -0.1453 | 0.3100 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only | 3.9396 | -0.5097 | -0.0780 | -0.2552 | 0.5648 | -47.6255 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only | -0.0245 | 2.8237 | 0.0408 | 0.1404 | -0.1453 | 0.3100 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only | -3.0155 | 6.9189 | 0.1620 | 0.5477 | -0.7924 | 37.4279 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only | -0.0432 | 4.4190 | 0.0721 | 0.2479 | -0.2565 | 0.5347 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only | 2.9299 | 1.9189 | -0.0170 | -0.0488 | 0.2761 | -35.4169 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only | -0.0432 | 4.4190 | 0.0721 | 0.2479 | -0.2565 | 0.5347 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only | -2.9968 | 5.3236 | 0.1308 | 0.4402 | -0.6813 | 37.2032 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only | -0.0245 | 2.8237 | 0.0408 | 0.1404 | -0.1453 | 0.3100 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only | 2.9486 | 0.3236 | -0.0483 | -0.1563 | 0.3873 | -35.6416 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only | -0.0245 | 2.8237 | 0.0408 | 0.1404 | -0.1453 | 0.3100 |

| Name | Fx | Fy | Fz | Mx | My | Mz |
|--|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only | -3.9778 | 5.0274 | 0.1444 | 0.4840 | -0.8018 | 49.3770 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only | -0.0147 | 1.6942 | 0.0245 | 0.0843 | -0.0872 | 0.1860 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only | 3.9494 | -1.6392 | -0.0944 | -0.3113 | 0.6229 | -47.7495 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only | -0.0147 | 1.6942 | 0.0245 | 0.0843 | -0.0872 | 0.1860 |

Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.
 Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

| Result | Value (kip, kip-ft) |
|------------------|---------------------|
| Axial | 10.0072 |
| Shear X | -6.6465 |
| Shear Z | 0.2702 |
| Moment X | 0.9088 |
| Moment Y (Twist) | 1.4404 |
| Moment Z | 83.4688 |

Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.
 Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

| Result | Value (kip, kip-ft) |
|------------------|---------------------|
| Axial | 6.9189 |
| Shear X | -3.9876 |
| Shear Z | 0.1620 |
| Moment X | 0.5477 |
| Moment Y (Twist) | 0.8599 |
| Moment Z | 49.5010 |

Project Details

Design Code: AISC 360-16 LRFD
 Provision: LRFD
 Country: United States
 User Name: sales@mtsolar.us
 Unit System: imperial

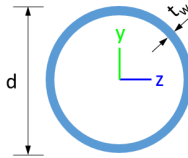


Design Input Information

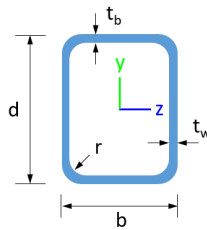
| Design Factors | | | |
|----------------|----------|----------|----------|
| Φ_t | Φ_c | Φ_b | Φ_v |
| 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.9 |

| Design Materials | | | |
|------------------|---------|-------------|-------------|
| ID | E (ksi) | F_y (ksi) | F_u (ksi) |
| 1 | 29000 | 50 | 65 |

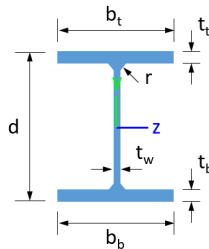
Section Dimensions



| ID | Name | d (in) | t_w (in) | | | | |
|----|-----------------|--------|------------|--|--|--|--|
| 2 | 2in Pipe Sch 80 | 2.38 | 0.22 | | | | |
| 5 | 4in Pipe Sch 80 | 4.50 | 0.34 | | | | |
| 10 | 8in Pipe Sch 80 | 8.63 | 0.50 | | | | |



| ID | Name | d (in) | b (in) | t_w (in) | t_b (in) | r (in) | |
|----|-------------|--------|--------|------------|------------|--------|--|
| 16 | HSS5x3x3/16 | 5.00 | 3.00 | 0.17 | 0.17 | 0.17 | |



| ID | Name | d (in) | t_w (in) | b_t (in) | b_b (in) | t_t (in) | t_b (in) | r (in) |
|----|-------|--------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|--------|
| 19 | W8x10 | 7.89 | 0.17 | 3.94 | 3.94 | 0.20 | 0.20 | 0.30 |

Section Properties

| ID | Name | A (in ²) | J (in ⁴) | I_{yp} (in ⁴) | I_{zp} (in ⁴) | I_w (in ⁶) | S_{yp} (in ³) | S_{zp} (in ³) |
|----|------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
|----|------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|

| | | | | | | |
|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| 212 | 196.55 | 190.72 | 21.95 | 21.95 | 59.50 | 59.50 |
| 213 | 133.20 | 85.85 | 24.06 | 6.12 | 40.24 | 43.62 |
| 214 | 133.20 | 85.85 | 24.10 | 6.12 | 40.24 | 43.62 |
| 215 | 133.20 | 69.16 | 17.65 | 6.12 | 40.24 | 43.62 |
| 216 | 133.20 | 69.16 | 17.61 | 6.12 | 40.24 | 43.62 |
| 301 | 574.32 | 247.26 | 123.94 | 123.94 | 172.30 | 172.30 |
| 302 | 198.33 | 196.72 | 21.95 | 21.95 | 59.50 | 59.50 |
| 303 | 116.10 | 115.41 | 15.79 | 11.10 | 42.08 | 23.28 |
| 304 | 116.10 | 111.33 | 15.79 | 11.10 | 42.08 | 23.28 |
| 305 | 116.10 | 114.23 | 15.79 | 11.10 | 42.08 | 23.28 |
| 306 | 116.10 | 115.41 | 15.79 | 11.10 | 42.08 | 23.28 |
| 307 | 116.10 | 114.23 | 15.79 | 11.10 | 42.08 | 23.28 |
| 308 | 133.20 | 20.65 | 32.87 | 6.12 | 40.24 | 43.62 |
| 309 | 66.48 | 58.89 | 3.82 | 3.82 | 19.94 | 19.94 |
| 310 | 116.10 | 111.33 | 15.79 | 11.10 | 42.08 | 23.28 |
| 311 | 133.20 | 20.65 | 32.87 | 6.12 | 40.24 | 43.62 |
| 312 | 198.33 | 196.72 | 21.95 | 21.95 | 59.50 | 59.50 |
| 313 | 133.20 | 85.85 | 24.44 | 6.12 | 40.24 | 43.62 |
| 314 | 133.20 | 85.85 | 24.43 | 6.12 | 40.24 | 43.62 |
| 315 | 133.20 | 69.16 | 19.70 | 6.12 | 40.24 | 43.62 |
| 316 | 133.20 | 69.16 | 19.86 | 6.12 | 40.24 | 43.62 |

Design Ratio

| Member ID | P | M _z | M _y | V _y | V _z | (P,M _z ,M _y) | Worst LC | KL/r | δ | Status |
|-----------|-------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|-------------------------------------|----------|--------------|--------------|--------|
| 1 | 0.040 | 0.673 | 0.019 | 0.039 | 0.002 | 0.701 | #13 | 0.537 | Not Required | Pass |
| 2 | 0.005 | 0.409 | 0.334 | 0.087 | 0.060 | 0.744 | #13 | 0.035 | Not Required | Pass |
| 3 | 0.011 | 0.716 | 0.065 | 0.072 | 0.006 | 0.762 | #13 | 0.045 | Not Required | Pass |
| 4 | 0.011 | 0.713 | 0.227 | 0.071 | 0.046 | 0.776 | #13 | 0.080 | Not Required | Pass |
| 5 | 0.011 | 0.444 | 0.235 | 0.071 | 0.059 | 0.480 | #13 | 0.074 | Not Required | Pass |
| 6 | 0.009 | 0.599 | 0.052 | 0.059 | 0.006 | 0.620 | #13 | 0.045 | Not Required | Pass |
| 7 | 0.009 | 0.372 | 0.175 | 0.060 | 0.046 | 0.404 | #13 | 0.074 | Not Required | Pass |
| 8 | 0.002 | 0.091 | 0.146 | 0.045 | 0.016 | 0.213 | #21 | 0.095 | Not Required | Pass |
| 9 | 0.021 | 0.059 | 0.084 | 0.002 | 0.002 | 0.149 | #13 | 0.204 | Not Required | Pass |
| 10 | 0.009 | 0.603 | 0.181 | 0.060 | 0.039 | 0.695 | #13 | 0.080 | Not Required | Pass |
| 11 | 0.002 | 0.087 | 0.146 | 0.044 | 0.016 | 0.212 | #21 | 0.063 | Not Required | Pass |
| 12 | 0.005 | 0.300 | 0.268 | 0.070 | 0.051 | 0.570 | #13 | 0.035 | Not Required | Pass |
| 13 | 0.010 | 0.329 | 0.559 | 0.056 | 0.021 | 0.802 | #21 | 0.190 | Not Required | Pass |
| 14 | 0.012 | 0.338 | 0.559 | 0.057 | 0.021 | 0.803 | #21 | 0.190 | Not Required | Pass |
| 15 | 0.000 | 0.149 | 0.335 | 0.041 | 0.016 | 0.446 | #21 | Not Required | Not Required | Pass |
| 16 | 0.000 | 0.149 | 0.335 | 0.041 | 0.016 | 0.446 | #21 | Not Required | Not Required | Pass |
| 101 | 0.039 | 0.638 | 0.003 | 0.037 | 0.000 | 0.658 | #13 | 0.537 | Not Required | Pass |
| 102 | 0.003 | 0.329 | 0.273 | 0.075 | 0.053 | 0.603 | #13 | 0.035 | Not Required | Pass |
| 103 | 0.010 | 0.625 | 0.061 | 0.062 | 0.010 | 0.665 | #13 | 0.045 | Not Required | Pass |
| 104 | 0.010 | 0.616 | 0.155 | 0.062 | 0.033 | 0.684 | #13 | 0.080 | Not Required | Pass |
| 105 | 0.010 | 0.388 | 0.159 | 0.062 | 0.040 | 0.412 | #13 | 0.074 | Not Required | Pass |
| 106 | 0.010 | 0.638 | 0.063 | 0.064 | 0.010 | 0.682 | #13 | 0.045 | Not Required | Pass |
| 107 | 0.010 | 0.396 | 0.160 | 0.063 | 0.040 | 0.421 | #13 | 0.074 | Not Required | Pass |
| 108 | 0.002 | 0.062 | 0.141 | 0.041 | 0.016 | 0.159 | #21 | 0.095 | Not Required | Pass |
| 109 | 0.012 | 0.040 | 0.056 | 0.001 | 0.000 | 0.100 | #13 | 0.204 | Not Required | Pass |
| 110 | 0.010 | 0.635 | 0.156 | 0.064 | 0.033 | 0.698 | #13 | 0.080 | Not Required | Pass |

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|--------------|--------------|------|
| 111 | 0.002 | 0.057 | 0.142 | 0.041 | 0.016 | 0.165 | #21 | 0.063 | Not Required | Pass |
| 112 | 0.003 | 0.344 | 0.282 | 0.077 | 0.054 | 0.626 | #13 | 0.035 | Not Required | Pass |
| 113 | 0.009 | 0.202 | 0.370 | 0.053 | 0.021 | 0.504 | #21 | 0.190 | Not Required | Pass |
| 114 | 0.012 | 0.197 | 0.370 | 0.053 | 0.021 | 0.497 | #21 | 0.286 | Not Required | Pass |
| 115 | 0.002 | 0.166 | 0.205 | 0.038 | 0.016 | 0.329 | #21 | 0.316 | Not Required | Pass |
| 116 | 0.004 | 0.170 | 0.210 | 0.038 | 0.016 | 0.333 | #21 | 0.473 | Not Required | Pass |
| 201 | 0.039 | 0.638 | 0.003 | 0.037 | 0.000 | 0.658 | #13 | 0.537 | Not Required | Pass |
| 202 | 0.003 | 0.344 | 0.282 | 0.077 | 0.054 | 0.626 | #13 | 0.035 | Not Required | Pass |
| 203 | 0.010 | 0.638 | 0.063 | 0.064 | 0.010 | 0.682 | #13 | 0.045 | Not Required | Pass |
| 204 | 0.010 | 0.635 | 0.156 | 0.064 | 0.033 | 0.698 | #13 | 0.080 | Not Required | Pass |
| 205 | 0.010 | 0.396 | 0.160 | 0.063 | 0.040 | 0.421 | #13 | 0.074 | Not Required | Pass |
| 206 | 0.010 | 0.625 | 0.061 | 0.062 | 0.010 | 0.665 | #13 | 0.045 | Not Required | Pass |
| 207 | 0.010 | 0.388 | 0.159 | 0.062 | 0.040 | 0.412 | #13 | 0.074 | Not Required | Pass |
| 208 | 0.002 | 0.043 | 0.141 | 0.038 | 0.016 | 0.161 | #21 | 0.095 | Not Required | Pass |
| 209 | 0.012 | 0.040 | 0.056 | 0.001 | 0.000 | 0.100 | #13 | 0.204 | Not Required | Pass |
| 210 | 0.010 | 0.616 | 0.155 | 0.062 | 0.033 | 0.684 | #13 | 0.080 | Not Required | Pass |
| 211 | 0.002 | 0.041 | 0.141 | 0.038 | 0.016 | 0.168 | #21 | 0.063 | Not Required | Pass |
| 212 | 0.003 | 0.329 | 0.273 | 0.075 | 0.053 | 0.603 | #13 | 0.035 | Not Required | Pass |
| 213 | 0.009 | 0.202 | 0.370 | 0.053 | 0.021 | 0.504 | #21 | 0.190 | Not Required | Pass |
| 214 | 0.012 | 0.197 | 0.370 | 0.053 | 0.021 | 0.497 | #21 | 0.286 | Not Required | Pass |
| 215 | 0.002 | 0.232 | 0.205 | 0.041 | 0.016 | 0.378 | #21 | 0.316 | Not Required | Pass |
| 216 | 0.004 | 0.243 | 0.209 | 0.041 | 0.016 | 0.390 | #21 | 0.473 | Not Required | Pass |
| 301 | 0.040 | 0.673 | 0.019 | 0.039 | 0.002 | 0.701 | #13 | 0.537 | Not Required | Pass |
| 302 | 0.005 | 0.300 | 0.268 | 0.070 | 0.051 | 0.570 | #13 | 0.035 | Not Required | Pass |
| 303 | 0.009 | 0.599 | 0.052 | 0.059 | 0.006 | 0.620 | #13 | 0.045 | Not Required | Pass |
| 304 | 0.009 | 0.603 | 0.181 | 0.060 | 0.039 | 0.695 | #13 | 0.080 | Not Required | Pass |
| 305 | 0.009 | 0.372 | 0.175 | 0.060 | 0.046 | 0.404 | #13 | 0.074 | Not Required | Pass |
| 306 | 0.011 | 0.716 | 0.065 | 0.072 | 0.006 | 0.762 | #13 | 0.045 | Not Required | Pass |
| 307 | 0.011 | 0.444 | 0.235 | 0.071 | 0.059 | 0.480 | #13 | 0.074 | Not Required | Pass |
| 308 | 0.000 | 0.149 | 0.335 | 0.041 | 0.016 | 0.446 | #21 | Not Required | Not Required | Pass |
| 309 | 0.021 | 0.059 | 0.084 | 0.002 | 0.002 | 0.149 | #13 | 0.204 | Not Required | Pass |
| 310 | 0.011 | 0.713 | 0.227 | 0.071 | 0.046 | 0.776 | #13 | 0.080 | Not Required | Pass |
| 311 | 0.000 | 0.149 | 0.335 | 0.041 | 0.016 | 0.446 | #21 | Not Required | Not Required | Pass |
| 312 | 0.005 | 0.409 | 0.334 | 0.087 | 0.060 | 0.744 | #13 | 0.035 | Not Required | Pass |
| 313 | 0.010 | 0.329 | 0.559 | 0.056 | 0.021 | 0.802 | #21 | 0.190 | Not Required | Pass |
| 314 | 0.012 | 0.338 | 0.559 | 0.057 | 0.021 | 0.803 | #21 | 0.286 | Not Required | Pass |
| 315 | 0.002 | 0.153 | 0.205 | 0.044 | 0.016 | 0.321 | #21 | 0.316 | Not Required | Pass |
| 316 | 0.004 | 0.154 | 0.209 | 0.045 | 0.016 | 0.324 | #21 | 0.473 | Not Required | Pass |

Definitions

| | |
|----------|--|
| Φ_t | Safety factor for tensile |
| Φ_c | Safety factor for compression |
| Φ_b | Safety factor for flexure |
| Φ_v | Safety factor for shear |
| E | Modulus of elasticity |
| F_y | Specified minimum yield stress |
| F_u | Specified minimum tensile strength |
| A | Cross-sectional area |
| J | Torsional constant |
| I_{yp} | Moment of inertia about the Y axes |
| I_{zp} | Moment of inertia about the Z axes |
| I_w | Warping constant |
| S_{yp} | Plastic section modulus about the Y axis |
| S_{zp} | Plastic section modulus about the Z axis |

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| KL | Effective length |
| C_b | Buckling modification factor (from all load combinations) |
| L_b | Length between braced points |
| LST | Limited slenderness for tension |
| LSC | Limited slenderness for compression |
| LD | Limited deflection |
| P_n | Nominal axial strength (tension/compression) |
| M_n | Nominal flexural strength (about Z/Y axis) |
| V_n | Nominal shear strength (along Z/Y axis) |
| P | Design ratio in case of axial force |
| M_z | Design ratio in case of bending about Z axis |
| M_y | Design ratio in case of bending about Y axis |
| V_y | Design ratio in case of shear along Y axis |
| V_z | Design ratio in case of shear along Z axis |
| (P, M_z , M_y) | Design ratio in case of axial force and bending action |
| KL/r | Design ratio in case of section slenderness |
| δ | Design ratio in case of member deflection |
| OK | Capacity is provided |
| NG | Capacity is not provided |

| REFERENCES | CALCULATIONS | RESULTS |
|------------|--------------|---------|
|------------|--------------|---------|

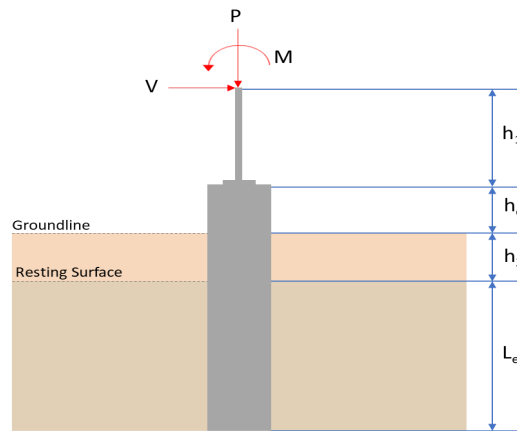
SkyCiv Foundation Design

Pile Foundation

Design Information :

Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code)
Unit System : Imperial

Pile Input



Geometry

Pile shape: rectangular

$b = 48$ in - Pile width

$D = 48$ in - Pile depth

$L = 7.5$ ft - Total pile length

$h_1 = 0$ ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile,

$h_2 = 0$ ft - Depth to resisting surface

$h_e = 0$ ft - Length of pile above the ground

Tabulation of Soil Parameters

| Layer | Label | Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf) | Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft) |
|-------|---|--|---|
| 1 | Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel | 2000.000 | 150.000 |

Tabulation of Loads

| Load Component | ASD | LRFD |
|----------------|--------|--------|
| P (kip) | 6.743 | 9.688 |
| V_x (kip) | -3.816 | -6.362 |
| V_z (kip) | 0.022 | 0.037 |
| M_x (kipft) | 0.077 | 0.129 |
| M_z (kipft) | 46.982 | 79.017 |

Material Properties

$f'_{ck} = 2.5$ ksi - Concrete strength.

Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD)

H - Point of application of the lateral load

$$H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$$

$$H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$H = 0 \text{ ft}$$

Considering x-direction:

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-3.816 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.60764 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(46.982 \text{ kipft}) + ((-3.816 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 7.4812 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R} \right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R} \right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,x} = 7.0016 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in x-direction,

Considering z-direction:

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(0.022 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = 0.0035032 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.077 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.022 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.012261 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_z^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R} \right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R} \right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,z} = 1.0639 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in z-direction,

Minimum embedded depth required:

$L_{e,req}$ - Depth of pile required,

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$$

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(7.0016 \text{ ft}), (1.0639 \text{ ft})]$$

$$L_{e,req} = 7.002 \text{ ft}$$

L_e - Actual embedded length of pile,

$$L_e = L - h_e - h_2$$

$$L_e = (7.5 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$L_e = 7.5 \text{ ft}$$

Ratio - Embedded depth

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(7.002 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.9336$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.930**

End-bearing Capacity (ASD)

A - Pile cross-section area

$$A = b D$$

$$A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$$

q - End-bearing pressure

$$q = \frac{P_v}{A}$$

$$q = \frac{(6.743 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$$

$$q = 0.42144 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check bearing capacity ratio:

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.42144 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.21072$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.210**

Czerniak

Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):

L/D - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,

$$L/D = \frac{L}{D}$$

$$L/D = \frac{(7.5 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$$

$$L/D = 1.875$$

Since $L/D \leq 10$,

Pile is short.

Considering x-direction:

$H_o = -0.60764 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 7.4812 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (7.4812 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.60764 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (7.4812 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.60764 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.1805 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (7.4812 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.60764 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(7.5 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (7.4812 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.60764 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.26424 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (7.4812 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.60764 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))]}{(7.5 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 1.1099 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(5.1805 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.38854 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.26424 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.38854 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.68009$$

p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 1.125 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(1.1099 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.125 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.98656$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.680**

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.990**

Considering z-direction:

$H_o = 0.0035032 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 0.012261 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.012261 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.0035032 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.012261 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.0035032 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.3676 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (0.012261 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (0.0035032 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(7.5 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (0.012261 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (0.0035032 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.0024403 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (0.012261 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((0.0035032 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))]}{(7.5 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.0054183 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(5.3676 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.40257 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.0024403 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.40257 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.0060618$$

p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 1.125 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

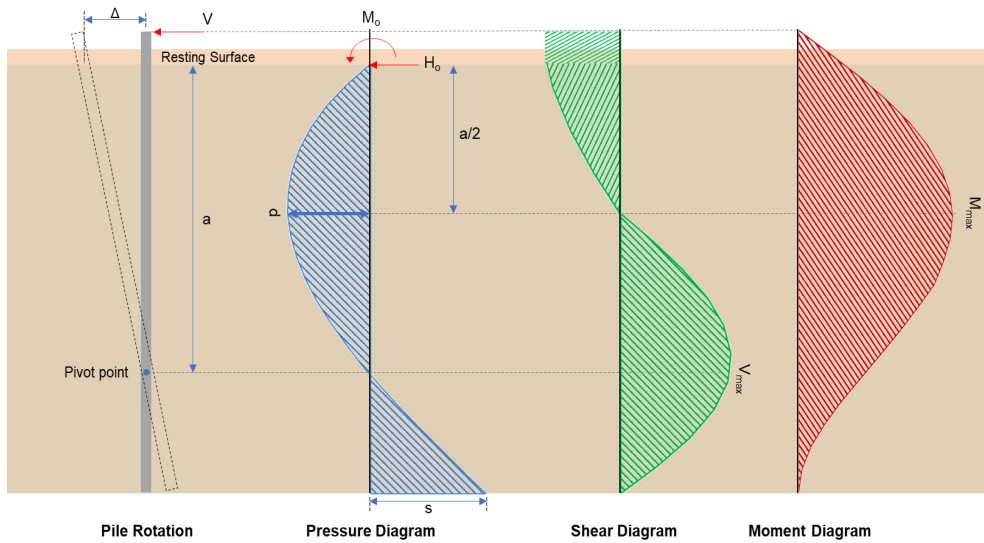
$$Ratio = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.0054183 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.125 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.0048162$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.010**

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**



Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-6.362 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -1.0131 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(79.017 \text{ kipft}) + ((-6.362 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 12.582 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(12.582 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-1.0131 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 12.42 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (12.582 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-1.0131 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{6 \times (12.582 \text{ kipft/ft}) + 4 \times (-1.0131 \text{ kip/ft}) \times 7.5 \text{ ft}}$$

$$a = \frac{(6 \times (12.582 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-1.0131 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))}{}$$

$$a = 5.1794 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-1.0131 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (12.42 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.1794 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (12.42 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.1794 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 14.547 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-1.0131 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(12.42 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(5.1794 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.5 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (12.42 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.1794 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (12.42 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.1794 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 51.792 \text{ kipft}$$

Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(0.037 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = 0.0058917 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.129 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.037 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.020541 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.020541 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(0.0058917 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 3.4865 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.020541 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.0058917 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.020541 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.0058917 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.3682 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((0.0058917 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (3.4865 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.3682 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] \right. \\ \left. + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (3.4865 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.3682 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.035105 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o b L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) \right. \\ \left. - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((0.0058917 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(3.4865 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(5.3682 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.5 \text{ ft})} \right) \right. \\ \left. - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (3.4865 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.3682 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (3.4865 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.3682 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 0.11589 \text{ kipft}$$

Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$ - Concrete strength,

$f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$ - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,

$\phi = 0.65$ - Reduction factor for axial strength,

$\alpha = 0.8$ - Alpha factor for axial strength,

$A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$ - Gross area of concrete,

Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load, $A_{st,required}$

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{(9.688 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -84.274 \text{ in}^2$$

A_{min} - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-84.274 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$$

n_{rebar} - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 14$$

A_{st} - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$$

Table 22.4.2.1

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

| | | |
|---|---|--|
| <p>25.2.3</p> <p>25.7.2.2</p> <p>25.7.2.1</p> | <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = 0.96556$</p> <p>$s_{rebar} = Max[1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$</p> <p>$s_{rebar} = Max[1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$</p> <p>$s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$</p> <p>Ties:</p> <p>Since longitudinal reinforcement is \leq No. 10ø: Use #3(0.375 in)</p> <p>$s_{ties} = Min[(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), Min(D, b)]$</p> <p>$s_{ties} = Min[(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), Min((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]$</p> <p>$s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$</p> <p>Summary:</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Main reinforcement: 14 - #5 (0.625 in) Ties: #3(0.375 in) - 10 in</p> | <p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.970</p> |
| <p>22.4.2.2</p> | <p>Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p>ϕP_N - Allowable axial compressive strength</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st})]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times [(0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2))]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\phi P_N = 2675.2 \text{ kip}$</p> <p>Ratio - Capacity</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = \frac{(9.688 \text{ kip})}{(2675.2 \text{ kip})}$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = 0.0036214$</p> | <p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000</p> |
| <p>22.5.2.2</p> <p>22.5.5.1.3</p> <p>22.5.5.1.1</p> | <p>Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p>Parameters:</p> <p>$b_w = 48 \text{ in}$ - Effective width, d - Effective depth</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$d = 0.80 D$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$d = 38.4 \text{ in}$</p> <p>λ_s - size effect modification factor</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\lambda_s = MIN \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\lambda_s = MIN \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\lambda_s = 0.64282$</p> <p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,</p> <p>$V_{c,max}$ - Max shear strength of concrete</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$</p> | |

$$V_{c,max} = 296.21 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.1(a) The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $P = 9.688 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 9688 \text{ lbf}$,
 $V_{c,a}$ - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck} + \frac{P}{6 A_g}} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi}) + \frac{(9688 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)}} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 119.78 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{c,b}$ - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck} + (0.05 f'_{ck})} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi}) + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi}))} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 348.89 \text{ kip}$$

V_c - Governing shear strength of concrete

$$V_c = \text{Min}[V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min}[(296.21 \text{ kip}), (119.78 \text{ kip}), (348.89 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 119.78 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{s,a}$ - Shear strength of steel (a)

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{s,a} = 737.28 \text{ kip}$$

A_v - Ties rebar area,

$$A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$$

22.5.8.5.3 $V_{s,b}$ - Shear strength of steel (b)

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yw} d}{s_{ties}}$$

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$$

$$V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$$

V_s - Governing shear strength of steel

$$V_s = \text{MIN}[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$$

$$V_s = \text{MIN}[(737.28 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.1.1 ϕV_n - Allowable shear strength

$$\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$$

$$\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((119.78 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$$

$$\phi V_n = 110.94 \text{ kip}$$

Considering x-direction:

V_{max} = 14.547 kip - Maximum shear force in the x-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(14.547 \text{ kip})}{(110.94 \text{ kip})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.13113$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.130**

Considering z-direction:

$V_{max} = 0.035105 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the z-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.035105 \text{ kip})}{(110.94 \text{ kip})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.00031644$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**

Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)

S_m - Section modulus

$$S_m = \frac{b D^2}{6}$$

$$S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$$

$$S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$$

$\lambda = 1$ - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete),

Allowable flexural strength:

M_n shall be the lesser of:

$\phi M_{n,1}$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{(2.5 \text{ ksi})} \times 18432.001 \text{ in}^3$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 249.600 \text{ kipft}$$

14.5.2.1b

$\phi M_{n,2}$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_c \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (18432 \text{ in}^3)$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = 2121.6 \text{ kipft}$$

Therefore,

ϕM_n - Allowable flexural strength,

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$$

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(249.6 \text{ kipft}), (2121.6 \text{ kipft})]$$

$$\phi M_n = 249.6 \text{ kipft}$$

Considering x-direction:

$M_{max} = 51.792 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the x-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(51.792 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.2075$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.210**

Considering z-direction:

$M_{max} = 0.11589 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the z-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.11589 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.00046432$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**

| REFERENCES | CALCULATIONS | RESULTS |
|------------|--------------|---------|
|------------|--------------|---------|

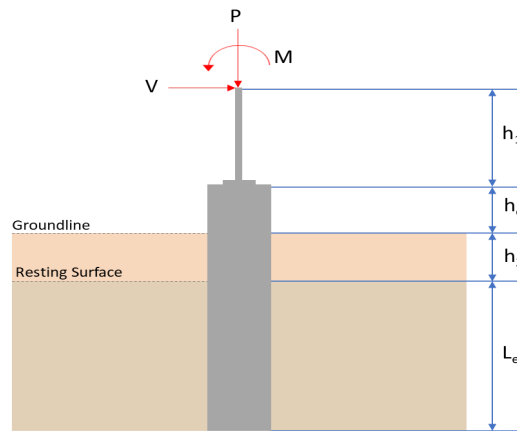
SkyCiv Foundation Design

Pile Foundation

Design Information :

Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code)
Unit System : Imperial

Pile Input



Geometry

Pile shape: rectangular

$b = 48$ in - Pile width

$D = 48$ in - Pile depth

$L = 7.5$ ft - Total pile length

$h_1 = 0$ ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile,

$h_2 = 0$ ft - Depth to resisting surface

$h_e = 0$ ft - Length of pile above the ground

Tabulation of Soil Parameters

| Layer | Label | Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf) | Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft) |
|-------|---|--|---|
| 1 | Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel | 2000.000 | 150.000 |

Tabulation of Loads

| Load Component | ASD | LRFD |
|----------------|--------|--------|
| P (kip) | 6.743 | 9.688 |
| V_x (kip) | -3.816 | -6.362 |
| V_z (kip) | -0.022 | -0.037 |
| M_x (kipft) | -0.077 | -0.128 |
| M_z (kipft) | 46.982 | 79.017 |

Material Properties

$f'_{ck} = 2.5$ ksi - Concrete strength.

Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD)

H - Point of application of the lateral load

$$H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$$

$$H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$H = 0 \text{ ft}$$

Considering x-direction:

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-3.816 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.60764 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(46.982 \text{ kipft}) + ((-3.816 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 7.4812 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R} \right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R} \right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,x} = 7.0016 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in x-direction,

Considering z-direction:

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.022 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.0035032 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.077 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.022 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.012261 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_z^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R} \right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R} \right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,z} = 0.92323 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in z-direction,

Minimum embedded depth required:

$L_{e,req}$ - Depth of pile required,

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$$

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(7.0016 \text{ ft}), (0.92323 \text{ ft})]$$

$$L_{e,req} = 7.002 \text{ ft}$$

L_e - Actual embedded length of pile,

$$L_e = L - h_e - h_2$$

$$L_e = (7.5 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$L_e = 7.5 \text{ ft}$$

Ratio - Embedded depth

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(7.002 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.9336$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.930**

End-bearing Capacity (ASD)

A - Pile cross-section area

$$A = b D$$

$$A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$$

q - End-bearing pressure

$$q = \frac{P_v}{A}$$

$$q = \frac{(6.743 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$$

$$q = 0.42144 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check bearing capacity ratio:

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.42144 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.21072$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.210**

Czerniak

Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):

L/D - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,

$$L/D = \frac{L}{D}$$

$$L/D = \frac{(7.5 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$$

$$L/D = 1.875$$

Since $L/D \leq 10$,

Pile is short.

Considering x-direction:

$H_o = -0.60764 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 7.4812 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (7.4812 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.60764 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (7.4812 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.60764 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.1805 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (7.4812 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.60764 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(7.5 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (7.4812 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.60764 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.26424 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (7.4812 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.60764 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))]}{(7.5 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 1.1099 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(5.1805 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.38854 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.26424 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.38854 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.68009$$

p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 1.125 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(1.1099 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.125 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.98656$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.680**

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.990**

Considering z-direction:

$H_o = -0.0035032 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 0.012261 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.012261 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.0035032 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.012261 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.0035032 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.3676 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (0.012261 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.0035032 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(7.5 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (0.012261 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.0035032 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = -0.00074994 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (0.012261 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.0035032 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))]}{(7.5 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = -0.00018684 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(5.3676 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.40257 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(-0.00074994 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.40257 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = -0.0018629$$

p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 1.125 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

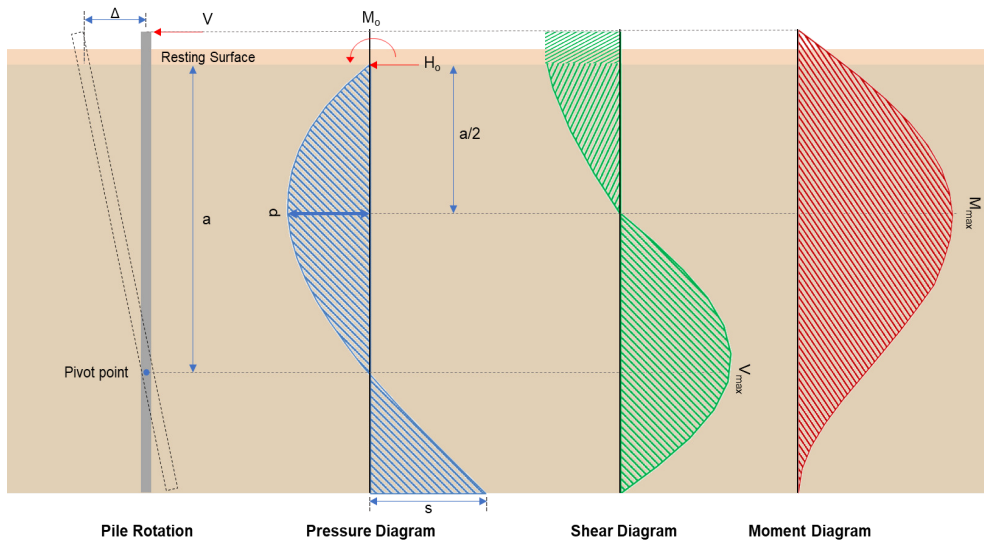
$$Ratio = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(-0.00018684 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.125 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = -0.00016608$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**



Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-6.362 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -1.0131 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(79.017 \text{ kipft}) + ((-6.362 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 12.582 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(12.582 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-1.0131 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 12.42 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (12.582 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-1.0131 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (12.582 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-1.0131 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = \frac{(6 \times (12.582 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-1.0131 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))}{}$$

$$a = 5.1794 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-1.0131 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (12.42 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.1794 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (12.42 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.1794 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 14.547 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth a/2,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-1.0131 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(12.42 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(5.1794 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.5 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (12.42 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.1794 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (12.42 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.1794 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 51.792 \text{ kipft}$$

Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.037 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.0058917 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.128 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.037 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.020382 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.020382 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.0058917 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 3.4595 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.020382 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.0058917 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.020382 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.0058917 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.3694 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.0058917 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (3.4595 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.3694 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] \right. \\ \left. + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (3.4595 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.3694 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.034957 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o \ b \ L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) \right. \\ \left. - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.0058917 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(3.4595 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(5.3694 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.5 \text{ ft})} \right) \right. \\ \left. - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (3.4595 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.3694 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (3.4595 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.3694 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 0.11534 \text{ kipft}$$

Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$ - Concrete strength,

$f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$ - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,

$\phi = 0.65$ - Reduction factor for axial strength,

$\alpha = 0.8$ - Alpha factor for axial strength,

$A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$ - Gross area of concrete,

Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load, $A_{st,required}$

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{(9.688 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -84.274 \text{ in}^2$$

A_{min} - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-84.274 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$$

n_{rebar} - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 14$$

A_{st} - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$$

Table 22.4.2.1

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

| | | |
|---|---|--|
| <p>25.2.3</p> <p>25.7.2.2</p> <p>25.7.2.1</p> | <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = 0.96556$</p> <p>$s_{rebar} = Min[1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$</p> <p>$s_{rebar} = Min[1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$</p> <p>$s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$</p> <p>Ties:</p> <p>Since longitudinal reinforcement is \leq No. 10: Use #3(0.375 in)</p> <p>$s_{ties} = Min[(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), Min(D, b)]$</p> <p>$s_{ties} = Min[(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), Min((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]$</p> <p>$s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$</p> <p>Summary:</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Main reinforcement: 14 - #5 (0.625 in) Ties: #3(0.375 in) - 10 in</p> | <p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.970</p> |
| <p>22.4.2.2</p> | <p>Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p>ϕP_N - Allowable axial compressive strength</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st})]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times [(0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2))]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\phi P_N = 2675.2 \text{ kip}$</p> <p>Ratio - Capacity</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = \frac{(9.688 \text{ kip})}{(2675.2 \text{ kip})}$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = 0.0036214$</p> | <p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000</p> |
| <p>22.5.2.2</p> <p>22.5.5.1.3</p> <p>22.5.5.1.1</p> | <p>Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p>Parameters:</p> <p>$b_w = 48 \text{ in}$ - Effective width, d - Effective depth</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$d = 0.80 D$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$d = 38.4 \text{ in}$</p> <p>λ_s - size effect modification factor</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\lambda_s = MIN \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\lambda_s = MIN \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\lambda_s = 0.64282$</p> <p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,</p> <p>$V_{c,max}$ - Max shear strength of concrete</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$</p> | |

$$V_{c,max} = 296.21 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.1(a) The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $P = 9.688 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 9688 \text{ lbf}$,
 $V_{c,a}$ - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck} + \frac{P}{6 A_g}} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi}) + \frac{(9688 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)}} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 119.78 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{c,b}$ - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck} + (0.05 f'_{ck})} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi}) + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi}))} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 348.89 \text{ kip}$$

V_c - Governing shear strength of concrete

$$V_c = \text{Min}[V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min}[(296.21 \text{ kip}), (119.78 \text{ kip}), (348.89 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 119.78 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{s,a}$ - Shear strength of steel (a)

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{s,a} = 737.28 \text{ kip}$$

A_v - Ties rebar area,

$$A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$$

22.5.8.5.3 $V_{s,b}$ - Shear strength of steel (b)

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yw} d}{s_{ties}}$$

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$$

$$V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$$

V_s - Governing shear strength of steel

$$V_s = \text{MIN}[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$$

$$V_s = \text{MIN}[(737.28 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.1.1 ϕV_n - Allowable shear strength

$$\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$$

$$\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((119.78 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$$

$$\phi V_n = 110.94 \text{ kip}$$

Considering x-direction:

V_{max} = 14.547 kip - Maximum shear force in the x-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(14.547 \text{ kip})}{(110.94 \text{ kip})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.13113$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.130**

Considering z-direction:

$V_{max} = 0.034957 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the z-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.034957 \text{ kip})}{(110.94 \text{ kip})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.00031511$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**

Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)

S_m - Section modulus

$$S_m = \frac{b D^2}{6}$$

$$S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$$

$$S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$$

$\lambda = 1$ - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete),

Allowable flexural strength:

M_n shall be the lesser of:

$\phi M_{n,1}$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{(2.5 \text{ ksi})} \times 18432.001 \text{ in}^3$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 249.600 \text{ kipft}$$

14.5.2.1b

$\phi M_{n,2}$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_c \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (18432 \text{ in}^3)$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = 2121.6 \text{ kipft}$$

Therefore,

ϕM_n - Allowable flexural strength,

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$$

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(249.6 \text{ kipft}), (2121.6 \text{ kipft})]$$

$$\phi M_n = 249.6 \text{ kipft}$$

Considering x-direction:

$M_{max} = 51.792 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the x-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(51.792 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.2075$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.210**

Considering z-direction:

$M_{max} = 0.11534 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the z-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.11534 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.0004621$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**

| REFERENCES | CALCULATIONS | RESULTS |
|------------|--------------|---------|
|------------|--------------|---------|

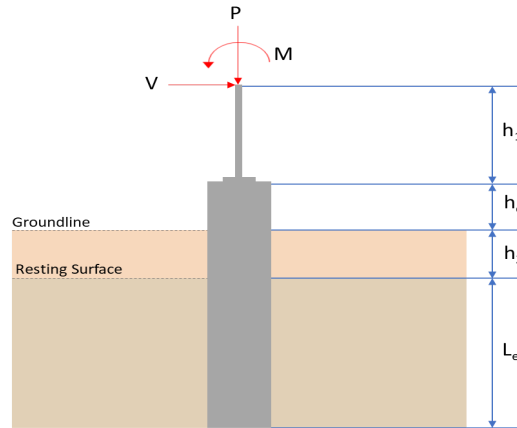
SkyCiv Foundation Design

Pile Foundation

Design Information :

Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code)
Unit System : Imperial

Pile Input



Geometry

Pile shape: rectangular

$b = 48$ in - Pile width

$D = 48$ in - Pile depth

$L = 7.75$ ft - Total pile length

$h_1 = 0$ ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile,

$h_2 = 0$ ft - Depth to resisting surface

$h_e = 0$ ft - Length of pile above the ground

Tabulation of Soil Parameters

| Layer | Label | Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf) | Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft) |
|-------|---|--|---|
| 1 | Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel | 2000.000 | 150.000 |

Tabulation of Loads

| Load Component | ASD | LRFD |
|----------------|--------|--------|
| P (kip) | 6.919 | 10.007 |
| V_x (kip) | -3.988 | -6.647 |
| V_z (kip) | -0.162 | -0.270 |
| M_x (kipft) | -0.548 | -0.908 |
| M_z (kipft) | 49.501 | 83.468 |

Material Properties

$f'_{ck} = 2.5$ ksi - Concrete strength.

Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD)

H - Point of application of the lateral load

$$H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$$

$$H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$H = 0 \text{ ft}$$

Considering x-direction:

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-3.988 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.63503 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(49.501 \text{ kipft}) + ((-3.988 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 7.8823 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R} \right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R} \right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,x} = 7.1114 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in x-direction,

Considering z-direction:

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.162 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.025796 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.548 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.162 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.087261 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_z^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R} \right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R} \right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,z} = 1.6432 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in z-direction,

Minimum embedded depth required:

$L_{e,req}$ - Depth of pile required,

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$$

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(7.1114 \text{ ft}), (1.6432 \text{ ft})]$$

$$L_{e,req} = 7.111 \text{ ft}$$

L_e - Actual embedded length of pile,

$$L_e = L - h_e - h_2$$

$$L_e = (7.75 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$L_e = 7.75 \text{ ft}$$

Ratio - Embedded depth

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(7.111 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.91755$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.920**

End-bearing Capacity (ASD)

A - Pile cross-section area

$$A = b D$$

$$A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$$

q - End-bearing pressure

$$q = \frac{P_v}{A}$$

$$q = \frac{(6.919 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$$

$$q = 0.43244 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check bearing capacity ratio:

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.43244 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.21622$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.220**

Czerniak

Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):

L/D - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,

$$L/D = \frac{L}{D}$$

$$L/D = \frac{(7.75 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$$

$$L/D = 1.9375$$

Since $L/D \leq 10$,

Pile is short.

Considering x-direction:

$H_o = -0.63503 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 7.8823 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (7.8823 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.63503 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (7.8823 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.63503 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.3565 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (7.8823 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.63503 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(7.75 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (7.8823 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.63503 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.25424 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (7.8823 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.63503 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft}))]}{(7.75 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 1.0832 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(5.3565 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.40174 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.25424 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.40174 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.63286$$

p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 1.1625 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(1.0832 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.1625 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.93177$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.630**

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.930**

Considering z-direction:

$H_o = -0.025796 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 0.087261 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.087261 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.025796 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.087261 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.025796 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.557 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (0.087261 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.025796 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(7.75 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (0.087261 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.025796 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = -0.0056854 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (0.087261 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.025796 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft}))]}{(7.75 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = -0.0025372 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(5.557 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.41677 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(-0.0056854 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.41677 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = -0.013642$$

p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 1.1625 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

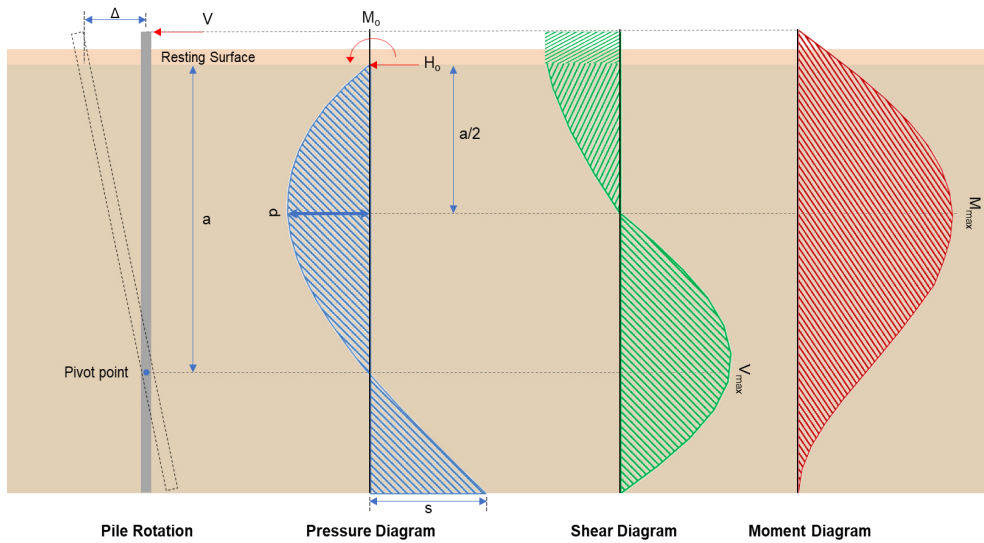
$$Ratio = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(-0.0025372 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.1625 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = -0.0021825$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **-0.010**

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**



Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-6.647 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -1.0584 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(83.468 \text{ kipft}) + ((-6.647 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 13.291 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(13.291 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-1.0584 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 12.557 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (13.291 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-1.0584 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times 13.291 \text{ kipft/ft}) + (4 \times (-1.0584 \text{ kip/ft}) \times 7.75 \text{ ft})}$$

$$a = \frac{(-1.0584 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})}{(6 \times (13.291 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-1.0584 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.3549 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-1.0584 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (12.557 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.3549 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (12.557 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.3549 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 14.931 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-1.0584 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(12.557 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(5.3549 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.75 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (12.557 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.3549 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (12.557 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.3549 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 54.879 \text{ kipft}$$

Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.27 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.042994 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.908 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.27 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.14459 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.14459 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.042994 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 3.363 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.14459 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.042994 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.14459 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.042994 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.5579 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.042994 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (3.363 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.5579 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (3.363 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.5579 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.24688 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o \cdot b \cdot L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.042994 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(3.363 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(5.5579 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.75 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (3.363 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.5579 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (3.363 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.5579 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 0.83801 \text{ kipft}$$

Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$ - Concrete strength,

$f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$ - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,

$\phi = 0.65$ - Reduction factor for axial strength,

$\alpha = 0.8$ - Alpha factor for axial strength,

$A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$ - Gross area of concrete,

Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load, $A_{st,required}$

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\left(\frac{10.007 \text{ kip}}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} \right) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -84.264 \text{ in}^2$$

A_{min} - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-84.264 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$$

n_{rebar} - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 14$$

A_{st} - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$$

Table 22.4.2.1

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

| | | |
|---|---|--|
| <p>25.2.3</p> <p>25.7.2.2</p> <p>25.7.2.1</p> | <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = 0.96556$</p> <p>$s_{rebar} = Max[1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$</p> <p>$s_{rebar} = Max[1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$</p> <p>$s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$</p> <p>Ties:</p> <p>Since longitudinal reinforcement is \leq No. 10ø: Use #3(0.375 in)</p> <p>$s_{ties} = Min[(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), Min(D, b)]$</p> <p>$s_{ties} = Min[(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), Min((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]$</p> <p>$s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$</p> <p>Summary:</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Main reinforcement: 14 - #5 (0.625 in) Ties: #3(0.375 in) - 10 in</p> | <p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.970</p> |
| <p>22.4.2.2</p> | <p>Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p>ϕP_N - Allowable axial compressive strength</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_y k A_{st})]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times [(0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2))]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\phi P_N = 2675.2 \text{ kip}$</p> <p>Ratio - Capacity</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = \frac{(10.007 \text{ kip})}{(2675.2 \text{ kip})}$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = 0.0037407$</p> | <p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000</p> |
| <p>22.5.2.2</p> <p>22.5.5.1.3</p> <p>22.5.5.1.1</p> | <p>Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p>Parameters:</p> <p>$b_w = 48 \text{ in}$ - Effective width, d - Effective depth</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$d = 0.80 D$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$d = 38.4 \text{ in}$</p> <p>λ_s - size effect modification factor</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\lambda_s = MIN \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\lambda_s = MIN \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\lambda_s = 0.64282$</p> <p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,</p> <p>$V_{c,max}$ - Max shear strength of concrete</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$</p> | |

$$V_{c,max} = 296.21 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.1(a) The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $P = 10.007 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 10007 \text{ lbf}$,
 $V_{c,a}$ - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck} + \frac{P}{6 A_g}} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi}) + \frac{(10007 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)}} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 119.82 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{c,b}$ - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck} + (0.05 f'_{ck})} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi}) + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi}))} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 348.89 \text{ kip}$$

V_c - Governing shear strength of concrete

$$V_c = \text{Min}[V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min}[(296.21 \text{ kip}), (119.82 \text{ kip}), (348.89 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 119.82 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{s,a}$ - Shear strength of steel (a)

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{s,a} = 737.28 \text{ kip}$$

A_v - Ties rebar area,

$$A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$$

22.5.8.5.3 $V_{s,b}$ - Shear strength of steel (b)

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yw} d}{s_{ties}}$$

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$$

$$V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$$

V_s - Governing shear strength of steel

$$V_s = \text{MIN}[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$$

$$V_s = \text{MIN}[(737.28 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.1.1 ϕV_n - Allowable shear strength

$$\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$$

$$\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((119.82 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$$

$$\phi V_n = 110.96 \text{ kip}$$

Considering x-direction:

V_{max} = 14.931 kip - Maximum shear force in the x-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(14.931 \text{ kip})}{(110.96 \text{ kip})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.13455$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.130**

Considering z-direction:

$V_{max} = 0.24688 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the z-direction,
Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.24688 \text{ kip})}{(110.96 \text{ kip})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.0022249$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**

Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)

S_m - Section modulus

$$S_m = \frac{b D^2}{6}$$

$$S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$$

$$S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$$

$\lambda = 1$ - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete),

Allowable flexural strength:

M_n shall be the lesser of:

$\phi M_{n,1}$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{(2.5 \text{ ksi})} \times 18432.001 \text{ in}^3$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 249.600 \text{ kipft}$$

14.5.2.1b

$\phi M_{n,2}$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_c \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (18432 \text{ in}^3)$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = 2121.6 \text{ kipft}$$

Therefore,

ϕM_n - Allowable flexural strength,

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$$

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(249.6 \text{ kipft}), (2121.6 \text{ kipft})]$$

$$\phi M_n = 249.6 \text{ kipft}$$

Considering x-direction:

$M_{max} = 54.879 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the x-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(54.879 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.21987$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.220**

Considering z-direction:

$M_{max} = 0.83801 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the z-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.83801 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.0033574$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**

| REFERENCES | CALCULATIONS | RESULTS |
|------------|--------------|---------|
|------------|--------------|---------|

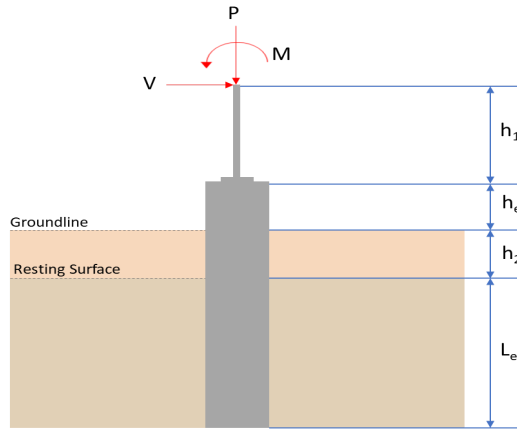
SkyCiv Foundation Design

Pile Foundation

Design Information :

Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code)
Unit System : Imperial

Pile Input



Geometry

Pile shape: rectangular

$b = 48$ in - Pile width

$D = 48$ in - Pile depth

$L = 7.75$ ft - Total pile length

$h_1 = 0$ ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile,

$h_2 = 0$ ft - Depth to resisting surface

$h_e = 0$ ft - Length of pile above the ground

Tabulation of Soil Parameters

| Layer | Label | Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf) | Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft) |
|-------|---|--|---|
| 1 | Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel | 2000.000 | 150.000 |

Tabulation of Loads

| Load Component | ASD | LRFD |
|----------------|--------|--------|
| P (kip) | 6.919 | 10.007 |
| V_x (kip) | -3.988 | -6.647 |
| V_z (kip) | 0.162 | 0.270 |
| M_x (kipft) | 0.548 | 0.909 |
| M_z (kipft) | 49.501 | 83.469 |

Material Properties

$f'_{ck} = 2.5$ ksi - Concrete strength.

Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD)

H - Point of application of the lateral load

$$H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$$

$$H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$H = 0 \text{ ft}$$

Considering x-direction:

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-3.988 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.63503 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(49.501 \text{ kipft}) + ((-3.988 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 7.8823 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R} \right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R} \right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,x} = 7.1114 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in x-direction,

Considering z-direction:

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(0.162 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = 0.025796 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.548 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.162 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.087261 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_z^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R} \right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R} \right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,z} = 2.1796 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in z-direction,

Minimum embedded depth required:

$L_{e,req}$ - Depth of pile required,

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$$

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(7.1114 \text{ ft}), (2.1796 \text{ ft})]$$

$$L_{e,req} = 7.111 \text{ ft}$$

L_e - Actual embedded length of pile,

$$L_e = L - h_e - h_2$$

$$L_e = (7.75 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$L_e = 7.75 \text{ ft}$$

Ratio - Embedded depth

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(7.111 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.91755$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.920**

End-bearing Capacity (ASD)

A - Pile cross-section area

$$A = b D$$

$$A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$$

q - End-bearing pressure

$$q = \frac{P_v}{A}$$

$$q = \frac{(6.919 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$$

$$q = 0.43244 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check bearing capacity ratio:

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.43244 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.21622$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.220**

Czerniak

Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):

L/D - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,

$$L/D = \frac{L}{D}$$

$$L/D = \frac{(7.75 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$$

$$L/D = 1.9375$$

Since $L/D \leq 10$,

Pile is short.

Considering x-direction:

$H_o = -0.63503 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 7.8823 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (7.8823 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.63503 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (7.8823 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.63503 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.3565 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (7.8823 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.63503 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(7.75 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (7.8823 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.63503 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.25424 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (7.8823 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.63503 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft}))]}{(7.75 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 1.0832 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(5.3565 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.40174 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.25424 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.40174 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.63286$$

p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 1.1625 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(1.0832 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.1625 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.93177$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.630**

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.930**

Considering z-direction:

$H_o = 0.025796 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 0.087261 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.087261 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.025796 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.087261 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.025796 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.557 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (0.087261 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (0.025796 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(7.75 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (0.087261 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (0.025796 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.01699 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (0.087261 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((0.025796 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft}))]}{(7.75 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.037405 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(5.557 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.41677 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.01699 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.41677 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.040766$$

p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 1.1625 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

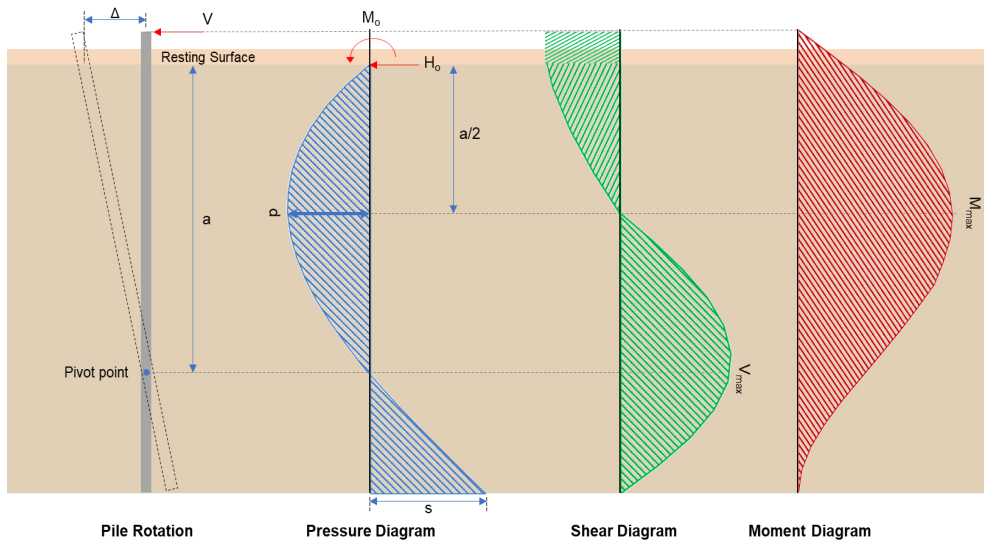
$$Ratio = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.037405 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.1625 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.032177$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.040**

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.030**



Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-6.647 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -1.0584 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(83.469 \text{ kipft}) + ((-6.647 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 13.291 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(13.291 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-1.0584 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 12.557 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (13.291 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-1.0584 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (13.291 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-1.0584 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = \frac{(6 \times (13.291 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-1.0584 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft}))}{(6 \times (13.291 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-1.0584 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.3549 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-1.0584 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (12.557 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.3549 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (12.557 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.3549 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 14.931 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth a/2,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-1.0584 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(12.557 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(5.3549 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.75 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (12.557 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.3549 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (12.557 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.3549 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 54.88 \text{ kipft}$$

Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(0.27 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = 0.042994 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.909 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.27 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.14475 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.14475 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(0.042994 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 3.3667 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.14475 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.042994 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.14475 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.042994 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.5577 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((0.042994 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (3.3667 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.5577 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] \right. \\ \left. + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (3.3667 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.5577 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.24702 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o \ b \ L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) \right. \\ \left. - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((0.042994 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(3.3667 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(5.5577 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.75 \text{ ft})} \right) \right. \\ \left. - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (3.3667 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.5577 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (3.3667 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.5577 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 0.83856 \text{ kipft}$$

Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$ - Concrete strength,

$f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$ - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,

$\phi = 0.65$ - Reduction factor for axial strength,

$\alpha = 0.8$ - Alpha factor for axial strength,

$A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$ - Gross area of concrete,

Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load, $A_{st,required}$

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\left(\frac{10.007 \text{ kip}}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} \right) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -84.264 \text{ in}^2$$

A_{min} - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-84.264 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$$

n_{rebar} - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 14$$

A_{st} - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$$

Table 22.4.2.1

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

| | | |
|---|---|--|
| <p>25.2.3</p> <p>25.7.2.2</p> <p>25.7.2.1</p> | <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = 0.96556$</p> <p>$s_{rebar} = Max[1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$</p> <p>$s_{rebar} = Max[1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$</p> <p>$s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$</p> <p>Ties:</p> <p>Since longitudinal reinforcement is \leq No. 10: Use #3(0.375 in)</p> <p>$s_{ties} = Min[(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), Min(D, b)]$</p> <p>$s_{ties} = Min[(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), Min((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]$</p> <p>$s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$</p> <p>Summary:</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Main reinforcement: 14 - #5 (0.625 in) Ties: #3(0.375 in) - 10 in</p> | <p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.970</p> |
| <p>22.4.2.2</p> | <p>Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p>ϕP_N - Allowable axial compressive strength</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st})]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times [(0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2))]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\phi P_N = 2675.2 \text{ kip}$</p> <p>Ratio - Capacity</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = \frac{(10.007 \text{ kip})}{(2675.2 \text{ kip})}$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = 0.0037407$</p> | <p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000</p> |
| <p>22.5.2.2</p> <p>22.5.5.1.3</p> <p>22.5.5.1.1</p> | <p>Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p>Parameters:</p> <p>$b_w = 48 \text{ in}$ - Effective width, d - Effective depth</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$d = 0.80 D$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$d = 38.4 \text{ in}$</p> <p>λ_s - size effect modification factor</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\lambda_s = MIN \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\lambda_s = MIN \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\lambda_s = 0.64282$</p> <p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,</p> <p>$V_{c,max}$ - Max shear strength of concrete</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$</p> | |

$$V_{c,max} = 296.21 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.1(a) The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $P = 10.007 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 10007 \text{ lbf}$,
 $V_{c,a}$ - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck} + \frac{P}{6 A_g}} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi}) + \frac{(10007 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)}} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 119.82 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{c,b}$ - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck} + (0.05 f'_{ck})} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi}) + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi}))} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 348.89 \text{ kip}$$

V_c - Governing shear strength of concrete

$$V_c = \text{Min}[V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min}[(296.21 \text{ kip}), (119.82 \text{ kip}), (348.89 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 119.82 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{s,a}$ - Shear strength of steel (a)

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{s,a} = 737.28 \text{ kip}$$

A_v - Ties rebar area,

$$A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$$

22.5.8.5.3 $V_{s,b}$ - Shear strength of steel (b)

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yw} d}{s_{ties}}$$

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$$

$$V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$$

V_s - Governing shear strength of steel

$$V_s = \text{MIN}[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$$

$$V_s = \text{MIN}[(737.28 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.1.1 ϕV_n - Allowable shear strength

$$\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$$

$$\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((119.82 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$$

$$\phi V_n = 110.96 \text{ kip}$$

Considering x-direction:

V_{max} = 14.931 kip - Maximum shear force in the x-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(14.931 \text{ kip})}{(110.96 \text{ kip})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.13455$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.130**

Considering z-direction:

$V_{max} = 0.24702 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the z-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.24702 \text{ kip})}{(110.96 \text{ kip})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.0022262$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**

Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)

S_m - Section modulus

$$S_m = \frac{b D^2}{6}$$

$$S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$$

$$S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$$

$\lambda = 1$ - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete),

Allowable flexural strength:

M_n shall be the lesser of:

$\phi M_{n,1}$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{(2.5 \text{ ksi})} \times 18432.001 \text{ in}^3$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 249.600 \text{ kipft}$$

14.5.2.1b

$\phi M_{n,2}$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_c \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (18432 \text{ in}^3)$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = 2121.6 \text{ kipft}$$

Therefore,

ϕM_n - Allowable flexural strength,

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$$

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(249.6 \text{ kipft}), (2121.6 \text{ kipft})]$$

$$\phi M_n = 249.6 \text{ kipft}$$

Considering x-direction:

$M_{max} = 54.88 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the x-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(54.88 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.21987$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.220**

Considering z-direction:

$M_{max} = 0.83856 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the z-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.83856 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.0033596$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**