

# Your Project Calculations



Project Name: SilverBayYMCA-RevA

S3D Model Link:

[https://platform.skyciv.com/structural?preload\\_name=SilverBayYMCA-RevA&preload\\_path=Shared%20Enterprise%20Folder/MT\\_Solar\\_Projects/4\\_2023](https://platform.skyciv.com/structural?preload_name=SilverBayYMCA-RevA&preload_path=Shared%20Enterprise%20Folder/MT_Solar_Projects/4_2023)

Public Model Link:

[https://platform.skyciv.com/structural-viewer?project\\_id=1NGiVnuh00eSNRbhtluOsyOxZQkPIT8ApzgVarLPSicibnbNleArGBoVXkbbzLw](https://platform.skyciv.com/structural-viewer?project_id=1NGiVnuh00eSNRbhtluOsyOxZQkPIT8ApzgVarLPSicibnbNleArGBoVXkbbzLw)

## Array Specification

<b>Product:</b>	Beam
<b>Unique ID:</b>	4P-22.5-10TOP-XD-72-L-5Hx12W-6FBA
<b>Duty Classification:</b>	XD
<b>Module Width:</b>	41.10 in
<b>Module Length:</b>	87.20in
<b>Number of Rows:</b>	5
<b>Number of Columns:</b>	12
<b>Total Number of Modules:</b>	60
<b>Desired Tilt Angle:</b>	46
<b>Front Edge Clearance:</b>	12
<b>Total Array Height at Tilt:</b>	24.39 ft
<b>Total Frame Length:</b>	87.00 ft
<b>Frame Weight:</b>	6134 lbs
<b>Array Dimensions N/S:</b>	17.33 ft
<b>Array Dimensions E/W:</b>	88.20 ft
<b>Rail Length:</b>	208.00 in
<b>Rail Spacing:</b>	3.63 ft
<b>Rail Check:</b>	Not Checked

## Support Specifications

<b>Pole Size:</b>	10in Pipe Sch 40
<b>Pole Length above Grade:</b>	18.23 ft
<b>Number of Poles:</b>	4
<b>Pole Spacing:</b>	22.5 ft

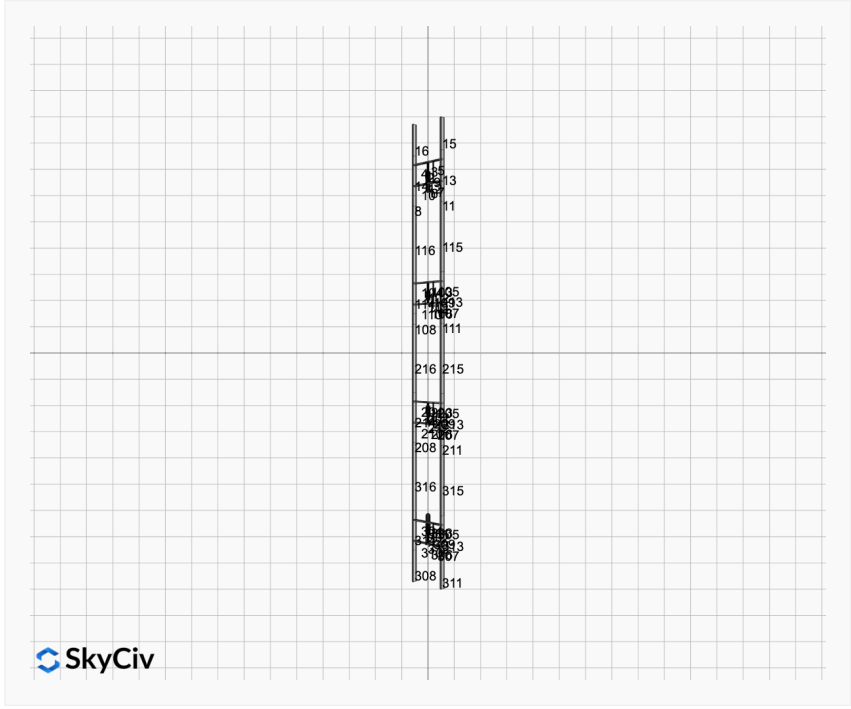
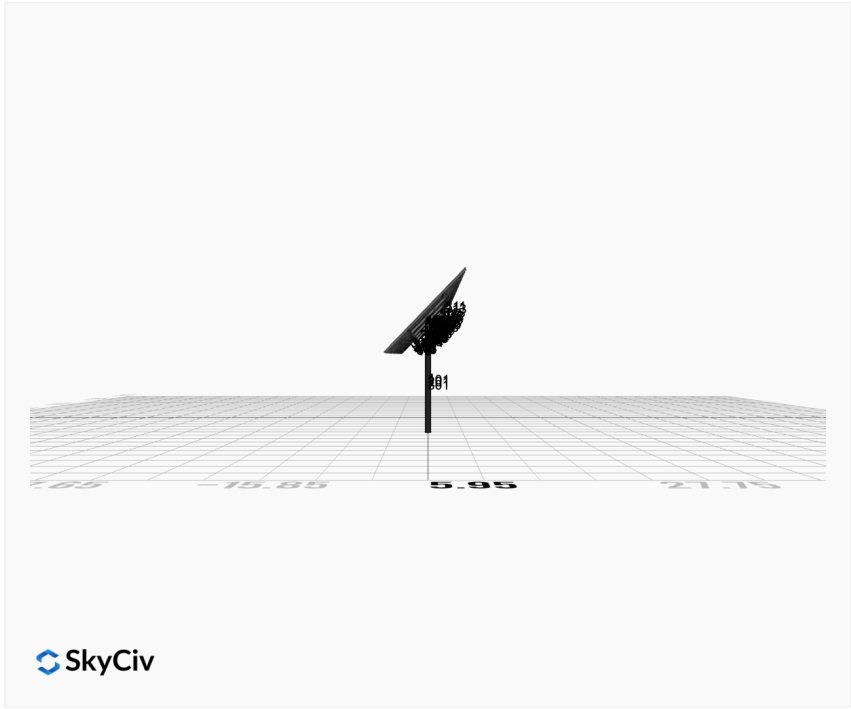
## Foundation Specifications

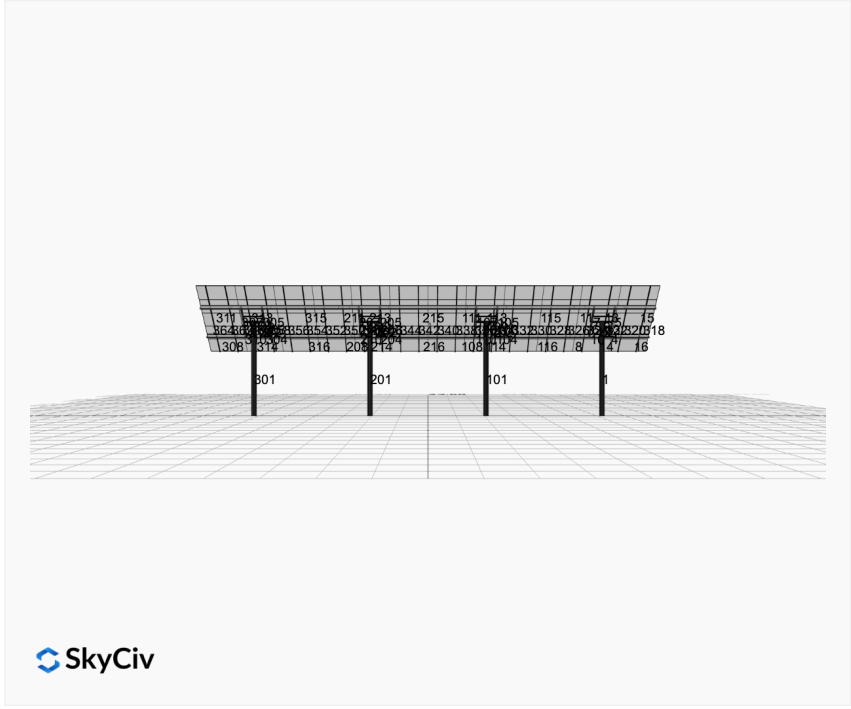
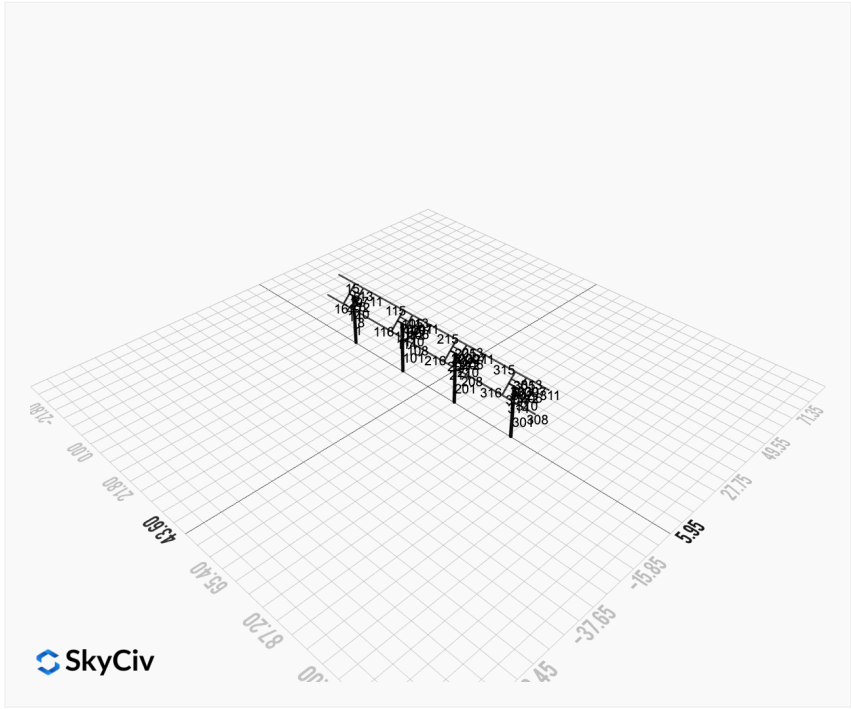
<b>Foundation Type:</b>	Square
<b>Foundation Dimensions:</b>	48 x 48 in
<b>Foundation Depth (below grade):</b>	Pile 1: 7.75 ft Pile 2: 7.75 ft Pile 3: 7.75 ft Pile 4: 7.75 ft
<b>Foundation Volume:</b>	18.370 y <sup>3</sup>
<b>Foundation Result:</b>	PASSED
<b>Mount Twist:</b>	0.274211 kip

## Site Info

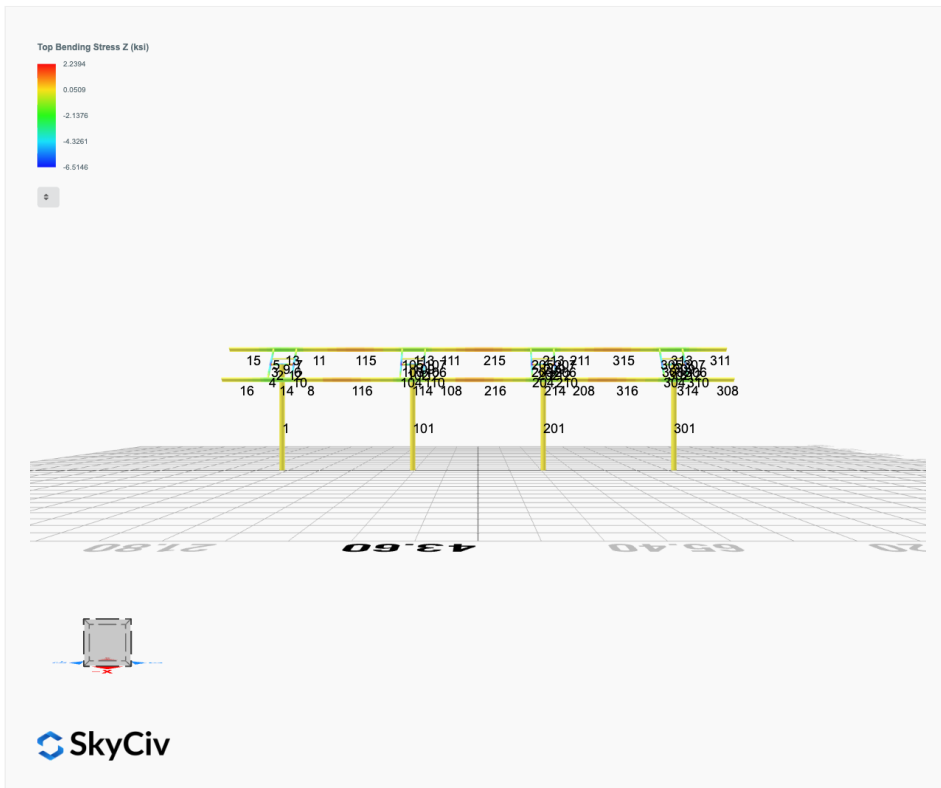
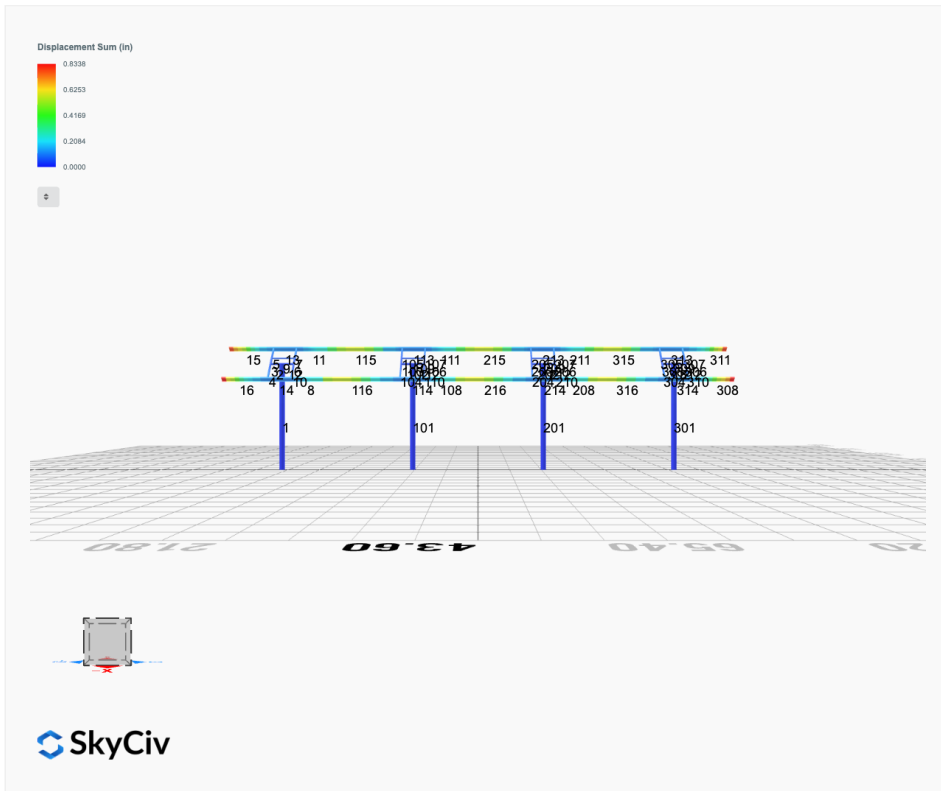
<b>Risk Category:</b>	I
<b>Exposure:</b>	B
<b>Soil Classification:</b>	sand
<b>Site Location:</b>	87 Silver Bay Rd, Silver Bay, NY 12874, USA
<b>Wind Speed:</b>	100 mph
<b>Snow Load:</b>	50 psf
<b>Design Uplift Pressure:</b>	0.014526 ksf
<b>Design Downforce Pressure:</b>	-0.014526 ksf
<b>Design Snow Pressure:</b>	0.013196 ksf

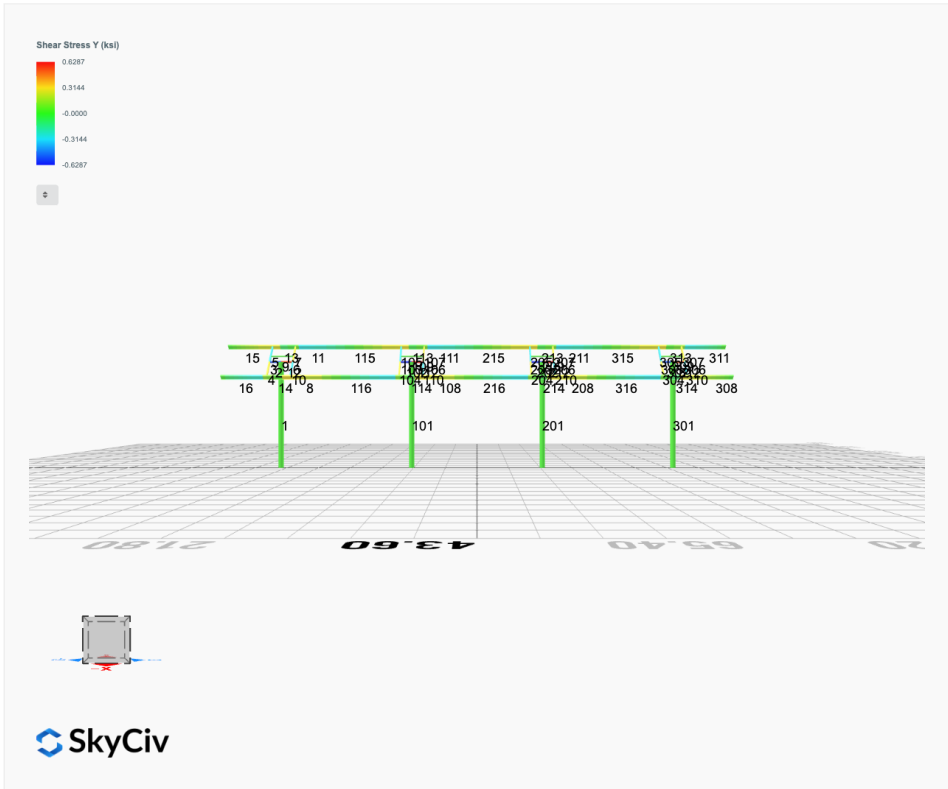
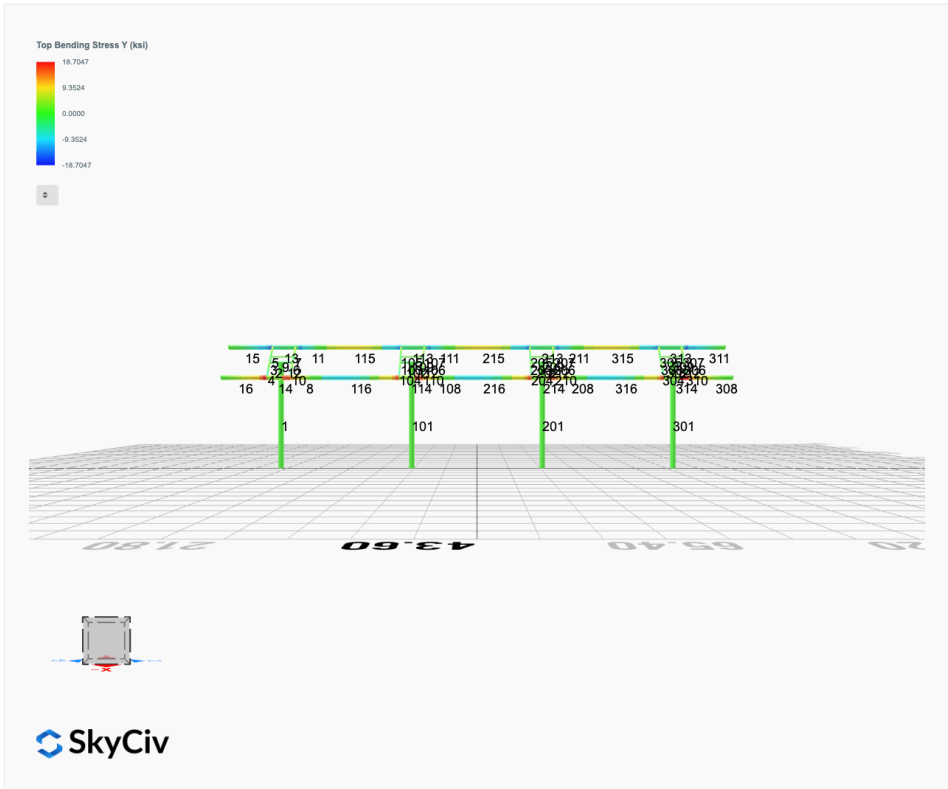


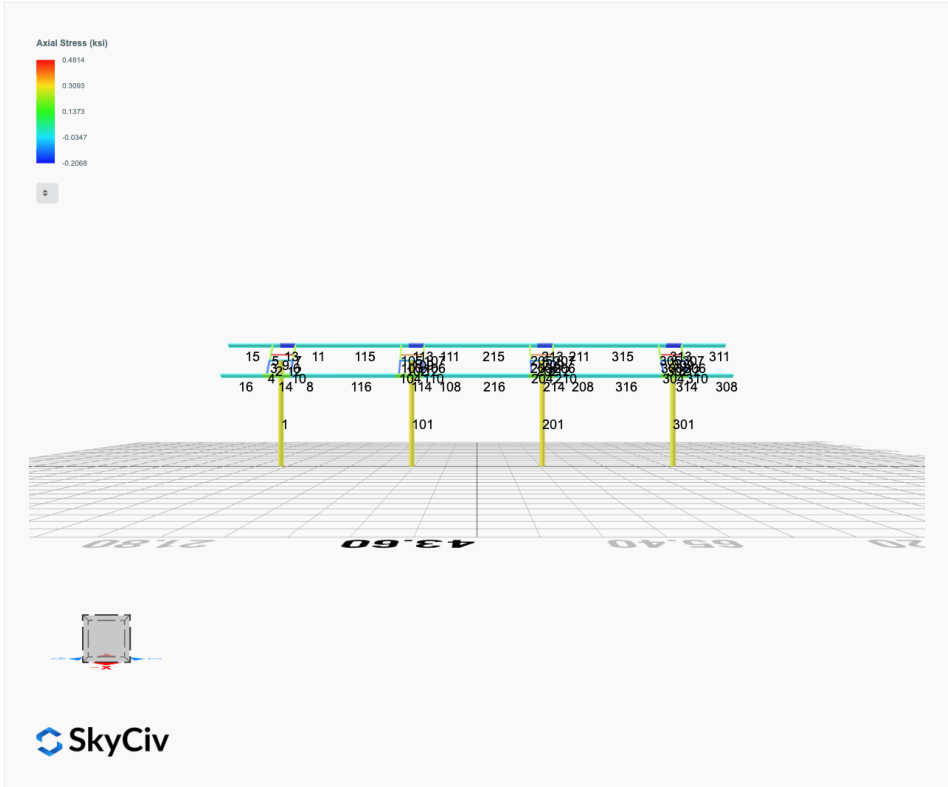




# FEM Results (Envelope Worst Case for each member)







## Reaction Forces for Foundation 1 (Node ID#1), (kip, kip-ft)

### ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	-0.0065	3.1726	-0.0033	-0.0162	0.0675	0.1396
ULS: 2. D + L	-0.0065	3.1726	-0.0033	-0.0162	0.0675	0.1396
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	-0.0165	6.5204	-0.0084	-0.0405	0.1713	0.3267
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	-0.0065	3.1726	-0.0033	-0.0162	0.0675	0.1396
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	-0.0140	5.6834	-0.0071	-0.0344	0.1454	0.2799
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	-0.0065	3.1726	-0.0033	-0.0162	0.0675	0.1396
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	-0.0065	3.1726	-0.0033	-0.0162	0.0675	0.1396
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	-0.0140	5.6834	-0.0071	-0.0344	0.1454	0.2799
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	-0.0039	1.9036	-0.0020	-0.0097	0.0405	0.0838
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.3583	5.4360	-0.0002	0.0013	0.0380	43.6203
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.0065	3.1726	-0.0033	-0.0162	0.0675	0.1396
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	2.3443	0.9097	-0.0059	-0.0302	0.0926	-42.2141
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	-0.0065	3.1726	-0.0033	-0.0162	0.0675	0.1396
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.7778	7.3810	-0.0047	-0.0213	0.1232	32.8904
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.0140	5.6834	-0.0071	-0.0344	0.1454	0.2799
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.7492	3.9863	-0.0090	-0.0449	0.1642	-31.4854
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	-0.0140	5.6834	-0.0071	-0.0344	0.1454	0.2799
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.7703	4.8702	-0.0009	-0.0031	0.0454	32.7501
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.0065	3.1726	-0.0033	-0.0162	0.0675	0.1396
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.7566	1.4755	-0.0053	-0.0267	0.0863	-31.6257
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	-0.0065	3.1726	-0.0033	-0.0162	0.0675	0.1396
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.3557	4.1670	0.0012	0.0078	0.0110	43.5645
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.0039	1.9036	-0.0020	-0.0097	0.0405	0.0838
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	2.3470	-0.3593	-0.0046	-0.0237	0.0656	-42.2699
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	-0.0039	1.9036	-0.0020	-0.0097	0.0405	0.0838

### Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.  
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	11.0502
Shear X	-3.9336
Shear Z	-0.0151
Moment X	-0.0746
Moment Y (Twist)	0.2744
Moment Z	74.2267

### Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.  
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	7.3810
Shear X	-2.3583
Shear Z	-0.0090
Moment X	-0.0449
Moment Y (Twist)	0.1713
Moment Z	43.6203

## Reaction Forces for Foundation 2 (Node ID#101), (kip, kip-ft)

### ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	0.0065	3.3120	0.0007	0.0045	-0.0061	-0.0878
ULS: 2. D + L	0.0065	3.3120	0.0007	0.0045	-0.0061	-0.0878
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0165	6.8758	0.0019	0.0114	-0.0155	-0.2502
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0065	3.3120	0.0007	0.0045	-0.0061	-0.0878
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0140	5.9848	0.0016	0.0097	-0.0131	-0.2096
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0065	3.3120	0.0007	0.0045	-0.0061	-0.0878
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	0.0065	3.3120	0.0007	0.0045	-0.0061	-0.0878

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	0.0140	5.9848	0.0016	0.0097	-0.0131	-0.2096
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	0.0039	1.9872	0.0004	0.0027	-0.0037	-0.0527
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.4343	5.6767	0.0128	0.0726	-0.0930	44.9928
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	0.0065	3.3120	0.0007	0.0045	-0.0061	-0.0878
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	2.4482	0.9468	-0.0110	-0.0612	0.0780	-43.9861
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0065	3.3120	0.0007	0.0045	-0.0061	-0.0878
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.8166	7.7584	0.0107	0.0608	-0.0783	33.6008
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	0.0140	5.9848	0.0016	0.0097	-0.0131	-0.2096
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.8452	4.2109	-0.0072	-0.0396	0.0500	-33.1333
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0140	5.9848	0.0016	0.0097	-0.0131	-0.2096
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.8241	5.0855	0.0098	0.0555	-0.0713	33.7226
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	0.0065	3.3120	0.0007	0.0045	-0.0061	-0.0878
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.8378	1.5381	-0.0080	-0.0448	0.0570	-33.0115
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0065	3.3120	0.0007	0.0045	-0.0061	-0.0878
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.4369	4.3519	0.0126	0.0708	-0.0906	45.0279
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	0.0039	1.9872	0.0004	0.0027	-0.0037	-0.0527
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	2.4456	-0.3780	-0.0113	-0.0630	0.0805	-43.9510
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0039	1.9872	0.0004	0.0027	-0.0037	-0.0527

#### Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.  
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	11.6465
Shear X	-4.0811
Shear Z	0.0221
Moment X	0.1252
Moment Y (Twist)	0.1606
Moment Z	76.5175

#### Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.  
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	7.7584
Shear X	-2.4482
Shear Z	0.0128
Moment X	0.0726
Moment Y (Twist)	0.0930
Moment Z	45.0279

#### Reaction Forces for Foundation 3 (Node ID#201), (kip, kip-ft)

##### ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	0.0065	3.3120	-0.0007	-0.0045	0.0061	-0.0878
ULS: 2. D + L	0.0065	3.3120	-0.0007	-0.0045	0.0061	-0.0878
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0165	6.8758	-0.0019	-0.0114	0.0155	-0.2502
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0065	3.3120	-0.0007	-0.0045	0.0061	-0.0878
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0140	5.9848	-0.0016	-0.0097	0.0131	-0.2096
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0065	3.3120	-0.0007	-0.0045	0.0061	-0.0878
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	0.0065	3.3120	-0.0007	-0.0045	0.0061	-0.0878
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	0.0140	5.9848	-0.0016	-0.0097	0.0131	-0.2096
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	0.0039	1.9872	-0.0004	-0.0027	0.0037	-0.0527
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.4343	5.6767	-0.0129	-0.0725	0.0930	44.9928
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	0.0065	3.3120	-0.0007	-0.0045	0.0061	-0.0878
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	2.4482	0.9468	0.0110	0.0612	-0.0780	-43.9861
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0065	3.3120	-0.0007	-0.0045	0.0061	-0.0878
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.8166	7.7584	-0.0107	-0.0607	0.0783	33.6008
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	0.0140	5.9848	-0.0016	-0.0097	0.0131	-0.2096
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.8452	4.2109	0.0072	0.0396	-0.0500	-33.1333
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0140	5.9848	-0.0016	-0.0097	0.0131	-0.2096

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.8241	5.0855	-0.0098	-0.0555	0.0713	33.7226
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	0.0065	3.3120	-0.0007	-0.0045	0.0061	-0.0878
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.8378	1.5381	0.0080	0.0448	-0.0570	-33.0115
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0065	3.3120	-0.0007	-0.0045	0.0061	-0.0878
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.4369	4.3519	-0.0126	-0.0708	0.0906	45.0279
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	0.0039	1.9872	-0.0004	-0.0027	0.0037	-0.0527
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	2.4456	-0.3780	0.0113	0.0630	-0.0805	-43.9510
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0039	1.9872	-0.0004	-0.0027	0.0037	-0.0527

#### Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.  
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	11.6465
Shear X	-4.0811
Shear Z	-0.0222
Moment X	-0.1253
Moment Y (Twist)	0.1606
Moment Z	76.5178

#### Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.  
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	7.7584
Shear X	-2.4482
Shear Z	-0.0129
Moment X	-0.0725
Moment Y (Twist)	0.0930
Moment Z	45.0279

#### Reaction Forces for Foundation 4 (Node ID#301), (kip, kip-ft)

##### ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	-0.0065	3.1726	0.0033	0.0162	-0.0675	0.1396
ULS: 2. D + L	-0.0065	3.1726	0.0033	0.0162	-0.0675	0.1396
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	-0.0165	6.5204	0.0084	0.0405	-0.1713	0.3267
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	-0.0065	3.1726	0.0033	0.0162	-0.0675	0.1396
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	-0.0140	5.6834	0.0071	0.0344	-0.1454	0.2799
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	-0.0065	3.1726	0.0033	0.0162	-0.0675	0.1396
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	-0.0065	3.1726	0.0033	0.0162	-0.0675	0.1396
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	-0.0140	5.6834	0.0071	0.0344	-0.1454	0.2799
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	-0.0039	1.9036	0.0020	0.0097	-0.0405	0.0838
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.3583	5.4360	0.0002	-0.0013	-0.0380	43.6203
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.0065	3.1726	0.0033	0.0162	-0.0675	0.1396
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	2.3443	0.9097	0.0059	0.0302	-0.0926	-42.2141
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	-0.0065	3.1726	0.0033	0.0162	-0.0675	0.1396
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.7778	7.3810	0.0047	0.0213	-0.1232	32.8904
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.0140	5.6834	0.0071	0.0344	-0.1454	0.2799
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.7492	3.9863	0.0090	0.0449	-0.1642	-31.4854
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	-0.0140	5.6834	0.0071	0.0344	-0.1454	0.2799
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.7703	4.8702	0.0009	0.0031	-0.0454	32.7501
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.0065	3.1726	0.0033	0.0162	-0.0675	0.1396
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.7566	1.4755	0.0053	0.0267	-0.0863	-31.6257
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	-0.0065	3.1726	0.0033	0.0162	-0.0675	0.1396
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.3557	4.1670	-0.0012	-0.0078	-0.0110	43.5645
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.0039	1.9036	0.0020	0.0097	-0.0405	0.0838
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	2.3470	-0.3593	0.0046	0.0237	-0.0656	-42.2699
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	-0.0039	1.9036	0.0020	0.0097	-0.0405	0.0838

#### Worst Case Reactions LRFD

#### Worst Case Reactions ASD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module. Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	11.0502
Shear X	-3.9336
Shear Z	0.0151
Moment X	0.0749
Moment Y (Twist)	0.2742
Moment Z	74.2274

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module. Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	7.3810
Shear X	-2.3583
Shear Z	0.0090
Moment X	0.0449
Moment Y (Twist)	0.1713
Moment Z	43.6203

## Project Details

Design Code: AISC 360-16 LRFD  
 Provision: LRFD  
 Country: United States  
 User Name: sales@mtsolar.us  
 Unit System: imperial



## Design Input Information

Design Factors			
$\Phi_t$	$\Phi_c$	$\Phi_b$	$\Phi_v$
0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9

Design Materials			
ID	E (ksi)	$F_y$ (ksi)	$F_u$ (ksi)
1	29000	50	65

### Section Dimensions



ID	Name	d (in)	$t_w$ (in)				
3	2in Pipe Sch 120	2.38	0.25				
6	4in Pipe Sch 120	4.50	0.44				
11	10in Pipe Sch 40	10.75	0.36				



ID	Name	d (in)	b (in)	$t_w$ (in)	$t_b$ (in)	r (in)	
17	HSS5x3x1/4	5.00	3.00	0.23	0.23	0.23	



ID	Name	d (in)	$t_w$ (in)	$b_t$ (in)	$b_b$ (in)	$t_t$ (in)	$t_b$ (in)	r (in)
20	W10x12	9.87	0.19	3.96	3.96	0.21	0.21	0.30

### Section Properties

ID	Name	A (in <sup>2</sup> )	J (in <sup>4</sup> )	$I_{yp}$ (in <sup>4</sup> )	$I_{zp}$ (in <sup>4</sup> )	$I_w$ (in <sup>6</sup> )	$S_{yp}$ (in <sup>3</sup> )	$S_{zp}$ (in <sup>3</sup> )
3	2in Pipe Sch 120	1.67	1.91	0.96	0.96	0.00	1.13	1.13
6	4in Pipe Sch 120	5.58	23.29	11.64	11.64	0.00	7.24	7.24
11	10in Pipe Sch 40	11.91	321.47	160.73	160.73	0.00	39.38	39.38



108	20	1.33	1.33	2.0 5	2.30,2.30,2.30,2.30,2.30,2.30,2.34,2.30,2.13,2.30,2.35,2.30,2.21,2.30,2.32,2.30,2.26,2.30,2.3 4,2.30,2.11,2.30,2.35,2.30,2.28,2.30	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
109	3	2.60	2.60	4.0 0	-	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
110	17	2.44	2.44	3.7 5	1.68,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.65,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.6 7,1.68,1.63,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
111	20	1.33	1.33	2.0 5	2.28,2.28,2.28,2.28,2.28,2.28,2.34,2.28,2.07,2.28,2.25,2.28,2.11,2.28,2.32,2.28,2.13,2.28,2.3 6,2.28,1.79,2.28,2.20,2.28,2.12,2.28	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
112	6	1.30	1.30	2.0 0	-	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
113	20	4.88	4.00	7.5 0	1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.05,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.04,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.0 3,1.03,1.06,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.04,1.03	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
114	20	4.88	4.00	7.5 0	1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.04,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.04,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.0 3,1.03,1.05,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
115	20	8.42	8.42	12. 95	1.17,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.16,1.17,1.14,1.17,1.16,1.17,1.15,1.17,1.16,1.17,1.20,1.17,1.1 6,1.17,1.14,1.17,1.16,1.17,1.15,1.17	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
116	20	8.42	8.42	12. 95	1.17,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.16,1.17,1.15,1.17,1.16,1.17,1.15,1.17,1.16,1.17,1.18,1.17,1.1 6,1.17,1.15,1.17,1.16,1.17,1.16,1.17	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
201	11	38.2 9	38.2 9	18. 23	-	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
202	6	1.30	1.30	2.0 0	-	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
203	17	0.92	0.92	1.4 2	1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.17,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.1 8,1.19,1.16,1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.19	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
204	17	2.44	2.44	3.7 5	1.68,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.65,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.6 7,1.68,1.63,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
205	17	1.52	1.52	2.3 3	1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.6 7,1.68,1.64,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
206	17	0.92	0.92	1.4 2	1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.17,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.1 8,1.19,1.16,1.19,1.18,1.19,1.17,1.19	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
207	17	1.52	1.52	2.3 3	1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.6 7,1.68,1.64,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
208	20	1.33	1.33	2.0 5	2.28,2.28,2.28,2.28,2.28,2.28,2.31,2.28,2.14,2.28,2.32,2.28,2.37,2.28,2.29,2.28,2.23,2.28,2.3 1,2.28,2.11,2.28,2.32,2.28,2.35,2.28	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
209	3	2.60	2.60	4.0 0	-	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
210	17	2.44	2.44	3.7 5	1.68,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.65,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.6 7,1.68,1.63,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
211	20	1.33	1.33	2.0 5	2.26,2.26,2.26,2.26,2.26,2.26,2.35,2.26,2.00,2.26,2.37,2.26,2.10,2.26,2.30,2.26,2.01,2.26,2.3 4,2.26,1.68,2.26,2.35,2.26,2.12,2.26	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
212	6	1.30	1.30	2.0 0	-	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
213	20	4.88	4.00	7.5 0	1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.05,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.04,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.0 3,1.03,1.06,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.04,1.03	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
214	20	4.88	4.00	7.5 0	1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.04,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.0 3,1.03,1.05,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
215	20	8.42	8.42	12. 95	1.17,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.15,1.17,1.13,1.17,1.15,1.17,1.14,1.17,1.16,1.17,1.19,1.17,1.1 6,1.17,1.12,1.17,1.15,1.17,1.14,1.17	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
216	20	8.42	8.42	12. 95	1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.15,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.15,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.17,1.16,1.1 6,1.16,1.14,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.15,1.16	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
301	11	38.2 9	38.2 9	18. 23	-	3 0 0	2 0 0	1



103	151.65	150.70	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
104	151.65	145.15	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
105	151.65	149.10	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
106	151.65	150.70	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
107	151.65	149.10	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
108	159.30	142.47	46.90	6.46	56.26	44.91
109	75.10	66.32	4.25	4.25	22.53	22.53
110	151.65	145.15	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
111	159.30	142.47	46.90	6.46	56.26	44.91
112	251.01	248.88	27.16	27.16	75.30	75.30
113	159.30	116.35	31.48	6.46	56.26	44.91
114	159.30	116.35	31.48	6.46	56.26	44.91
115	159.30	48.27	15.14	6.46	56.26	44.91
116	159.30	48.27	15.28	6.46	56.26	44.91
201	535.87	171.98	147.68	147.68	160.76	160.76
202	251.01	248.88	27.16	27.16	75.30	75.30
203	151.65	150.70	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
204	151.65	145.15	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
205	151.65	149.10	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
206	151.65	150.70	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
207	151.65	149.10	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
208	159.30	142.47	46.90	6.46	56.26	44.91
209	75.10	66.32	4.25	4.25	22.53	22.53
210	151.65	145.15	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
211	159.30	142.47	46.90	6.46	56.26	44.91
212	251.01	248.88	27.16	27.16	75.30	75.30
213	159.30	116.35	31.48	6.46	56.26	44.91
214	159.30	116.35	31.48	6.46	56.26	44.91
215	159.30	48.27	14.88	6.46	56.26	44.91
216	159.30	48.27	15.14	6.46	56.26	44.91
301	535.87	171.98	147.68	147.68	160.76	160.76
302	251.01	248.88	27.16	27.16	75.30	75.30
303	151.65	150.70	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
304	151.65	145.15	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
305	151.65	149.10	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
306	151.65	150.70	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
307	151.65	149.10	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
308	159.30	21.54	46.90	6.46	56.26	44.91
309	75.10	66.32	4.25	4.25	22.53	22.53
310	151.65	145.15	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
311	159.30	21.54	46.90	6.46	56.26	44.91
312	251.01	248.88	27.16	27.16	75.30	75.30
313	159.30	116.35	31.78	6.46	56.26	44.91
314	159.30	116.35	32.09	6.46	56.26	44.91
315	159.30	48.27	15.67	6.46	56.26	44.91
316	159.30	48.27	15.81	6.46	56.26	44.91

## Design Ratio

Member ID	P	M <sub>z</sub>	M <sub>y</sub>	V <sub>y</sub>	V <sub>z</sub>	(P,M <sub>z</sub> ,M <sub>y</sub> )	Worst LC	KL/r	φ	Status
1	0.064	0.503	0.001	0.024	0.000	0.530	#13	0.625	Not Required	Pass
2	0.006	0.285	0.155	0.067	0.026	0.403	#21	0.036	Not Required	Pass
3	0.010	0.399	0.053	0.040	0.005	0.440	#21	0.046	Not Required	Pass
4	0.000	0.300	0.333	0.040	0.046	0.535	#21	0.033	Not Required	Pass

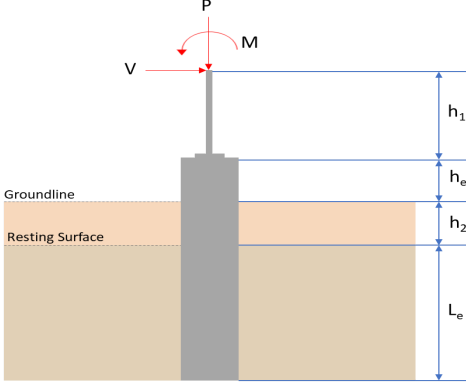
4	0.009	0.247	0.231	0.039	0.060	0.304	#21	0.076	Not Required	Pass
5	0.010	0.400	0.057	0.040	0.004	0.438	#21	0.046	Not Required	Pass
6	0.010	0.248	0.228	0.039	0.061	0.308	#21	0.076	Not Required	Pass
7	0.000	0.047	0.276	0.027	0.023	0.316	#21	0.102	Not Required	Pass
8	0.028	0.030	0.042	0.001	0.000	0.080	#21	0.206	Not Required	Pass
9	0.010	0.395	0.220	0.039	0.047	0.526	#21	0.082	Not Required	Pass
10	0.000	0.048	0.280	0.027	0.023	0.320	#21	0.102	Not Required	Pass
11	0.006	0.281	0.152	0.068	0.027	0.400	#13	0.036	Not Required	Pass
12	0.011	0.191	0.631	0.034	0.028	0.810	#21	0.306	Not Required	Pass
13	0.011	0.192	0.631	0.033	0.028	0.810	#21	0.204	Not Required	Pass
14	0.000	0.076	0.378	0.021	0.018	0.453	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
15	0.000	0.076	0.378	0.021	0.018	0.453	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
16	0.068	0.518	0.002	0.025	0.000	0.547	#13	0.625	Not Required	Pass
101	0.005	0.295	0.154	0.071	0.027	0.408	#21	0.036	Not Required	Pass
102	0.010	0.411	0.052	0.041	0.001	0.467	#21	0.046	Not Required	Pass
103	0.010	0.411	0.212	0.041	0.045	0.544	#21	0.082	Not Required	Pass
104	0.010	0.255	0.219	0.040	0.057	0.313	#21	0.076	Not Required	Pass
105	0.010	0.423	0.053	0.042	0.002	0.473	#21	0.046	Not Required	Pass
106	0.010	0.262	0.219	0.042	0.057	0.317	#21	0.076	Not Required	Pass
107	0.000	0.033	0.272	0.026	0.023	0.305	#21	0.102	Not Required	Pass
108	0.025	0.029	0.041	0.001	0.000	0.077	#21	0.206	Not Required	Pass
109	0.010	0.421	0.211	0.042	0.045	0.547	#21	0.082	Not Required	Pass
110	0.000	0.032	0.275	0.026	0.023	0.308	#21	0.102	Not Required	Pass
111	0.005	0.302	0.160	0.072	0.028	0.424	#13	0.036	Not Required	Pass
112	0.010	0.152	0.584	0.033	0.028	0.723	#21	0.306	Not Required	Pass
113	0.011	0.155	0.581	0.033	0.028	0.721	#21	0.306	Not Required	Pass
114	0.000	0.237	0.313	0.025	0.023	0.544	#21	0.644	Not Required	Pass
115	0.000	0.234	0.316	0.026	0.023	0.547	#21	0.644	Not Required	Pass
116	0.068	0.518	0.002	0.025	0.000	0.547	#13	0.625	Not Required	Pass
201	0.005	0.302	0.160	0.072	0.028	0.424	#13	0.036	Not Required	Pass
202	0.010	0.423	0.053	0.042	0.002	0.473	#21	0.046	Not Required	Pass
203	0.010	0.421	0.211	0.042	0.045	0.547	#21	0.082	Not Required	Pass
204	0.010	0.262	0.219	0.042	0.057	0.317	#21	0.076	Not Required	Pass
205	0.010	0.411	0.052	0.041	0.001	0.467	#21	0.046	Not Required	Pass
206	0.010	0.255	0.219	0.040	0.057	0.313	#21	0.076	Not Required	Pass
207	0.000	0.034	0.273	0.026	0.023	0.307	#21	0.102	Not Required	Pass
208	0.025	0.029	0.041	0.001	0.000	0.076	#21	0.206	Not Required	Pass
209	0.010	0.411	0.212	0.041	0.045	0.544	#21	0.082	Not Required	Pass
210	0.000	0.033	0.276	0.025	0.023	0.309	#21	0.102	Not Required	Pass
211	0.005	0.295	0.154	0.071	0.027	0.408	#21	0.036	Not Required	Pass
212	0.010	0.152	0.584	0.033	0.028	0.723	#21	0.306	Not Required	Pass
213	0.011	0.155	0.581	0.033	0.028	0.721	#21	0.306	Not Required	Pass
214	0.001	0.266	0.313	0.026	0.023	0.567	#21	0.644	Not Required	Pass
215	0.001	0.262	0.316	0.026	0.023	0.570	#21	0.644	Not Required	Pass
216	0.064	0.503	0.001	0.024	0.000	0.530	#13	0.625	Not Required	Pass
301	0.006	0.281	0.152	0.068	0.027	0.400	#13	0.036	Not Required	Pass
302	0.010	0.400	0.057	0.040	0.004	0.438	#21	0.046	Not Required	Pass
303	0.010	0.395	0.220	0.039	0.047	0.526	#21	0.082	Not Required	Pass
304	0.010	0.248	0.228	0.039	0.061	0.308	#21	0.076	Not Required	Pass
305	0.010	0.399	0.053	0.040	0.005	0.440	#21	0.046	Not Required	Pass
306	0.009	0.247	0.231	0.039	0.060	0.304	#21	0.076	Not Required	Pass
307	0.000	0.076	0.378	0.021	0.018	0.453	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
308	0.028	0.030	0.042	0.001	0.000	0.080	#21	0.206	Not Required	Pass
309										

310	0.009	0.398	0.222	0.040	0.046	0.525	#21	0.082	Not Required	Pass
311	0.000	0.076	0.378	0.021	0.018	0.453	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
312	0.006	0.285	0.155	0.067	0.026	0.403	#21	0.036	Not Required	Pass
313	0.011	0.191	0.631	0.034	0.028	0.810	#21	0.204	Not Required	Pass
314	0.011	0.192	0.631	0.033	0.028	0.810	#21	0.306	Not Required	Pass
315	0.000	0.235	0.313	0.027	0.023	0.539	#21	0.644	Not Required	Pass
316	0.000	0.234	0.316	0.027	0.023	0.542	#21	0.644	Not Required	Pass

## Definitions

$\Phi_t$	Safety factor for tensile
$\Phi_c$	Safety factor for compression
$\Phi_b$	Safety factor for flexure
$\Phi_v$	Safety factor for shear
E	Modulus of elasticity
$F_y$	Specified minimum yield stress
$F_u$	Specified minimum tensile strength
A	Cross-sectional area
J	Torsional constant
$I_{yp}$	Moment of inertia about the Y axes
$I_{zp}$	Moment of inertia about the Z axes
$I_w$	Warping constant
$S_{yp}$	Plastic section modulus about the Y axis
$S_{zp}$	Plastic section modulus about the Z axis
KL	Effective length
$C_b$	Buckling modification factor (from all load combinations)
$L_b$	Length between braced points
LST	Limited slenderness for tension
LSC	Limited slenderness for compression
LD	Limited deflection
$P_n$	Nominal axial strength (tension/compression)
$M_n$	Nominal flexural strength (about Z/Y axis)
$V_n$	Nominal shear strength (along Z/Y axis)
P	Design ratio in case of axial force
$M_z$	Design ratio in case of bending about Z axis
$M_y$	Design ratio in case of bending about Y axis
$V_y$	Design ratio in case of shear along Y axis
$V_z$	Design ratio in case of shear along Z axis
(P, $M_z$ , $M_y$ )	Design ratio in case of axial force and bending action
KL/r	Design ratio in case of section slenderness
$\delta$	Design ratio in case of member deflection
OK	Capacity is provided
NG	Capacity is not provided



REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS																										
	<p><b>SkyCiv Foundation Design</b> Pile Foundation</p> <p><b>Design Information :</b> Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code) Unit System : Imperial</p>																											
	<p><b>Pile Input</b></p>  <p><b>Geometry</b> Pile shape: rectangular <math>b = 48</math> in - Pile width <math>D = 48</math> in - Pile depth <math>L = 7.75</math> ft - Total pile length <math>h_1 = 0</math> ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile, <math>h_2 = 0</math> ft - Depth to resting surface <math>h_e = 0</math> ft - Length of pile above the ground</p> <p><b>Tabulation of Soil Parameters</b></p> <table border="1" data-bbox="416 1102 1193 1191"> <thead> <tr> <th>Layer</th> <th>Label</th> <th>Allowable Bearing Pressure (<math>q_a</math>) (psf)</th> <th>Allowable Lateral Pressure (<math>R</math>) (psf/ft)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel &amp; clayey gravel</td> <td>2000.000</td> <td>150.000</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><b>Tabulation of Loads</b></p> <table border="1" data-bbox="676 1288 933 1458"> <thead> <tr> <th>Load Component</th> <th>ASD</th> <th>LRFD</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><math>P</math> (kip)</td> <td>7.381</td> <td>11.050</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>V_x</math> (kip)</td> <td>-2.358</td> <td>-3.934</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>V_z</math> (kip)</td> <td>-0.009</td> <td>-0.015</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>M_x</math> (kipft)</td> <td>-0.045</td> <td>-0.075</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>M_z</math> (kipft)</td> <td>43.620</td> <td>74.227</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><b>Material Properties</b> <math>f'_{ck} = 3</math> ksi - Concrete strength,</p>	Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure ( $q_a$ ) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure ( $R$ ) (psf/ft)	1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000	Load Component	ASD	LRFD	$P$ (kip)	7.381	11.050	$V_x$ (kip)	-2.358	-3.934	$V_z$ (kip)	-0.009	-0.015	$M_x$ (kipft)	-0.045	-0.075	$M_z$ (kipft)	43.620	74.227	
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	<p><b>Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD)</b> <math>H</math> - Point of application of the lateral load</p> $H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$ $H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$ $H = 0 \text{ ft}$ <p><b>Considering x-direction:</b> <math>H_o</math> - Lateral force per length of pile,</p> $H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$ $H_o = \frac{(-2.358 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $H_o = -0.37548 \text{ kip/ft}$ <p><math>M_o</math> - Moment per length of pile,</p> $M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$																											

$$M_o = \frac{(43.62 \text{ kipft}) + ((-2.358 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 6.9459 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,x} = 7.312 \text{ ft}$  - Required depth in x-direction,

**Considering z-direction:**

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.009 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.0014331 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.045 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.009 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.0071656 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_z^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,z} = 0.79648 \text{ ft}$  - Required depth in z-direction,

**Minimum embedded depth required:**

$L_{e,req}$  - Depth of pile required,

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$$

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(7.312 \text{ ft}), (0.79648 \text{ ft})]$$

$$L_{e,req} = 7.312 \text{ ft}$$

$L_e$  - Actual embedded length of pile,

$$L_e = L - h_e - h_2$$

$$L_e = (7.75 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$L_e = 7.75 \text{ ft}$$

**Ratio** - Embedded depth

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(7.312 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.94348$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.940**

**End-bearing Capacity (ASD)**

A - Pile cross-section area

$$A = b D$$

$$A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$$

q - End-bearing pressure

$$q = \frac{P_c}{A}$$

$$q = \frac{(7.381 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$$

$$q = 0.46131 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$$q = 0.46131 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

**Check bearing capacity ratio:**

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.46131 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.23066$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.230**

Czerniak

**Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):**

$L/D$  - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,

$$L/D = \frac{L}{D}$$

$$L/D = \frac{(7.75 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$$

$$L/D = 1.9375$$

Since  $L/D \leq 10$ ,

Pile is short.

**Considering x-direction:**

$H_o = -0.37548 \text{ kip/ft}$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 6.9459 \text{ kipft/ft}$  - Overturning moment per length of pile,

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (6.9459 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.37548 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (6.9459 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.37548 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.3077 \text{ ft}$$

$p$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $a/2$  from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (6.9459 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.37548 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(7.75 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (6.9459 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.37548 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.30186 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$s$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $L_e$ ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (6.9459 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.37548 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft}))]}{(7.75 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 1.097 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

**Check lateral soil pressure capacity:**

$p_a$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(5.3077 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.39807 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.30186 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.39807 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.7583$$

$p_a$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $L_e$ ,

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.760**

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 1.1625 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(1.097 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.1625 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.94369$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.940**

**Considering z-direction:**

$H_o = -0.0014331 \text{ kip/ft}$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 0.0071656 \text{ kipft/ft}$  - Overturning moment per length of pile,

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.0071656 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.0014331 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.0071656 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.0014331 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.4949 \text{ ft}$$

$p$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $a/2$  from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (0.0071656 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.0014331 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(7.75 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (0.0071656 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.0014331 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = -0.00037804 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$s$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $L_e$ ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (0.0071656 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.0014331 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft}))]}{(7.75 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.00032212 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

**Check lateral soil pressure capacity:**

$p_a$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(5.4949 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.41212 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(-0.00037804 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.41212 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = -0.00091731$$

$p_s$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $L_e$ ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 1.1625 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

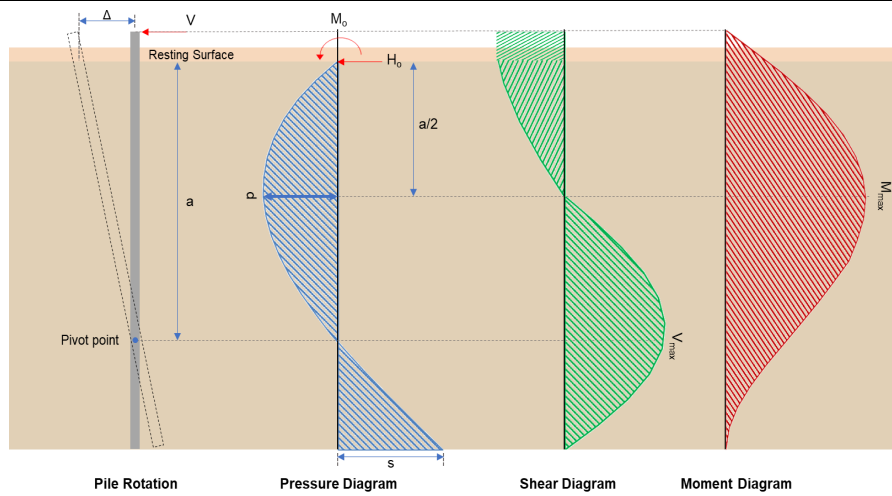
$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.000**

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.00032212 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.1625 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.00027709$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.000**



#### Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-3.934 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.62643 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(74.227 \text{ kipft}) + ((-3.934 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 11.82 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

$E$  - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(11.82 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.62643 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 18.868 \text{ ft}$$

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_c) + (3 H_o L_c^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_c)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (11.82 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.62643 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (11.82 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.62643 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.3055 \text{ ft}$$

$V_{max}$  - Max shear force located at depth  $a$ ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \left( \frac{4 E}{L_c} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_c} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \left( \frac{3 E}{L_c} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_c} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.62643 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \times \left( \frac{4 \times (18.868 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.3055 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \times \left( \frac{3 \times (18.868 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.3055 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 12.453 \text{ kip}$$

$M_{max}$  - Max bending moment located at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[ \left( \frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.62643 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})) \times \left[ \left( \frac{(18.868 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(5.3055 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.75 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 \times (18.868 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.3055 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 \times (18.868 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.3055 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 46.485 \text{ kipft}$$

### Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.015 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.0023885 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.075 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.015 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.011943 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

$E$  - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.011943 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.0023885 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 5 \text{ ft}$$

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.011943 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.0023885 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.011943 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.0023885 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.4949 \text{ ft}$$

$V_{max}$  - Max shear force located at depth  $a$ ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \left( \frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \left( \frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.0023885 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \times \left( \frac{4 \times (5 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.4949 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \times \left( \frac{3 \times (5 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.4949 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.017249 \text{ kip}$$

$M_{max}$  - Max bending moment located at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$M_{max} = (H_o b L_e) \left[ \left( \frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.0023885 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})) \times \left[ \left( \frac{(5 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(5.4949 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.75 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 \times (5 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.4949 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 \times (5 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.4949 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 0.060213 \text{ kipft}$$

### Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

#### Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi}$  - Concrete strength,  
 $f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$  - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,  
 $\phi = 0.65$  - Reduction factor for axial strength,  
 $\alpha = 0.8$  - Alpha factor for axial strength,  
 $A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$  - Gross area of concrete,

Table 22.4.2.1

#### Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load,  $A_{st,required}$

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[ \frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[ \frac{\frac{(11.05 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (3 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (3 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -101.9 \text{ in}^2$$

$A_{min}$  - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-101.9 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$$

$n_{rebar}$  - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 14$$

$A_{st}$  - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.96556$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.970**

25.2.3

$s_{rebar}$  - Minimum spacing of reinforcement,

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$$

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$$

#### Ties:

25.7.2.2

Since longitudinal reinforcement is  $\leq$  No. 10: Use #3(0.375 in)

25.7.2.1

$s_{ties}$  - Maximum spacing of ties,

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), \text{Min} (D, b)]$$

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), \text{Min} ((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$$

#### Summary:

Main reinforcement: **14 - #5 (0.625 in)**

Ties: #3(0.375 in) - 10 in

**Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)**

22.4.2.2

$\phi P_N$  - Allowable axial compressive strength

$$\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st})]$$

$$\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times [(0.85 \times (3 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$\phi P_N = 3183.4 \text{ kip}$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(11.05 \text{ kip})}{(3183.4 \text{ kip})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.0034711$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.000**

**Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)**

**Parameters:**

22.5.2.2

$b_w = 48 \text{ in}$  - Effective width,  
 $d$  - Effective depth

$$d = 0.80 D$$

$$d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$d = 38.4 \text{ in}$$

22.5.5.1.3

$\lambda_s$  - size effect modification factor

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[ \sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[ \sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = 0.64282$$

22.5.5.1.1

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$ ,  
 $V_{c,max}$  - Max shear strength of concrete

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,max} = 324.49 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.1(a)

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$ ,  $P = 11.05 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 11050 \text{ lbf}$ ,  
 $V_{c,a}$  - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[ 2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + \frac{P}{6 A_g} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[ 2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} + \frac{(11050 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 131.27 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$ ,  
 $V_{c,b}$  - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[ 2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + (0.05 f'_{ck}) \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[ 2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} + (0.05 \times (3000 \text{ psi})) \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 406.27 \text{ kip}$$

$V_c$  - Governing shear strength of concrete

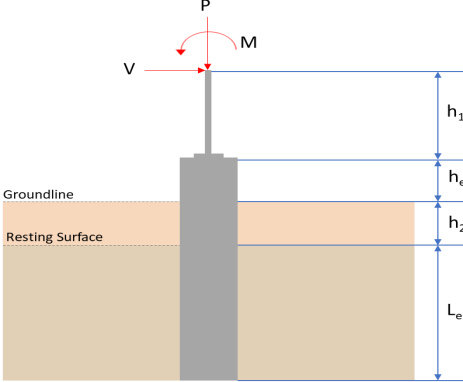
$$V_c = \text{Min}[V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min}[(324.49 \text{ kip}), (131.27 \text{ kip}), (406.27 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 131.27 \text{ kip}$$

<p>22.5.1.2</p>	<p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula <math>f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}</math>,  <math>V_{s,a}</math> - Shear strength of steel (a)</p> $V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ $V_{s,a} = 807.65 \text{ kip}$ <p><math>A_v</math> - Ties rebar area,</p> $A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$ $A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$ $A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$ <p>22.5.8.5.3 <math>V_{s,b}</math> - Shear strength of steel (b)</p> $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yt} d}{s_{ties}}$ $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$ $V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p><math>V_s</math> - Governing shear strength of steel</p> $V_s = \text{MIN}[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$ $V_s = \text{MIN}[(807.65 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$ $V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p>22.5.1.1 <math>\phi V_n</math> - Allowable shear strength</p> $\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$ $\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((131.27 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$ $\phi V_n = 118.4 \text{ kip}$ <p><b>Considering x-direction:</b></p> <p><math>V_{max} = 12.453 \text{ kip}</math> - Maximum shear force in the x-direction,  Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(12.453 \text{ kip})}{(118.4 \text{ kip})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.10517$ <p><b>Considering z-direction:</b></p> <p><math>V_{max} = 0.017249 \text{ kip}</math> - Maximum shear force in the z-direction,  Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.017249 \text{ kip})}{(118.4 \text{ kip})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.00014568$	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b>  Ratio: <b>0.110</b></p> <p>Status: <b>PASS</b>  Ratio: <b>0.000</b></p>
	<p><b>Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</b></p> <p><math>S_m</math> - Section modulus</p> $S_m = \frac{b D^2}{6}$ $S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$ $S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$	

<p>14.5.2.1b</p>	<p><math>\lambda = 1</math> - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete),  Allowable flexural strength:  <math>M_n</math> shall be the lesser of:  <math>\phi M_{n,1}</math></p> $\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{3\text{ksi}} \times 18432.001\text{in}^3$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 273.423\text{kipft}$ <p><math>\phi M_{n,2}</math></p> $\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_c \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (3\text{ksi}) \times (18432\text{in}^3)$ $\phi M_{n,2} = 2545.9\text{kipft}$ <p>Therefore,  <math>\phi M_n</math> - Allowable flexural strength,</p> $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$ $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(273.42\text{kipft}), (2545.9\text{kipft})]$ $\phi M_n = 273.42\text{kipft}$ <p><b>Considering x-direction:</b>  <math>M_{max} = 46.485\text{kipft}</math> - Maximum moment in the x-direction,  Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(46.485\text{kipft})}{(273.42\text{kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.17001$	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b>  Ratio: <b>0.170</b></p>
	<p><b>Considering z-direction:</b>  <math>M_{max} = 0.060213\text{kipft}</math> - Maximum moment in the z-direction,  Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.060213\text{kipft})}{(273.42\text{kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.00022022$	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b>  Ratio: <b>0.000</b></p>

REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS																										
	<p><b>SkyCiv Foundation Design</b> Pile Foundation</p> <p><b>Design Information :</b> Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code) Unit System : Imperial</p>																											
	<p><b>Pile Input</b></p>  <p><b>Geometry</b> Pile shape: rectangular <math>b = 48</math> in - Pile width <math>D = 48</math> in - Pile depth <math>L = 7.75</math> ft - Total pile length <math>h_1 = 0</math> ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile, <math>h_2 = 0</math> ft - Depth to resting surface <math>h_e = 0</math> ft - Length of pile above the ground</p> <p><b>Tabulation of Soil Parameters</b></p> <table border="1" data-bbox="416 1102 1193 1191"> <thead> <tr> <th>Layer</th> <th>Label</th> <th>Allowable Bearing Pressure (<math>q_a</math>) (psf)</th> <th>Allowable Lateral Pressure (<math>R</math>) (psf/ft)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel &amp; clayey gravel</td> <td>2000.000</td> <td>150.000</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><b>Tabulation of Loads</b></p> <table border="1" data-bbox="676 1288 933 1458"> <thead> <tr> <th>Load Component</th> <th>ASD</th> <th>LRFD</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><math>P</math> (kip)</td> <td>7.758</td> <td>11.647</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>V_x</math> (kip)</td> <td>-2.448</td> <td>-4.081</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>V_z</math> (kip)</td> <td>0.013</td> <td>0.022</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>M_x</math> (kipft)</td> <td>0.073</td> <td>0.125</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>M_z</math> (kipft)</td> <td>45.028</td> <td>76.518</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><b>Material Properties</b> <math>f'_{ck} = 3</math> ksi - Concrete strength,</p>	Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure ( $q_a$ ) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure ( $R$ ) (psf/ft)	1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000	Load Component	ASD	LRFD	$P$ (kip)	7.758	11.647	$V_x$ (kip)	-2.448	-4.081	$V_z$ (kip)	0.013	0.022	$M_x$ (kipft)	0.073	0.125	$M_z$ (kipft)	45.028	76.518	
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	<p><b>Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD)</b> <math>H</math> - Point of application of the lateral load</p> $H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$ $H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$ $H = 0 \text{ ft}$ <p><b>Considering x-direction:</b> <math>H_o</math> - Lateral force per length of pile,</p> $H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$ $H_o = \frac{(-2.448 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $H_o = -0.38981 \text{ kip/ft}$ <p><math>M_o</math> - Moment per length of pile,</p> $M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$																											

$$M_o = \frac{(45.028 \text{ kipft}) + ((-2.448 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 7.1701 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,x} = 7.3749 \text{ ft}$  - Required depth in x-direction,

**Considering z-direction:**

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(0.013 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = 0.0020701 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.073 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.013 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.011624 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_z^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,z} = 1.0184 \text{ ft}$  - Required depth in z-direction,

**Minimum embedded depth required:**

$L_{e,req}$  - Depth of pile required,

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$$

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(7.3749 \text{ ft}), (1.0184 \text{ ft})]$$

$$L_{e,req} = 7.375 \text{ ft}$$

$L_e$  - Actual embedded length of pile,

$$L_e = L - h_e - h_2$$

$$L_e = (7.75 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$L_e = 7.75 \text{ ft}$$

**Ratio** - Embedded depth

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(7.375 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.95161$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.950**

**End-bearing Capacity (ASD)**

A - Pile cross-section area

$$A = b D$$

$$A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$$

q - End-bearing pressure

$$q = \frac{P_c}{A}$$

$$q = \frac{(7.758 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$$

$$q = 0.484875 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$$q = 0.40400 \text{ kip/ft}$$

**Check bearing capacity ratio:**

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.48488 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.24244$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.240**

Czerniak

**Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):**

$L/D$  - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,

$$L/D = \frac{L}{D}$$

$$L/D = \frac{(7.75 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$$

$$L/D = 1.9375$$

Since  $L/D \leq 10$ ,

Pile is short.

**Considering x-direction:**

$H_o = -0.38981 \text{ kip/ft}$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 7.1701 \text{ kipft/ft}$  - Overturning moment per length of pile,

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (7.1701 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.38981 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (7.1701 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.38981 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.3083 \text{ ft}$$

$p$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $a/2$  from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (7.1701 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.38981 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(7.75 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (7.1701 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.38981 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.31067 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$s$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $L_e$ ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (7.1701 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.38981 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft}))]}{(7.75 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 1.1307 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

**Check lateral soil pressure capacity:**

$p_a$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(5.3083 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.39812 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.31067 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.39812 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.78033$$

$p_a$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $L_e$ ,

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.780**

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 1.1625 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(1.1307 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.1625 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.97267$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.970**

**Considering z-direction:**

$H_o = 0.0020701 \text{ kip/ft}$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 0.011624 \text{ kipft/ft}$  - Overturning moment per length of pile,

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.011624 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.0020701 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.011624 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.0020701 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.4761 \text{ ft}$$

$p$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $a/2$  from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (0.011624 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (0.0020701 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(7.75 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (0.011624 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (0.0020701 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.0016698 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$s$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $L_e$ ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (0.011624 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((0.0020701 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft}))]}{(7.75 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.0039251 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

**Check lateral soil pressure capacity:**

$p_a$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(5.4761 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.41071 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.0016698 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.41071 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.0040657$$

$p_s$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $L_e$ ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 1.1625 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

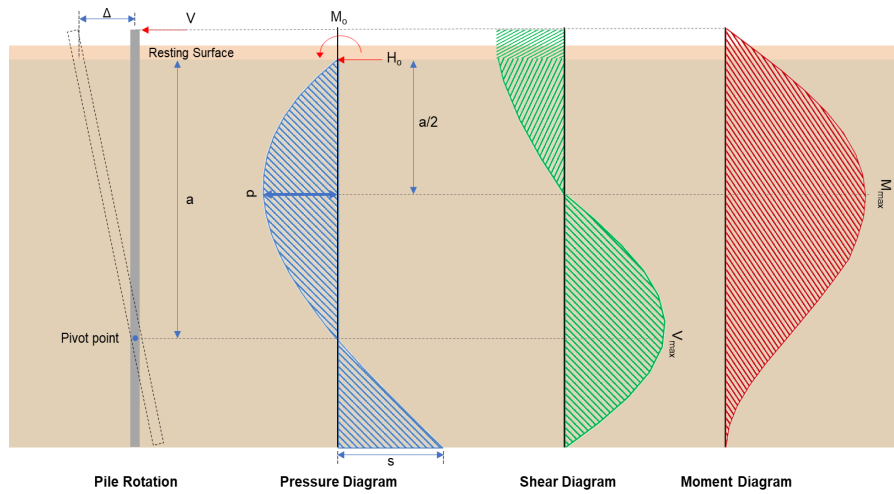
$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.000**

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.0039251 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.1625 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.0033764$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.000**



### Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_e}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-4.081 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.64984 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(76.518 \text{ kipft}) + ((-4.081 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 12.184 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

$E$  - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(12.184 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.64984 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 18.75 \text{ ft}$$

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (12.184 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.64984 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (12.184 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.64984 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.3062 \text{ ft}$$

$V_{max}$  - Max shear force located at depth  $a$ ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \left( \frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \left( \frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.64984 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \times \left( \frac{4 \times (18.75 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.3062 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \times \left( \frac{3 \times (18.75 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.3062 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 12.848 \text{ kip}$$

$M_{max}$  - Max bending moment located at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[ \left( \frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.64984 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})) \times \left[ \left( \frac{(18.75 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(5.3062 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.75 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 \times (18.75 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.3062 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 \times (18.75 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.3062 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 47.95 \text{ kipft}$$

### Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(0.022 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = 0.0035032 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.125 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.022 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.019904 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

$E$  - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.019904 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(0.0035032 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 5.6818 \text{ ft}$$

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.019904 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.0035032 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.019904 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.0035032 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.4742 \text{ ft}$$

$V_{max}$  - Max shear force located at depth  $a$ ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \left( \frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \left( \frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((0.0035032 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \times \left( \frac{4 \times (5.6818 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.4742 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \times \left( \frac{3 \times (5.6818 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.4742 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.027465 \text{ kip}$$

$M_{max}$  - Max bending moment located at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$M_{max} = (H_o b L_e) \left[ \left( \frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((0.0035032 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})) \times \left[ \left( \frac{(5.6818 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(5.4742 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.75 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 \times (5.6818 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.4742 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 \times (5.6818 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.4742 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 0.096686 \text{ kipft}$$

### Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

#### Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi}$  - Concrete strength,  
 $f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$  - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,  
 $\phi = 0.65$  - Reduction factor for axial strength,  
 $\alpha = 0.8$  - Alpha factor for axial strength,  
 $A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$  - Gross area of concrete,

Table 22.4.2.1

#### Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load,  $A_{st,required}$

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[ \frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[ \frac{\frac{(11.647 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (3 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (3 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -101.88 \text{ in}^2$$

$A_{min}$  - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-101.88 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$$

$n_{rebar}$  - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 14$$

$A_{st}$  - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.96556$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.970**

25.2.3

$s_{rebar}$  - Minimum spacing of reinforcement,

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$$

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$$

#### Ties:

25.7.2.2 Since longitudinal reinforcement is  $\leq$  No. 10: Use #3(0.375 in)

25.7.2.1  $s_{ties}$  - Maximum spacing of ties,

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), \text{Min} (D, b)]$$

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), \text{Min} ((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$$

#### Summary:

Main reinforcement: **14 - #5 (0.625 in)**

Ties: #3(0.375 in) - 10 in

**Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)**

22.4.2.2

$\phi P_N$  - Allowable axial compressive strength

$$\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st})]$$

$$\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times [(0.85 \times (3 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$\phi P_N = 3183.4 \text{ kip}$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(11.647 \text{ kip})}{(3183.4 \text{ kip})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.0036586$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.000**

**Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)**

**Parameters:**

22.5.2.2

$b_w = 48 \text{ in}$  - Effective width,  
 $d$  - Effective depth

$$d = 0.80 D$$

$$d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$d = 38.4 \text{ in}$$

22.5.5.1.3

$\lambda_s$  - size effect modification factor

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[ \sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[ \sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = 0.64282$$

22.5.5.1.1

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$ ,  
 $V_{c,max}$  - Max shear strength of concrete

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,max} = 324.49 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.1(a)

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$ ,  $P = 11.647 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 11647 \text{ lbf}$ ,  
 $V_{c,a}$  - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[ 2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + \frac{P}{6 A_g} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[ 2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} + \frac{(11647 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 131.35 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$ ,  
 $V_{c,b}$  - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[ 2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + (0.05 f'_{ck}) \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[ 2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} + (0.05 \times (3000 \text{ psi})) \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 406.27 \text{ kip}$$

$V_c$  - Governing shear strength of concrete

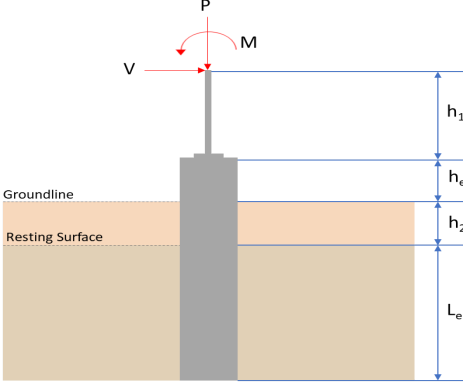
$$V_c = \text{Min}[V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min}[(324.49 \text{ kip}), (131.35 \text{ kip}), (406.27 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 131.35 \text{ kip}$$

<p>22.5.1.2</p>	<p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula <math>f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}</math>,  <math>V_{s,a}</math> - Shear strength of steel (a)</p> $V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ $V_{s,a} = 807.65 \text{ kip}$ <p><math>A_v</math> - Ties rebar area,</p> $A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$ $A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$ $A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$ <p>22.5.8.5.3 <math>V_{s,b}</math> - Shear strength of steel (b)</p> $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yt} d}{s_{ties}}$ $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$ $V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p><math>V_s</math> - Governing shear strength of steel</p> $V_s = \text{MIN}[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$ $V_s = \text{MIN}[(807.65 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$ $V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p>22.5.1.1 <math>\phi V_n</math> - Allowable shear strength</p> $\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$ $\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((131.35 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$ $\phi V_n = 118.46 \text{ kip}$ <p><b>Considering x-direction:</b></p> <p><math>V_{max} = 12.848 \text{ kip}</math> - Maximum shear force in the x-direction,  Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(12.848 \text{ kip})}{(118.46 \text{ kip})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.10846$ <p><b>Considering z-direction:</b></p> <p><math>V_{max} = 0.027465 \text{ kip}</math> - Maximum shear force in the z-direction,  Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.027465 \text{ kip})}{(118.46 \text{ kip})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.00023185$	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b>  Ratio: <b>0.110</b></p> <p>Status: <b>PASS</b>  Ratio: <b>0.000</b></p>
	<p><b>Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</b></p> <p><math>S_m</math> - Section modulus</p> $S_m = \frac{b D^2}{6}$ $S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$ $S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$	

<p>14.5.2.1b</p>	<p><math>\lambda = 1</math> - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete),  Allowable flexural strength:  <math>M_n</math> shall be the lesser of:  <math>\phi M_{n,1}</math></p> $\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{3\text{ksi}} \times 18432.001\text{in}^3$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 273.423\text{kipft}$ <p><math>\phi M_{n,2}</math></p> $\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_c \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (3\text{ksi}) \times (18432\text{in}^3)$ $\phi M_{n,2} = 2545.9\text{kipft}$ <p>Therefore,  <math>\phi M_n</math> - Allowable flexural strength,</p> $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$ $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(273.42\text{kipft}), (2545.9\text{kipft})]$ $\phi M_n = 273.42\text{kipft}$ <p><b>Considering x-direction:</b>  <math>M_{max} = 47.95\text{kipft}</math> - Maximum moment in the x-direction,  Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(47.95\text{kipft})}{(273.42\text{kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.17537$	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b>  Ratio: <b>0.180</b></p>
	<p><b>Considering z-direction:</b>  <math>M_{max} = 0.096686\text{kipft}</math> - Maximum moment in the z-direction,  Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.096686\text{kipft})}{(273.42\text{kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.00035361$	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b>  Ratio: <b>0.000</b></p>

REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS																										
	<p><b>SkyCiv Foundation Design</b> Pile Foundation</p> <p><b>Design Information :</b> Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code) Unit System : Imperial</p>																											
	<p><b>Pile Input</b></p>  <p><b>Geometry</b> Pile shape: rectangular <math>b = 48</math> in - Pile width <math>D = 48</math> in - Pile depth <math>L = 7.75</math> ft - Total pile length <math>h_1 = 0</math> ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile, <math>h_2 = 0</math> ft - Depth to resting surface <math>h_e = 0</math> ft - Length of pile above the ground</p> <p><b>Tabulation of Soil Parameters</b></p> <table border="1" data-bbox="416 1102 1193 1191"> <thead> <tr> <th>Layer</th> <th>Label</th> <th>Allowable Bearing Pressure (<math>q_a</math>) (psf)</th> <th>Allowable Lateral Pressure (<math>R</math>) (psf/ft)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel &amp; clayey gravel</td> <td>2000.000</td> <td>150.000</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><b>Tabulation of Loads</b></p> <table border="1" data-bbox="676 1288 933 1458"> <thead> <tr> <th>Load Component</th> <th>ASD</th> <th>LRFD</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><math>P</math> (kip)</td> <td>7.758</td> <td>11.647</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>V_x</math> (kip)</td> <td>-2.448</td> <td>-4.081</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>V_z</math> (kip)</td> <td>-0.013</td> <td>-0.022</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>M_x</math> (kipft)</td> <td>-0.073</td> <td>-0.125</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>M_z</math> (kipft)</td> <td>45.028</td> <td>76.518</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><b>Material Properties</b> <math>f'_{ck} = 3</math> ksi - Concrete strength,</p>	Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure ( $q_a$ ) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure ( $R$ ) (psf/ft)	1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000	Load Component	ASD	LRFD	$P$ (kip)	7.758	11.647	$V_x$ (kip)	-2.448	-4.081	$V_z$ (kip)	-0.013	-0.022	$M_x$ (kipft)	-0.073	-0.125	$M_z$ (kipft)	45.028	76.518	
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	<p><b>Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD)</b> <math>H</math> - Point of application of the lateral load</p> $H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$ $H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$ $H = 0 \text{ ft}$ <p><b>Considering x-direction:</b> <math>H_o</math> - Lateral force per length of pile,</p> $H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$ $H_o = \frac{(-2.448 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $H_o = -0.38981 \text{ kip/ft}$ <p><math>M_o</math> - Moment per length of pile,</p> $M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$																											

$$M_o = \frac{(45.028 \text{ kipft}) + ((-2.448 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 7.1701 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,x} = 7.3749 \text{ ft}$  - Required depth in x-direction,

**Considering z-direction:**

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.013 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.0020701 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.073 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.013 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.011624 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_z^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,z} = 0.93357 \text{ ft}$  - Required depth in z-direction,

**Minimum embedded depth required:**

$L_{e,req}$  - Depth of pile required,

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$$

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(7.3749 \text{ ft}), (0.93357 \text{ ft})]$$

$$L_{e,req} = 7.375 \text{ ft}$$

$L_e$  - Actual embedded length of pile,

$$L_e = L - h_e - h_2$$

$$L_e = (7.75 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$L_e = 7.75 \text{ ft}$$

**Ratio** - Embedded depth

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(7.375 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.95161$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.950**

**End-bearing Capacity (ASD)**

A - Pile cross-section area

$$A = b D$$

$$A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$$

q - End-bearing pressure

$$q = \frac{P_c}{A}$$

$$q = \frac{(7.758 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$$

$$q = 0.484875 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$$q = 0.40400 \text{ kip/ft}$$

**Check bearing capacity ratio:**

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.48488 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.24244$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.240**

Czerniak

**Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):**

$L/D$  - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,

$$L/D = \frac{L}{D}$$

$$L/D = \frac{(7.75 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$$

$$L/D = 1.9375$$

Since  $L/D \leq 10$ ,

Pile is short.

**Considering x-direction:**

$H_o = -0.38981 \text{ kip/ft}$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 7.1701 \text{ kipft/ft}$  - Overturning moment per length of pile,

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (7.1701 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.38981 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (7.1701 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.38981 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.3083 \text{ ft}$$

$p$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $a/2$  from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (7.1701 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.38981 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(7.75 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (7.1701 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.38981 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.31067 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$s$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $L_e$ ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (7.1701 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.38981 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft}))]}{(7.75 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 1.1307 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

**Check lateral soil pressure capacity:**

$p_a$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(5.3083 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.39812 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.31067 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.39812 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.78033$$

$p_a$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $L_e$ ,

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.780**

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 1.1625 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(1.1307 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.1625 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.97267$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.970**

**Considering z-direction:**

$H_o = -0.0020701 \text{ kip/ft}$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 0.011624 \text{ kipft/ft}$  - Overturning moment per length of pile,

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.011624 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.0020701 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.011624 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.0020701 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.4761 \text{ ft}$$

$p$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $a/2$  from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (0.011624 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.0020701 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(7.75 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (0.011624 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.0020701 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.000011937 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$s$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $L_e$ ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (0.011624 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.0020701 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft}))]}{(7.75 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.00071979 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

**Check lateral soil pressure capacity:**

$p_a$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(5.4761 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.41071 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.000011937 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.41071 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.000029065$$

$p_s$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $L_e$ ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 1.1625 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

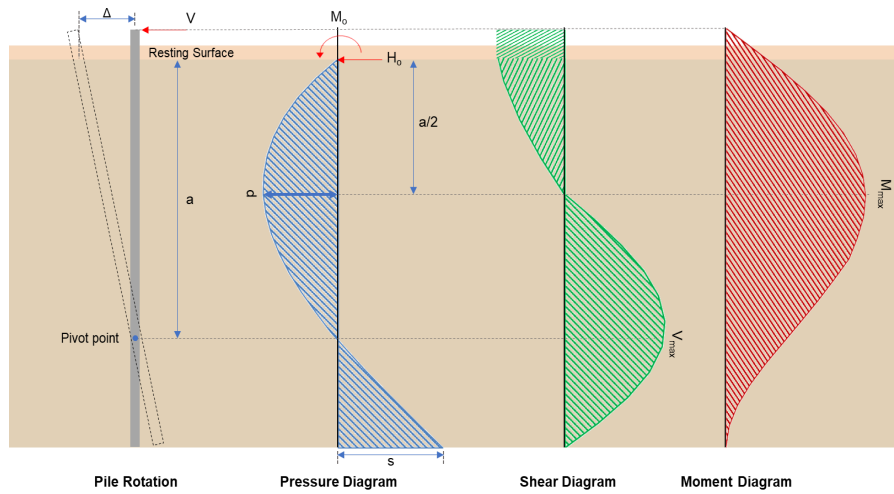
$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.000**

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.00071979 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.1625 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.00061918$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.000**



### Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_e}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-4.081 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.64984 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(76.518 \text{ kipft}) + ((-4.081 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 12.184 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

$E$  - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(12.184 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.64984 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 18.75 \text{ ft}$$

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (12.184 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.64984 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (12.184 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.64984 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.3062 \text{ ft}$$

$V_{max}$  - Max shear force located at depth  $a$ ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \left( \frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \left( \frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.64984 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \times \left( \frac{4 \times (18.75 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.3062 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \times \left( \frac{3 \times (18.75 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.3062 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 12.848 \text{ kip}$$

$M_{max}$  - Max bending moment located at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[ \left( \frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.64984 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})) \times \left[ \left( \frac{(18.75 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(5.3062 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.75 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 \times (18.75 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.3062 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 \times (18.75 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.3062 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 47.95 \text{ kipft}$$

### Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.022 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.0035032 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.125 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.022 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.019904 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

$E$  - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.019904 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.0035032 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 5.6818 \text{ ft}$$

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.019904 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.0035032 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.019904 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.0035032 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.4742 \text{ ft}$$

$V_{max}$  - Max shear force located at depth  $a$ ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \left( \frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \left( \frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.0035032 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \times \left( \frac{4 \times (5.6818 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.4742 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \times \left( \frac{3 \times (5.6818 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.4742 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.027465 \text{ kip}$$

$M_{max}$  - Max bending moment located at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$M_{max} = (H_o b L_e) \left[ \left( \frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.0035032 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})) \times \left[ \left( \frac{(5.6818 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(5.4742 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.75 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 \times (5.6818 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.4742 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 \times (5.6818 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.4742 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 0.096686 \text{ kipft}$$

### Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

#### Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi}$  - Concrete strength,  
 $f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$  - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,  
 $\phi = 0.65$  - Reduction factor for axial strength,  
 $\alpha = 0.8$  - Alpha factor for axial strength,  
 $A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$  - Gross area of concrete,

Table 22.4.2.1

#### Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load,  $A_{st,required}$

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[ \frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[ \frac{\frac{(11.647 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (3 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (3 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -101.88 \text{ in}^2$$

$A_{min}$  - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-101.88 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$$

$n_{rebar}$  - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 14$$

$A_{st}$  - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.96556$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.970**

25.2.3

$s_{rebar}$  - Minimum spacing of reinforcement,

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$$

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$$

#### Ties:

25.7.2.2 Since longitudinal reinforcement is  $\leq$  No. 10: Use #3(0.375 in)

25.7.2.1  $s_{ties}$  - Maximum spacing of ties,

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), \text{Min} (D, b)]$$

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), \text{Min} ((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$$

#### Summary:

Main reinforcement: **14 - #5 (0.625 in)**

Ties: #3(0.375 in) - 10 in

**Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)**

22.4.2.2

$\phi P_N$  - Allowable axial compressive strength

$$\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st})]$$

$$\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times [(0.85 \times (3 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$\phi P_N = 3183.4 \text{ kip}$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(11.647 \text{ kip})}{(3183.4 \text{ kip})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.0036586$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.000**

**Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)**

**Parameters:**

22.5.2.2

$b_w = 48 \text{ in}$  - Effective width,  
 $d$  - Effective depth

$$d = 0.80 D$$

$$d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$d = 38.4 \text{ in}$$

22.5.5.1.3

$\lambda_s$  - size effect modification factor

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[ \sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[ \sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = 0.64282$$

22.5.5.1.1

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$ ,  
 $V_{c,max}$  - Max shear strength of concrete

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,max} = 324.49 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.1(a)

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$ ,  $P = 11.647 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 11647 \text{ lbf}$ ,  
 $V_{c,a}$  - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[ 2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + \frac{P}{6 A_g} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[ 2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} + \frac{(11647 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 131.35 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$ ,  
 $V_{c,b}$  - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[ 2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + (0.05 f'_{ck}) \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[ 2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} + (0.05 \times (3000 \text{ psi})) \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 406.27 \text{ kip}$$

$V_c$  - Governing shear strength of concrete

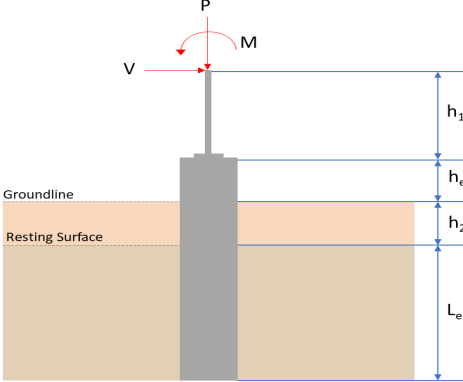
$$V_c = \text{Min}[V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min}[(324.49 \text{ kip}), (131.35 \text{ kip}), (406.27 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 131.35 \text{ kip}$$

<p>22.5.1.2</p>	<p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula <math>f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}</math>,  <math>V_{s,a}</math> - Shear strength of steel (a)</p> $V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ $V_{s,a} = 807.65 \text{ kip}$ <p><math>A_v</math> - Ties rebar area,</p> $A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$ $A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$ $A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$ <p>22.5.8.5.3 <math>V_{s,b}</math> - Shear strength of steel (b)</p> $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yt} d}{s_{ties}}$ $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$ $V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p><math>V_s</math> - Governing shear strength of steel</p> $V_s = \text{MIN}[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$ $V_s = \text{MIN}[(807.65 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$ $V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p>22.5.1.1 <math>\phi V_n</math> - Allowable shear strength</p> $\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$ $\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((131.35 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$ $\phi V_n = 118.46 \text{ kip}$ <p><b>Considering x-direction:</b></p> <p><math>V_{max} = 12.848 \text{ kip}</math> - Maximum shear force in the x-direction,  Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(12.848 \text{ kip})}{(118.46 \text{ kip})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.10846$ <p><b>Considering z-direction:</b></p> <p><math>V_{max} = 0.027465 \text{ kip}</math> - Maximum shear force in the z-direction,  Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.027465 \text{ kip})}{(118.46 \text{ kip})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.00023185$	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b>  Ratio: <b>0.110</b></p> <p>Status: <b>PASS</b>  Ratio: <b>0.000</b></p>
	<p><b>Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</b></p> <p><math>S_m</math> - Section modulus</p> $S_m = \frac{b D^2}{6}$ $S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$ $S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$	

<p>14.5.2.1b</p>	<p><math>\lambda = 1</math> - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete),  Allowable flexural strength:  <math>M_n</math> shall be the lesser of:  <math>\phi M_{n,1}</math></p> $\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{3\text{ksi}} \times 18432.001\text{in}^3$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 273.423\text{kipft}$ <p><math>\phi M_{n,2}</math></p> $\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_c \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (3\text{ksi}) \times (18432\text{in}^3)$ $\phi M_{n,2} = 2545.9\text{kipft}$ <p>Therefore,  <math>\phi M_n</math> - Allowable flexural strength,</p> $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$ $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(273.42\text{kipft}), (2545.9\text{kipft})]$ $\phi M_n = 273.42\text{kipft}$ <p><b>Considering x-direction:</b>  <math>M_{max} = 47.95\text{kipft}</math> - Maximum moment in the x-direction,  Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(47.95\text{kipft})}{(273.42\text{kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.17537$	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b>  Ratio: <b>0.180</b></p>
	<p><b>Considering z-direction:</b>  <math>M_{max} = 0.096686\text{kipft}</math> - Maximum moment in the z-direction,  Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.096686\text{kipft})}{(273.42\text{kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.00035361$	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b>  Ratio: <b>0.000</b></p>

REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS																										
	<p><b>SkyCiv Foundation Design</b> Pile Foundation</p> <p><b>Design Information :</b> Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code) Unit System : Imperial</p>																											
	<p><b>Pile Input</b></p>  <p><b>Geometry</b> Pile shape: rectangular <math>b = 48</math> in - Pile width <math>D = 48</math> in - Pile depth <math>L = 7.75</math> ft - Total pile length <math>h_1 = 0</math> ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile, <math>h_2 = 0</math> ft - Depth to resting surface <math>h_e = 0</math> ft - Length of pile above the ground</p> <p><b>Tabulation of Soil Parameters</b></p> <table border="1" data-bbox="416 1102 1193 1191"> <thead> <tr> <th>Layer</th> <th>Label</th> <th>Allowable Bearing Pressure (<math>q_a</math>) (psf)</th> <th>Allowable Lateral Pressure (<math>R</math>) (psf/ft)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel &amp; clayey gravel</td> <td>2000.000</td> <td>150.000</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><b>Tabulation of Loads</b></p> <table border="1" data-bbox="676 1288 933 1458"> <thead> <tr> <th>Load Component</th> <th>ASD</th> <th>LRFD</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><math>P</math> (kip)</td> <td>7.381</td> <td>11.050</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>V_x</math> (kip)</td> <td>-2.358</td> <td>-3.934</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>V_z</math> (kip)</td> <td>0.009</td> <td>0.015</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>M_x</math> (kipft)</td> <td>0.045</td> <td>0.075</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>M_z</math> (kipft)</td> <td>43.620</td> <td>74.227</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><b>Material Properties</b> <math>f'_{ck} = 3</math> ksi - Concrete strength,</p>	Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure ( $q_a$ ) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure ( $R$ ) (psf/ft)	1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000	Load Component	ASD	LRFD	$P$ (kip)	7.381	11.050	$V_x$ (kip)	-2.358	-3.934	$V_z$ (kip)	0.009	0.015	$M_x$ (kipft)	0.045	0.075	$M_z$ (kipft)	43.620	74.227	
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	<p><b>Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD)</b> <math>H</math> - Point of application of the lateral load</p> $H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$ $H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$ $H = 0 \text{ ft}$ <p><b>Considering x-direction:</b> <math>H_o</math> - Lateral force per length of pile,</p> $H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$ $H_o = \frac{(-2.358 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $H_o = -0.37548 \text{ kip/ft}$ <p><math>M_o</math> - Moment per length of pile,</p> $M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$																											

$$M_o = \frac{(43.62 \text{ kipft}) + ((-2.358 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 6.9459 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,x} = 7.312 \text{ ft}$  - Required depth in x-direction,

**Considering z-direction:**

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(0.009 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = 0.0014331 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.045 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.009 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.0071656 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_z^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,z} = 0.86528 \text{ ft}$  - Required depth in z-direction,

**Minimum embedded depth required:**

$L_{e,req}$  - Depth of pile required,

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$$

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(7.312 \text{ ft}), (0.86528 \text{ ft})]$$

$$L_{e,req} = 7.312 \text{ ft}$$

$L_e$  - Actual embedded length of pile,

$$L_e = L - h_e - h_2$$

$$L_e = (7.75 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$L_e = 7.75 \text{ ft}$$

**Ratio** - Embedded depth

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(7.312 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.94348$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.940**

**End-bearing Capacity (ASD)**

A - Pile cross-section area

$$A = b D$$

$$A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$$

q - End-bearing pressure

$$q = \frac{P_c}{A}$$

$$q = \frac{(7.381 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$$

$$q = 0.46131 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$$q = 0.46131 \text{ kip/ft}$$

**Check bearing capacity ratio:**

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.46131 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.23066$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.230**

Czerniak

**Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):**

$L/D$  - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,

$$L/D = \frac{L}{D}$$

$$L/D = \frac{(7.75 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$$

$$L/D = 1.9375$$

Since  $L/D \leq 10$ ,

Pile is short.

**Considering x-direction:**

$H_o = -0.37548 \text{ kip/ft}$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 6.9459 \text{ kipft/ft}$  - Overturning moment per length of pile,

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (6.9459 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.37548 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (6.9459 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.37548 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.3077 \text{ ft}$$

$p$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $a/2$  from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (6.9459 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.37548 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(7.75 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (6.9459 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.37548 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.30186 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$s$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $L_e$ ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (6.9459 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.37548 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft}))]}{(7.75 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 1.097 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

**Check lateral soil pressure capacity:**

$p_a$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(5.3077 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.39807 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.30186 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.39807 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.7583$$

$p_a$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $L_e$ ,

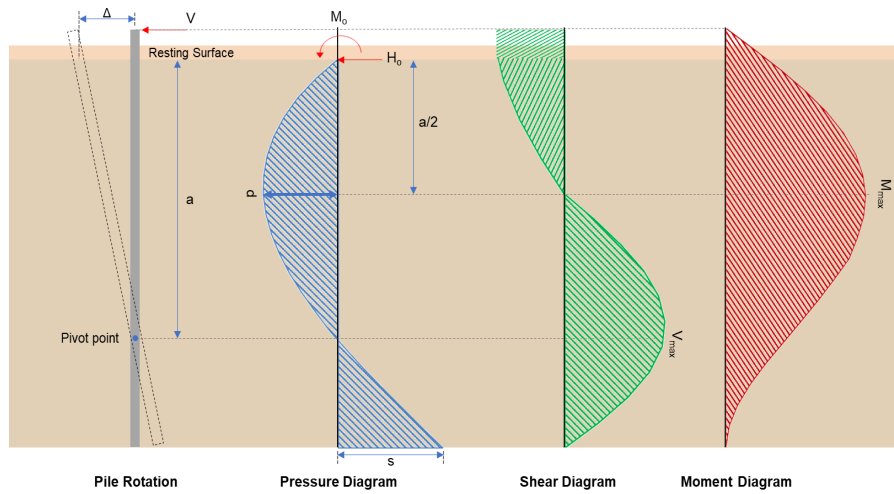
Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.760**

	$p_s = R L_e$ $p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})$ $p_s = 1.1625 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(1.097 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.1625 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.94369$	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>0.940</b></p>
	<p><b>Considering z-direction:</b></p> <p><math>H_o = 0.0014331 \text{ kip/ft}</math> - Lateral force per length of pile,  <math>M_o = 0.0071656 \text{ kipft/ft}</math> - Overturning moment per length of pile,  <math>a</math> - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,</p> $a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$ $a = \frac{(4 \times (0.0071656 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.0014331 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.0071656 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.0014331 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft}))}$ $a = 5.4949 \text{ ft}$ <p><math>p</math> - Earth pressure against the pile at distance <math>a/2</math> from resting surface,</p> $p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$ $p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (0.0071656 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (0.0014331 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(7.75 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (0.0071656 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (0.0014331 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft}))]}$ $p = 0.0010975 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p><math>s</math> - Earth pressure against the pile at distance <math>L_e</math>,</p> $s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$ $s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (0.0071656 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((0.0014331 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft}))]}{(7.75 \text{ ft})^2}$ $s = 0.0025411 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p><b>Check lateral soil pressure capacity:</b></p> <p><math>p_a</math> - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth <math>a/2</math>,</p> $p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$ $p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(5.4949 \text{ ft})}{2}$ $p_a = 0.41212 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.0010975 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.41212 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.0026631$ <p><math>p_s</math> - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth <math>L_e</math>,</p> $p_s = R L_e$ $p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})$ $p_s = 1.1625 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>0.000</b></p>

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.0025411 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.1625 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.0021859$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.000**



#### Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-3.934 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.62643 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(74.227 \text{ kipft}) + ((-3.934 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 11.82 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

$E$  - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(11.82 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.62643 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 18.868 \text{ ft}$$

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_c) + (3 H_o L_c^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_c)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (11.82 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.62643 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (11.82 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.62643 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.3055 \text{ ft}$$

$V_{max}$  - Max shear force located at depth  $a$ ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \left( \frac{4 E}{L_c} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_c} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \left( \frac{3 E}{L_c} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_c} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.62643 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \times \left( \frac{4 \times (18.868 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.3055 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \times \left( \frac{3 \times (18.868 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.3055 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 12.453 \text{ kip}$$

$M_{max}$  - Max bending moment located at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[ \left( \frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.62643 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})) \times \left[ \left( \frac{(18.868 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(5.3055 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.75 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 \times (18.868 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.3055 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 \times (18.868 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.3055 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 46.485 \text{ kipft}$$

### Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(0.015 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = 0.0023885 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.075 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.015 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.011943 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

$E$  - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.011943 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(0.0023885 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 5 \text{ ft}$$

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.011943 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.0023885 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.011943 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.0023885 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.4949 \text{ ft}$$

$V_{max}$  - Max shear force located at depth  $a$ ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \left( \frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \left( \frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((0.0023885 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \times \left( \frac{4 \times (5 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.4949 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \times \left( \frac{3 \times (5 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.4949 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.017249 \text{ kip}$$

$M_{max}$  - Max bending moment located at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$M_{max} = (H_o b L_e) \left[ \left( \frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((0.0023885 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (7.75 \text{ ft})) \times \left[ \left( \frac{(5 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(5.4949 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.75 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 \times (5 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.4949 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 \times (5 \text{ ft})}{(7.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.4949 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 0.060213 \text{ kipft}$$

### Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

#### Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi}$  - Concrete strength,  
 $f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$  - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,  
 $\phi = 0.65$  - Reduction factor for axial strength,  
 $\alpha = 0.8$  - Alpha factor for axial strength,  
 $A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$  - Gross area of concrete,

Table 22.4.2.1

#### Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load,  $A_{st,required}$

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[ \frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[ \frac{\frac{(11.05 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (3 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (3 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -101.9 \text{ in}^2$$

$A_{min}$  - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-101.9 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$$

$n_{rebar}$  - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 14$$

$A_{st}$  - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.96556$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.970**

25.2.3

$s_{rebar}$  - Minimum spacing of reinforcement,

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$$

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$$

#### Ties:

25.7.2.2

Since longitudinal reinforcement is  $\leq$  No. 10: Use #3(0.375 in)

25.7.2.1

$s_{ties}$  - Maximum spacing of ties,

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), \text{Min} (D, b)]$$

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), \text{Min} ((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$$

#### Summary:

Main reinforcement: **14 - #5 (0.625 in)**

Ties: #3(0.375 in) - 10 in

**Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)**

22.4.2.2

$\phi P_N$  - Allowable axial compressive strength

$$\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st})]$$

$$\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times [(0.85 \times (3 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$\phi P_N = 3183.4 \text{ kip}$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(11.05 \text{ kip})}{(3183.4 \text{ kip})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.0034711$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.000**

**Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)**

**Parameters:**

22.5.2.2

$b_w = 48 \text{ in}$  - Effective width,  
 $d$  - Effective depth

$$d = 0.80 D$$

$$d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$d = 38.4 \text{ in}$$

22.5.5.1.3

$\lambda_s$  - size effect modification factor

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[ \sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[ \sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = 0.64282$$

22.5.5.1.1

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$ ,  
 $V_{c,max}$  - Max shear strength of concrete

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,max} = 324.49 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.1(a)

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$ ,  $P = 11.05 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 11050 \text{ lbf}$ ,  
 $V_{c,a}$  - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[ 2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + \frac{P}{6 A_g} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[ 2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} + \frac{(11050 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 131.27 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$ ,  
 $V_{c,b}$  - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[ 2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + (0.05 f'_{ck}) \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[ 2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} + (0.05 \times (3000 \text{ psi})) \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 406.27 \text{ kip}$$

$V_c$  - Governing shear strength of concrete

$$V_c = \text{Min}[V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min}[(324.49 \text{ kip}), (131.27 \text{ kip}), (406.27 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 131.27 \text{ kip}$$

<p>22.5.1.2</p>	<p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula <math>f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}</math>,  <math>V_{s,a}</math> - Shear strength of steel (a)</p> $V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ $V_{s,a} = 807.65 \text{ kip}$ <p><math>A_v</math> - Ties rebar area,</p> $A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$ $A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$ $A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$ <p>22.5.8.5.3 <math>V_{s,b}</math> - Shear strength of steel (b)</p> $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yt} d}{s_{ties}}$ $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$ $V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p><math>V_s</math> - Governing shear strength of steel</p> $V_s = \text{MIN}[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$ $V_s = \text{MIN}[(807.65 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$ $V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p>22.5.1.1 <math>\phi V_n</math> - Allowable shear strength</p> $\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$ $\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((131.27 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$ $\phi V_n = 118.4 \text{ kip}$ <p><b>Considering x-direction:</b></p> <p><math>V_{max} = 12.453 \text{ kip}</math> - Maximum shear force in the x-direction,  Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(12.453 \text{ kip})}{(118.4 \text{ kip})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.10517$ <p><b>Considering z-direction:</b></p> <p><math>V_{max} = 0.017249 \text{ kip}</math> - Maximum shear force in the z-direction,  Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.017249 \text{ kip})}{(118.4 \text{ kip})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.00014568$	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b>  Ratio: <b>0.110</b></p> <p>Status: <b>PASS</b>  Ratio: <b>0.000</b></p>
	<p><b>Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</b></p> <p><math>S_m</math> - Section modulus</p> $S_m = \frac{b D^2}{6}$ $S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$ $S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$	

<p>14.5.2.1b</p>	<p><math>\lambda = 1</math> - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete),  Allowable flexural strength:  <math>M_n</math> shall be the lesser of:  <math>\phi M_{n,1}</math></p> $\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{3\text{ksi}} \times 18432.001\text{in}^3$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 273.423\text{kipft}$ <p><math>\phi M_{n,2}</math></p> $\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_c \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (3\text{ksi}) \times (18432\text{in}^3)$ $\phi M_{n,2} = 2545.9\text{kipft}$ <p>Therefore,  <math>\phi M_n</math> - Allowable flexural strength,</p> $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$ $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(273.42\text{kipft}), (2545.9\text{kipft})]$ $\phi M_n = 273.42\text{kipft}$ <p><b>Considering x-direction:</b>  <math>M_{max} = 46.485\text{kipft}</math> - Maximum moment in the x-direction,  Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(46.485\text{kipft})}{(273.42\text{kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.17001$	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b>  Ratio: <b>0.170</b></p>
	<p><b>Considering z-direction:</b>  <math>M_{max} = 0.060213\text{kipft}</math> - Maximum moment in the z-direction,  Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.060213\text{kipft})}{(273.42\text{kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.00022022$	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b>  Ratio: <b>0.000</b></p>