

Project Name: MTSOLAR_GJFDJ6554217-5x13-

Design

Location: 125 Roxbury Rd, Stamford, CT 06902, USA

Unique ID: 4P-19.75-6TOP-XD-24-L-5Hx13W-AG8A

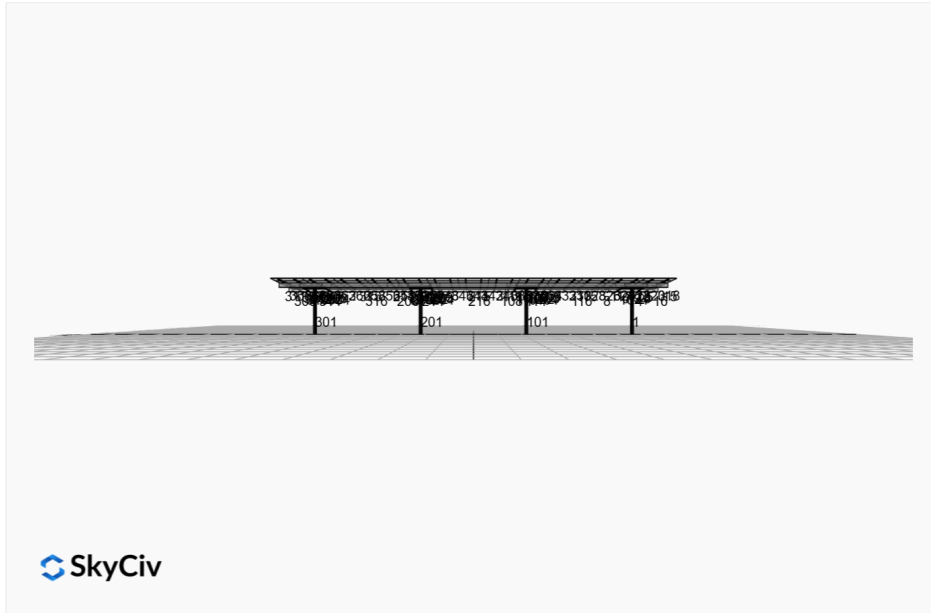
Dealer: _____

Date: Wed Feb 12 2025

Number of Modules: 65

Number of Poles: 4

Date Sold: _____



| | |
|-----------------------------|----------|
| Array Dimensions N/S | 16.88 ft |
| Array Dimensions E/W | 71.50 ft |
| Winter Tilt Angle | 5 |
| Front Edge Clearance | 8 ft |

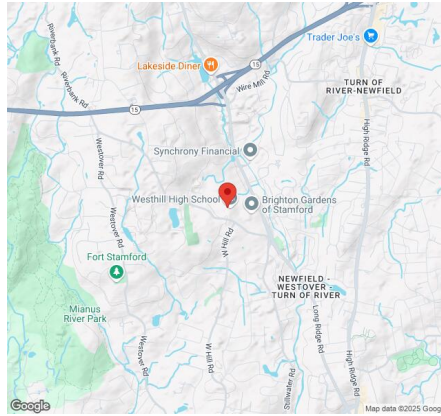
MT Solar Bill of Materials (4P-19.75-6TOP-XD-24-L-5Hx13W-AG8A)

| Part | Short Description | BOM Qty |
|---------------------|-----------------------|---------|
| MTS-PC-6 | 6IN Pole Cap Assembly | 4 |
| MTS-HF-XD | H-Frame Assembly-XD | 4 |
| MTS-XD-Wing-24 | 24IN XD Wing | 4 |
| MTS-XD-Splice-90 | 90IN XD Splice | 6 |
| MTS-XD-Splice-57 | 57IN XD Splice | 6 |
| MTS-CLAMP-ANGLE-4PK | Angle Clamp | 13 |

Rail Bill of Materials

| Part | Qty |
|------------------|-----|
| Rails (200in) | 26 |
| Rail Attachment | 104 |
| Module Mid Clamp | 104 |
| Module End Clamp | 52 |
| Ground Lug | 13 |

Site Details:



Site Address: 125 Roxbury Rd, Stamford, CT 06902, USA

Array Specification

| | |
|------------------------------------|-----------|
| Duty Classification: | XD |
| Module Width: | 40.00 in |
| Module Length: | 65.00in |
| Number of Rows: | 5 |
| Number of Columns: | 13 |
| Total Number of Modules: | 65 |
| Winter Tilt Angle: | 5 |
| Front Edge Clearance: | 8 |
| Total Array Height at Tilt: | 9.47 ft |
| Total Frame Length: | 70.75 ft |
| Frame Weight: | 4686 lbs |
| Array Dimensions N/S: | 16.88 ft |
| Array Dimensions E/W: | 71.50 ft |
| Rail Length: | 202.50 in |
| Rail Spacing: | 2.75 ft |

Support Specifications

| | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|
| Pole Size: | 6in Pipe Sch 40 |
| Pole Length above Grade: | 8.74 ft |
| Number of Poles: | 4 |
| Pole Spacing: | 19.75 ft |

Foundation Specifications

| | |
|--|--|
| Foundation Type: | Square |
| Foundation Dimensions: | 48 x 48 in |
| Foundation Depth (below grade): | Pile 1: 4.75 ft Pile 2: 5.00 ft Pile 3: 5.00 ft Pile 4: 4.75 ft |
| Foundation Volume: | 11.556 y ³ |

Site Info

| | |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Risk Category: | I |
| Exposure: | C |
| Soil Classification: | sand |
| Site Location: | 125 Roxbury Rd, Stamford, CT 06902, USA |
| Wind Speed: | 108 mph |

Snow Load:

30 psf

Design Disclaimer

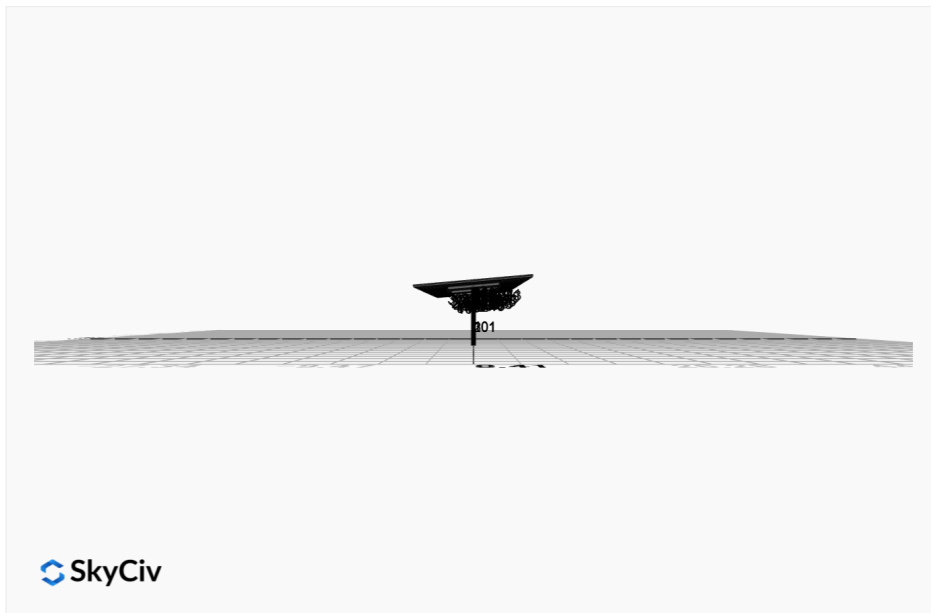
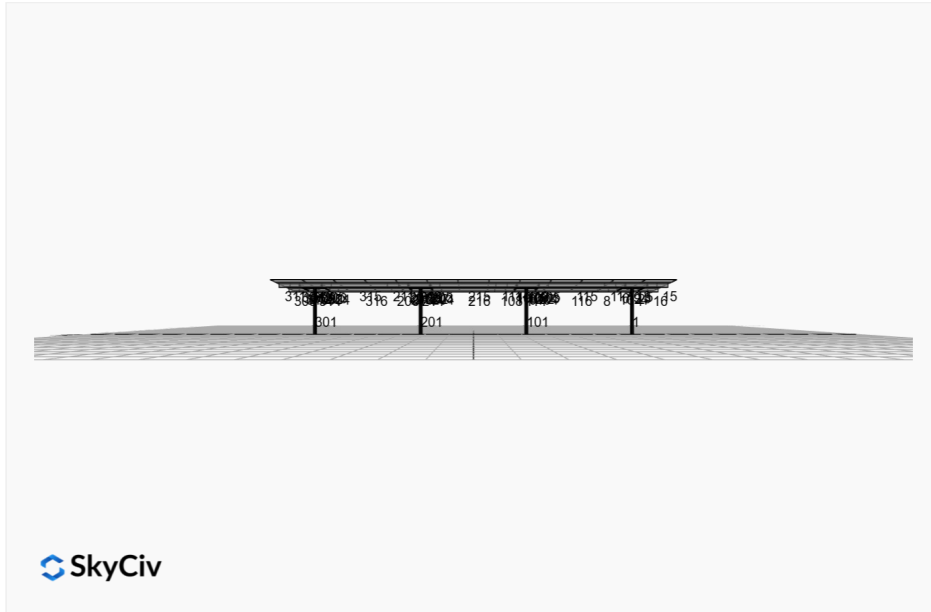
This software should be used for preliminary designs and should not be used as a final design unless reviewed, verified and designed by a qualified structural engineer.

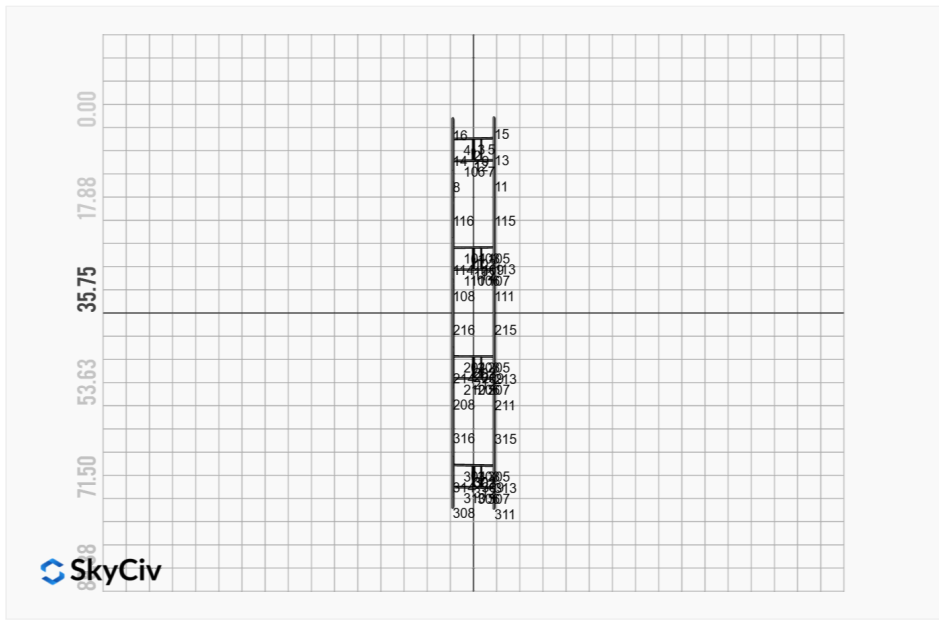
AutoDesigner Input

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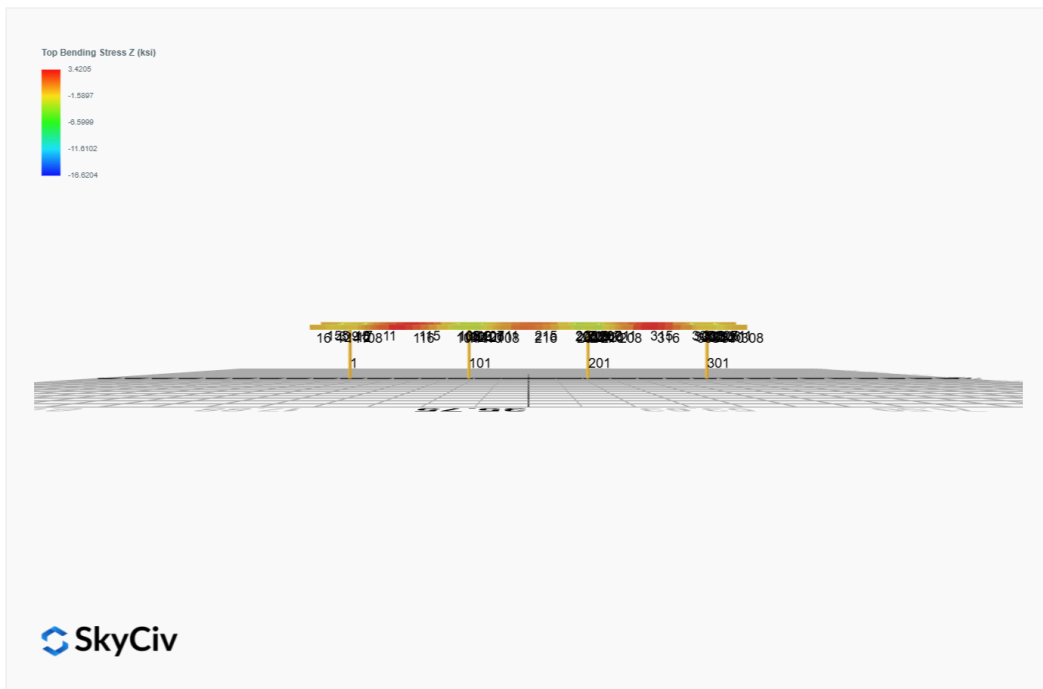
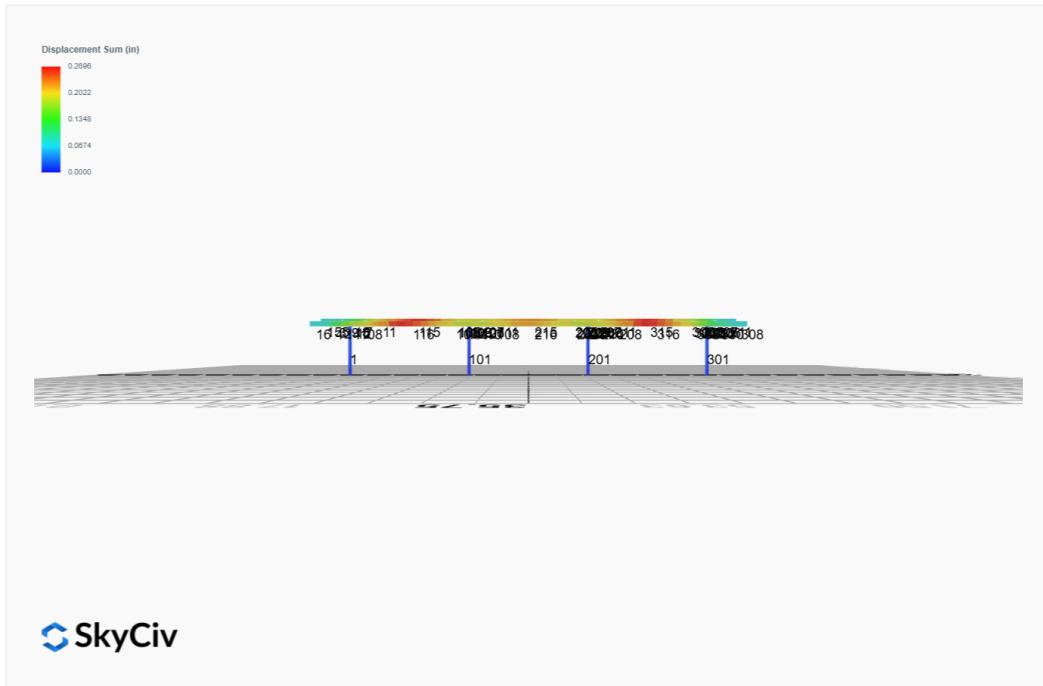
Design Notes:

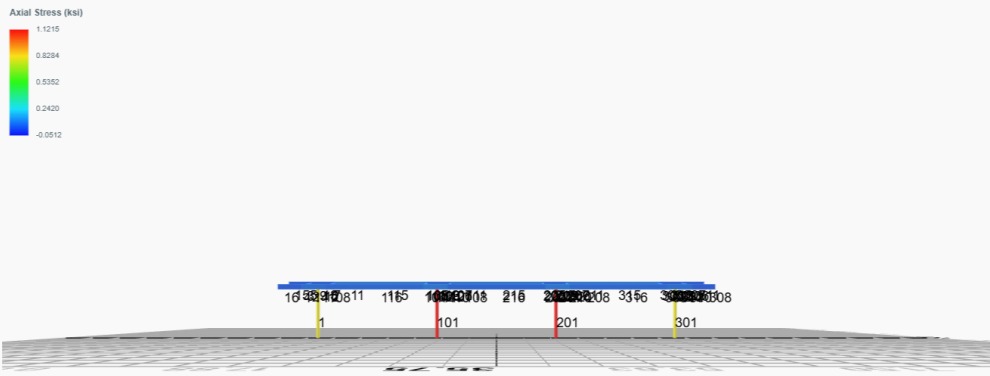
- AISC Deflection checks are set to L/1 due to structure design intent
- Foundation Soil Parameters used in this Autodesign are all estimates, proper geotechnical reports are required to confirm soil profiles
- Wind speeds, snow loads and other site specific results are based on ASCE 7 2016
- Steel frame design checks are based on AISC 360 2016 (LRFD)
- Foundation Design and Sizing is approximate only





FEM Results (Envelope Worst Case for each member)





Reaction Forces for Foundation 1 (Node ID#1), (kip, kip-ft)

ASD Load Combination Results

| Name | Fx | Fy | Fz | Mx | My | Mz |
|---|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| ULS: 1. D | 0.0060 | 1.9716 | 0.0741 | 0.1942 | -0.0067 | -0.0135 |
| ULS: 2. D + L | 0.0060 | 1.9716 | 0.0741 | 0.1942 | -0.0067 | -0.0135 |
| ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R) | 0.0239 | 6.5018 | 0.2936 | 0.7704 | -0.0265 | -0.1464 |
| ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R) | 0.0060 | 1.9716 | 0.0741 | 0.1942 | -0.0067 | -0.0135 |
| ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R) | 0.0194 | 5.3693 | 0.2387 | 0.6264 | -0.0216 | -0.1132 |
| ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R) | 0.0060 | 1.9716 | 0.0741 | 0.1942 | -0.0067 | -0.0135 |
| ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E | 0.0060 | 1.9716 | 0.0741 | 0.1942 | -0.0067 | -0.0135 |
| ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S | 0.0194 | 5.3693 | 0.2387 | 0.6264 | -0.0216 | -0.1132 |
| ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E | 0.0036 | 1.1829 | 0.0444 | 0.1165 | -0.0040 | -0.0081 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only | -0.2558 | 4.8676 | 0.2165 | 0.5659 | -0.0419 | 2.9454 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only | -0.2558 | 4.8676 | 0.2165 | 0.5659 | -0.0419 | 2.9454 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only | 0.0656 | 1.1924 | 0.0398 | 0.1046 | -0.0027 | 2.5477 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only | 0.1935 | 0.1284 | -0.0238 | -0.0596 | 0.0261 | -8.4818 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only | -0.1769 | 7.5413 | 0.3456 | 0.9052 | -0.0480 | 2.1060 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only | -0.1769 | 7.5413 | 0.3456 | 0.9052 | -0.0480 | 2.1060 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only | 0.0641 | 4.7849 | 0.2131 | 0.5592 | -0.0186 | 1.8077 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only | 0.1600 | 3.9869 | 0.1653 | 0.4361 | 0.0030 | -6.4644 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only | -0.1903 | 4.1436 | 0.1809 | 0.4730 | -0.0331 | 2.2057 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only | -0.1903 | 4.1436 | 0.1809 | 0.4730 | -0.0331 | 2.2057 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only | 0.0507 | 1.3872 | 0.0484 | 0.1270 | -0.0037 | 1.9074 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only | 0.1467 | 0.5892 | 0.0007 | 0.0039 | 0.0179 | -6.3647 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only | -0.2582 | 4.0790 | 0.1869 | 0.4882 | -0.0392 | 2.9508 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only | -0.2582 | 4.0790 | 0.1869 | 0.4882 | -0.0392 | 2.9508 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only | 0.0632 | 0.4038 | 0.0102 | 0.0269 | -0.0000 | 2.5531 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only | 0.1911 | -0.6602 | -0.0534 | -0.1372 | 0.0288 | -8.4764 |

Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

| Result | Value (kip, kip-ft) |
|------------------|---------------------|
| Axial | 12.0273 |
| Shear X | -0.4364 |
| Shear Z | 0.5610 |
| Moment X | 1.4747 |
| Moment Y (Twist) | 0.0770 |
| Moment Z | 14.6521 |

Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

| Result | Value (kip, kip-ft) |
|------------------|---------------------|
| Axial | 7.5413 |
| Shear X | -0.2582 |
| Shear Z | 0.3456 |
| Moment X | 0.9052 |
| Moment Y (Twist) | 0.0480 |
| Moment Z | 8.4818 |

Reaction Forces for Foundation 2 (Node ID#101), (kip, kip-ft)

ASD Load Combination Results

| Name | Fx | Fy | Fz | Mx | My | Mz |
|--|---------|--------|---------|---------|--------|--------|
| ULS: 1. D | -0.0060 | 2.5569 | -0.0116 | -0.0308 | 0.0023 | 0.0789 |
| ULS: 2. D + L | -0.0060 | 2.5569 | -0.0116 | -0.0308 | 0.0023 | 0.0789 |
| ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R) | -0.0239 | 8.8166 | -0.0461 | -0.1225 | 0.0092 | 0.2238 |
| ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R) | -0.0060 | 2.5569 | -0.0116 | -0.0308 | 0.0023 | 0.0789 |
| ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R) | -0.0194 | 7.2516 | -0.0374 | -0.0996 | 0.0075 | 0.1876 |

| Name | Fx | Fy | Fz | Mx | My | Mz |
|---|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|
| ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R) | -0.0060 | 2.5569 | -0.0116 | -0.0308 | 0.0023 | 0.0789 |
| ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E | -0.0060 | 2.5569 | -0.0116 | -0.0308 | 0.0023 | 0.0789 |
| ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S | -0.0194 | 7.2516 | -0.0374 | -0.0996 | 0.0075 | 0.1876 |
| ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E | -0.0036 | 1.5341 | -0.0070 | -0.0185 | 0.0014 | 0.0473 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only | -0.3477 | 6.5586 | -0.0326 | -0.0870 | 0.0035 | 3.8212 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only | -0.3477 | 6.5586 | -0.0326 | -0.0870 | 0.0035 | 3.8212 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only | 0.0972 | 1.4748 | -0.0039 | -0.0108 | -0.0027 | 3.0381 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only | 0.1896 | 0.0205 | -0.0021 | -0.0043 | 0.0106 | -10.0246 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only | -0.2757 | 10.2529 | -0.0532 | -0.1417 | 0.0084 | 2.9944 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only | -0.2757 | 10.2529 | -0.0532 | -0.1417 | 0.0084 | 2.9944 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only | 0.0580 | 6.4400 | -0.0316 | -0.0845 | 0.0037 | 2.4070 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only | 0.1273 | 5.3494 | -0.0303 | -0.0797 | 0.0137 | -7.3900 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only | -0.2623 | 5.5582 | -0.0274 | -0.0730 | 0.0032 | 2.8856 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only | -0.2623 | 5.5582 | -0.0274 | -0.0730 | 0.0032 | 2.8856 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only | 0.0714 | 1.7453 | -0.0058 | -0.0158 | -0.0015 | 2.2983 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only | 0.1407 | 0.6546 | -0.0044 | -0.0109 | 0.0085 | -7.4987 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only | -0.3453 | 5.5358 | -0.0280 | -0.0747 | 0.0026 | 3.7897 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only | -0.3453 | 5.5358 | -0.0280 | -0.0747 | 0.0026 | 3.7897 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only | 0.0996 | 0.4520 | 0.0008 | 0.0015 | -0.0037 | 3.0066 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only | 0.1920 | -1.0022 | 0.0026 | 0.0081 | 0.0097 | -10.0561 |

Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

| Result | Value (kip, kip-ft) |
|------------------|---------------------|
| Axial | 16.4189 |
| Shear X | -0.5848 |
| Shear Z | -0.0869 |
| Moment X | -0.2323 |
| Moment Y (Twist) | 0.0221 |
| Moment Z | 17.3104 |

Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

| Result | Value (kip, kip-ft) |
|------------------|---------------------|
| Axial | 10.2529 |
| Shear X | -0.3477 |
| Shear Z | -0.0532 |
| Moment X | -0.1417 |
| Moment Y (Twist) | 0.0137 |
| Moment Z | 10.0561 |

Reaction Forces for Foundation 3 (Node ID#201), (kip, kip-ft)

ASD Load Combination Results

| Name | Fx | Fy | Fz | Mx | My | Mz |
|--|---------|--------|--------|--------|---------|----------|
| ULS: 1. D | -0.0060 | 2.5569 | 0.0116 | 0.0308 | -0.0023 | 0.0789 |
| ULS: 2. D + L | -0.0060 | 2.5569 | 0.0116 | 0.0308 | -0.0023 | 0.0789 |
| ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R) | -0.0239 | 8.8166 | 0.0461 | 0.1225 | -0.0092 | 0.2238 |
| ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R) | -0.0060 | 2.5569 | 0.0116 | 0.0308 | -0.0023 | 0.0789 |
| ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R) | -0.0194 | 7.2516 | 0.0374 | 0.0996 | -0.0075 | 0.1876 |
| ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R) | -0.0060 | 2.5569 | 0.0116 | 0.0308 | -0.0023 | 0.0789 |
| ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E | -0.0060 | 2.5569 | 0.0116 | 0.0308 | -0.0023 | 0.0789 |
| ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S | -0.0194 | 7.2516 | 0.0374 | 0.0996 | -0.0075 | 0.1876 |
| ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E | -0.0036 | 1.5341 | 0.0070 | 0.0185 | -0.0014 | 0.0473 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only | -0.3477 | 6.5586 | 0.0326 | 0.0870 | -0.0035 | 3.8212 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only | -0.3477 | 6.5586 | 0.0326 | 0.0870 | -0.0035 | 3.8212 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only | 0.0972 | 1.4748 | 0.0039 | 0.0108 | 0.0027 | 3.0381 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only | 0.1896 | 0.0205 | 0.0021 | 0.0043 | -0.0106 | -10.0246 |

| Name | Fx | Fy | Fz | Mx | My | Mz |
|---|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only | -0.2757 | 10.2529 | 0.0532 | 0.1417 | -0.0084 | 2.9944 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only | -0.2757 | 10.2529 | 0.0532 | 0.1417 | -0.0084 | 2.9944 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only | 0.0580 | 6.4400 | 0.0316 | 0.0845 | -0.0037 | 2.4070 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only | 0.1273 | 5.3494 | 0.0303 | 0.0797 | -0.0137 | -7.3900 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only | -0.2623 | 5.5582 | 0.0274 | 0.0730 | -0.0032 | 2.8856 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only | -0.2623 | 5.5582 | 0.0274 | 0.0730 | -0.0032 | 2.8856 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only | 0.0714 | 1.7453 | 0.0058 | 0.0158 | 0.0015 | 2.2983 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only | 0.1407 | 0.6546 | 0.0044 | 0.0109 | -0.0085 | -7.4987 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only | -0.3453 | 5.5358 | 0.0280 | 0.0747 | -0.0026 | 3.7897 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only | -0.3453 | 5.5358 | 0.0280 | 0.0747 | -0.0026 | 3.7897 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only | 0.0996 | 0.4520 | -0.0008 | -0.0015 | 0.0037 | 3.0066 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only | 0.1920 | -1.0022 | -0.0026 | -0.0081 | -0.0097 | -10.0561 |

Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

| Result | Value (kip, kip-ft) |
|------------------|---------------------|
| Axial | 16.4189 |
| Shear X | -0.5848 |
| Shear Z | 0.0869 |
| Moment X | 0.2323 |
| Moment Y (Twist) | 0.0219 |
| Moment Z | 17.3105 |

Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

| Result | Value (kip, kip-ft) |
|------------------|---------------------|
| Axial | 10.2529 |
| Shear X | -0.3477 |
| Shear Z | 0.0532 |
| Moment X | 0.1417 |
| Moment Y (Twist) | 0.0137 |
| Moment Z | 10.0561 |

Reaction Forces for Foundation 4 (Node ID#301), (kip, kip-ft)

ASD Load Combination Results

| Name | Fx | Fy | Fz | Mx | My | Mz |
|---|---------|--------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| ULS: 1. D | 0.0060 | 1.9716 | -0.0741 | -0.1942 | 0.0067 | -0.0135 |
| ULS: 2. D + L | 0.0060 | 1.9716 | -0.0741 | -0.1942 | 0.0067 | -0.0135 |
| ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R) | 0.0239 | 6.5018 | -0.2936 | -0.7704 | 0.0266 | -0.1464 |
| ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R) | 0.0060 | 1.9716 | -0.0741 | -0.1942 | 0.0067 | -0.0135 |
| ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R) | 0.0194 | 5.3693 | -0.2387 | -0.6264 | 0.0216 | -0.1131 |
| ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R) | 0.0060 | 1.9716 | -0.0741 | -0.1942 | 0.0067 | -0.0135 |
| ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E | 0.0060 | 1.9716 | -0.0741 | -0.1942 | 0.0067 | -0.0135 |
| ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S | 0.0194 | 5.3693 | -0.2387 | -0.6264 | 0.0216 | -0.1131 |
| ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E | 0.0036 | 1.1829 | -0.0444 | -0.1165 | 0.0040 | -0.0081 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only | -0.2558 | 4.8676 | -0.2165 | -0.5659 | 0.0419 | 2.9454 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only | -0.2558 | 4.8676 | -0.2165 | -0.5659 | 0.0419 | 2.9454 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only | 0.0656 | 1.1924 | -0.0398 | -0.1046 | 0.0027 | 2.5477 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only | 0.1935 | 0.1284 | 0.0238 | 0.0596 | -0.0261 | -8.4818 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only | -0.1769 | 7.5413 | -0.3456 | -0.9052 | 0.0480 | 2.1060 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only | -0.1769 | 7.5413 | -0.3456 | -0.9052 | 0.0480 | 2.1060 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only | 0.0641 | 4.7849 | -0.2131 | -0.5592 | 0.0186 | 1.8077 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only | 0.1600 | 3.9869 | -0.1653 | -0.4361 | -0.0030 | -6.4644 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only | -0.1903 | 4.1436 | -0.1809 | -0.4730 | 0.0331 | 2.2057 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only | -0.1903 | 4.1436 | -0.1809 | -0.4730 | 0.0331 | 2.2057 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only | 0.0507 | 1.3872 | -0.0484 | -0.1270 | 0.0037 | 1.9074 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only | 0.1467 | 0.5892 | -0.0007 | -0.0039 | -0.0179 | -6.3647 |

| Name | Fx | Fy | Fz | Mx | My | Mz |
|--|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only | -0.2582 | 4.0790 | -0.1869 | -0.4882 | 0.0392 | 2.9508 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only | -0.2582 | 4.0790 | -0.1869 | -0.4882 | 0.0392 | 2.9508 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only | 0.0632 | 0.4038 | -0.0102 | -0.0269 | 0.0000 | 2.5531 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only | 0.1911 | -0.6602 | 0.0534 | 0.1372 | -0.0288 | -8.4764 |

Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.
 Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

| Result | Value (kip, kip-ft) |
|------------------|---------------------|
| Axial | 12.0273 |
| Shear X | -0.4364 |
| Shear Z | -0.5610 |
| Moment X | -1.4747 |
| Moment Y (Twist) | 0.0771 |
| Moment Z | 14.6522 |

Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.
 Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

| Result | Value (kip, kip-ft) |
|------------------|---------------------|
| Axial | 7.5413 |
| Shear X | -0.2582 |
| Shear Z | -0.3456 |
| Moment X | -0.9052 |
| Moment Y (Twist) | 0.0480 |
| Moment Z | 8.4818 |

Project Details

Design Code: AISC 360-16 LRFD
 Provision: LRFD
 Country: United States
 User Name: sales@mtsolar.us
 Unit System: imperial

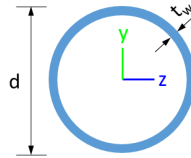


Design Input Information

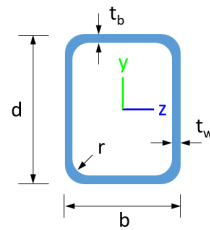
| Design Factors | | | |
|----------------|----------|----------|----------|
| Φ_t | Φ_c | Φ_b | Φ_v |
| 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.9 |

| Design Materials | | | |
|------------------|---------|-------------|-------------|
| ID | E (ksi) | F_y (ksi) | F_u (ksi) |
| 1 | 29000 | 50 | 65 |

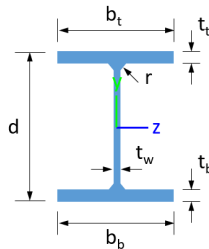
Section Dimensions



| ID | Name | d (in) | t_w (in) | | | | |
|----|------------------|--------|------------|--|--|--|--|
| 3 | 2in Pipe Sch 120 | 2.38 | 0.25 | | | | |
| 6 | 4in Pipe Sch 120 | 4.50 | 0.44 | | | | |
| 7 | 6in Pipe Sch 40 | 6.63 | 0.28 | | | | |



| ID | Name | d (in) | b (in) | t_w (in) | t_b (in) | r (in) | |
|----|------------|--------|--------|------------|------------|--------|--|
| 17 | HSS5x3x1/4 | 5.00 | 3.00 | 0.23 | 0.23 | 0.23 | |



| ID | Name | d (in) | t_w (in) | b_t (in) | b_b (in) | t_t (in) | t_b (in) | r (in) |
|----|--------|--------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|--------|
| 20 | W10x12 | 9.87 | 0.19 | 3.96 | 3.96 | 0.21 | 0.21 | 0.30 |

Section Properties

| ID | Name | A (in ²) | J (in ⁴) | I_{yp} (in ⁴) | I_{zp} (in ⁴) | I_w (in ⁶) | S_{yp} (in ³) | S_{zp} (in ³) |
|----|------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
|----|------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|

| | | | | | | | | |
|----|------------------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 3 | 2in Pipe Sch 120 | 1.67 | 1.91 | 0.96 | 0.96 | 0.00 | 1.13 | 1.13 |
| 6 | 4in Pipe Sch 120 | 5.58 | 23.29 | 11.64 | 11.64 | 0.00 | 7.24 | 7.24 |
| 7 | 6in Pipe Sch 40 | 5.58 | 56.28 | 28.14 | 28.14 | 0.00 | 11.28 | 11.28 |
| 17 | HSS5x3x1/4 | 3.37 | 11.00 | 4.81 | 10.70 | 0.93 | 3.77 | 5.38 |
| 20 | W10x12 | 3.54 | 0.05 | 2.18 | 53.80 | 50.90 | 1.74 | 12.60 |

Member Properties

| Member ID | Section ID | K _z L (ft) | K _y L (ft) | L _b (ft) | C _b | LS T | LS C | L D |
|-----------|------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|---|------|------|-----|
| 1 | 7 | 18.34 | 18.34 | 8.74 | - | 30 | 20 | 1 |
| 2 | 6 | 1.30 | 1.30 | 2.00 | - | 30 | 20 | 1 |
| 3 | 17 | 0.92 | 0.92 | 1.42 | 1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.15,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.11 9,1.15,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.17 | 30 | 20 | 1 |
| 4 | 17 | 2.44 | 2.44 | 3.75 | 1.69,1.68,1.69,1.67,1.69,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.70,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.59,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.7 6,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.63,1.69 | 30 | 20 | 1 |
| 5 | 17 | 1.52 | 1.52 | 2.33 | 1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.65,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.6 8,1.64,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.66 | 30 | 20 | 1 |
| 6 | 17 | 0.92 | 0.92 | 1.42 | 1.19,1.19,1.19,1.18,1.19,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.19,1.1 9,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.18 | 30 | 20 | 1 |
| 7 | 17 | 1.52 | 1.52 | 2.33 | 1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.65,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.6 8,1.65,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.66 | 30 | 20 | 1 |
| 8 | 20 | 1.33 | 1.33 | 2.05 | 1.27,1.27,1.27,1.27,1.27,1.27,1.26,1.26,1.17,1.40,1.26,1.26,1.66,1.74,1.26,1.26,1.25,1.29,1.26,1.26,1.1 5,1.42,1.26,1.26,1.45,2.09 | 30 | 20 | 1 |
| 9 | 3 | 2.60 | 2.60 | 4.00 | - | 30 | 20 | 1 |
| 10 | 17 | 2.44 | 2.44 | 3.75 | 1.69,1.68,1.69,1.67,1.68,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.70,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.61,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.7 5,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.64,1.69 | 30 | 20 | 1 |
| 11 | 20 | 1.33 | 1.33 | 2.05 | 1.27,1.27,1.27,1.27,1.27,1.27,1.28,1.28,1.32,1.72,1.28,1.28,1.40,1.41,1.28,1.28,1.28,1.24,1.28,1.28,1.3 3,1.59,1.28,1.28,1.45,1.39 | 30 | 20 | 1 |
| 12 | 6 | 1.30 | 1.30 | 2.00 | - | 30 | 20 | 1 |
| 13 | 20 | 4.88 | 4.00 | 7.50 | 1.27,1.28,1.27,1.28,1.27,1.27,1.27,1.27,1.28,1.52,1.27,1.27,1.27,1.28,1.28,1.28,1.28,1.28,1.27,1.27,1.2 7,1.44,1.27,1.27,1.27,1.28 | 30 | 20 | 1 |
| 14 | 20 | 4.88 | 4.00 | 7.50 | 1.27,1.27,1.27,1.27,1.27,1.27,1.28,1.28,1.38,1.29,1.28,1.28,1.62,1.52,1.27,1.27,1.27,1.28,1.27,1.27,1.4 7,1.29,1.28,1.28,1.33,1.71 | 30 | 20 | 1 |
| 15 | 20 | 4.20 | 4.20 | 2.00 | 2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.3 3,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33 | 30 | 20 | 1 |
| 16 | 20 | 4.20 | 4.20 | 2.00 | 2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.3 3,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33 | 30 | 20 | 1 |
| 101 | 7 | 18.34 | 18.34 | 8.74 | - | 30 | 20 | 1 |
| 102 | 6 | 1.30 | 1.30 | 2.00 | - | 30 | 20 | 1 |
| 103 | 17 | 0.92 | 0.92 | 1.42 | 1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.16,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.11 9,1.16,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.17 | 30 | 20 | 1 |
| 104 | 17 | 2.44 | 2.44 | 3.75 | 1.69,1.68,1.69,1.67,1.68,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.69,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.61,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.7 2,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.64,1.69 | 30 | 20 | 1 |
| 105 | 17 | 1.52 | 1.52 | 2.33 | 1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.65,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.6 8,1.65,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.66 | 30 | 20 | 1 |
| 106 | 17 | 0.92 | 0.92 | 1.42 | 1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.11 9,1.16,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.18 | 30 | 20 | 1 |
| 107 | 17 | 1.52 | 1.52 | 2.33 | 1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.6 8,1.65,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.66 | 30 | 20 | 1 |
| 108 | 20 | 1.33 | 1.33 | 2.05 | 2.33,2.35,2.33,2.36,2.34,2.33,2.37,2.37,1.78,1.72,2.36,2.36,1.40,1.34,2.38,2.38,2.35,2.10,2.37,2.37,1.6 0,1.65,2.35,2.35,1.59,1.26 | 30 | 20 | 1 |
| 109 | 3 | 2.60 | 2.60 | 4.00 | - | 30 | 20 | 1 |
| 110 | 17 | 2.44 | 2.44 | 3.75 | 1.69,1.68,1.69,1.67,1.68,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.69,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.62,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.7 3,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.64,1.69 | 30 | 20 | 1 |
| 111 | 20 | 1.33 | 1.33 | 2.05 | 2.23,2.24,2.23,2.24,2.24,2.23,2.11,2.11,2.07,1.33,2.11,2.11,1.71,1.66,2.16,2.16,2.11,2.28,2.11,2.11,2.0 6,1.40,2.11,2.11,1.56,1.72 | 30 | 20 | 1 |
| 112 | 6 | 1.30 | 1.30 | 2.00 | - | 30 | 20 | 1 |

| | | | | | | |
|-----|--------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 212 | 251.01 | 248.88 | 27.10 | 27.10 | 75.30 | 75.30 |
| 213 | 159.30 | 97.43 | 32.11 | 6.46 | 56.26 | 44.91 |
| 214 | 159.30 | 97.43 | 31.74 | 6.46 | 56.26 | 44.91 |
| 215 | 159.30 | 75.13 | 21.00 | 6.46 | 56.26 | 44.91 |
| 216 | 159.30 | 75.13 | 20.77 | 6.46 | 56.26 | 44.91 |
| 301 | 251.16 | 124.39 | 42.30 | 42.30 | 75.35 | 75.35 |
| 302 | 251.01 | 248.88 | 27.16 | 27.16 | 75.30 | 75.30 |
| 303 | 151.65 | 150.70 | 20.17 | 14.14 | 54.12 | 28.95 |
| 304 | 151.65 | 145.15 | 20.17 | 14.14 | 54.12 | 28.95 |
| 305 | 151.65 | 149.10 | 20.17 | 14.14 | 54.12 | 28.95 |
| 306 | 151.65 | 150.70 | 20.17 | 14.14 | 54.12 | 28.95 |
| 307 | 151.65 | 149.10 | 20.17 | 14.14 | 54.12 | 28.95 |
| 308 | 159.30 | 113.66 | 46.90 | 6.46 | 56.26 | 44.91 |
| 309 | 75.10 | 66.32 | 4.25 | 4.25 | 22.53 | 22.53 |
| 310 | 151.65 | 145.15 | 20.17 | 14.14 | 54.12 | 28.95 |
| 311 | 159.30 | 113.66 | 46.90 | 6.46 | 56.26 | 44.91 |
| 312 | 251.01 | 248.88 | 27.16 | 27.16 | 75.30 | 75.30 |
| 313 | 159.30 | 97.43 | 38.85 | 6.46 | 56.26 | 44.91 |
| 314 | 159.30 | 97.43 | 38.68 | 6.46 | 56.26 | 44.91 |
| 315 | 159.30 | 75.13 | 20.85 | 6.46 | 56.26 | 44.91 |
| 316 | 159.30 | 75.13 | 20.85 | 6.46 | 56.26 | 44.91 |

Design Ratio

| Member ID | P | M _z | M _y | V _y | V _z | (P,M _z ,M _y) | Worst LC | KL/r | δ | Status |
|-----------|-------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|-------------------------------------|----------|--------------|--------------|--------|
| 1 | 0.097 | 0.346 | 0.081 | 0.006 | 0.007 | 0.355 | #16 | 0.490 | Not Required | Pass |
| 2 | 0.001 | 0.311 | 0.015 | 0.069 | 0.003 | 0.324 | #21 | 0.054 | Not Required | Pass |
| 3 | 0.002 | 0.486 | 0.014 | 0.048 | 0.004 | 0.501 | #21 | 0.046 | Not Required | Pass |
| 4 | 0.001 | 0.475 | 0.031 | 0.048 | 0.007 | 0.506 | #21 | 0.122 | Not Required | Pass |
| 5 | 0.001 | 0.301 | 0.008 | 0.048 | 0.002 | 0.310 | #21 | 0.076 | Not Required | Pass |
| 6 | 0.001 | 0.607 | 0.035 | 0.062 | 0.009 | 0.642 | #21 | 0.046 | Not Required | Pass |
| 7 | 0.002 | 0.375 | 0.042 | 0.060 | 0.012 | 0.392 | #21 | 0.076 | Not Required | Pass |
| 8 | 0.001 | 0.124 | 0.039 | 0.036 | 0.004 | 0.143 | #21 | 0.102 | Not Required | Pass |
| 9 | 0.002 | 0.073 | 0.029 | 0.003 | 0.002 | 0.103 | #21 | 0.206 | Not Required | Pass |
| 10 | 0.002 | 0.588 | 0.024 | 0.059 | 0.005 | 0.594 | #21 | 0.082 | Not Required | Pass |
| 11 | 0.003 | 0.124 | 0.043 | 0.037 | 0.004 | 0.138 | #21 | 0.102 | Not Required | Pass |
| 12 | 0.001 | 0.436 | 0.018 | 0.088 | 0.003 | 0.452 | #21 | 0.054 | Not Required | Pass |
| 13 | 0.004 | 0.095 | 0.097 | 0.050 | 0.005 | 0.131 | #21 | 0.306 | Not Required | Pass |
| 14 | 0.002 | 0.092 | 0.092 | 0.048 | 0.005 | 0.135 | #24 | 0.204 | Not Required | Pass |
| 15 | 0.000 | 0.017 | 0.008 | 0.014 | 0.001 | 0.025 | #21 | Not Required | Not Required | Pass |
| 16 | 0.000 | 0.016 | 0.008 | 0.014 | 0.001 | 0.025 | #21 | Not Required | Not Required | Pass |
| 101 | 0.132 | 0.409 | 0.012 | 0.008 | 0.001 | 0.418 | #16 | 0.490 | Not Required | Pass |
| 102 | 0.001 | 0.530 | 0.024 | 0.109 | 0.004 | 0.552 | #21 | 0.054 | Not Required | Pass |
| 103 | 0.002 | 0.758 | 0.014 | 0.076 | 0.002 | 0.773 | #21 | 0.046 | Not Required | Pass |
| 104 | 0.002 | 0.746 | 0.031 | 0.075 | 0.006 | 0.764 | #21 | 0.082 | Not Required | Pass |
| 105 | 0.002 | 0.470 | 0.035 | 0.075 | 0.009 | 0.480 | #21 | 0.076 | Not Required | Pass |
| 106 | 0.002 | 0.741 | 0.010 | 0.074 | 0.002 | 0.749 | #21 | 0.046 | Not Required | Pass |
| 107 | 0.002 | 0.460 | 0.029 | 0.074 | 0.007 | 0.467 | #21 | 0.076 | Not Required | Pass |
| 108 | 0.001 | 0.048 | 0.032 | 0.042 | 0.004 | 0.080 | #21 | 0.102 | Not Required | Pass |
| 109 | 0.003 | 0.080 | 0.012 | 0.001 | 0.000 | 0.094 | #21 | 0.206 | Not Required | Pass |
| 110 | 0.002 | 0.726 | 0.032 | 0.073 | 0.007 | 0.750 | #21 | 0.082 | Not Required | Pass |

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|--------------|--------------|------|
| 111 | 0.002 | 0.044 | 0.032 | 0.042 | 0.004 | 0.077 | #21 | 0.102 | Not Required | Pass |
| 112 | 0.001 | 0.511 | 0.024 | 0.106 | 0.004 | 0.533 | #21 | 0.054 | Not Required | Pass |
| 113 | 0.004 | 0.237 | 0.091 | 0.060 | 0.005 | 0.296 | #21 | 0.306 | Not Required | Pass |
| 114 | 0.004 | 0.244 | 0.092 | 0.059 | 0.005 | 0.298 | #21 | 0.306 | Not Required | Pass |
| 115 | 0.005 | 0.358 | 0.045 | 0.048 | 0.004 | 0.405 | #21 | 0.507 | Not Required | Pass |
| 116 | 0.003 | 0.348 | 0.047 | 0.047 | 0.004 | 0.397 | #21 | 0.507 | Not Required | Pass |
| 201 | 0.132 | 0.409 | 0.012 | 0.008 | 0.001 | 0.418 | #16 | 0.490 | Not Required | Pass |
| 202 | 0.001 | 0.511 | 0.024 | 0.106 | 0.004 | 0.533 | #21 | 0.054 | Not Required | Pass |
| 203 | 0.002 | 0.741 | 0.010 | 0.074 | 0.002 | 0.749 | #21 | 0.046 | Not Required | Pass |
| 204 | 0.002 | 0.726 | 0.032 | 0.073 | 0.007 | 0.750 | #21 | 0.082 | Not Required | Pass |
| 205 | 0.002 | 0.460 | 0.029 | 0.074 | 0.007 | 0.467 | #21 | 0.076 | Not Required | Pass |
| 206 | 0.002 | 0.758 | 0.014 | 0.076 | 0.002 | 0.773 | #21 | 0.046 | Not Required | Pass |
| 207 | 0.002 | 0.470 | 0.035 | 0.075 | 0.009 | 0.480 | #21 | 0.076 | Not Required | Pass |
| 208 | 0.001 | 0.069 | 0.039 | 0.047 | 0.004 | 0.078 | #24 | 0.102 | Not Required | Pass |
| 209 | 0.003 | 0.080 | 0.012 | 0.001 | 0.000 | 0.094 | #21 | 0.206 | Not Required | Pass |
| 210 | 0.002 | 0.746 | 0.031 | 0.075 | 0.006 | 0.764 | #21 | 0.082 | Not Required | Pass |
| 211 | 0.003 | 0.074 | 0.039 | 0.048 | 0.004 | 0.082 | #21 | 0.102 | Not Required | Pass |
| 212 | 0.001 | 0.530 | 0.024 | 0.109 | 0.004 | 0.552 | #21 | 0.054 | Not Required | Pass |
| 213 | 0.004 | 0.237 | 0.091 | 0.060 | 0.005 | 0.296 | #21 | 0.306 | Not Required | Pass |
| 214 | 0.004 | 0.244 | 0.092 | 0.059 | 0.005 | 0.298 | #21 | 0.306 | Not Required | Pass |
| 215 | 0.004 | 0.232 | 0.046 | 0.042 | 0.004 | 0.280 | #21 | 0.507 | Not Required | Pass |
| 216 | 0.002 | 0.217 | 0.046 | 0.042 | 0.004 | 0.264 | #21 | 0.507 | Not Required | Pass |
| 301 | 0.097 | 0.346 | 0.081 | 0.006 | 0.007 | 0.355 | #16 | 0.490 | Not Required | Pass |
| 302 | 0.001 | 0.436 | 0.018 | 0.088 | 0.003 | 0.452 | #21 | 0.054 | Not Required | Pass |
| 303 | 0.001 | 0.607 | 0.035 | 0.062 | 0.009 | 0.642 | #21 | 0.046 | Not Required | Pass |
| 304 | 0.002 | 0.588 | 0.024 | 0.059 | 0.005 | 0.594 | #21 | 0.082 | Not Required | Pass |
| 305 | 0.002 | 0.375 | 0.042 | 0.060 | 0.012 | 0.392 | #21 | 0.076 | Not Required | Pass |
| 306 | 0.002 | 0.486 | 0.014 | 0.048 | 0.004 | 0.501 | #21 | 0.046 | Not Required | Pass |
| 307 | 0.001 | 0.301 | 0.008 | 0.048 | 0.002 | 0.310 | #21 | 0.076 | Not Required | Pass |
| 308 | 0.000 | 0.016 | 0.008 | 0.014 | 0.001 | 0.025 | #21 | Not Required | Not Required | Pass |
| 309 | 0.002 | 0.073 | 0.029 | 0.003 | 0.002 | 0.103 | #21 | 0.206 | Not Required | Pass |
| 310 | 0.001 | 0.475 | 0.031 | 0.048 | 0.007 | 0.506 | #21 | 0.122 | Not Required | Pass |
| 311 | 0.000 | 0.017 | 0.008 | 0.014 | 0.001 | 0.025 | #21 | Not Required | Not Required | Pass |
| 312 | 0.001 | 0.311 | 0.015 | 0.069 | 0.003 | 0.324 | #21 | 0.054 | Not Required | Pass |
| 313 | 0.004 | 0.095 | 0.097 | 0.050 | 0.005 | 0.131 | #21 | 0.204 | Not Required | Pass |
| 314 | 0.002 | 0.092 | 0.092 | 0.048 | 0.005 | 0.135 | #24 | 0.306 | Not Required | Pass |
| 315 | 0.005 | 0.383 | 0.045 | 0.037 | 0.004 | 0.428 | #21 | 0.507 | Not Required | Pass |
| 316 | 0.003 | 0.375 | 0.047 | 0.036 | 0.004 | 0.423 | #21 | 0.507 | Not Required | Pass |

Definitions

| | |
|----------|--|
| Φ_t | Safety factor for tensile |
| Φ_c | Safety factor for compression |
| Φ_b | Safety factor for flexure |
| Φ_v | Safety factor for shear |
| E | Modulus of elasticity |
| F_y | Specified minimum yield stress |
| F_u | Specified minimum tensile strength |
| A | Cross-sectional area |
| J | Torsional constant |
| I_{yp} | Moment of inertia about the Y axes |
| I_{zp} | Moment of inertia about the Z axes |
| I_w | Warping constant |
| S_{yp} | Plastic section modulus about the Y axis |
| S_{zp} | Plastic section modulus about the Z axis |

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| KL | Effective length |
| C_b | Buckling modification factor (from all load combinations) |
| L_b | Length between braced points |
| LST | Limited slenderness for tension |
| LSC | Limited slenderness for compression |
| LD | Limited deflection |
| P_n | Nominal axial strength (tension/compression) |
| M_n | Nominal flexural strength (about Z/Y axis) |
| V_n | Nominal shear strength (along Z/Y axis) |
| P | Design ratio in case of axial force |
| M_z | Design ratio in case of bending about Z axis |
| M_y | Design ratio in case of bending about Y axis |
| V_y | Design ratio in case of shear along Y axis |
| V_z | Design ratio in case of shear along Z axis |
| (P, M_z , M_y) | Design ratio in case of axial force and bending action |
| KL/r | Design ratio in case of section slenderness |
| δ | Design ratio in case of member deflection |
| OK | Capacity is provided |
| NG | Capacity is not provided |

| REFERENCES | CALCULATIONS | RESULTS |
|------------|--------------|---------|
|------------|--------------|---------|

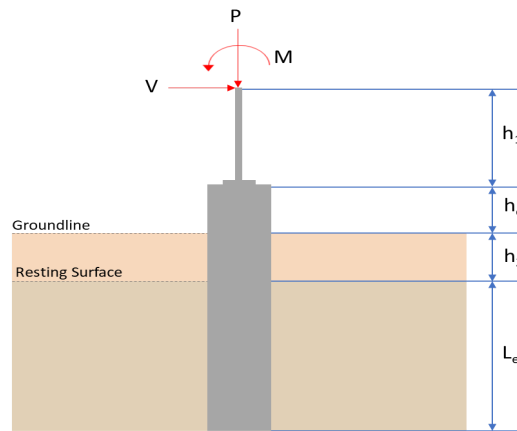
SkyCiv Foundation Design

Pile Foundation

Design Information :

Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code)
Unit System : Imperial

Pile Input



Geometry

Pile shape: rectangular

$b = 48$ in - Pile width

$D = 48$ in - Pile depth

$L = 4.75$ ft - Total pile length

$h_1 = 0$ ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile,

$h_2 = 0$ ft - Depth to resisting surface

$h_e = 0$ ft - Length of pile above the ground

Tabulation of Soil Parameters

| Layer | Label | Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf) | Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft) |
|-------|---|--|---|
| 1 | Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel | 2000.000 | 150.000 |

Tabulation of Loads

| Load Component | ASD | LRFD |
|----------------|--------|--------|
| P (kip) | 7.541 | 12.027 |
| V_x (kip) | -0.258 | -0.436 |
| V_z (kip) | 0.346 | 0.561 |
| M_x (kipft) | 0.905 | 1.475 |
| M_z (kipft) | 8.482 | 14.652 |

Material Properties

$f'_{ck} = 2.5$ ksi - Concrete strength.

Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD)

H - Point of application of the lateral load

$$H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$$

$$H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$H = 0 \text{ ft}$$

Considering x-direction:

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.258 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.041083 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(8.482 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.258 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 1.3506 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R} \right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R} \right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,x} = 4.5905 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in x-direction,

Considering z-direction:

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(0.346 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = 0.055096 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.905 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.346 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.14411 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_z^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R} \right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R} \right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,z} = 2.7409 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in z-direction,

Minimum embedded depth required:

$L_{e,req}$ - Depth of pile required,

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$$

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(4.5905 \text{ ft}), (2.7409 \text{ ft})]$$

$$L_{e,req} = 4.591 \text{ ft}$$

L_e - Actual embedded length of pile,

$$L_e = L - h_e - h_2$$

$$L_e = (4.75 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$L_e = 4.75 \text{ ft}$$

Ratio - Embedded depth

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.591 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.96653$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.970**

End-bearing Capacity (ASD)

A - Pile cross-section area

$$A = b D$$

$$A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$$

q - End-bearing pressure

$$q = \frac{P_v}{A}$$

$$q = \frac{(7.541 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$$

$$q = 0.47131 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check bearing capacity ratio:

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.47131 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.23566$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.240**

Czerniak

Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):

L/D - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,

$$L/D = \frac{L}{D}$$

$$L/D = \frac{(4.75 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$$

$$L/D = 1.1875$$

Since $L/D \leq 10$,

Pile is short.

Considering x-direction:

$H_o = -0.041083 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 1.3506 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (1.3506 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.041083 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (1.3506 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.041083 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 3.2014 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (1.3506 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.041083 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(4.75 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (1.3506 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.041083 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.21066 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (1.3506 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.041083 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft}))]}{(4.75 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.66645 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(3.2014 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.24011 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.21066 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.24011 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.87734$$

p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 0.7125 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.66645 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.7125 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.93537$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.880**

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.940**

Considering z-direction:

$H_o = 0.055096 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 0.14411 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.14411 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.055096 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.14411 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.055096 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 3.3834 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 \times (0.14411 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (0.055096 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(4.75 \text{ ft})^2 [(3 \times (0.14411 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (0.055096 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.064476 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (0.14411 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((0.055096 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft}))]}{(4.75 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.14624 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(3.3834 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.25376 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.064476 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.25376 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.25409$$

p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e .

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 0.7125 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.14624 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.7125 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.20525$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.250**

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.210**



Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.436 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.069427 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(14.652 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.436 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 2.3331 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(2.3331 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.069427 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 33.606 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (2.3331 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.069427 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (2.3331 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.069427 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = \frac{(-0.069427 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})}{(6 \times (2.3331 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.069427 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 3.2008 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.069427 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (33.606 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.2008 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (33.606 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.2008 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 3.669 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth a/2,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.069427 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(33.606 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(3.2008 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (4.75 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (33.606 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.2008 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (4.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (33.606 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.2008 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (4.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 8.5926 \text{ kipft}$$

Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(0.561 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = 0.089331 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(1.475 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.561 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.23487 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.23487 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(0.089331 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 2.6292 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.23487 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.089331 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.23487 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.089331 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 3.3829 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((0.089331 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (2.6292 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.3829 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] \right. \\ \left. + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (2.6292 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.3829 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.5877 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o \cdot b \cdot L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) \right. \\ \left. - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((0.089331 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(2.6292 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(3.3829 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (4.75 \text{ ft})} \right) \right. \\ \left. - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (2.6292 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.3829 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (4.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (2.6292 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.3829 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (4.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 1.2442 \text{ kipft}$$

Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$ - Concrete strength,

$f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$ - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,

$\phi = 0.65$ - Reduction factor for axial strength,

$\alpha = 0.8$ - Alpha factor for axial strength,

$A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$ - Gross area of concrete,

Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load, $A_{st,required}$

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{(12.027 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -84.196 \text{ in}^2$$

A_{min} - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-84.196 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$$

n_{rebar} - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 14$$

A_{st} - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$$

Table 22.4.2.1

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

| | | |
|---|---|--|
| <p>25.2.3</p> <p>25.7.2.2</p> <p>25.7.2.1</p> | <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = 0.96556$</p> <p>$s_{rebar} = Min[1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$</p> <p>$s_{rebar} = Min[1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$</p> <p>$s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$</p> <p>Ties:</p> <p>Since longitudinal reinforcement is \leq No. 10: Use #3(0.375 in)</p> <p>$s_{ties} = Min[(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), Min(D, b)]$</p> <p>$s_{ties} = Min[(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), Min((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]$</p> <p>$s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$</p> <p>Summary:</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Main reinforcement: 14 - #5 (0.625 in) Ties: #3(0.375 in) - 10 in</p> | <p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.970</p> |
| <p>22.4.2.2</p> | <p>Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p>ϕP_N - Allowable axial compressive strength</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_y A_{st})]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times [(0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2))]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\phi P_N = 2675.2 \text{ kip}$</p> <p>Ratio - Capacity</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = \frac{(12.027 \text{ kip})}{(2675.2 \text{ kip})}$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = 0.0044958$</p> | <p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000</p> |
| <p>22.5.2.2</p> <p>22.5.5.1.3</p> <p>22.5.5.1.1</p> | <p>Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p>Parameters:</p> <p>$b_w = 48 \text{ in}$ - Effective width, d - Effective depth</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$d = 0.80 D$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$d = 38.4 \text{ in}$</p> <p>λ_s - size effect modification factor</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\lambda_s = MIN \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\lambda_s = MIN \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\lambda_s = 0.64282$</p> <p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,</p> <p>$V_{c,max}$ - Max shear strength of concrete</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$</p> | |

$$V_{c,max} = 296.21 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.1(a) The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $P = 12.027 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 12027 \text{ lbf}$,
 $V_{c,a}$ - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck} + \frac{P}{6 A_g}} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi}) + \frac{(12027 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)}} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 120.09 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{c,b}$ - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck} + (0.05 f'_{ck})} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi}) + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi}))} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 348.89 \text{ kip}$$

V_c - Governing shear strength of concrete

$$V_c = \text{Min} [V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min} [(296.21 \text{ kip}), (120.09 \text{ kip}), (348.89 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 120.09 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{s,a}$ - Shear strength of steel (a)

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{s,a} = 737.28 \text{ kip}$$

A_v - Ties rebar area,

$$A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$$

22.5.8.5.3 $V_{s,b}$ - Shear strength of steel (b)

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yw} d}{s_{ties}}$$

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$$

$$V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$$

V_s - Governing shear strength of steel

$$V_s = \text{MIN} [V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$$

$$V_s = \text{MIN} [(737.28 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.1.1 ϕV_n - Allowable shear strength

$$\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$$

$$\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((120.09 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$$

$$\phi V_n = 111.14 \text{ kip}$$

Considering x-direction:

$V_{max} = 3.669 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the x-direction,

$Ratio$ - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(3.669 \text{ kip})}{(111.14 \text{ kip})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.033013$$

Considering z-direction:

$V_{max} = 0.5877 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the z-direction,
Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.5877 \text{ kip})}{(111.14 \text{ kip})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.005288$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.030**

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.010**

Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)

S_m - Section modulus

$$S_m = \frac{b D^2}{6}$$

$$S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$$

$$S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$$

$\lambda = 1$ - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete),

Allowable flexural strength:

M_n shall be the lesser of:

$\phi M_{n,1}$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{(2.5 \text{ ksi})} \times 18432.001 \text{ in}^3$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 249.600 \text{ kipft}$$

14.5.2.1b

$\phi M_{n,2}$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_c \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (18432 \text{ in}^3)$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = 2121.6 \text{ kipft}$$

Therefore,

ϕM_n - Allowable flexural strength,

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$$

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(249.6 \text{ kipft}), (2121.6 \text{ kipft})]$$

$$\phi M_n = 249.6 \text{ kipft}$$

Considering x-direction:

$M_{max} = 8.5926 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the x-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(8.5926 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.034426$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.030**

Considering z-direction:

$M_{max} = 1.2442 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the z-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(1.2442 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.0049847$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**

| REFERENCES | CALCULATIONS | RESULTS |
|------------|--------------|---------|
|------------|--------------|---------|

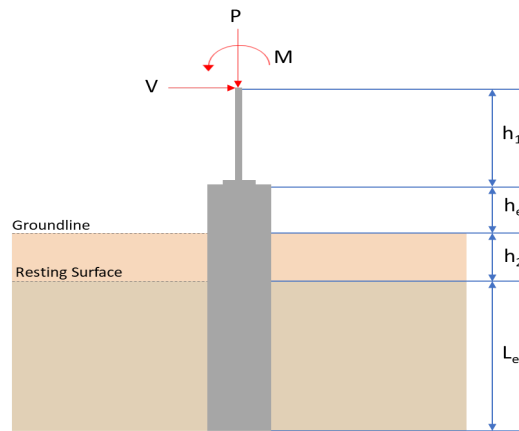
SkyCiv Foundation Design

Pile Foundation

Design Information :

Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code)
Unit System : Imperial

Pile Input



Geometry

Pile shape: rectangular

$b = 48$ in - Pile width

$D = 48$ in - Pile depth

$L = 4.75$ ft - Total pile length

$h_1 = 0$ ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile,

$h_2 = 0$ ft - Depth to resisting surface

$h_e = 0$ ft - Length of pile above the ground

Tabulation of Soil Parameters

| Layer | Label | Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf) | Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft) |
|-------|---|--|---|
| 1 | Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel | 2000.000 | 150.000 |

Tabulation of Loads

| Load Component | ASD | LRFD |
|----------------|--------|--------|
| P (kip) | 7.541 | 12.027 |
| V_x (kip) | -0.258 | -0.436 |
| V_z (kip) | -0.346 | -0.561 |
| M_x (kipft) | -0.905 | -1.475 |
| M_z (kipft) | 8.482 | 14.652 |

Material Properties

$f'_{ck} = 2.5$ ksi - Concrete strength.

Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD)

H - Point of application of the lateral load

$$H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$$

$$H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$H = 0 \text{ ft}$$

Considering x-direction:

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.258 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.041083 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(8.482 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.258 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 1.3506 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R} \right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R} \right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,x} = 4.5905 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in x-direction,

Considering z-direction:

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.346 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.055096 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.905 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.346 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.14411 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_z^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R} \right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R} \right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,z} = 1.7803 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in z-direction,

Minimum embedded depth required:

$L_{e,req}$ - Depth of pile required,

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$$

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(4.5905 \text{ ft}), (1.7803 \text{ ft})]$$

$$L_{e,req} = 4.591 \text{ ft}$$

L_e - Actual embedded length of pile,

$$L_e = L - h_e - h_2$$

$$L_e = (4.75 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$L_e = 4.75 \text{ ft}$$

Ratio - Embedded depth

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.591 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.96653$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.970**

End-bearing Capacity (ASD)

A - Pile cross-section area

$$A = b D$$

$$A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$$

q - End-bearing pressure

$$q = \frac{P_v}{A}$$

$$q = \frac{(7.541 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$$

$$q = 0.47131 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check bearing capacity ratio:

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.47131 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.23566$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.240**

Czerniak

Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):

L/D - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,

$$L/D = \frac{L}{D}$$

$$L/D = \frac{(4.75 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$$

$$L/D = 1.1875$$

Since $L/D \leq 10$,

Pile is short.

Considering x-direction:

$H_o = -0.041083 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 1.3506 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (1.3506 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.041083 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (1.3506 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.041083 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 3.2014 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (1.3506 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.041083 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(4.75 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (1.3506 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.041083 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.21066 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (1.3506 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.041083 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft}))]}{(4.75 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.66645 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(3.2014 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.24011 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.21066 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.24011 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.87734$$

p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 0.7125 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.66645 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.7125 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.93537$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.880**

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.940**

Considering z-direction:

$H_o = -0.055096 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 0.14411 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.14411 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.055096 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.14411 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.055096 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 3.3834 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (0.14411 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.055096 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(4.75 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (0.14411 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.055096 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = -0.015893 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (0.14411 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.055096 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft}))]}{(4.75 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.0070505 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(3.3834 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.25376 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(-0.015893 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.25376 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = -0.062629$$

p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 0.7125 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.0070505 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.7125 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.0098954$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **-0.060**

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.010**



Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.436 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.069427 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(14.652 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.436 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 2.3331 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(2.3331 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.069427 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 33.606 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (2.3331 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.069427 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (2.3331 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.069427 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = \frac{(-0.069427 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})}{(6 \times (2.3331 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.069427 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 3.2008 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.069427 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (33.606 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.2008 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (33.606 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.2008 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 3.669 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.069427 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(33.606 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(3.2008 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (4.75 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (33.606 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.2008 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (4.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (33.606 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.2008 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (4.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 8.5926 \text{ kipft}$$

Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.561 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.089331 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(1.475 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.561 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.23487 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.23487 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.089331 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 2.6292 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.23487 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.089331 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.23487 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.089331 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 3.3829 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.089331 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (2.6292 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.3829 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] \right. \\ \left. + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (2.6292 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.3829 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.5877 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o \cdot b \cdot L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) \right. \\ \left. - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.089331 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(2.6292 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(3.3829 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (4.75 \text{ ft})} \right) \right. \\ \left. - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (2.6292 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.3829 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (4.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (2.6292 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.3829 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (4.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 1.2442 \text{ kipft}$$

Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$ - Concrete strength,

$f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$ - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,

$\phi = 0.65$ - Reduction factor for axial strength,

$\alpha = 0.8$ - Alpha factor for axial strength,

$A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$ - Gross area of concrete,

Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load, $A_{st,required}$

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{(12.027 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -84.196 \text{ in}^2$$

A_{min} - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-84.196 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$$

n_{rebar} - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 14$$

A_{st} - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$$

Table 22.4.2.1

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

| | | |
|---|---|--|
| <p>25.2.3</p> <p>25.7.2.2</p> <p>25.7.2.1</p> | <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = 0.96556$</p> <p>$s_{rebar} = \text{Min spacing of reinforcement,}$</p> $s_{rebar} = \text{Max}[1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$ $s_{rebar} = \text{Max}[1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$ $s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$ <p>Ties:</p> <p>Since longitudinal reinforcement is \leq No. 10: Use #3(0.375 in)</p> <p>s_{ties} - Maximum spacing of ties,</p> $s_{ties} = \text{Min}[(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), \text{Min}(D, b)]$ $s_{ties} = \text{Min}[(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), \text{Min}((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]$ $s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$ <p>Summary:</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Main reinforcement: 14 - #5 (0.625 in) Ties: #3(0.375 in) - 10 in</p> | <p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.970</p> |
| <p>22.4.2.2</p> | <p>Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p>ϕP_N - Allowable axial compressive strength</p> $\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st})]$ $\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times [(0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2))]$ $\phi P_N = 2675.2 \text{ kip}$ <p>Ratio - Capacity</p> $Ratio = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$ $Ratio = \frac{(12.027 \text{ kip})}{(2675.2 \text{ kip})}$ $Ratio = 0.0044958$ | <p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000</p> |
| <p>22.5.2.2</p> <p>22.5.5.1.3</p> <p>22.5.5.1.1</p> | <p>Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p>Parameters:</p> <p>$b_w = 48 \text{ in}$ - Effective width, d - Effective depth</p> $d = 0.80 D$ $d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})$ $d = 38.4 \text{ in}$ <p>λ_s - size effect modification factor</p> $\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$ $\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$ $\lambda_s = 0.64282$ <p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,</p> <p>$V_{c,max}$ - Max shear strength of concrete</p> $V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ | |

$$V_{c,max} = 296.21 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.1(a) The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $P = 12.027 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 12027 \text{ lbf}$,
 $V_{c,a}$ - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck} + \frac{P}{6 A_g}} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi}) + \frac{(12027 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)}} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 120.09 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{c,b}$ - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck} + (0.05 f'_{ck})} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi}) + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi}))} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 348.89 \text{ kip}$$

V_c - Governing shear strength of concrete

$$V_c = \text{Min}[V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min}[(296.21 \text{ kip}), (120.09 \text{ kip}), (348.89 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 120.09 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{s,a}$ - Shear strength of steel (a)

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{s,a} = 737.28 \text{ kip}$$

A_v - Ties rebar area,

$$A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$$

22.5.8.5.3 $V_{s,b}$ - Shear strength of steel (b)

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yw} d}{s_{ties}}$$

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$$

$$V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$$

V_s - Governing shear strength of steel

$$V_s = \text{MIN}[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$$

$$V_s = \text{MIN}[(737.28 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.1.1 ϕV_n - Allowable shear strength

$$\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$$

$$\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((120.09 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$$

$$\phi V_n = 111.14 \text{ kip}$$

Considering x-direction:

V_{max} = 3.669 kip - Maximum shear force in the x-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(3.669 \text{ kip})}{(111.14 \text{ kip})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.033013$$

Considering z-direction:

$V_{max} = 0.5877 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the z-direction,
Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.5877 \text{ kip})}{(111.14 \text{ kip})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.005288$$

Status: **PASS**
 Ratio: **0.030**

Status: **PASS**
 Ratio: **0.010**

Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)

S_m - Section modulus

$$S_m = \frac{b D^2}{6}$$

$$S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$$

$$S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$$

$\lambda = 1$ - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete),

Allowable flexural strength:

M_n shall be the lesser of:

$\phi M_{n,1}$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{(2.5 \text{ ksi})} \times 18432.001 \text{ in}^3$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 249.600 \text{ kipft}$$

14.5.2.1b

$\phi M_{n,2}$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_c \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (18432 \text{ in}^3)$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = 2121.6 \text{ kipft}$$

Therefore,

ϕM_n - Allowable flexural strength,

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$$

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(249.6 \text{ kipft}), (2121.6 \text{ kipft})]$$

$$\phi M_n = 249.6 \text{ kipft}$$

Considering x-direction:

$M_{max} = 8.5926 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the x-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(8.5926 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.034426$$

Status: **PASS**
 Ratio: **0.030**

Considering z-direction:

$M_{max} = 1.2442 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the z-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(1.2442 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.0049847$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**

| REFERENCES | CALCULATIONS | RESULTS |
|------------|--------------|---------|
|------------|--------------|---------|

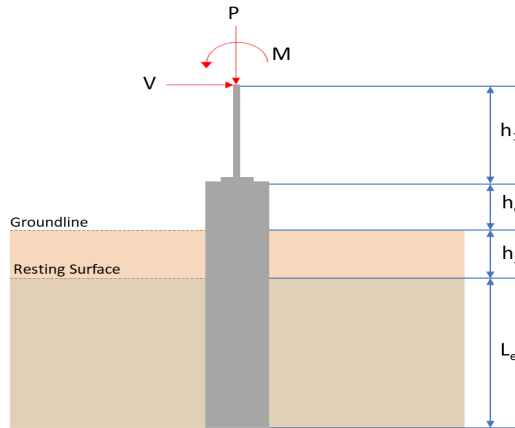
SkyCiv Foundation Design

Pile Foundation

Design Information :

Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code)
Unit System : Imperial

Pile Input



Geometry

Pile shape: rectangular

$b = 48$ in - Pile width

$D = 48$ in - Pile depth

$L = 5$ ft - Total pile length

$h_1 = 0$ ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile,

$h_2 = 0$ ft - Depth to resisting surface

$h_e = 0$ ft - Length of pile above the ground

Tabulation of Soil Parameters

| Layer | Label | Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf) | Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft) |
|-------|---|--|---|
| 1 | Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel | 2000.000 | 150.000 |

Tabulation of Loads

| Load Component | ASD | LRFD |
|----------------|--------|--------|
| P (kip) | 10.253 | 16.419 |
| V_x (kip) | -0.348 | -0.585 |
| V_z (kip) | -0.053 | -0.087 |
| M_x (kipft) | -0.142 | -0.232 |
| M_z (kipft) | 10.056 | 17.310 |

Material Properties

$f'_{ck} = 2.5$ ksi - Concrete strength.

Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD)

H - Point of application of the lateral load

$$H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$$

$$H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$H = 0 \text{ ft}$$

Considering x-direction:

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.348 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.055414 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(10.056 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.348 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 1.6013 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R} \right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R} \right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,x} = 4.8213 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in x-direction,

Considering z-direction:

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.053 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.0084395 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.142 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.053 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.022611 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_z^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R} \right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R} \right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,z} = 1.0805 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in z-direction,

Minimum embedded depth required:

$L_{e,req}$ - Depth of pile required,

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$$

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(4.8213 \text{ ft}), (1.0805 \text{ ft})]$$

$$L_{e,req} = 4.821 \text{ ft}$$

L_e - Actual embedded length of pile,

$$L_e = L - h_e - h_2$$

$$L_e = (5 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$L_e = 5 \text{ ft}$$

Ratio - Embedded depth

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.821 \text{ ft})}{(5 \text{ ft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.9642$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.960**

End-bearing Capacity (ASD)

A - Pile cross-section area

$$A = b D$$

$$A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$$

q - End-bearing pressure

$$q = \frac{P_v}{A}$$

$$q = \frac{(10.253 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$$

$$q = 0.64081 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check bearing capacity ratio:

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.64081 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.32041$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.320**

Czerniak

Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):

L/D - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,

$$L/D = \frac{L}{D}$$

$$L/D = \frac{(5 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$$

$$L/D = 1.25$$

Since $L/D \leq 10$,

Pile is short.

Considering x-direction:

$H_o = -0.055414 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 1.6013 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (1.6013 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.055414 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (1.6013 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.055414 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 3.3764 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (1.6013 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.055414 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(5 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (1.6013 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.055414 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.21932 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (1.6013 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.055414 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft}))]}{(5 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.70211 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(3.3764 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.25323 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.21932 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.25323 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.86609$$

p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 0.75 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.70211 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.75 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.93615$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.870**

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.940**

Considering z-direction:

$H_o = -0.0084395 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 0.022611 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.022611 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.0084395 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.022611 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.0084395 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 3.5643 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (0.022611 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.0084395 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(5 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (0.022611 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.0084395 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = -0.0023669 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (0.022611 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.0084395 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft}))]}{(5 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.00072611 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(3.5643 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.26732 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(-0.0023669 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.26732 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = -0.008854$$

p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 0.75 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.00072611 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.75 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.00096815$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **-0.010**

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**



Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.585 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.093153 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(17.31 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.585 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 2.7564 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(2.7564 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.093153 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 29.59 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (2.7564 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.093153 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft})^2)}{6 \times (2.7564 \text{ kipft/ft}) + 4 \times (-0.093153 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft})}$$

$$a = \frac{(-0.093153 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) + (4 \times (-0.093153 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft}))}{(6 \times (2.7564 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.093153 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 3.3755 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.093153 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (29.59 \text{ ft})}{(5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.3755 \text{ ft})}{(5 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (29.59 \text{ ft})}{(5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.3755 \text{ ft})}{(5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 4.1569 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth a/2,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.093153 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (5 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(29.59 \text{ ft})}{(5 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(3.3755 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (29.59 \text{ ft})}{(5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.3755 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (29.59 \text{ ft})}{(5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.3755 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 10.221 \text{ kipft}$$

Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.087 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.013854 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.232 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.087 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.036943 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.036943 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.013854 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 2.6667 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.036943 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.013854 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.036943 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.013854 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 3.5648 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.013854 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (2.6667 \text{ ft})}{(5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.5648 \text{ ft})}{(5 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] \right. \\ \left. + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (2.6667 \text{ ft})}{(5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.5648 \text{ ft})}{(5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.089181 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o \ b \ L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) \right. \\ \left. - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.013854 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (5 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(2.6667 \text{ ft})}{(5 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(3.5648 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5 \text{ ft})} \right) \right. \\ \left. - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (2.6667 \text{ ft})}{(5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.5648 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (2.6667 \text{ ft})}{(5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.5648 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 0.19822 \text{ kipft}$$

Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$ - Concrete strength,

$f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$ - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,

$\phi = 0.65$ - Reduction factor for axial strength,

$\alpha = 0.8$ - Alpha factor for axial strength,

$A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$ - Gross area of concrete,

Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load, $A_{st,required}$

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{(16.419 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -84.051 \text{ in}^2$$

A_{min} - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-84.051 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$$

n_{rebar} - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 14$$

A_{st} - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$$

Table 22.4.2.1

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

| | | |
|---|---|--|
| <p>25.2.3</p> <p>25.7.2.2</p> <p>25.7.2.1</p> | <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = 0.96556$</p> <p>$s_{rebar} = Min[1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$</p> <p>$s_{rebar} = Min[1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$</p> <p>$s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$</p> <p>Ties:</p> <p>Since longitudinal reinforcement is \leq No. 10: Use #3(0.375 in)</p> <p>$s_{ties} = Min[(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), Min(D, b)]$</p> <p>$s_{ties} = Min[(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), Min((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]$</p> <p>$s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$</p> <p>Summary:</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Main reinforcement: 14 - #5 (0.625 in) Ties: #3(0.375 in) - 10 in</p> | <p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.970</p> |
| <p>22.4.2.2</p> | <p>Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p>ϕP_N - Allowable axial compressive strength</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st})]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times [(0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2))]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\phi P_N = 2675.2 \text{ kip}$</p> <p>Ratio - Capacity</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = \frac{(16.419 \text{ kip})}{(2675.2 \text{ kip})}$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = 0.0061375$</p> | <p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.010</p> |
| <p>22.5.2.2</p> <p>22.5.5.1.3</p> <p>22.5.5.1.1</p> | <p>Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p>Parameters:</p> <p>$b_w = 48 \text{ in}$ - Effective width, d - Effective depth</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$d = 0.80 D$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$d = 38.4 \text{ in}$</p> <p>λ_s - size effect modification factor</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\lambda_s = MIN \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\lambda_s = MIN \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\lambda_s = 0.64282$</p> <p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,</p> <p>$V_{c,max}$ - Max shear strength of concrete</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$</p> | |

$$V_{c,max} = 296.21 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.1(a) The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $P = 16.419 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 16419 \text{ lbf}$,
 $V_{c,a}$ - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck} + \frac{P}{6 A_g}} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi}) + \frac{(16419 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)}} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 120.67 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{c,b}$ - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck} + (0.05 f'_{ck})} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi}) + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi}))} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 348.89 \text{ kip}$$

V_c - Governing shear strength of concrete

$$V_c = \text{Min}[V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min}[(296.21 \text{ kip}), (120.67 \text{ kip}), (348.89 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 120.67 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{s,a}$ - Shear strength of steel (a)

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{s,a} = 737.28 \text{ kip}$$

A_v - Ties rebar area,

$$A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$$

22.5.8.5.3 $V_{s,b}$ - Shear strength of steel (b)

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yw} d}{s_{ties}}$$

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$$

$$V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$$

V_s - Governing shear strength of steel

$$V_s = \text{MIN}[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$$

$$V_s = \text{MIN}[(737.28 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.1.1 ϕV_n - Allowable shear strength

$$\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$$

$$\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((120.67 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$$

$$\phi V_n = 111.52 \text{ kip}$$

Considering x-direction:

$V_{max} = 4.1569 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the x-direction,

$Ratio$ - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(4.1569 \text{ kip})}{(111.52 \text{ kip})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.037275$$

Considering z-direction:

$V_{max} = 0.089181 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the z-direction,

$Ratio$ - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.089181 \text{ kip})}{(111.52 \text{ kip})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.0007997$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.040**

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**

Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)

S_m - Section modulus

$$S_m = \frac{b D^2}{6}$$

$$S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$$

$$S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$$

$\lambda = 1$ - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete),

Allowable flexural strength:

M_n shall be the lesser of:

$\phi M_{n,1}$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{(2.5 \text{ ksi})} \times 18432.001 \text{ in}^3$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 249.600 \text{ kipft}$$

14.5.2.1b

$\phi M_{n,2}$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_c \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (18432 \text{ in}^3)$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = 2121.6 \text{ kipft}$$

Therefore,

ϕM_n - Allowable flexural strength,

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$$

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(249.6 \text{ kipft}), (2121.6 \text{ kipft})]$$

$$\phi M_n = 249.6 \text{ kipft}$$

Considering x-direction:

$M_{max} = 10.221 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the x-direction,

$Ratio$ - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(10.221 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.040949$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.040**

Considering z-direction:

$M_{max} = 0.19822 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the z-direction,

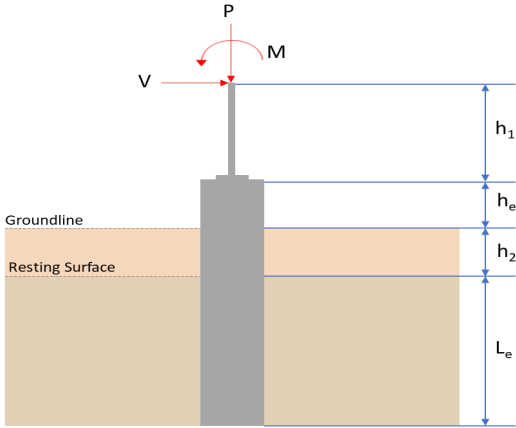
$Ratio$ - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.19822 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.00079414$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**

| REFERENCES | CALCULATIONS | RESULTS | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|---|--|---|--|---|---|---|----------|---------|----------------|-----|------|-----------|--------|--------|-------------|--------|--------|-------------|-------|-------|---------------|-------|-------|---------------|--------|--------|--|
| | <p>SkyCiv Foundation Design Pile Foundation</p> <p>Design Information : Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code) Unit System : Imperial</p> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | <p>Pile Input</p>  <p>Geometry</p> <p>Pile shape: rectangular $b = 48$ in - Pile width $D = 48$ in - Pile depth $L = 5$ ft - Total pile length $h_1 = 0$ ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile, $h_2 = 0$ ft - Depth to resisting surface $h_e = 0$ ft - Length of pile above the ground</p> <p>Tabulation of Soil Parameters</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="368 1088 1225 1189"> <thead> <tr> <th>Layer</th> <th>Label</th> <th>Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf)</th> <th>Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel</td> <td>2000.000</td> <td>150.000</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Tabulation of Loads</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="655 1290 940 1480"> <thead> <tr> <th>Load Component</th> <th>ASD</th> <th>LRFD</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>P (kip)</td> <td>10.253</td> <td>16.419</td> </tr> <tr> <td>V_x (kip)</td> <td>-0.348</td> <td>-0.585</td> </tr> <tr> <td>V_z (kip)</td> <td>0.053</td> <td>0.087</td> </tr> <tr> <td>M_x (kipft)</td> <td>0.142</td> <td>0.232</td> </tr> <tr> <td>M_z (kipft)</td> <td>10.056</td> <td>17.310</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Material Properties</p> <p>$f'_{ck} = 2.5$ ksi - Concrete strength.</p> | Layer | Label | Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf) | Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft) | 1 | Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel | 2000.000 | 150.000 | Load Component | ASD | LRFD | P (kip) | 10.253 | 16.419 | V_x (kip) | -0.348 | -0.585 | V_z (kip) | 0.053 | 0.087 | M_x (kipft) | 0.142 | 0.232 | M_z (kipft) | 10.056 | 17.310 | |
| Layer | Label | Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf) | Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel | 2000.000 | 150.000 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Load Component | ASD | LRFD | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| P (kip) | 10.253 | 16.419 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| V_x (kip) | -0.348 | -0.585 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| V_z (kip) | 0.053 | 0.087 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| M_x (kipft) | 0.142 | 0.232 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| M_z (kipft) | 10.056 | 17.310 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | <p>Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD)</p> <p>H - Point of application of the lateral load</p> $H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$ $H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$ $H = 0 \text{ ft}$ <p>Considering x-direction:</p> <p>H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,</p> $H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$ $H_o = \frac{(-0.348 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $H_o = -0.055414 \text{ kip/ft}$ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(10.056 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.348 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 1.6013 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R} \right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R} \right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,x} = 4.8213 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in x-direction,

Considering z-direction:

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(0.053 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = 0.0084395 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.142 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.053 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.022611 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_z^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R} \right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R} \right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,z} = 1.3564 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in z-direction,

Minimum embedded depth required:

$L_{e,req}$ - Depth of pile required,

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$$

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(4.8213 \text{ ft}), (1.3564 \text{ ft})]$$

$$L_{e,req} = 4.821 \text{ ft}$$

L_e - Actual embedded length of pile,

$$L_e = L - h_e - h_2$$

$$L_e = (5 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$L_e = 5 \text{ ft}$$

Ratio - Embedded depth

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.821 \text{ ft})}{(5 \text{ ft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.9642$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.960**

End-bearing Capacity (ASD)

A - Pile cross-section area

$$A = b D$$

$$A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$$

q - End-bearing pressure

$$q = \frac{P_v}{A}$$

$$q = \frac{(10.253 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$$

$$q = 0.64081 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check bearing capacity ratio:

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.64081 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.32041$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.320**

Czerniak

Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):

L/D - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,

$$L/D = \frac{L}{D}$$

$$L/D = \frac{(5 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$$

$$L/D = 1.25$$

Since $L/D \leq 10$,

Pile is short.

Considering x-direction:

$H_o = -0.055414 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 1.6013 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (1.6013 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.055414 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (1.6013 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.055414 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 3.3764 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (1.6013 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.055414 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(5 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (1.6013 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.055414 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.21932 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (1.6013 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.055414 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft}))]}{(5 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.70211 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(3.3764 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.25323 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.21932 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.25323 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.86609$$

p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 0.75 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.70211 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.75 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.93615$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.870**

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.940**

Considering z-direction:

$H_o = 0.0084395 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 0.022611 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.022611 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.0084395 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.022611 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.0084395 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 3.5643 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (0.022611 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (0.0084395 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(5 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (0.022611 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (0.0084395 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.0092832 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (0.022611 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((0.0084395 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft}))]}{(5 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.020981 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(3.5643 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.26732 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.0092832 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.26732 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.034726$$

p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 0.75 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.020981 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.75 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.027975$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.030**

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.030**



Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.585 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.093153 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(17.31 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.585 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 2.7564 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(2.7564 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.093153 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 29.59 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (2.7564 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.093153 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft})^2)}{6 \times (2.7564 \text{ kipft/ft}) + 4 \times (-0.093153 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft})}$$

$$a = \frac{(-0.093153 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) + (4 \times (-0.093153 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft}))}{(6 \times (2.7564 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.093153 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 3.3755 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.093153 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (29.59 \text{ ft})}{(5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.3755 \text{ ft})}{(5 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (29.59 \text{ ft})}{(5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.3755 \text{ ft})}{(5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 4.1569 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.093153 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (5 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(29.59 \text{ ft})}{(5 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(3.3755 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (29.59 \text{ ft})}{(5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.3755 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (29.59 \text{ ft})}{(5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.3755 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 10.221 \text{ kipft}$$

Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(0.087 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = 0.013854 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.232 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.087 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.036943 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.036943 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(0.013854 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 2.6667 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.036943 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.013854 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.036943 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.013854 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 3.5648 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((0.013854 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (2.6667 \text{ ft})}{(5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.5648 \text{ ft})}{(5 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] \right. \\ \left. + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (2.6667 \text{ ft})}{(5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.5648 \text{ ft})}{(5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.089181 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o \cdot b \cdot L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) \right. \\ \left. - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((0.013854 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (5 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(2.6667 \text{ ft})}{(5 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(3.5648 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5 \text{ ft})} \right) \right. \\ \left. - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (2.6667 \text{ ft})}{(5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.5648 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (2.6667 \text{ ft})}{(5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.5648 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 0.19822 \text{ kipft}$$

Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$ - Concrete strength,

$f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$ - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,

$\phi = 0.65$ - Reduction factor for axial strength,

$\alpha = 0.8$ - Alpha factor for axial strength,

$A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$ - Gross area of concrete,

Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load, $A_{st,required}$

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{(16.419 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -84.051 \text{ in}^2$$

A_{min} - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-84.051 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$$

n_{rebar} - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 14$$

A_{st} - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$$

Table 22.4.2.1

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

| | | |
|---|---|--|
| <p>25.2.3</p> <p>25.7.2.2</p> <p>25.7.2.1</p> | <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = 0.96556$</p> <p>$s_{rebar} = \text{Min spacing of reinforcement,}$</p> $s_{rebar} = \text{Max}[1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$ $s_{rebar} = \text{Max}[1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$ $s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$ <p>Ties:</p> <p>Since longitudinal reinforcement is \leq No. 10ø: Use #3(0.375 in)</p> <p>s_{ties} - Maximum spacing of ties,</p> $s_{ties} = \text{Min}[(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), \text{Min}(D, b)]$ $s_{ties} = \text{Min}[(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), \text{Min}((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]$ $s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$ <p>Summary:</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Main reinforcement: 14 - #5 (0.625 in) Ties: #3(0.375 in) - 10 in</p> | <p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.970</p> |
| <p>22.4.2.2</p> | <p>Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p>ϕP_N - Allowable axial compressive strength</p> $\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st})]$ $\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times [(0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2))]$ $\phi P_N = 2675.2 \text{ kip}$ <p><i>Ratio</i> - Capacity</p> $Ratio = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$ $Ratio = \frac{(16.419 \text{ kip})}{(2675.2 \text{ kip})}$ $Ratio = 0.0061375$ | <p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.010</p> |
| <p>22.5.2.2</p> <p>22.5.5.1.3</p> <p>22.5.5.1.1</p> | <p>Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p>Parameters:</p> <p>$b_w = 48 \text{ in}$ - Effective width, d - Effective depth</p> $d = 0.80 D$ $d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})$ $d = 38.4 \text{ in}$ <p>λ_s - size effect modification factor</p> $\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$ $\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$ $\lambda_s = 0.64282$ <p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,</p> <p>$V_{c,max}$ - Max shear strength of concrete</p> $V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ | |

$$V_{c,max} = 296.21 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.1(a) The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $P = 16.419 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 16419 \text{ lbf}$,
 $V_{c,a}$ - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck} + \frac{P}{6 A_g}} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi}) + \frac{(16419 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)}} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 120.67 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{c,b}$ - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck} + (0.05 f'_{ck})} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi}) + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi}))} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 348.89 \text{ kip}$$

V_c - Governing shear strength of concrete

$$V_c = \text{Min} [V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min} [(296.21 \text{ kip}), (120.67 \text{ kip}), (348.89 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 120.67 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{s,a}$ - Shear strength of steel (a)

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{s,a} = 737.28 \text{ kip}$$

A_v - Ties rebar area,

$$A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$$

22.5.8.5.3 $V_{s,b}$ - Shear strength of steel (b)

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yw} d}{s_{ties}}$$

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$$

$$V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$$

V_s - Governing shear strength of steel

$$V_s = \text{MIN} [V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$$

$$V_s = \text{MIN} [(737.28 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.1.1 ϕV_n - Allowable shear strength

$$\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$$

$$\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((120.67 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$$

$$\phi V_n = 111.52 \text{ kip}$$

Considering x-direction:

$V_{max} = 4.1569 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the x-direction,

$Ratio$ - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(4.1569 \text{ kip})}{(111.52 \text{ kip})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.037275$$

Considering z-direction:

$V_{max} = 0.089181 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the z-direction,

$Ratio$ - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.089181 \text{ kip})}{(111.52 \text{ kip})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.0007997$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.040**

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**

Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)

S_m - Section modulus

$$S_m = \frac{b D^2}{6}$$

$$S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$$

$$S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$$

$\lambda = 1$ - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete),

Allowable flexural strength:

M_n shall be the lesser of:

$\phi M_{n,1}$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{(2.5 \text{ ksi})} \times 18432.001 \text{ in}^3$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 249.600 \text{ kipft}$$

14.5.2.1b $\phi M_{n,2}$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_c \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (18432 \text{ in}^3)$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = 2121.6 \text{ kipft}$$

Therefore,

ϕM_n - Allowable flexural strength,

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$$

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(249.6 \text{ kipft}), (2121.6 \text{ kipft})]$$

$$\phi M_n = 249.6 \text{ kipft}$$

Considering x-direction:

$M_{max} = 10.221 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the x-direction,

$Ratio$ - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(10.221 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.040949$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.040**

Considering z-direction:

$M_{max} = 0.19822 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the z-direction,

$Ratio$ - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.19822 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.00079414$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**