

## Project Details



**Project Name:** Hales-v1cu

**Date:** Tue Sep 24 2024

**Location:** 526 Stampede Pass, Cañon City, CO 81212,

**Number of Modules:** 24

USA

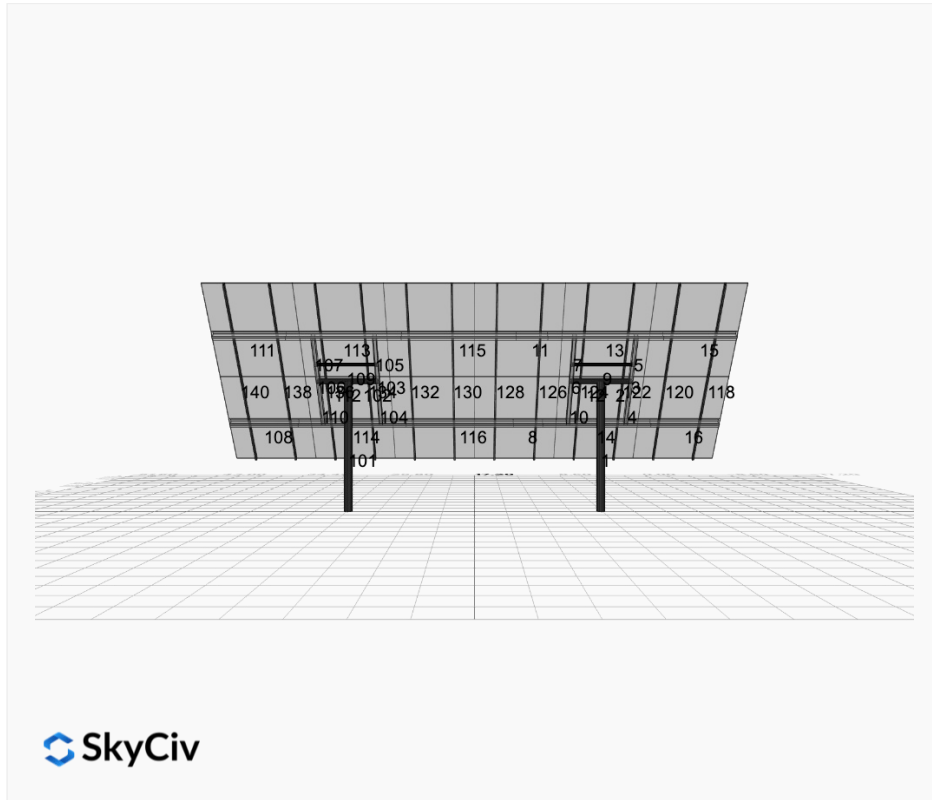
**Number of Poles:** 2

**Unique ID:** 2P-17-6TOP-SD-57-L-4Hx6W-202E

**Date Sold:**

**Dealer:** \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_



<b>Array Dimensions N/S</b>	15.03 ft
<b>Array Dimensions E/W</b>	34.40 ft
<b>Winter Tilt Angle</b>	50
<b>Front Edge Clearance</b>	3 ft

### MT Solar Bill of Materials (2P-17-6TOP-SD-57-L-4Hx6W-202E)

Part	Short Description	BOM Qty
MTS-PC-6	6IN Pole Cap Assembly	2
MTS-HF-SD	H-Frame Assembly-SD	2
MTS-SD-Wing-57	57IN SD Wing	4
MTS-SD-Splice-57	57IN SD Splice	4
MTS-CLAMP-HOOK-4PK	Hook Clamp	6

### Rail Bill of Materials

Part	Qty
Rails (178in)	12
Rail Attachment	24
Module Mid Clamp	36
Module End Clamp	24
Ground Lug	6

Site Details:



Site Address: 526 Stampede Pass, Cañon City, CO 81212, USA

Array Specification

Duty Classification:	SD
Module Width:	44.60 in
Module Length:	67.80in
Number of Rows:	4
Number of Columns:	6
Total Number of Modules:	24
Winter Tilt Angle:	50
Front Edge Clearance:	3
Total Array Height at Tilt:	14.52 ft
Total Frame Length:	34.00 ft
Frame Weight:	1757 lbs
Array Dimensions N/S:	15.03 ft
Array Dimensions E/W:	34.40 ft
Rail Length:	180.40 in
Rail Spacing:	2.87 ft

Support Specifications

Pole Size:	6in Pipe Sch 40
Pole Length above Grade:	8.76 ft
Number of Poles:	2
Pole Spacing:	17 ft

Foundation Specifications

Foundation Type:	Square
Foundation Dimensions:	48 x 48 in
Foundation Depth (below grade):	Pile 1: 5.50 ft Pile 2: 5.50 ft
Foundation Volume:	6.519 y <sup>3</sup>

Site Info

Risk Category:	II
Exposure:	C
Soil Classification:	sand
Site Location:	526 Stampede Pass, Cañon City, CO 81212, USA
Wind Speed:	105 mph
Snow Load:	63 psf

### **Design Disclaimer**

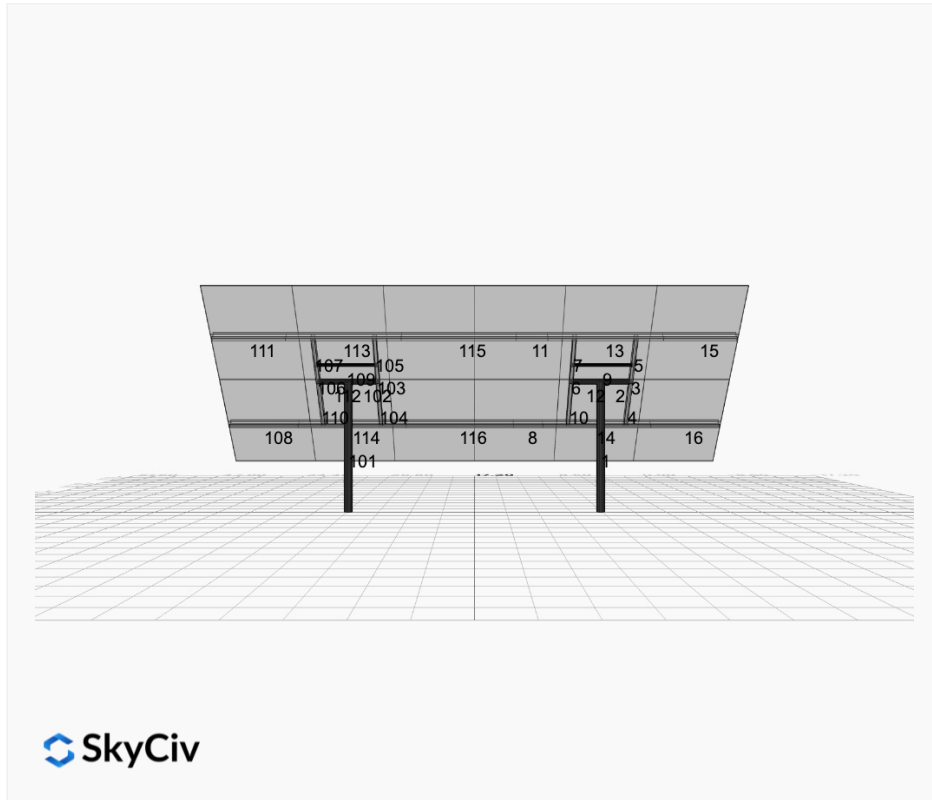
This software should be used for preliminary designs and should not be used as a final design unless reviewed, verified and designed by a qualified structural engineer.

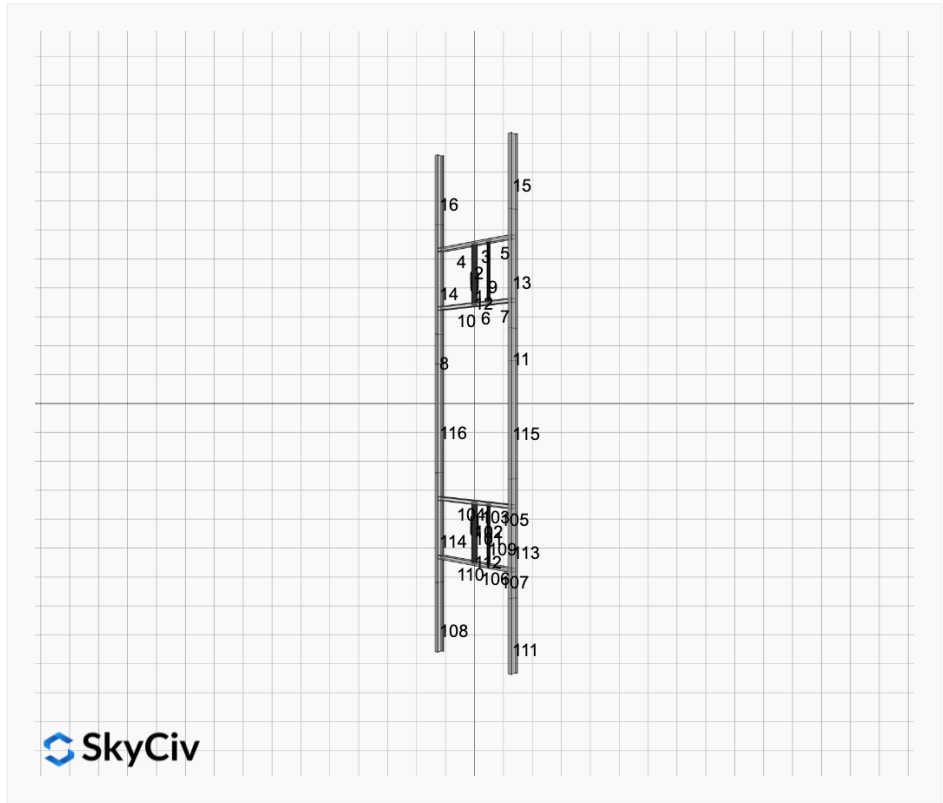
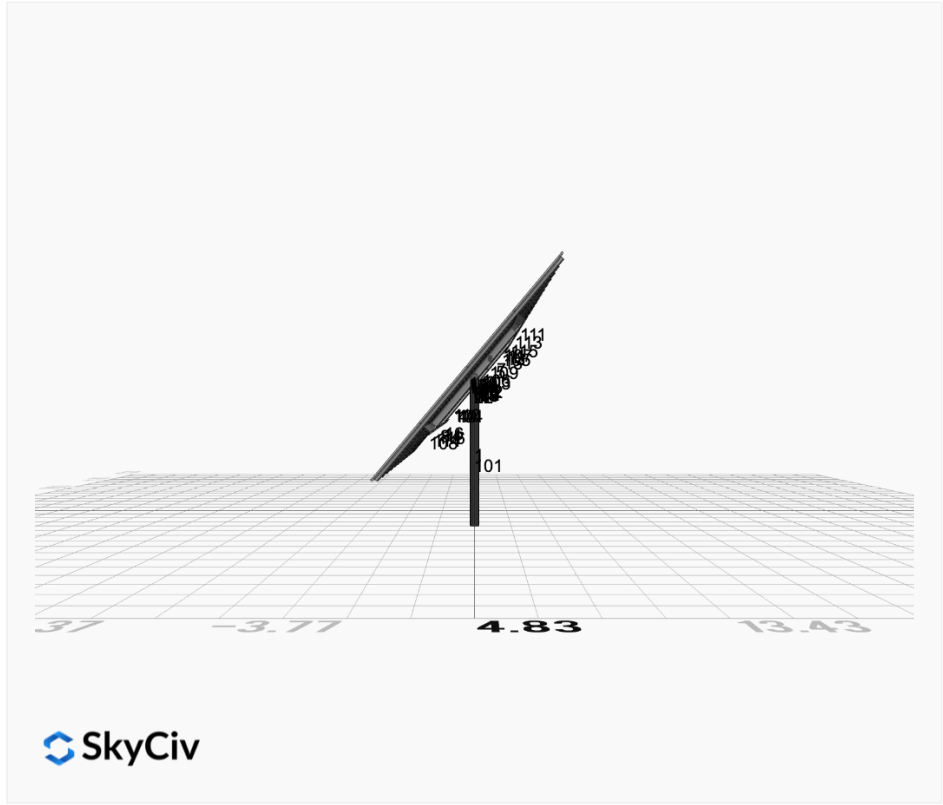
## AutoDesigner Input

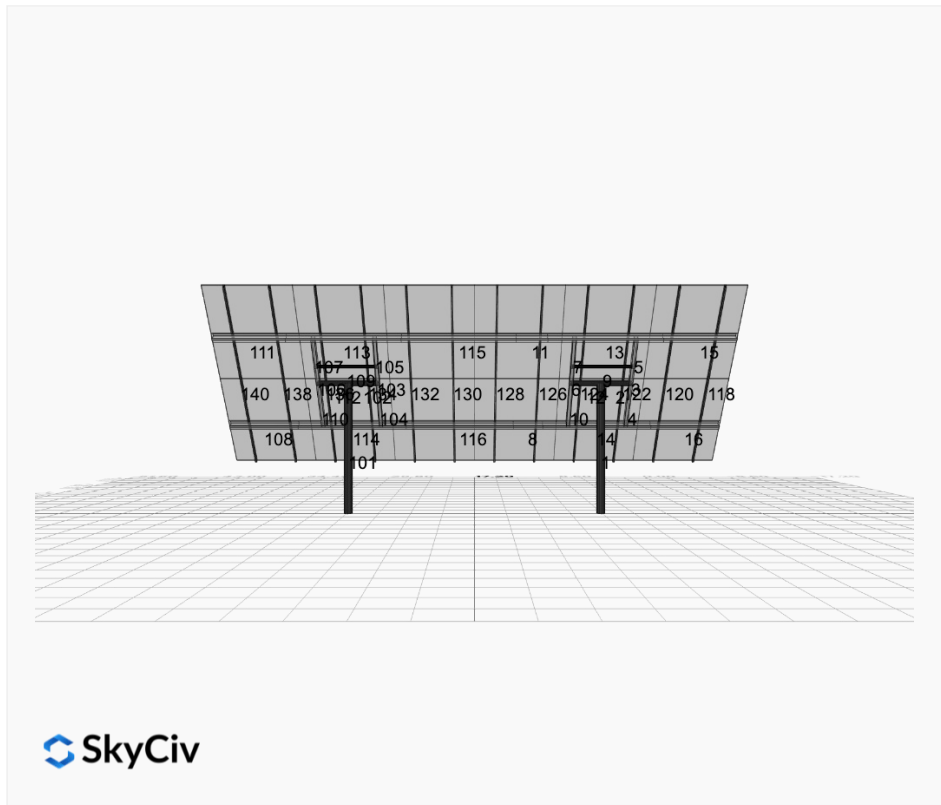
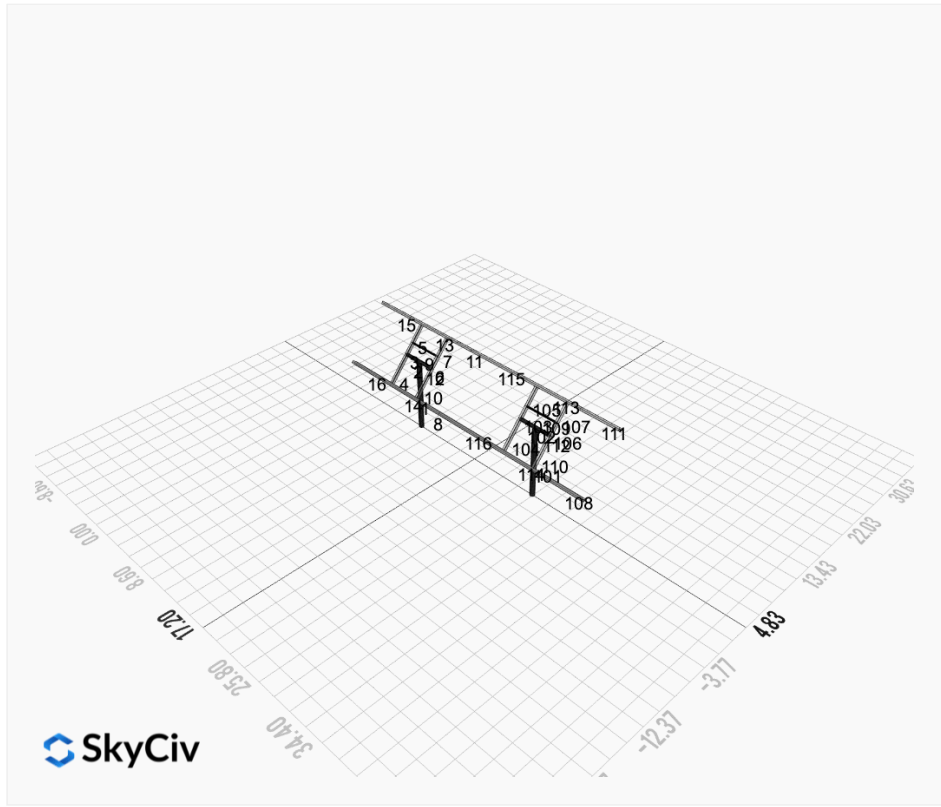
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### Design Notes:

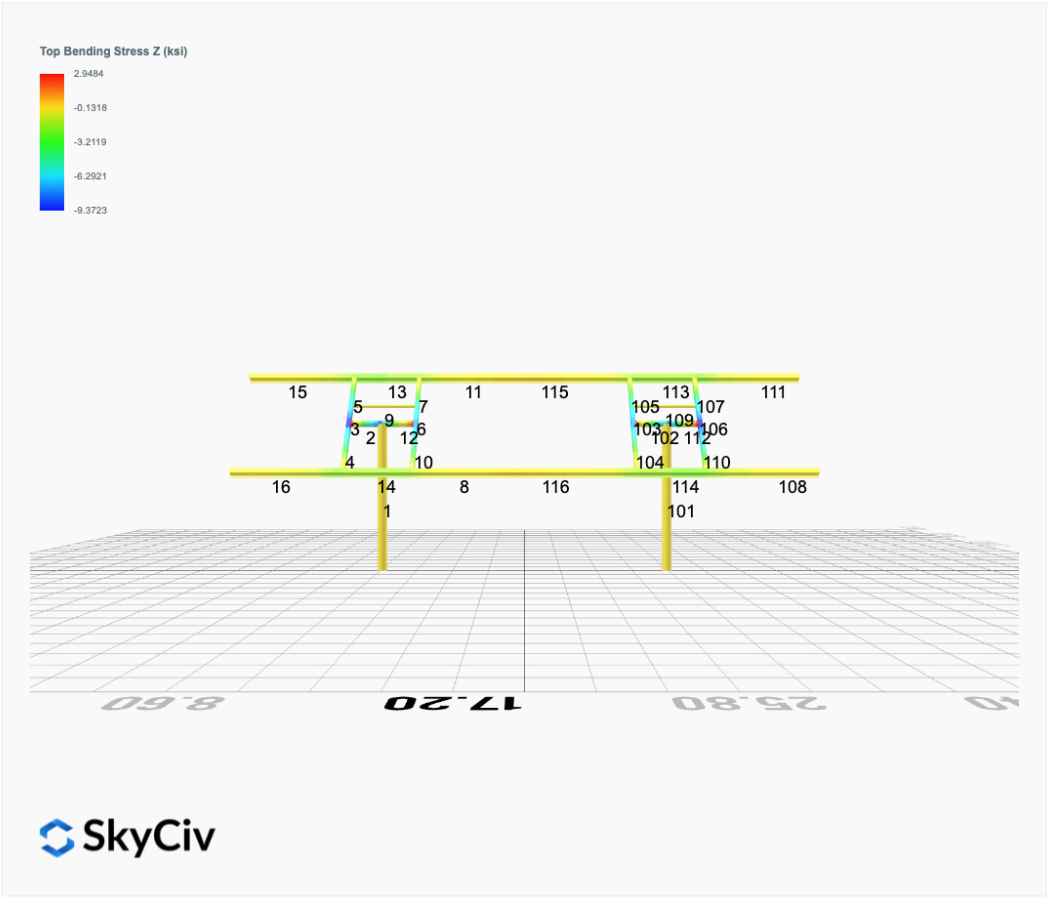
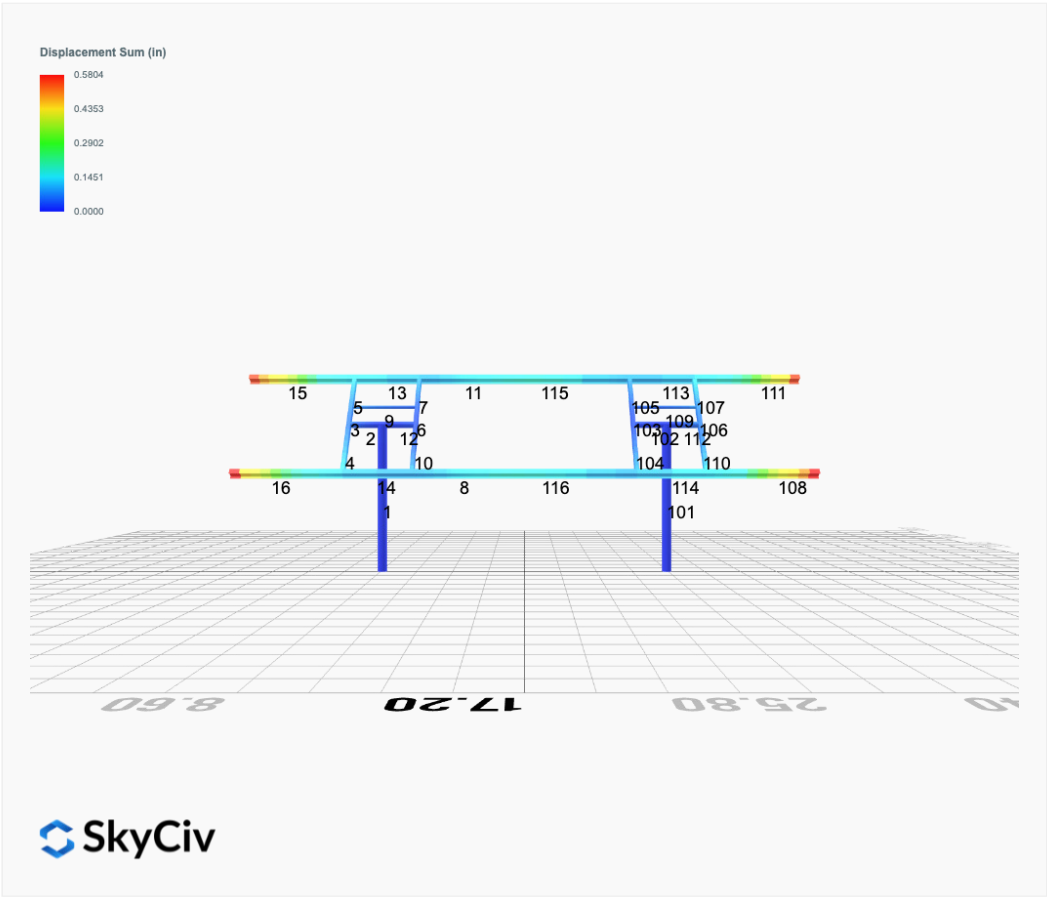
- AISC Deflection checks are set to L/1 due to structure design intent
- Foundation Soil Parameters used in this Autodesign are all estimates, proper geotechnical reports are required to confirm soil profiles
- Wind speeds, snow loads and other site specific results are based on ASCE 7 2016
- Steel frame design checks are based on AISC 360 2016 (LRFD)



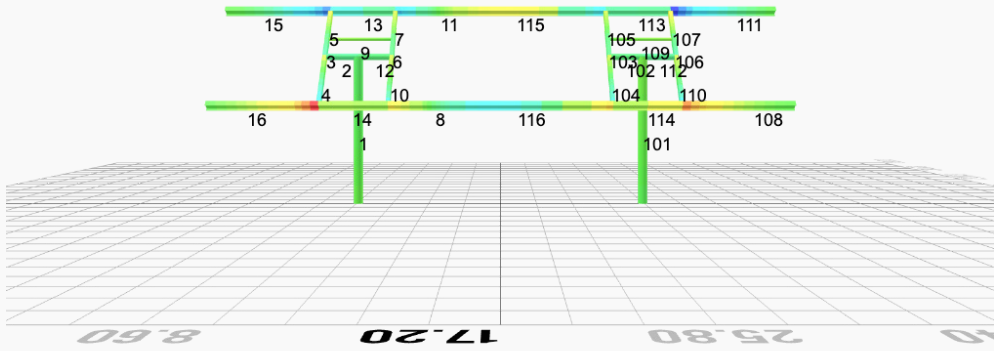
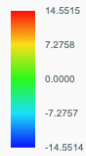




# FEM Results (Envelope Worst Case for each member)

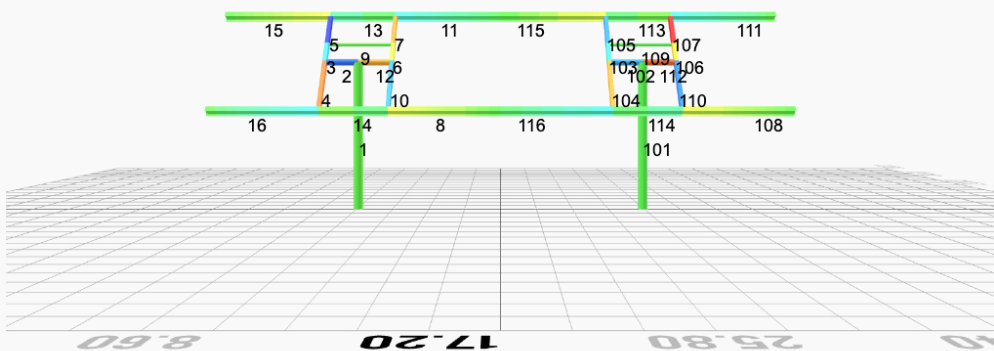


Top Bending Stress Y (ksi)



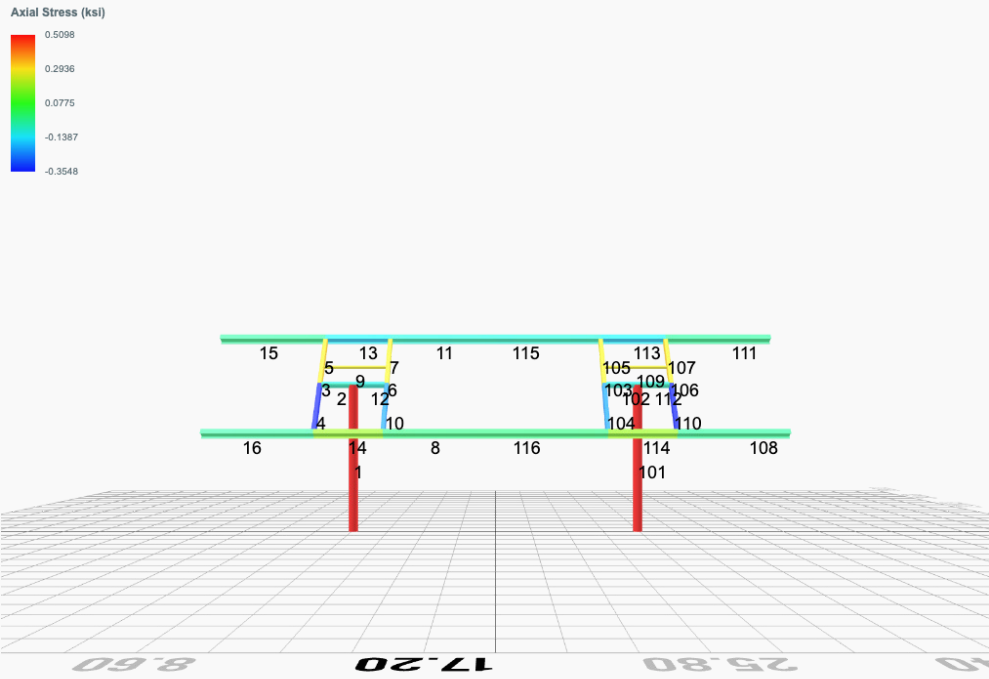
 SkyCiv

Shear Stress Y (ksi)



 SkyCiv





## Reaction Forces for Foundation 1 (Node ID#1), (kip, kip-ft)

### ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	-0.0000	1.8389	-0.0468	-0.1184	0.0995	0.0163
ULS: 2. D + L	-0.0000	1.8389	-0.0468	-0.1184	0.0995	0.0163
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	-0.0000	4.6840	-0.1339	-0.3391	0.2846	0.0313
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	-0.0000	1.8389	-0.0468	-0.1184	0.0995	0.0163
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	-0.0000	3.9727	-0.1121	-0.2839	0.2383	0.0275
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	-0.0000	1.8389	-0.0468	-0.1184	0.0995	0.0163
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	-0.0000	1.8389	-0.0468	-0.1184	0.0995	0.0163
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	-0.0000	3.9727	-0.1121	-0.2839	0.2383	0.0275
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	-0.0000	1.1033	-0.0281	-0.0710	0.0597	0.0098
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.1176	3.6157	-0.1558	-0.3863	0.4468	18.8143
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.0000	1.8389	-0.0468	-0.1184	0.0995	0.0163
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	2.1176	0.0620	0.0621	0.1488	-0.2483	-18.2858
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	-0.0000	1.8389	-0.0468	-0.1184	0.0995	0.0163
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.5882	5.3054	-0.1939	-0.4849	0.4988	14.1260
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.0000	3.9727	-0.1121	-0.2839	0.2383	0.0275
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.5882	2.6401	-0.0304	-0.0836	-0.0225	-13.6990
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	-0.0000	3.9727	-0.1121	-0.2839	0.2383	0.0275
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.5882	3.1715	-0.1285	-0.3193	0.3600	14.1148
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.0000	1.8389	-0.0468	-0.1184	0.0995	0.0163
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.5882	0.5062	0.0349	0.0820	-0.1613	-13.7102
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	-0.0000	1.8389	-0.0468	-0.1184	0.0995	0.0163
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.1176	2.8802	-0.1371	-0.3390	0.4070	18.8078
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.0000	1.1033	-0.0281	-0.0710	0.0597	0.0098
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	2.1176	-0.6735	0.0808	0.1961	-0.2881	-18.2923
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	-0.0000	1.1033	-0.0281	-0.0710	0.0597	0.0098

### Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.  
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	8.2396
Shear X	-3.5293
Shear Z	-0.2868
Moment X	-0.7212
Moment Y (Twist)	0.7896
Moment Z	31.9463

### Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.  
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	5.3054
Shear X	-2.1176
Shear Z	-0.1939
Moment X	-0.4849
Moment Y (Twist)	0.4988
Moment Z	18.8143

## Reaction Forces for Foundation 2 (Node ID#101), (kip, kip-ft)

### ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	0.0000	1.8389	0.0468	0.1184	-0.0996	0.0162
ULS: 2. D + L	0.0000	1.8389	0.0468	0.1184	-0.0996	0.0162
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0000	4.6840	0.1339	0.3391	-0.2848	0.0311
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0000	1.8389	0.0468	0.1184	-0.0996	0.0162
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0000	3.9727	0.1121	0.2839	-0.2385	0.0274

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0000	1.8389	0.0468	0.1184	-0.0996	0.0162
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	0.0000	1.8389	0.0468	0.1184	-0.0996	0.0162
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	0.0000	3.9727	0.1121	0.2839	-0.2385	0.0274
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	0.0000	1.1033	0.0281	0.0710	-0.0597	0.0097
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.1176	3.6157	0.1558	0.3862	-0.4470	18.8141
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	0.0000	1.8389	0.0468	0.1184	-0.0996	0.0162
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	2.1176	0.0620	-0.0621	-0.1486	0.2483	-18.2858
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0000	1.8389	0.0468	0.1184	-0.0996	0.0162
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.5882	5.3054	0.1939	0.4848	-0.4991	14.1258
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	0.0000	3.9727	0.1121	0.2839	-0.2385	0.0274
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.5882	2.6401	0.0304	0.0837	0.0224	-13.6991
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0000	3.9727	0.1121	0.2839	-0.2385	0.0274
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.5882	3.1715	0.1285	0.3192	-0.3601	14.1147
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	0.0000	1.8389	0.0468	0.1184	-0.0996	0.0162
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.5882	0.5063	-0.0349	-0.0818	0.1613	-13.7103
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0000	1.8389	0.0468	0.1184	-0.0996	0.0162
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.1176	2.8802	0.1371	0.3388	-0.4072	18.8077
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	0.0000	1.1033	0.0281	0.0710	-0.0597	0.0097
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	2.1176	-0.6735	-0.0808	-0.1959	0.2881	-18.2922
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0000	1.1033	0.0281	0.0710	-0.0597	0.0097

### Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.  
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	8.2396
Shear X	-3.5293
Shear Z	0.2868
Moment X	0.7213
Moment Y (Twist)	0.7901
Moment Z	31.9466

### Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.  
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	5.3054
Shear X	-2.1176
Shear Z	0.1939
Moment X	0.4848
Moment Y (Twist)	0.4991
Moment Z	18.8141

Project Details

Design Code: AISC 360-16 LRFD  
Provision: LRFD  
Country: United States  
  
User Name: sales@mtsolar.us  
Unit System: imperial



Design Input Information

Design Factors			
$\Phi_t$	$\Phi_c$	$\Phi_b$	$\Phi_v$
0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9

Design Materials			
ID	E (ksi)	$F_y$ (ksi)	$F_u$ (ksi)
1	29000	50	65

Section Dimensions								
ID	Name	d (in)	$t_w$ (in)					
1	2in Pipe Sch 40	2.38	0.15					
4	4in Pipe Sch 40	4.50	0.24					
7	6in Pipe Sch 40	6.63	0.28					
ID	Name	d (in)	b (in)	$t_w$ (in)	$t_b$ (in)	r (in)		
15	HSS5x3x1/8	5.00	3.00	0.12	0.12	0.12		
ID	Name	d (in)	$t_w$ (in)	$b_t$ (in)	$b_b$ (in)	$t_t$ (in)	$t_b$ (in)	r (in)
18	W6x9	5.90	0.17	3.94	3.94	0.21	0.21	0.25

Section Properties								
ID	Name	A (in <sup>2</sup> )	J (in <sup>4</sup> )	$I_{yp}$ (in <sup>4</sup> )	$I_{zp}$ (in <sup>4</sup> )	$I_w$ (in <sup>6</sup> )	$S_{yp}$ (in <sup>3</sup> )	$S_{zp}$ (in <sup>3</sup> )

1	2in Pipe Sch 40	1.07	1.33	0.67	0.67	0.00	0.76	0.76
4	4in Pipe Sch 40	3.17	14.47	7.23	7.23	0.00	4.31	4.31
7	6in Pipe Sch 40	5.58	56.28	28.14	28.14	0.00	11.28	11.28
15	HSS5x3x1/8	1.77	6.02	2.75	6.03	0.51	2.07	2.93
18	W6x9	2.68	0.04	2.20	16.40	17.70	1.72	6.23

Member Properties									
Member ID	Section ID	K <sub>z</sub> L (ft)	K <sub>y</sub> L (ft)	L <sub>b</sub> (ft)	C <sub>b</sub>	LS T	LS C	L D	
1	7	18.39	18.39	8.76	-	300	200	1	
2	4	1.30	1.30	2.00	-	300	200	1	
3	15	0.92	0.92	1.42	1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.19,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.17,1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.19	300	200	1	
4	15	2.44	2.44	3.75	1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.65,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68	300	200	1	
5	15	1.52	1.52	2.33	1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.67	300	200	1	
6	15	0.92	0.92	1.42	1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18	300	200	1	
7	15	1.52	1.52	2.33	1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.67	300	200	1	
8	18	1.33	1.33	2.05	2.02,2.02,2.03,2.02,2.02,2.03,1.97,2.02,1.91,2.02,1.97,2.03,1.94,2.03,1.99,2.02,2.12,2.02,1.98,2.03,1.90,2.03,1.97,2.03,1.95,2.03	300	200	1	
9	1	2.60	2.60	4.00	-	300	200	1	
10	15	2.44	2.44	3.75	1.68,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.65,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68	300	200	1	
11	18	1.33	1.33	2.05	2.04,2.04,2.04,2.04,2.04,2.04,2.00,2.04,1.93,2.04,1.99,2.04,1.96,2.04,2.02,2.04,2.14,2.04,2.00,2.04,1.92,2.04,1.99,2.04,1.96,2.04	300	200	1	
12	4	1.30	1.30	2.00	-	300	200	1	
13	18	4.88	4.00	7.50	1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.11,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10	300	200	1	
14	18	4.88	4.00	7.50	1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.11,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10	300	200	1	
15	18	9.97	9.97	4.75	2.33,2.33	300	200	1	
16	18	9.97	9.97	4.75	2.33,2.33	300	200	1	
101	7	18.39	18.39	8.76	-	300	200	1	
102	4	1.30	1.30	2.00	-	300	200	1	
103	15	0.92	0.92	1.42	1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18	300	200	1	
104	15	2.44	2.44	3.75	1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.65,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68	300	200	1	
105	15	1.52	1.52	2.33	1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.67	300	200	1	
106	15	0.92	0.92	1.42	1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.19,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.17,1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.19	300	200	1	
107	15	1.52	1.52	2.33	1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.67	300	200	1	
108	18	9.97	9.97	4.75	2.33,2.33	300	200	1	
109	1	2.60	2.60	4.00	-	300	200	1	
110	15	2.44	2.44	3.75	1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.65,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68	300	200	1	
111	18	9.97	9.97	4.75	2.33,2.33	300	200	1	
112	4	1.30	1.30	2.00	-	300	200	1	



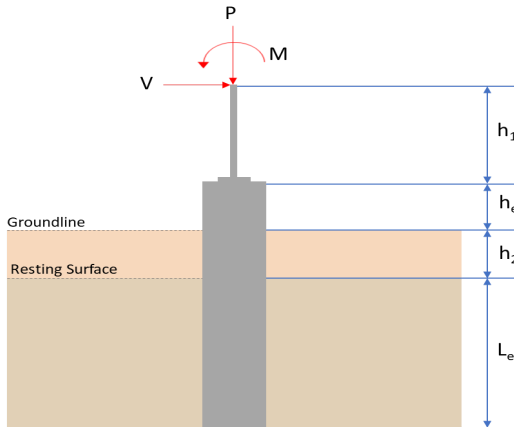
5	0.018	0.394	0.337	0.063	0.066	0.458	#21	0.073	Not Required	Pass
6	0.016	0.529	0.092	0.052	0.008	0.599	#21	0.044	Not Required	Pass
7	0.015	0.329	0.232	0.053	0.047	0.379	#21	0.073	Not Required	Pass
8	0.002	0.058	0.097	0.031	0.015	0.129	#21	0.088	Not Required	Pass
9	0.015	0.047	0.086	0.002	0.003	0.129	#13	0.198	Not Required	Pass
10	0.014	0.525	0.253	0.053	0.045	0.706	#21	0.078	Not Required	Pass
11	0.003	0.058	0.096	0.031	0.015	0.129	#21	0.059	Not Required	Pass
12	0.004	0.327	0.208	0.083	0.038	0.478	#13	0.034	Not Required	Pass
13	0.009	0.215	0.471	0.043	0.021	0.676	#21	0.177	Not Required	Pass
14	0.010	0.219	0.471	0.043	0.020	0.676	#21	0.265	Not Required	Pass
15	0.000	0.095	0.252	0.031	0.015	0.343	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
16	0.000	0.095	0.252	0.031	0.015	0.343	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
101	0.066	0.755	0.042	0.047	0.004	0.798	#13	0.491	Not Required	Pass
102	0.004	0.327	0.208	0.083	0.038	0.478	#13	0.034	Not Required	Pass
103	0.016	0.529	0.092	0.052	0.008	0.599	#21	0.044	Not Required	Pass
104	0.014	0.525	0.253	0.053	0.045	0.706	#21	0.078	Not Required	Pass
105	0.015	0.329	0.232	0.053	0.047	0.379	#21	0.073	Not Required	Pass
106	0.018	0.636	0.157	0.064	0.027	0.777	#21	0.044	Not Required	Pass
107	0.018	0.394	0.337	0.063	0.066	0.458	#21	0.073	Not Required	Pass
108	0.000	0.095	0.252	0.031	0.015	0.343	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
109	0.015	0.047	0.086	0.002	0.003	0.129	#13	0.198	Not Required	Pass
110	0.018	0.633	0.316	0.063	0.053	0.795	#21	0.078	Not Required	Pass
111	0.000	0.095	0.252	0.031	0.015	0.343	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
112	0.003	0.437	0.257	0.104	0.044	0.635	#13	0.052	Not Required	Pass
113	0.009	0.215	0.471	0.043	0.021	0.676	#21	0.177	Not Required	Pass
114	0.010	0.219	0.471	0.043	0.020	0.676	#21	0.265	Not Required	Pass
115	0.003	0.058	0.177	0.031	0.015	0.215	#21	0.329	Not Required	Pass
116	0.004	0.058	0.178	0.031	0.015	0.214	#21	0.493	Not Required	Pass

## Definitions

$\Phi_t$	Safety factor for tensile
$\Phi_c$	Safety factor for compression
$\Phi_b$	Safety factor for flexure
$\Phi_v$	Safety factor for shear
E	Modulus of elasticity
$F_y$	Specified minimum yield stress
$F_u$	Specified minimum tensile strength
A	Cross-sectional area
J	Torsional constant
$I_{yp}$	Moment of inertia about the Y axes
$I_{zp}$	Moment of inertia about the Z axes
$I_w$	Warping constant
$S_{yp}$	Plastic section modulus about the Y axis
$S_{zp}$	Plastic section modulus about the Z axis
KL	Effective length
$C_b$	Buckling modification factor (from all load combinations)
$L_b$	Length between braced points
LST	Limited slenderness for tension
LSC	Limited slenderness for compression
LD	Limited deflection
$P_n$	Nominal axial strength (tension/compression)
$M_n$	Nominal flexural strength (about Z/Y axis)
$V_n$	Nominal shear strength (along Z/Y axis)
P	Design ratio in case of axial force
$M_z$	Design ratio in case of bending about Z axis
$M_y$	Design ratio in case of bending about Y axis
$V_y$	Design ratio in case of shear along Y axis
$V_z$	Design ratio in case of shear along Z axis

(P,M <sub>z</sub> ,M <sub>y</sub> )	Design ratio in case of axial force and bending action
KL/r	Design ratio in case of section slenderness
δ	Design ratio in case of member deflection
OK	Capacity is provided
NG	Capacity is not provided



REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS																										
	<div><div>SkyCiv Foundation Design</div><div>Pile Foundation</div><div>Design Information :</div><div>Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code)</div><div>Unit System : Imperial</div></div>																											
	<div><div>Pile Input</div><div></div><div>Geometry</div><div>Pile shape: rectangular b = 48 in - Pile width D = 48 in - Pile depth L = 5.5 ft - Total pile length h1 = 0 ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile, h2 = 0 ft - Depth to resisting surface he = 0 ft - Length of pile above the ground</div><div>Tabulation of Soil Parameters</div><table><thead><tr><th>Layer</th><th>Label</th><th>Allowable Bearing Pressure (qa) (psf)</th><th>Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>1</td><td>Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel &amp; clayey gravel</td><td>2000.000</td><td>150.000</td></tr></tbody></table><div>Tabulation of Loads</div><table><thead><tr><th>Load Component</th><th>ASD</th><th>LRFD</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>P (kip)</td><td>5.305</td><td>8.240</td></tr><tr><td>Vx (kip)</td><td>-2.118</td><td>-3.529</td></tr><tr><td>Vz (kip)</td><td>-0.194</td><td>-0.287</td></tr><tr><td>Mx (kipft)</td><td>-0.485</td><td>-0.721</td></tr><tr><td>Mz (kipft)</td><td>18.814</td><td>31.946</td></tr></tbody></table><div>Material Properties</div><div>f'ck = 2.5 ksi - Concrete strength,</div></div>	Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure (qa) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)	1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000	Load Component	ASD	LRFD	P (kip)	5.305	8.240	Vx (kip)	-2.118	-3.529	Vz (kip)	-0.194	-0.287	Mx (kipft)	-0.485	-0.721	Mz (kipft)	18.814	31.946	
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	<div><div>Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD)</div><div>H - Point of application of the lateral load</div><div><div><div><div><math display="block">H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e</math></div><div><math display="block">H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})</math></div><div><math display="block">H = 0 \text{ ft}</math></div></div></div><div>Considering x-direction:</div><div>Ho - Lateral force per length of pile,</div><div><div><div><math display="block">H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}</math></div><div><math display="block">H_o = \frac{(-2.118 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}</math></div><div><math display="block">H_o = -0.33726 \text{ kip/ft}</math></div></div></div></div></div>																											

	<p><math>M_o</math> - Moment per length of pile,</p> $M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$ $M_o = \frac{(18.814 \text{ kipft}) + ((-2.118 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $M_o = 2.996 \text{ kipft/ft}$ <p>Required depth of embedment in earth:</p> $L_x^3 - \left( 14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R} \right) - \left( 18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R} \right) = 0$ <p>Solving the cubic equation:  <math>L_{e,x} = 5.1386 \text{ ft}</math> - Required depth in x-direction,</p> <p><b>Considering z-direction:</b></p> <p><math>H_o</math> - Lateral force per length of pile,</p> $H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$ $H_o = \frac{(-0.194 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $H_o = -0.030892 \text{ kip/ft}$ <p><math>M_o</math> - Moment per length of pile,</p> $M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$ $M_o = \frac{(0.485 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.194 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $M_o = 0.077229 \text{ kipft/ft}$ <p>Required depth of embedment in earth:</p> $L_z^3 - \left( 14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R} \right) - \left( 18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R} \right) = 0$ <p>Solving the cubic equation:  <math>L_{e,z} = 1.5027 \text{ ft}</math> - Required depth in z-direction,</p> <p><b>Minimum embedded depth required:</b></p> <p><math>L_{e,req}</math> - Depth of pile required,</p> $L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$ $L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(5.1386 \text{ ft}), (1.5027 \text{ ft})]$ $L_{e,req} = 5.139 \text{ ft}$ <p><math>L_e</math> - Actual embedded length of pile,</p> $L_e = L - h_e - h_2$ $L_e = (5.5 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$ $L_e = 5.5 \text{ ft}$ <p><b>Ratio</b> - Embedded depth</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(5.139 \text{ ft})}{(5.5 \text{ ft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.93436$	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b>  Ratio: <b>0.930</b></p>
	<p><b>End-bearing Capacity (ASD)</b></p> <p><math>A</math> - Pile cross-section area</p> $A = b D$ $A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$ $A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$ <p><math>q</math> - End-bearing pressure</p>	

	$q = \frac{P_v}{A}$ $q = \frac{(5.305 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$ $q = 0.33156 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p><b>Check bearing capacity ratio:</b></p> <p>Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.33156 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.16578$	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>0.170</b></p>
Czerniak	<p><b>Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):</b></p> <p><math>L/D</math> - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,</p> $L/D = \frac{L}{D}$ $L/D = \frac{(5.5 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$ $L/D = 1.375$ <p>Since <math>L/D \leq 10</math>,</p> <p>Pile is short.</p> <p><b>Considering x-direction:</b></p> <p><math>H_o = -0.33726 \text{ kip/ft}</math> - Lateral force per length of pile,  <math>M_o = 2.996 \text{ kipft/ft}</math> - Overturning moment per length of pile,  <math>a</math> - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,</p> $a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$ $a = \frac{(4 \times (2.996 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.33726 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (2.996 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.33726 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft}))}$ $a = 3.8006 \text{ ft}$ <p><math>p</math> - Earth pressure against the pile at distance <math>a/2</math> from resting surface,</p> $p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$ $p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (2.996 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.33726 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(5.5 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (2.996 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.33726 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft}))]}$ $p = 0.19354 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p><math>s</math> - Earth pressure against the pile at distance <math>L_e</math>,</p> $s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$ $s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (2.996 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.33726 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft}))]}{(5.5 \text{ ft})^2}$ $s = 0.82052 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p><b>Check lateral soil pressure capacity:</b></p> <p><math>p_a</math> - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth <math>a/2</math>,</p> $p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$ $p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(3.8006 \text{ ft})}{2}$ $p_a = 0.28504 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p>	

	$Ratio = \frac{p}{p_a}$ $Ratio = \frac{(0.19354 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.28504 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $Ratio = 0.67899$ <p><math>p_s</math> - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth <math>L_e</math>,</p> $p_s = R L_e$ $p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft})$ $p_s = 0.825 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $Ratio = \frac{s}{p_s}$ $Ratio = \frac{(0.82052 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.825 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $Ratio = 0.99457$	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>0.680</b></p> <p>Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>0.990</b></p>
	<p><b>Considering z-direction:</b></p> <p><math>H_o = -0.030892 \text{ kip/ft}</math> - Lateral force per length of pile,  <math>M_o = 0.077229 \text{ kipft/ft}</math> - Overturning moment per length of pile,  <math>a</math> - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,</p> $a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$ $a = \frac{(4 \times (0.077229 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.030892 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.077229 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.030892 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft}))}$ $a = 3.9392 \text{ ft}$ <p><math>p</math> - Earth pressure against the pile at distance <math>a/2</math> from resting surface,</p> $p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$ $p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (0.077229 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.030892 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(5.5 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (0.077229 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.030892 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft}))]}$ $p = -0.0092456 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p><math>s</math> - Earth pressure against the pile at distance <math>L_e</math>,</p> $s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$ $s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (0.077229 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.030892 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft}))]}{(5.5 \text{ ft})^2}$ $s = -0.0030636 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p><b>Check lateral soil pressure capacity:</b></p> <p><math>p_a</math> - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth <math>a/2</math>,</p> $p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$ $p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(3.9392 \text{ ft})}{2}$ $p_a = 0.29544 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $Ratio = \frac{p}{p_a}$ $Ratio = \frac{(-0.0092456 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.29544 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$	

$$Ratio = -0.031295$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **-0.030**

$p_s$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $L_e$ ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 0.825 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

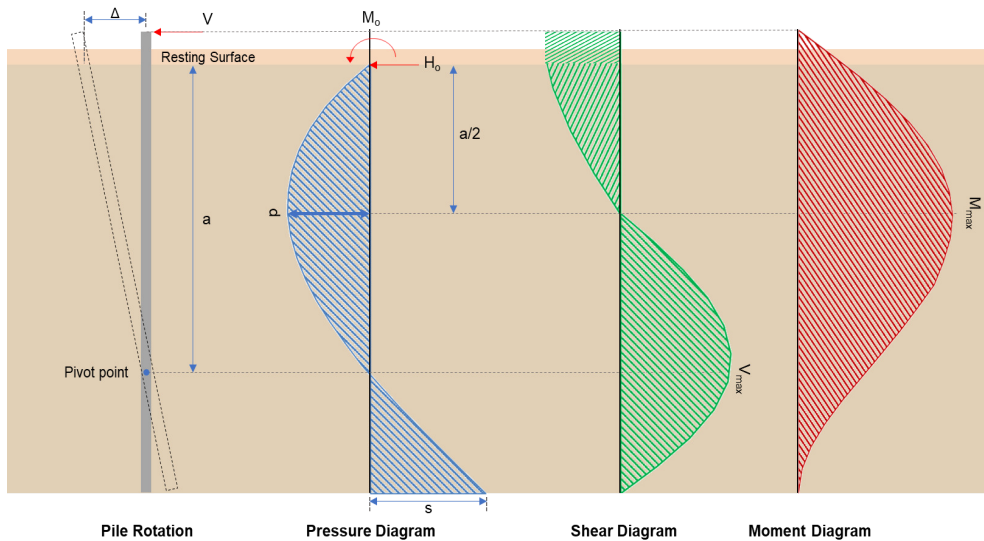
Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(-0.0030636 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.825 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = -0.0037135$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.000**



#### Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-3.529 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.56194 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(31.946 \text{ kipft}) + ((-3.529 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 5.0869 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

$E$  - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(5.0869 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.56194 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 9.0524 \text{ ft}$$

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (5.0869 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.56194 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (5.0869 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.56194 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = \frac{(-0.56194 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})}{(6 \times (5.0869 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.56194 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 3.7988 \text{ ft}$$

$V_{max}$  - Max shear force located at depth a,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \left( \frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \left( \frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.56194 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \times \left( \frac{4 \times (9.0524 \text{ ft})}{(5.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.7988 \text{ ft})}{(5.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \times \left( \frac{3 \times (9.0524 \text{ ft})}{(5.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.7988 \text{ ft})}{(5.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 8.0288 \text{ kip}$$

$M_{max}$  - Max bending moment located at depth a/2,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[ \left( \frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.56194 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft})) \times \left[ \left( \frac{(9.0524 \text{ ft})}{(5.5 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(3.7988 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5.5 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 \times (9.0524 \text{ ft})}{(5.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.7988 \text{ ft})}{(2 \times (5.5 \text{ ft}))} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 \times (9.0524 \text{ ft})}{(5.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.7988 \text{ ft})}{(2 \times (5.5 \text{ ft}))} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 20.957 \text{ kipft}$$

#### Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.287 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.045701 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.721 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.287 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.11481 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

$E$  - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.11481 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.045701 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 2.5122 \text{ ft}$$

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.11481 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.045701 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.11481 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.045701 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 3.9387 \text{ ft}$$

$V_{max}$  - Max shear force located at depth a,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \left( \frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \left( \frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.045701 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \times \left( \frac{4 \times (2.5122 \text{ ft})}{(5.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.9387 \text{ ft})}{(5.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \times \left( \frac{3 \times (2.5122 \text{ ft})}{(5.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.9387 \text{ ft})}{(5.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.26971 \text{ kip}$$

$M_{max}$  - Max bending moment located at depth a/2,

$$M_{max} = (H_o \ b \ L_e) \left[ \left( \frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 \ L_e} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 \ E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 \ L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 \ E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 \ L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.045701 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft})) \times \left[ \left( \frac{(2.5122 \text{ ft})}{(5.5 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(3.9387 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5.5 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 \times (2.5122 \text{ ft})}{(5.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.9387 \text{ ft})}{(2 \times (5.5 \text{ ft}))} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 \times (2.5122 \text{ ft})}{(5.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.9387 \text{ ft})}{(2 \times (5.5 \text{ ft}))} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 0.65214 \text{ kipft}$$

#### Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

##### Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$  - Concrete strength,  
 $f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$  - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,  
 $\phi = 0.65$  - Reduction factor for axial strength,  
 $\alpha = 0.8$  - Alpha factor for axial strength,  
 $A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$  - Gross area of concrete,

##### Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load,  $A_{st,required}$

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = Min \left[ \frac{\frac{P}{\phi \ \alpha} - (0.85 \ f'_{ck} \ A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 \ f'_{ck})}, (0.08 \ A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = Min \left[ \frac{\frac{(8.24 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -84.322 \text{ in}^2$$

$A_{min}$  - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = Max [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 \ A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = Max [(-84.322 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$$

$n_{rebar}$  - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 14$$

$A_{st}$  - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi \ d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$$

Table 22.4.2.1

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

<p>25.2.3</p>	<p><math>s_{rebar} = 0.96556</math></p> <p><math>s_{rebar}</math> - Minimum spacing of reinforcement,</p> $s_{rebar} = Max[1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$ $s_{rebar} = Max[1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$ $s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$ <p><b>Ties:</b></p> <p>25.7.2.2 Since longitudinal reinforcement is <math>\leq</math> No. 10ø: Use #3(0.375 in)</p> <p>25.7.2.1 <math>s_{ties}</math> - Maximum spacing of ties,</p> $s_{ties} = Min[(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), Min(D, b)]$ $s_{ties} = Min[(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), Min((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]$ $s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$ <p><b>Summary:</b></p> <p>Main reinforcement: <b>14 - #5 (0.625 in)</b> Ties: <b>#3(0.375 in) - 10 in</b></p>	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>0.970</b></p>
<p>22.4.2.2</p>	<p><b>Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</b></p> <p><math>\phi P_N</math> - Allowable axial compressive strength</p> $\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st})]$ $\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times [(0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2))]$ $\phi P_N = 2675.2 \text{ kip}$ <p><math>Ratio</math> - Capacity</p> $Ratio = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$ $Ratio = \frac{(8.24 \text{ kip})}{(2675.2 \text{ kip})}$ $Ratio = 0.0030802$	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>0.000</b></p>
<p>22.5.2.2</p> <p>22.5.1.3</p> <p>22.5.1.1</p>	<p><b>Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</b></p> <p><b>Parameters:</b></p> <p><math>b_w = 48 \text{ in}</math> - Effective width, <math>d</math> - Effective depth</p> $d = 0.80 D$ $d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})$ $d = 38.4 \text{ in}$ <p><math>\lambda_s</math> - size effect modification factor</p> $\lambda_s = MIN \left[ \sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$ $\lambda_s = MIN \left[ \sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$ $\lambda_s = 0.64282$ <p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula <math>f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}</math>,</p> <p><math>V_{c,max}</math> - Max shear strength of concrete</p> $V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$	



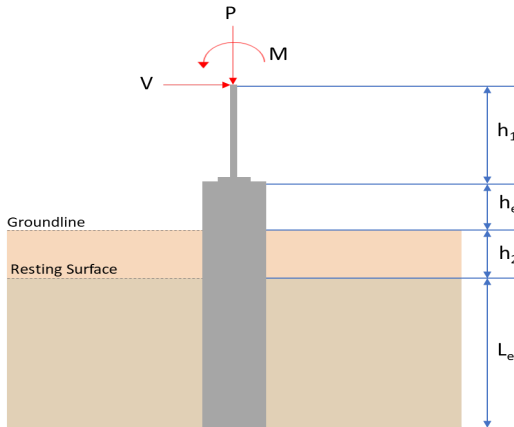
		$V_{c,max} = 296.21 \text{ kip}$	
22.5.5.1.1(a)	The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ , $P = 8.24 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 8240 \text{ lbf}$ , $V_{c,a}$ - Shear strength of concrete (a)	$V_{c,a} = \left[ 2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + \frac{P}{6 A_g} \right] b_w d$ $V_{c,a} = \left[ 2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + \frac{(8240 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ $V_{c,a} = 119.58 \text{ kip}$	
22.5.5.1.2	The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ , $V_{c,b}$ - Shear strength of concrete (b)	$V_{c,b} = \left[ 2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + (0.05 f'_{ck}) \right] b_w d$ $V_{c,b} = \left[ 2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi})) \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ $V_{c,b} = 348.89 \text{ kip}$	
	$V_c$ - Governing shear strength of concrete	$V_c = \text{Min}[V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$ $V_c = \text{Min}[(296.21 \text{ kip}), (119.58 \text{ kip}), (348.89 \text{ kip})]$ $V_c = 119.58 \text{ kip}$	
22.5.5.1.2	The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ , $V_{s,a}$ - Shear strength of steel (a)	$V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ $V_{s,a} = 737.28 \text{ kip}$	
	$A_v$ - Ties rebar area,	$A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$ $A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$ $A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$	
22.5.8.5.3	$V_{s,b}$ - Shear strength of steel (b)	$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yw} d}{s_{ties}}$ $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$ $V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$	
	$V_s$ - Governing shear strength of steel	$V_s = \text{MIN}[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$ $V_s = \text{MIN}[(737.28 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$ $V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$	
22.5.1.1	$\phi V_n$ - Allowable shear strength	$\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$ $\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((119.58 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$ $\phi V_n = 110.81 \text{ kip}$	
	<b>Considering x-direction:</b> $V_{max} = 8.0288 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the x-direction, $Ratio$ - Capacity	$Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$	

	$Ratio = \frac{(8.0288 \text{ kip})}{(110.81 \text{ kip})}$ $Ratio = 0.072455$ <p>Considering z-direction:</p> <p><math>V_{max} = 0.26971 \text{ kip}</math> - Maximum shear force in the z-direction,  Ratio - Capacity</p> $Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $Ratio = \frac{(0.26971 \text{ kip})}{(110.81 \text{ kip})}$ $Ratio = 0.002434$ <p>Status: <b>PASS</b>  Ratio: <b>0.070</b></p>	
14.5.2.1b	<p><b>Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</b></p> <p><math>S_m</math> - Section modulus</p> $S_m = \frac{b D^2}{6}$ $S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$ $S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$ <p><math>\lambda = 1</math> - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete),  Allowable flexural strength:  <math>M_n</math> shall be the lesser of:  <math>\phi M_{n,1}</math></p> $\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{(2.5 \text{ ksi})} \times 18432.001 \text{ in}^3$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 249.600 \text{ kipft}$ <p><math>\phi M_{n,2}</math></p> $\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_{ck} \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (18432 \text{ in}^3)$ $\phi M_{n,2} = 2121.6 \text{ kipft}$ <p>Therefore,  <math>\phi M_n</math> - Allowable flexural strength,</p> $\phi M_n = MIN[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$ $\phi M_n = MIN[(249.6 \text{ kipft}), (2121.6 \text{ kipft})]$ $\phi M_n = 249.6 \text{ kipft}$ <p>Considering x-direction:</p> <p><math>M_{max} = 20.957 \text{ kipft}</math> - Maximum moment in the x-direction,  Ratio - Capacity</p> $Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $Ratio = \frac{(20.957 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$ $Ratio = 0.083964$ <p>Status: <b>PASS</b>  Ratio: <b>0.080</b></p>	
	<p>Considering z-direction:</p> <p><math>M_{max} = 0.65214 \text{ kipft}</math> - Maximum moment in the z-direction,  Ratio - Capacity</p> $Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$	

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.65214 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.0026128$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.000**

REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS																											
	<div>SkyCiv Foundation Design</div> <div>Pile Foundation</div> <div>Design Information :</div> <div>Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code)</div> <div>Unit System : Imperial</div>																												
	<div>Pile Input</div> <div></div> <div>Geometry</div> <div>Pile shape: rectangular</div> <div>b = 48 in - Pile width</div> <div>D = 48 in - Pile depth</div> <div>L = 5.5 ft - Total pile length</div> <div>h1 = 0 ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile,</div> <div>h2 = 0 ft - Depth to resisting surface</div> <div>he = 0 ft - Length of pile above the ground</div> <div>Tabulation of Soil Parameters</div> <table><tr><th>Layer</th><th>Label</th><th>Allowable Bearing Pressure (qa) (psf)</th><th>Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)</th></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel &amp; clayey gravel</td><td>2000.000</td><td>150.000</td></tr></table> <div>Tabulation of Loads</div> <table><tr><th>Load Component</th><th>ASD</th><th>LRFD</th></tr><tr><td>P (kip)</td><td>5.305</td><td>8.240</td></tr><tr><td>Vx (kip)</td><td>-2.118</td><td>-3.529</td></tr><tr><td>Vz (kip)</td><td>0.194</td><td>0.287</td></tr><tr><td>Mx (kipft)</td><td>0.485</td><td>0.721</td></tr><tr><td>Mz (kipft)</td><td>18.814</td><td>31.947</td></tr></table> <div>Material Properties</div> <div>f'ck = 2.5 ksi - Concrete strength,</div>	Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure (qa) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)	1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000	Load Component	ASD	LRFD	P (kip)	5.305	8.240	Vx (kip)	-2.118	-3.529	Vz (kip)	0.194	0.287	Mx (kipft)	0.485	0.721	Mz (kipft)	18.814	31.947	<div>Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD)</div> <div>H - Point of application of the lateral load</div> <div><math display="block">H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e</math></div> <div><math display="block">H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})</math></div> <div><math display="block">H = 0 \text{ ft}</math></div> <div>Considering x-direction:</div> <div>Ho - Lateral force per length of pile,</div> <div><math display="block">H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 \, D}</math></div> <div><math display="block">H_o = \frac{(-2.118 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}</math></div> <div><math display="block">H_o = -0.33726 \text{ kip/ft}</math></div>	
Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure (qa) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)																										
1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000																										
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Mx (kipft)	0.485	0.721																											
Mz (kipft)	18.814	31.947																											

	<p><math>M_o</math> - Moment per length of pile,</p> $M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$ $M_o = \frac{(18.814 \text{ kipft}) + ((-2.118 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $M_o = 2.996 \text{ kipft/ft}$ <p>Required depth of embedment in earth:</p> $L_x^3 - \left( 14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R} \right) - \left( 18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R} \right) = 0$ <p>Solving the cubic equation:  <math>L_{e,x} = 5.1386 \text{ ft}</math> - Required depth in x-direction,</p> <p><b>Considering z-direction:</b></p> <p><math>H_o</math> - Lateral force per length of pile,</p> $H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$ $H_o = \frac{(0.194 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $H_o = 0.030892 \text{ kip/ft}$ <p><math>M_o</math> - Moment per length of pile,</p> $M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$ $M_o = \frac{(0.485 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.194 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $M_o = 0.077229 \text{ kipft/ft}$ <p>Required depth of embedment in earth:</p> $L_z^3 - \left( 14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R} \right) - \left( 18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R} \right) = 0$ <p>Solving the cubic equation:  <math>L_{e,z} = 2.1685 \text{ ft}</math> - Required depth in z-direction,</p> <p><b>Minimum embedded depth required:</b></p> <p><math>L_{e,req}</math> - Depth of pile required,</p> $L_{e,req} = MAX[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$ $L_{e,req} = MAX[(5.1386 \text{ ft}), (2.1685 \text{ ft})]$ $L_{e,req} = 5.139 \text{ ft}$ <p><math>L_e</math> - Actual embedded length of pile,</p> $L_e = L - h_e - h_2$ $L_e = (5.5 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$ $L_e = 5.5 \text{ ft}$ <p><b>Ratio</b> - Embedded depth</p> $Ratio = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$ $Ratio = \frac{(5.139 \text{ ft})}{(5.5 \text{ ft})}$ $Ratio = 0.93436$	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b>  Ratio: <b>0.930</b></p>
	<p><b>End-bearing Capacity (ASD)</b></p> <p><math>A</math> - Pile cross-section area</p> $A = b D$ $A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$ $A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$ <p><math>q</math> - End-bearing pressure</p>	

	$q = \frac{P_v}{A}$ $q = \frac{(5.305 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$ $q = 0.33156 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p><b>Check bearing capacity ratio:</b></p> <p>Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.33156 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.16578$	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>0.170</b></p>
Czerniak	<p><b>Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):</b></p> <p><math>L/D</math> - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,</p> $L/D = \frac{L}{D}$ $L/D = \frac{(5.5 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$ $L/D = 1.375$ <p>Since <math>L/D \leq 10</math>,</p> <p>Pile is short.</p> <p><b>Considering x-direction:</b></p> <p><math>H_o = -0.33726 \text{ kip/ft}</math> - Lateral force per length of pile,  <math>M_o = 2.996 \text{ kipft/ft}</math> - Overturning moment per length of pile,  <math>a</math> - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,</p> $a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$ $a = \frac{(4 \times (2.996 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.33726 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (2.996 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.33726 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft}))}$ $a = 3.8006 \text{ ft}$ <p><math>p</math> - Earth pressure against the pile at distance <math>a/2</math> from resting surface,</p> $p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$ $p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (2.996 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.33726 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(5.5 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (2.996 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.33726 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft}))]}$ $p = 0.19354 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p><math>s</math> - Earth pressure against the pile at distance <math>L_e</math>,</p> $s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$ $s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (2.996 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.33726 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft}))]}{(5.5 \text{ ft})^2}$ $s = 0.82052 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p><b>Check lateral soil pressure capacity:</b></p> <p><math>p_a</math> - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth <math>a/2</math>,</p> $p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$ $p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(3.8006 \text{ ft})}{2}$ $p_a = 0.28504 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p>	

	$Ratio = \frac{p}{p_a}$ $Ratio = \frac{(0.19354 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.28504 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $Ratio = 0.67899$ <p><math>p_s</math> - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth <math>L_e</math>,</p> $p_s = R L_e$ $p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft})$ $p_s = 0.825 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $Ratio = \frac{s}{p_s}$ $Ratio = \frac{(0.82052 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.825 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $Ratio = 0.99457$	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>0.680</b></p> <p>Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>0.990</b></p>
	<p><b>Considering z-direction:</b></p> <p><math>H_o = 0.030892 \text{ kip/ft}</math> - Lateral force per length of pile,  <math>M_o = 0.077229 \text{ kipft/ft}</math> - Overturning moment per length of pile,  <math>a</math> - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,</p> $a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$ $a = \frac{(4 \times (0.077229 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.030892 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.077229 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.030892 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft}))}$ $a = 3.9392 \text{ ft}$ <p><math>p</math> - Earth pressure against the pile at distance <math>a/2</math> from resting surface,</p> $p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$ $p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (0.077229 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (0.030892 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(5.5 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (0.077229 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (0.030892 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft}))]}$ $p = 0.029074 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p><math>s</math> - Earth pressure against the pile at distance <math>L_e</math>,</p> $s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$ $s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (0.077229 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((0.030892 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft}))]}{(5.5 \text{ ft})^2}$ $s = 0.064336 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p><b>Check lateral soil pressure capacity:</b></p> <p><math>p_a</math> - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth <math>a/2</math>,</p> $p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$ $p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(3.9392 \text{ ft})}{2}$ $p_a = 0.29544 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $Ratio = \frac{p}{p_a}$ $Ratio = \frac{(0.029074 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.29544 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$	

$$Ratio = 0.098408$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.100**

$p_s$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $L_e$ ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 0.825 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

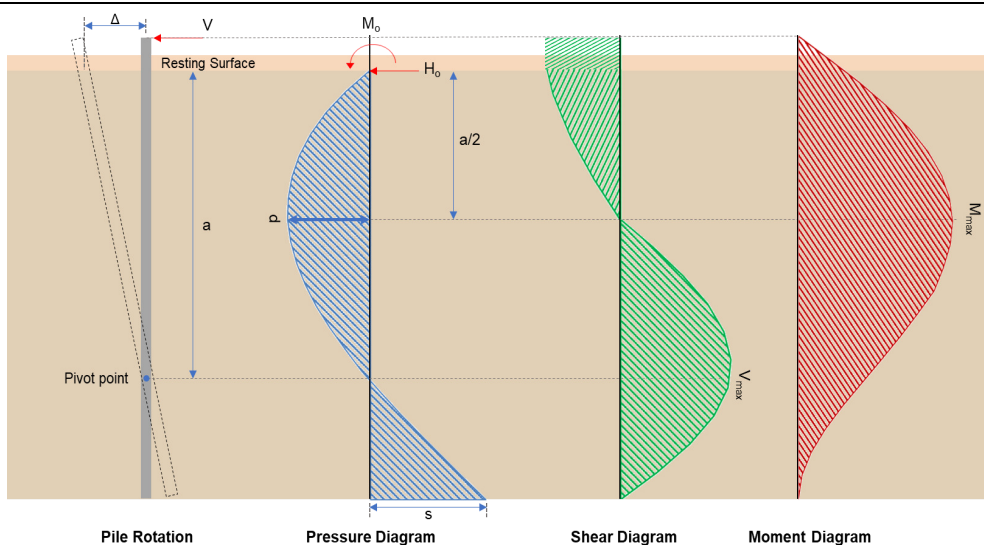
Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.064336 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.825 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.077984$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.080**



#### Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-3.529 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.56194 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(31.947 \text{ kipft}) + ((-3.529 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 5.0871 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

$E$  - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(5.0871 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.56194 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 9.0527 \text{ ft}$$

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (5.0871 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.56194 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (5.0871 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.56194 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft}))}$$



$$a = \frac{(-0.56194 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})}{(6 \times (5.0871 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.56194 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 3.7988 \text{ ft}$$

$V_{max}$  - Max shear force located at depth a,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \left( \frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \left( \frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.56194 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \times \left( \frac{4 \times (9.0527 \text{ ft})}{(5.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.7988 \text{ ft})}{(5.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \times \left( \frac{3 \times (9.0527 \text{ ft})}{(5.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.7988 \text{ ft})}{(5.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 8.029 \text{ kip}$$

$M_{max}$  - Max bending moment located at depth a/2,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[ \left( \frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.56194 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft})) \times \left[ \left( \frac{(9.0527 \text{ ft})}{(5.5 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(3.7988 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5.5 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 \times (9.0527 \text{ ft})}{(5.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.7988 \text{ ft})}{(2 \times (5.5 \text{ ft}))} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 \times (9.0527 \text{ ft})}{(5.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.7988 \text{ ft})}{(2 \times (5.5 \text{ ft}))} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 20.958 \text{ kipft}$$

#### Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(0.287 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = 0.045701 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.721 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.287 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.11481 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

$E$  - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.11481 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(0.045701 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 2.5122 \text{ ft}$$

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.11481 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.045701 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.11481 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.045701 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 3.9387 \text{ ft}$$

$V_{max}$  - Max shear force located at depth a,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \left( \frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \left( \frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((0.045701 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \times \left( \frac{4 \times (2.5122 \text{ ft})}{(5.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.9387 \text{ ft})}{(5.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] \right. \\ \left. + \left[ 4 \times \left( \frac{3 \times (2.5122 \text{ ft})}{(5.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.9387 \text{ ft})}{(5.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.26971 \text{ kip}$$

$M_{max}$  - Max bending moment located at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$M_{max} = (H_o \ b \ L_e) \left[ \left( \frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) \right. \\ \left. - \left[ \left( \frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((0.045701 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft})) \times \left[ \left( \frac{(2.5122 \text{ ft})}{(5.5 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(3.9387 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5.5 \text{ ft})} \right) \right. \\ \left. - \left[ \left( \frac{4 \times (2.5122 \text{ ft})}{(5.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.9387 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 \times (2.5122 \text{ ft})}{(5.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.9387 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 0.65214 \text{ kipft}$$

#### Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

##### Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$  - Concrete strength,  
 $f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$  - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,  
 $\phi = 0.65$  - Reduction factor for axial strength,  
 $\alpha = 0.8$  - Alpha factor for axial strength,  
 $A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$  - Gross area of concrete,

##### Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load,  $A_{st,required}$

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = Min \left[ \frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = Min \left[ \frac{\frac{(8.24 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -84.322 \text{ in}^2$$

$A_{min}$  - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = Max [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = Max [(-84.322 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$$

$n_{rebar}$  - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 14$$

$A_{st}$  - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$$

Table 22.4.2.1

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

<p>25.2.3</p>	<p><math>s_{rebar} = 0.96556</math></p> <p><math>s_{rebar}</math> - Minimum spacing of reinforcement,</p> $s_{rebar} = Max[1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$ $s_{rebar} = Max[1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$ $s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$ <p><b>Ties:</b></p> <p>25.7.2.2 Since longitudinal reinforcement is <math>\leq</math> No. 10ø: Use #3(0.375 in)</p> <p>25.7.2.1 <math>s_{ties}</math> - Maximum spacing of ties,</p> $s_{ties} = Min[(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), Min(D, b)]$ $s_{ties} = Min[(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), Min((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]$ $s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$ <p><b>Summary:</b></p> <p>Main reinforcement: <b>14 - #5 (0.625 in)</b> Ties: <b>#3(0.375 in) - 10 in</b></p>	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>0.970</b></p>
<p>22.4.2.2</p>	<p><b>Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</b></p> <p><math>\phi P_N</math> - Allowable axial compressive strength</p> $\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st})]$ $\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times [(0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2))]$ $\phi P_N = 2675.2 \text{ kip}$ <p><math>Ratio</math> - Capacity</p> $Ratio = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$ $Ratio = \frac{(8.24 \text{ kip})}{(2675.2 \text{ kip})}$ $Ratio = 0.0030802$	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>0.000</b></p>
<p>22.5.2.2</p> <p>22.5.1.3</p> <p>22.5.1.1</p>	<p><b>Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</b></p> <p><b>Parameters:</b></p> <p><math>b_w = 48 \text{ in}</math> - Effective width, <math>d</math> - Effective depth</p> $d = 0.80 D$ $d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})$ $d = 38.4 \text{ in}$ <p><math>\lambda_s</math> - size effect modification factor</p> $\lambda_s = MIN \left[ \sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$ $\lambda_s = MIN \left[ \sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$ $\lambda_s = 0.64282$ <p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula <math>f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}</math>,</p> <p><math>V_{c,max}</math> - Max shear strength of concrete</p> $V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$	

$$V_{c,max} = 296.21 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.1(a) The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ ,  $P = 8.24 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 8240 \text{ lbf}$ ,  
 $V_{c,a}$  - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[ 2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + \frac{P}{6 A_g} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[ 2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + \frac{(8240 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 119.58 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ ,  
 $V_{c,b}$  - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[ 2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + (0.05 f'_{ck}) \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[ 2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi})) \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 348.89 \text{ kip}$$

$V_c$  - Governing shear strength of concrete

$$V_c = \text{Min}[V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min}[(296.21 \text{ kip}), (119.58 \text{ kip}), (348.89 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 119.58 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ ,  
 $V_{s,a}$  - Shear strength of steel (a)

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{s,a} = 737.28 \text{ kip}$$

$A_v$  - Ties rebar area,

$$A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$$

22.5.8.5.3  $V_{s,b}$  - Shear strength of steel (b)

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yw} d}{s_{ties}}$$

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$$

$$V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$$

$V_s$  - Governing shear strength of steel

$$V_s = \text{MIN}[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$$

$$V_s = \text{MIN}[(737.28 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.1.1  $\phi V_n$  - Allowable shear strength

$$\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$$

$$\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((119.58 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$$

$$\phi V_n = 110.81 \text{ kip}$$

**Considering x-direction:**

$V_{max} = 8.029 \text{ kip}$  - Maximum shear force in the x-direction,  
 $Ratio$  - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

	$Ratio = \frac{(8.029 \text{ kip})}{(110.81 \text{ kip})}$ $Ratio = 0.072457$ <p><b>Considering z-direction:</b></p> <p><math>V_{max} = 0.26971 \text{ kip}</math> - Maximum shear force in the z-direction,  <i>Ratio</i> - Capacity</p> $Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $Ratio = \frac{(0.26971 \text{ kip})}{(110.81 \text{ kip})}$ $Ratio = 0.002434$ <p>Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>0.070</b></p>	
14.5.2.1b	<p><b>Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</b></p> <p><math>S_m</math> - Section modulus</p> $S_m = \frac{b D^2}{6}$ $S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$ $S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$ <p><math>\lambda = 1</math> - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete),  Allowable flexural strength:  <math>M_n</math> shall be the lesser of:  <math>\phi M_{n,1}</math></p> $\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{(2.5 \text{ ksi})} \times 18432.001 \text{ in}^3$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 249.600 \text{ kipft}$ <p><math>\phi M_{n,2}</math></p> $\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_{ck} \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (18432 \text{ in}^3)$ $\phi M_{n,2} = 2121.6 \text{ kipft}$ <p>Therefore,  <math>\phi M_n</math> - Allowable flexural strength,</p> $\phi M_n = MIN[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$ $\phi M_n = MIN[(249.6 \text{ kipft}), (2121.6 \text{ kipft})]$ $\phi M_n = 249.6 \text{ kipft}$ <p><b>Considering x-direction:</b></p> <p><math>M_{max} = 20.958 \text{ kipft}</math> - Maximum moment in the x-direction,  <i>Ratio</i> - Capacity</p> $Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $Ratio = \frac{(20.958 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$ $Ratio = 0.083966$ <p>Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>0.080</b></p>	
	<p><b>Considering z-direction:</b></p> <p><math>M_{max} = 0.65214 \text{ kipft}</math> - Maximum moment in the z-direction,  <i>Ratio</i> - Capacity</p> $Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$	

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.65214 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.0026128$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.000**