

Your Project Calculations



Project Name: KruegerRdWashingtonTX-RevA

S3D Model Link:
https://platform.skyciv.com/structural?preload_name=KruegerRdWashingtonTX-RevA&preload_path=Shared%20Enterprise%20Folder/MT_Solar_Projects/4_2023

Public Model Link:
https://platform.skyciv.com/structural-viewer?project_id=qzD8J5oHYzn70jHWRbFng1uBw4PkbHOJf5Y4fwxfNnKZjF4lcA7QXSMcTihXgbl

Array Specification

Product:	Beam
Unique ID:	2P-22.5-8TOP-XD-45-L-4Hx5W-K6B1
Duty Classification:	XD
Module Width:	44.65 in
Module Length:	89.96in
Number of Rows:	4
Number of Columns:	5
Total Number of Modules:	20
Desired Tilt Angle:	27
Front Edge Clearance:	7
Total Array Height at Tilt:	13.79 ft
Total Frame Length:	37.50 ft
Frame Weight:	2040 lbs
Array Dimensions N/S:	15.05 ft
Array Dimensions E/W:	37.90 ft
Rail Length:	180.60 in
Rail Spacing:	3.75 ft
Rail Check:	Not Checked

Support Specifications

Pole Size:	8in Pipe Sch 40
Pole Length above Grade:	10.42 ft
Number of Poles:	2
Pole Spacing:	22.5 ft

Foundation Specifications

Foundation Type:	Square
Foundation Dimensions:	48 x 48 in
Foundation Depth (below grade):	Pile 1: 6.75 ft Pile 2: 6.75 ft
Foundation Volume:	8.000 y ³
Foundation Result:	PASSED

Site Info

Risk Category:	I
Exposure:	C
Soil Classification:	sand
Site Location:	4555 Krueger Rd, Washington, TX 77880, USA
Wind Speed:	110 mph
Snow Load:	5 psf
Design Uplift Pressure:	Multiple pressures
Design Downforce Pressure:	Multiple pressures
Design Snow Pressure:	0.002107 ksf



Design Disclaimer

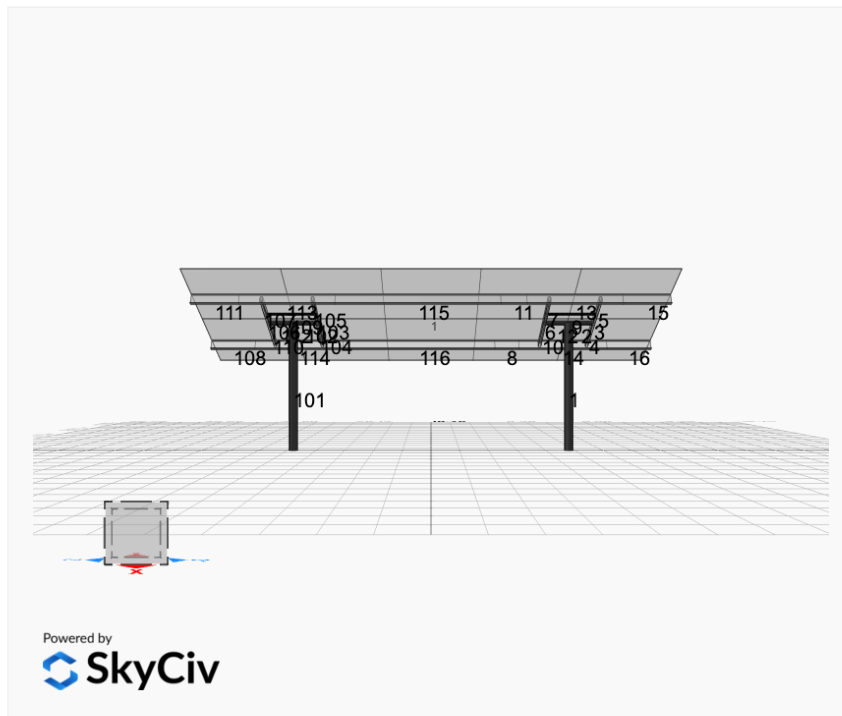
This software should be used for preliminary designs and should not be used as a final design unless reviewed, verified and designed by a qualified structural engineer.

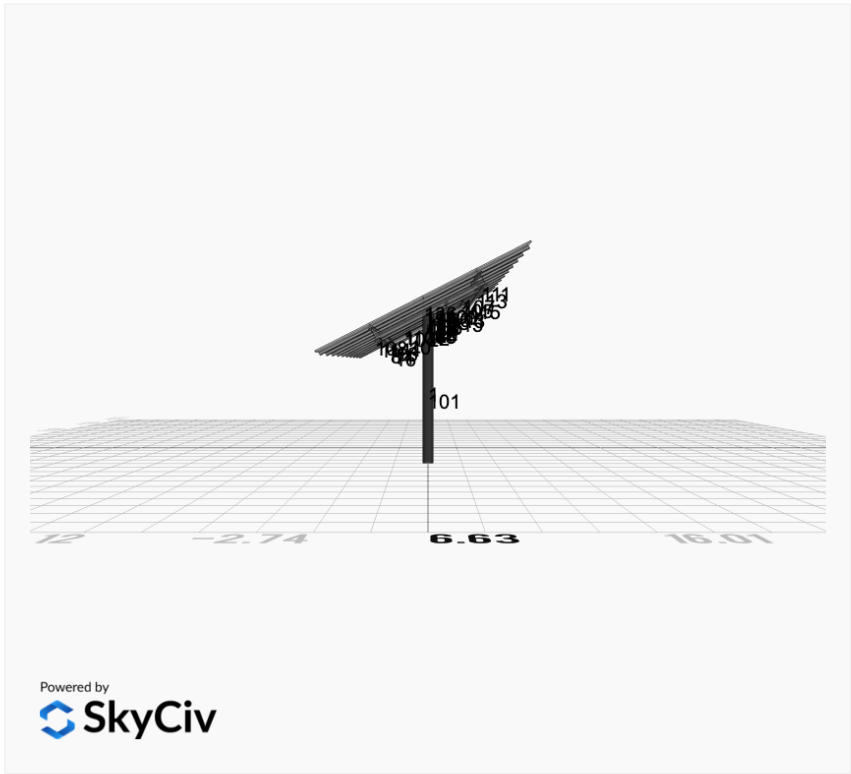
AutoDesigner Input

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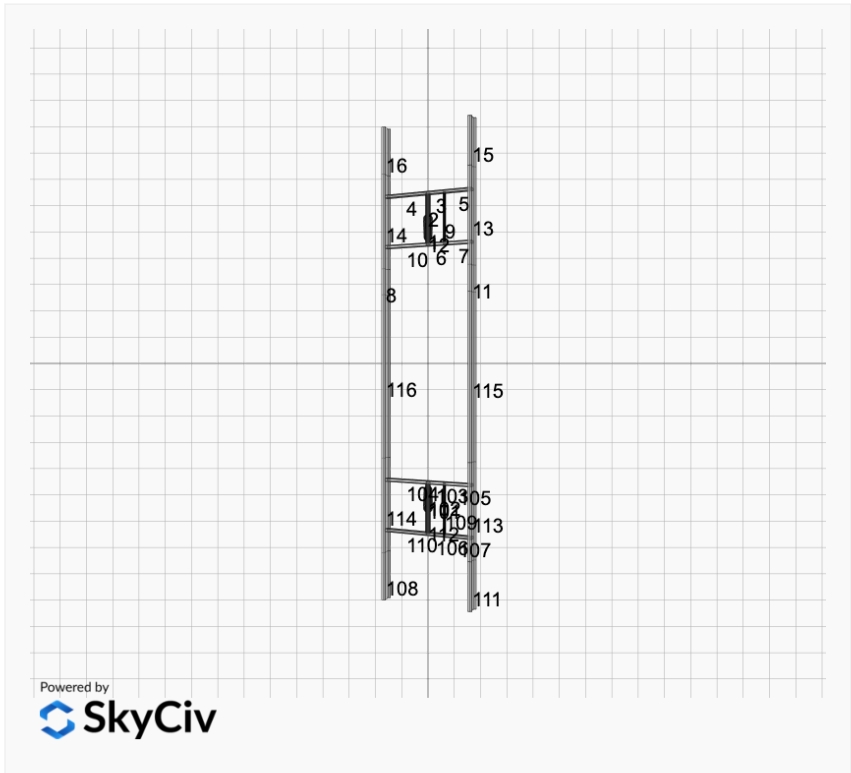
Design Notes:

- AISC Deflection checks are set to L/1 due to structure design intent
- Foundation Design and Sizing is approximate only

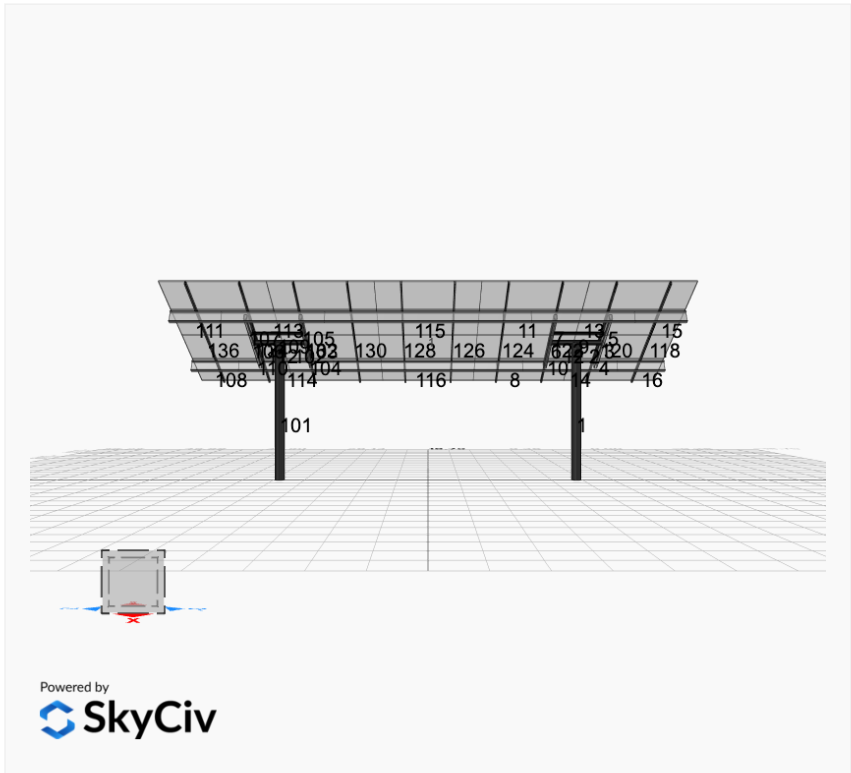
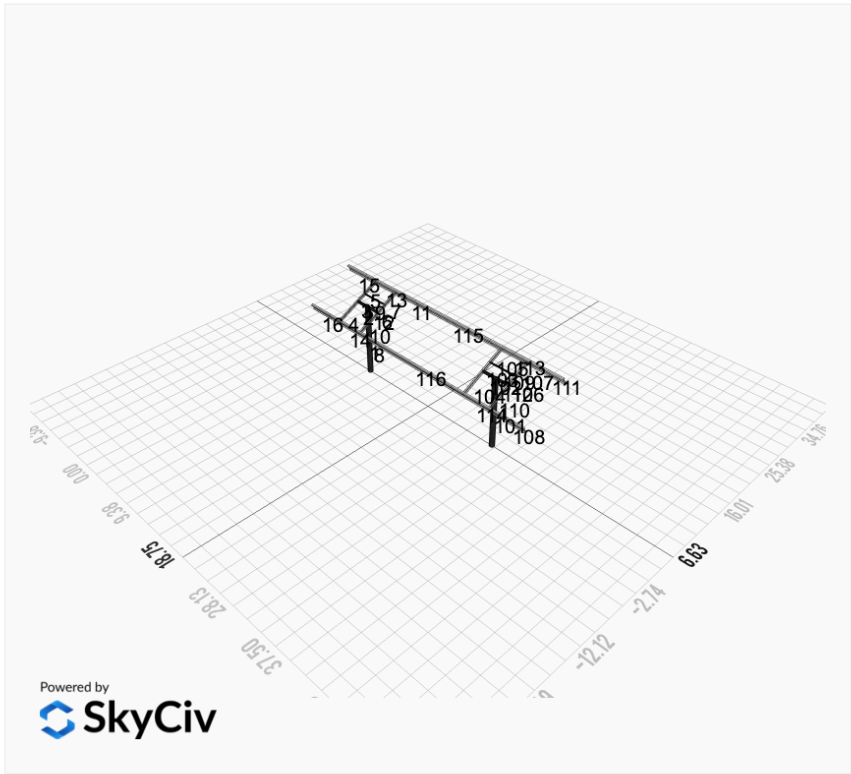




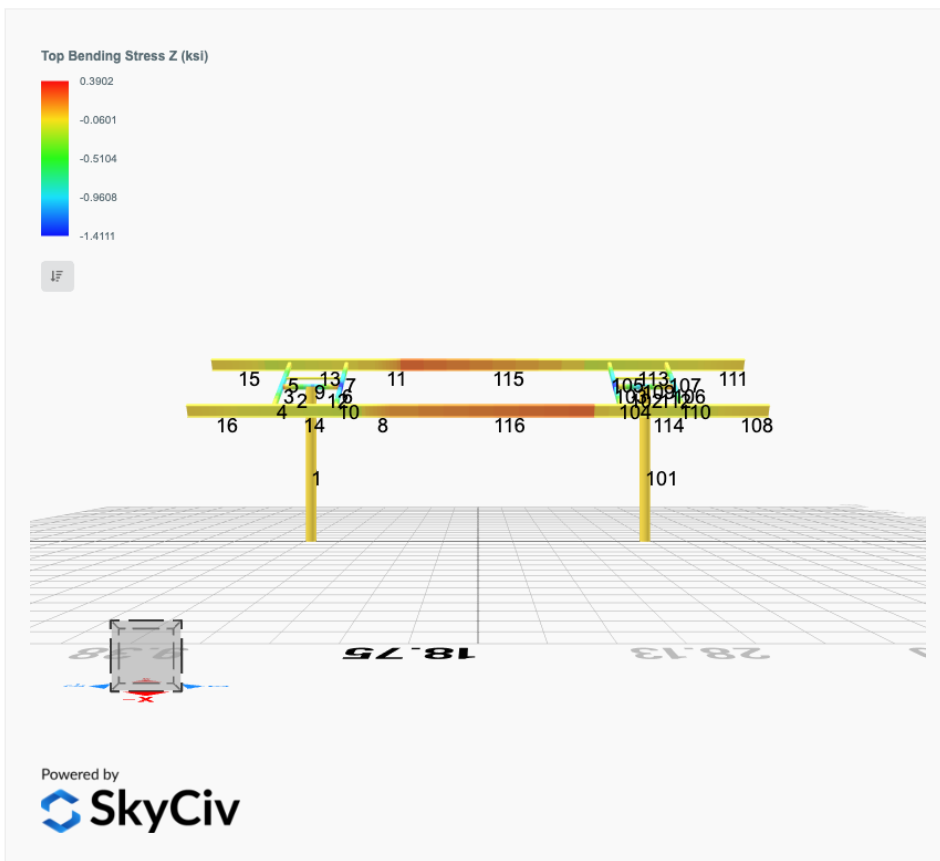
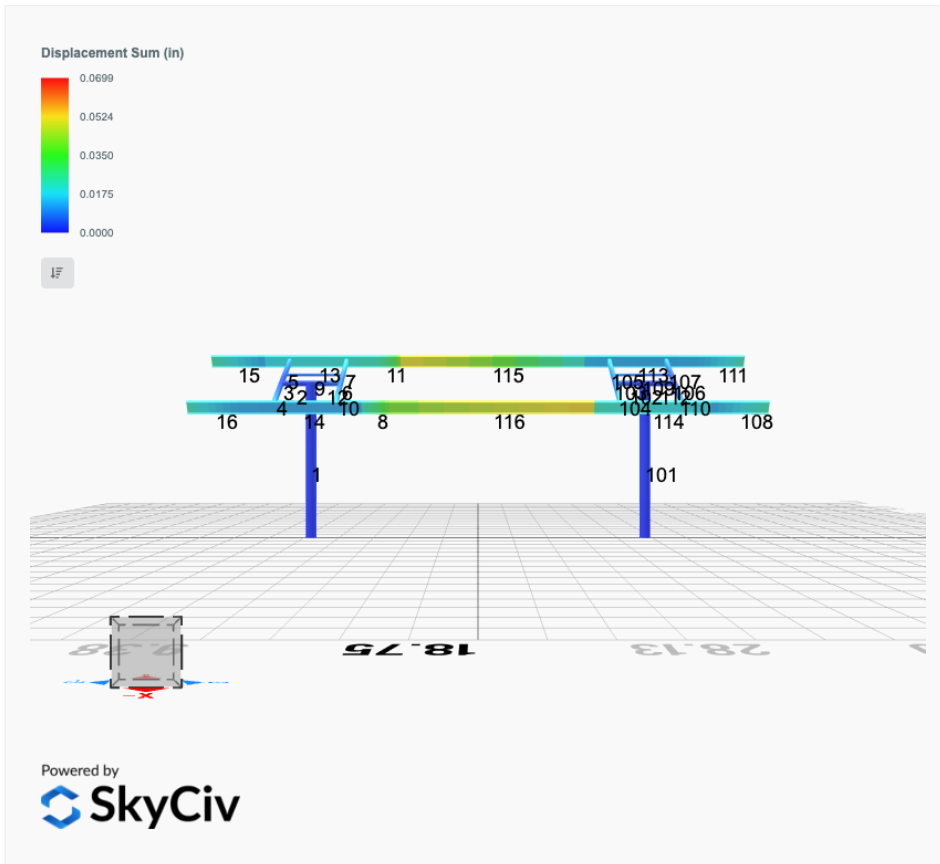
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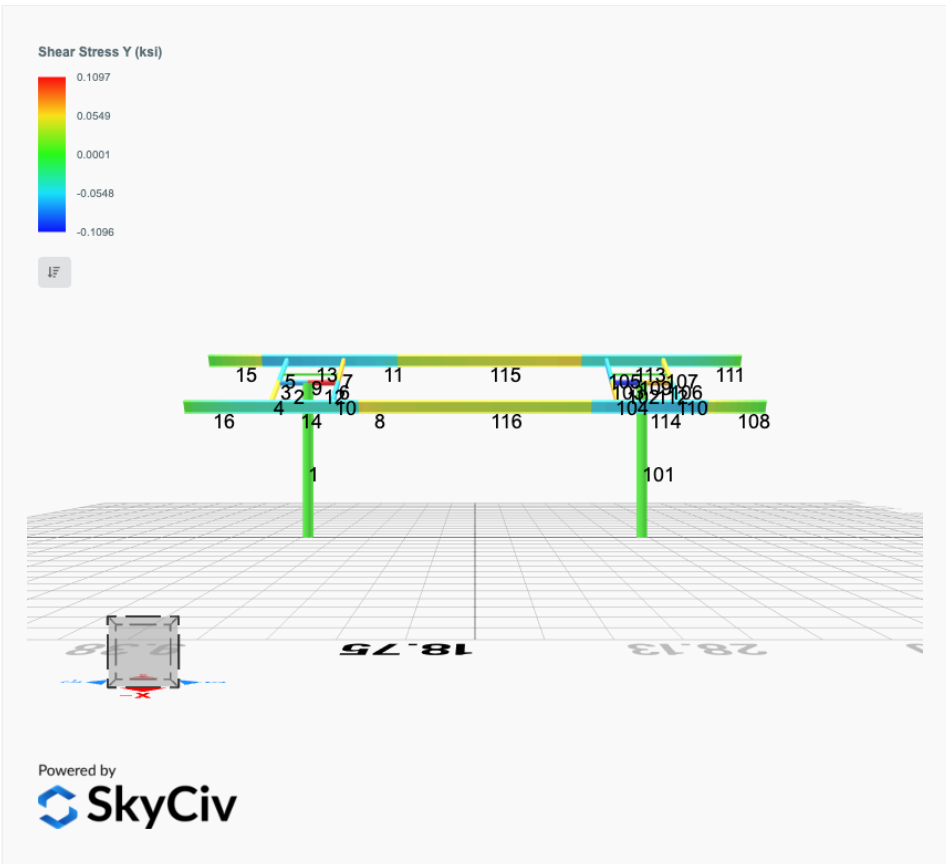
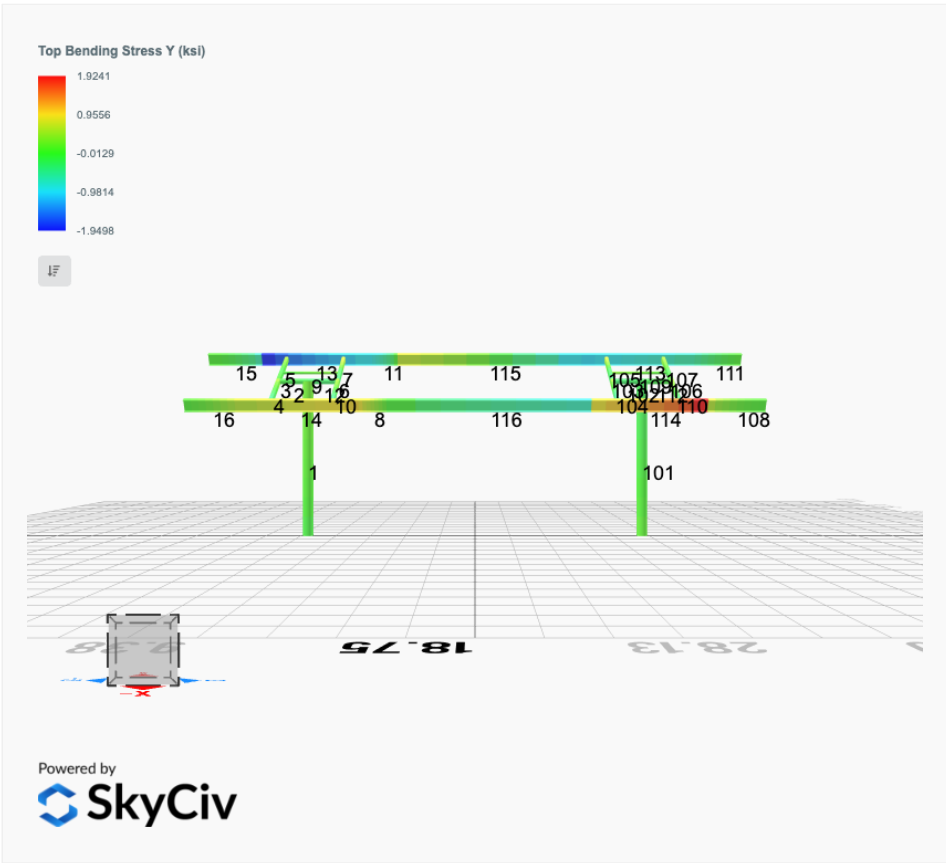



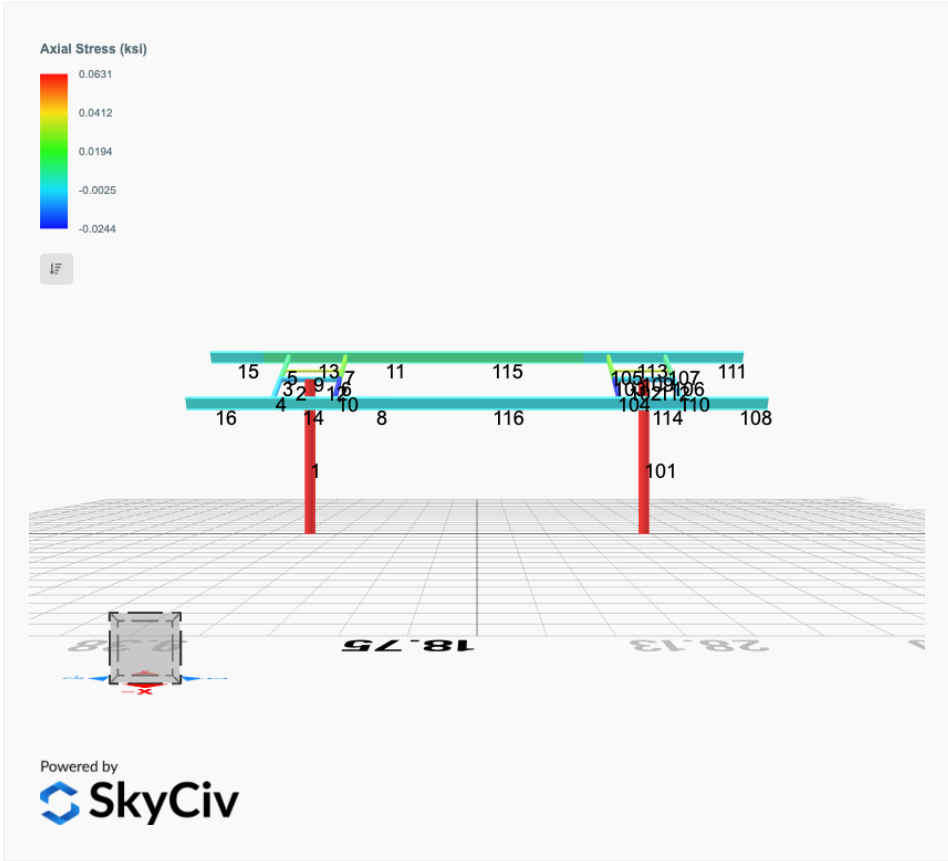
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FEM Results (Envelope Worst Case for each member)







Reaction Forces for Foundation 1 (Node ID#1), (kip, kip-ft)

ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	-0.0002	2.3112	0.0848	0.2513	-0.0542	0.0321
ULS: 2. D + L	-0.0002	2.3112	0.0848	0.2513	-0.0542	0.0321
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	-0.0002	2.8409	0.1106	0.3278	-0.0707	0.0328
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	-0.0002	2.3112	0.0848	0.2513	-0.0542	0.0321
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	-0.0002	2.7085	0.1041	0.3087	-0.0666	0.0326
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	-0.0002	2.3112	0.0848	0.2513	-0.0542	0.0321
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	-0.0002	2.3112	0.0848	0.2513	-0.0542	0.0321
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	-0.0002	2.7085	0.1041	0.3087	-0.0666	0.0326
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	-0.0001	1.3867	0.0509	0.1508	-0.0325	0.0192
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.8643	7.9326	0.3887	1.1238	-0.6254	30.8283
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-2.8643	7.9326	0.3887	1.1238	-0.6254	30.8283
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	2.4841	-2.5646	-0.1768	-0.4978	0.4397	-25.1016
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	2.1041	-1.8188	-0.1388	-0.3894	0.3669	-33.5033
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.1483	6.9245	0.3320	0.9631	-0.4950	23.1298
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-2.1483	6.9245	0.3320	0.9631	-0.4950	23.1298
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.8630	-0.9483	-0.0921	-0.2532	0.3038	-18.8176
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	1.5780	-0.3890	-0.0635	-0.1718	0.2492	-25.1189
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.1483	6.5272	0.3127	0.9057	-0.4826	23.1293
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-2.1483	6.5272	0.3127	0.9057	-0.4826	23.1293
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.8630	-1.3456	-0.1114	-0.3106	0.3162	-18.8182
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	1.5780	-0.7863	-0.0829	-0.2292	0.2616	-25.1195
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.8643	7.0081	0.3548	1.0233	-0.6038	30.8155
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-2.8643	7.0081	0.3548	1.0233	-0.6038	30.8155
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	2.4842	-3.4890	-0.2107	-0.5983	0.4613	-25.1144
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	2.1041	-2.7433	-0.1727	-0.4899	0.3886	-33.5161

Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.
 Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value
Axial	12.4072
Shear X	-4.7739
Shear Z	0.6218
Moment X	1.7972
Moment Z	56.3594

Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.
 Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value
Axial	7.9326
Shear X	-2.8643
Shear Z	0.3887
Moment X	1.1238
Moment Z	33.5161

Reaction Forces for Foundation 2 (Node ID#101), (kip, kip-ft)

ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	0.0002	2.3106	-0.0848	-0.2575	0.0506	0.0288
ULS: 2. D + L	0.0002	2.3106	-0.0848	-0.2575	0.0506	0.0288
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0002	2.8402	-0.1106	-0.3359	0.0660	0.0286
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0002	2.3106	-0.0848	-0.2575	0.0506	0.0288
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0002	2.7078	-0.1041	-0.3163	0.0622	0.0287
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0002	2.3106	-0.0848	-0.2575	0.0506	0.0288
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	0.0002	2.3106	-0.0848	-0.2575	0.0506	0.0288
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	0.0002	2.7078	-0.1041	-0.3163	0.0622	0.0287

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	0.0001	1.3864	-0.0509	-0.1545	0.0303	0.0173
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.8630	7.9296	-0.3887	-1.1583	0.6100	30.8135
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-2.8630	7.9296	-0.3887	-1.1583	0.6100	30.8135
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	2.4835	-2.5630	0.1768	0.5150	-0.4328	-25.0960
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	2.1037	-1.8176	0.1388	0.4024	-0.3631	-33.4857
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.1471	6.9220	-0.3320	-0.9919	0.4817	23.1172
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-2.1471	6.9220	-0.3320	-0.9919	0.4817	23.1172
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.8627	-0.9474	0.0921	0.2631	-0.3003	-18.8150
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	1.5779	-0.3884	0.0635	0.1787	-0.2481	-25.1073
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.1472	6.5248	-0.3127	-0.9331	0.4701	23.1173
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-2.1472	6.5248	-0.3127	-0.9331	0.4701	23.1173
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.8626	-1.3446	0.1114	0.3219	-0.3119	-18.8148
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	1.5778	-0.7856	0.0829	0.2375	-0.2597	-25.1071
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.8630	7.0053	-0.3548	-1.0553	0.5898	30.8020
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-2.8630	7.0053	-0.3548	-1.0553	0.5898	30.8020
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	2.4834	-3.4872	0.2107	0.6180	-0.4530	-25.1075
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	2.1037	-2.7419	0.1727	0.5054	-0.3834	-33.4973

Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value
Axial	12.4025
Shear X	-4.7719
Shear Z	-0.6218
Moment X	-1.8532
Moment Z	56.3295

Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value
Axial	7.9296
Shear X	-2.8630
Shear Z	-0.3887
Moment X	-1.1583
Moment Z	33.4973

Project Details

Design Code: AISC 360-16 LRFD
 Provision: LRFD
 Country: United States
 User Name: sales@mtsolar.us
 Unit System: imperial



Design Input Information

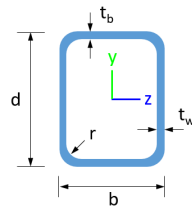
Design Factors			
Φ_t	Φ_c	Φ_b	Φ_v
0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9

Design Materials			
ID	E (ksi)	F_y (ksi)	F_u (ksi)
1	29000	50	65

Section Dimensions



ID	Name	d (in)	t_w (in)					
3	2in Pipe Sch 120	2.38	0.25					
6	4in Pipe Sch 120	4.50	0.44					
9	8in Pipe Sch 40	8.63	0.32					



ID	Name	d (in)	b (in)	t_w (in)	t_b (in)	r (in)		
17	HSS5x3x1/4	5.00	3.00	0.23	0.23	0.23		



ID	Name	d (in)	t_w (in)	b_t (in)	b_b (in)	t_t (in)	t_b (in)	r (in)
20	W10x12	9.87	0.19	3.96	3.96	0.21	0.21	0.30

Section Properties

ID	Name	A (in ²)	J (in ⁴)	I_{yp} (in ⁴)	I_{zp} (in ⁴)	I_w (in ⁶)	S_{yp} (in ³)	S_{zp} (in ³)
3	2in Pipe Sch 120	1.67	1.91	0.96	0.96	0.00	1.13	1.13
6	4in Pipe Sch 120	5.58	23.29	11.64	11.64	0.00	7.24	7.24
9	8in Pipe Sch 40	8.40	144.98	72.49	72.49	0.00	22.21	22.21

7	151.65	149.10	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
8	159.30	142.47	46.90	6.46	56.26	44.91
9	75.10	66.32	4.25	4.25	22.53	22.53
10	151.65	145.15	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
11	159.30	142.47	46.90	6.46	56.26	44.91
12	251.01	248.88	27.16	27.16	75.30	75.30
13	159.30	143.45	46.90	6.46	56.26	44.91
14	159.30	143.45	46.90	6.46	56.26	44.91
15	159.30	55.15	46.90	6.46	56.26	44.91
16	159.30	55.15	46.90	6.46	56.26	44.91
17	159.30	132.71	46.90	6.46	56.26	44.91
18	159.30	143.45	46.90	6.46	56.26	44.91
19	159.30	132.71	46.90	6.46	56.26	44.91
20	159.30	143.45	46.90	6.46	56.26	44.91
21	159.30	132.71	46.90	6.46	56.26	44.91
22	159.30	143.45	46.90	6.46	56.26	44.91
23	159.30	132.71	46.90	6.46	56.26	44.91
24	159.30	143.45	46.90	6.46	56.26	44.91
25	159.30	104.19	30.88	6.46	56.26	44.91
26	159.30	134.25	46.90	6.46	56.26	44.91
27	159.30	143.60	46.90	6.46	56.26	44.91
28	159.30	104.19	31.49	6.46	56.26	44.91
101	377.97	210.83	83.29	83.29	113.39	113.39
102	251.01	248.88	27.16	27.16	75.30	75.30
103	151.65	150.70	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
104	151.65	145.15	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
105	151.65	149.10	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
106	151.65	150.70	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
107	151.65	149.10	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
108	159.30	55.15	46.90	6.46	56.26	44.91
109	75.10	66.32	4.25	4.25	22.53	22.53
110	151.65	145.15	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
111	159.30	55.15	46.90	6.46	56.26	44.91
112	251.01	248.88	27.16	27.16	75.30	75.30
113	159.30	143.45	46.90	6.46	56.26	44.91
114	159.30	143.45	46.90	6.46	56.26	44.91
115	159.30	134.25	46.90	6.46	56.26	44.91
116	159.30	143.60	46.90	6.46	56.26	44.91

Design Ratio

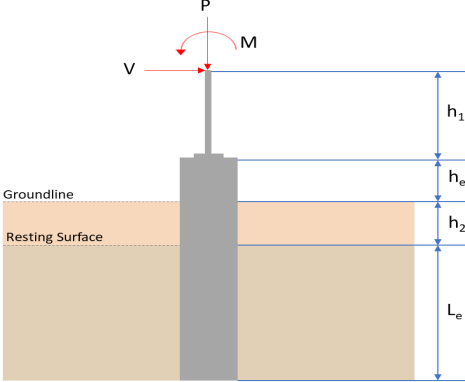
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1	0.059	0.677	0.056	0.042	0.005	0.691	#32	0.447	Not Required	Pass
2	0.002	0.295	0.145	0.068	0.029	0.441	#13	0.054	Not Required	Pass
3	0.002	0.517	0.013	0.051	0.004	0.528	#13	0.046	Not Required	Pass
4	0.002	0.507	0.051	0.051	0.013	0.558	#13	0.122	Not Required	Pass
5	0.002	0.321	0.032	0.051	0.009	0.323	#13	0.076	Not Required	Pass
6	0.003	0.676	0.033	0.069	0.007	0.710	#13	0.046	Not Required	Pass
7	0.003	0.417	0.061	0.067	0.016	0.436	#13	0.076	Not Required	Pass
8	0.002	0.097	0.072	0.044	0.006	0.101	#13	0.102	Not Required	Pass
9	0.004	0.077	0.053	0.003	0.002	0.132	#13	0.206	Not Required	Pass
10	0.004	0.664	0.058	0.067	0.014	0.672	#13	0.082	Not Required	Pass
11	0.002	0.097	0.075	0.045	0.006	0.100	#13	0.102	Not Required	Pass

12	0.001	0.467	0.183	0.092	0.035	0.650	#13	0.054	Not Required	Pass
13	0.002	0.105	0.155	0.056	0.007	0.233	#13	0.087	Not Required	Pass
14	0.000	0.108	0.083	0.033	0.004	0.174	#13	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
15	0.000	0.051	0.039	0.023	0.003	0.082	#13	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
16	0.000	0.050	0.039	0.022	0.003	0.081	#13	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
17	0.002	0.130	0.031	0.016	0.002	0.154	#13	0.133	Not Required	Pass
18	0.000	0.109	0.083	0.033	0.004	0.176	#13	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
19	0.003	0.129	0.075	0.015	0.005	0.189	#13	0.199	Not Required	Pass
20	0.002	0.102	0.152	0.055	0.007	0.224	#13	0.087	Not Required	Pass
21	0.002	0.130	0.031	0.016	0.002	0.153	#13	0.133	Not Required	Pass
22	0.002	0.105	0.156	0.056	0.007	0.232	#13	0.087	Not Required	Pass
23	0.003	0.129	0.075	0.015	0.005	0.188	#13	0.199	Not Required	Pass
24	0.000	0.108	0.083	0.033	0.004	0.174	#13	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
25	0.003	0.301	0.085	0.022	0.003	0.372	#13	0.373	Not Required	Pass
26	0.003	0.153	0.072	0.044	0.006	0.191	#13	0.186	Not Required	Pass
27	0.002	0.154	0.045	0.033	0.004	0.188	#13	0.085	Not Required	Pass
28	0.003	0.305	0.084	0.023	0.003	0.371	#13	0.373	Not Required	Pass
101	0.059	0.676	0.055	0.042	0.005	0.691	#32	0.447	Not Required	Pass
102	0.001	0.466	0.183	0.092	0.035	0.649	#13	0.054	Not Required	Pass
103	0.003	0.674	0.033	0.069	0.007	0.708	#13	0.046	Not Required	Pass
104	0.004	0.662	0.059	0.066	0.014	0.670	#13	0.082	Not Required	Pass
105	0.003	0.416	0.061	0.067	0.016	0.434	#13	0.076	Not Required	Pass
106	0.002	0.518	0.013	0.051	0.004	0.528	#13	0.046	Not Required	Pass
107	0.002	0.322	0.032	0.052	0.009	0.324	#13	0.076	Not Required	Pass
108	0.000	0.050	0.039	0.022	0.003	0.081	#13	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
109	0.004	0.077	0.053	0.003	0.002	0.131	#13	0.206	Not Required	Pass
110	0.002	0.507	0.051	0.051	0.013	0.558	#13	0.122	Not Required	Pass
111	0.000	0.051	0.039	0.023	0.003	0.082	#13	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
112	0.002	0.296	0.146	0.068	0.029	0.443	#13	0.054	Not Required	Pass
113	0.000	0.109	0.083	0.033	0.004	0.176	#13	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
114	0.002	0.102	0.152	0.055	0.007	0.223	#13	0.087	Not Required	Pass
115	0.002	0.154	0.075	0.045	0.006	0.189	#13	0.186	Not Required	Pass
116	0.002	0.152	0.046	0.032	0.004	0.191	#13	0.085	Not Required	Pass

Definitions

Φ_t	Safety factor for tensile
Φ_c	Safety factor for compression
Φ_b	Safety factor for flexure
Φ_v	Safety factor for shear
E	Modulus of elasticity
F_y	Specified minimum yield stress
F_u	Specified minimum tensile strength
A	Cross-sectional area
J	Torsional constant
I_{yp}	Moment of inertia about the Y axes
I_{zp}	Moment of inertia about the Z axes
I_w	Warping constant
S_{yp}	Plastic section modulus about the Y axis
S_{zp}	Plastic section modulus about the Z axis
KL	Effective length
C_b	Buckling modification factor (from all load combinations)
L_b	Length between braced points
LST	Limited slenderness for tension
LSC	Limited slenderness for compression
LD	Limited deflection
P_n	Nominal axial strength (tension/compression)
M_n	Nominal flexural strength (about Z/Y axis)
V_n	Nominal shear strength (along Z/Y axis)
P	Design ratio in case of axial force

M_z	Design ratio in case of bending about Z axis
M_y	Design ratio in case of bending about Y axis
V_y	Design ratio in case of shear along Y axis
V_z	Design ratio in case of shear along Z axis
(P, M_z, M_y)	Design ratio in case of axial force and bending action
KL/r	Design ratio in case of section slenderness
δ	Design ratio in case of member deflection
OK	Capacity is provided
NG	Capacity is not provided

REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS																										
	<p>SkyCiv Foundation Design Pile Foundation</p> <p>Design Information : Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code) Unit System : Imperial</p>																											
	<p>Pile Input</p>  <p>Geometry Pile shape: rectangular $b = 48$ in - Pile width $D = 48$ in - Pile depth $L = 6.75$ ft - Total pile length $h_1 = 0$ ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile, $h_2 = 0$ ft - Depth to resting surface $h_e = 0$ ft - Length of pile above the ground</p> <p>Tabulation of Soil Parameters</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="416 1102 1193 1191"> <thead> <tr> <th>Layer</th> <th>Label</th> <th>Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_n) (psf)</th> <th>Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel</td> <td>2000.000</td> <td>150.000</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Tabulation of Loads</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="676 1288 935 1458"> <thead> <tr> <th>Load Component</th> <th>ASD</th> <th>LRFD</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>P (kip)</td> <td>7.933</td> <td>12.407</td> </tr> <tr> <td>V_x (kip)</td> <td>-2.864</td> <td>-4.774</td> </tr> <tr> <td>V_z (kip)</td> <td>0.389</td> <td>0.622</td> </tr> <tr> <td>M_x (kipft)</td> <td>1.124</td> <td>1.797</td> </tr> <tr> <td>M_z (kipft)</td> <td>33.516</td> <td>56.359</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Material Properties $f'_{ck} = 3$ ksi - Concrete strength,</p>	Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_n) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)	1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000	Load Component	ASD	LRFD	P (kip)	7.933	12.407	V_x (kip)	-2.864	-4.774	V_z (kip)	0.389	0.622	M_x (kipft)	1.124	1.797	M_z (kipft)	33.516	56.359	
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	<p>Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD) H - Point of application of the lateral load</p> $H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$ $H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$ $H = 0 \text{ ft}$ <p>Considering x-direction: H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,</p> $H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$ $H_o = \frac{(-2.864 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $H_o = -0.45605 \text{ kip/ft}$ <p>M_o - Moment per length of pile,</p> $M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$																											

$$M_o = \frac{(33.516 \text{ kipft}) + ((-2.864 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 5.3369 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,x} = 6.3308 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in x-direction,

Considering z-direction:

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(0.389 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = 0.061943 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(1.124 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.389 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.17898 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_z^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,z} = 2.9324 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in z-direction,

Minimum embedded depth required:

$L_{e,req}$ - Depth of pile required,

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$$

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(6.3308 \text{ ft}), (2.9324 \text{ ft})]$$

$$L_{e,req} = 6.331 \text{ ft}$$

L_e - Actual embedded length of pile,

$$L_e = L - h_e - h_2$$

$$L_e = (6.75 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$L_e = 6.75 \text{ ft}$$

Ratio - Embedded depth

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(6.331 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.93793$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.940**

End-bearing Capacity (ASD)

A - Pile cross-section area

$$A = b D$$

$$A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$$

q - End-bearing pressure

$$q = \frac{P_c}{A}$$

$$q = \frac{(7.933 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$$

$$q = 0.49581 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$$q = 0.49581 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check bearing capacity ratio:

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.49581 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.24791$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.250**

Czerniak

Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):

L/D - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,

$$L/D = \frac{L}{D}$$

$$L/D = \frac{(6.75 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$$

$$L/D = 1.6875$$

Since $L/D \leq 10$,

Pile is short.

Considering x-direction:

$H_o = -0.45605 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 5.3369 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (5.3369 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.45605 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (5.3369 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.45605 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.6562 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (5.3369 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.45605 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(6.75 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (5.3369 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.45605 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.24509 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (5.3369 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.45605 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft}))]}{(6.75 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 1.0002 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(4.6562 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.34922 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.24509 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.34922 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.70182$$

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.700**

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 1.0125 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(1.0002 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.0125 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.98789$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.990**

Considering z-direction:

$H_o = 0.061943 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 0.17898 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.17898 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.061943 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.17898 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.061943 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.8425 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 \times (0.17898 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (0.061943 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(6.75 \text{ ft})^2 [(3 \times (0.17898 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (0.061943 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.046535 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 \times (0.17898 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((0.061943 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft}))]}{(6.75 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.1022 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(4.8425 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.36319 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.046535 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.36319 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.12813$$

p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 1.0125 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

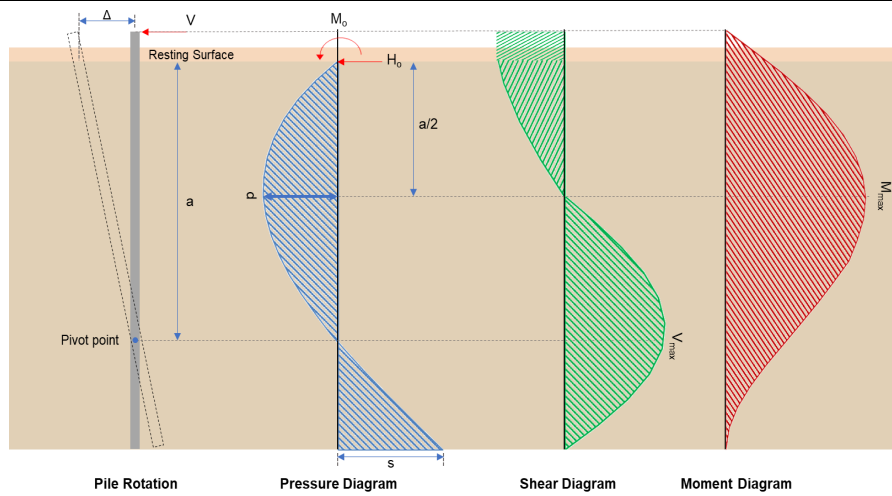
$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.130**

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.1022 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.0125 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.10094$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.100**



Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_e}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-4.774 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.76019 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(56.359 \text{ kipft}) + ((-4.774 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 8.9744 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(8.9744 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.76019 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 11.805 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_c) + (3 H_o L_c^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_c)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (8.9744 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.76019 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (8.9744 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.76019 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.6552 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4 E}{L_c} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_c} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3 E}{L_c} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_c} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.76019 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (11.805 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.6552 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (11.805 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.6552 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 11.416 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.76019 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(11.805 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(4.6552 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.75 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (11.805 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.6552 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (11.805 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.6552 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 36.666 \text{ kipft}$$

Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(0.622 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = 0.099045 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(1.797 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.622 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.28615 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.28615 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(0.099045 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 2.8891 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.28615 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.099045 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.28615 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.099045 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.8426 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((0.099045 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (2.8891 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.8426 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (2.8891 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.8426 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.56464 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o b L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((0.099045 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(2.8891 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(4.8426 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.75 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (2.8891 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.8426 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (2.8891 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.8426 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 1.6676 \text{ kipft}$$

Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi}$ - Concrete strength,
 $f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$ - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,
 $\phi = 0.65$ - Reduction factor for axial strength,
 $\alpha = 0.8$ - Alpha factor for axial strength,
 $A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$ - Gross area of concrete,

Table 22.4.2.1

Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load, $A_{st,required}$

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{(12.407 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (3 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (3 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -101.85 \text{ in}^2$$

A_{min} - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-101.85 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$$

n_{rebar} - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 14$$

A_{st} - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.96556$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.970**

25.2.3

s_{rebar} - Minimum spacing of reinforcement,

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$$

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$$

Ties:

25.7.2.2 Since longitudinal reinforcement is \leq No. 10: Use #3(0.375 in)

25.7.2.1 s_{ties} - Maximum spacing of ties,

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), \text{Min} (D, b)]$$

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), \text{Min} ((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$$

Summary:

Main reinforcement: **14 - #5 (0.625 in)**

Ties: #3(0.375 in) - 10 in

Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)

22.4.2.2

ϕP_N - Allowable axial compressive strength

$$\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st})]$$

$$\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times [(0.85 \times (3 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$\phi P_N = 3183.4 \text{ kip}$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(12.407 \text{ kip})}{(3183.4 \text{ kip})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.0038974$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**

Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)

Parameters:

22.5.2.2

$b_w = 48 \text{ in}$ - Effective width,
 d - Effective depth

$$d = 0.80 D$$

$$d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$d = 38.4 \text{ in}$$

22.5.5.1.3

λ_s - size effect modification factor

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = 0.64282$$

22.5.5.1.1

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{c,max}$ - Max shear strength of concrete

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,max} = 324.49 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.1(a)

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$, $P = 12.407 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 12407 \text{ lbf}$,
 $V_{c,a}$ - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + \frac{P}{6 A_g} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} + \frac{(12407 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 131.45 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{c,b}$ - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + (0.05 f'_{ck}) \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} + (0.05 \times (3000 \text{ psi})) \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 406.27 \text{ kip}$$

V_c - Governing shear strength of concrete

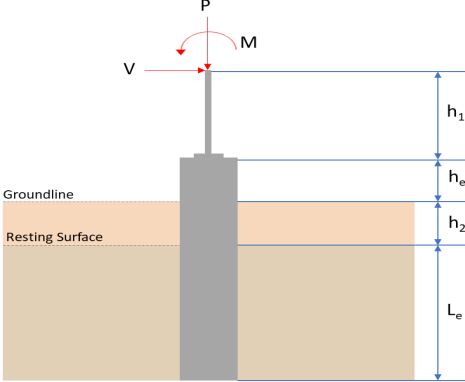
$$V_c = \text{Min}[V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min}[(324.49 \text{ kip}), (131.45 \text{ kip}), (406.27 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 131.45 \text{ kip}$$

<p>22.5.1.2</p>	<p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$, $V_{s,a}$ - Shear strength of steel (a)</p> $V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ $V_{s,a} = 807.65 \text{ kip}$ <p>A_v - Ties rebar area,</p> $A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$ $A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$ $A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$ <p>22.5.8.5.3 $V_{s,b}$ - Shear strength of steel (b)</p> $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yt} d}{s_{ties}}$ $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$ $V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p>V_s - Governing shear strength of steel</p> $V_s = \text{MIN}[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$ $V_s = \text{MIN}[(807.65 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$ $V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p>22.5.1.1 ϕV_n - Allowable shear strength</p> $\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$ $\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((131.45 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$ $\phi V_n = 118.52 \text{ kip}$ <p>Considering x-direction:</p> <p>$V_{max} = 11.416 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the x-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(11.416 \text{ kip})}{(118.52 \text{ kip})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.096321$ <p>Considering z-direction:</p> <p>$V_{max} = 0.56464 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the z-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.56464 \text{ kip})}{(118.52 \text{ kip})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.004764$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.100</p> <p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000</p>
	<p>Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p>S_m - Section modulus</p> $S_m = \frac{b D^2}{6}$ $S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$ $S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$	

<p>14.5.2.1b</p>	<p>$\lambda = 1$ - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete), Allowable flexural strength: M_n shall be the lesser of: $\phi M_{n,1}$</p> $\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{3\text{ksi}} \times 18432.001\text{in}^3$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 273.423\text{kipft}$ <p>$\phi M_{n,2}$</p> $\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_c \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (3\text{ksi}) \times (18432\text{in}^3)$ $\phi M_{n,2} = 2545.9\text{kipft}$ <p>Therefore, ϕM_n - Allowable flexural strength,</p> $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$ $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(273.42\text{kipft}), (2545.9\text{kipft})]$ $\phi M_n = 273.42\text{kipft}$ <p>Considering x-direction: $M_{max} = 36.666\text{kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the x-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(36.666\text{kipft})}{(273.42\text{kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.1341$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.130</p>
	<p>Considering z-direction: $M_{max} = 1.6676\text{kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the z-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(1.6676\text{kipft})}{(273.42\text{kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.0060991$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.010</p>

REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS																										
	<p>SkyCiv Foundation Design Pile Foundation</p> <p>Design Information : Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code) Unit System : Imperial</p>																											
	<p>Pile Input</p>  <p>Geometry Pile shape: rectangular $b = 48$ in - Pile width $D = 48$ in - Pile depth $L = 6.75$ ft - Total pile length $h_1 = 0$ ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile, $h_2 = 0$ ft - Depth to resting surface $h_e = 0$ ft - Length of pile above the ground</p> <p>Tabulation of Soil Parameters</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="416 1102 1193 1191"> <thead> <tr> <th>Layer</th> <th>Label</th> <th>Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf)</th> <th>Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel</td> <td>2000.000</td> <td>150.000</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Tabulation of Loads</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="676 1285 935 1458"> <thead> <tr> <th>Load Component</th> <th>ASD</th> <th>LRFD</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>P (kip)</td> <td>7.930</td> <td>12.402</td> </tr> <tr> <td>V_x (kip)</td> <td>-2.863</td> <td>-4.772</td> </tr> <tr> <td>V_z (kip)</td> <td>-0.389</td> <td>-0.622</td> </tr> <tr> <td>M_x (kipft)</td> <td>-1.158</td> <td>-1.853</td> </tr> <tr> <td>M_z (kipft)</td> <td>33.497</td> <td>56.330</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Material Properties $f'_{ck} = 3$ ksi - Concrete strength,</p>	Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)	1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000	Load Component	ASD	LRFD	P (kip)	7.930	12.402	V_x (kip)	-2.863	-4.772	V_z (kip)	-0.389	-0.622	M_x (kipft)	-1.158	-1.853	M_z (kipft)	33.497	56.330	
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	<p>Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD) H - Point of application of the lateral load</p> $H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$ $H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$ $H = 0 \text{ ft}$ <p>Considering x-direction: H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,</p> $H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$ $H_o = \frac{(-2.863 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $H_o = -0.45589 \text{ kip/ft}$ <p>M_o - Moment per length of pile,</p> $M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$																											

$$M_o = \frac{(33.497 \text{ kipft}) + ((-2.863 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 5.3339 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,x} = 6.3295 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in x-direction,

Considering z-direction:

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.389 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.061943 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(1.158 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.389 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.18439 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_z^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,z} = 1.9559 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in z-direction,

Minimum embedded depth required:

$L_{e,req}$ - Depth of pile required,

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$$

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(6.3295 \text{ ft}), (1.9559 \text{ ft})]$$

$$L_{e,req} = 6.33 \text{ ft}$$

L_e - Actual embedded length of pile,

$$L_e = L - h_c - h_2$$

$$L_e = (6.75 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$L_e = 6.75 \text{ ft}$$

Ratio - Embedded depth

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(6.33 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.93778$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.940**

End-bearing Capacity (ASD)

A - Pile cross-section area

$$A = b D$$

$$A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$$

q - End-bearing pressure

$$q = \frac{P_c}{A}$$

$$q = \frac{(7.93 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$$

$$q = 0.495625 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$$q = 0.49562 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check bearing capacity ratio:

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{q}{q_a}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.49562 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.24781$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.250**

Czerniak

Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):

L/D - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,

$$L/D = \frac{L}{D}$$

$$L/D = \frac{(6.75 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$$

$$L/D = 1.6875$$

Since $L/D \leq 10$,

Pile is short.

Considering x-direction:

$H_o = -0.45589 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 5.3339 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (5.3339 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.45589 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (5.3339 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.45589 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.6563 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (5.3339 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.45589 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(6.75 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (5.3339 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.45589 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.2449 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (5.3339 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.45589 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft}))]}{(6.75 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.99958 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(4.6563 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.34922 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.2449 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.34922 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.70128$$

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

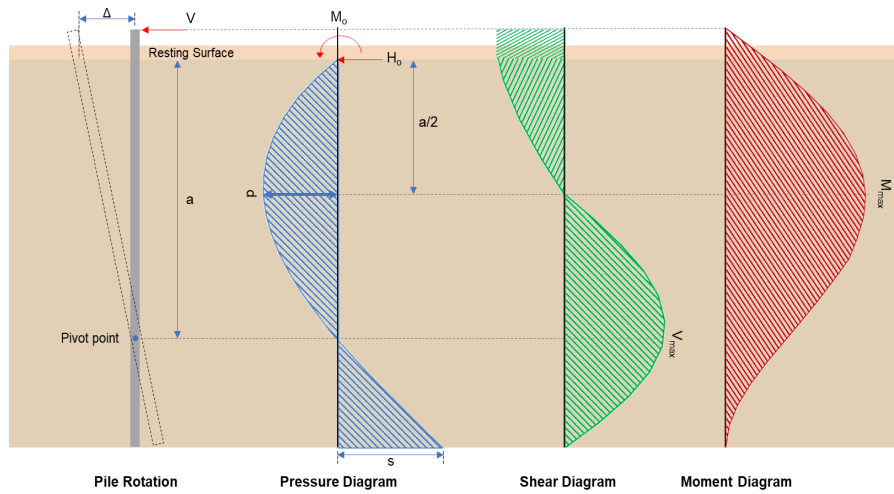
Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.700**

	$p_s = R L_e$ $p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft})$ $p_s = 1.0125 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.99958 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.0125 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.98724$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.990</p>
	<p>Considering z-direction:</p> <p>$H_o = -0.061943 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile, $M_o = 0.18439 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile, a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,</p> $a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$ $a = \frac{(4 \times (0.18439 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.061943 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.18439 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.061943 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft}))}$ $a = 4.8385 \text{ ft}$ <p>p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,</p> $p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$ $p = \frac{0.75 [(4 \times (0.18439 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.061943 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(6.75 \text{ ft})^2 [(3 \times (0.18439 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.061943 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft}))]}$ $p = -0.01553 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e,</p> $s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$ $s = \frac{6 [(2 \times (0.18439 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.061943 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft}))]}{(6.75 \text{ ft})^2}$ $s = -0.0064952 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Check lateral soil pressure capacity:</p> <p>p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,</p> $p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$ $p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(4.8385 \text{ ft})}{2}$ $p_a = 0.36289 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(-0.01553 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.36289 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = -0.042796$ <p>p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e,</p> $p_s = R L_e$ $p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft})$ $p_s = 1.0125 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: -0.040</p>

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(-0.0064952 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.0125 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = -0.0064151$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **-0.010**



Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-4.772 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.75987 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(56.33 \text{ kipft}) + ((-4.772 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 8.9697 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(8.9697 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.75987 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 11.804 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_c) + (3 H_o L_c^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_c)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (8.9697 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.75987 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (8.9697 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.75987 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.6553 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4 E}{L_c} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_c} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3 E}{L_c} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_c} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.75987 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (11.804 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.6553 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (11.804 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.6553 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 11.411 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.75987 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(11.804 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(4.6553 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.75 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (11.804 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.6553 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (11.804 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.6553 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 36.647 \text{ kipft}$$

Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.622 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.099045 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(1.853 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.622 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.29506 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.29506 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.099045 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 2.9791 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.29506 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.099045 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.29506 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.099045 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.8384 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.099045 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (2.9791 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.8384 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (2.9791 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.8384 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.57387 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o b L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.099045 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(2.9791 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(4.8384 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.75 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (2.9791 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.8384 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (2.9791 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.8384 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 1.6987 \text{ kipft}$$

Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi}$ - Concrete strength,
 $f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$ - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,
 $\phi = 0.65$ - Reduction factor for axial strength,
 $\alpha = 0.8$ - Alpha factor for axial strength,
 $A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$ - Gross area of concrete,

Table 22.4.2.1

Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load, $A_{st,required}$

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{(12.402 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (3 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (3 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -101.85 \text{ in}^2$$

A_{min} - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-101.85 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$$

n_{rebar} - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 14$$

A_{st} - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.96556$$

25.2.3

s_{rebar} - Minimum spacing of reinforcement,

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$$

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$$

Ties:

25.7.2.2 Since longitudinal reinforcement is \leq No. 10: Use #3(0.375 in)

25.7.2.1 s_{ties} - Maximum spacing of ties,

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), \text{Min} (D, b)]$$

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), \text{Min} ((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$$

Summary:

Main reinforcement: 14 - #5 (0.625 in)

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.970**

Ties: #3(0.375 in) - 10 in

Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)

22.4.2.2

ϕP_N - Allowable axial compressive strength

$$\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}] + (f_{yk} A_{st})]$$

$$\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times [(0.85 \times (3 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$\phi P_N = 3183.4 \text{ kip}$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(12.402 \text{ kip})}{(3183.4 \text{ kip})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.0038958$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**

Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)

Parameters:

22.5.2.2

$b_w = 48 \text{ in}$ - Effective width,
 d - Effective depth

$$d = 0.80 D$$

$$d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$d = 38.4 \text{ in}$$

22.5.5.1.3

λ_s - size effect modification factor

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = 0.64282$$

22.5.5.1.1

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{c,max}$ - Max shear strength of concrete

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,max} = 324.49 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.1(a)

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$, $P = 12.402 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 12402 \text{ lbf}$,
 $V_{c,a}$ - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + \frac{P}{6 A_g} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} + \frac{(12402 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 131.45 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{c,b}$ - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + (0.05 f'_{ck}) \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} + (0.05 \times (3000 \text{ psi})) \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 406.27 \text{ kip}$$

V_c - Governing shear strength of concrete

$$V_c = \text{Min}[V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min}[(324.49 \text{ kip}), (131.45 \text{ kip}), (406.27 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 131.45 \text{ kip}$$

<p>22.5.1.2</p>	<p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$, $V_{s,a}$ - Shear strength of steel (a)</p> $V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ $V_{s,a} = 807.65 \text{ kip}$ <p>A_v - Ties rebar area,</p> $A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$ $A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$ $A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$ <p>22.5.8.5.3 $V_{s,b}$ - Shear strength of steel (b)</p> $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yt} d}{s_{ties}}$ $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$ $V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p>V_s - Governing shear strength of steel</p> $V_s = \text{MIN}[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$ $V_s = \text{MIN}[(807.65 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$ $V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p>22.5.1.1 ϕV_n - Allowable shear strength</p> $\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$ $\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((131.45 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$ $\phi V_n = 118.52 \text{ kip}$ <p>Considering x-direction:</p> <p>$V_{max} = 11.411 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the x-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(11.411 \text{ kip})}{(118.52 \text{ kip})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.096273$ <p>Considering z-direction:</p> <p>$V_{max} = 0.57387 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the z-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.57387 \text{ kip})}{(118.52 \text{ kip})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.0048419$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.100</p> <p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000</p>
	<p>Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p>S_m - Section modulus</p> $S_m = \frac{b D^2}{6}$ $S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$ $S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$	

<p>14.5.2.1b</p>	<p>$\lambda = 1$ - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete), Allowable flexural strength: M_n shall be the lesser of: $\phi M_{n,1}$</p> $\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{3\text{ksi}} \times 18432.001\text{in}^3$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 273.423\text{kipft}$ <p>$\phi M_{n,2}$</p> $\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_c \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (3\text{ksi}) \times (18432\text{in}^3)$ $\phi M_{n,2} = 2545.9\text{kipft}$ <p>Therefore, ϕM_n - Allowable flexural strength,</p> $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$ $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(273.42\text{kipft}), (2545.9\text{kipft})]$ $\phi M_n = 273.42\text{kipft}$ <p>Considering x-direction: $M_{max} = 36.647\text{kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the x-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(36.647\text{kipft})}{(273.42\text{kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.13403$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.130</p>
	<p>Considering z-direction: $M_{max} = 1.6987\text{kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the z-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(1.6987\text{kipft})}{(273.42\text{kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.0062126$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.010</p>