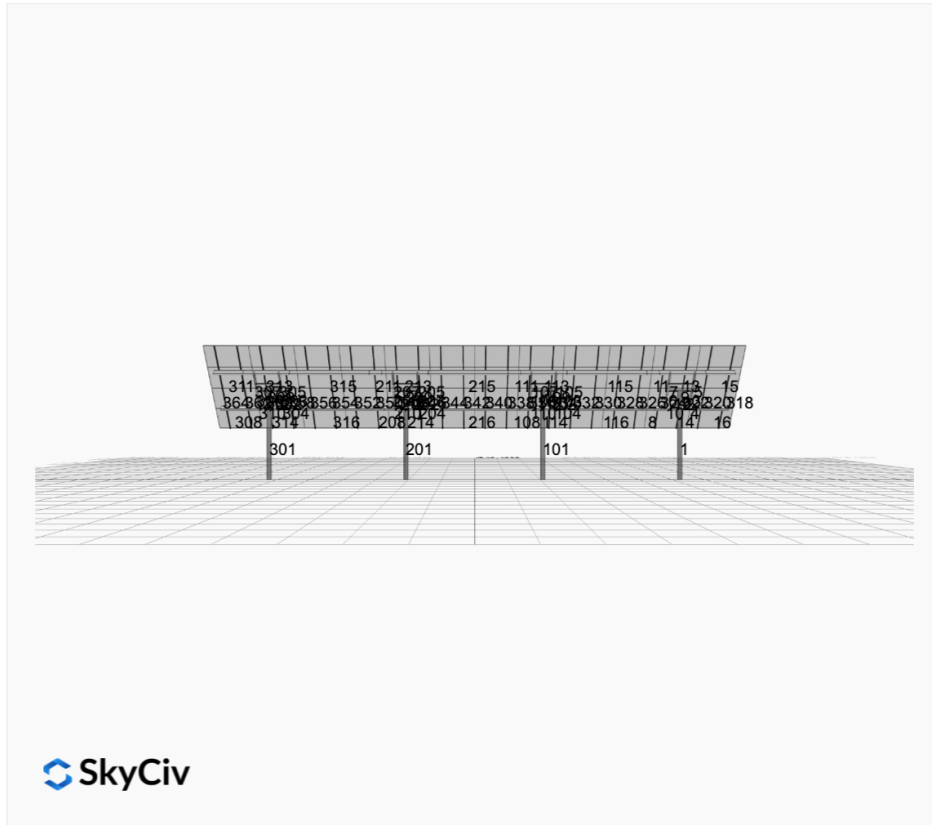


# Project Details



**Project Name:** Winthrop 4x12-50D-8ft  
**Location:** 7831 Farm to Market Rd, Whitefish, MT 59937, USA  
**Unique ID:** 4P-22.5-8TOP-XD-57-L-4Hx12W-ALKE  
**Dealer:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Date:** Mon Sep 29 2025  
**Number of Modules:** 48  
**Number of Poles:** 4  
**Date Sold:** \_\_\_\_\_



<b>Array Dimensions N/S</b>	17.30 ft
<b>Array Dimensions E/W</b>	86.60 ft
<b>Winter Tilt Angle</b>	50
<b>Front Edge Clearance</b>	8 ft

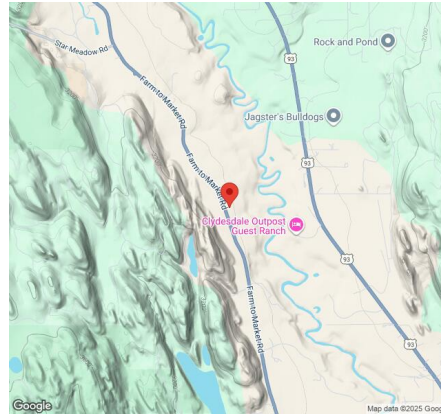
## MT Solar Bill of Materials (4P-22.5-8TOP-XD-57-L-4Hx12W-ALKE)

Part	Short Description	BOM Qty
MTS-PC-8	8IN Pole Cap Assembly	4
MTS-HF-XD	H-Frame Assembly-XD	4
MTS-XD-Wing-57	57IN XD Wing	4
MTS-XD-Splice-90	90IN XD Splice	12
MTS-CLAMP-HOOK-4PK	Hook Clamp	12

## Rail Bill of Materials

Part	Qty
Rails (208in)	24
Rail Attachment	48
Module Mid Clamp	72
Module End Clamp	48
Ground Lug	12

## Site Details:



**Site Address:** 7831 Farm to Market Rd, Whitefish, MT 59937, USA

### Array Specification

<b>Duty Classification:</b>	XD
<b>Module Width:</b>	51.40 in
<b>Module Length:</b>	85.60in
<b>Number of Rows:</b>	4
<b>Number of Columns:</b>	12
<b>Total Number of Modules:</b>	48
<b>Winter Tilt Angle:</b>	50
<b>Front Edge Clearance:</b>	8
<b>Total Array Height at Tilt:</b>	21.25 ft
<b>Total Frame Length:</b>	84.50 ft
<b>Module Info/Notes:</b>	
<b>Array Dimensions N/S:</b>	17.30 ft
<b>Array Dimensions E/W:</b>	86.60 ft
<b>Rail Length:</b>	207.60 in
<b>Rail Spacing:</b>	3.61 ft

### Support Specifications

<b>Pole Size:</b>	8in Pipe Sch 80
<b>Pole Length above Grade:</b>	14.63 ft
<b>Number of Poles:</b>	4
<b>Pole Spacing:</b>	22.5 ft

### Foundation Specifications

<b>Foundation Type:</b>	Square
<b>Foundation Dimensions:</b>	48 x 48 in
<b>Foundation Depth (below grade):</b>	Pile 1: 8.25 ft Pile 2: 8.50 ft Pile 3: 8.50 ft Pile 4: 8.25 ft
<b>Foundation Volume:</b>	19.852 y <sup>3</sup>

### Site Info

<b>Risk Category:</b>	I
<b>Exposure:</b>	C
<b>Soil Classification:</b>	sand
<b>Site Location:</b>	7831 Farm to Market Rd, Whitefish, MT 59937, USA
<b>Wind Speed:</b>	110 mph

**Snow Load:**

85 psf

### **Design Disclaimer**

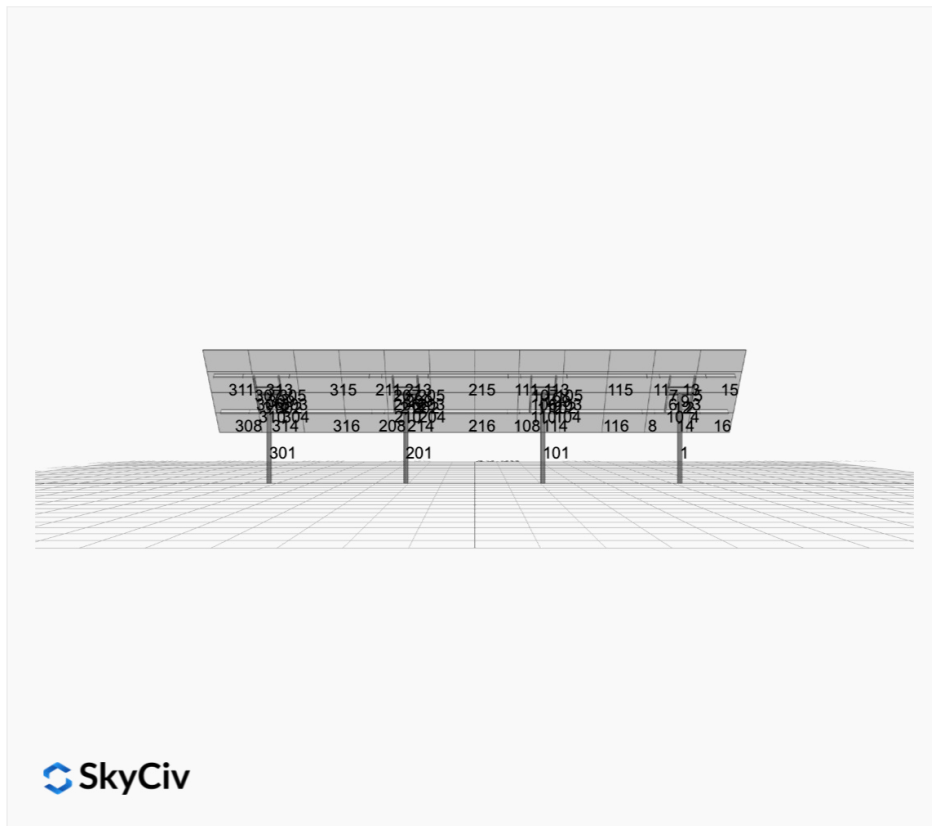
This software should be used for preliminary designs and should not be used as a final design unless reviewed, verified and designed by a qualified structural engineer.

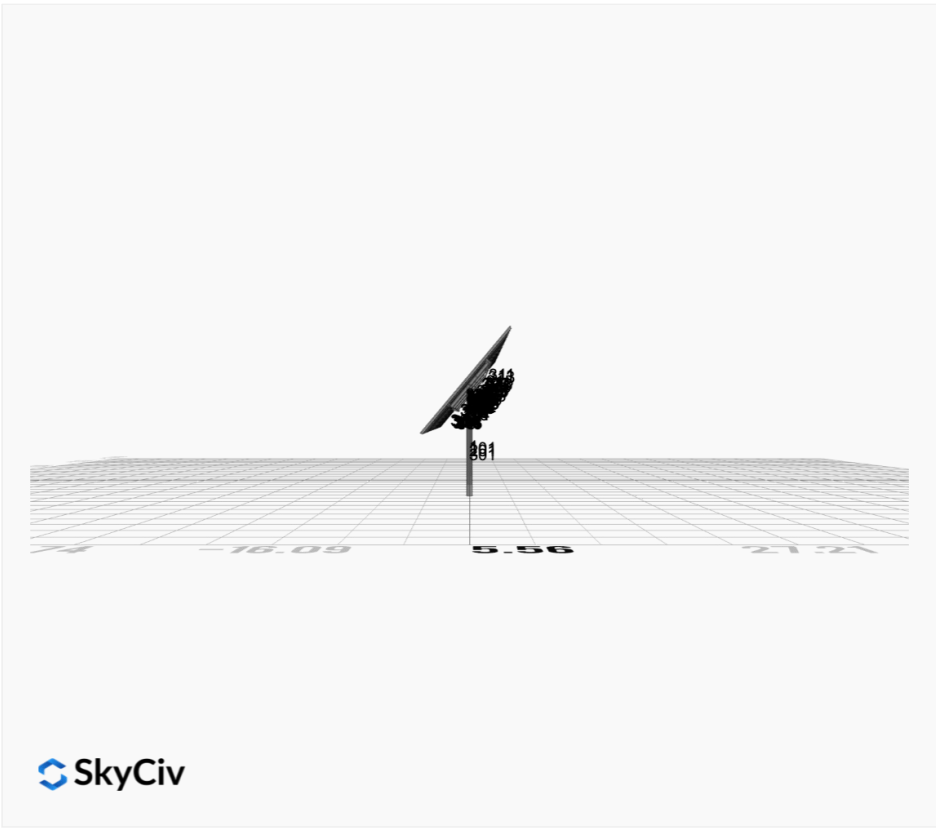
## AutoDesigner Input

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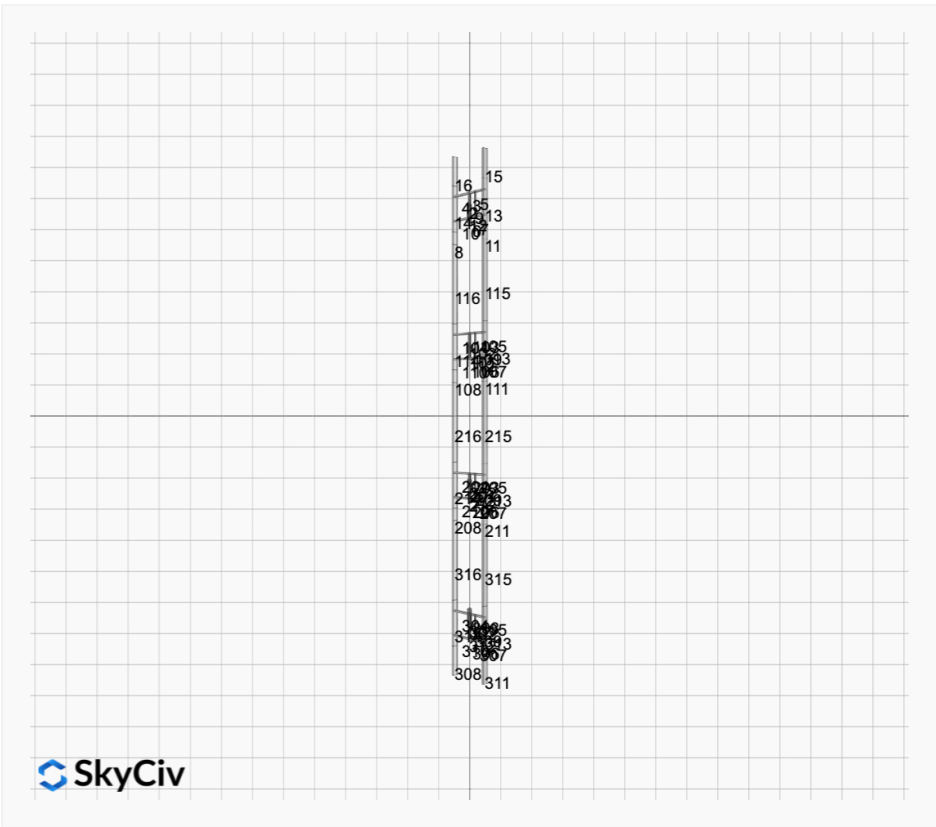
### Design Notes:


- AISC Deflection checks are set to L/1 due to structure design intent
- Foundation Soil Parameters used in this Autodesign are all estimates, proper geotechnical reports are required to confirm soil profiles
- Wind speeds, snow loads and other site specific results are based on ASCE 7 2016
- Steel frame design checks are based on AISC 360 2016 (LRFD)

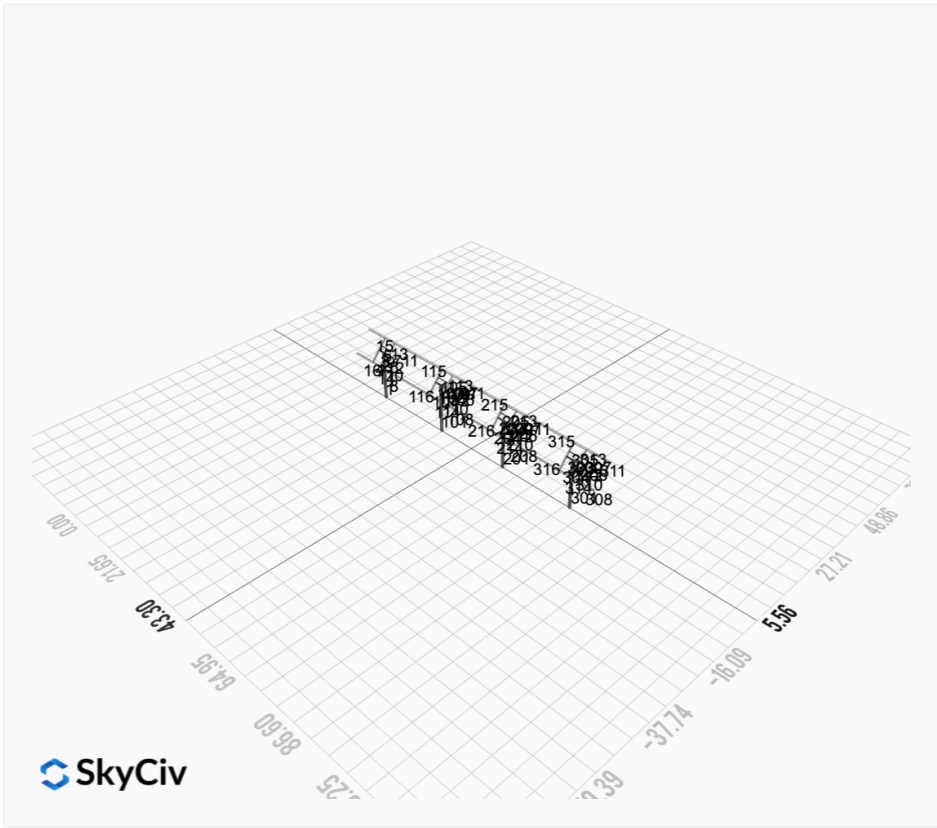




 SkyCiv

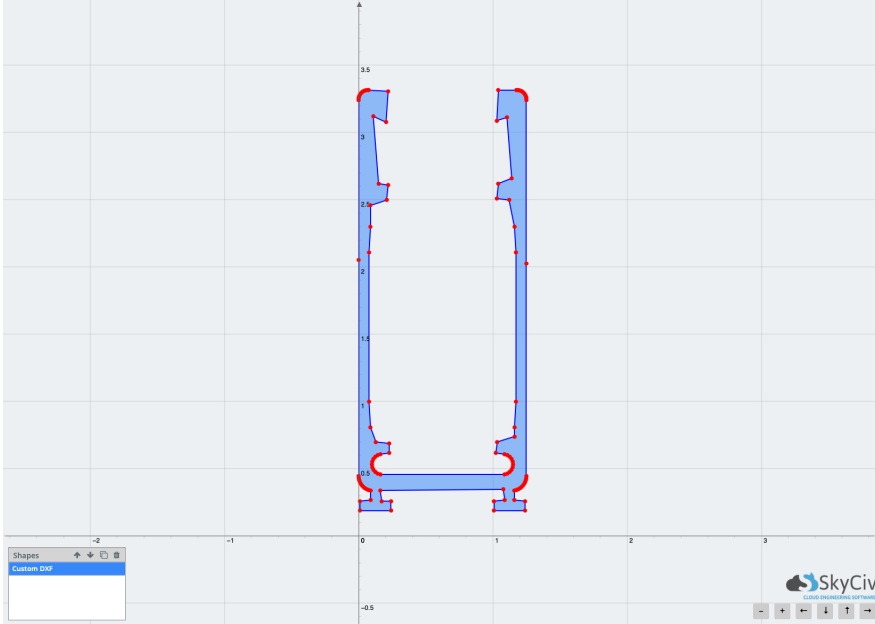


 SkyCiv



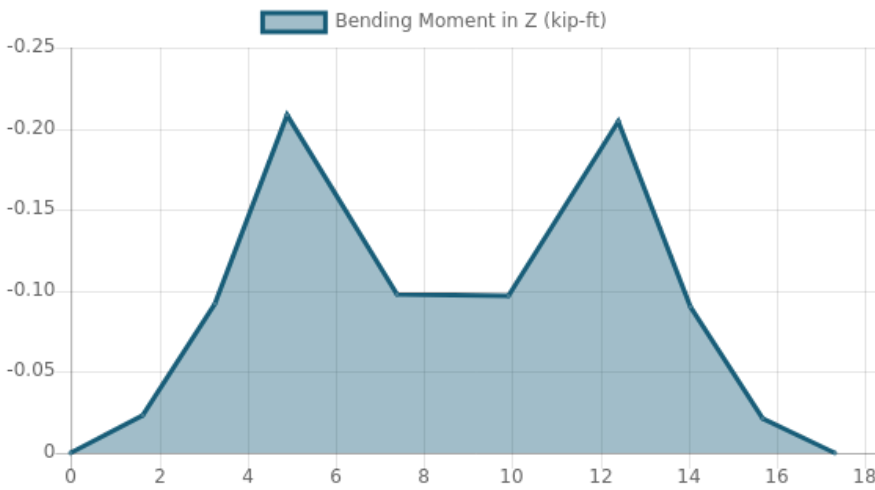
## Rail Design Check

**Rail Length:** 17.3 ft  
**Additional Restraints Required:** None  
**Tributary Width:** 3.60833333333333 ft  
**Material:** Aluminium  
**Density:** 169 lb/ft<sup>3</sup>  
**Elasticity Modulus:** 10000 ksi  
**Fy:** 34.5 ksi  
**Fu:** 37 ksi  
**Snow (X):** 0.0434 kip/ft  
**Snow (Y):** -0.0517 kip/ft  
**Wind uplift Case A:** 0.0839 kip/ft  
**Wind downforce Case A:** 0.0839 kip/ft  
**Dead (Panel load) (X):** 0.0104 kip/ft  
**Dead (Panel load) (Y):** -0.0124 kip/ft

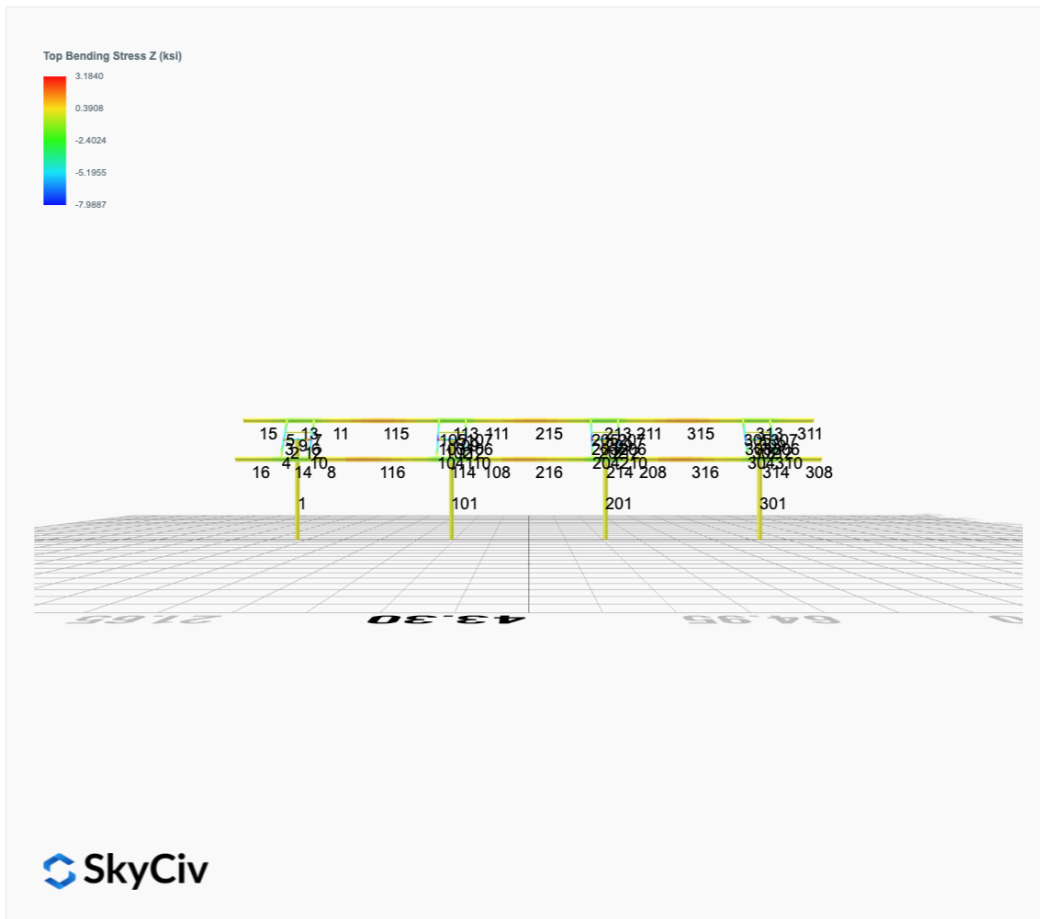
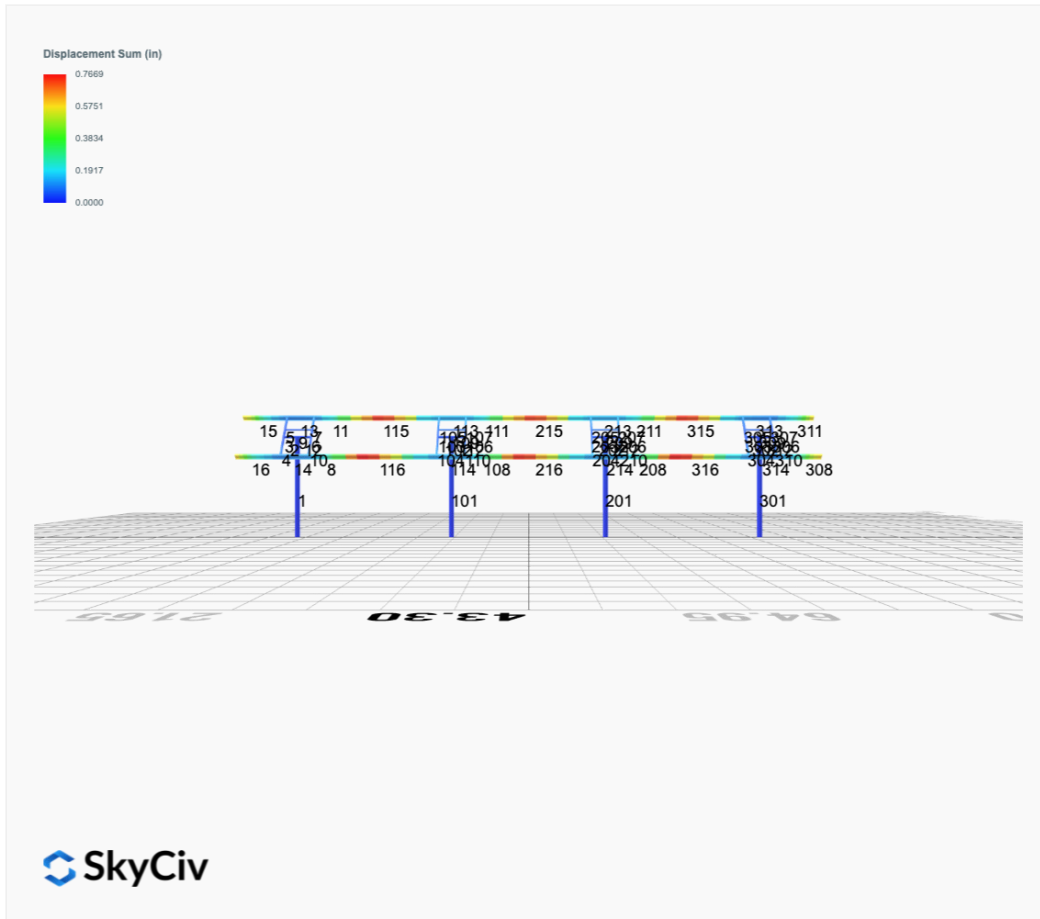


Result Check	Max Limit	Max Value	Utility	Status
Custom Stress Limit	34.5	36.60735	1.061	FAIL
Material Yield	34.5	36.60735	1.061	FAIL
Material Strength	37	36.60735	0.989	PASS

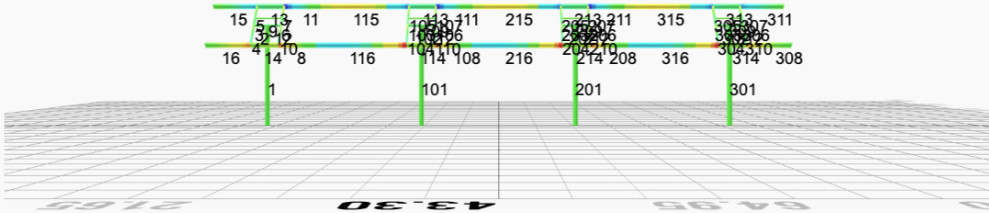
Member 1, ULS: 1. 1.4D

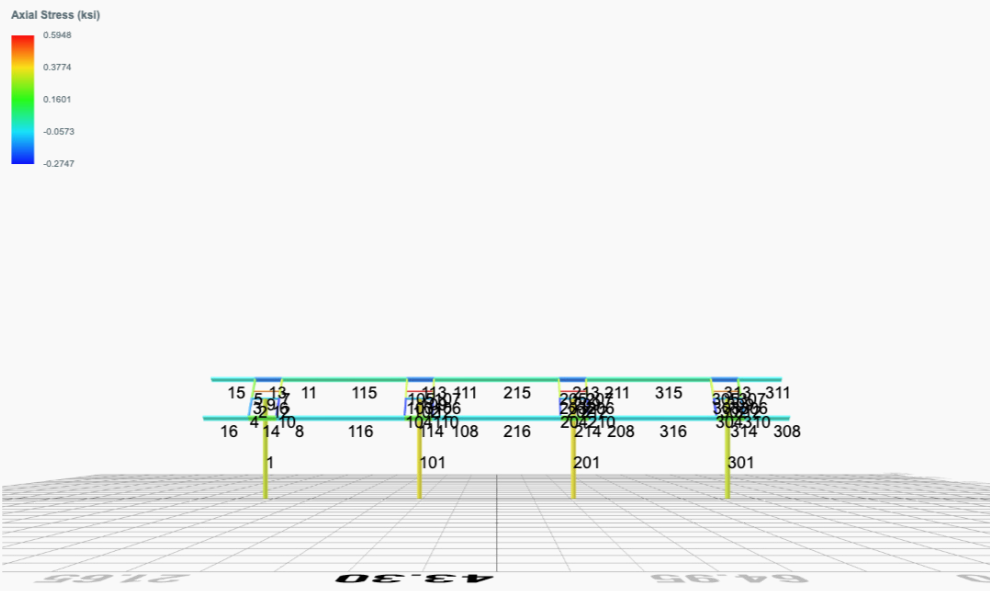


# FEM Results (Envelope Worst Case for each member)



Top Bending Stress Y (ksi)





## Reaction Forces for Foundation 1 (Node ID#1), (kip, kip-ft)

### ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	0.0097	2.9413	0.0303	0.1410	-0.0151	-0.1114
ULS: 2. D + L	0.0097	2.9413	0.0303	0.1410	-0.0151	-0.1114
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0292	7.0281	0.0916	0.4272	-0.0468	-0.3678
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0097	2.9413	0.0303	0.1410	-0.0151	-0.1114
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0243	6.0064	0.0763	0.3557	-0.0389	-0.3037
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0097	2.9413	0.0303	0.1410	-0.0151	-0.1114
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	0.0097	2.9413	0.0303	0.1410	-0.0151	-0.1114
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	0.0243	6.0064	0.0763	0.3557	-0.0389	-0.3037
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	0.0058	1.7648	0.0182	0.0846	-0.0091	-0.0669
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-3.7589	6.0770	0.1412	0.6291	-0.6868	56.1823
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	0.0097	2.9413	0.0303	0.1410	-0.0151	-0.1114
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	3.7732	-0.1916	-0.0760	-0.3255	0.6297	-54.3777
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0097	2.9413	0.0303	0.1410	-0.0151	-0.1114
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.8021	8.3582	0.1595	0.7217	-0.5427	41.9166
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	0.0243	6.0064	0.0763	0.3557	-0.0389	-0.3037
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	2.8469	3.6568	-0.0035	0.0058	0.4447	-41.0034
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0243	6.0064	0.0763	0.3557	-0.0389	-0.3037
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.8167	5.2931	0.1135	0.5071	-0.5189	42.1089
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	0.0097	2.9413	0.0303	0.1410	-0.0151	-0.1114
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	2.8323	0.5916	-0.0494	-0.2089	0.4685	-40.8112
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0097	2.9413	0.0303	0.1410	-0.0151	-0.1114
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-3.7627	4.9005	0.1291	0.5727	-0.6808	56.2269
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	0.0058	1.7648	0.0182	0.0846	-0.0091	-0.0669
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	3.7693	-1.3681	-0.0881	-0.3819	0.6357	-54.3331
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0058	1.7648	0.0182	0.0846	-0.0091	-0.0669

### Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.

Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	12.6836
Shear X	-6.2980
Shear Z	0.2556
Moment X	1.1435
Moment Y (Twist)	1.1752
Moment Z	95.5562

### Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.

Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	8.3582
Shear X	-3.7732
Shear Z	0.1595
Moment X	0.7217
Moment Y (Twist)	0.6868
Moment Z	56.2269

## Reaction Forces for Foundation 2 (Node ID#101), (kip, kip-ft)

### ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	-0.0097	3.2446	-0.0000	-0.0002	-0.0005	0.1596
ULS: 2. D + L	-0.0097	3.2446	-0.0000	-0.0002	-0.0005	0.1596
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	-0.0292	7.9407	0.0000	-0.0005	-0.0018	0.4564
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	-0.0097	3.2446	-0.0000	-0.0002	-0.0005	0.1596
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	-0.0243	6.7667	0.0000	-0.0004	-0.0015	0.3822

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	-0.0097	3.2446	-0.0000	-0.0002	-0.0005	0.1596
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	-0.0097	3.2446	-0.0000	-0.0002	-0.0005	0.1596
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	-0.0243	6.7667	0.0000	-0.0004	-0.0015	0.3822
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	-0.0058	1.9468	-0.0000	-0.0001	-0.0003	0.0958
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-4.2466	6.8263	0.0311	0.1359	-0.2080	63.2101
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.0097	3.2446	-0.0000	-0.0002	-0.0005	0.1596
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	4.2323	-0.3398	-0.0284	-0.1239	0.1899	-60.5092
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	-0.0097	3.2446	-0.0000	-0.0002	-0.0005	0.1596
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-3.2020	9.4529	0.0233	0.1016	-0.1571	47.6701
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.0243	6.7667	0.0000	-0.0004	-0.0015	0.3822
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	3.1572	4.0783	-0.0212	-0.0932	0.1414	-45.1194
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	-0.0243	6.7667	0.0000	-0.0004	-0.0015	0.3822
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-3.1873	5.9309	0.0233	0.1018	-0.1561	47.4475
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.0097	3.2446	-0.0000	-0.0002	-0.0005	0.1596
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	3.1718	0.5563	-0.0213	-0.0930	0.1423	-45.3420
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	-0.0097	3.2446	-0.0000	-0.0002	-0.0005	0.1596
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-4.2427	5.5284	0.0311	0.1359	-0.2078	63.1463
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.0058	1.9468	-0.0000	-0.0001	-0.0003	0.0958
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	4.2362	-1.6377	-0.0284	-0.1238	0.1901	-60.5731
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	-0.0058	1.9468	-0.0000	-0.0001	-0.0003	0.0958

### Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.  
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	14.3901
Shear X	-7.0780
Shear Z	0.0544
Moment X	0.2372
Moment Y (Twist)	0.3632
Moment Z	107.7597

### Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.  
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	9.4529
Shear X	-4.2466
Shear Z	0.0311
Moment X	0.1359
Moment Y (Twist)	0.2080
Moment Z	63.2101

### Reaction Forces for Foundation 3 (Node ID#201), (kip, kip-ft)

#### ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	-0.0097	3.2446	0.0000	0.0002	0.0006	0.1596
ULS: 2. D + L	-0.0097	3.2446	0.0000	0.0002	0.0006	0.1596
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	-0.0292	7.9407	-0.0000	0.0004	0.0020	0.4565
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	-0.0097	3.2446	0.0000	0.0002	0.0006	0.1596
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	-0.0243	6.7667	-0.0000	0.0003	0.0016	0.3823
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	-0.0097	3.2446	0.0000	0.0002	0.0006	0.1596
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	-0.0097	3.2446	0.0000	0.0002	0.0006	0.1596
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	-0.0243	6.7667	-0.0000	0.0003	0.0016	0.3823
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	-0.0058	1.9468	0.0000	0.0001	0.0003	0.0958
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-4.2466	6.8263	-0.0311	-0.1359	0.2080	63.2101
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.0097	3.2446	0.0000	0.0002	0.0006	0.1596
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	4.2323	-0.3398	0.0284	0.1239	-0.1899	-60.5092
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	-0.0097	3.2446	0.0000	0.0002	0.0006	0.1596

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-3.2020	9.4529	-0.0233	-0.1017	0.1572	47.6701
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.0243	6.7667	-0.0000	0.0003	0.0016	0.3823
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	3.1572	4.0783	0.0213	0.0931	-0.1412	-45.1194
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	-0.0243	6.7667	-0.0000	0.0003	0.0016	0.3823
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-3.1873	5.9309	-0.0233	-0.1019	0.1561	47.4475
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.0097	3.2446	0.0000	0.0002	0.0006	0.1596
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	3.1718	0.5563	0.0213	0.0930	-0.1423	-45.3420
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	-0.0097	3.2446	0.0000	0.0002	0.0006	0.1596
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-4.2427	5.5284	-0.0311	-0.1360	0.2078	63.1463
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.0058	1.9468	0.0000	0.0001	0.0003	0.0958
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	4.2362	-1.6377	0.0284	0.1238	-0.1901	-60.5731
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	-0.0058	1.9468	0.0000	0.0001	0.0003	0.0958

### Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.  
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	14.3901
Shear X	-7.0780
Shear Z	-0.0544
Moment X	-0.2382
Moment Y (Twist)	0.3637
Moment Z	107.7602

### Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.  
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	9.4529
Shear X	-4.2466
Shear Z	-0.0311
Moment X	-0.1360
Moment Y (Twist)	0.2080
Moment Z	63.2101

### Reaction Forces for Foundation 4 (Node ID#301), (kip, kip-ft)

#### ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	0.0097	2.9413	-0.0303	-0.1411	0.0152	-0.1114
ULS: 2. D + L	0.0097	2.9413	-0.0303	-0.1411	0.0152	-0.1114
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0292	7.0281	-0.0916	-0.4276	0.0469	-0.3677
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0097	2.9413	-0.0303	-0.1411	0.0152	-0.1114
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0243	6.0064	-0.0763	-0.3559	0.0390	-0.3036
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0097	2.9413	-0.0303	-0.1411	0.0152	-0.1114
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	0.0097	2.9413	-0.0303	-0.1411	0.0152	-0.1114
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	0.0243	6.0064	-0.0763	-0.3559	0.0390	-0.3036
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	0.0058	1.7648	-0.0182	-0.0847	0.0091	-0.0669
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-3.7589	6.0770	-0.1412	-0.6291	0.6868	56.1823
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	0.0097	2.9413	-0.0303	-0.1411	0.0152	-0.1114
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	3.7732	-0.1916	0.0760	0.3255	-0.6296	-54.3777
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0097	2.9413	-0.0303	-0.1411	0.0152	-0.1114
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.8021	8.3582	-0.1595	-0.7220	0.5428	41.9167
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	0.0243	6.0064	-0.0763	-0.3559	0.0390	-0.3036
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	2.8469	3.6567	0.0034	-0.0060	-0.4446	-41.0033
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0243	6.0064	-0.0763	-0.3559	0.0390	-0.3036
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.8167	5.2931	-0.1135	-0.5071	0.5189	42.1089
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	0.0097	2.9413	-0.0303	-0.1411	0.0152	-0.1114
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	2.8323	0.5916	0.0494	0.2088	-0.4684	-40.8111
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0097	2.9413	-0.0303	-0.1411	0.0152	-0.1114

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-3.7627	4.9005	-0.1291	-0.5727	0.6808	56.2269
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	0.0058	1.7648	-0.0182	-0.0847	0.0091	-0.0669
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	3.7693	-1.3681	0.0881	0.3819	-0.6357	-54.3331
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0058	1.7648	-0.0182	-0.0847	0.0091	-0.0669

### Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.  
 Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	12.6835
Shear X	-6.2979
Shear Z	-0.2556
Moment X	-1.1445
Moment Y (Twist)	1.1756
Moment Z	95.5579

### Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.  
 Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	8.3582
Shear X	-3.7732
Shear Z	-0.1595
Moment X	-0.7220
Moment Y (Twist)	0.6868
Moment Z	56.2269

# Project Details

Design Code: AISC 360-16 LRFD  
 Provision: LRFD  
 Country: United States  
 User Name: sales@mtsolar.us  
 Project Name: Winthrop 4x12-50D-8ft  
 Unit System: imperial



## Design Input Information

Design Factors			
$\Phi_t$	$\Phi_c$	$\Phi_b$	$\Phi_v$
0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9

Design Materials			
ID	E (ksi)	$F_y$ (ksi)	$F_u$ (ksi)
1	29000	50	65

**Section Dimensions**

ID	Name	d (in)	$t_w$ (in)				
3	2in Pipe Sch 120	2.38	0.25				
6	4in Pipe Sch 120	4.50	0.44				
10	8in Pipe Sch 80	8.63	0.50				

ID	Name	d (in)	b (in)	$t_w$ (in)	$t_b$ (in)	r (in)	
17	HSS5x3x1/4	5.00	3.00	0.23	0.23	0.23	

ID	Name	d (in)	$t_w$ (in)	$b_t$ (in)	$b_b$ (in)	$t_t$ (in)	$t_b$ (in)	r (in)
20	W10x12	9.87	0.19	3.96	3.96	0.21	0.21	0.30

Section Properties								
ID	Name	A (in <sup>2</sup> )	J (in <sup>4</sup> )	$I_{yD}$ (in <sup>4</sup> )	$I_{zD}$ (in <sup>4</sup> )	$I_w$ (in <sup>6</sup> )	$S_{yD}$ (in <sup>3</sup> )	$S_{zD}$ (in <sup>3</sup> )



113	20	4.88	4.00	7.50	1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.05,1.03,1.06,1.03,1.05,1.03,1.05,1.03,1.04,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.05,1.03,1.07,1.03,1.05,1.03,1.05,1.03	300	200	1
114	20	4.88	4.00	7.50	1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.04,1.03,1.05,1.03,1.04,1.03,1.05,1.03,1.04,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.04,1.03,1.05,1.03	300	200	1
115	20	8.42	8.42	12.95	1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.13,1.16,1.12,1.16,1.12,1.16,1.12,1.16,1.14,1.16,1.32,1.16,1.13,1.16,1.12,1.16,1.12,1.16,1.12,1.16	300	200	1
116	20	8.42	8.42	12.95	1.17,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.15,1.17,1.14,1.17,1.15,1.17,1.15,1.17,1.15,1.17,1.16,1.17,1.21,1.17,1.16,1.17,1.14,1.17,1.15,1.17,1.15,1.17	300	200	1
201	10	30.72	30.72	14.63	-	300	200	1
202	6	1.30	1.30	2.00	-	300	200	1
203	17	0.92	0.92	1.42	1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.17,1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.19	300	200	1
204	17	2.44	2.44	3.75	1.68,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68	300	200	1
205	17	1.52	1.52	2.33	1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68	300	200	1
206	17	0.92	0.92	1.42	1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.17,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.17,1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.19	300	200	1
207	17	1.52	1.52	2.33	1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68	300	200	1
208	20	1.33	1.33	2.05	2.32,2.32,2.32,2.32,2.32,2.32,2.19,2.32,2.12,2.32,2.15,2.32,2.13,2.32,2.36,2.32,2.03,2.32,2.21,2.32,2.12,2.32,2.15,2.32,2.14,2.32	300	200	1
209	3	2.60	2.60	4.00	-	300	200	1
210	17	2.44	2.44	3.75	1.68,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68	300	200	1
211	20	1.33	1.33	2.05	2.35,2.35,2.35,2.35,2.35,2.35,2.08,2.35,1.63,2.35,2.04,2.35,1.79,2.35,2.11,2.35,1.54,2.35,2.08,2.35,1.59,2.35,2.01,2.35,1.84,2.35	300	200	1
212	6	1.30	1.30	2.00	-	300	200	1
213	20	4.88	4.00	7.50	1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.05,1.03,1.06,1.03,1.05,1.03,1.06,1.03,1.04,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.05,1.03,1.07,1.03,1.05,1.03,1.05,1.03	300	200	1
214	20	4.88	4.00	7.50	1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.04,1.03,1.05,1.03,1.04,1.03,1.05,1.03,1.04,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.04,1.03,1.05,1.03,1.07,1.03,1.05,1.03,1.05,1.03	300	200	1
215	20	8.42	8.42	12.95	1.17,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.14,1.17,1.12,1.17,1.14,1.17,1.13,1.17,1.15,1.17,2.07,1.17,1.14,1.17,1.12,1.17,1.14,1.17,1.13,1.17	300	200	1
216	20	8.42	8.42	12.95	1.17,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.16,1.17,1.15,1.17,1.16,1.17,1.15,1.17,1.16,1.17,1.22,1.17,1.16,1.17,1.12,1.17,1.16,1.17,1.16,1.17	300	200	1
301	10	30.72	30.72	14.63	-	300	200	1
302	6	1.30	1.30	2.00	-	300	200	1
303	17	0.92	0.92	1.42	1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.19,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.19	300	200	1
304	17	2.44	2.44	3.75	1.69,1.68,1.69,1.67,1.68,1.69,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.69,1.66,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.69,1.66,1.69,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.69	300	200	1
305	17	1.52	1.52	2.33	1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68	300	200	1
306	17	0.92	0.92	1.42	1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.17,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.17,1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.19	300	200	1
307	17	1.52	1.52	2.33	1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68	300	200	1
308	20	9.97	9.97	4.75	2.33,2.33	300	200	1
309	3	2.60	2.60	4.00	-	300	200	1
310	17	2.44	2.44	3.75	1.69,1.68,1.69,1.67,1.68,1.69,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.69,1.66,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.69,1.66,1.69,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.69	300	200	1
311	20	9.97	9.97	4.75	2.33,2.33	300	200	1
312	6	1.30	1.30	2.00	-	300	200	1
313	20	4.88	4.00	7.50	1.08,1.08,1.08,1.08,1.08,1.08,1.06,1.08,1.05,1.08,1.06,1.08,1.06,1.08,1.07,1.08,1.14,1.08,1.07,1.08,1.05,1.08,1.06,1.08,1.06,1.08	300	200	1
314	20	4.88	4.00	7.50	1.08,1.08,1.08,1.08,1.08,1.08,1.07,1.08,1.06,1.08,1.07,1.08,1.07,1.08,1.08,1.08,1.11,1.08,1.07,1.08,1.05,1.08,1.06,1.08,1.06,1.08	300	200	1

314	20	4.88	4.00	0	6,1.08,1.07,1.08,1.07,1.08	0	0	1
315	20	8.42	8.42	12.95	1.14,1.14,1.14,1.14,1.14,1.14,1.15,1.14,1.16,1.14,1.15,1.14,1.16,1.14,1.15,1.14,1.15,1.14,1.15,1.14,1.17,1.14,1.15,1.14,1.16,1.14	300	200	1
316	20	8.42	8.42	12.95	1.13,1.13,1.13,1.13,1.13,1.13,1.13,1.13,1.13,1.13,1.13,1.13,1.13,1.13,1.13,1.15,1.13,1.13,1.13,1.13,1.13,1.13,1.13,1.13	300	200	1

## Member Design Capacity

Member ID	$\Phi_t P_n$ (kip)	$\Phi_c P_n$ (kip)	$\Phi_b M_{zn}$ (k-ft)	$\Phi_b M_{yn}$ (k-ft)	$\Phi_v V_{yn}$ (kip)	$\Phi_v V_{zn}$ (kip)
1	574.32	175.80	123.94	123.94	172.30	172.30
2	251.01	248.88	27.16	27.16	75.30	75.30
3	151.65	150.70	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
4	151.65	145.15	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
5	151.65	149.10	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
6	151.65	150.70	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
7	151.65	149.10	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
8	159.30	140.46	46.90	6.46	56.26	44.91
9	75.10	66.32	4.25	4.25	22.53	22.53
10	151.65	145.15	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
11	159.30	140.46	46.90	6.46	56.26	44.91
12	251.01	248.88	27.16	27.16	75.30	75.30
13	159.30	97.43	32.09	6.46	56.26	44.91
14	159.30	97.43	32.45	6.46	56.26	44.91
15	159.30	34.37	46.90	6.46	56.26	44.91
16	159.30	34.37	46.90	6.46	56.26	44.91
101	574.32	175.80	123.94	123.94	172.30	172.30
102	251.01	248.88	27.16	27.16	75.30	75.30
103	151.65	150.70	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
104	151.65	145.15	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
105	151.65	149.10	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
106	151.65	150.70	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
107	151.65	149.10	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
108	159.30	140.46	46.90	6.46	56.26	44.91
109	75.10	66.32	4.25	4.25	22.53	22.53
110	151.65	145.15	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
111	159.30	140.46	46.90	6.46	56.26	44.91
112	251.01	248.88	27.16	27.16	75.30	75.30
113	159.30	97.43	31.38	6.46	56.26	44.91
114	159.30	97.43	31.54	6.46	56.26	44.91
115	159.30	48.27	14.83	6.46	56.26	44.91
116	159.30	48.27	15.20	6.46	56.26	44.91
201	574.32	175.80	123.94	123.94	172.30	172.30
202	251.01	248.88	27.16	27.16	75.30	75.30
203	151.65	150.70	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
204	151.65	145.15	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
205	151.65	149.10	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
206	151.65	150.70	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
207	151.65	149.10	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
208	159.30	140.46	46.90	6.46	56.26	44.91
209	75.10	66.32	4.25	4.25	22.53	22.53
210	151.65	145.15	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
211	159.30	140.46	46.90	6.46	56.26	44.91

212	251.01	248.88	27.16	27.16	75.30	75.30
213	159.30	97.43	31.39	6.46	56.26	44.91
214	159.30	97.43	31.54	6.46	56.26	44.91
215	159.30	48.27	14.90	6.46	56.26	44.91
216	159.30	48.27	15.27	6.46	56.26	44.91
301	574.32	175.80	123.94	123.94	172.30	172.30
302	251.01	248.88	27.16	27.16	75.30	75.30
303	151.65	150.70	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
304	151.65	145.15	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
305	151.65	149.10	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
306	151.65	150.70	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
307	151.65	149.10	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
308	159.30	34.37	46.90	6.46	56.26	44.91
309	75.10	66.32	4.25	4.25	22.53	22.53
310	151.65	145.15	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
311	159.30	34.37	46.90	6.46	56.26	44.91
312	251.01	248.88	27.16	27.16	75.30	75.30
313	159.30	97.43	32.08	6.46	56.26	44.91
314	159.30	97.43	32.47	6.46	56.26	44.91
315	159.30	48.27	15.09	6.46	56.26	44.91
316	159.30	48.27	15.04	6.46	56.26	44.91

## Design Ratio

Member ID	P	M <sub>z</sub>	M <sub>y</sub>	V <sub>y</sub>	V <sub>z</sub>	(P,M <sub>z</sub> ,M <sub>y</sub> )	Worst LC	KL/r	δ	Status
1	0.072	0.771	0.021	0.037	0.001	0.811	#13	0.640	Not Required	Pass
2	0.006	0.284	0.206	0.070	0.039	0.455	#13	0.036	Not Required	Pass
3	0.010	0.478	0.060	0.047	0.009	0.501	#13	0.046	Not Required	Pass
4	0.010	0.478	0.213	0.047	0.046	0.572	#21	0.082	Not Required	Pass
5	0.010	0.296	0.213	0.047	0.056	0.327	#21	0.076	Not Required	Pass
6	0.013	0.577	0.083	0.058	0.009	0.625	#13	0.046	Not Required	Pass
7	0.014	0.358	0.287	0.057	0.074	0.394	#13	0.076	Not Required	Pass
8	0.003	0.050	0.355	0.037	0.029	0.361	#23	0.102	Not Required	Pass
9	0.028	0.042	0.070	0.003	0.002	0.111	#13	0.206	Not Required	Pass
10	0.014	0.555	0.276	0.055	0.059	0.655	#21	0.082	Not Required	Pass
11	0.004	0.043	0.365	0.038	0.029	0.378	#21	0.102	Not Required	Pass
12	0.006	0.369	0.250	0.088	0.047	0.593	#13	0.036	Not Required	Pass
13	0.010	0.206	0.766	0.047	0.036	0.901	#21	0.306	Not Required	Pass
14	0.014	0.199	0.753	0.045	0.036	0.873	#21	0.204	Not Required	Pass
15	0.000	0.067	0.306	0.024	0.019	0.366	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
16	0.000	0.067	0.306	0.024	0.019	0.366	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
101	0.082	0.869	0.004	0.041	0.000	0.906	#13	0.640	Not Required	Pass
102	0.007	0.368	0.251	0.090	0.046	0.577	#13	0.036	Not Required	Pass
103	0.013	0.578	0.067	0.057	0.001	0.617	#13	0.046	Not Required	Pass
104	0.013	0.590	0.279	0.058	0.059	0.711	#21	0.082	Not Required	Pass
105	0.013	0.359	0.290	0.057	0.076	0.406	#21	0.076	Not Required	Pass
106	0.013	0.606	0.068	0.060	0.003	0.642	#13	0.046	Not Required	Pass
107	0.013	0.376	0.284	0.059	0.074	0.416	#13	0.076	Not Required	Pass
108	0.003	0.046	0.349	0.037	0.029	0.393	#21	0.102	Not Required	Pass
109	0.033	0.040	0.054	0.001	0.000	0.102	#13	0.206	Not Required	Pass
110	0.013	0.604	0.271	0.060	0.057	0.711	#21	0.082	Not Required	Pass

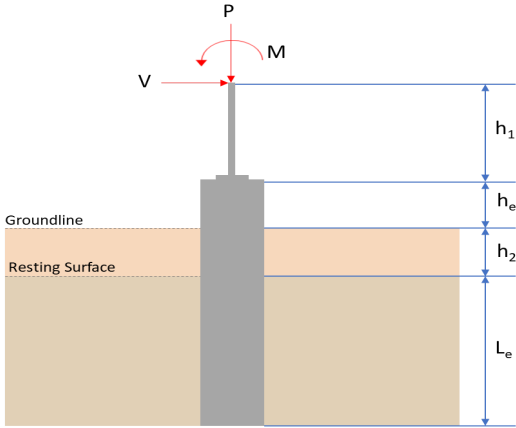
110	0.015	0.004	0.271	0.000	0.057	0.711	#21	0.002	Not Required	Pass
111	0.004	0.047	0.358	0.037	0.029	0.395	#21	0.102	Not Required	Pass
112	0.007	0.378	0.264	0.091	0.048	0.610	#13	0.036	Not Required	Pass
113	0.011	0.190	0.771	0.046	0.036	0.932	#21	0.306	Not Required	Pass
114	0.015	0.219	0.762	0.047	0.036	0.939	#21	0.306	Not Required	Pass
115	0.011	0.423	0.409	0.036	0.029	0.781	#21	0.644	Not Required	Pass
116	0.003	0.406	0.405	0.038	0.029	0.763	#21	0.644	Not Required	Pass
201	0.082	0.869	0.004	0.041	0.000	0.906	#13	0.640	Not Required	Pass
202	0.007	0.378	0.264	0.091	0.048	0.610	#13	0.036	Not Required	Pass
203	0.013	0.606	0.068	0.060	0.003	0.642	#13	0.046	Not Required	Pass
204	0.013	0.604	0.271	0.060	0.057	0.711	#21	0.082	Not Required	Pass
205	0.013	0.376	0.284	0.059	0.074	0.416	#13	0.076	Not Required	Pass
206	0.013	0.578	0.067	0.057	0.001	0.617	#13	0.046	Not Required	Pass
207	0.013	0.359	0.290	0.057	0.076	0.406	#21	0.076	Not Required	Pass
208	0.003	0.041	0.362	0.038	0.029	0.402	#21	0.102	Not Required	Pass
209	0.033	0.040	0.054	0.001	0.000	0.102	#13	0.206	Not Required	Pass
210	0.013	0.590	0.279	0.058	0.059	0.711	#21	0.082	Not Required	Pass
211	0.004	0.054	0.371	0.036	0.029	0.401	#21	0.102	Not Required	Pass
212	0.007	0.368	0.251	0.090	0.046	0.577	#13	0.036	Not Required	Pass
213	0.011	0.190	0.772	0.046	0.036	0.932	#21	0.306	Not Required	Pass
214	0.015	0.219	0.762	0.047	0.036	0.939	#21	0.306	Not Required	Pass
215	0.011	0.417	0.409	0.037	0.029	0.760	#21	0.644	Not Required	Pass
216	0.006	0.368	0.405	0.037	0.029	0.725	#21	0.644	Not Required	Pass
301	0.072	0.771	0.021	0.037	0.001	0.811	#13	0.640	Not Required	Pass
302	0.006	0.369	0.250	0.088	0.047	0.593	#13	0.036	Not Required	Pass
303	0.013	0.577	0.083	0.058	0.009	0.625	#13	0.046	Not Required	Pass
304	0.014	0.555	0.276	0.055	0.059	0.655	#21	0.082	Not Required	Pass
305	0.014	0.358	0.287	0.057	0.074	0.394	#13	0.076	Not Required	Pass
306	0.010	0.478	0.060	0.047	0.009	0.501	#13	0.046	Not Required	Pass
307	0.010	0.296	0.213	0.047	0.056	0.327	#21	0.076	Not Required	Pass
308	0.000	0.067	0.306	0.024	0.019	0.366	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
309	0.028	0.042	0.070	0.003	0.002	0.111	#13	0.206	Not Required	Pass
310	0.010	0.478	0.213	0.047	0.046	0.572	#21	0.082	Not Required	Pass
311	0.000	0.067	0.306	0.024	0.019	0.366	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
312	0.006	0.284	0.206	0.070	0.039	0.455	#13	0.036	Not Required	Pass
313	0.010	0.207	0.765	0.047	0.036	0.900	#21	0.204	Not Required	Pass
314	0.014	0.199	0.753	0.045	0.036	0.874	#21	0.306	Not Required	Pass
315	0.011	0.418	0.409	0.038	0.029	0.778	#21	0.644	Not Required	Pass
316	0.003	0.410	0.403	0.037	0.029	0.766	#21	0.644	Not Required	Pass

## Definitions

$\Phi_t$	Safety factor for tensile
$\Phi_c$	Safety factor for compression
$\Phi_b$	Safety factor for flexure
$\Phi_v$	Safety factor for shear
E	Modulus of elasticity
$F_y$	Specified minimum yield stress
$F_u$	Specified minimum tensile strength
A	Cross-sectional area
J	Torsional constant
$I_{yp}$	Moment of inertia about the Y axes
$I_{zp}$	Moment of inertia about the Z axes
$I_w$	Warping constant
$S_{yp}$	Plastic section modulus about the Y axis

$S_{zp}$	Plastic section modulus about the Z axis
KL	Effective length
$C_b$	Buckling modification factor (from all load combinations)
$L_b$	Length between braced points
LST	Limited slenderness for tension
LSC	Limited slenderness for compression
LD	Limited deflection
$P_n$	Nominal axial strength (tension/compression)
$M_n$	Nominal flexural strength (about Z/Y axis)
$V_n$	Nominal shear strength (along Z/Y axis)
P	Design ratio in case of axial force
$M_z$	Design ratio in case of bending about Z axis
$M_y$	Design ratio in case of bending about Y axis
$V_y$	Design ratio in case of shear along Y axis
$V_z$	Design ratio in case of shear along Z axis
(P, $M_z$ , $M_y$ )	Design ratio in case of axial force and bending action
KL/r	Design ratio in case of section slenderness
$\delta$	Design ratio in case of member deflection
OK	Capacity is provided
NG	Capacity is not provided



REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS																										
	<p><b>SkyCiv Foundation Design</b> Pile Foundation</p> <p><b>Design Information :</b> Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code) Unit System : Imperial</p>																											
	<p><b>Pile Input</b></p>  <p><b>Geometry</b></p> <p>Pile shape: rectangular  <math>b = 48</math> in - Pile width  <math>D = 48</math> in - Pile depth  <math>L = 8.25</math> ft - Total pile length  <math>h_1 = 0</math> ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile,  <math>h_2 = 0</math> ft - Depth to resisting surface  <math>h_e = 0</math> ft - Length of pile above the ground</p> <p><b>Tabulation of Soil Parameters</b></p> <table border="1" data-bbox="368 1088 1227 1189"> <thead> <tr> <th>Layer</th> <th>Label</th> <th>Allowable Bearing Pressure (<math>q_a</math>) (psf)</th> <th>Allowable Lateral Pressure (<math>R</math>) (psf/ft)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel &amp; clayey gravel</td> <td>2000.000</td> <td>150.000</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><b>Tabulation of Loads</b></p> <table border="1" data-bbox="655 1290 940 1480"> <thead> <tr> <th>Load Component</th> <th>ASD</th> <th>LRFD</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><math>P</math> (kip)</td> <td>8.358</td> <td>12.684</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>V_x</math> (kip)</td> <td>-3.773</td> <td>-6.298</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>V_z</math> (kip)</td> <td>0.159</td> <td>0.256</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>M_x</math> (kipft)</td> <td>0.722</td> <td>1.143</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>M_z</math> (kipft)</td> <td>56.227</td> <td>95.556</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><b>Material Properties</b></p> <p><math>f'_{ck} = 2.5</math> ksi - Concrete strength.</p>	Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure ( $q_a$ ) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure ( $R$ ) (psf/ft)	1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000	Load Component	ASD	LRFD	$P$ (kip)	8.358	12.684	$V_x$ (kip)	-3.773	-6.298	$V_z$ (kip)	0.159	0.256	$M_x$ (kipft)	0.722	1.143	$M_z$ (kipft)	56.227	95.556	
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	<p><b>Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD)</b></p> <p><math>H</math> - Point of application of the lateral load</p> $H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$ $H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$ $H = 0 \text{ ft}$ <p><b>Considering x-direction:</b></p> <p><math>H_o</math> - Lateral force per length of pile,</p> $H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$ $H_o = \frac{(-3.773 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $H_o = -0.6008 \text{ kip/ft}$																											

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(56.227 \text{ kipft}) + ((-3.773 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 8.9533 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_x^3 - \left( 14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R} \right) - \left( 18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R} \right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,x} = 7.6159 \text{ ft}$  - Required depth in x-direction,

**Considering z-direction:**

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(0.159 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = 0.025318 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.722 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.159 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.11497 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_z^3 - \left( 14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R} \right) - \left( 18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R} \right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,z} = 2.3359 \text{ ft}$  - Required depth in z-direction,

**Minimum embedded depth required:**

$L_{e,req}$  - Depth of pile required,

$$L_{e,req} = MAX[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$$

$$L_{e,req} = MAX[(7.6159 \text{ ft}), (2.3359 \text{ ft})]$$

$$L_{e,req} = 7.616 \text{ ft}$$

$L_e$  - Actual embedded length of pile,

$$L_e = L - h_e - h_2$$

$$L_e = (8.25 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$L_e = 8.25 \text{ ft}$$

**Ratio** - Embedded depth

$$Ratio = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(7.616 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.92315$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.920**

**End-bearing Capacity (ASD)**

$A$  - Pile cross-section area

$$A = b D$$

$$A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$$

$q$  - End-bearing pressure

$$q = \frac{P_v}{A}$$

$$q = \frac{(8.358 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$$

$$q = 0.52238 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

**Check bearing capacity ratio:**

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.52238 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.26119$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.260**

Czerniak

**Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):**

$L/D$  - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,

$$L/D = \frac{L}{D}$$

$$L/D = \frac{(8.25 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$$

$$L/D = 2.0625$$

Since  $L/D \leq 10$ ,

Pile is short.

**Considering x-direction:**

$H_o = -0.6008 \text{ kip/ft}$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 8.9533 \text{ kipft/ft}$  - Overturning moment per length of pile,

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (8.9533 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.6008 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (8.9533 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.6008 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.6853 \text{ ft}$$

$p$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $a/2$  from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (8.9533 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.6008 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(8.25 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (8.9533 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.6008 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.28521 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$s$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $L_e$ ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (8.9533 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.6008 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))]}{(8.25 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 1.1416 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

**Check lateral soil pressure capacity:**

$p_a$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(5.6853 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.4264 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.28521 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.4264 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.66889$$

$p_s$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $L_e$ ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 1.2375 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(1.1416 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.2375 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.92251$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.670**

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.920**

#### Considering z-direction:

$H_o = 0.025318 \text{ kip/ft}$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 0.11497 \text{ kipft/ft}$  - Overturning moment per length of pile,

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.11497 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.025318 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.11497 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.025318 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.8766 \text{ ft}$$

$p$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $a/2$  from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 \times (0.11497 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (0.025318 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(8.25 \text{ ft})^2 [(3 \times (0.11497 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (0.025318 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.017056 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$s$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $L_e$ ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (0.11497 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((0.025318 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))]}{(8.25 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.038683 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

#### Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

$p_a$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(5.8766 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.44074 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.017056 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.44074 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.038699$$

$p_s$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $L_e$ ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 1.2375 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

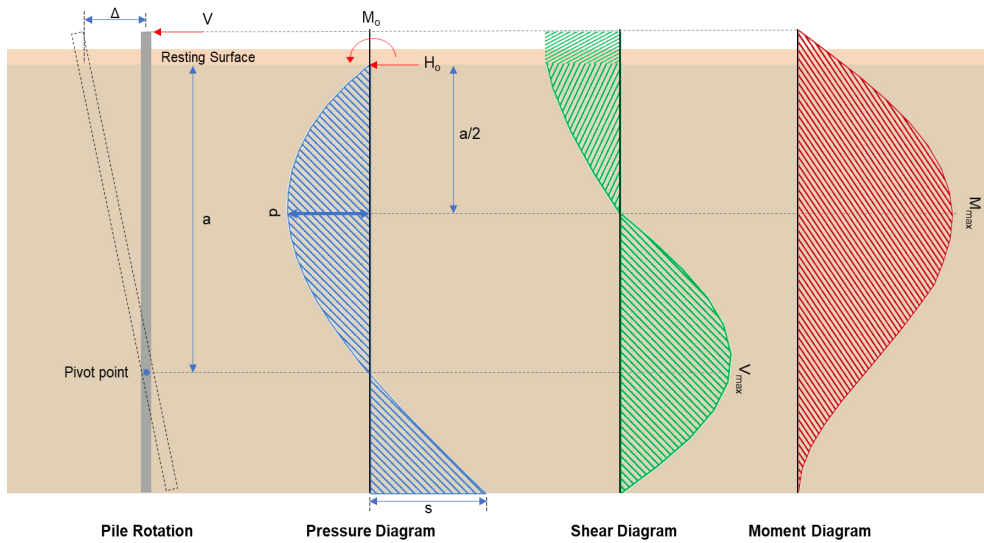
$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.038683 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.2375 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.031259$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.040**

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.030**



#### Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-6.298 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -1.0029 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(95.556 \text{ kipft}) + ((-6.298 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 15.216 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

$E$  - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(15.216 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-1.0029 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 15.172 \text{ ft}$$

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (15.216 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-1.0029 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times 15.216) + (4 \times (-1.0029) \times 8.25)}$$

$$a = \frac{(6 \times (15.216 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-1.0029 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))}{(6 \times (15.216 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-1.0029 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.6829 \text{ ft}$$

$V_{max}$  - Max shear force located at depth  $a$ ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \left( \frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \left( \frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-1.0029 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \times \left( \frac{4 \times (15.172 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.6829 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \times \left( \frac{3 \times (15.172 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.6829 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 15.701 \text{ kip}$$

$M_{max}$  - Max bending moment located at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[ \left( \frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2L_e} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-1.0029 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})) \times \left[ \left( \frac{(15.172 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(5.6829 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.25 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 \times (15.172 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.6829 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 \times (15.172 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.6829 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 61.76 \text{ kipft}$$

#### Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(0.256 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = 0.040764 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(1.143 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.256 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.18201 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

$E$  - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.18201 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(0.040764 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 4.4648 \text{ ft}$$

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.18201 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.040764 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.18201 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.040764 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.8795 \text{ ft}$$

$V_{max}$  - Max shear force located at depth  $a$ ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \left( \frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \left( \frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((0.040764 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \times \left( \frac{4 \times (4.4648 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.8795 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] \right. \\ \left. + \left[ 4 \times \left( \frac{3 \times (4.4648 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.8795 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.26466 \text{ kip}$$

$M_{max}$  - Max bending moment located at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$M_{max} = (H_o \ b \ L_e) \left[ \left( \frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) \right. \\ \left. - \left[ \left( \frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((0.040764 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})) \times \left[ \left( \frac{(4.4648 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(5.8795 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.25 \text{ ft})} \right) \right. \\ \left. - \left[ \left( \frac{4 \times (4.4648 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.8795 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 \times (4.4648 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.8795 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 0.97161 \text{ kipft}$$

### Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

#### Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$  - Concrete strength,

$f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$  - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,

$\phi = 0.65$  - Reduction factor for axial strength,

$\alpha = 0.8$  - Alpha factor for axial strength,

$A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$  - Gross area of concrete,

#### Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load,  $A_{st,required}$

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[ \frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[ \frac{\frac{(12.684 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -84.175 \text{ in}^2$$

$A_{min}$  - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-84.175 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$$

$n_{rebar}$  - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 14$$

$A_{st}$  - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$$

Table 22.4.2.1

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

<p>25.2.3</p> <p>25.7.2.2</p> <p>25.7.2.1</p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><math>Ratio = 0.96556</math></p> <p><math>s_{rebar} = \text{Min spacing of reinforcement,}</math></p> $s_{rebar} = \text{Max}[1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$ $s_{rebar} = \text{Max}[1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$ $s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$ <p><b>Ties:</b></p> <p>Since longitudinal reinforcement is <math>\leq</math> No. 10ø: Use #3(0.375 in)</p> <p><math>s_{ties}</math> - Maximum spacing of ties,</p> $s_{ties} = \text{Min}[(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), \text{Min}(D, b)]$ $s_{ties} = \text{Min}[(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), \text{Min}((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]$ $s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$ <p><b>Summary:</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;">Main reinforcement: <b>14 - #5 (0.625 in)</b> Ties: <b>#3(0.375 in) - 10 in</b></p>	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>0.970</b></p>
<p>22.4.2.2</p>	<p><b>Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</b></p> <p><math>\phi P_N</math> - Allowable axial compressive strength</p> $\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st})]$ $\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times [(0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2))]$ $\phi P_N = 2675.2 \text{ kip}$ <p>Ratio - Capacity</p> $Ratio = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$ $Ratio = \frac{(12.684 \text{ kip})}{(2675.2 \text{ kip})}$ $Ratio = 0.0047414$	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>0.000</b></p>
<p>22.5.2.2</p> <p>22.5.5.1.3</p> <p>22.5.5.1.1</p>	<p><b>Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</b></p> <p><b>Parameters:</b></p> <p><math>b_w = 48 \text{ in}</math> - Effective width, <math>d</math> - Effective depth</p> $d = 0.80 D$ $d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})$ $d = 38.4 \text{ in}$ <p><math>\lambda_s</math> - size effect modification factor</p> $\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[ \sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$ $\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[ \sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$ $\lambda_s = 0.64282$ <p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula <math>f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}</math>,</p> <p><math>V_{c,max}</math> - Max shear strength of concrete</p> $V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$	

$$V_{c,max} = 296.21 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.1(a) The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ ,  $P = 12.684 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 12684 \text{ lbf}$ ,  
 $V_{c,a}$  - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[ 2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck} + \frac{P}{6 A_g}} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[ 2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi}) + \frac{(12684 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)}} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 120.18 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ ,  
 $V_{c,b}$  - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[ 2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck} + (0.05 f'_{ck})} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[ 2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi}) + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi}))} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 348.89 \text{ kip}$$

$V_c$  - Governing shear strength of concrete

$$V_c = \text{Min} [V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min} [(296.21 \text{ kip}), (120.18 \text{ kip}), (348.89 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 120.18 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ ,  
 $V_{s,a}$  - Shear strength of steel (a)

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{s,a} = 737.28 \text{ kip}$$

$A_v$  - Ties rebar area,

$$A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$$

22.5.8.5.3  $V_{s,b}$  - Shear strength of steel (b)

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yw} d}{s_{ties}}$$

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$$

$$V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$$

$V_s$  - Governing shear strength of steel

$$V_s = \text{MIN} [V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$$

$$V_s = \text{MIN} [(737.28 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.1.1  $\phi V_n$  - Allowable shear strength

$$\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$$

$$\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((120.18 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$$

$$\phi V_n = 111.2 \text{ kip}$$

**Considering x-direction:**

$V_{max}$  = 15.701 kip - Maximum shear force in the x-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(15.701 \text{ kip})}{(111.2 \text{ kip})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.1412$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.140**

**Considering z-direction:**

$V_{max} = 0.26466 \text{ kip}$  - Maximum shear force in the z-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.26466 \text{ kip})}{(111.2 \text{ kip})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.0023801$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.000**

**Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)**

$S_m$  - Section modulus

$$S_m = \frac{b D^2}{6}$$

$$S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$$

$$S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$$

$\lambda = 1$  - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete),

Allowable flexural strength:

$M_n$  shall be the lesser of:

$\phi M_{n,1}$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{(2.5 \text{ ksi})} \times 18432.001 \text{ in}^3$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 249.600 \text{ kipft}$$

14.5.2.1b

$\phi M_{n,2}$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_c \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (18432 \text{ in}^3)$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = 2121.6 \text{ kipft}$$

Therefore,

$\phi M_n$  - Allowable flexural strength,

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$$

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(249.6 \text{ kipft}), (2121.6 \text{ kipft})]$$

$$\phi M_n = 249.6 \text{ kipft}$$

**Considering x-direction:**

$M_{max} = 61.76 \text{ kipft}$  - Maximum moment in the x-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(61.76 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.24743$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.250**

**Considering z-direction:**

$M_{max} = 0.97161 \text{ kipft}$  - Maximum moment in the z-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.97161 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.0038927$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.000**

REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS
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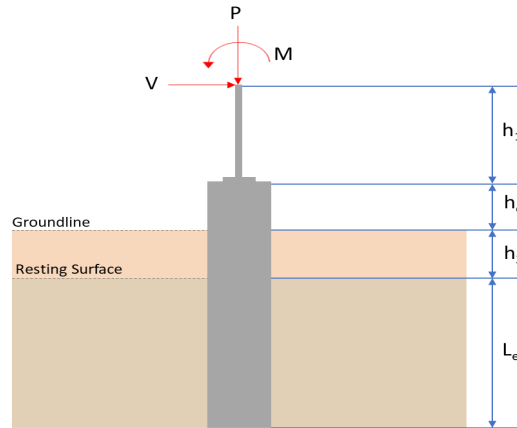
## SkyCiv Foundation Design

Pile Foundation

### Design Information :

Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code)  
Unit System : Imperial

### Pile Input



### Geometry

Pile shape: rectangular

$b = 48$  in - Pile width

$D = 48$  in - Pile depth

$L = 8.25$  ft - Total pile length

$h_1 = 0$  ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile,

$h_2 = 0$  ft - Depth to resisting surface

$h_e = 0$  ft - Length of pile above the ground

### Tabulation of Soil Parameters

Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure ( $q_a$ ) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure ( $R$ ) (psf/ft)
1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000

### Tabulation of Loads

Load Component	ASD	LRFD
$P$ (kip)	8.358	12.683
$V_x$ (kip)	-3.773	-6.298
$V_z$ (kip)	-0.159	-0.256
$M_x$ (kipft)	-0.722	-1.144
$M_z$ (kipft)	56.227	95.558

### Material Properties

$f'_{ck} = 2.5$  ksi - Concrete strength.

### Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD)

$H$  - Point of application of the lateral load

$$H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$$

$$H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$H = 0 \text{ ft}$$

### Considering x-direction:

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-3.773 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.6008 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(56.227 \text{ kipft}) + ((-3.773 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 8.9533 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_x^3 - \left( 14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R} \right) - \left( 18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R} \right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,x} = 7.6159 \text{ ft}$  - Required depth in x-direction,

**Considering z-direction:**

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.159 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.025318 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.722 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.159 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.11497 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_z^3 - \left( 14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R} \right) - \left( 18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R} \right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,z} = 1.8547 \text{ ft}$  - Required depth in z-direction,

**Minimum embedded depth required:**

$L_{e,req}$  - Depth of pile required,

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$$

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(7.6159 \text{ ft}), (1.8547 \text{ ft})]$$

$$L_{e,req} = 7.616 \text{ ft}$$

$L_e$  - Actual embedded length of pile,

$$L_e = L - h_e - h_2$$

$$L_e = (8.25 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$L_e = 8.25 \text{ ft}$$

**Ratio** - Embedded depth

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(7.616 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.92315$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.920**

### End-bearing Capacity (ASD)

$A$  - Pile cross-section area

$$A = b D$$

$$A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$$

$q$  - End-bearing pressure

$$q = \frac{P_v}{A}$$

$$q = \frac{(8.358 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$$

$$q = 0.52238 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

**Check bearing capacity ratio:**

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.52238 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.26119$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.260**

Czerniak

**Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):**

$L/D$  - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,

$$L/D = \frac{L}{D}$$

$$L/D = \frac{(8.25 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$$

$$L/D = 2.0625$$

Since  $L/D \leq 10$ ,

Pile is short.

**Considering x-direction:**

$H_o = -0.6008 \text{ kip/ft}$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 8.9533 \text{ kipft/ft}$  - Overturning moment per length of pile,

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (8.9533 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.6008 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (8.9533 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.6008 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.6853 \text{ ft}$$

$p$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $a/2$  from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (8.9533 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.6008 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(8.25 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (8.9533 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.6008 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.28521 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$s$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $L_e$ ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (8.9533 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.6008 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))]}{(8.25 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 1.1416 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

**Check lateral soil pressure capacity:**

$p_a$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(5.6853 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.4264 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.28521 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.4264 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.66889$$

$p_s$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $L_e$ ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 1.2375 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(1.1416 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.2375 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.92251$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.670**

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.920**

#### Considering z-direction:

$H_o = -0.025318 \text{ kip/ft}$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 0.11497 \text{ kipft/ft}$  - Overturning moment per length of pile,

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.11497 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.025318 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.11497 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.025318 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.8766 \text{ ft}$$

$p$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $a/2$  from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (0.11497 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.025318 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(8.25 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (0.11497 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.025318 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = -0.0042063 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$s$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $L_e$ ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (0.11497 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.025318 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))]}{(8.25 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.0018564 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

#### Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

$p_a$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(5.8766 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.44074 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(-0.0042063 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.44074 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = -0.0095437$$

$p_s$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $L_e$ ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 1.2375 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

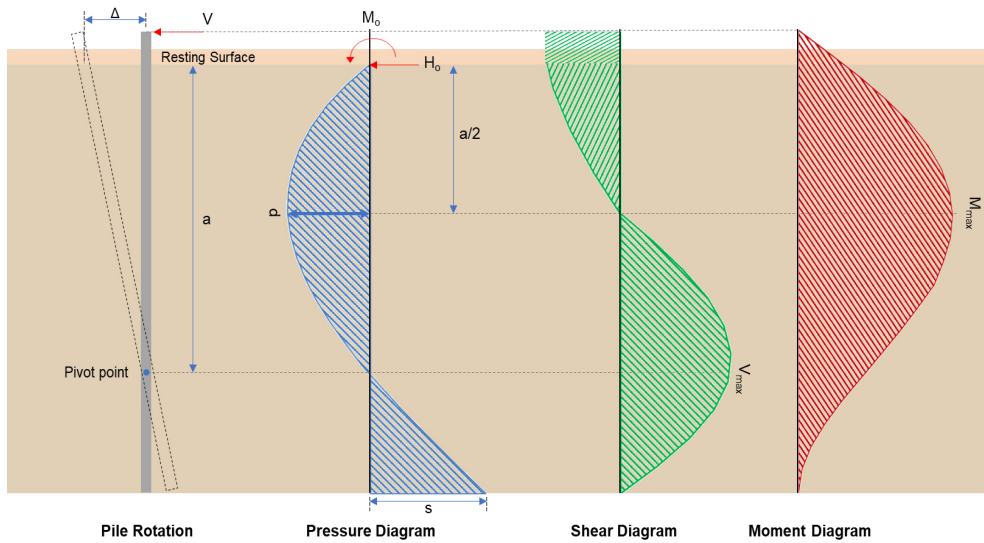
$$Ratio = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.0018564 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.2375 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.0015001$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **-0.010**

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.000**



### Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-6.298 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -1.0029 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(95.558 \text{ kipft}) + ((-6.298 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 15.216 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

$E$  - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(15.216 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-1.0029 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 15.173 \text{ ft}$$

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (15.216 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-1.0029 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (15.216 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-1.0029 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = \frac{(6 \times (15.216 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-1.0029 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))}{(6 \times (15.216 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-1.0029 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.6829 \text{ ft}$$

$V_{max}$  - Max shear force located at depth a,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \left( \frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \left( \frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-1.0029 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \times \left( \frac{4 \times (15.173 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.6829 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \times \left( \frac{3 \times (15.173 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.6829 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 15.701 \text{ kip}$$

$M_{max}$  - Max bending moment located at depth a/2,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[ \left( \frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-1.0029 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})) \times \left[ \left( \frac{(15.173 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(5.6829 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.25 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 \times (15.173 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.6829 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 \times (15.173 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.6829 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 61.761 \text{ kipft}$$

#### Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.256 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.040764 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(1.144 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.256 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.18217 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

$E$  - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.18217 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.040764 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 4.4687 \text{ ft}$$

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.18217 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.040764 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.18217 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.040764 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.8793 \text{ ft}$$

$V_{max}$  - Max shear force located at depth a,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \left( \frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \left( \frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.040764 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \times \left( \frac{4 \times (4.4687 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.8793 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] \right. \\ \left. + \left[ 4 \times \left( \frac{3 \times (4.4687 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.8793 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.2648 \text{ kip}$$

$M_{max}$  - Max bending moment located at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$M_{max} = (H_o \ b \ L_e) \left[ \left( \frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) \right. \\ \left. - \left[ \left( \frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.040764 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})) \times \left[ \left( \frac{(4.4687 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(5.8793 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.25 \text{ ft})} \right) \right. \\ \left. - \left[ \left( \frac{4 \times (4.4687 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.8793 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 \times (4.4687 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.8793 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 0.97217 \text{ kipft}$$

### Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

#### Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$  - Concrete strength,

$f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$  - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,

$\phi = 0.65$  - Reduction factor for axial strength,

$\alpha = 0.8$  - Alpha factor for axial strength,

$A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$  - Gross area of concrete,

#### Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load,  $A_{st,required}$

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[ \frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[ \frac{\frac{(12.683 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -84.175 \text{ in}^2$$

$A_{min}$  - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-84.175 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$$

$n_{rebar}$  - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 14$$

$A_{st}$  - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$$

Table 22.4.2.1

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

<p>25.2.3 <math>s_{rebar}</math> - Minimum spacing of reinforcement,</p> <p>25.7.2.2 Since longitudinal reinforcement is <math>\leq</math> No. 10ø: Use #3(0.375 in)</p> <p>25.7.2.1 <math>s_{ties}</math> - Maximum spacing of ties,</p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><math>Ratio = 0.96556</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>s_{rebar} = Max[1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>s_{rebar} = Max[1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}</math></p> <p><b>Ties:</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>s_{ties} = Min[(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), Min(D, b)]</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>s_{ties} = Min[(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), Min((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}</math></p> <p><b>Summary:</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;">Main reinforcement: <b>14 - #5 (0.625 in)</b> Ties: <b>#3(0.375 in) - 10 in</b></p>	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>0.970</b></p>
<p>22.4.2.2 <math>\phi P_N</math> - Allowable axial compressive strength</p>	<p><b>Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_y k A_{st})]</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times [(0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2))]</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>\phi P_N = 2675.2 \text{ kip}</math></p> <p><i>Ratio - Capacity</i></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>Ratio = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>Ratio = \frac{(12.683 \text{ kip})}{(2675.2 \text{ kip})}</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>Ratio = 0.004741</math></p>	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>0.000</b></p>
<p>22.5.2.2 <math>b_w</math> = 48 in - Effective width, <math>d</math> - Effective depth</p> <p>22.5.5.1.3 <math>\lambda_s</math> - size effect modification factor</p> <p>22.5.5.1.1 <math>V_{c,max}</math> - Max shear strength of concrete</p>	<p><b>Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</b></p> <p><b>Parameters:</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>d = 0.80 D</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>d = 38.4 \text{ in}</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>\lambda_s = MIN \left[ \sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>\lambda_s = MIN \left[ \sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>\lambda_s = 0.64282</math></p> <p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula <math>f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}</math>,</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})</math></p>	

$$V_{c,max} = 296.21 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.1(a) The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ ,  $P = 12.683 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 12683 \text{ lbf}$ ,  
 $V_{c,a}$  - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[ 2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck} + \frac{P}{6 A_g}} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[ 2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi}) + \frac{(12683 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)}} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 120.18 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ ,  
 $V_{c,b}$  - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[ 2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck} + (0.05 f'_{ck})} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[ 2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi}) + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi}))} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 348.89 \text{ kip}$$

$V_c$  - Governing shear strength of concrete

$$V_c = \text{Min}[V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min}[(296.21 \text{ kip}), (120.18 \text{ kip}), (348.89 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 120.18 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ ,  
 $V_{s,a}$  - Shear strength of steel (a)

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{s,a} = 737.28 \text{ kip}$$

$A_v$  - Ties rebar area,

$$A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$$

22.5.8.5.3  $V_{s,b}$  - Shear strength of steel (b)

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yw} d}{s_{ties}}$$

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$$

$$V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$$

$V_s$  - Governing shear strength of steel

$$V_s = \text{MIN}[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$$

$$V_s = \text{MIN}[(737.28 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.1.1  $\phi V_n$  - Allowable shear strength

$$\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$$

$$\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((120.18 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$$

$$\phi V_n = 111.2 \text{ kip}$$

**Considering x-direction:**

$V_{max} = 15.701 \text{ kip}$  - Maximum shear force in the x-direction,

*Ratio* - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(15.701 \text{ kip})}{(111.2 \text{ kip})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.1412$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.140**

**Considering z-direction:**

$V_{max} = 0.2648 \text{ kip}$  - Maximum shear force in the z-direction,  
Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.2648 \text{ kip})}{(111.2 \text{ kip})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.0023814$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.000**

**Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)**

$S_m$  - Section modulus

$$S_m = \frac{b D^2}{6}$$

$$S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$$

$$S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$$

$\lambda = 1$  - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete),

Allowable flexural strength:

$M_n$  shall be the lesser of:

$\phi M_{n,1}$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{(2.5 \text{ ksi})} \times 18432.001 \text{ in}^3$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 249.600 \text{ kipft}$$

14.5.2.1b

$\phi M_{n,2}$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_c \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (18432 \text{ in}^3)$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = 2121.6 \text{ kipft}$$

Therefore,

$\phi M_n$  - Allowable flexural strength,

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$$

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(249.6 \text{ kipft}), (2121.6 \text{ kipft})]$$

$$\phi M_n = 249.6 \text{ kipft}$$

**Considering x-direction:**

$M_{max} = 61.761 \text{ kipft}$  - Maximum moment in the x-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(61.761 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.24744$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.250**

**Considering z-direction:**

$M_{max} = 0.97217 \text{ kipft}$  - Maximum moment in the z-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.97217 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.0038949$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.000**

REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS
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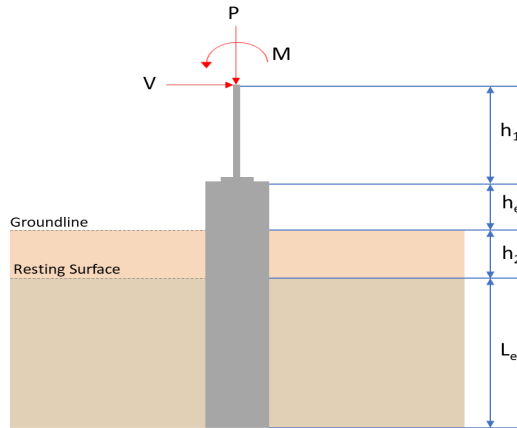
## SkyCiv Foundation Design

Pile Foundation

### Design Information :

Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code)  
Unit System : Imperial

### Pile Input



### Geometry

Pile shape: rectangular

$b = 48$  in - Pile width

$D = 48$  in - Pile depth

$L = 8.5$  ft - Total pile length

$h_1 = 0$  ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile,

$h_2 = 0$  ft - Depth to resisting surface

$h_e = 0$  ft - Length of pile above the ground

### Tabulation of Soil Parameters

Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure ( $q_a$ ) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure ( $R$ ) (psf/ft)
1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000

### Tabulation of Loads

Load Component	ASD	LRFD
$P$ (kip)	9.453	14.390
$V_x$ (kip)	-4.247	-7.078
$V_z$ (kip)	0.031	0.054
$M_x$ (kipft)	0.136	0.237
$M_z$ (kipft)	63.210	107.760

### Material Properties

$f'_{ck} = 2.5$  ksi - Concrete strength.

### Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD)

$H$  - Point of application of the lateral load

$$H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$$

$$H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$H = 0 \text{ ft}$$

### Considering x-direction:

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-4.247 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.67627 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(63.21 \text{ kipft}) + ((-4.247 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 10.065 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_x^3 - \left( 14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R} \right) - \left( 18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R} \right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,x} = 7.8631 \text{ ft}$  - Required depth in x-direction,

**Considering z-direction:**

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(0.031 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = 0.0049363 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.136 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.031 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.021656 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_z^3 - \left( 14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R} \right) - \left( 18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R} \right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,z} = 1.2832 \text{ ft}$  - Required depth in z-direction,

**Minimum embedded depth required:**

$L_{e,req}$  - Depth of pile required,

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$$

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(7.8631 \text{ ft}), (1.2832 \text{ ft})]$$

$$L_{e,req} = 7.863 \text{ ft}$$

$L_e$  - Actual embedded length of pile,

$$L_e = L - h_e - h_2$$

$$L_e = (8.5 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$L_e = 8.5 \text{ ft}$$

**Ratio** - Embedded depth

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(7.863 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.92506$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.930**

### End-bearing Capacity (ASD)

$A$  - Pile cross-section area

$$A = b D$$

$$A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$$

$q$  - End-bearing pressure

$$q = \frac{P_v}{A}$$

$$q = \frac{(9.453 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$$

$$q = 0.59081 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

**Check bearing capacity ratio:**

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.59081 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.29541$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.300**

Czerniak

**Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):**

$L/D$  - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,

$$L/D = \frac{L}{D}$$

$$L/D = \frac{(8.5 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$$

$$L/D = 2.125$$

Since  $L/D \leq 10$ ,

Pile is short.

**Considering x-direction:**

$H_o = -0.67627 \text{ kip/ft}$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 10.065 \text{ kipft/ft}$  - Overturning moment per length of pile,

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (10.065 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.67627 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (10.065 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.67627 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.862 \text{ ft}$$

$p$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $a/2$  from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (10.065 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.67627 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(8.5 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (10.065 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.67627 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.29408 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$s$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $L_e$ ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (10.065 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.67627 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft}))]}{(8.5 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 1.1944 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

**Check lateral soil pressure capacity:**

$p_a$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(5.862 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.43965 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.29408 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.43965 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.6689$$

$p_s$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $L_e$ ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 1.275 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(1.1944 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.275 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.93676$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.670**

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.940**

#### Considering z-direction:

$H_o = 0.0049363 \text{ kip/ft}$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 0.021656 \text{ kipft/ft}$  - Overturning moment per length of pile,

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.021656 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.0049363 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.021656 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.0049363 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 6.0659 \text{ ft}$$

$p$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $a/2$  from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (0.021656 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (0.0049363 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(8.5 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (0.021656 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (0.0049363 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.0031484 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$s$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $L_e$ ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (0.021656 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((0.0049363 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft}))]}{(8.5 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.0070813 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

#### Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

$p_a$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(6.0659 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.45494 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.0031484 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.45494 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.0069204$$

$p_s$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $L_e$ ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 1.275 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

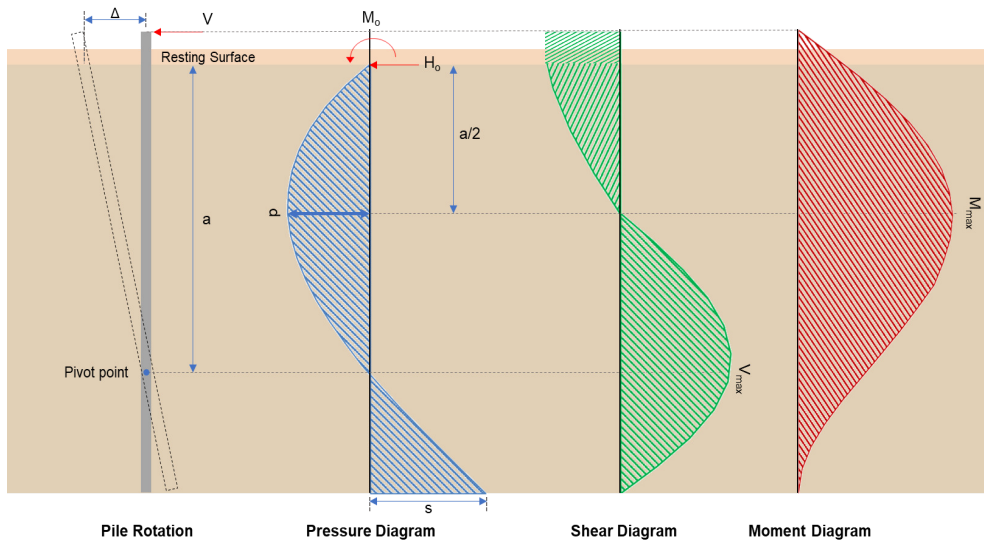
$$Ratio = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.0070813 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.275 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.005554$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.010**

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.010**



### Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-7.078 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -1.1271 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(107.76 \text{ kipft}) + ((-7.078 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 17.159 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

$E$  - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(17.159 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-1.1271 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 15.225 \text{ ft}$$

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (17.159 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-1.1271 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{...}$$

$$a = \frac{(6 \times (17.159 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-1.1271 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft}))}{}$$

$$a = 5.8588 \text{ ft}$$

$V_{max}$  - Max shear force located at depth a,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \left( \frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \left( \frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-1.1271 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \times \left( \frac{4 \times (15.225 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.8588 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \times \left( \frac{3 \times (15.225 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.8588 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 17.263 \text{ kip}$$

$M_{max}$  - Max bending moment located at depth a/2,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[ \left( \frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-1.1271 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})) \times \left[ \left( \frac{(15.225 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(5.8588 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.5 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 \times (15.225 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.8588 \text{ ft})}{(2 \times (8.5 \text{ ft}))} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 \times (15.225 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.8588 \text{ ft})}{(2 \times (8.5 \text{ ft}))} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 69.886 \text{ kipft}$$

#### Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(0.054 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = 0.0085987 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.237 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.054 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.037739 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

$E$  - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.037739 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(0.0085987 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 4.3889 \text{ ft}$$

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.037739 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.0085987 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.037739 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.0085987 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 6.0658 \text{ ft}$$

$V_{max}$  - Max shear force located at depth a,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \left( \frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \left( \frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((0.0085987 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \times \left( \frac{4 \times (4.3889 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(6.0658 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] \right. \\ \left. + \left[ 4 \times \left( \frac{3 \times (4.3889 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(6.0658 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.054331 \text{ kip}$$

$M_{max}$  - Max bending moment located at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$M_{max} = (H_o b L_e) \left[ \left( \frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) \right. \\ \left. - \left[ \left( \frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((0.0085987 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})) \times \left[ \left( \frac{(4.3889 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(6.0658 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.5 \text{ ft})} \right) \right. \\ \left. - \left[ \left( \frac{4 \times (4.3889 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(6.0658 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 \times (4.3889 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(6.0658 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 0.20482 \text{ kipft}$$

### Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

#### Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$  - Concrete strength,

$f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$  - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,

$\phi = 0.65$  - Reduction factor for axial strength,

$\alpha = 0.8$  - Alpha factor for axial strength,

$A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$  - Gross area of concrete,

#### Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load,  $A_{st,required}$

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[ \frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[ \frac{\frac{(14.39 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -84.118 \text{ in}^2$$

$A_{min}$  - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-84.118 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$$

$n_{rebar}$  - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 14$$

$A_{st}$  - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$$

Table 22.4.2.1

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

<p>25.2.3</p> <p>25.7.2.2</p> <p>25.7.2.1</p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><math>Ratio = 0.96556</math></p> <p><math>s_{rebar} = Max[1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]</math></p> <p><math>s_{rebar} = Max[1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]</math></p> <p><math>s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}</math></p> <p><b>Ties:</b></p> <p>Since longitudinal reinforcement is <math>\leq</math> No. 10: Use #3(0.375 in)</p> <p><math>s_{ties} = Min[(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), Min(D, b)]</math></p> <p><math>s_{ties} = Min[(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), Min((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]</math></p> <p><math>s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}</math></p> <p><b>Summary:</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;">Main reinforcement: <b>14 - #5 (0.625 in)</b> Ties: <b>#3(0.375 in) - 10 in</b></p>	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>0.970</b></p>
<p>22.4.2.2</p>	<p><b>Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</b></p> <p><math>\phi P_N</math> - Allowable axial compressive strength</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_y A_{st})]</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times [(0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2))]</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>\phi P_N = 2675.2 \text{ kip}</math></p> <p>Ratio - Capacity</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>Ratio = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>Ratio = \frac{(14.39 \text{ kip})}{(2675.2 \text{ kip})}</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>Ratio = 0.0053791</math></p>	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>0.010</b></p>
<p>22.5.2.2</p> <p>22.5.5.1.3</p> <p>22.5.5.1.1</p>	<p><b>Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</b></p> <p><b>Parameters:</b></p> <p><math>b_w = 48 \text{ in}</math> - Effective width, <math>d</math> - Effective depth</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>d = 0.80 D</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>d = 38.4 \text{ in}</math></p> <p><math>\lambda_s</math> - size effect modification factor</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>\lambda_s = MIN \left[ \sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>\lambda_s = MIN \left[ \sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>\lambda_s = 0.64282</math></p> <p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula <math>f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}</math>,</p> <p><math>V_{c,max}</math> - Max shear strength of concrete</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})</math></p>	

$$V_{c,max} = 296.21 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.1(a) The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ ,  $P = 14.39 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 14390 \text{ lbf}$ ,  
 $V_{c,a}$  - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[ 2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck} + \frac{P}{6 A_g}} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[ 2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi}) + \frac{(14390 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)}} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 120.4 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ ,  
 $V_{c,b}$  - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[ 2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck} + (0.05 f'_{ck})} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[ 2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi}) + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi}))} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 348.89 \text{ kip}$$

$V_c$  - Governing shear strength of concrete

$$V_c = \text{Min} [V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min} [(296.21 \text{ kip}), (120.4 \text{ kip}), (348.89 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 120.4 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ ,  
 $V_{s,a}$  - Shear strength of steel (a)

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{s,a} = 737.28 \text{ kip}$$

$A_v$  - Ties rebar area,

$$A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$$

22.5.8.5.3  $V_{s,b}$  - Shear strength of steel (b)

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yw} d}{s_{ties}}$$

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$$

$$V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$$

$V_s$  - Governing shear strength of steel

$$V_s = \text{MIN} [V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$$

$$V_s = \text{MIN} [(737.28 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.1.1  $\phi V_n$  - Allowable shear strength

$$\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$$

$$\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((120.4 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$$

$$\phi V_n = 111.34 \text{ kip}$$

**Considering x-direction:**

$V_{max}$  = 17.263 kip - Maximum shear force in the x-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(17.263 \text{ kip})}{(111.34 \text{ kip})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.15504$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.160**

**Considering z-direction:**

$V_{max} = 0.054331 \text{ kip}$  - Maximum shear force in the z-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.054331 \text{ kip})}{(111.34 \text{ kip})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.00048795$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.000**

**Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)**

$S_m$  - Section modulus

$$S_m = \frac{b D^2}{6}$$

$$S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$$

$$S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$$

$\lambda = 1$  - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete),

Allowable flexural strength:

$M_n$  shall be the lesser of:

$\phi M_{n,1}$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{(2.5 \text{ ksi})} \times 18432.001 \text{ in}^3$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 249.600 \text{ kipft}$$

14.5.2.1b

$\phi M_{n,2}$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_{ck} \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (18432 \text{ in}^3)$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = 2121.6 \text{ kipft}$$

Therefore,

$\phi M_n$  - Allowable flexural strength,

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$$

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(249.6 \text{ kipft}), (2121.6 \text{ kipft})]$$

$$\phi M_n = 249.6 \text{ kipft}$$

**Considering x-direction:**

$M_{max} = 69.886 \text{ kipft}$  - Maximum moment in the x-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(69.886 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.28$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.280**

**Considering z-direction:**

$M_{max} = 0.20482 \text{ kipft}$  - Maximum moment in the z-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.20482 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.00082058$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.000**

REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS
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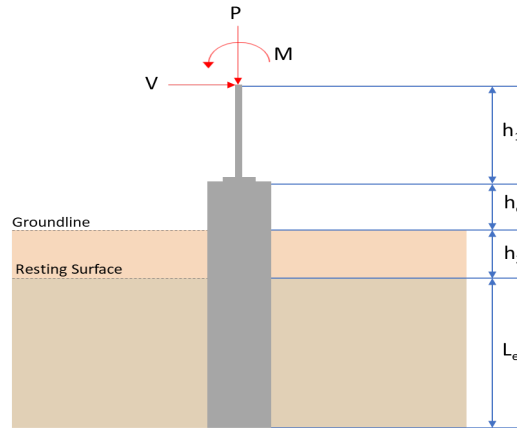
## SkyCiv Foundation Design

Pile Foundation

### Design Information :

Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code)  
Unit System : Imperial

### Pile Input



### Geometry

Pile shape: rectangular

$b = 48$  in - Pile width

$D = 48$  in - Pile depth

$L = 8.5$  ft - Total pile length

$h_1 = 0$  ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile,

$h_2 = 0$  ft - Depth to resisting surface

$h_e = 0$  ft - Length of pile above the ground

### Tabulation of Soil Parameters

Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure ( $q_a$ ) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure ( $R$ ) (psf/ft)
1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000

### Tabulation of Loads

Load Component	ASD	LRFD
$P$ (kip)	9.453	14.390
$V_x$ (kip)	-4.247	-7.078
$V_z$ (kip)	-0.031	-0.054
$M_x$ (kipft)	-0.136	-0.238
$M_z$ (kipft)	63.210	107.760

### Material Properties

$f'_{ck} = 2.5$  ksi - Concrete strength.

### Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD)

$H$  - Point of application of the lateral load

$$H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$$

$$H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$H = 0 \text{ ft}$$

### Considering x-direction:

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-4.247 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.67627 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(63.21 \text{ kipft}) + ((-4.247 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 10.065 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_x^3 - \left( 14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R} \right) - \left( 18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R} \right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,x} = 7.8631 \text{ ft}$  - Required depth in x-direction,

**Considering z-direction:**

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.031 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.0049363 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.136 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.031 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.021656 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_z^3 - \left( 14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R} \right) - \left( 18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R} \right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,z} = 1.119 \text{ ft}$  - Required depth in z-direction,

**Minimum embedded depth required:**

$L_{e,req}$  - Depth of pile required,

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$$

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(7.8631 \text{ ft}), (1.119 \text{ ft})]$$

$$L_{e,req} = 7.863 \text{ ft}$$

$L_e$  - Actual embedded length of pile,

$$L_e = L - h_e - h_2$$

$$L_e = (8.5 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$L_e = 8.5 \text{ ft}$$

**Ratio** - Embedded depth

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(7.863 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.92506$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.930**

### End-bearing Capacity (ASD)

$A$  - Pile cross-section area

$$A = b D$$

$$A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$$

$q$  - End-bearing pressure

$$q = \frac{P_v}{A}$$

$$q = \frac{(9.453 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$$

$$q = 0.59081 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

**Check bearing capacity ratio:**

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.59081 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.29541$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.300**

Czerniak

**Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):**

$L/D$  - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,

$$L/D = \frac{L}{D}$$

$$L/D = \frac{(8.5 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$$

$$L/D = 2.125$$

Since  $L/D \leq 10$ ,

Pile is short.

**Considering x-direction:**

$H_o = -0.67627 \text{ kip/ft}$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 10.065 \text{ kipft/ft}$  - Overturning moment per length of pile,

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (10.065 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.67627 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (10.065 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.67627 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.862 \text{ ft}$$

$p$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $a/2$  from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (10.065 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.67627 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(8.5 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (10.065 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.67627 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.29408 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$s$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $L_e$ ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (10.065 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.67627 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft}))]}{(8.5 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 1.1944 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

**Check lateral soil pressure capacity:**

$p_a$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(5.862 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.43965 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.29408 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.43965 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.6689$$

$p_s$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $L_e$ ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 1.275 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(1.1944 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.275 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.93676$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.670**

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.940**

#### Considering z-direction:

$H_o = -0.0049363 \text{ kip/ft}$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 0.021656 \text{ kipft/ft}$  - Overturning moment per length of pile,

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.021656 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.0049363 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.021656 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.0049363 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 6.0659 \text{ ft}$$

$p$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $a/2$  from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (0.021656 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.0049363 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(8.5 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (0.021656 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.0049363 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = -0.00084402 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$s$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $L_e$ ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (0.021656 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.0049363 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft}))]}{(8.5 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.0001124 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

#### Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

$p_a$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(6.0659 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.45494 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(-0.00084402 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.45494 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = -0.0018552$$

$p_s$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $L_e$ ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 1.275 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

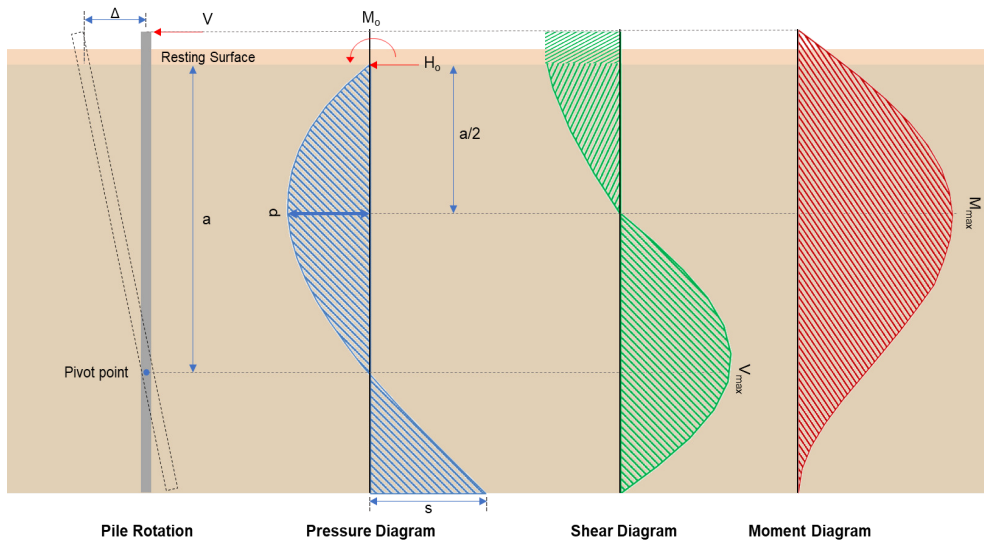
$$Ratio = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.0001124 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.275 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.000088158$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.000**

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.000**



### Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-7.078 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -1.1271 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(107.76 \text{ kipft}) + ((-7.078 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 17.159 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

$E$  - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(17.159 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-1.1271 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 15.225 \text{ ft}$$

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (17.159 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-1.1271 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times 17.159) + (4 \times (-1.1271) \times 8.5)}$$

$$a = \frac{(6 \times (17.159 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-1.1271 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft}))}{}$$

$$a = 5.8588 \text{ ft}$$

$V_{max}$  - Max shear force located at depth  $a$ ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \left( \frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \left( \frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-1.1271 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \times \left( \frac{4 \times (15.225 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.8588 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \times \left( \frac{3 \times (15.225 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.8588 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 17.263 \text{ kip}$$

$M_{max}$  - Max bending moment located at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[ \left( \frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2L_e} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-1.1271 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})) \times \left[ \left( \frac{(15.225 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(5.8588 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.5 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 \times (15.225 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.8588 \text{ ft})}{(2 \times (8.5 \text{ ft}))} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 \times (15.225 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.8588 \text{ ft})}{(2 \times (8.5 \text{ ft}))} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 69.886 \text{ kipft}$$

#### Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.054 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.0085987 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.238 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.054 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.037898 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

$E$  - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.037898 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.0085987 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 4.4074 \text{ ft}$$

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.037898 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.0085987 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.037898 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.0085987 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 6.0651 \text{ ft}$$

$V_{max}$  - Max shear force located at depth  $a$ ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \left( \frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \left( \frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.0085987 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \times \left( \frac{4 \times (4.4074 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(6.0651 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] \right. \\ \left. + \left[ 4 \times \left( \frac{3 \times (4.4074 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(6.0651 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.054462 \text{ kip}$$

$M_{max}$  - Max bending moment located at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$M_{max} = (H_o \cdot b \cdot L_e) \left[ \left( \frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) \right. \\ \left. - \left[ \left( \frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.0085987 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})) \times \left[ \left( \frac{(4.4074 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(6.0651 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.5 \text{ ft})} \right) \right. \\ \left. - \left[ \left( \frac{4 \times (4.4074 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(6.0651 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 \times (4.4074 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(6.0651 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 0.20537 \text{ kipft}$$

### Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

#### Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$  - Concrete strength,

$f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$  - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,

$\phi = 0.65$  - Reduction factor for axial strength,

$\alpha = 0.8$  - Alpha factor for axial strength,

$A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$  - Gross area of concrete,

#### Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load,  $A_{st,required}$

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[ \frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[ \frac{\frac{(14.39 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -84.118 \text{ in}^2$$

$A_{min}$  - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-84.118 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$$

$n_{rebar}$  - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 14$$

$A_{st}$  - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \cdot \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$$

Table 22.4.2.1

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

<p>25.2.3</p> <p>25.7.2.2</p> <p>25.7.2.1</p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><math>Ratio = 0.96556</math></p> <p><math>s_{rebar} = Max[1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]</math></p> <p><math>s_{rebar} = Max[1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]</math></p> <p><math>s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}</math></p> <p><b>Ties:</b></p> <p>Since longitudinal reinforcement is <math>\leq</math> No. 10: Use #3(0.375 in)</p> <p><math>s_{ties} = Min[(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), Min(D, b)]</math></p> <p><math>s_{ties} = Min[(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), Min((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]</math></p> <p><math>s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}</math></p> <p><b>Summary:</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;">Main reinforcement: <b>14 - #5 (0.625 in)</b> Ties: <b>#3(0.375 in) - 10 in</b></p>	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>0.970</b></p>
<p>22.4.2.2</p>	<p><b>Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</b></p> <p><math>\phi P_N</math> - Allowable axial compressive strength</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_y A_{st})]</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times [(0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2))]</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>\phi P_N = 2675.2 \text{ kip}</math></p> <p>Ratio - Capacity</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>Ratio = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>Ratio = \frac{(14.39 \text{ kip})}{(2675.2 \text{ kip})}</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>Ratio = 0.0053791</math></p>	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>0.010</b></p>
<p>22.5.2.2</p> <p>22.5.5.1.3</p> <p>22.5.5.1.1</p>	<p><b>Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</b></p> <p><b>Parameters:</b></p> <p><math>b_w = 48 \text{ in}</math> - Effective width, <math>d</math> - Effective depth</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>d = 0.80 D</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>d = 38.4 \text{ in}</math></p> <p><math>\lambda_s</math> - size effect modification factor</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>\lambda_s = MIN \left[ \sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>\lambda_s = MIN \left[ \sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>\lambda_s = 0.64282</math></p> <p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula <math>f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}</math>,</p> <p><math>V_{c,max}</math> - Max shear strength of concrete</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})</math></p>	

$$V_{c,max} = 296.21 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.1(a) The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ ,  $P = 14.39 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 14390 \text{ lbf}$ ,  
 $V_{c,a}$  - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[ 2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck} + \frac{P}{6 A_g}} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[ 2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi}) + \frac{(14390 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)}} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 120.4 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ ,  
 $V_{c,b}$  - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[ 2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck} + (0.05 f'_{ck})} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[ 2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi}) + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi}))} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 348.89 \text{ kip}$$

$V_c$  - Governing shear strength of concrete

$$V_c = \text{Min} [V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min} [(296.21 \text{ kip}), (120.4 \text{ kip}), (348.89 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 120.4 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ ,  
 $V_{s,a}$  - Shear strength of steel (a)

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{s,a} = 737.28 \text{ kip}$$

$A_v$  - Ties rebar area,

$$A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$$

22.5.8.5.3  $V_{s,b}$  - Shear strength of steel (b)

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yw} d}{s_{ties}}$$

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$$

$$V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$$

$V_s$  - Governing shear strength of steel

$$V_s = \text{MIN} [V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$$

$$V_s = \text{MIN} [(737.28 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.1.1  $\phi V_n$  - Allowable shear strength

$$\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$$

$$\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((120.4 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$$

$$\phi V_n = 111.34 \text{ kip}$$

**Considering x-direction:**

$V_{max}$  = 17.263 kip - Maximum shear force in the x-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(17.263 \text{ kip})}{(111.34 \text{ kip})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.15504$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.160**

**Considering z-direction:**

$V_{max} = 0.054462 \text{ kip}$  - Maximum shear force in the z-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.054462 \text{ kip})}{(111.34 \text{ kip})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.00048913$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.000**

**Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)**

$S_m$  - Section modulus

$$S_m = \frac{b D^2}{6}$$

$$S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$$

$$S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$$

$\lambda = 1$  - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete),

Allowable flexural strength:

$M_n$  shall be the lesser of:

$\phi M_{n,1}$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{(2.5 \text{ ksi})} \times 18432.001 \text{ in}^3$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 249.600 \text{ kipft}$$

14.5.2.1b

$\phi M_{n,2}$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_c \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (18432 \text{ in}^3)$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = 2121.6 \text{ kipft}$$

Therefore,

$\phi M_n$  - Allowable flexural strength,

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$$

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(249.6 \text{ kipft}), (2121.6 \text{ kipft})]$$

$$\phi M_n = 249.6 \text{ kipft}$$

**Considering x-direction:**

$M_{max} = 69.886 \text{ kipft}$  - Maximum moment in the x-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(69.886 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.28$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.280**

**Considering z-direction:**

$M_{max} = 0.20537 \text{ kipft}$  - Maximum moment in the z-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.20537 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.00082281$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.000**