

Your Project Calculations



Project Name: Uhlmann Carport - 5x5 - 69in - JB

S3D Model Link:

https://platform.skyciv.com/structural?preload_name=Uhlmann%20Carport%20-%205x5%20-%2069in%20-%20JB&preload_path=Shared%20Enterprise%20Folder/MT_Solar_Projects/6_2024

Public Model Link:

https://platform.skyciv.com/structural-viewer?project_id=cwUAqyk3UMGwd4uAulojdHjLLGgMqDn5Xuxmp6bnb1it3hz0lb15UusWtNOJ6ua0

Array Specification

Product:	Beam
Unique ID:	2P-17-6TOP-HD-24-L-5Hx5W-I4DE
Duty Classification:	HD
Module Width:	44.70 in
Module Length:	69.40in
Number of Rows:	5
Number of Columns:	5
Total Number of Modules:	25
Desired Tilt Angle:	18
Front Edge Clearance:	7
Total Array Height at Tilt:	12.79 ft
Total Frame Length:	28.50 ft
Frame Weight:	1374 lbs
Array Dimensions N/S:	18.83 ft
Array Dimensions E/W:	29.33 ft
Rail Length:	226.00 in
Rail Spacing:	2.89 ft
Rail Check:	Not Checked

Support Specifications

Pole Size:	6in Pipe Sch 40
Pole Length above Grade:	9.91 ft
Number of Poles:	2
Pole Spacing:	17 ft

Foundation Specifications

Foundation Type:	Square
Foundation Dimensions:	48 x 48 in
Foundation Depth (below grade):	Pile 1: 6.25 ft Pile 2: 6.25 ft
Foundation Volume:	7.407 y ³
Foundation Result:	PASSED
Mount Twist:	0.274061 kip

Site Info

Risk Category:	I
Exposure:	C
Soil Classification:	sand
Site Location:	578 Colter Trail, Three Forks, MT 59752, USA
Wind Speed:	120 mph
Snow Load:	20 psf
Design Uplift Pressure:	Multiple pressures
Design Downforce Pressure:	Multiple pressures
Design Snow Pressure:	0.011436 ksf



Design Disclaimer

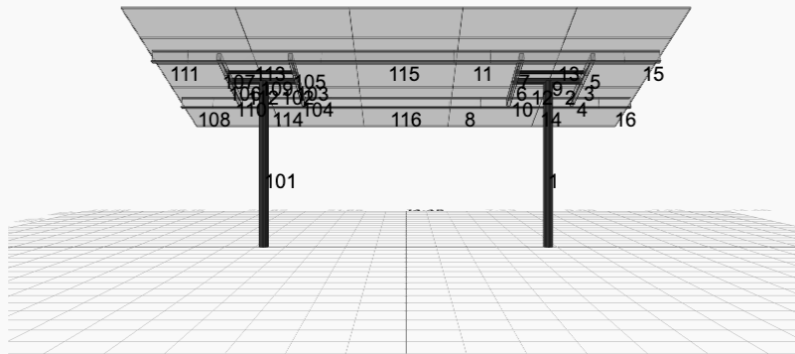
This software should be used for preliminary designs and should not be used as a final design unless reviewed, verified and designed by a qualified structural engineer.

AutoDesigner Input

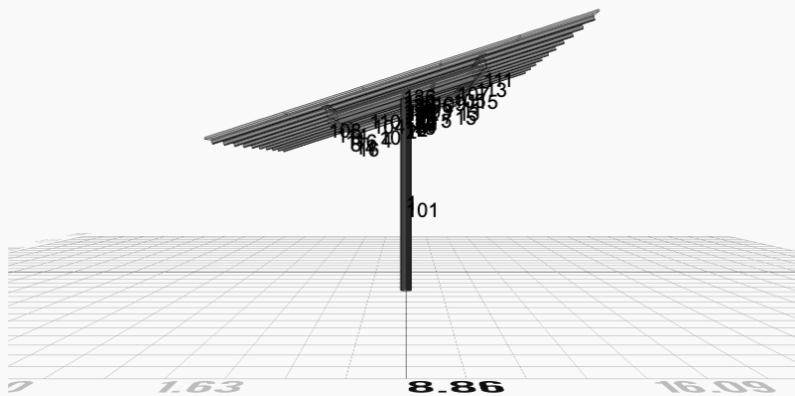
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Design Notes:

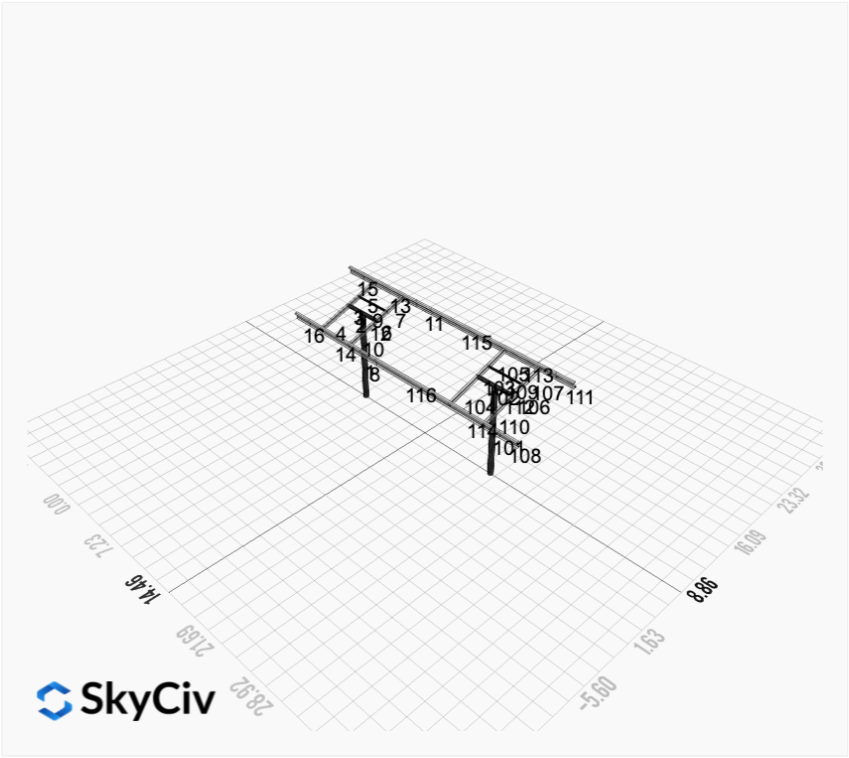
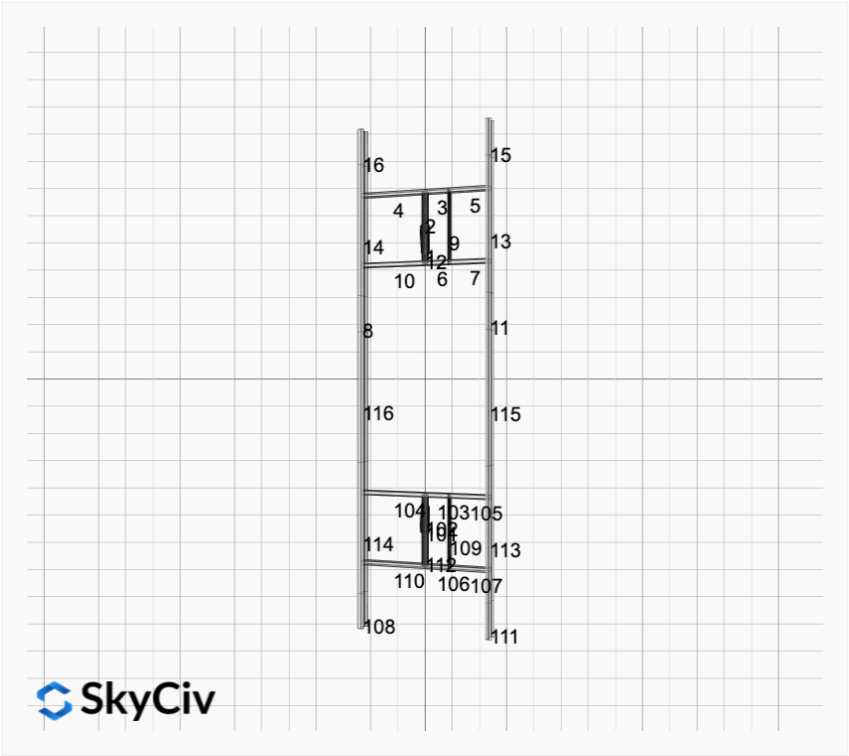
- AISC Deflection checks are set to L/1 due to structure design intent
- Foundation Soil Parameters used in this Autodesigned are all estimates, proper geotechnical reports are required to confirm soil profiles
- Wind speeds, snow loads and other site specific results are based on ASCE 7 2016
- Steel frame design checks are based on AISC 360 2016 (LRFD)

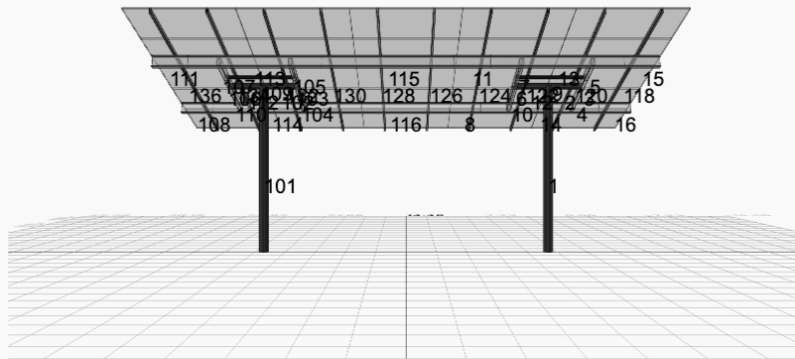


SkyCiv

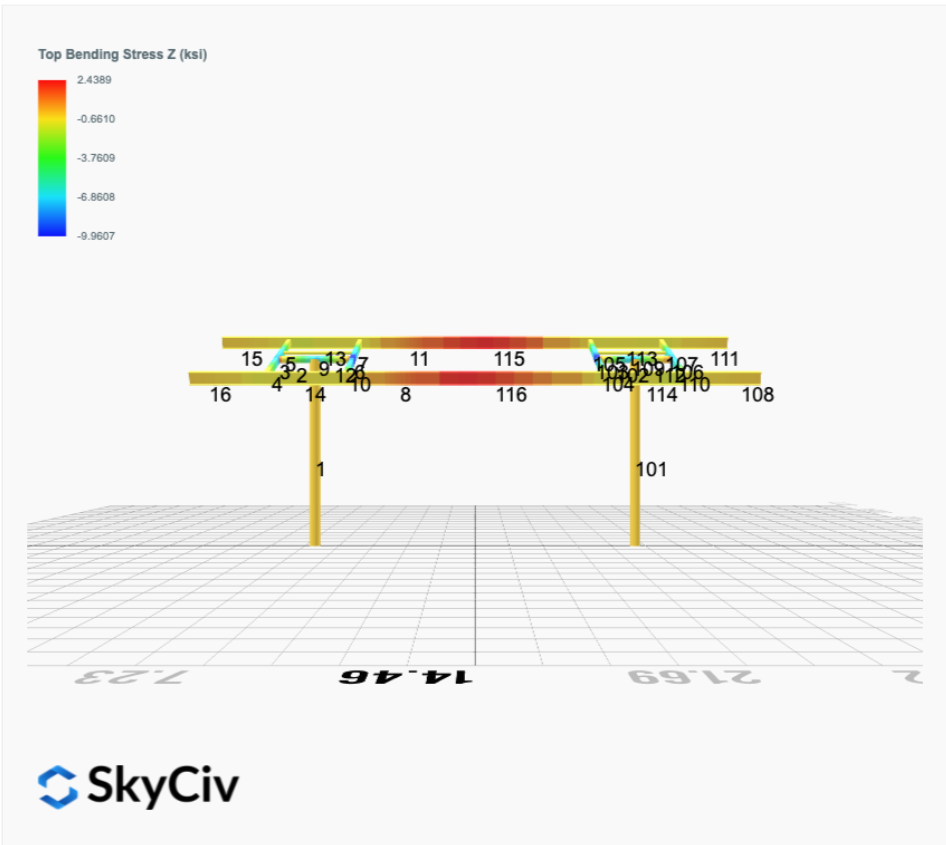
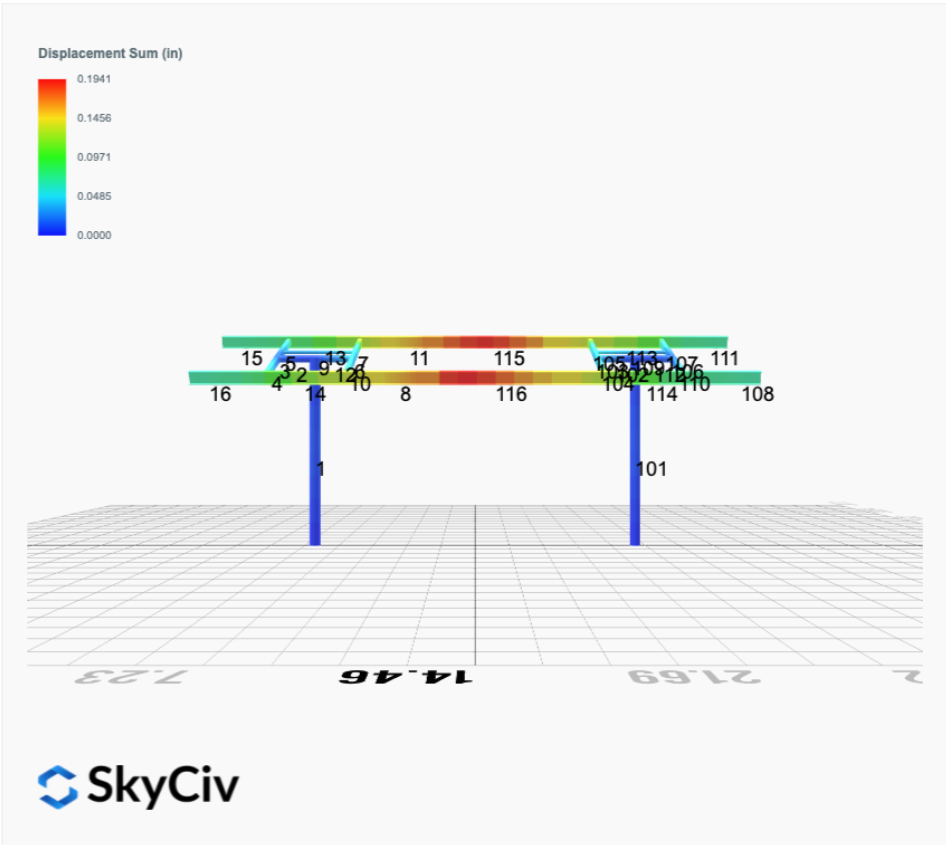


SkyCiv

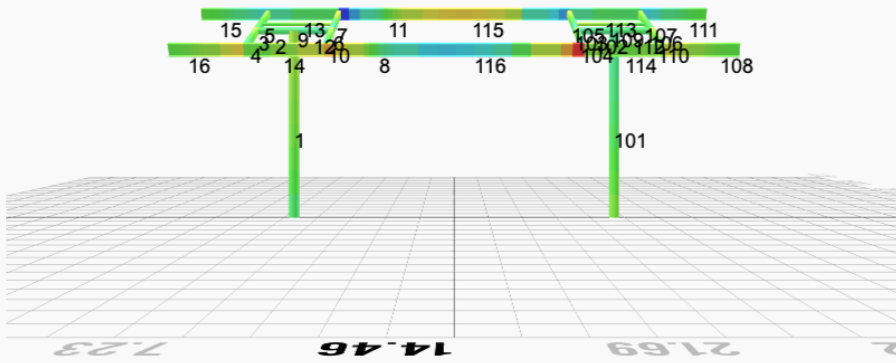




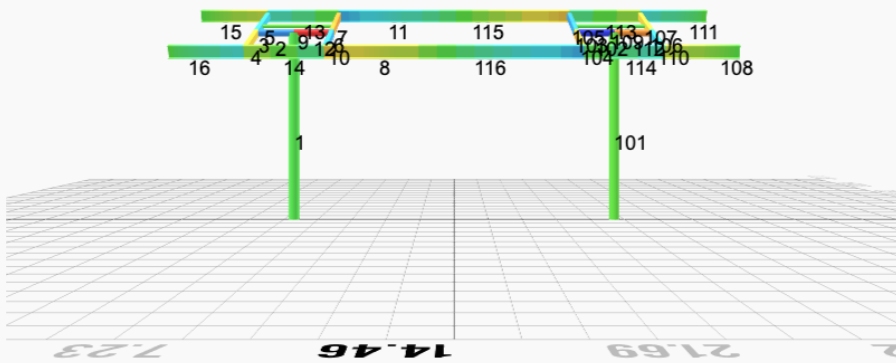
FEM Results (Envelope Worst Case for each member)

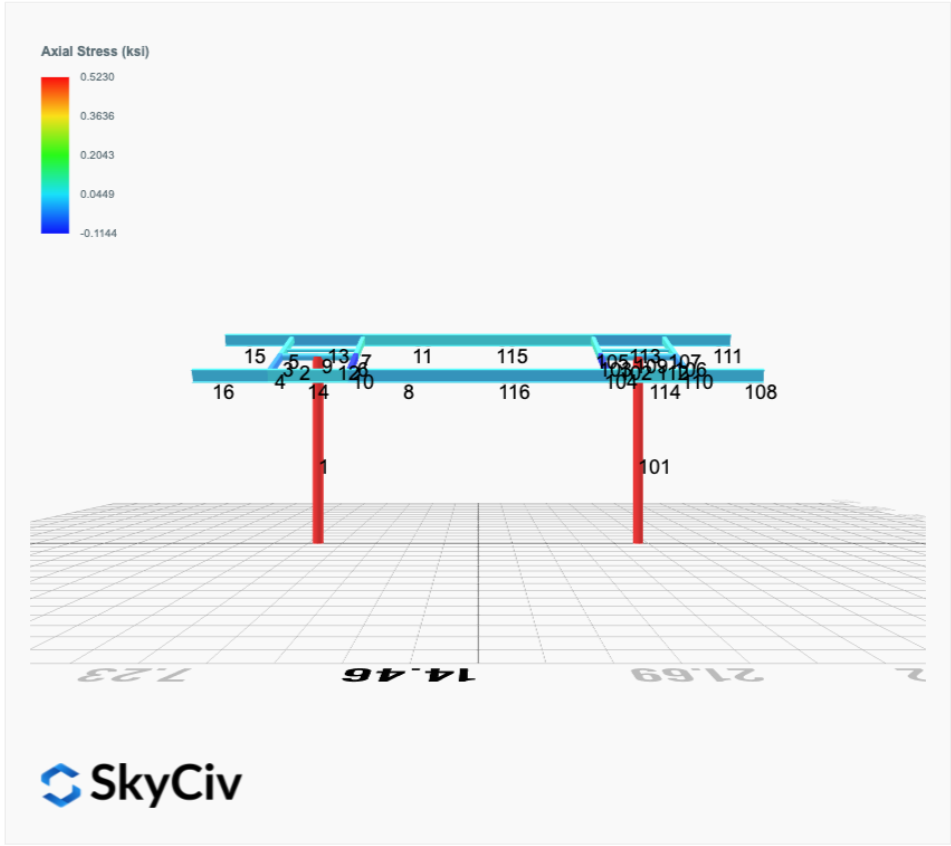


Top Bending Stress Y (ksi)



Shear Stress Y (ksi)





Reaction Forces for Foundation 1 (Node ID#1), (kip, kip-ft)

ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	0.0000	1.9419	0.0519	0.1594	-0.0177	0.0286
ULS: 2. D + L	0.0000	1.9419	0.0519	0.1594	-0.0177	0.0286
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0000	4.8609	0.1507	0.4632	-0.0517	0.0353
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0000	1.9419	0.0519	0.1594	-0.0177	0.0286
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0000	4.1312	0.1260	0.3872	-0.0432	0.0336
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0000	1.9419	0.0519	0.1594	-0.0177	0.0286
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	0.0000	1.9419	0.0519	0.1594	-0.0177	0.0286
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	0.0000	4.1312	0.1260	0.3872	-0.0432	0.0336
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	0.0000	1.1652	0.0311	0.0957	-0.0106	0.0171
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.5607	6.7452	0.2228	0.6785	-0.1593	17.6765
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.5607	6.7452	0.2228	0.6785	-0.1593	17.6765
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	1.2724	-1.9741	-0.0861	-0.2569	0.0970	-10.5282
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	1.1034	-1.4540	-0.0694	-0.2068	0.0831	-21.9421
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.1705	7.7336	0.2541	0.7766	-0.1493	13.2695
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.1705	7.7336	0.2541	0.7766	-0.1493	13.2695
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	0.9543	1.1942	0.0225	0.0750	0.0429	-7.8840
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.8276	1.5842	0.0350	0.1126	0.0324	-16.4444
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.1705	5.5444	0.1800	0.5488	-0.1239	13.2645
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.1705	5.5444	0.1800	0.5488	-0.1239	13.2645
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	0.9543	-0.9951	-0.0516	-0.1528	0.0683	-7.8890
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.8276	-0.6050	-0.0391	-0.1152	0.0579	-16.4494
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.5607	5.9684	0.2020	0.6148	-0.1522	17.6650
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.5607	5.9684	0.2020	0.6148	-0.1522	17.6650
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	1.2724	-2.7509	-0.1069	-0.3207	0.1041	-10.5396
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	1.1034	-2.2308	-0.0902	-0.2705	0.0902	-21.9535

Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	11.7952
Shear X	-2.6011
Shear Z	0.3969
Moment X	1.2132
Moment Y (Twist)	0.2742
Moment Z	37.5918

Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	7.7336
Shear X	-1.5607
Shear Z	0.2541
Moment X	0.7766
Moment Y (Twist)	0.1593
Moment Z	21.9535

Reaction Forces for Foundation 2 (Node ID#101), (kip, kip-ft)

ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	-0.0000	1.9419	-0.0519	-0.1594	0.0177	0.0286
ULS: 2. D + L	-0.0000	1.9419	-0.0519	-0.1594	0.0177	0.0286
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	-0.0000	4.8609	-0.1507	-0.4632	0.0517	0.0353
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	-0.0000	1.9419	-0.0519	-0.1594	0.0177	0.0286
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	-0.0000	4.1312	-0.1260	-0.3872	0.0432	0.0336
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	-0.0000	1.9419	-0.0519	-0.1594	0.0177	0.0286
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	-0.0000	1.9419	-0.0519	-0.1594	0.0177	0.0286

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	-0.0000	4.1312	-0.1260	-0.3872	0.0432	0.0336
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	-0.0000	1.1652	-0.0311	-0.0957	0.0106	0.0171
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.5607	6.7452	-0.2228	-0.6785	0.1593	17.6765
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.5607	6.7452	-0.2228	-0.6785	0.1593	17.6765
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	1.2724	-1.9741	0.0861	0.2569	-0.0970	-10.5282
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	1.1034	-1.4540	0.0694	0.2068	-0.0831	-21.9421
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.1705	7.7336	-0.2541	-0.7766	0.1493	13.2695
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.1705	7.7336	-0.2541	-0.7766	0.1493	13.2695
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	0.9543	1.1942	-0.0225	-0.0750	-0.0429	-7.8840
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.8276	1.5842	-0.0350	-0.1126	-0.0324	-16.4444
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.1705	5.5444	-0.1800	-0.5488	0.1239	13.2645
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.1705	5.5444	-0.1800	-0.5488	0.1239	13.2645
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	0.9543	-0.9951	0.0516	0.1528	-0.0683	-7.8890
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.8276	-0.6050	0.0391	0.1152	-0.0579	-16.4494
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.5607	5.9684	-0.2020	-0.6148	0.1522	17.6650
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.5607	5.9684	-0.2020	-0.6148	0.1522	17.6650
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	1.2724	-2.7508	0.1069	0.3207	-0.1041	-10.5396
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	1.1034	-2.2308	0.0902	0.2705	-0.0902	-21.9535

Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	11.7952
Shear X	-2.6011
Shear Z	-0.3969
Moment X	-1.2132
Moment Y (Twist)	0.2741
Moment Z	37.5927

Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	7.7336
Shear X	-1.5607
Shear Z	-0.2541
Moment X	-0.7766
Moment Y (Twist)	0.1593
Moment Z	21.9535

Project Details

Design Code: AISC 360-16 LRFD
 Provision: LRFD
 Country: United States

User Name: sales@mtsolar.us
 Project Name: Uhlmann Carport - 5x5 - 69in - JB
 Unit System: imperial



Design Input Information

Design Factors			
Φ_t	Φ_c	Φ_b	Φ_v
0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9

Design Materials			
ID	E (ksi)	F_y (ksi)	F_u (ksi)
1	29000	50	65

Section Dimensions								
ID	Name	d (in)	t_w (in)					
2	2in Pipe Sch 80	2.38	0.22					
5	4in Pipe Sch 80	4.50	0.34					
7	6in Pipe Sch 40	6.63	0.28					
ID	Name	d (in)	b (in)	t_w (in)	t_b (in)	r (in)		
16	HSS5x3x16	5.00	3.00	0.17	0.17	0.17		
ID	Name	d (in)	t_w (in)	b_t (in)	b_b (in)	t_t (in)	t_b (in)	r (in)
19	W8x10	7.89	0.17	3.94	3.94	0.20	0.20	0.30

Section Properties								
ID	Name	A (in ²)	J (in ⁴)	I_{yp} (in ⁴)	I_{zp} (in ⁴)	I_w (in ⁶)	S_{yp} (in ³)	S_{zp} (in ³)
2	2in Pipe Sch 80	1.48	1.74	0.87	0.87	0.00	1.02	1.02
5	4in Pipe Sch 80	4.41	19.22	9.61	9.61	0.00	5.85	5.85

7	6in Pipe Sch 40	5.58	56.28	28.14	28.14	0.00	11.28	11.28
16	HSS5x3x3/16	2.58	8.64	3.85	8.53	0.73	2.96	4.21
19	W8x10	2.96	0.04	2.09	30.80	30.90	1.66	8.87

Member Properties								
Member ID	Section ID	K _z L (ft)	K _y L (ft)	L _b (ft)	C _b	L S T	L S C	L D
1	7	20.81	20.81	9.91	-	300	200	1
2	5	1.30	1.30	2.00	-	300	200	1
3	16	0.92	0.92	1.42	1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.22,1.18,1.18,1.16,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.17	300	200	1
4	16	2.44	2.44	3.75	1.69,1.68,1.69,1.67,1.68,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.65,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.70	300	200	1
5	16	1.52	1.52	2.33	1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.72,1.67,1.67,1.65,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66	300	200	1
6	16	0.92	0.92	1.42	1.19,1.19,1.19,1.18,1.19,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.21,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18	300	200	1
7	16	1.52	1.52	2.33	1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.70,1.67,1.67,1.65,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.67	300	200	1
8	19	1.33	1.33	2.05	1.27,1.27,1.27,1.27,1.27,1.27,1.27,1.27,1.33,1.27,1.27,1.27,1.45,1.27,1.27,1.27,1.28,1.27,1.27,1.27,1.32,1.27,1.27,1.27,1.79	300	200	1
9	2	2.60	2.60	4.00	-	300	200	1
10	16	2.44	2.44	3.75	1.69,1.68,1.69,1.67,1.68,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.70,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.65,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.72	300	200	1
11	19	1.33	1.33	2.05	1.27,1.27,1.27,1.27,1.27,1.27,1.27,1.26,1.29,1.27,1.27,1.27,1.28,1.27,1.27,1.28,1.21,1.27,1.27,1.26,1.29,1.27,1.27,1.27,1.28	300	200	1
12	5	1.30	1.30	2.00	-	300	200	1
13	19	4.88	4.00	7.50	1.26,1.26,1.26,1.26,1.26,1.26,1.27,1.27,1.25,1.35,1.27,1.27,1.26,1.33,1.27,1.27,1.27,1.11,1.27,1.27,1.25,1.35,1.27,1.27,1.26,1.33	300	200	1
14	19	4.88	4.00	7.50	1.25,1.25,1.25,1.25,1.25,1.25,1.25,1.25,1.29,1.62,1.25,1.25,1.28,2.25,1.26,1.26,1.23,1.30,1.25,1.25,1.29,1.54,1.25,1.25,1.28,1.71	300	200	1
15	19	4.20	4.20	2.00	2.33,2.33	300	200	1
16	19	4.20	4.20	2.00	2.33,2.33	300	200	1
101	7	20.81	20.81	9.91	-	300	200	1
102	5	1.30	1.30	2.00	-	300	200	1
103	16	0.92	0.92	1.42	1.19,1.19,1.19,1.18,1.19,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.21,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18	300	200	1
104	16	2.44	2.44	3.75	1.69,1.68,1.69,1.67,1.68,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.70,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.65,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.72	300	200	1
105	16	1.52	1.52	2.33	1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.70,1.67,1.67,1.65,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.67	300	200	1
106	16	0.92	0.92	1.42	1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.22,1.18,1.18,1.16,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.17	300	200	1
107	16	1.52	1.52	2.33	1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.72,1.67,1.67,1.65,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66	300	200	1

115	133.20	86.20	24.63	6.12	40.24	43.62
116	133.20	86.20	24.92	6.12	40.24	43.62

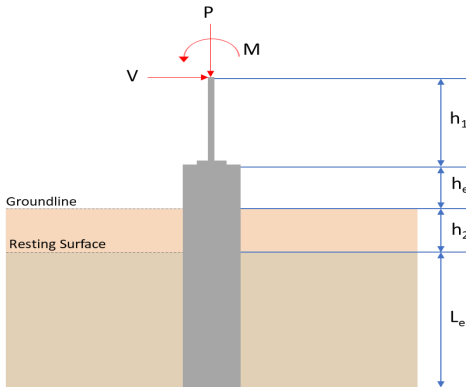
Design Ratio

Member ID	P	M _z	M _y	V _y	V _z	(P,M _z ,M _y)	Worst LC	KL/r	δ	Status
1	0.116	0.889	0.064	0.035	0.005	0.899	#16	0.556	Not Required	Pass
2	0.001	0.392	0.109	0.088	0.021	0.502	#13	0.053	Not Required	Pass
3	0.004	0.669	0.018	0.066	0.004	0.672	#13	0.045	Not Required	Pass
4	0.003	0.600	0.046	0.060	0.011	0.639	#13	0.080	Not Required	Pass
5	0.004	0.415	0.028	0.067	0.006	0.421	#13	0.074	Not Required	Pass
6	0.005	0.790	0.058	0.080	0.016	0.829	#13	0.045	Not Required	Pass
7	0.005	0.490	0.073	0.079	0.019	0.504	#13	0.074	Not Required	Pass
8	0.001	0.150	0.048	0.045	0.008	0.186	#21	0.095	Not Required	Pass
9	0.001	0.078	0.046	0.002	0.002	0.120	#13	0.204	Not Required	Pass
10	0.006	0.715	0.062	0.072	0.014	0.717	#13	0.080	Not Required	Pass
11	0.003	0.163	0.046	0.050	0.008	0.190	#21	0.095	Not Required	Pass
12	0.001	0.516	0.121	0.106	0.023	0.638	#13	0.053	Not Required	Pass
13	0.004	0.131	0.158	0.069	0.011	0.223	#21	0.286	Not Required	Pass
14	0.003	0.123	0.155	0.062	0.011	0.213	#21	0.190	Not Required	Pass
15	0.000	0.026	0.023	0.021	0.003	0.046	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
16	0.000	0.023	0.023	0.019	0.003	0.045	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
101	0.116	0.889	0.064	0.035	0.005	0.899	#16	0.556	Not Required	Pass
102	0.001	0.516	0.121	0.106	0.023	0.638	#13	0.053	Not Required	Pass
103	0.005	0.790	0.058	0.080	0.016	0.829	#13	0.045	Not Required	Pass
104	0.006	0.715	0.062	0.072	0.014	0.717	#13	0.080	Not Required	Pass
105	0.005	0.490	0.073	0.079	0.019	0.504	#13	0.074	Not Required	Pass
106	0.004	0.669	0.018	0.066	0.004	0.672	#13	0.045	Not Required	Pass
107	0.004	0.415	0.028	0.067	0.006	0.421	#13	0.074	Not Required	Pass
108	0.000	0.023	0.023	0.019	0.003	0.045	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
109	0.001	0.078	0.046	0.002	0.002	0.120	#13	0.204	Not Required	Pass
110	0.003	0.600	0.046	0.060	0.011	0.639	#13	0.080	Not Required	Pass
111	0.000	0.026	0.023	0.021	0.003	0.046	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
112	0.001	0.392	0.109	0.088	0.021	0.502	#13	0.053	Not Required	Pass
113	0.004	0.131	0.158	0.069	0.011	0.223	#21	0.190	Not Required	Pass
114	0.003	0.123	0.155	0.062	0.011	0.213	#21	0.286	Not Required	Pass
115	0.004	0.277	0.088	0.050	0.008	0.333	#21	0.346	Not Required	Pass
116	0.002	0.254	0.090	0.045	0.008	0.323	#21	0.346	Not Required	Pass

Definitions

Φ _t	Safety factor for tensile
Φ _c	Safety factor for compression
Φ _b	Safety factor for flexure
Φ _v	Safety factor for shear
E	Modulus of elasticity
F _y	Specified minimum yield stress
F _u	Specified minimum tensile strength
A	Cross-sectional area
J	Torsional constant
I _{yp}	Moment of inertia about the Y axes
I _{zp}	Moment of inertia about the Z axes
I _w	Warping constant
S _{yp}	Plastic section modulus about the Y axis
S _{zp}	Plastic section modulus about the Z axis
KL	Effective length
C _n	Buckling modification factor (from all load combinations)

L_b	Length between braced points
LST	Limited slenderness for tension
LSC	Limited slenderness for compression
LD	Limited deflection
P_n	Nominal axial strength (tension/compression)
M_n	Nominal flexural strength (about Z/Y axis)
V_n	Nominal shear strength (along Z/Y axis)
P	Design ratio in case of axial force
M_z	Design ratio in case of bending about Z axis
M_y	Design ratio in case of bending about Y axis
V_y	Design ratio in case of shear along Y axis
V_z	Design ratio in case of shear along Z axis
(P, M_z , M_y)	Design ratio in case of axial force and bending action
KL/r	Design ratio in case of section slenderness
δ	Design ratio in case of member deflection
OK	Capacity is provided
NG	Capacity is not provided

REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS																										
	<div><div>SkyCiv Foundation Design</div><div>Pile Foundation</div><div>Design Information :</div><div>Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code)</div><div>Unit System : Imperial</div></div>																											
	<div><div>Pile Input</div><div></div><div><div>Geometry</div><div>Pile shape: rectangular</div><div>b = 48 in - Pile width</div><div>D = 48 in - Pile depth</div><div>L = 6.25 ft - Total pile length</div><div>h1 = 0 ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile,</div><div>h2 = 0 ft - Depth to resisting surface</div><div>he = 0 ft - Length of pile above the ground</div></div><div><div>Tabulation of Soil Parameters</div><table><tr><th>Layer</th><th>Label</th><th>Allowable Bearing Pressure (qa) (psf)</th><th>Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)</th></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel</td><td>2000.000</td><td>150.000</td></tr></table></div><div><div>Tabulation of Loads</div><table><tr><th>Load Component</th><th>ASD</th><th>LRFD</th></tr><tr><td>P (kip)</td><td>7.734</td><td>11.795</td></tr><tr><td>Vx (kip)</td><td>-1.561</td><td>-2.601</td></tr><tr><td>Vz (kip)</td><td>0.254</td><td>0.397</td></tr><tr><td>Mx (kipft)</td><td>0.777</td><td>1.213</td></tr><tr><td>Mz (kipft)</td><td>21.954</td><td>37.592</td></tr></table></div><div><div>Material Properties</div><div>f'ck = 2.5 ksi - Concrete strength,</div></div></div>	Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure (qa) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)	1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000	Load Component	ASD	LRFD	P (kip)	7.734	11.795	Vx (kip)	-1.561	-2.601	Vz (kip)	0.254	0.397	Mx (kipft)	0.777	1.213	Mz (kipft)	21.954	37.592	
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	<div><div>Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD)</div><div>H - Point of application of the lateral load</div><div><div><div><div><div>$H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$</div><div>$H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$</div><div>$H = 0 \text{ ft}$</div></div></div></div></div><div><div>Considering x-direction:</div><div>Ho - Lateral force per length of pile,</div><div><div><div><div>$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$</div><div>$H_o = \frac{(-1.561 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$</div><div>$H_o = -0.24857 \text{ kip/ft}$</div></div></div></div><div><div>Mo - Moment per length of pile,</div><div><div><div><div>$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$</div></div></div></div></div></div></div>																											

	$M_o = \frac{(21.954 \text{ kipft}) + ((-1.561 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $M_o = 3.4959 \text{ kipft/ft}$ <p>Required depth of embedment in earth:</p> $L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$ <p>Solving the cubic equation: $L_{e,x} = 5.7832 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in x-direction,</p> <p>Considering z-direction:</p> <p>H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,</p> $H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$ $H_o = \frac{(0.254 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $H_o = 0.040446 \text{ kip/ft}$ <p>M_o - Moment per length of pile,</p> $M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$ $M_o = \frac{(0.777 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.254 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $M_o = 0.12373 \text{ kipft/ft}$ <p>Required depth of embedment in earth:</p> $L_z^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$ <p>Solving the cubic equation: $L_{e,z} = 2.5207 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in z-direction,</p> <p>Minimum embedded depth required:</p> <p>$L_{e,req}$ - Depth of pile required,</p> $L_{e,req} = MAX[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$ $L_{e,req} = MAX[(5.7832 \text{ ft}), (2.5207 \text{ ft})]$ $L_{e,req} = 5.783 \text{ ft}$ <p>L_e - Actual embedded length of pile,</p> $L_e = L - h_e - h_2$ $L_e = (6.25 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$ $L_e = 6.25 \text{ ft}$ <p>Ratio - Embedded depth</p> $Ratio = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$ $Ratio = \frac{(5.783 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})}$ $Ratio = 0.92528$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.930</p>
	<p>End-bearing Capacity (ASD)</p> <p>A - Pile cross-section area</p> $A = b D$ $A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$ $A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$ <p>q - End-bearing pressure</p> $q = \frac{P_o}{A}$ $q = \frac{(7.734 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$	

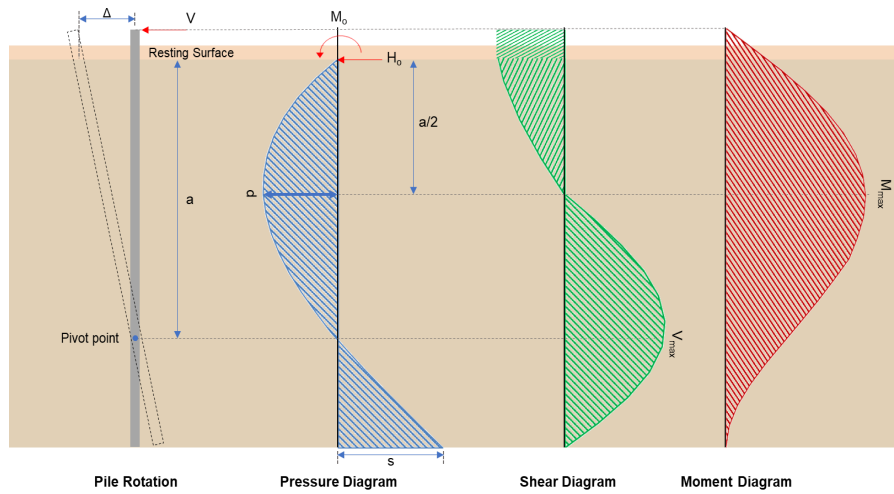
	$q = 0.40000 \text{ kip/ft}$	
	<p>Check bearing capacity ratio:</p> <p>Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.48338 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.24169$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.240</p>
Czerniak	<p>Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):</p> <p>L/D - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,</p> $L/D = \frac{L}{D}$ $L/D = \frac{(6.25 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$ $L/D = 1.5625$ <p>Since $L/D \leq 10$,</p> <p>Pile is short.</p> <p>Considering x-direction:</p> <p>$H_o = -0.24857 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile, $M_o = 3.4959 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile, a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,</p> $a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$ $a = \frac{(4 \times (3.4959 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.24857 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (3.4959 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.24857 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))}$ $a = 4.2857 \text{ ft}$ <p>p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,</p> $p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^3 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$ $p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (3.4959 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.24857 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(6.25 \text{ ft})^3 \times [(3 \times (3.4959 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.24857 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]}$ $p = 0.2261 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e,</p> $s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$ $s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (3.4959 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.24857 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]}{(6.25 \text{ ft})^2}$ $s = 0.8353 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Check lateral soil pressure capacity:</p> <p>p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,</p> $p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$ $p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(4.2857 \text{ ft})}{2}$ $p_a = 0.32143 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.2261 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.32143 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.70344$ <p>p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e,</p>	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.700</p>

	$p_s = R L_e$ $p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})$ $p_s = 0.9375 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p><i>Ratio</i> - Lateral soil capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.8353 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.9375 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.891$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.890
	<p>Considering z-direction:</p> <p>$H_o = 0.040446 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile, $M_o = 0.12373 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile, a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,</p> $a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$ $a = \frac{(4 \times (0.12373 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.040446 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.12373 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.040446 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))}$ $a = 4.467 \text{ ft}$ <p>p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,</p> $p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^3 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$ $p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (0.12373 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (0.040446 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(6.25 \text{ ft})^3 \times [(3 \times (0.12373 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (0.040446 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]}$ $p = 0.034396 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e,</p> $s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$ $s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (0.12373 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((0.040446 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]}{(6.25 \text{ ft})^2}$ $s = 0.076837 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Check lateral soil pressure capacity:</p> <p>p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,</p> $p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$ $p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(4.467 \text{ ft})}{2}$ $p_a = 0.33503 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p><i>Ratio</i> - Lateral soil capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.034396 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.33503 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.10267$ <p>p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e,</p> $p_s = R L_e$ $p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})$ $p_s = 0.9375 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p><i>Ratio</i> - Lateral soil capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.100

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.076837 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.9375 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.081959$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.080**



Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-2.601 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.41417 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(37.592 \text{ kipft}) + ((-2.601 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 5.986 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(5.986 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.41417 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 14.453 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (5.986 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.41417 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (5.986 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.41417 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.2832 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.41417 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (14.453 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.2832 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (14.453 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.2832 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 7.8746 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.41417 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(14.453 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(4.2832 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (14.453 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.2832 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (14.453 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.2832 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 23.665 \text{ kipft}$$

Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(0.397 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = 0.063217 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(1.213 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.397 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.19315 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.19315 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(0.063217 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 3.0554 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.19315 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.063217 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.19315 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.063217 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.4672 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((0.063217 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (3.0554 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.4672 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (3.0554 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.4672 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.38728 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

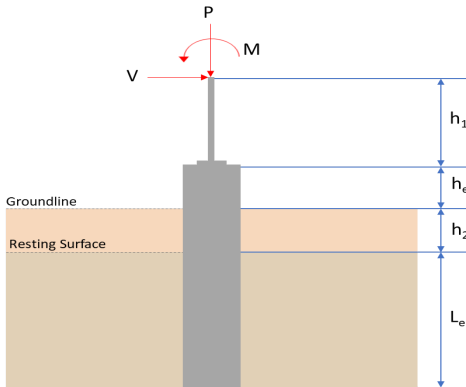
$$M_{max} = (H_o b L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((0.063217 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(3.0554 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(4.4672 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (3.0554 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.4672 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (3.0554 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.4672 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

		$M_{max} = 1.0693 \text{ kipft}$	
		<p>Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)</p> <p>Parameters:</p> <p>$f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$ - Concrete strength, $f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$ - Longitudinal reinforcement strength, $\phi = 0.65$ - Reduction factor for axial strength, $\alpha = 0.8$ - Alpha factor for axial strength, $A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$ - Gross area of concrete,</p> <p>Longitudinal reinforcement:</p> <p>Required reinforcement due to axial load, $A_{st,required}$</p> <p>$A_{st,required}$</p> $A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$ $A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{(11.795 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$ $A_{st,required} = -84.204 \text{ in}^2$ <p>A_{min} - Governing minimum reinforcement area,</p> $A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$ $A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-84.204 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$ $A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$ <p>n_{rebar} - Required number of reinforcement,</p> $n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$ $n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$ $n_{rebar} = 14$ <p>A_{st} - Actual total reinforcement area,</p> $A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$ $A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$ $A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$ <p>Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.96556$ <p>25.2.3 s_{rebar} - Minimum spacing of reinforcement,</p> $s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$ $s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$ $s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$ <p>Ties:</p> <p>25.7.2.2 Since longitudinal reinforcement is \leq No. 10ø: Use #3(0.375 in)</p> <p>25.7.2.1 s_{ties} - Maximum spacing of ties,</p> $s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), \text{Min}(D, b)]$ $s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), \text{Min}((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]$ $s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$ <p>Summary:</p> <p>Main reinforcement: 14 - #5 (0.625 in)</p>	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.970</p>

	Ties: #3(0.375 in) - 10 in	
22.4.2.2	<p>Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p>ϕP_N - Allowable axial compressive strength</p> $\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 \left[(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st}) \right]$ $\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times \left[(0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$ $\phi P_N = 2675.2 \text{ kip}$ <p>Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(11.795 \text{ kip})}{(2675.2 \text{ kip})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.004409$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000
22.5.2.2	<p>Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p>Parameters:</p> <p>$b_w = 48 \text{ in}$ - Effective width, d - Effective depth</p> $d = 0.80 D$ $d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})$ $d = 38.4 \text{ in}$	
22.5.5.1.3	<p>λ_s - size effect modification factor</p> $\lambda_s = MIN \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$ $\lambda_s = MIN \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$ $\lambda_s = 0.64282$	
22.5.5.1.1	<p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $V_{c,max}$ - Max shear strength of concrete</p> $V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ $V_{c,max} = 296.21 \text{ kip}$	
22.5.5.1.1(a)	<p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $P = 11.795 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 11795 \text{ lbf}$, $V_{c,a}$ - Shear strength of concrete (a)</p> $V_{c,a} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + \frac{P}{6 A_g} \right] b_w d$ $V_{c,a} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + \frac{(11795 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ $V_{c,a} = 120.06 \text{ kip}$	
22.5.5.1.2	<p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $V_{c,b}$ - Shear strength of concrete (b)</p> $V_{c,b} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + (0.05 f'_{ck}) \right] b_w d$ $V_{c,b} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi})) \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ $V_{c,b} = 348.89 \text{ kip}$ <p>V_c - Governing shear strength of concrete</p> $V_c = MIN [V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$ $V_c = MIN [(296.21 \text{ kip}), (120.06 \text{ kip}), (348.89 \text{ kip})]$ $V_c = 120.06 \text{ kip}$	

14.5.2.1b	<p> $\lambda = 1$ - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete), Allowable flexural strength: M_n shall be the lesser of: $\phi M_{n,1}$ </p> $\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{2.5 \text{ ksi}} \times 18432.001 \text{ in}^3$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 249.600 \text{ kipft}$ <p> $\phi M_{n,2}$ </p> $\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_c \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (18432 \text{ in}^3)$ $\phi M_{n,2} = 2121.6 \text{ kipft}$ <p> Therefore, ϕM_n - Allowable flexural strength, </p> $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$ $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(249.6 \text{ kipft}), (2121.6 \text{ kipft})]$ $\phi M_n = 249.6 \text{ kipft}$ <p> Considering x-direction: $M_{max} = 23.665 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the x-direction, Ratio - Capacity </p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(23.665 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.09481$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.090
	<p> Considering z-direction: $M_{max} = 1.0693 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the z-direction, Ratio - Capacity </p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(1.0693 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.0042841$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000

REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS																										
	<div><div>SkyCiv Foundation Design</div><div>Pile Foundation</div><div>Design Information :</div><div>Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code)</div><div>Unit System : Imperial</div></div>																											
	<div><div>Pile Input</div><div></div><div><div>Geometry</div><div>Pile shape: rectangular</div><div>b = 48 in - Pile width</div><div>D = 48 in - Pile depth</div><div>L = 6.25 ft - Total pile length</div><div>h1 = 0 ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile,</div><div>h2 = 0 ft - Depth to resisting surface</div><div>he = 0 ft - Length of pile above the ground</div></div><div><div>Tabulation of Soil Parameters</div><table><tr><th>Layer</th><th>Label</th><th>Allowable Bearing Pressure (qa) (psf)</th><th>Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)</th></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel</td><td>2000.000</td><td>150.000</td></tr></table></div><div><div>Tabulation of Loads</div><table><tr><th>Load Component</th><th>ASD</th><th>LRFD</th></tr><tr><td>P (kip)</td><td>7.734</td><td>11.795</td></tr><tr><td>Vx (kip)</td><td>-1.561</td><td>-2.601</td></tr><tr><td>Vz (kip)</td><td>-0.254</td><td>-0.397</td></tr><tr><td>Mx (kipft)</td><td>-0.777</td><td>-1.213</td></tr><tr><td>Mz (kipft)</td><td>21.954</td><td>37.593</td></tr></table></div><div><div>Material Properties</div><div>f'ck = 2.5 ksi - Concrete strength,</div></div></div>	Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure (qa) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)	1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000	Load Component	ASD	LRFD	P (kip)	7.734	11.795	Vx (kip)	-1.561	-2.601	Vz (kip)	-0.254	-0.397	Mx (kipft)	-0.777	-1.213	Mz (kipft)	21.954	37.593	
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Mz (kipft)	21.954	37.593																										
	<div><div>Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD)</div><div>H - Point of application of the lateral load</div><div><div><div><div><div>$H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$</div><div>$H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$</div><div>$H = 0 \text{ ft}$</div></div></div></div></div><div><div>Considering x-direction:</div><div>H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,</div><div><div><div><div>$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$</div><div>$H_o = \frac{(-1.561 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$</div><div>$H_o = -0.24857 \text{ kip/ft}$</div></div></div></div><div>M_o - Moment per length of pile,</div><div><div><div><div>$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$</div></div></div></div></div></div>																											

	$M_o = \frac{(21.954 \text{ kipft}) + ((-1.561 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $M_o = 3.4959 \text{ kipft/ft}$ <p>Required depth of embedment in earth:</p> $L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$ <p>Solving the cubic equation: $L_{e,x} = 5.7832 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in x-direction,</p> <p>Considering z-direction:</p> <p>H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,</p> $H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$ $H_o = \frac{(-0.254 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $H_o = -0.040446 \text{ kip/ft}$ <p>M_o - Moment per length of pile,</p> $M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$ $M_o = \frac{(0.777 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.254 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $M_o = 0.12373 \text{ kipft/ft}$ <p>Required depth of embedment in earth:</p> $L_z^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$ <p>Solving the cubic equation: $L_{e,z} = 1.7748 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in z-direction,</p> <p>Minimum embedded depth required:</p> <p>$L_{e,req}$ - Depth of pile required,</p> $L_{e,req} = MAX[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$ $L_{e,req} = MAX[(5.7832 \text{ ft}), (1.7748 \text{ ft})]$ $L_{e,req} = 5.783 \text{ ft}$ <p>L_e - Actual embedded length of pile,</p> $L_e = L - h_e - h_2$ $L_e = (6.25 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$ $L_e = 6.25 \text{ ft}$ <p>Ratio - Embedded depth</p> $Ratio = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$ $Ratio = \frac{(5.783 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})}$ $Ratio = 0.92528$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.930</p>
	<p>End-bearing Capacity (ASD)</p> <p>A - Pile cross-section area</p> $A = b D$ $A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$ $A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$ <p>q - End-bearing pressure</p> $q = \frac{P_o}{A}$ $q = \frac{(7.734 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$	

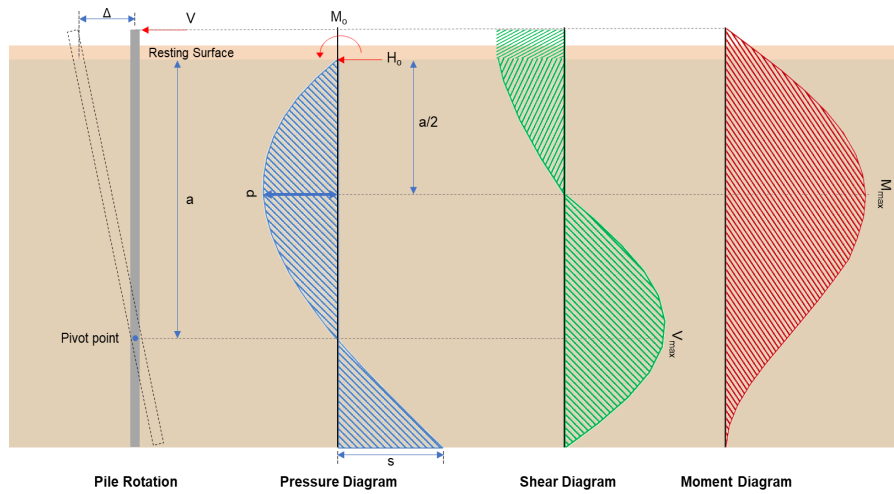
	$q = 0.40000 \text{ kip/ft}$	
	<p>Check bearing capacity ratio:</p> <p>Ratio - Capacity</p> $Ratio = \frac{q}{q_a}$ $Ratio = \frac{(0.48338 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$ $Ratio = 0.24169$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.240</p>
Czerniak	<p>Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):</p> <p>L/D - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,</p> $L/D = \frac{L}{D}$ $L/D = \frac{(6.25 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$ $L/D = 1.5625$ <p>Since $L/D \leq 10$,</p> <p>Pile is short.</p> <p>Considering x-direction:</p> <p>$H_o = -0.24857 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile, $M_o = 3.4959 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile, a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,</p> $a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$ $a = \frac{(4 \times (3.4959 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.24857 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (3.4959 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.24857 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))}$ $a = 4.2857 \text{ ft}$ <p>p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,</p> $p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^3 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$ $p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (3.4959 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.24857 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(6.25 \text{ ft})^3 \times [(3 \times (3.4959 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.24857 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]}$ $p = 0.2261 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e,</p> $s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$ $s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (3.4959 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.24857 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]}{(6.25 \text{ ft})^2}$ $s = 0.8353 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Check lateral soil pressure capacity:</p> <p>p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,</p> $p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$ $p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(4.2857 \text{ ft})}{2}$ $p_a = 0.32143 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $Ratio = \frac{p}{p_a}$ $Ratio = \frac{(0.2261 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.32143 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $Ratio = 0.70344$ <p>p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e,</p>	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.700</p>

	$p_s = R L_e$ $p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})$ $p_s = 0.9375 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.8353 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.9375 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.891$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.890
	<p>Considering z-direction:</p> <p>$H_o = -0.040446 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile, $M_o = 0.12373 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile, a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,</p> $a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$ $a = \frac{(4 \times (0.12373 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.040446 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.12373 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.040446 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))}$ $a = 4.467 \text{ ft}$ <p>p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,</p> $p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^3 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$ $p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (0.12373 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.040446 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(6.25 \text{ ft})^3 \times [(3 \times (0.12373 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.040446 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]}$ $p = -0.009916 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e,</p> $s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$ $s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (0.12373 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.040446 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]}{(6.25 \text{ ft})^2}$ $s = -0.00081936 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Check lateral soil pressure capacity:</p> <p>p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,</p> $p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$ $p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(4.467 \text{ ft})}{2}$ $p_a = 0.33503 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(-0.009916 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.33503 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = -0.029598$ <p>p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e,</p> $p_s = R L_e$ $p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})$ $p_s = 0.9375 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$	Status: PASS Ratio: -0.030

$$Ratio = \frac{(-0.00081936 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.9375 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = -0.00087399$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**



Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_e}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-2.601 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.41417 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_e + (V_e H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(37.593 \text{ kipft}) + ((-2.601 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 5.9861 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(5.9861 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.41417 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 14.453 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (5.9861 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.41417 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (5.9861 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.41417 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.2832 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.41417 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (14.453 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.2832 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (14.453 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.2832 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 7.8748 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.41417 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(14.453 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(4.2832 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (14.453 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.2832 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (14.453 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.2832 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 23.665 \text{ kipft}$$

Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.397 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.063217 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(1.213 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.397 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.19315 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.19315 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.063217 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 3.0554 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.19315 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.063217 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.19315 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.063217 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.4672 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.063217 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (3.0554 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.4672 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (3.0554 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.4672 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.38728 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o b L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.063217 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(3.0554 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(4.4672 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (3.0554 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.4672 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (3.0554 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.4672 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

		$M_{max} = 1.0693 \text{ kipft}$	
		<p>Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)</p> <p>Parameters:</p> <p>$f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$ - Concrete strength, $f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$ - Longitudinal reinforcement strength, $\phi = 0.65$ - Reduction factor for axial strength, $\alpha = 0.8$ - Alpha factor for axial strength, $A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$ - Gross area of concrete,</p> <p>Longitudinal reinforcement:</p> <p>Required reinforcement due to axial load, $A_{st,required}$</p> <p>$A_{st,required}$</p> $A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$ $A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{(11.795 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$ $A_{st,required} = -84.204 \text{ in}^2$ <p>A_{min} - Governing minimum reinforcement area,</p> $A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$ $A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-84.204 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$ $A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$ <p>n_{rebar} - Required number of reinforcement,</p> $n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$ $n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$ $n_{rebar} = 14$ <p>A_{st} - Actual total reinforcement area,</p> $A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$ $A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$ $A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$ <p>Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.96556$ <p>25.2.3 s_{rebar} - Minimum spacing of reinforcement,</p> $s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$ $s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$ $s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$ <p>Ties:</p> <p>25.7.2.2 Since longitudinal reinforcement is $\leq \text{No. } 10\phi$: Use #3(0.375 in)</p> <p>25.7.2.1 s_{ties} - Maximum spacing of ties,</p> $s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), \text{Min}(D, b)]$ $s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), \text{Min}((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]$ $s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$ <p>Summary:</p> <p>Main reinforcement: 14 - #5 (0.625 in)</p>	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.970</p>

	Ties: #3(0.375 in) - 10 in	
22.4.2.2	<p>Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p>ϕP_N - Allowable axial compressive strength</p> $\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 \left[(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st}) \right]$ $\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times \left[(0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$ $\phi P_N = 2675.2 \text{ kip}$ <p>Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(11.795 \text{ kip})}{(2675.2 \text{ kip})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.004409$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000
22.5.2.2	<p>Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p>Parameters:</p> <p>$b_w = 48 \text{ in}$ - Effective width, d - Effective depth</p> $d = 0.80 D$ $d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})$ $d = 38.4 \text{ in}$	
22.5.5.1.3	<p>λ_s - size effect modification factor</p> $\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$ $\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$ $\lambda_s = 0.64282$	
22.5.5.1.1	<p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $V_{c,max}$ - Max shear strength of concrete</p> $V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ $V_{c,max} = 296.21 \text{ kip}$	
22.5.5.1.1(a)	<p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $P = 11.795 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 11795 \text{ lbf}$, $V_{c,a}$ - Shear strength of concrete (a)</p> $V_{c,a} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + \frac{P}{6 A_g} \right] b_w d$ $V_{c,a} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + \frac{(11795 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ $V_{c,a} = 120.06 \text{ kip}$	
22.5.5.1.2	<p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $V_{c,b}$ - Shear strength of concrete (b)</p> $V_{c,b} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + (0.05 f'_{ck}) \right] b_w d$ $V_{c,b} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi})) \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ $V_{c,b} = 348.89 \text{ kip}$ <p>V_c - Governing shear strength of concrete</p> $V_c = \text{Min} [V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$ $V_c = \text{Min} [(296.21 \text{ kip}), (120.06 \text{ kip}), (348.89 \text{ kip})]$ $V_c = 120.06 \text{ kip}$	

<p>22.5.1.2</p> <p>22.5.8.5.3</p> <p>22.5.1.1</p>	<p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $V_{s,a}$ - Shear strength of steel (a)</p> $V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ $V_{s,a} = 737.28 \text{ kip}$ <p>A_v - Ties rebar area,</p> $A_v = \frac{\pi d_{tes}^2}{4}$ $A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$ $A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$ <p>$V_{s,b}$ - Shear strength of steel (b)</p> $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{ysk} d}{s_{ties}}$ $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$ $V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p>V_s - Governing shear strength of steel</p> $V_s = MIN[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$ $V_s = MIN[(737.28 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$ $V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p>ϕV_n - Allowable shear strength</p> $\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$ $\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((120.06 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$ $\phi V_n = 111.12 \text{ kip}$ <p>Considering x-direction:</p> <p>$V_{max} = 7.8748 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the x-direction, <i>Ratio</i> - Capacity</p> $Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $Ratio = \frac{(7.8748 \text{ kip})}{(111.12 \text{ kip})}$ $Ratio = 0.070868$ <p>Considering z-direction:</p> <p>$V_{max} = 0.38728 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the z-direction, <i>Ratio</i> - Capacity</p> $Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $Ratio = \frac{(0.38728 \text{ kip})}{(111.12 \text{ kip})}$ $Ratio = 0.0034853$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.070</p> <p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000</p>
	<p>Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p>S_m - Section modulus</p> $S_m = \frac{b D^3}{6}$ $S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$ $S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$	

14.5.2.1b	<p> $\lambda = 1$ - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete), Allowable flexural strength: M_n shall be the lesser of: $\phi M_{n,1}$ </p> $\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{2.5 \text{ ksi}} \times 18432.001 \text{ in}^3$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 249.600 \text{ kipft}$ <p> $\phi M_{n,2}$ </p> $\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_c \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (18432 \text{ in}^3)$ $\phi M_{n,2} = 2121.6 \text{ kipft}$ <p> Therefore, ϕM_n - Allowable flexural strength, </p> $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$ $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(249.6 \text{ kipft}), (2121.6 \text{ kipft})]$ $\phi M_n = 249.6 \text{ kipft}$ <p> Considering x-direction: $M_{max} = 23.665 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the x-direction, Ratio - Capacity </p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(23.665 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.094812$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.090
	<p> Considering z-direction: $M_{max} = 1.0693 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the z-direction, Ratio - Capacity </p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(1.0693 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.0042841$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000