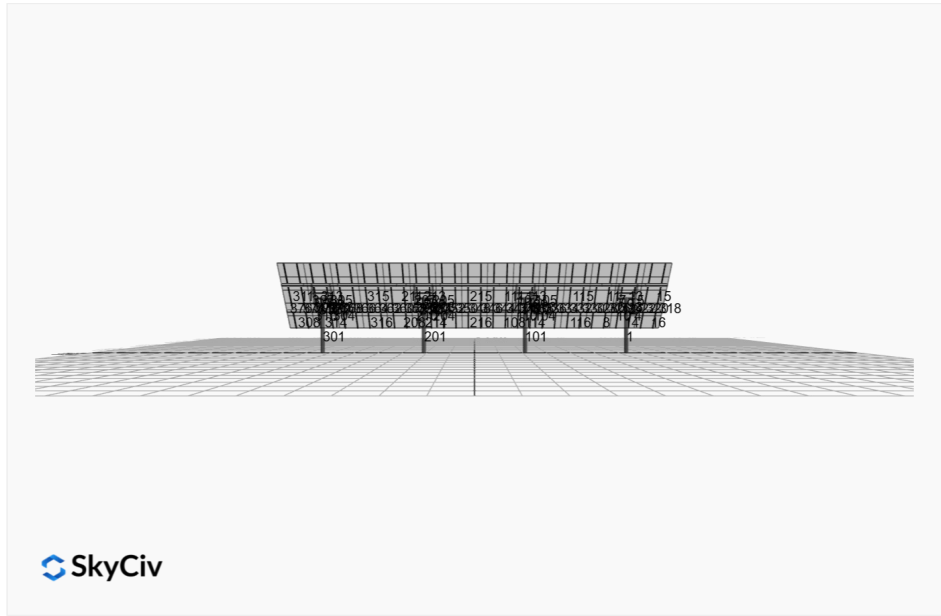


Project Name: MTSOLAR_014GL3J2B11K9 **Date:** Thu May 15 2025
Location: 113 Buxton Rd, Bedford Hills, NY 10507, USA **Number of Modules:** 75
Unique ID: 4P-22.5-8TOP-HD-57-L-5Hx15W-K32E **Number of Poles:** 4
Dealer: _____ **Date Sold:** _____



| | |
|-----------------------------|----------|
| Array Dimensions N/S | 18.54 ft |
| Array Dimensions E/W | 85.00 ft |
| Winter Tilt Angle | 50 |
| Front Edge Clearance | 5 ft |

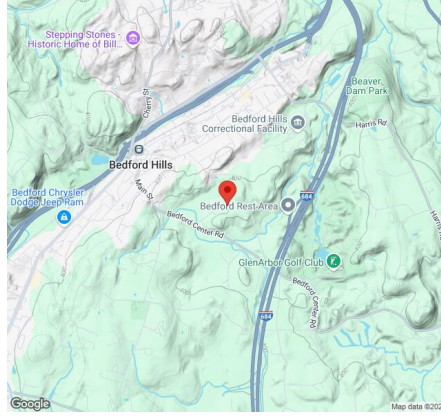
MT Solar Bill of Materials (4P-22.5-8TOP-HD-57-L-5Hx15W-K32E)

| Part | Short Description | BOM Qty |
|---------------------|-----------------------|---------|
| MTS-PC-8 | 8IN Pole Cap Assembly | 4 |
| MTS-HF-HD | H-Frame Assembly-HD | 4 |
| MTS-HD-Wing-57 | 57IN HD Wing | 4 |
| MTS-HD-Splice-90 | 90IN HD Splice | 12 |
| MTS-CLAMP-ANGLE-4PK | Angle Clamp | 15 |

Rail Bill of Materials

| Part | Qty |
|------------------|-----|
| Rails (223in) | 30 |
| Rail Attachment | 120 |
| Module Mid Clamp | 120 |
| Module End Clamp | 60 |
| Ground Lug | 15 |

Site Details:



Site Address: 113 Buxton Rd, Bedford Hills, NY 10507, USA

Array Specification

| | |
|------------------------------------|-----------|
| Duty Classification: | HD |
| Module Width: | 44.00 in |
| Module Length: | 67.00in |
| Number of Rows: | 5 |
| Number of Columns: | 15 |
| Total Number of Modules: | 75 |
| Winter Tilt Angle: | 50 |
| Front Edge Clearance: | 5 |
| Total Array Height at Tilt: | 19.20 ft |
| Total Frame Length: | 84.50 ft |
| Module Info/Notes: | Hyundai |
| Array Dimensions N/S: | 18.54 ft |
| Array Dimensions E/W: | 85.00 ft |
| Rail Length: | 222.50 in |
| Rail Spacing: | 2.83 ft |

Support Specifications

| | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|
| Pole Size: | 8in Pipe Sch 40 |
| Pole Length above Grade: | 12.10 ft |
| Number of Poles: | 4 |
| Pole Spacing: | 22.5 ft |

Foundation Specifications

| | |
|--|--|
| Foundation Type: | Square |
| Foundation Dimensions: | 48 x 48 in |
| Foundation Depth (below grade): | Pile 1: 7.00 ft Pile 2: 7.25 ft Pile 3: 7.25 ft Pile 4: 7.00 ft |
| Foundation Volume: | 16.889 y ³ |

Site Info

| | |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Risk Category: | I |
| Exposure: | B |
| Soil Classification: | sand |
| Site Location: | 113 Buxton Rd, Bedford Hills, NY 10507, USA |
| Wind Speed: | 107 mph |

Snow Load:

30 psf

Design Disclaimer

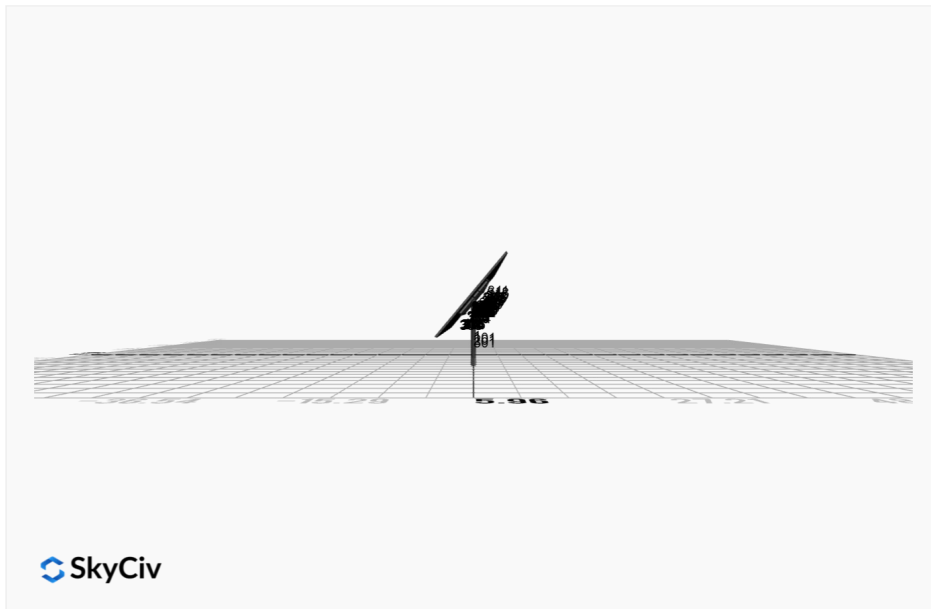
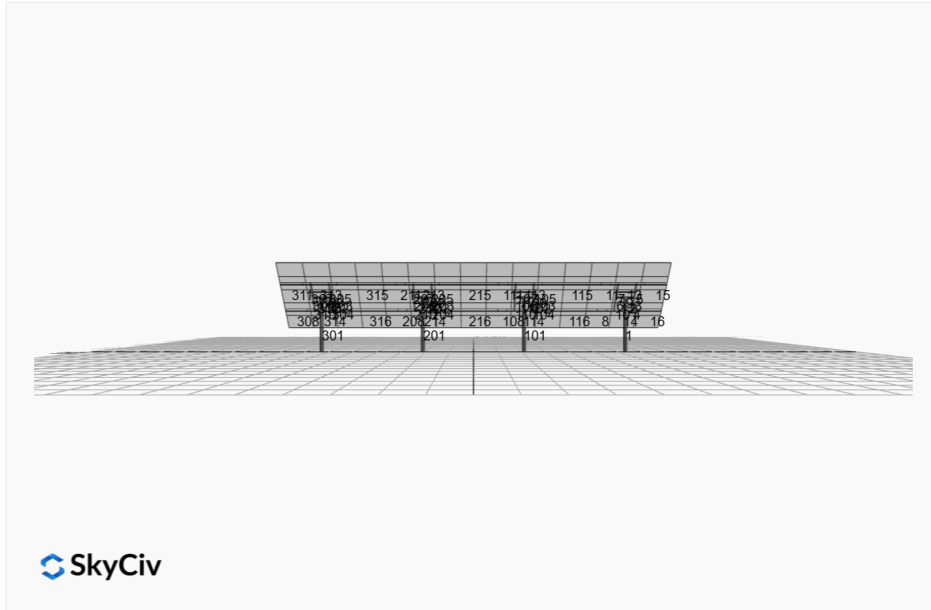
This software should be used for preliminary designs and should not be used as a final design unless reviewed, verified and designed by a qualified structural engineer.

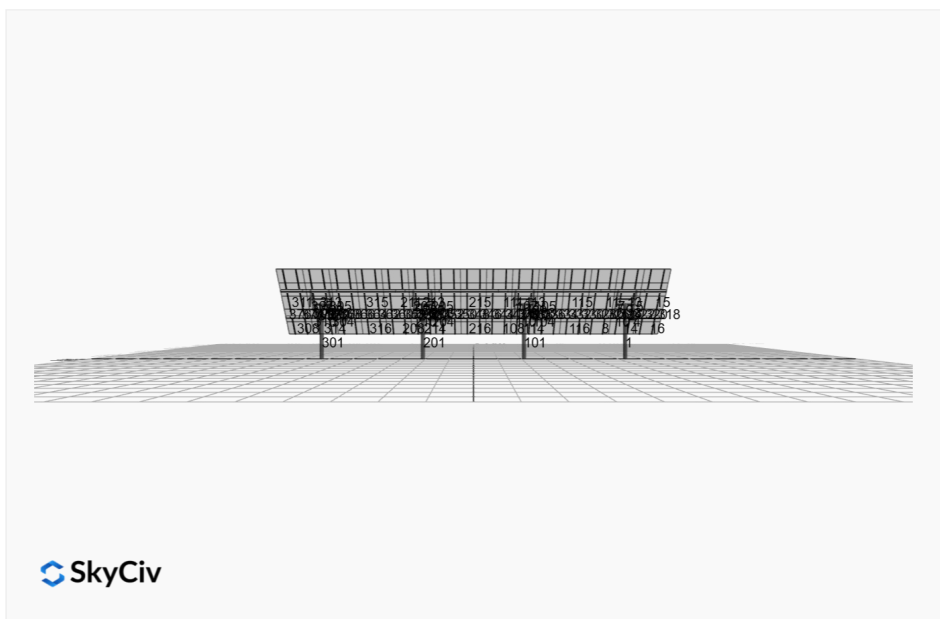
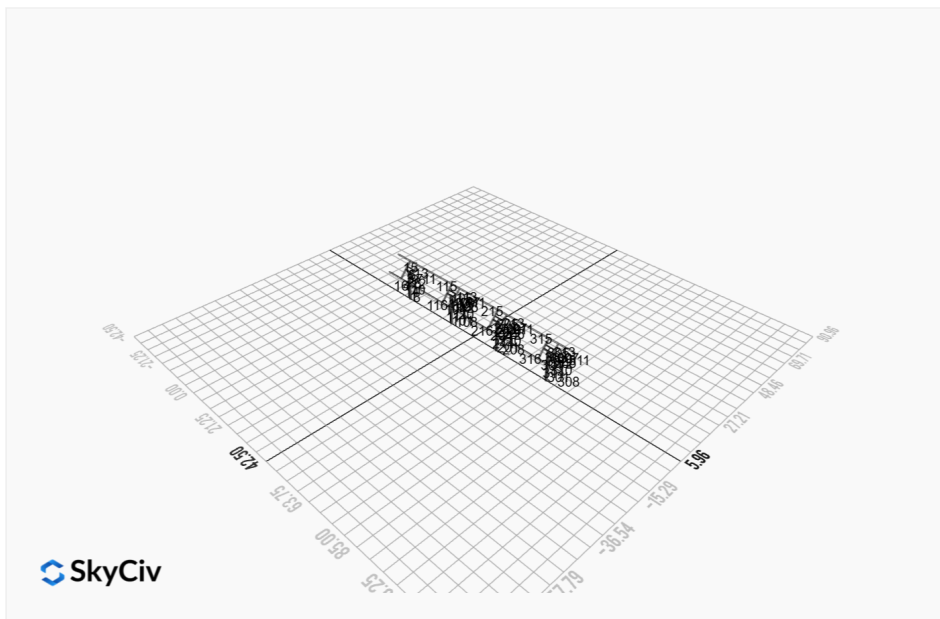
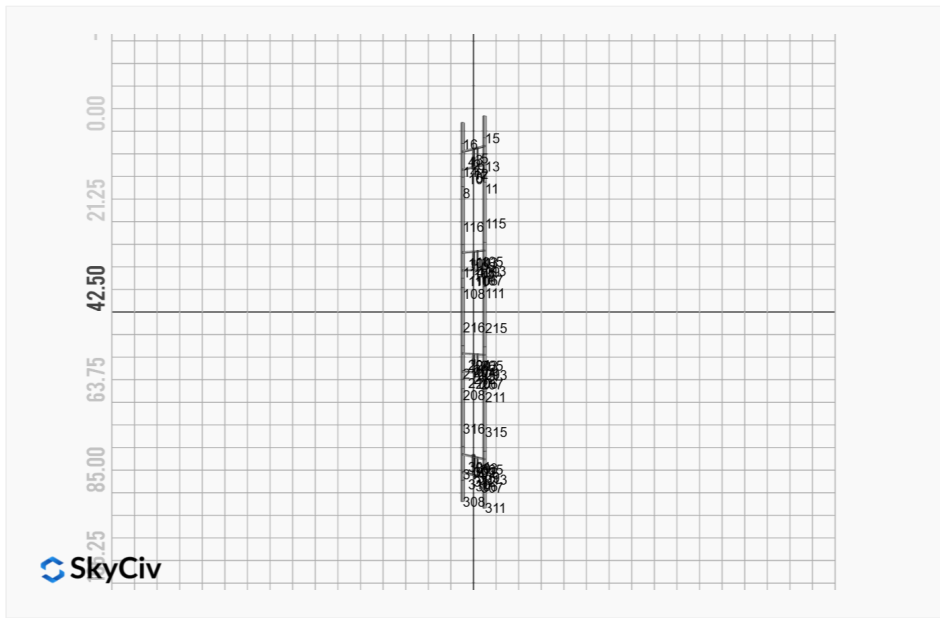
AutoDesigner Input

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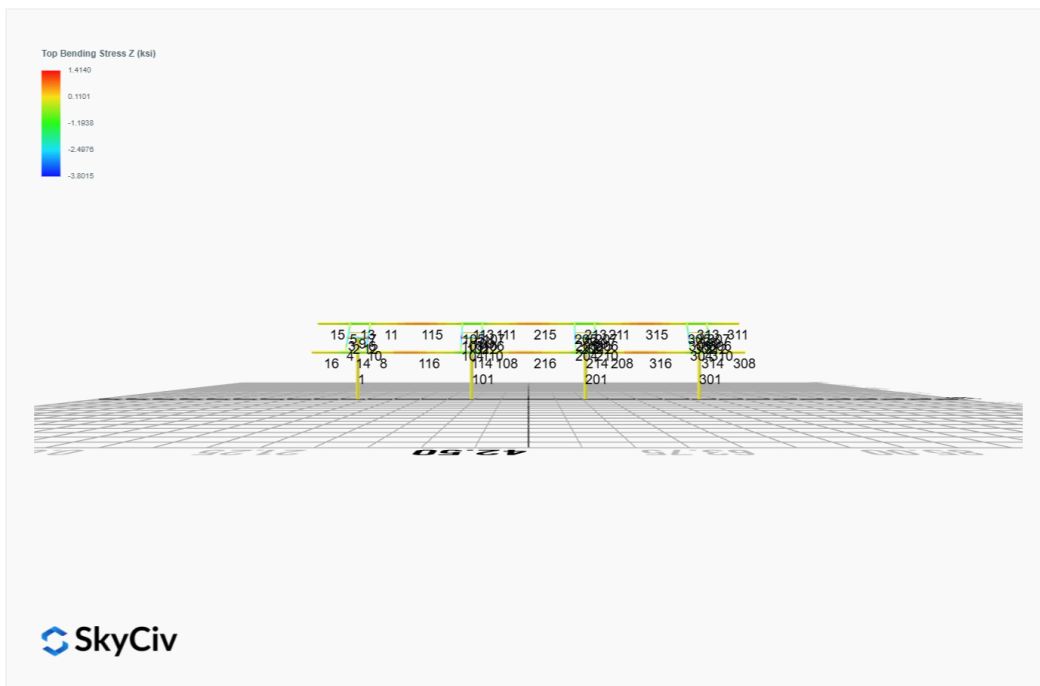
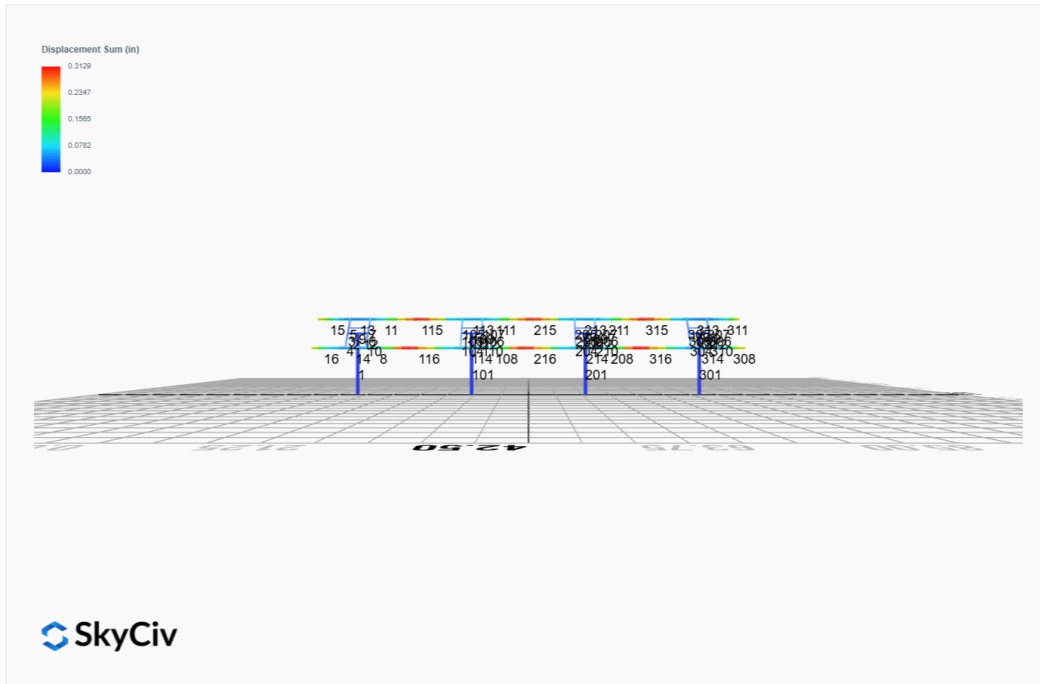
Design Notes:

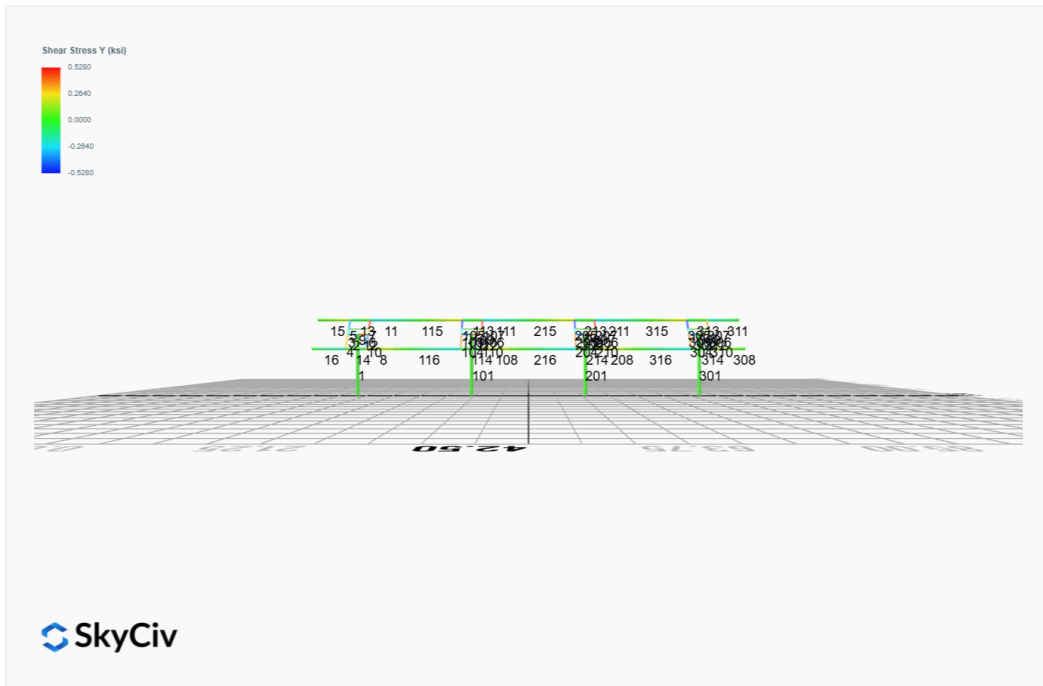
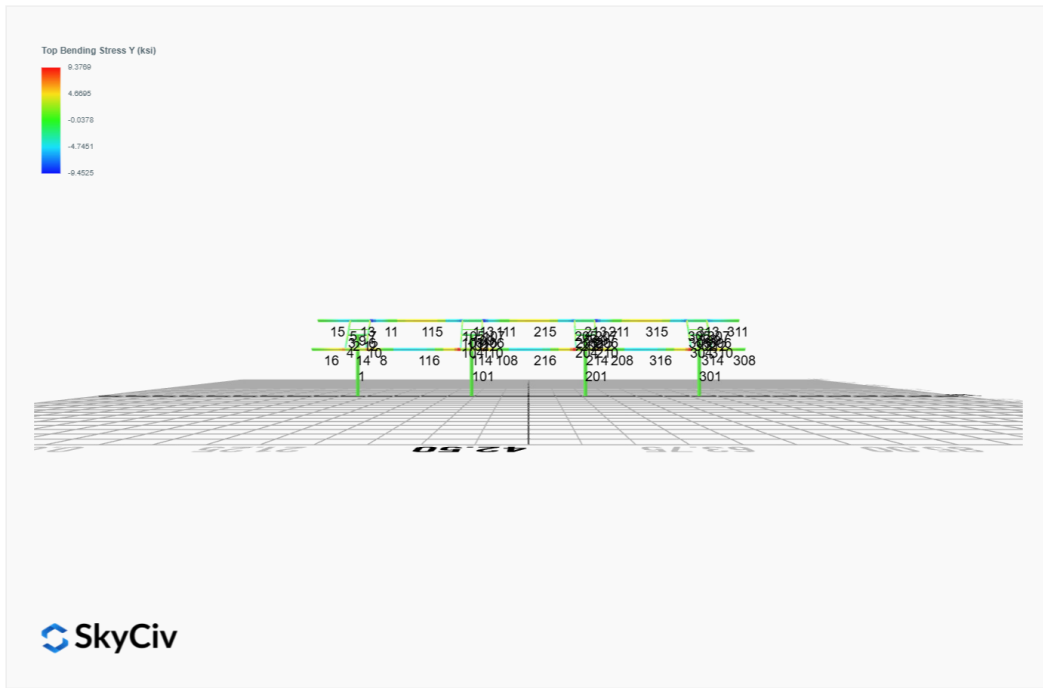
- AISC Deflection checks are set to L/1 due to structure design intent
- Foundation Soil Parameters used in this Autodesign are all estimates, proper geotechnical reports are required to confirm soil profiles
- Wind speeds, snow loads and other site specific results are based on ASCE 7 2016
- Steel frame design checks are based on AISC 360 2016 (LRFD)
- Foundation Design and Sizing is approximate only

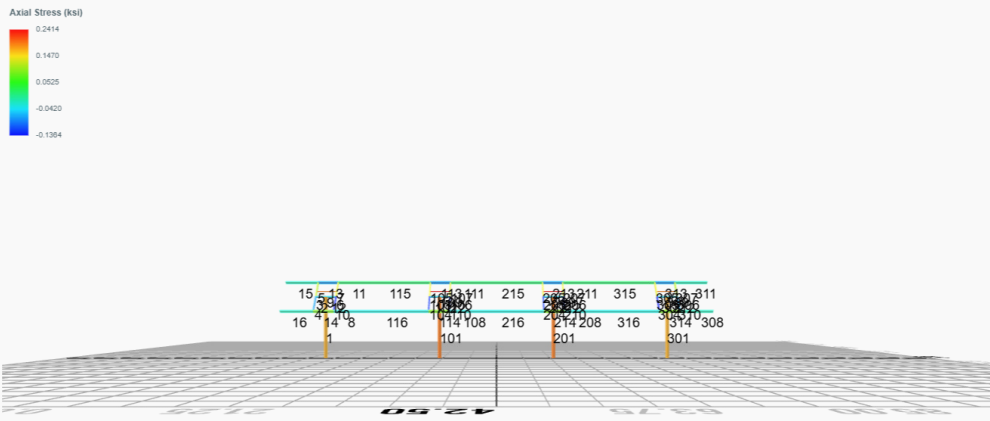




FEM Results (Envelope Worst Case for each member)







Reaction Forces for Foundation 1 (Node ID#1), (kip, kip-ft)

ASD Load Combination Results

| Name | Fx | Fy | Fz | Mx | My | Mz |
|---|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|
| ULS: 1. D | 0.0105 | 2.6295 | 0.0392 | 0.1466 | -0.0256 | -0.0997 |
| ULS: 2. D + L | 0.0105 | 2.6295 | 0.0392 | 0.1466 | -0.0256 | -0.0997 |
| ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R) | 0.0184 | 4.1751 | 0.0685 | 0.2563 | -0.0449 | -0.1881 |
| ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R) | 0.0105 | 2.6295 | 0.0392 | 0.1466 | -0.0256 | -0.0997 |
| ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R) | 0.0164 | 3.7887 | 0.0611 | 0.2288 | -0.0401 | -0.1660 |
| ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R) | 0.0105 | 2.6295 | 0.0392 | 0.1466 | -0.0256 | -0.0997 |
| ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E | 0.0105 | 2.6295 | 0.0392 | 0.1466 | -0.0256 | -0.0997 |
| ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S | 0.0164 | 3.7887 | 0.0611 | 0.2288 | -0.0401 | -0.1660 |
| ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E | 0.0063 | 1.5777 | 0.0235 | 0.0879 | -0.0153 | -0.0598 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only | -2.8294 | 4.9953 | 0.1305 | 0.4646 | -0.4966 | 34.8392 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only | 0.0105 | 2.6295 | 0.0392 | 0.1466 | -0.0256 | -0.0997 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only | 2.8483 | 0.2647 | -0.0497 | -0.1622 | 0.4330 | -34.0957 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only | 0.0105 | 2.6295 | 0.0392 | 0.1466 | -0.0256 | -0.0997 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only | -2.1135 | 5.5631 | 0.1297 | 0.4674 | -0.3934 | 26.0382 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only | 0.0164 | 3.7887 | 0.0611 | 0.2288 | -0.0401 | -0.1660 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only | 2.1448 | 2.0151 | -0.0055 | -0.0027 | 0.3039 | -25.6629 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only | 0.0164 | 3.7887 | 0.0611 | 0.2288 | -0.0401 | -0.1660 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only | -2.1194 | 4.4038 | 0.1077 | 0.3851 | -0.3789 | 26.1045 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only | 0.0105 | 2.6295 | 0.0392 | 0.1466 | -0.0256 | -0.0997 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only | 2.1389 | 0.8559 | -0.0275 | -0.0850 | 0.3184 | -25.5967 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only | 0.0105 | 2.6295 | 0.0392 | 0.1466 | -0.0256 | -0.0997 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only | -2.8336 | 3.9435 | 0.1149 | 0.4060 | -0.4864 | 34.8791 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only | 0.0063 | 1.5777 | 0.0235 | 0.0879 | -0.0153 | -0.0598 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only | 2.8441 | -0.7871 | -0.0654 | -0.2208 | 0.4433 | -34.0558 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only | 0.0063 | 1.5777 | 0.0235 | 0.0879 | -0.0153 | -0.0598 |

Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.

Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

| Result | Value (kip, kip-ft) |
|------------------|---------------------|
| Axial | 7.8719 |
| Shear X | -4.7478 |
| Shear Z | 0.2158 |
| Moment X | 0.7680 |
| Moment Y (Twist) | 0.8342 |
| Moment Z | 58.9377 |

Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.

Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

| Result | Value (kip, kip-ft) |
|------------------|---------------------|
| Axial | 5.5631 |
| Shear X | -2.8483 |
| Shear Z | 0.1305 |
| Moment X | 0.4674 |
| Moment Y (Twist) | 0.4966 |
| Moment Z | 34.8791 |

Reaction Forces for Foundation 2 (Node ID#101), (kip, kip-ft)

ASD Load Combination Results

| Name | Fx | Fy | Fz | Mx | My | Mz |
|--|---------|--------|---------|---------|--------|--------|
| ULS: 1. D | -0.0105 | 2.9390 | -0.0014 | -0.0054 | 0.0064 | 0.1455 |
| ULS: 2. D + L | -0.0105 | 2.9390 | -0.0014 | -0.0054 | 0.0064 | 0.1455 |
| ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R) | -0.0184 | 4.7157 | -0.0025 | -0.0094 | 0.0112 | 0.2410 |
| ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R) | -0.0105 | 2.9390 | -0.0014 | -0.0054 | 0.0064 | 0.1455 |
| ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R) | -0.0164 | 4.2715 | -0.0022 | -0.0084 | 0.0100 | 0.2171 |

| Name | Fx | Fy | Fz | Mx | My | Mz |
|---|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|
| ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R) | -0.0105 | 2.9390 | -0.0014 | -0.0054 | 0.0064 | 0.1455 |
| ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E | -0.0105 | 2.9390 | -0.0014 | -0.0054 | 0.0064 | 0.1455 |
| ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S | -0.0164 | 4.2715 | -0.0022 | -0.0084 | 0.0100 | 0.2171 |
| ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E | -0.0063 | 1.7634 | -0.0009 | -0.0032 | 0.0038 | 0.0873 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only | -3.2433 | 5.6689 | 0.0143 | 0.0482 | -0.0911 | 39.7646 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only | -0.0105 | 2.9390 | -0.0014 | -0.0054 | 0.0064 | 0.1455 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only | 3.2244 | 0.2082 | -0.0157 | -0.0537 | 0.0958 | -38.3196 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only | -0.0105 | 2.9390 | -0.0014 | -0.0054 | 0.0064 | 0.1455 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only | -2.4410 | 6.3189 | 0.0095 | 0.0318 | -0.0631 | 29.9314 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only | -0.0164 | 4.2715 | -0.0022 | -0.0084 | 0.0100 | 0.2171 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only | 2.4098 | 2.2234 | -0.0129 | -0.0446 | 0.0771 | -28.6317 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only | -0.0164 | 4.2715 | -0.0022 | -0.0084 | 0.0100 | 0.2171 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only | -2.4351 | 4.9864 | 0.0104 | 0.0348 | -0.0668 | 29.8598 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only | -0.0105 | 2.9390 | -0.0014 | -0.0054 | 0.0064 | 0.1455 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only | 2.4157 | 0.8909 | -0.0121 | -0.0416 | 0.0735 | -28.7033 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only | -0.0105 | 2.9390 | -0.0014 | -0.0054 | 0.0064 | 0.1455 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only | -3.2391 | 4.4932 | 0.0149 | 0.0504 | -0.0937 | 39.7064 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only | -0.0063 | 1.7634 | -0.0009 | -0.0032 | 0.0038 | 0.0873 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only | 3.2286 | -0.9674 | -0.0151 | -0.0515 | 0.0933 | -38.3778 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only | -0.0063 | 1.7634 | -0.0009 | -0.0032 | 0.0038 | 0.0873 |

Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

| Result | Value (kip, kip-ft) |
|------------------|---------------------|
| Axial | 8.9642 |
| Shear X | -5.4028 |
| Shear Z | -0.0271 |
| Moment X | -0.0925 |
| Moment Y (Twist) | 0.1653 |
| Moment Z | 67.3120 |

Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

| Result | Value (kip, kip-ft) |
|------------------|---------------------|
| Axial | 6.3189 |
| Shear X | -3.2433 |
| Shear Z | -0.0157 |
| Moment X | -0.0537 |
| Moment Y (Twist) | 0.0958 |
| Moment Z | 39.7646 |

Reaction Forces for Foundation 3 (Node ID#201), (kip, kip-ft)

ASD Load Combination Results

| Name | Fx | Fy | Fz | Mx | My | Mz |
|--|---------|--------|---------|---------|---------|----------|
| ULS: 1. D | -0.0105 | 2.9390 | 0.0014 | 0.0054 | -0.0064 | 0.1455 |
| ULS: 2. D + L | -0.0105 | 2.9390 | 0.0014 | 0.0054 | -0.0064 | 0.1455 |
| ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R) | -0.0184 | 4.7157 | 0.0025 | 0.0094 | -0.0112 | 0.2410 |
| ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R) | -0.0105 | 2.9390 | 0.0014 | 0.0054 | -0.0064 | 0.1455 |
| ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R) | -0.0164 | 4.2715 | 0.0022 | 0.0084 | -0.0100 | 0.2171 |
| ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R) | -0.0105 | 2.9390 | 0.0014 | 0.0054 | -0.0064 | 0.1455 |
| ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E | -0.0105 | 2.9390 | 0.0014 | 0.0054 | -0.0064 | 0.1455 |
| ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S | -0.0164 | 4.2715 | 0.0022 | 0.0084 | -0.0100 | 0.2171 |
| ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E | -0.0063 | 1.7634 | 0.0009 | 0.0032 | -0.0038 | 0.0873 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only | -3.2433 | 5.6689 | -0.0143 | -0.0482 | 0.0912 | 39.7646 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only | -0.0105 | 2.9390 | 0.0014 | 0.0054 | -0.0064 | 0.1455 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only | 3.2244 | 0.2082 | 0.0157 | 0.0537 | -0.0958 | -38.3196 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only | -0.0105 | 2.9390 | 0.0014 | 0.0054 | -0.0064 | 0.1455 |

| Name | Fx | Fy | Fz | Mx | My | Mz |
|---|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only | -2.4410 | 6.3189 | -0.0095 | -0.0318 | 0.0632 | 29.9314 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only | -0.0164 | 4.2715 | 0.0022 | 0.0084 | -0.0100 | 0.2171 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only | 2.4098 | 2.2234 | 0.0129 | 0.0446 | -0.0770 | -28.6317 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only | -0.0164 | 4.2715 | 0.0022 | 0.0084 | -0.0100 | 0.2171 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only | -2.4351 | 4.9864 | -0.0104 | -0.0348 | 0.0668 | 29.8598 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only | -0.0105 | 2.9390 | 0.0014 | 0.0054 | -0.0064 | 0.1455 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only | 2.4157 | 0.8909 | 0.0121 | 0.0416 | -0.0734 | -28.7033 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only | -0.0105 | 2.9390 | 0.0014 | 0.0054 | -0.0064 | 0.1455 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only | -3.2391 | 4.4932 | -0.0149 | -0.0504 | 0.0937 | 39.7064 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only | -0.0063 | 1.7634 | 0.0009 | 0.0032 | -0.0038 | 0.0873 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only | 3.2286 | -0.9674 | 0.0151 | 0.0515 | -0.0932 | -38.3778 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only | -0.0063 | 1.7634 | 0.0009 | 0.0032 | -0.0038 | 0.0873 |

Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

| Result | Value (kip, kip-ft) |
|------------------|---------------------|
| Axial | 8.9642 |
| Shear X | -5.4028 |
| Shear Z | 0.0271 |
| Moment X | 0.0929 |
| Moment Y (Twist) | 0.1653 |
| Moment Z | 67.3121 |

Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

| Result | Value (kip, kip-ft) |
|------------------|---------------------|
| Axial | 6.3189 |
| Shear X | -3.2433 |
| Shear Z | 0.0157 |
| Moment X | 0.0537 |
| Moment Y (Twist) | 0.0958 |
| Moment Z | 39.7646 |

Reaction Forces for Foundation 4 (Node ID#301), (kip, kip-ft)

ASD Load Combination Results

| Name | Fx | Fy | Fz | Mx | My | Mz |
|---|---------|--------|---------|---------|---------|----------|
| ULS: 1. D | 0.0105 | 2.6295 | -0.0392 | -0.1466 | 0.0256 | -0.0997 |
| ULS: 2. D + L | 0.0105 | 2.6295 | -0.0392 | -0.1466 | 0.0256 | -0.0997 |
| ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R) | 0.0184 | 4.1751 | -0.0685 | -0.2564 | 0.0450 | -0.1880 |
| ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R) | 0.0105 | 2.6295 | -0.0392 | -0.1466 | 0.0256 | -0.0997 |
| ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R) | 0.0164 | 3.7887 | -0.0611 | -0.2289 | 0.0401 | -0.1660 |
| ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R) | 0.0105 | 2.6295 | -0.0392 | -0.1466 | 0.0256 | -0.0997 |
| ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E | 0.0105 | 2.6295 | -0.0392 | -0.1466 | 0.0256 | -0.0997 |
| ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S | 0.0164 | 3.7887 | -0.0611 | -0.2289 | 0.0401 | -0.1660 |
| ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E | 0.0063 | 1.5777 | -0.0235 | -0.0880 | 0.0154 | -0.0598 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only | -2.8294 | 4.9953 | -0.1305 | -0.4647 | 0.4966 | 34.8392 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only | 0.0105 | 2.6295 | -0.0392 | -0.1466 | 0.0256 | -0.0997 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only | 2.8483 | 0.2647 | 0.0497 | 0.1621 | -0.4330 | -34.0956 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only | 0.0105 | 2.6295 | -0.0392 | -0.1466 | 0.0256 | -0.0997 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only | -2.1135 | 5.5631 | -0.1297 | -0.4675 | 0.3934 | 26.0382 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only | 0.0164 | 3.7887 | -0.0611 | -0.2289 | 0.0401 | -0.1660 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only | 2.1448 | 2.0151 | 0.0055 | 0.0026 | -0.3038 | -25.6629 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only | 0.0164 | 3.7887 | -0.0611 | -0.2289 | 0.0401 | -0.1660 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only | -2.1194 | 4.4038 | -0.1077 | -0.3851 | 0.3789 | 26.1045 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only | 0.0105 | 2.6295 | -0.0392 | -0.1466 | 0.0256 | -0.0997 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only | 2.1389 | 0.8559 | 0.0275 | 0.0849 | -0.3183 | -25.5967 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only | 0.0105 | 2.6295 | -0.0392 | -0.1466 | 0.0256 | -0.0997 |

| Name | Fx | Fy | Fz | Mx | My | Mz |
|--|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only | -2.8336 | 3.9435 | -0.1149 | -0.4060 | 0.4864 | 34.8791 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only | 0.0063 | 1.5777 | -0.0235 | -0.0880 | 0.0154 | -0.0598 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only | 2.8441 | -0.7871 | 0.0654 | 0.2208 | -0.4432 | -34.0558 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only | 0.0063 | 1.5777 | -0.0235 | -0.0880 | 0.0154 | -0.0598 |

Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.
 Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

| Result | Value (kip, kip-ft) |
|------------------|---------------------|
| Axial | 7.8719 |
| Shear X | -4.7478 |
| Shear Z | -0.2158 |
| Moment X | -0.7685 |
| Moment Y (Twist) | 0.8345 |
| Moment Z | 58.9386 |

Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.
 Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

| Result | Value (kip, kip-ft) |
|------------------|---------------------|
| Axial | 5.5631 |
| Shear X | -2.8483 |
| Shear Z | -0.1305 |
| Moment X | -0.4675 |
| Moment Y (Twist) | 0.4966 |
| Moment Z | 34.8791 |

Project Details

Design Code: AISC 360-16 LRFD
 Provision: LRFD
 Country: United States

 User Name: sales@mtsolar.us
 Project Name: MTSOLAR_014GL3J2B11K9
 Unit System: imperial



Design Input Information

| Design Factors | | | |
|----------------|----------|----------|----------|
| Φ_t | Φ_c | Φ_b | Φ_v |
| 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.9 |

| Design Materials | | | |
|------------------|---------|-------------|-------------|
| ID | E (ksi) | F_y (ksi) | F_u (ksi) |
| 1 | 29000 | 50 | 65 |

Section Dimensions

| ID | Name | d (in) | t_w (in) | | | | |
|----|-----------------|--------|------------|--|--|--|--|
| 2 | 2in Pipe Sch 80 | 2.38 | 0.22 | | | | |
| 5 | 4in Pipe Sch 80 | 4.50 | 0.34 | | | | |
| 9 | 8in Pipe Sch 40 | 8.63 | 0.32 | | | | |

| ID | Name | d (in) | b (in) | t_w (in) | t_b (in) | r (in) | |
|----|-------------|--------|--------|------------|------------|--------|--|
| 16 | HSS5x3x3/16 | 5.00 | 3.00 | 0.17 | 0.17 | 0.17 | |

| ID | Name | d (in) | t_w (in) | b_t (in) | b_b (in) | t_t (in) | t_b (in) | r (in) |
|----|-------|--------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|--------|
| 19 | W8x10 | 7.89 | 0.17 | 3.94 | 3.94 | 0.20 | 0.20 | 0.30 |

| Section Properties | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| ID | Name | A (in ²) | J (in ⁴) | I_{y0} (in ⁴) | I_{z0} (in ⁴) | I_w (in ⁶) | S_{y0} (in ³) | S_{z0} (in ³) |

| | | | | | | | | |
|-----|----|------|------|-------|---|-----|-----|---|
| 314 | 19 | 4.88 | 4.00 | 0 | 6,1.08,1.07,1.08,1.07,1.08 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 315 | 19 | 8.42 | 8.42 | 12.95 | 1.14,1.14,1.14,1.14,1.14,1.14,1.15,1.14,1.16,1.14,1.15,1.14,1.16,1.14,1.15,1.14,2.35,1.14,1.15,1.14,1.17,1.14,1.15,1.14,1.16,1.14 | 300 | 200 | 1 |
| 316 | 19 | 8.42 | 8.42 | 12.95 | 1.14,1.14,1.14,1.14,1.14,1.14,1.13,1.14,1.13,1.14,1.13,1.14,1.13,1.14,1.13,1.14,1.38,1.14,1.13,1.14,1.13,1.14,1.13,1.14,1.13,1.14 | 300 | 200 | 1 |

Member Design Capacity

| Member ID | $\Phi_t P_n$ (kip) | $\Phi_c P_n$ (kip) | $\Phi_b M_{zn}$ (k-ft) | $\Phi_b M_{yn}$ (k-ft) | $\Phi_v V_{yn}$ (kip) | $\Phi_v V_{zn}$ (kip) |
|-----------|--------------------|--------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| 1 | 377.97 | 171.89 | 83.29 | 83.29 | 113.39 | 113.39 |
| 2 | 198.33 | 196.72 | 21.95 | 21.95 | 59.50 | 59.50 |
| 3 | 116.10 | 115.41 | 15.79 | 11.10 | 42.08 | 23.28 |
| 4 | 116.10 | 111.33 | 15.79 | 11.10 | 42.08 | 23.28 |
| 5 | 116.10 | 114.23 | 15.79 | 11.10 | 42.08 | 23.28 |
| 6 | 116.10 | 115.41 | 15.79 | 11.10 | 42.08 | 23.28 |
| 7 | 116.10 | 114.23 | 15.79 | 11.10 | 42.08 | 23.28 |
| 8 | 133.20 | 123.95 | 32.87 | 6.12 | 40.24 | 43.62 |
| 9 | 66.48 | 58.89 | 3.82 | 3.82 | 19.94 | 19.94 |
| 10 | 116.10 | 111.33 | 15.79 | 11.10 | 42.08 | 23.28 |
| 11 | 133.20 | 123.95 | 32.87 | 6.12 | 40.24 | 43.62 |
| 12 | 198.33 | 196.72 | 21.95 | 21.95 | 59.50 | 59.50 |
| 13 | 133.20 | 85.85 | 24.03 | 6.12 | 40.24 | 43.62 |
| 14 | 133.20 | 85.85 | 24.39 | 6.12 | 40.24 | 43.62 |
| 15 | 133.20 | 32.95 | 32.87 | 6.12 | 40.24 | 43.62 |
| 16 | 133.20 | 32.95 | 32.87 | 6.12 | 40.24 | 43.62 |
| 101 | 377.97 | 171.89 | 83.29 | 83.29 | 113.39 | 113.39 |
| 102 | 198.33 | 196.72 | 21.95 | 21.95 | 59.50 | 59.50 |
| 103 | 116.10 | 115.41 | 15.79 | 11.10 | 42.08 | 23.28 |
| 104 | 116.10 | 111.33 | 15.79 | 11.10 | 42.08 | 23.28 |
| 105 | 116.10 | 114.23 | 15.79 | 11.10 | 42.08 | 23.28 |
| 106 | 116.10 | 115.41 | 15.79 | 11.10 | 42.08 | 23.28 |
| 107 | 116.10 | 114.23 | 15.79 | 11.10 | 42.08 | 23.28 |
| 108 | 133.20 | 123.95 | 32.87 | 6.12 | 40.24 | 43.62 |
| 109 | 66.48 | 58.89 | 3.82 | 3.82 | 19.94 | 19.94 |
| 110 | 116.10 | 111.33 | 15.79 | 11.10 | 42.08 | 23.28 |
| 111 | 133.20 | 123.95 | 32.87 | 6.12 | 40.24 | 43.62 |
| 112 | 198.33 | 196.72 | 21.95 | 21.95 | 59.50 | 59.50 |
| 113 | 133.20 | 85.85 | 23.63 | 6.12 | 40.24 | 43.62 |
| 114 | 133.20 | 85.85 | 23.61 | 6.12 | 40.24 | 43.62 |
| 115 | 133.20 | 46.28 | 12.17 | 6.12 | 40.24 | 43.62 |
| 116 | 133.20 | 46.28 | 12.54 | 6.12 | 40.24 | 43.62 |
| 201 | 377.97 | 171.89 | 83.29 | 83.29 | 113.39 | 113.39 |
| 202 | 198.33 | 196.72 | 21.95 | 21.95 | 59.50 | 59.50 |
| 203 | 116.10 | 115.41 | 15.79 | 11.10 | 42.08 | 23.28 |
| 204 | 116.10 | 111.33 | 15.79 | 11.10 | 42.08 | 23.28 |
| 205 | 116.10 | 114.23 | 15.79 | 11.10 | 42.08 | 23.28 |
| 206 | 116.10 | 115.41 | 15.79 | 11.10 | 42.08 | 23.28 |
| 207 | 116.10 | 114.23 | 15.79 | 11.10 | 42.08 | 23.28 |
| 208 | 133.20 | 123.95 | 32.87 | 6.12 | 40.24 | 43.62 |
| 209 | 66.48 | 58.89 | 3.82 | 3.82 | 19.94 | 19.94 |
| 210 | 116.10 | 111.33 | 15.79 | 11.10 | 42.08 | 23.28 |
| 211 | 133.20 | 123.95 | 32.87 | 6.12 | 40.24 | 43.62 |

| | | | | | | |
|-----|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|--------|
| 212 | 198.33 | 196.72 | 21.95 | 21.95 | 59.50 | 59.50 |
| 213 | 133.20 | 85.85 | 23.63 | 6.12 | 40.24 | 43.62 |
| 214 | 133.20 | 85.85 | 23.61 | 6.12 | 40.24 | 43.62 |
| 215 | 133.20 | 46.28 | 12.30 | 6.12 | 40.24 | 43.62 |
| 216 | 133.20 | 46.28 | 12.58 | 6.12 | 40.24 | 43.62 |
| 301 | 377.97 | 171.89 | 83.29 | 83.29 | 113.39 | 113.39 |
| 302 | 198.33 | 196.72 | 21.95 | 21.95 | 59.50 | 59.50 |
| 303 | 116.10 | 115.41 | 15.79 | 11.10 | 42.08 | 23.28 |
| 304 | 116.10 | 111.33 | 15.79 | 11.10 | 42.08 | 23.28 |
| 305 | 116.10 | 114.23 | 15.79 | 11.10 | 42.08 | 23.28 |
| 306 | 116.10 | 115.41 | 15.79 | 11.10 | 42.08 | 23.28 |
| 307 | 116.10 | 114.23 | 15.79 | 11.10 | 42.08 | 23.28 |
| 308 | 133.20 | 32.95 | 32.87 | 6.12 | 40.24 | 43.62 |
| 309 | 66.48 | 58.89 | 3.82 | 3.82 | 19.94 | 19.94 |
| 310 | 116.10 | 111.33 | 15.79 | 11.10 | 42.08 | 23.28 |
| 311 | 133.20 | 32.95 | 32.87 | 6.12 | 40.24 | 43.62 |
| 312 | 198.33 | 196.72 | 21.95 | 21.95 | 59.50 | 59.50 |
| 313 | 133.20 | 85.85 | 24.03 | 6.12 | 40.24 | 43.62 |
| 314 | 133.20 | 85.85 | 24.40 | 6.12 | 40.24 | 43.62 |
| 315 | 133.20 | 46.28 | 12.32 | 6.12 | 40.24 | 43.62 |
| 316 | 133.20 | 46.28 | 12.27 | 6.12 | 40.24 | 43.62 |

Design Ratio

| Member ID | P | M _z | M _y | V _y | V _z | (P,M _z ,M _y) | Worst LC | KL/r | δ | Status |
|-----------|-------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|-------------------------------------|----------|--------------|--------------|--------|
| 1 | 0.046 | 0.708 | 0.022 | 0.042 | 0.002 | 0.740 | #13 | 0.519 | Not Required | Pass |
| 2 | 0.004 | 0.233 | 0.197 | 0.056 | 0.038 | 0.432 | #13 | 0.035 | Not Required | Pass |
| 3 | 0.008 | 0.456 | 0.041 | 0.045 | 0.005 | 0.477 | #13 | 0.045 | Not Required | Pass |
| 4 | 0.007 | 0.457 | 0.147 | 0.046 | 0.031 | 0.533 | #13 | 0.080 | Not Required | Pass |
| 5 | 0.007 | 0.283 | 0.145 | 0.045 | 0.037 | 0.307 | #13 | 0.074 | Not Required | Pass |
| 6 | 0.010 | 0.546 | 0.062 | 0.055 | 0.008 | 0.592 | #13 | 0.045 | Not Required | Pass |
| 7 | 0.010 | 0.339 | 0.196 | 0.054 | 0.050 | 0.372 | #13 | 0.074 | Not Required | Pass |
| 8 | 0.002 | 0.051 | 0.207 | 0.038 | 0.017 | 0.217 | #21 | 0.095 | Not Required | Pass |
| 9 | 0.017 | 0.038 | 0.062 | 0.002 | 0.002 | 0.105 | #13 | 0.204 | Not Required | Pass |
| 10 | 0.010 | 0.528 | 0.189 | 0.053 | 0.040 | 0.589 | #13 | 0.080 | Not Required | Pass |
| 11 | 0.002 | 0.044 | 0.211 | 0.039 | 0.017 | 0.229 | #21 | 0.095 | Not Required | Pass |
| 12 | 0.004 | 0.317 | 0.235 | 0.070 | 0.044 | 0.553 | #13 | 0.035 | Not Required | Pass |
| 13 | 0.007 | 0.202 | 0.444 | 0.048 | 0.021 | 0.564 | #21 | 0.286 | Not Required | Pass |
| 14 | 0.008 | 0.197 | 0.439 | 0.047 | 0.021 | 0.546 | #21 | 0.190 | Not Required | Pass |
| 15 | 0.000 | 0.072 | 0.178 | 0.025 | 0.011 | 0.233 | #21 | Not Required | Not Required | Pass |
| 16 | 0.000 | 0.072 | 0.178 | 0.025 | 0.011 | 0.233 | #21 | Not Required | Not Required | Pass |
| 101 | 0.052 | 0.808 | 0.003 | 0.048 | 0.000 | 0.835 | #13 | 0.519 | Not Required | Pass |
| 102 | 0.004 | 0.310 | 0.243 | 0.071 | 0.045 | 0.554 | #13 | 0.035 | Not Required | Pass |
| 103 | 0.010 | 0.561 | 0.049 | 0.056 | 0.002 | 0.598 | #13 | 0.045 | Not Required | Pass |
| 104 | 0.010 | 0.570 | 0.189 | 0.057 | 0.039 | 0.656 | #13 | 0.080 | Not Required | Pass |
| 105 | 0.010 | 0.348 | 0.197 | 0.055 | 0.050 | 0.383 | #13 | 0.074 | Not Required | Pass |
| 106 | 0.010 | 0.577 | 0.050 | 0.058 | 0.003 | 0.612 | #13 | 0.045 | Not Required | Pass |
| 107 | 0.010 | 0.359 | 0.194 | 0.057 | 0.049 | 0.394 | #13 | 0.074 | Not Required | Pass |
| 108 | 0.003 | 0.055 | 0.202 | 0.039 | 0.017 | 0.244 | #21 | 0.095 | Not Required | Pass |
| 109 | 0.019 | 0.039 | 0.053 | 0.001 | 0.000 | 0.098 | #13 | 0.204 | Not Required | Pass |
| 110 | 0.010 | 0.575 | 0.185 | 0.057 | 0.039 | 0.652 | #13 | 0.080 | Not Required | Pass |

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|--------------|--------------|------|
| 110 | 0.010 | 0.375 | 0.165 | 0.037 | 0.036 | 0.632 | #13 | 0.600 | Not Required | Pass |
| 111 | 0.002 | 0.046 | 0.206 | 0.039 | 0.017 | 0.244 | #21 | 0.095 | Not Required | Pass |
| 112 | 0.004 | 0.320 | 0.250 | 0.072 | 0.046 | 0.572 | #13 | 0.035 | Not Required | Pass |
| 113 | 0.007 | 0.204 | 0.447 | 0.048 | 0.021 | 0.592 | #21 | 0.286 | Not Required | Pass |
| 114 | 0.010 | 0.225 | 0.444 | 0.049 | 0.021 | 0.600 | #21 | 0.286 | Not Required | Pass |
| 115 | 0.006 | 0.368 | 0.239 | 0.039 | 0.017 | 0.527 | #13 | 0.601 | Not Required | Pass |
| 116 | 0.002 | 0.360 | 0.239 | 0.040 | 0.017 | 0.519 | #13 | 0.601 | Not Required | Pass |
| 201 | 0.052 | 0.808 | 0.003 | 0.048 | 0.000 | 0.835 | #13 | 0.519 | Not Required | Pass |
| 202 | 0.004 | 0.320 | 0.250 | 0.072 | 0.046 | 0.572 | #13 | 0.035 | Not Required | Pass |
| 203 | 0.010 | 0.577 | 0.050 | 0.058 | 0.003 | 0.612 | #13 | 0.045 | Not Required | Pass |
| 204 | 0.010 | 0.575 | 0.185 | 0.057 | 0.038 | 0.652 | #13 | 0.080 | Not Required | Pass |
| 205 | 0.010 | 0.359 | 0.194 | 0.057 | 0.049 | 0.394 | #13 | 0.074 | Not Required | Pass |
| 206 | 0.010 | 0.561 | 0.049 | 0.056 | 0.002 | 0.598 | #13 | 0.045 | Not Required | Pass |
| 207 | 0.010 | 0.348 | 0.197 | 0.055 | 0.050 | 0.383 | #13 | 0.074 | Not Required | Pass |
| 208 | 0.002 | 0.051 | 0.210 | 0.040 | 0.017 | 0.250 | #21 | 0.095 | Not Required | Pass |
| 209 | 0.019 | 0.039 | 0.053 | 0.001 | 0.000 | 0.098 | #13 | 0.204 | Not Required | Pass |
| 210 | 0.010 | 0.570 | 0.189 | 0.057 | 0.039 | 0.656 | #13 | 0.080 | Not Required | Pass |
| 211 | 0.002 | 0.047 | 0.214 | 0.039 | 0.017 | 0.247 | #21 | 0.095 | Not Required | Pass |
| 212 | 0.004 | 0.310 | 0.243 | 0.071 | 0.045 | 0.554 | #13 | 0.035 | Not Required | Pass |
| 213 | 0.007 | 0.204 | 0.448 | 0.048 | 0.021 | 0.592 | #21 | 0.286 | Not Required | Pass |
| 214 | 0.010 | 0.225 | 0.443 | 0.049 | 0.021 | 0.600 | #21 | 0.286 | Not Required | Pass |
| 215 | 0.006 | 0.348 | 0.239 | 0.039 | 0.017 | 0.505 | #13 | 0.601 | Not Required | Pass |
| 216 | 0.004 | 0.320 | 0.239 | 0.039 | 0.017 | 0.480 | #21 | 0.601 | Not Required | Pass |
| 301 | 0.046 | 0.708 | 0.022 | 0.042 | 0.002 | 0.740 | #13 | 0.519 | Not Required | Pass |
| 302 | 0.004 | 0.317 | 0.235 | 0.070 | 0.044 | 0.553 | #13 | 0.035 | Not Required | Pass |
| 303 | 0.010 | 0.546 | 0.062 | 0.055 | 0.008 | 0.592 | #13 | 0.045 | Not Required | Pass |
| 304 | 0.010 | 0.528 | 0.189 | 0.053 | 0.040 | 0.589 | #13 | 0.080 | Not Required | Pass |
| 305 | 0.010 | 0.339 | 0.196 | 0.054 | 0.050 | 0.372 | #13 | 0.074 | Not Required | Pass |
| 306 | 0.008 | 0.456 | 0.041 | 0.045 | 0.005 | 0.477 | #13 | 0.045 | Not Required | Pass |
| 307 | 0.007 | 0.283 | 0.145 | 0.045 | 0.037 | 0.307 | #13 | 0.074 | Not Required | Pass |
| 308 | 0.000 | 0.072 | 0.178 | 0.025 | 0.011 | 0.233 | #21 | Not Required | Not Required | Pass |
| 309 | 0.017 | 0.038 | 0.062 | 0.002 | 0.002 | 0.105 | #13 | 0.204 | Not Required | Pass |
| 310 | 0.007 | 0.457 | 0.147 | 0.046 | 0.031 | 0.533 | #13 | 0.080 | Not Required | Pass |
| 311 | 0.000 | 0.072 | 0.178 | 0.025 | 0.011 | 0.233 | #21 | Not Required | Not Required | Pass |
| 312 | 0.004 | 0.233 | 0.197 | 0.056 | 0.038 | 0.432 | #13 | 0.035 | Not Required | Pass |
| 313 | 0.007 | 0.202 | 0.444 | 0.048 | 0.021 | 0.564 | #21 | 0.190 | Not Required | Pass |
| 314 | 0.008 | 0.197 | 0.439 | 0.047 | 0.021 | 0.547 | #21 | 0.286 | Not Required | Pass |
| 315 | 0.006 | 0.367 | 0.239 | 0.039 | 0.017 | 0.524 | #13 | 0.601 | Not Required | Pass |
| 316 | 0.002 | 0.366 | 0.238 | 0.038 | 0.017 | 0.523 | #13 | 0.601 | Not Required | Pass |

Definitions

| | |
|----------|--|
| Φ_t | Safety factor for tensile |
| Φ_c | Safety factor for compression |
| Φ_b | Safety factor for flexure |
| Φ_v | Safety factor for shear |
| E | Modulus of elasticity |
| F_y | Specified minimum yield stress |
| F_u | Specified minimum tensile strength |
| A | Cross-sectional area |
| J | Torsional constant |
| I_{yp} | Moment of inertia about the Y axes |
| I_{zp} | Moment of inertia about the Z axes |
| I_w | Warping constant |
| S_{yp} | Plastic section modulus about the Y axis |

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| S_{zp} | Plastic section modulus about the Z axis |
| KL | Effective length |
| C_b | Buckling modification factor (from all load combinations) |
| L_b | Length between braced points |
| LST | Limited slenderness for tension |
| LSC | Limited slenderness for compression |
| LD | Limited deflection |
| P_n | Nominal axial strength (tension/compression) |
| M_n | Nominal flexural strength (about Z/Y axis) |
| V_n | Nominal shear strength (along Z/Y axis) |
| P | Design ratio in case of axial force |
| M_z | Design ratio in case of bending about Z axis |
| M_y | Design ratio in case of bending about Y axis |
| V_y | Design ratio in case of shear along Y axis |
| V_z | Design ratio in case of shear along Z axis |
| (P, M_z , M_y) | Design ratio in case of axial force and bending action |
| KL/r | Design ratio in case of section slenderness |
| δ | Design ratio in case of member deflection |
| OK | Capacity is provided |
| NG | Capacity is not provided |

| REFERENCES | CALCULATIONS | RESULTS |
|------------|--------------|---------|
|------------|--------------|---------|

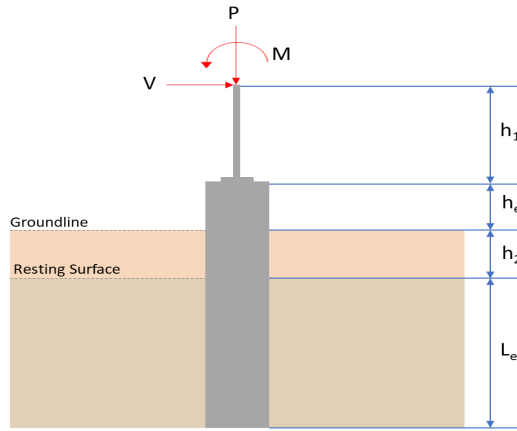
SkyCiv Foundation Design

Pile Foundation

Design Information :

Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code)
Unit System : Imperial

Pile Input



Geometry

Pile shape: rectangular
 $b = 48$ in - Pile width
 $D = 48$ in - Pile depth
 $L = 7$ ft - Total pile length
 $h_1 = 0$ ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile,
 $h_2 = 0$ ft - Depth to resisting surface
 $h_e = 0$ ft - Length of pile above the ground

Tabulation of Soil Parameters

| Layer | Label | Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf) | Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft) |
|-------|---|--|---|
| 1 | Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel | 2000.000 | 150.000 |

Tabulation of Loads

| Load Component | ASD | LRFD |
|----------------|--------|--------|
| P (kip) | 5.563 | 7.872 |
| V_x (kip) | -2.848 | -4.748 |
| V_z (kip) | 0.131 | 0.216 |
| M_x (kipft) | 0.467 | 0.768 |
| M_z (kipft) | 34.879 | 58.938 |

Material Properties

$f'_{ck} = 2.5$ ksi - Concrete strength.

Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD)

H - Point of application of the lateral load

$$H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$$

$$H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$H = 0 \text{ ft}$$

Considering x-direction:

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-2.848 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.4535 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(34.879 \text{ kipft}) + ((-2.848 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 5.554 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R} \right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R} \right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,x} = 6.4531 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in x-direction,

Considering z-direction:

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(0.131 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = 0.02086 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.467 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.131 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.074363 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_z^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R} \right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R} \right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,z} = 2.0411 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in z-direction,

Minimum embedded depth required:

$L_{e,req}$ - Depth of pile required,

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$$

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(6.4531 \text{ ft}), (2.0411 \text{ ft})]$$

$$L_{e,req} = 6.453 \text{ ft}$$

L_e - Actual embedded length of pile,

$$L_e = L - h_e - h_2$$

$$L_e = (7 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$L_e = 7 \text{ ft}$$

Ratio - Embedded depth

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(6.453 \text{ ft})}{(7 \text{ ft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.92186$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.920**

End-bearing Capacity (ASD)

A - Pile cross-section area

$$A = b D$$

$$A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$$

q - End-bearing pressure

$$q = \frac{P_v}{A}$$

$$q = \frac{(5.563 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$$

$$q = 0.34769 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check bearing capacity ratio:

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.34769 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.17384$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.170**

Czerniak

Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):

L/D - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,

$$L/D = \frac{L}{D}$$

$$L/D = \frac{(7 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$$

$$L/D = 1.75$$

Since $L/D \leq 10$,

Pile is short.

Considering x-direction:

$H_o = -0.4535 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 5.554 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (5.554 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.4535 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (5.554 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.4535 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.8276 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (5.554 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.4535 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(7 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (5.554 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.4535 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.23909 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (5.554 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.4535 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7 \text{ ft}))]}{(7 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.97144 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(4.8276 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.36207 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.23909 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.36207 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.66035$$

p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (7 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 1.05 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.97144 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.05 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.92518$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.660**

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.930**

Considering z-direction:

$H_o = 0.02086 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 0.074363 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.074363 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.02086 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.074363 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.02086 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.9974 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (0.074363 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (0.02086 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(7 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (0.074363 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (0.02086 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.016074 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (0.074363 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((0.02086 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7 \text{ ft}))]}{(7 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.036091 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(4.9974 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.3748 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.016074 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.3748 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.042887$$

p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (7 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 1.05 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.036091 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.05 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.034373$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.040**

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.030**



Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-4.748 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.75605 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(58.938 \text{ kipft}) + ((-4.748 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 9.385 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(9.385 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.75605 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 12.413 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (9.385 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.75605 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (9.385 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.75605 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = \frac{(6 \times (9.385 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.75605 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7 \text{ ft}))}{}$$

$$a = 4.826 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.75605 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (12.413 \text{ ft})}{(7 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.826 \text{ ft})}{(7 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (12.413 \text{ ft})}{(7 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.826 \text{ ft})}{(7 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 11.485 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.75605 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (7 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(12.413 \text{ ft})}{(7 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(4.826 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (12.413 \text{ ft})}{(7 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.826 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (12.413 \text{ ft})}{(7 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.826 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 38.273 \text{ kipft}$$

Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(0.216 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = 0.034395 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.768 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.216 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.12229 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.12229 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(0.034395 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 3.5556 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.12229 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.034395 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.12229 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.034395 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.9977 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((0.034395 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (3.5556 \text{ ft})}{(7 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.9977 \text{ ft})}{(7 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] \right. \\ \left. + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (3.5556 \text{ ft})}{(7 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.9977 \text{ ft})}{(7 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.2153 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o \cdot b \cdot L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) \right. \\ \left. - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((0.034395 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (7 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(3.5556 \text{ ft})}{(7 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(4.9977 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7 \text{ ft})} \right) \right. \\ \left. - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (3.5556 \text{ ft})}{(7 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.9977 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (3.5556 \text{ ft})}{(7 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.9977 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 0.66763 \text{ kipft}$$

Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$ - Concrete strength,

$f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$ - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,

$\phi = 0.65$ - Reduction factor for axial strength,

$\alpha = 0.8$ - Alpha factor for axial strength,

$A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$ - Gross area of concrete,

Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load, $A_{st,required}$

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{(7.872 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -84.335 \text{ in}^2$$

A_{min} - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-84.335 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$$

n_{rebar} - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 14$$

A_{st} - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$$

Table 22.4.2.1

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

| | | |
|---|--|--|
| <p>25.2.3 s_{rebar} - Minimum spacing of reinforcement,</p> <p>25.7.2.2 Since longitudinal reinforcement is \leq No. 10ø: Use #3(0.375 in)</p> <p>25.7.2.1 s_{ties} - Maximum spacing of ties,</p> | <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = 0.96556$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$s_{rebar} = Max[1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$s_{rebar} = Max[1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$</p> <p>Ties:</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$s_{ties} = Min[(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), Min(D, b)]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$s_{ties} = Min[(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), Min((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$</p> <p>Summary:</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Main reinforcement: 14 - #5 (0.625 in) Ties: #3(0.375 in) - 10 in</p> | <p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.970</p> |
| <p>22.4.2.2 ϕP_N - Allowable axial compressive strength</p> | <p style="text-align: center;">Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_y k A_{st})]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times [(0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2))]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\phi P_N = 2675.2 \text{ kip}$</p> <p><i>Ratio - Capacity</i></p> <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = \frac{(7.872 \text{ kip})}{(2675.2 \text{ kip})}$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = 0.0029426$</p> | <p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000</p> |
| <p>22.5.2.2 b_w = 48 in - Effective width, d - Effective depth</p> <p>22.5.5.1.3 λ_s - size effect modification factor</p> <p>22.5.5.1.1 $V_{c,max}$ - Max shear strength of concrete</p> | <p style="text-align: center;">Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p>Parameters:</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$d = 0.80 D$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$d = 38.4 \text{ in}$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\lambda_s = MIN \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\lambda_s = MIN \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\lambda_s = 0.64282$</p> <p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$</p> | |

$$V_{c,max} = 296.21 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.1(a) The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $P = 7.872 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 7872 \text{ lbf}$,
 $V_{c,a}$ - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck} + \frac{P}{6 A_g}} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi}) + \frac{(7872 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)}} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 119.53 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{c,b}$ - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck} + (0.05 f'_{ck})} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi}) + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi}))} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 348.89 \text{ kip}$$

V_c - Governing shear strength of concrete

$$V_c = \text{Min}[V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min}[(296.21 \text{ kip}), (119.53 \text{ kip}), (348.89 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 119.53 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{s,a}$ - Shear strength of steel (a)

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{s,a} = 737.28 \text{ kip}$$

A_v - Ties rebar area,

$$A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$$

22.5.8.5.3 $V_{s,b}$ - Shear strength of steel (b)

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yw} d}{s_{ties}}$$

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$$

$$V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$$

V_s - Governing shear strength of steel

$$V_s = \text{MIN}[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$$

$$V_s = \text{MIN}[(737.28 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.1.1 ϕV_n - Allowable shear strength

$$\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$$

$$\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((119.53 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$$

$$\phi V_n = 110.78 \text{ kip}$$

Considering x-direction:

V_{max} = 11.485 kip - Maximum shear force in the x-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(11.485 \text{ kip})}{(110.78 \text{ kip})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.10367$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.100**

Considering z-direction:

$V_{max} = 0.2153 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the z-direction,
Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.2153 \text{ kip})}{(110.78 \text{ kip})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.0019435$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**

Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)

S_m - Section modulus

$$S_m = \frac{b D^2}{6}$$

$$S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$$

$$S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$$

$\lambda = 1$ - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete),

Allowable flexural strength:

M_n shall be the lesser of:

$\phi M_{n,1}$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{(2.5 \text{ ksi})} \times 18432.001 \text{ in}^3$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 249.600 \text{ kipft}$$

14.5.2.1b

$\phi M_{n,2}$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_c \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (18432 \text{ in}^3)$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = 2121.6 \text{ kipft}$$

Therefore,

ϕM_n - Allowable flexural strength,

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$$

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(249.6 \text{ kipft}), (2121.6 \text{ kipft})]$$

$$\phi M_n = 249.6 \text{ kipft}$$

Considering x-direction:

$M_{max} = 38.273 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the x-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(38.273 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.15334$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.150**

Considering z-direction:

$M_{max} = 0.66763 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the z-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.66763 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.0026748$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**

| REFERENCES | CALCULATIONS | RESULTS |
|------------|--------------|---------|
|------------|--------------|---------|

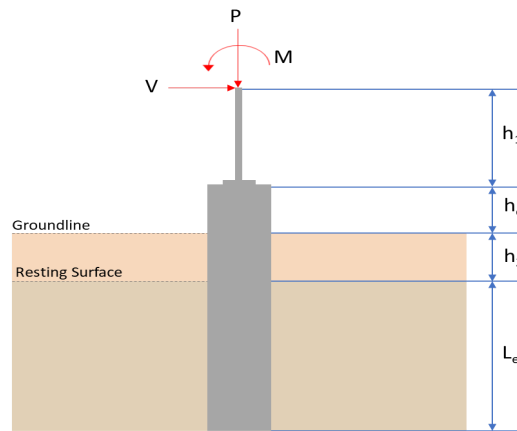
SkyCiv Foundation Design

Pile Foundation

Design Information :

Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code)
Unit System : Imperial

Pile Input



Geometry

Pile shape: rectangular

$b = 48$ in - Pile width

$D = 48$ in - Pile depth

$L = 7$ ft - Total pile length

$h_1 = 0$ ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile,

$h_2 = 0$ ft - Depth to resisting surface

$h_e = 0$ ft - Length of pile above the ground

Tabulation of Soil Parameters

| Layer | Label | Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf) | Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft) |
|-------|---|--|---|
| 1 | Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel | 2000.000 | 150.000 |

Tabulation of Loads

| Load Component | ASD | LRFD |
|----------------|--------|--------|
| P (kip) | 5.563 | 7.872 |
| V_x (kip) | -2.848 | -4.748 |
| V_z (kip) | -0.131 | -0.216 |
| M_x (kipft) | -0.467 | -0.769 |
| M_z (kipft) | 34.879 | 58.939 |

Material Properties

$f'_{ck} = 2.5$ ksi - Concrete strength.

Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD)

H - Point of application of the lateral load

$$H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$$

$$H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$H = 0 \text{ ft}$$

Considering x-direction:

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-2.848 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.4535 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(34.879 \text{ kipft}) + ((-2.848 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 5.554 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R} \right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R} \right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,x} = 6.4531 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in x-direction,

Considering z-direction:

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.131 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.02086 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.467 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.131 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.074363 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_z^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R} \right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R} \right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,z} = 1.5831 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in z-direction,

Minimum embedded depth required:

$L_{e,req}$ - Depth of pile required,

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$$

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(6.4531 \text{ ft}), (1.5831 \text{ ft})]$$

$$L_{e,req} = 6.453 \text{ ft}$$

L_e - Actual embedded length of pile,

$$L_e = L - h_e - h_2$$

$$L_e = (7 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$L_e = 7 \text{ ft}$$

Ratio - Embedded depth

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(6.453 \text{ ft})}{(7 \text{ ft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.92186$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.920**

End-bearing Capacity (ASD)

A - Pile cross-section area

$$A = b D$$

$$A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$$

q - End-bearing pressure

$$q = \frac{P_v}{A}$$

$$q = \frac{(5.563 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$$

$$q = 0.34769 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check bearing capacity ratio:

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.34769 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.17384$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.170**

Czerniak

Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):

L/D - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,

$$L/D = \frac{L}{D}$$

$$L/D = \frac{(7 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$$

$$L/D = 1.75$$

Since $L/D \leq 10$,

Pile is short.

Considering x-direction:

$H_o = -0.4535 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 5.554 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (5.554 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.4535 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (5.554 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.4535 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.8276 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (5.554 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.4535 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(7 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (5.554 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.4535 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.23909 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (5.554 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.4535 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7 \text{ ft}))]}{(7 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.97144 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(4.8276 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.36207 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.23909 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.36207 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.66035$$

p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (7 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 1.05 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.97144 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.05 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.92518$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.660**

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.930**

Considering z-direction:

$H_o = -0.02086 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 0.074363 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.074363 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.02086 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.074363 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.02086 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.9974 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (0.074363 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.02086 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(7 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (0.074363 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.02086 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = -0.0043887 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (0.074363 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.02086 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7 \text{ ft}))]}{(7 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.00033147 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(4.9974 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.3748 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(-0.0043887 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.3748 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = -0.011709$$

p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (7 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 1.05 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.00033147 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.05 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.00031569$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **-0.010**

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**



Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-4.748 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.75605 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(58.939 \text{ kipft}) + ((-4.748 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 9.3852 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(9.3852 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.75605 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 12.413 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (9.3852 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.75605 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (9.3852 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.75605 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = \frac{(6 \times (9.3852 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.75605 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7 \text{ ft}))}{}$$

$$a = 4.826 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.75605 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (12.413 \text{ ft})}{(7 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.826 \text{ ft})}{(7 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (12.413 \text{ ft})}{(7 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.826 \text{ ft})}{(7 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 11.485 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth a/2,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.75605 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (7 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(12.413 \text{ ft})}{(7 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(4.826 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (12.413 \text{ ft})}{(7 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.826 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (12.413 \text{ ft})}{(7 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.826 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 38.274 \text{ kipft}$$

Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.216 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.034395 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.769 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.216 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.12245 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.12245 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.034395 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 3.5602 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.12245 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.034395 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.12245 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.034395 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.9976 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.034395 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (3.5602 \text{ ft})}{(7 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.9976 \text{ ft})}{(7 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] \right. \\ \left. + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (3.5602 \text{ ft})}{(7 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.9976 \text{ ft})}{(7 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.21546 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o \ b \ L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) \right. \\ \left. - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.034395 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (7 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(3.5602 \text{ ft})}{(7 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(4.9976 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7 \text{ ft})} \right) \right. \\ \left. - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (3.5602 \text{ ft})}{(7 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.9976 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (3.5602 \text{ ft})}{(7 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.9976 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 0.66818 \text{ kipft}$$

Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$ - Concrete strength,

$f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$ - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,

$\phi = 0.65$ - Reduction factor for axial strength,

$\alpha = 0.8$ - Alpha factor for axial strength,

$A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$ - Gross area of concrete,

Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load, $A_{st,required}$

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{(7.872 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -84.335 \text{ in}^2$$

A_{min} - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-84.335 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$$

n_{rebar} - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 14$$

A_{st} - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$$

Table 22.4.2.1

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

| | | |
|---|---|--|
| <p>25.2.3</p> <p>25.7.2.2</p> <p>25.7.2.1</p> | <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = 0.96556$</p> <p>$s_{rebar} = Max[1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$</p> <p>$s_{rebar} = Max[1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$</p> <p>$s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$</p> <p>Ties:</p> <p>Since longitudinal reinforcement is \leq No. 10ø: Use #3(0.375 in)</p> <p>$s_{ties} = Min[(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), Min(D, b)]$</p> <p>$s_{ties} = Min[(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), Min((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]$</p> <p>$s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$</p> <p>Summary:</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Main reinforcement: 14 - #5 (0.625 in) Ties: #3(0.375 in) - 10 in</p> | <p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.970</p> |
| <p>22.4.2.2</p> | <p>Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p>ϕP_N - Allowable axial compressive strength</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st})]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times [(0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2))]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\phi P_N = 2675.2 \text{ kip}$</p> <p>Ratio - Capacity</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = \frac{(7.872 \text{ kip})}{(2675.2 \text{ kip})}$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = 0.0029426$</p> | <p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000</p> |
| <p>22.5.2.2</p> <p>22.5.5.1.3</p> <p>22.5.5.1.1</p> | <p>Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p>Parameters:</p> <p>$b_w = 48 \text{ in}$ - Effective width, d - Effective depth</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$d = 0.80 D$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$d = 38.4 \text{ in}$</p> <p>λ_s - size effect modification factor</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\lambda_s = MIN \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\lambda_s = MIN \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\lambda_s = 0.64282$</p> <p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,</p> <p>$V_{c,max}$ - Max shear strength of concrete</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$</p> | |

$$V_{c,max} = 296.21 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.1(a) The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $P = 7.872 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 7872 \text{ lbf}$,
 $V_{c,a}$ - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck} + \frac{P}{6 A_g}} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi}) + \frac{(7872 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)}} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 119.53 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{c,b}$ - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck} + (0.05 f'_{ck})} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi}) + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi}))} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 348.89 \text{ kip}$$

V_c - Governing shear strength of concrete

$$V_c = \text{Min}[V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min}[(296.21 \text{ kip}), (119.53 \text{ kip}), (348.89 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 119.53 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{s,a}$ - Shear strength of steel (a)

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{s,a} = 737.28 \text{ kip}$$

A_v - Ties rebar area,

$$A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$$

22.5.8.5.3 $V_{s,b}$ - Shear strength of steel (b)

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yw} d}{s_{ties}}$$

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$$

$$V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$$

V_s - Governing shear strength of steel

$$V_s = \text{MIN}[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$$

$$V_s = \text{MIN}[(737.28 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.1.1 ϕV_n - Allowable shear strength

$$\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$$

$$\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((119.53 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$$

$$\phi V_n = 110.78 \text{ kip}$$

Considering x-direction:

V_{max} = 11.485 kip - Maximum shear force in the x-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(11.485 \text{ kip})}{(110.78 \text{ kip})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.10367$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.100**

Considering z-direction:

$V_{max} = 0.21546 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the z-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.21546 \text{ kip})}{(110.78 \text{ kip})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.0019449$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**

Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)

S_m - Section modulus

$$S_m = \frac{b D^2}{6}$$

$$S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$$

$$S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$$

$\lambda = 1$ - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete),

Allowable flexural strength:

M_n shall be the lesser of:

$\phi M_{n,1}$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{(2.5 \text{ ksi})} \times 18432.001 \text{ in}^3$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 249.600 \text{ kipft}$$

14.5.2.1b

$\phi M_{n,2}$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_c \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (18432 \text{ in}^3)$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = 2121.6 \text{ kipft}$$

Therefore,

ϕM_n - Allowable flexural strength,

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$$

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(249.6 \text{ kipft}), (2121.6 \text{ kipft})]$$

$$\phi M_n = 249.6 \text{ kipft}$$

Considering x-direction:

$M_{max} = 38.274 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the x-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(38.274 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.15334$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.150**

Considering z-direction:

$M_{max} = 0.66818 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the z-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.66818 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.002677$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**

| REFERENCES | CALCULATIONS | RESULTS |
|------------|--------------|---------|
|------------|--------------|---------|

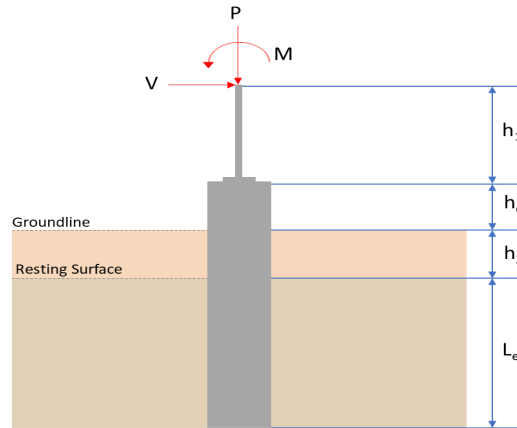
SkyCiv Foundation Design

Pile Foundation

Design Information :

Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code)
Unit System : Imperial

Pile Input



Geometry

Pile shape: rectangular

$b = 48$ in - Pile width

$D = 48$ in - Pile depth

$L = 7.25$ ft - Total pile length

$h_1 = 0$ ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile,

$h_2 = 0$ ft - Depth to resisting surface

$h_e = 0$ ft - Length of pile above the ground

Tabulation of Soil Parameters

| Layer | Label | Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf) | Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft) |
|-------|---|--|---|
| 1 | Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel | 2000.000 | 150.000 |

Tabulation of Loads

| Load Component | ASD | LRFD |
|----------------|--------|--------|
| P (kip) | 6.319 | 8.964 |
| V_x (kip) | -3.243 | -5.403 |
| V_z (kip) | -0.016 | -0.027 |
| M_x (kipft) | -0.054 | -0.092 |
| M_z (kipft) | 39.765 | 67.312 |

Material Properties

$f'_{ck} = 2.5$ ksi - Concrete strength.

Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD)

H - Point of application of the lateral load

$$H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$$

$$H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$H = 0 \text{ ft}$$

Considering x-direction:

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-3.243 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.5164 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(39.765 \text{ kipft}) + ((-3.243 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 6.332 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R} \right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R} \right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,x} = 6.6891 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in x-direction,

Considering z-direction:

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.016 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.0025478 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.054 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.016 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.0085987 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_z^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R} \right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R} \right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,z} = 0.82512 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in z-direction,

Minimum embedded depth required:

$L_{e,req}$ - Depth of pile required,

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$$

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(6.6891 \text{ ft}), (0.82512 \text{ ft})]$$

$$L_{e,req} = 6.689 \text{ ft}$$

L_e - Actual embedded length of pile,

$$L_e = L - h_e - h_2$$

$$L_e = (7.25 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$L_e = 7.25 \text{ ft}$$

Ratio - Embedded depth

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(6.689 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.92262$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.920**

End-bearing Capacity (ASD)

A - Pile cross-section area

$$A = b D$$

$$A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$$

q - End-bearing pressure

$$q = \frac{P_v}{A}$$

$$q = \frac{(6.319 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$$

$$q = 0.39494 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check bearing capacity ratio:

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.39494 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.19747$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.200**

Czerniak

Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):

L/D - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,

$$L/D = \frac{L}{D}$$

$$L/D = \frac{(7.25 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$$

$$L/D = 1.8125$$

Since $L/D \leq 10$,

Pile is short.

Considering x-direction:

$H_o = -0.5164 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 6.332 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (6.332 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.5164 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (6.332 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.5164 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.0042 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (6.332 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.5164 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(7.25 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (6.332 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.5164 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.24637 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (6.332 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.5164 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))]}{(7.25 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 1.0182 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(5.0042 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.37531 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.24637 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.37531 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.65644$$

p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 1.0875 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(1.0182 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.0875 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.9363$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.660**

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.940**

Considering z-direction:

$H_o = -0.0025478 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 0.0085987 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.0085987 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.0025478 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.0085987 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.0025478 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.1891 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (0.0085987 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.0025478 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(7.25 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (0.0085987 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.0025478 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = -0.00056556 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (0.0085987 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.0025478 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))]}{(7.25 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = -0.00014541 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(5.1891 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.38918 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(-0.00056556 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.38918 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = -0.0014532$$

p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 1.0875 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

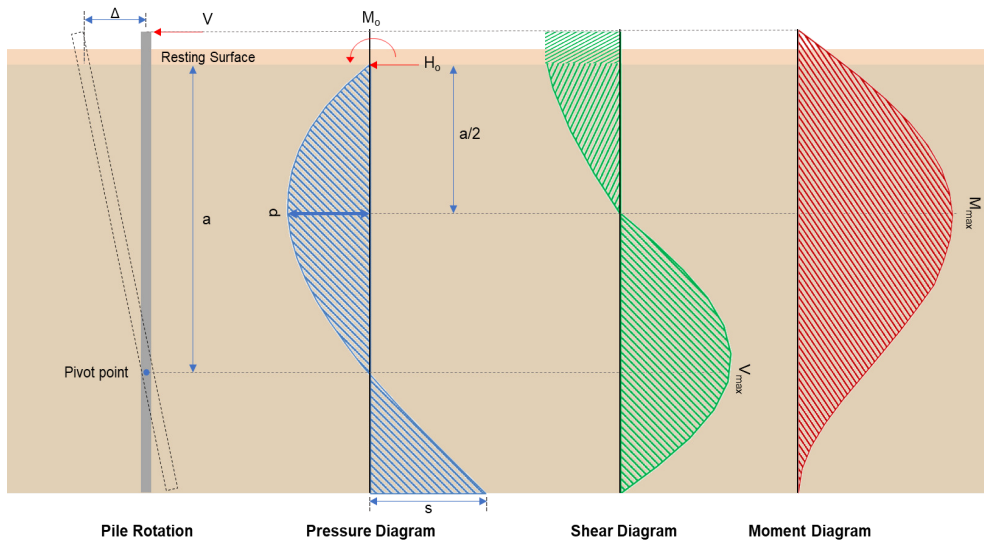
$$Ratio = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(-0.00014541 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.0875 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = -0.00013371$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**



Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-5.403 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.86035 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(67.312 \text{ kipft}) + ((-5.403 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 10.718 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(10.718 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.86035 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 12.458 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (10.718 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.86035 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (10.718 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.86035 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = \frac{(-0.86035 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})}{(6 \times (10.718 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.86035 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.0022 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.86035 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (12.458 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.0022 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (12.458 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.0022 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 12.734 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth a/2,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.86035 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(12.458 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(5.0022 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.25 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (12.458 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.0022 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (12.458 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.0022 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 43.896 \text{ kipft}$$

Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.027 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.0042994 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.092 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.027 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.01465 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.01465 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.0042994 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 3.4074 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.01465 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.0042994 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.01465 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.0042994 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.1877 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.0042994 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (3.4074 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.1877 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] \right. \\ \left. + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (3.4074 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.1877 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.025771 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o \cdot b \cdot L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) \right. \\ \left. - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.0042994 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(3.4074 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(5.1877 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.25 \text{ ft})} \right) \right. \\ \left. - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (3.4074 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.1877 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (3.4074 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.1877 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 0.082309 \text{ kipft}$$

Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$ - Concrete strength,

$f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$ - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,

$\phi = 0.65$ - Reduction factor for axial strength,

$\alpha = 0.8$ - Alpha factor for axial strength,

$A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$ - Gross area of concrete,

Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load, $A_{st,required}$

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{(8.964 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -84.298 \text{ in}^2$$

A_{min} - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-84.298 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$$

n_{rebar} - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 14$$

A_{st} - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$$

Table 22.4.2.1

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

| | | |
|---|---|--|
| <p>25.2.3</p> <p>25.7.2.2</p> <p>25.7.2.1</p> | <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = 0.96556$</p> <p>$s_{rebar} = Max[1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$</p> <p>$s_{rebar} = Max[1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$</p> <p>$s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$</p> <p>Ties:</p> <p>Since longitudinal reinforcement is \leq No. 10ø: Use #3(0.375 in)</p> <p>$s_{ties} = Min[(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), Min(D, b)]$</p> <p>$s_{ties} = Min[(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), Min((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]$</p> <p>$s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$</p> <p>Summary:</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Main reinforcement: 14 - #5 (0.625 in) Ties: #3(0.375 in) - 10 in</p> | <p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.970</p> |
| <p>22.4.2.2</p> | <p>Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p>ϕP_N - Allowable axial compressive strength</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_y k A_{st})]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times [(0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2))]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\phi P_N = 2675.2 \text{ kip}$</p> <p>Ratio - Capacity</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = \frac{(8.964 \text{ kip})}{(2675.2 \text{ kip})}$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = 0.0033508$</p> | <p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000</p> |
| <p>22.5.2.2</p> <p>22.5.5.1.3</p> <p>22.5.5.1.1</p> | <p>Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p>Parameters:</p> <p>$b_w = 48 \text{ in}$ - Effective width, d - Effective depth</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$d = 0.80 D$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$d = 38.4 \text{ in}$</p> <p>λ_s - size effect modification factor</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\lambda_s = MIN \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\lambda_s = MIN \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\lambda_s = 0.64282$</p> <p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,</p> <p>$V_{c,max}$ - Max shear strength of concrete</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$</p> | |

$$V_{c,max} = 296.21 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.1(a) The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $P = 8.964 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 8964 \text{ lbf}$,
 $V_{c,a}$ - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck} + \frac{P}{6 A_g}} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi}) + \frac{(8964 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)}} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 119.68 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{c,b}$ - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck} + (0.05 f'_{ck})} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi}) + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi}))} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 348.89 \text{ kip}$$

V_c - Governing shear strength of concrete

$$V_c = \text{Min}[V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min}[(296.21 \text{ kip}), (119.68 \text{ kip}), (348.89 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 119.68 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{s,a}$ - Shear strength of steel (a)

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{s,a} = 737.28 \text{ kip}$$

A_v - Ties rebar area,

$$A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$$

22.5.8.5.3 $V_{s,b}$ - Shear strength of steel (b)

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yw} d}{s_{ties}}$$

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$$

$$V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$$

V_s - Governing shear strength of steel

$$V_s = \text{MIN}[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$$

$$V_s = \text{MIN}[(737.28 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.1.1 ϕV_n - Allowable shear strength

$$\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$$

$$\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((119.68 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$$

$$\phi V_n = 110.87 \text{ kip}$$

Considering x-direction:

V_{max} = 12.734 kip - Maximum shear force in the x-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(12.734 \text{ kip})}{(110.87 \text{ kip})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.11485$$

Considering z-direction:

$V_{max} = 0.025771 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the z-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.025771 \text{ kip})}{(110.87 \text{ kip})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.00023244$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.110**

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**

Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)

S_m - Section modulus

$$S_m = \frac{b D^2}{6}$$

$$S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$$

$$S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$$

$\lambda = 1$ - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete),

Allowable flexural strength:

M_n shall be the lesser of:

$\phi M_{n,1}$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{(2.5 \text{ ksi})} \times 18432.001 \text{ in}^3$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 249.600 \text{ kipft}$$

14.5.2.1b

$\phi M_{n,2}$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_c \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (18432 \text{ in}^3)$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = 2121.6 \text{ kipft}$$

Therefore,

ϕM_n - Allowable flexural strength,

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$$

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(249.6 \text{ kipft}), (2121.6 \text{ kipft})]$$

$$\phi M_n = 249.6 \text{ kipft}$$

Considering x-direction:

$M_{max} = 43.896 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the x-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(43.896 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.17586$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.180**

Considering z-direction:

$M_{max} = 0.082309 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the z-direction,

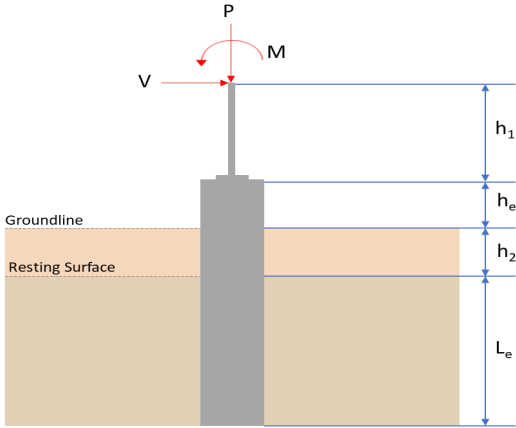
Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.082309 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.00032976$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**

| REFERENCES | CALCULATIONS | RESULTS | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|--|--|---|--|---|---|---|----------|---------|----------------|-----|------|-----------|-------|-------|-------------|--------|--------|-------------|-------|-------|---------------|-------|-------|---------------|--------|--------|--|
| | <p>SkyCiv Foundation Design Pile Foundation</p> <p>Design Information : Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code) Unit System : Imperial</p> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | <p>Pile Input</p>  <p>Geometry</p> <p>Pile shape: rectangular $b = 48$ in - Pile width $D = 48$ in - Pile depth $L = 7.25$ ft - Total pile length $h_1 = 0$ ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile, $h_2 = 0$ ft - Depth to resisting surface $h_e = 0$ ft - Length of pile above the ground</p> <p>Tabulation of Soil Parameters</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="368 1088 1225 1189"> <thead> <tr> <th>Layer</th> <th>Label</th> <th>Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf)</th> <th>Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel</td> <td>2000.000</td> <td>150.000</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Tabulation of Loads</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="655 1290 940 1480"> <thead> <tr> <th>Load Component</th> <th>ASD</th> <th>LRFD</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>P (kip)</td> <td>6.319</td> <td>8.964</td> </tr> <tr> <td>V_x (kip)</td> <td>-3.243</td> <td>-5.403</td> </tr> <tr> <td>V_z (kip)</td> <td>0.016</td> <td>0.027</td> </tr> <tr> <td>M_x (kipft)</td> <td>0.054</td> <td>0.093</td> </tr> <tr> <td>M_z (kipft)</td> <td>39.765</td> <td>67.312</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Material Properties</p> <p>$f'_{ck} = 2.5$ ksi - Concrete strength.</p> | Layer | Label | Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf) | Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft) | 1 | Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel | 2000.000 | 150.000 | Load Component | ASD | LRFD | P (kip) | 6.319 | 8.964 | V_x (kip) | -3.243 | -5.403 | V_z (kip) | 0.016 | 0.027 | M_x (kipft) | 0.054 | 0.093 | M_z (kipft) | 39.765 | 67.312 | |
| Layer | Label | Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf) | Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel | 2000.000 | 150.000 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Load Component | ASD | LRFD | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| P (kip) | 6.319 | 8.964 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| V_x (kip) | -3.243 | -5.403 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| V_z (kip) | 0.016 | 0.027 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| M_x (kipft) | 0.054 | 0.093 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| M_z (kipft) | 39.765 | 67.312 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | <p>Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD)</p> <p>H - Point of application of the lateral load</p> $H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$ $H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$ $H = 0 \text{ ft}$ <p>Considering x-direction:</p> <p>H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,</p> $H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$ $H_o = \frac{(-3.243 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $H_o = -0.5164 \text{ kip/ft}$ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(39.765 \text{ kipft}) + ((-3.243 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 6.332 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R} \right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R} \right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,x} = 6.6891 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in x-direction,

Considering z-direction:

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(0.016 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = 0.0025478 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.054 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.016 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.0085987 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_z^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R} \right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R} \right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,z} = 0.94049 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in z-direction,

Minimum embedded depth required:

$L_{e,req}$ - Depth of pile required,

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$$

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(6.6891 \text{ ft}), (0.94049 \text{ ft})]$$

$$L_{e,req} = 6.689 \text{ ft}$$

L_e - Actual embedded length of pile,

$$L_e = L - h_e - h_2$$

$$L_e = (7.25 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$L_e = 7.25 \text{ ft}$$

Ratio - Embedded depth

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(6.689 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.92262$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.920**

End-bearing Capacity (ASD)

A - Pile cross-section area

$$A = b D$$

$$A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$$

q - End-bearing pressure

$$q = \frac{P_v}{A}$$

$$q = \frac{(6.319 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$$

$$q = 0.39494 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check bearing capacity ratio:

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.39494 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.19747$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.200**

Czerniak

Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):

L/D - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,

$$L/D = \frac{L}{D}$$

$$L/D = \frac{(7.25 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$$

$$L/D = 1.8125$$

Since $L/D \leq 10$,

Pile is short.

Considering x-direction:

$H_o = -0.5164 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 6.332 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (6.332 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.5164 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (6.332 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.5164 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.0042 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (6.332 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.5164 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(7.25 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (6.332 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.5164 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.24637 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (6.332 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.5164 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))]}{(7.25 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 1.0182 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(5.0042 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.37531 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.24637 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.37531 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.65644$$

p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 1.0875 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(1.0182 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.0875 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.9363$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.660**

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.940**

Considering z-direction:

$H_o = 0.0025478 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 0.0085987 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.0085987 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.0025478 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.0085987 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.0025478 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.1891 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (0.0085987 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (0.0025478 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(7.25 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (0.0085987 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (0.0025478 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.0018344 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (0.0085987 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((0.0025478 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))]}{(7.25 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.0040716 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(5.1891 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.38918 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.0018344 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.38918 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.0047134$$

p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 1.0875 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.0040716 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.0875 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.003744$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**



Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-5.403 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.86035 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(67.312 \text{ kipft}) + ((-5.403 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 10.718 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(10.718 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.86035 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 12.458 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (10.718 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.86035 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (10.718 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.86035 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = \frac{(-0.86035 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})}{(6 \times (10.718 \text{ kip/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.86035 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.0022 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.86035 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (12.458 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.0022 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (12.458 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.0022 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 12.734 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.86035 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(12.458 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(5.0022 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.25 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (12.458 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.0022 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (12.458 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.0022 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 43.896 \text{ kipft}$$

Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(0.027 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = 0.0042994 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.093 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.027 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.014809 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.014809 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(0.0042994 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 3.4444 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.014809 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.0042994 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.014809 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.0042994 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.1861 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((0.0042994 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (3.4444 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.1861 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] \right. \\ \left. + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (3.4444 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.1861 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.025925 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o \cdot b \cdot L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) \right. \\ \left. - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((0.0042994 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (7.25 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(3.4444 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(5.1861 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.25 \text{ ft})} \right) \right. \\ \left. - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (3.4444 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.1861 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (3.4444 \text{ ft})}{(7.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.1861 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 0.082864 \text{ kipft}$$

Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$ - Concrete strength,

$f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$ - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,

$\phi = 0.65$ - Reduction factor for axial strength,

$\alpha = 0.8$ - Alpha factor for axial strength,

$A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$ - Gross area of concrete,

Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load, $A_{st,required}$

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{(8.964 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -84.298 \text{ in}^2$$

A_{min} - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-84.298 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$$

n_{rebar} - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 14$$

A_{st} - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$$

Table 22.4.2.1

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

| | | |
|---|---|--|
| <p>25.2.3</p> <p>25.7.2.2</p> <p>25.7.2.1</p> | <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = 0.96556$</p> <p>$s_{rebar} = \text{Min spacing of reinforcement,}$</p> $s_{rebar} = \text{Max}[1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$ $s_{rebar} = \text{Max}[1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$ $s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$ <p>Ties:</p> <p>Since longitudinal reinforcement is \leq No. 10ø: Use #3(0.375 in)</p> <p>s_{ties} - Maximum spacing of ties,</p> $s_{ties} = \text{Min}[(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), \text{Min}(D, b)]$ $s_{ties} = \text{Min}[(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), \text{Min}((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]$ $s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$ <p>Summary:</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Main reinforcement: 14 - #5 (0.625 in) Ties: #3(0.375 in) - 10 in</p> | <p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.970</p> |
| <p>22.4.2.2</p> | <p>Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p>ϕP_N - Allowable axial compressive strength</p> $\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st})]$ $\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times [(0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2))]$ $\phi P_N = 2675.2 \text{ kip}$ <p><i>Ratio</i> - Capacity</p> $Ratio = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$ $Ratio = \frac{(8.964 \text{ kip})}{(2675.2 \text{ kip})}$ $Ratio = 0.0033508$ | <p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000</p> |
| <p>22.5.2.2</p> <p>22.5.5.1.3</p> <p>22.5.5.1.1</p> | <p>Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p>Parameters:</p> <p>$b_w = 48 \text{ in}$ - Effective width, d - Effective depth</p> $d = 0.80 D$ $d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})$ $d = 38.4 \text{ in}$ <p>λ_s - size effect modification factor</p> $\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$ $\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$ $\lambda_s = 0.64282$ <p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,</p> <p>$V_{c,max}$ - Max shear strength of concrete</p> $V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ | |

$$V_{c,max} = 296.21 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.1(a) The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $P = 8.964 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 8964 \text{ lbf}$,
 $V_{c,a}$ - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck} + \frac{P}{6 A_g}} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi}) + \frac{(8964 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)}} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 119.68 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{c,b}$ - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck} + (0.05 f'_{ck})} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi}) + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi}))} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 348.89 \text{ kip}$$

V_c - Governing shear strength of concrete

$$V_c = \text{Min}[V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min}[(296.21 \text{ kip}), (119.68 \text{ kip}), (348.89 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 119.68 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{s,a}$ - Shear strength of steel (a)

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{s,a} = 737.28 \text{ kip}$$

A_v - Ties rebar area,

$$A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$$

22.5.8.5.3 $V_{s,b}$ - Shear strength of steel (b)

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yw} d}{s_{ties}}$$

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$$

$$V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$$

V_s - Governing shear strength of steel

$$V_s = \text{MIN}[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$$

$$V_s = \text{MIN}[(737.28 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.1.1 ϕV_n - Allowable shear strength

$$\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$$

$$\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((119.68 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$$

$$\phi V_n = 110.87 \text{ kip}$$

Considering x-direction:

V_{max} = 12.734 kip - Maximum shear force in the x-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(12.734 \text{ kip})}{(110.87 \text{ kip})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.11485$$

Considering z-direction:

$V_{max} = 0.025925 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the z-direction,

$Ratio$ - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.025925 \text{ kip})}{(110.87 \text{ kip})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.00023382$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.110**

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**

Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)

S_m - Section modulus

$$S_m = \frac{b D^2}{6}$$

$$S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$$

$$S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$$

$\lambda = 1$ - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete),

Allowable flexural strength:

M_n shall be the lesser of:

$\phi M_{n,1}$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{(2.5 \text{ ksi})} \times 18432.001 \text{ in}^3$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 249.600 \text{ kipft}$$

14.5.2.1b

$\phi M_{n,2}$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_{ck} \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (18432 \text{ in}^3)$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = 2121.6 \text{ kipft}$$

Therefore,

ϕM_n - Allowable flexural strength,

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$$

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(249.6 \text{ kipft}), (2121.6 \text{ kipft})]$$

$$\phi M_n = 249.6 \text{ kipft}$$

Considering x-direction:

$M_{max} = 43.896 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the x-direction,

$Ratio$ - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(43.896 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.17586$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.180**

Considering z-direction:

$M_{max} = 0.082864 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the z-direction,

$Ratio$ - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.082864 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.00033199$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**