

Your Project Calculations



Project Name: MTSOLAR_1DD7ADJF3JJFB

S3D Model Link:

https://platform.skyciv.com/structural?preload_name=MTSOLAR_1DD7ADJF3JJFB&preload_path=Shared%20Enterprise%20Folder/MT_Solar_Projects/5_2023

Public Model Link:

https://platform.skyciv.com/structural-viewer?project_id=cVIBzZITxzOmi0LOyU5mNHrYDTy05Fet5Rj6XUtr5oxKPj5nE3xEchvnUjOGHbrv

Array Specification

Product:	Beam
Unique ID:	2P-15-6TOP-HD-12-L-4Hx4W-C4LB
Duty Classification:	HD
Module Width:	41.50 in
Module Length:	75.00in
Number of Rows:	4
Number of Columns:	4
Total Number of Modules:	16
Desired Tilt Angle:	40
Front Edge Clearance:	5
Total Array Height at Tilt:	13.95 ft
Total Frame Length:	24.50 ft
Frame Weight:	1278 lbs
Array Dimensions N/S:	14.00 ft
Array Dimensions E/W:	25.33 ft
Rail Length:	168.00 in
Rail Spacing:	3.13 ft
Rail Check:	Not Checked

Support Specifications

Pole Size:	6in Pipe Sch 40
Pole Length above Grade:	9.50 ft
Number of Poles:	2
Pole Spacing:	15 ft

Foundation Specifications

Foundation Type:	Square
Foundation Dimensions:	48 x 48 in
Foundation Depth (below grade):	Pile 1: 5.75 ft Pile 2: 5.75 ft
Foundation Volume:	6.815 y ³
Foundation Result:	PASSED
Mount Twist:	0.386130 kip

Site Info

Risk Category:	I
Exposure:	C
Soil Classification:	sand
Site Location:	1074 Banks Lowman Rd, Garden Valley, ID 83622, USA
Wind Speed:	95 mph
Snow Load:	65.97 psf
Design Uplift Pressure:	Multiple pressures
Design Downforce Pressure:	Multiple pressures
Design Snow Pressure:	0.021763 ksf



Design Disclaimer

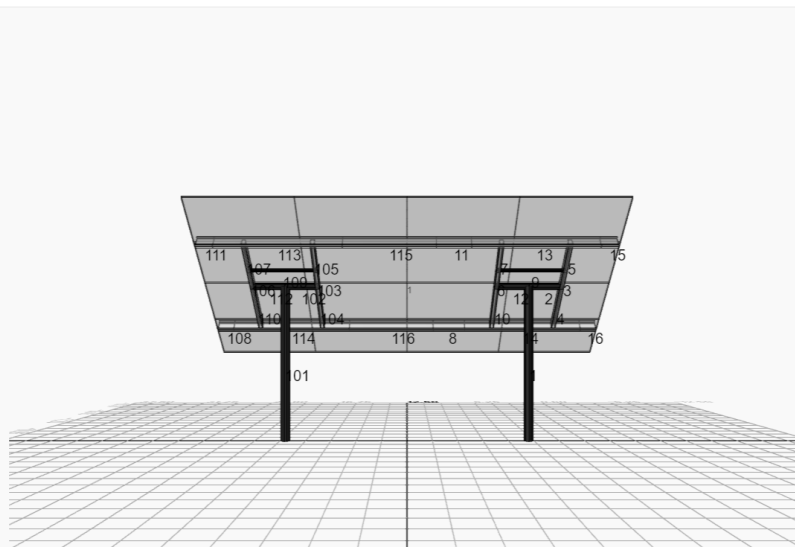
This software should be used for preliminary designs and should not be used as a final design unless reviewed, verified and designed by a qualified structural engineer.

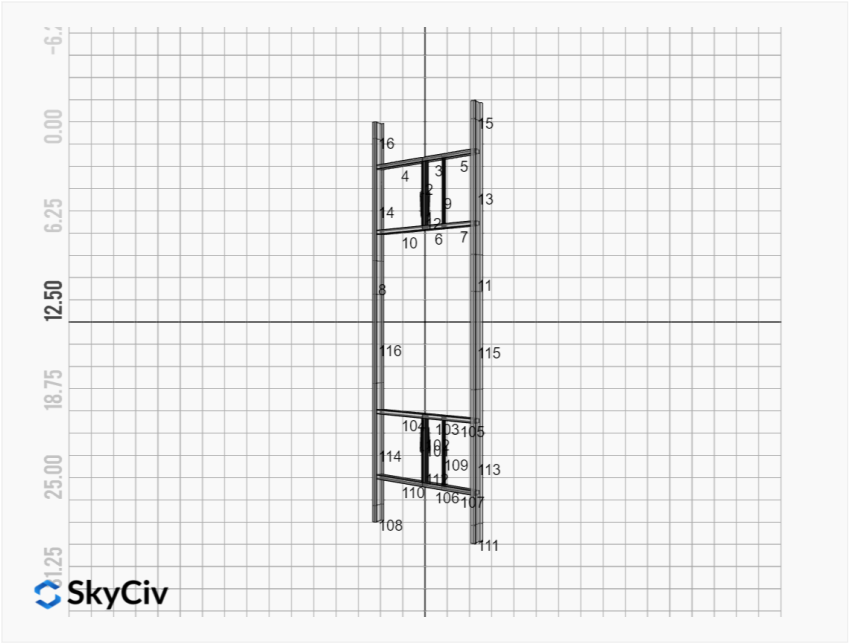
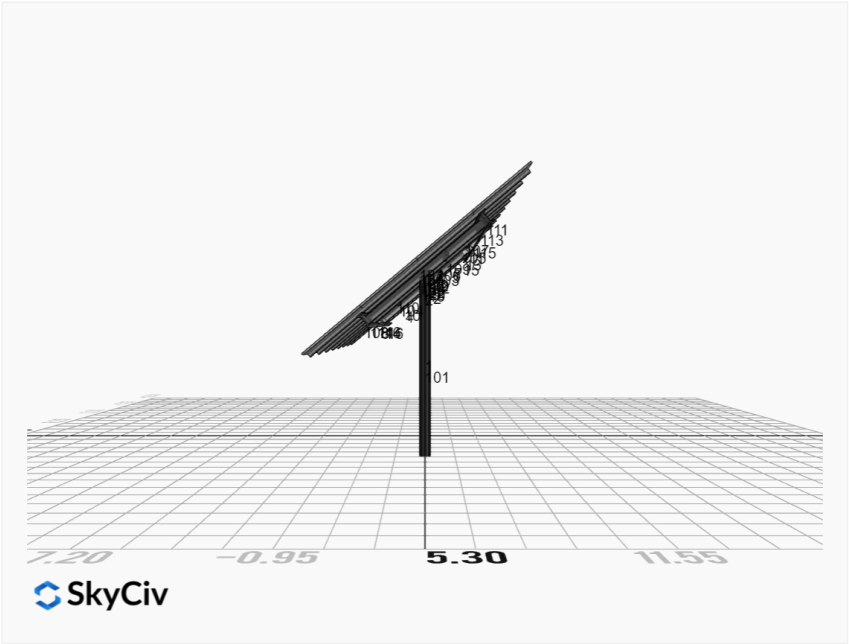
AutoDesigner Input

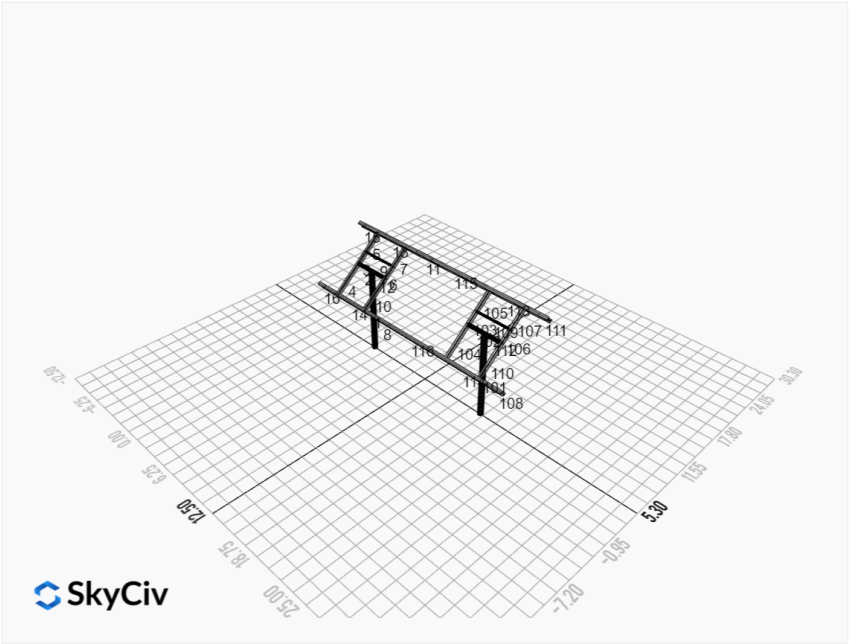
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  "site_address": "1074 Banks Lowman Rd, Garden Valley, ID 83622, USA",
  "module_width": 41.5,
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  "number_rows": 4,
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  "pole_mount_section": "4_40",
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  "core_beam_height": 65,
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  "main_pipe_section": "2_12GA",
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  "tilt_angle": 40,
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  "frame_duty_override": "auto",
  "pole_override": "auto",
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Design Notes:

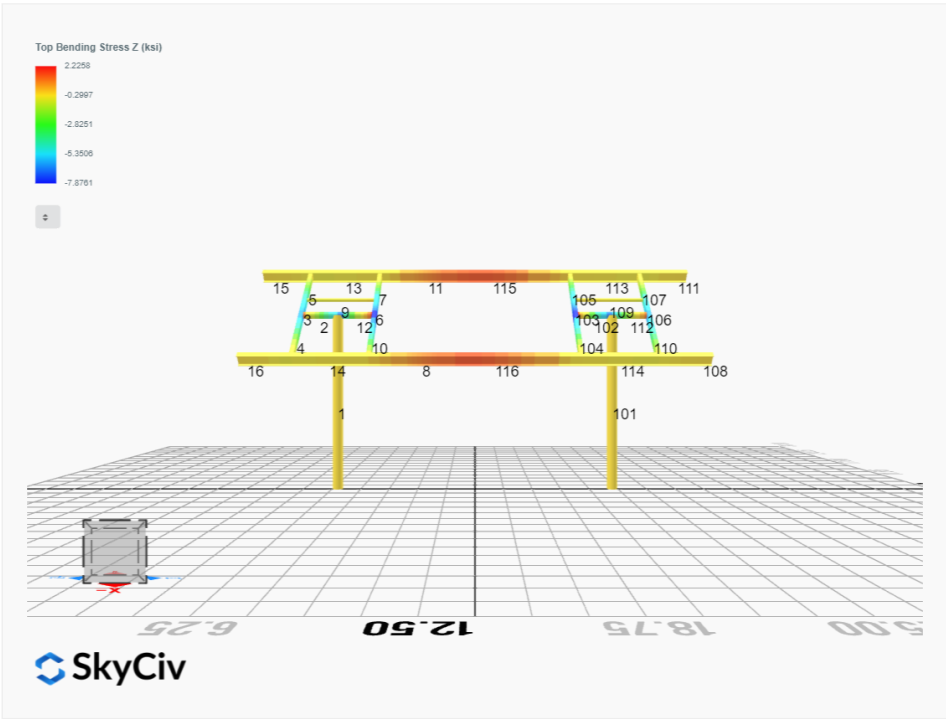
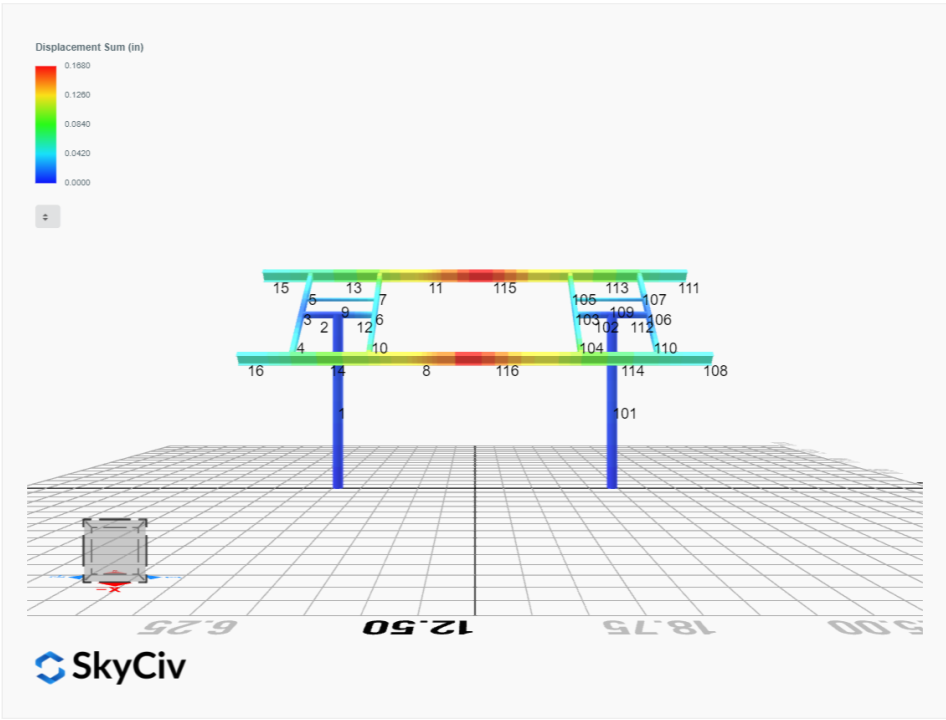
- AISC Deflection checks are set to L/1 due to structure design intent
- Foundation Design and Sizing is approximate only



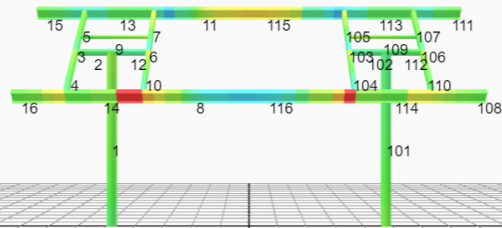




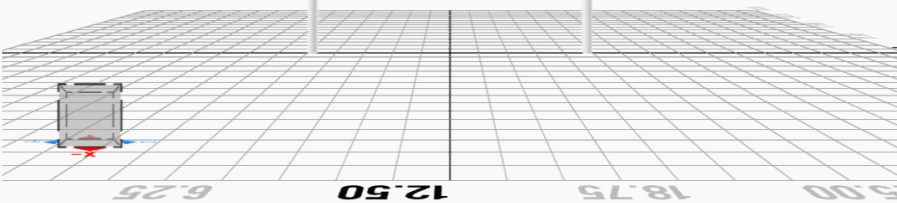
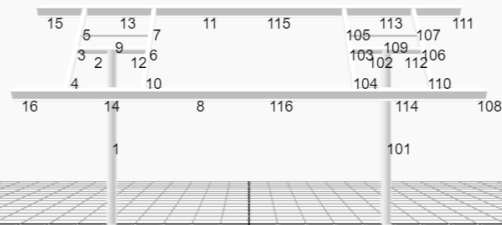
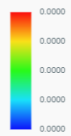
FEM Results (Envelope Worst Case for each member)

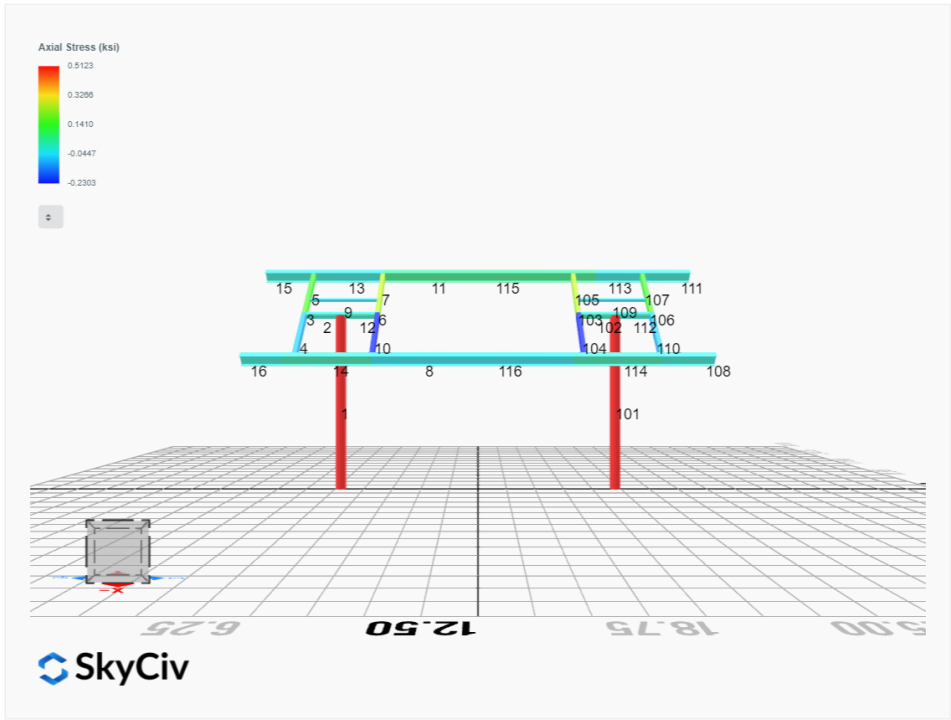


Top Bending Stress Y (ksi)



Shear Stress Y (ksi)





Reaction Forces for Foundation 1 (Node ID#1), (kip, kip-ft)

ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	0.0000	1.4683	0.0364	0.1077	-0.0205	0.0229
ULS: 2. D + L	0.0000	1.4683	0.0364	0.1077	-0.0205	0.0229
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0000	4.3274	0.1338	0.3961	-0.0760	0.0337
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0000	1.4683	0.0364	0.1077	-0.0205	0.0229
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0000	3.6127	0.1094	0.3240	-0.0621	0.0310
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0000	1.4683	0.0364	0.1077	-0.0205	0.0229
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	0.0000	1.4683	0.0364	0.1077	-0.0205	0.0229
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	0.0000	3.6127	0.1094	0.3240	-0.0621	0.0310
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	0.0000	0.8810	0.0219	0.0646	-0.0123	0.0138
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.9168	3.7527	0.1336	0.3854	-0.2218	19.0425
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.9168	3.7527	0.1336	0.3854	-0.2218	19.0425
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	1.5277	-0.3523	-0.0409	-0.1125	0.1399	-14.0960
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	1.2971	-0.0775	-0.0298	-0.0808	0.1168	-16.4172
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.4376	5.3259	0.1823	0.5322	-0.2131	14.2957
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.4376	5.3259	0.1823	0.5322	-0.2131	14.2957
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.1458	2.2472	0.0514	0.1588	0.0582	-10.5582
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.9728	2.4533	0.0598	0.1826	0.0409	-12.2991
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.4376	3.1816	0.1093	0.3160	-0.1715	14.2876
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.4376	3.1816	0.1093	0.3160	-0.1715	14.2876
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.1458	0.1028	-0.0216	-0.0574	0.0998	-10.5662
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.9728	0.3089	-0.0132	-0.0337	0.0825	-12.3072
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.9168	3.1654	0.1191	0.3423	-0.2136	19.0334
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.9168	3.1654	0.1191	0.3423	-0.2136	19.0334
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	1.5277	-0.9397	-0.0555	-0.1555	0.1481	-14.1051
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	1.2971	-0.6648	-0.0443	-0.1239	0.1250	-16.4264

Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	8.2402
Shear X	-3.1947
Shear Z	0.2802
Moment X	0.8234
Moment Y (Twist)	0.3865
Moment Z	32.3335

Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	5.3259
Shear X	-1.9168
Shear Z	0.1823
Moment X	0.5322
Moment Y (Twist)	0.2218
Moment Z	19.0425

Reaction Forces for Foundation 2 (Node ID#101), (kip, kip-ft)

ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	-0.0000	1.4683	-0.0364	-0.1077	0.0205	0.0229
ULS: 2. D + L	-0.0000	1.4683	-0.0364	-0.1077	0.0205	0.0229
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	-0.0000	4.3274	-0.1338	-0.3961	0.0760	0.0337
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	-0.0000	1.4683	-0.0364	-0.1077	0.0205	0.0229
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	-0.0000	3.6127	-0.1094	-0.3240	0.0621	0.0310
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	-0.0000	1.4683	-0.0364	-0.1077	0.0205	0.0229
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	-0.0000	1.4683	-0.0364	-0.1077	0.0205	0.0229

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	-0.0000	3.6127	-0.1094	-0.3240	0.0621	0.0310
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	-0.0000	0.8810	-0.0219	-0.0646	0.0123	0.0138
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.9168	3.7527	-0.1336	-0.3854	0.2218	19.0426
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.9168	3.7527	-0.1336	-0.3854	0.2218	19.0426
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	1.5277	-0.3523	0.0409	0.1125	-0.1399	-14.0960
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	1.2971	-0.0775	0.0298	0.0808	-0.1168	-16.4172
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.4376	5.3259	-0.1823	-0.5322	0.2131	14.2957
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.4376	5.3259	-0.1823	-0.5322	0.2131	14.2957
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.1458	2.2472	-0.0514	-0.1588	-0.0582	-10.5581
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.9728	2.4533	-0.0598	-0.1826	-0.0409	-12.2991
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.4376	3.1816	-0.1093	-0.3160	0.1715	14.2877
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.4376	3.1816	-0.1093	-0.3160	0.1715	14.2877
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.1458	0.1028	0.0216	0.0574	-0.0998	-10.5662
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.9728	0.3089	0.0132	0.0337	-0.0825	-12.3072
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.9168	3.1654	-0.1191	-0.3423	0.2136	19.0334
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.9168	3.1654	-0.1191	-0.3423	0.2136	19.0334
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	1.5277	-0.9397	0.0555	0.1555	-0.1481	-14.1051
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	1.2971	-0.6648	0.0443	0.1239	-0.1250	-16.4264

Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	8.2402
Shear X	-3.1947
Shear Z	-0.2802
Moment X	-0.8234
Moment Y (Twist)	0.3861
Moment Z	32.3343

Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	5.3259
Shear X	-1.9168
Shear Z	-0.1823
Moment X	-0.5322
Moment Y (Twist)	0.2218
Moment Z	19.0426

Project Details

Design Code: AISC 360-16 LRFD
 Provision: LRFD
 Country: United States

User Name: sales@mtsolar.us
 Project Name: MTSOLAR_1DD7ADJF3JJFB
 Unit System: imperial



Design Input Information

Design Factors			
Φ_t	Φ_c	Φ_b	Φ_v
0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9

Design Materials			
ID	E (ksi)	F_y (ksi)	F_u (ksi)
1	29000	50	65

Section Dimensions								
ID	Name	d (in)	t_w (in)					
2	2in Pipe Sch 80	2.38	0.22					
5	4in Pipe Sch 80	4.50	0.34					
7	6in Pipe Sch 40	6.63	0.28					
ID	Name	d (in)	b (in)	t_w (in)	t_b (in)	r (in)		
16	HSS5x3x16	5.00	3.00	0.17	0.17	0.17		
ID	Name	d (in)	t_w (in)	b_t (in)	b_b (in)	t_t (in)	t_b (in)	r (in)
19	W8x10	7.89	0.17	3.94	3.94	0.20	0.20	0.30

Section Properties								
ID	Name	A (in ²)	J (in ⁴)	I_{yp} (in ⁴)	I_{zp} (in ⁴)	I_w (in ⁶)	S_{yp} (in ³)	S_{zp} (in ³)
2	2in Pipe Sch 80	1.48	1.74	0.87	0.87	0.00	1.02	1.02
5	4in Pipe Sch 80	4.41	19.22	9.61	9.61	0.00	5.85	5.85

7	6in Pipe Sch 40	5.58	56.28	28.14	28.14	0.00	11.28	11.28
16	HSS5x3x3/16	2.58	8.64	3.85	8.53	92.39	2.96	4.21
19	W8x10	2.96	0.04	2.09	30.80	30.90	1.66	8.87

Member Properties								
Member ID	Section ID	K _z L (ft)	K _y L (ft)	L _b (ft)	C _b	L S T	L S C	L D
1	7	19.95	19.95	9.50	-	300	200	1
2	5	1.30	1.30	2.00	-	300	200	1
3	16	0.92	0.92	1.42	1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.19,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.16,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.17	300	200	1
4	16	2.44	2.44	3.75	1.70,1.68,1.70,1.67,1.69,1.70,1.67,1.67,1.65,1.71,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.58,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.64,1.76,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.63	300	200	1
5	16	1.52	1.52	2.33	1.69,1.68,1.69,1.67,1.68,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.65,1.65,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66	300	200	1
6	16	0.92	0.92	1.42	1.19,1.19,1.19,1.18,1.19,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.16,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18	300	200	1
7	16	1.52	1.52	2.33	1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.65,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66	300	200	1
8	19	1.33	1.33	2.05	1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.30,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.11,1.17,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.33,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.13	300	200	1
9	2	2.60	2.60	4.00	-	300	200	1
10	16	2.44	2.44	3.75	1.69,1.68,1.69,1.67,1.69,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.65,1.71,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.61,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.64,1.76,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.64	300	200	1
11	19	1.33	1.33	2.05	1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.17,1.16,1.18,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.18,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.18	300	200	1
12	5	4.20	4.20	2.00	-	300	200	1
13	19	4.88	4.00	7.50	1.74,1.77,1.74,1.79,1.76,1.74,1.89,1.89,2.12,2.18,1.90,1.90,1.99,2.07,1.84,1.84,1.68,1.55,1.88,1.88,2.13,2.19,1.91,1.91,1.97,2.04	300	200	1
14	19	4.88	4.00	7.50	1.69,1.73,1.69,1.74,1.71,1.69,1.84,1.84,2.08,2.56,1.85,1.85,1.96,1.66,1.79,1.79,1.62,1.75,1.82,1.82,2.11,2.59,1.86,1.86,1.94,1.67	300	200	1
15	19	2.10	2.10	1.00	2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.32,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33	300	200	1
16	19	2.10	2.10	1.00	2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.32,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.32,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33	300	200	1
101	7	19.95	19.95	9.50	-	300	200	1
102	5	4.20	4.20	2.00	-	300	200	1
103	16	0.92	0.92	1.42	1.19,1.19,1.19,1.18,1.19,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.16,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18	300	200	1
104	16	2.44	2.44	3.75	1.69,1.68,1.69,1.67,1.69,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.65,1.71,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.61,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.64,1.76,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.64	300	200	1
105	16	1.52	1.52	2.33	1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.65,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66	300	200	1
106	16	0.92	0.92	1.42	1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.19,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.16,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.17	300	200	1
107	16	1.52	1.52	2.33	1.69,1.68,1.69,1.67,1.68,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.65,1.65,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66	300	200	1

Member Design Capacity

SkyCiv AutoDesigner Report - MTSOLAR_1DD7ADJF3JJFB
Page 12 of 34

115	133.20	109.71	29.25	6.12	40.24	43.62
116	133.20	109.71	28.70	6.12	40.24	43.62

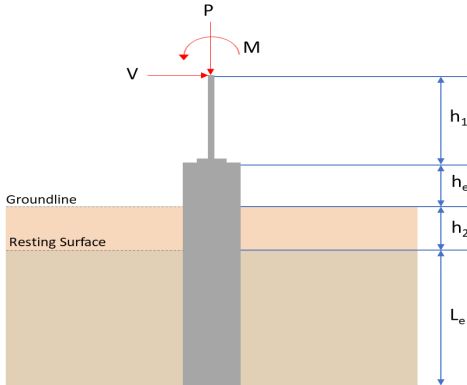
Design Ratio

Member ID	P	M _z	M _y	V _y	V _z	(P,M _z ,M _y)	Worst LC	KL/r	δ	Status
1	0.075	0.764	0.043	0.042	0.004	0.814	#13	0.533	Not Required	Pass
2	0.001	0.245	0.132	0.058	0.027	0.346	#13	0.053	Not Required	Pass
3	0.007	0.403	0.043	0.040	0.012	0.436	#21	0.045	Not Required	Pass
4	0.006	0.380	0.050	0.038	0.011	0.432	#21	0.080	Not Required	Pass
5	0.006	0.250	0.024	0.040	0.004	0.255	#13	0.074	Not Required	Pass
6	0.010	0.473	0.103	0.048	0.032	0.573	#21	0.045	Not Required	Pass
7	0.010	0.293	0.101	0.047	0.024	0.312	#21	0.074	Not Required	Pass
8	0.002	0.109	0.104	0.026	0.013	0.213	#21	0.095	Not Required	Pass
9	0.003	0.034	0.058	0.002	0.003	0.076	#21	0.136	Not Required	Pass
10	0.011	0.450	0.095	0.045	0.022	0.525	#21	0.080	Not Required	Pass
11	0.004	0.114	0.103	0.028	0.013	0.214	#21	0.095	Not Required	Pass
12	0.002	0.329	0.150	0.077	0.028	0.441	#13	0.171	Not Required	Pass
13	0.005	0.064	0.243	0.040	0.019	0.255	#21	0.286	Not Required	Pass
14	0.003	0.062	0.240	0.038	0.019	0.249	#21	0.190	Not Required	Pass
15	0.000	0.004	0.013	0.007	0.004	0.017	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
16	0.000	0.004	0.013	0.007	0.004	0.017	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
101	0.075	0.764	0.043	0.042	0.004	0.814	#13	0.533	Not Required	Pass
102	0.002	0.329	0.150	0.077	0.028	0.441	#13	0.171	Not Required	Pass
103	0.010	0.473	0.103	0.048	0.032	0.573	#21	0.045	Not Required	Pass
104	0.011	0.450	0.095	0.045	0.022	0.525	#21	0.080	Not Required	Pass
105	0.010	0.293	0.101	0.047	0.024	0.312	#21	0.074	Not Required	Pass
106	0.007	0.403	0.043	0.040	0.012	0.436	#21	0.045	Not Required	Pass
107	0.006	0.250	0.024	0.040	0.004	0.255	#13	0.074	Not Required	Pass
108	0.000	0.004	0.013	0.007	0.004	0.017	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
109	0.003	0.034	0.058	0.002	0.003	0.076	#21	0.136	Not Required	Pass
110	0.006	0.380	0.050	0.038	0.011	0.432	#21	0.080	Not Required	Pass
111	0.000	0.004	0.013	0.007	0.004	0.017	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
112	0.001	0.245	0.132	0.058	0.027	0.346	#13	0.053	Not Required	Pass
113	0.005	0.064	0.243	0.040	0.019	0.255	#21	0.190	Not Required	Pass
114	0.003	0.062	0.240	0.038	0.019	0.249	#21	0.286	Not Required	Pass
115	0.004	0.142	0.138	0.028	0.013	0.277	#21	0.253	Not Required	Pass
116	0.002	0.136	0.138	0.026	0.013	0.274	#21	0.253	Not Required	Pass

Definitions

Φ _t	Safety factor for tensile
Φ _c	Safety factor for compression
Φ _b	Safety factor for flexure
Φ _v	Safety factor for shear
E	Modulus of elasticity
F _y	Specified minimum yield stress
F _u	Specified minimum tensile strength
A	Cross-sectional area
J	Torsional constant
I _{yp}	Moment of inertia about the Y axes
I _{zp}	Moment of inertia about the Z axes
I _w	Warping constant
S _{yp}	Plastic section modulus about the Y axis
S _{zp}	Plastic section modulus about the Z axis
KL	Effective length
C _n	Buckling modification factor (from all load combinations)

L_b	Length between braced points
LST	Limited slenderness for tension
LSC	Limited slenderness for compression
LD	Limited deflection
P_n	Nominal axial strength (tension/compression)
M_n	Nominal flexural strength (about Z/Y axis)
V_n	Nominal shear strength (along Z/Y axis)
P	Design ratio in case of axial force
M_z	Design ratio in case of bending about Z axis
M_y	Design ratio in case of bending about Y axis
V_y	Design ratio in case of shear along Y axis
V_z	Design ratio in case of shear along Z axis
(P, M_z , M_y)	Design ratio in case of axial force and bending action
KL/r	Design ratio in case of section slenderness
δ	Design ratio in case of member deflection
OK	Capacity is provided
NG	Capacity is not provided

REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS																										
	SkyCiv Foundation Design Pile Foundation Design Information : Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code) Unit System : Imperial																											
	Pile Input  Geometry Pile shape: rectangular b = 48 in - Pile width D = 48 in - Pile depth L = 5.75 ft - Total pile length h1 = 0 ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile, h2 = 0 ft - Depth to resisting surface he = 0 ft - Length of pile above the ground Tabulation of Soil Parameters <table><tr><th>Layer</th><th>Label</th><th>Allowable Bearing Pressure (qa) (psf)</th><th>Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)</th></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel</td><td>2000.000</td><td>150.000</td></tr></table> Tabulation of Loads <table><tr><th>Load Component</th><th>ASD</th><th>LRFD</th></tr><tr><td>P (kip)</td><td>5.326</td><td>8.240</td></tr><tr><td>Vx (kip)</td><td>-1.917</td><td>-3.195</td></tr><tr><td>Vz (kip)</td><td>0.182</td><td>0.280</td></tr><tr><td>Mx (kipft)</td><td>0.532</td><td>0.823</td></tr><tr><td>Mz (kipft)</td><td>19.043</td><td>32.333</td></tr></table> Material Properties f'ck = 3 ksi - Concrete strength,	Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure (qa) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)	1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000	Load Component	ASD	LRFD	P (kip)	5.326	8.240	Vx (kip)	-1.917	-3.195	Vz (kip)	0.182	0.280	Mx (kipft)	0.532	0.823	Mz (kipft)	19.043	32.333	
Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure (qa) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)																									
1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000																									
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Mx (kipft)	0.532	0.823																										
Mz (kipft)	19.043	32.333																										
	Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD) H - Point of application of the lateral load $H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$ $H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$ $H = 0 \text{ ft}$ Considering x-direction: Ho - Lateral force per length of pile, $H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$ $H_o = \frac{(-1.917 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $H_o = -0.30525 \text{ kip/ft}$ Mo - Moment per length of pile, $M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$																											

	$M_o = \frac{(19.043 \text{ kipft}) + ((-1.917 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $M_o = 3.0323 \text{ kipft/ft}$ Required depth of embedment in earth: $L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$ Solving the cubic equation: $L_{e,x} = 5.2671 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in x-direction, Considering z-direction: H_o - Lateral force per length of pile, $H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$ $H_o = \frac{(0.182 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $H_o = 0.028981 \text{ kip/ft}$ M_o - Moment per length of pile, $M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$ $M_o = \frac{(0.532 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.182 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $M_o = 0.084713 \text{ kipft/ft}$ Required depth of embedment in earth: $L_z^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$ Solving the cubic equation: $L_{e,z} = 2.1964 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in z-direction, Minimum embedded depth required: $L_{e,req}$ - Depth of pile required, $L_{e,req} = MAX[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$ $L_{e,req} = MAX[(5.2671 \text{ ft}), (2.1964 \text{ ft})]$ $L_{e,req} = 5.267 \text{ ft}$ L_e - Actual embedded length of pile, $L_e = L - h_e - h_2$ $L_e = (5.75 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$ $L_e = 5.75 \text{ ft}$ Ratio - Embedded depth $Ratio = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$ $Ratio = \frac{(5.267 \text{ ft})}{(5.75 \text{ ft})}$ $Ratio = 0.916$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.920
	End-bearing Capacity (ASD) A - Pile cross-section area $A = b D$ $A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$ $A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$ q - End-bearing pressure $q = \frac{P_o}{A}$ $q = \frac{(5.326 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$	

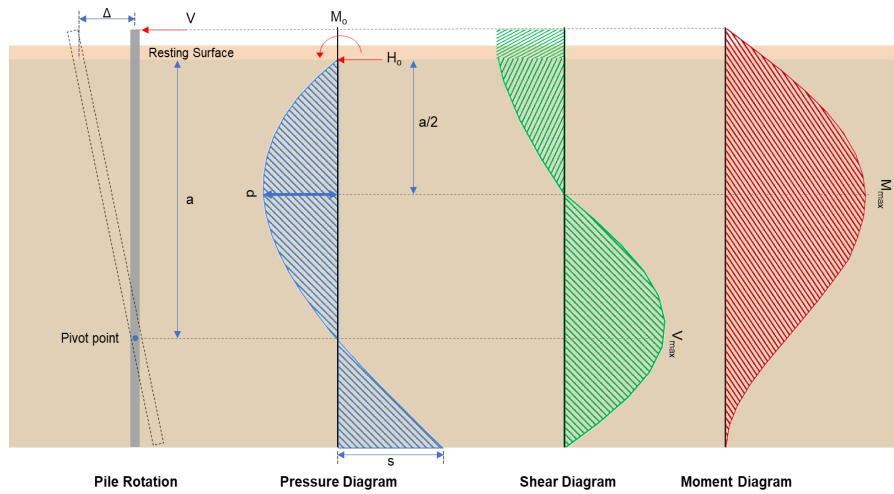
	$q = 0.00201 \text{ kip/ft}$	
	Check bearing capacity ratio: Ratio - Capacity $Ratio = \frac{q}{q_a}$ $Ratio = \frac{(0.33287 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$ $Ratio = 0.16644$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.170
Czerniak	Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD): L/D - Length to least lateral dimension ratio, $L/D = \frac{L}{D}$ $L/D = \frac{(5.75 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$ $L/D = 1.4375$ Since $L/D \leq 10$, Pile is short. Considering x-direction: $H_o = -0.30525 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile, $M_o = 3.0323 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile, a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point, $a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$ $a = \frac{(4 \times (3.0323 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.30525 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (3.0323 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.30525 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft}))}$ $a = 3.9668 \text{ ft}$ p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface, $p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^3 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$ $p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (3.0323 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.30525 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(5.75 \text{ ft})^3 \times [(3 \times (3.0323 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.30525 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft}))]}$ $p = 0.19129 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e, $s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$ $s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (3.0323 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.30525 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft}))]}{(5.75 \text{ ft})^2}$ $s = 0.78205 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ Check lateral soil pressure capacity: p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$, $p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$ $p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(3.9668 \text{ ft})}{2}$ $p_a = 0.29751 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ Ratio - Lateral soil capacity $Ratio = \frac{p}{p_a}$ $Ratio = \frac{(0.19129 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.29751 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $Ratio = 0.64298$ p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e,	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.640

	$p_s = R L_e$ $p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft})$ $p_s = 0.8625 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ Ratio - Lateral soil capacity $\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.78205 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.8625 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.90673$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.910
	Considering z-direction: $H_o = 0.028981 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile, $M_o = 0.084713 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile, a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point, $a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$ $a = \frac{(4 \times (0.084713 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.028981 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.084713 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.028981 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft}))}$ $a = 4.1052 \text{ ft}$ p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface, $p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^3 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$ $p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (0.084713 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (0.028981 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(5.75 \text{ ft})^3 \times [(3 \times (0.084713 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (0.028981 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft}))]}$ $p = 0.027169 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e, $s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$ $s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (0.084713 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((0.028981 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft}))]}{(5.75 \text{ ft})^2}$ $s = 0.060988 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ Check lateral soil pressure capacity: p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$, $p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$ $p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(4.1052 \text{ ft})}{2}$ $p_a = 0.30789 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ Ratio - Lateral soil capacity $\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.027169 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.30789 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.088241$ p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e, $p_s = R L_e$ $p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft})$ $p_s = 0.8625 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ Ratio - Lateral soil capacity $\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.090

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.060988 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.8625 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.07071$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.070**



Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_e}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-3.195 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.50876 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_e + (V_e H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(32.333 \text{ kipft}) + ((-3.195 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 5.1486 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(5.1486 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.50876 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 10.12 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (5.1486 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.50876 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (5.1486 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.50876 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 3.965 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.50876 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (10.12 \text{ ft})}{(5.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.965 \text{ ft})}{(5.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (10.12 \text{ ft})}{(5.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.965 \text{ ft})}{(5.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 7.68 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.50876 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(10.12 \text{ ft})}{(5.75 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(3.965 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5.75 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (10.12 \text{ ft})}{(5.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.965 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (10.12 \text{ ft})}{(5.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.965 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 21.017 \text{ kipft}$$

Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(0.28 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = 0.044586 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.823 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.28 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.13105 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.13105 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(0.044586 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 2.9393 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.13105 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.044586 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.13105 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.044586 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.1045 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((0.044586 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (2.9393 \text{ ft})}{(5.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.1045 \text{ ft})}{(5.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (2.9393 \text{ ft})}{(5.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.1045 \text{ ft})}{(5.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.2801 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o b L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

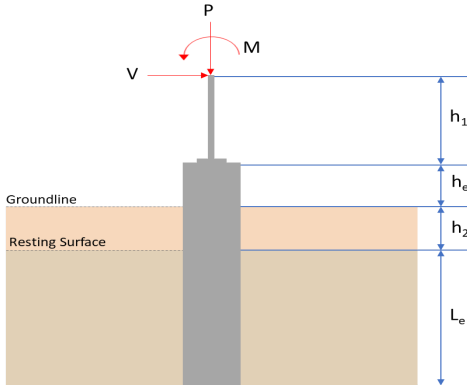
$$M_{max} = ((0.044586 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(2.9393 \text{ ft})}{(5.75 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(4.1045 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5.75 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (2.9393 \text{ ft})}{(5.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.1045 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (2.9393 \text{ ft})}{(5.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.1045 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

		$M_{max} = 0.7138 \text{ kipft}$	
		Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD) Parameters: $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi}$ - Concrete strength, $f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$ - Longitudinal reinforcement strength, $\phi = 0.65$ - Reduction factor for axial strength, $\alpha = 0.8$ - Alpha factor for axial strength, $A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$ - Gross area of concrete, Longitudinal reinforcement: Required reinforcement due to axial load, $A_{st,required}$ $A_{st,required}$ $A_{st,required} = Min \left[\frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$ $A_{st,required} = Min \left[\frac{\frac{(8.24 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (3 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (3 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$ $A_{st,required} = -101.99 \text{ in}^2$ A_{min} - Governing minimum reinforcement area, $A_{min} = Max [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$ $A_{min} = Max [(-101.99 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$ $A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$ n_{rebar} - Required number of reinforcement, $n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$ $n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$ $n_{rebar} = 14$ A_{st} - Actual total reinforcement area, $A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$ $A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$ $A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$ $Ratio$ - Capacity $Ratio = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$ $Ratio = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$ $Ratio = 0.96556$ 25.2.3 s_{rebar} - Minimum spacing of reinforcement, $s_{rebar} = Max [1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$ $s_{rebar} = Max [1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$ $s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$ Ties: Since longitudinal reinforcement is $\leq \text{No. } 10\phi$: Use #3(0.375 in) 25.7.2.2 25.7.2.1 s_{ties} - Maximum spacing of ties, $s_{ties} = Min [(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), Min (D, b)]$ $s_{ties} = Min [(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), Min ((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]$ $s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$ Summary: Main reinforcement: 14 - #5 (0.625 in) Status: PASS Ratio: 0.970	

		Ties: #3(0.375 in) - 10 in			
22.4.2.2		Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD) ϕP_N - Allowable axial compressive strength $\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 \left[\left(0.85 f'_{ck} \left[A_g - A_{st} \right] \right) + \left(f_{yk} A_{st} \right) \right]$ $\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times \left[\left(0.85 \times (3 \text{ ksi}) \times \left[(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2) \right] \right) + \left((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2) \right) \right]$ $\phi P_N = 3183.4 \text{ kip}$ <i>Ratio</i> - Capacity $Ratio = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$ $Ratio = \frac{(8.24 \text{ kip})}{(3183.4 \text{ kip})}$ $Ratio = 0.0025884$			
				Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000	
22.5.2.2		Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD) Parameters: $b_w = 48 \text{ in}$ - Effective width, d - Effective depth $d = 0.80 D$ $d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})$ $d = 38.4 \text{ in}$			
22.5.5.1.3		λ_s - size effect modification factor $\lambda_s = MIN \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$ $\lambda_s = MIN \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$ $\lambda_s = 0.64282$			
22.5.5.1.1		The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$, $V_{c,max}$ - Max shear strength of concrete $V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ $V_{c,max} = 324.49 \text{ kip}$			
22.5.5.1.1(a)		The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$, $P = 8.24 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 8240 \text{ lbf}$, $V_{c,a}$ - Shear strength of concrete (a) $V_{c,a} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + \frac{P}{6 A_g} \right] b_w d$ $V_{c,a} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} + \frac{(8240 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ $V_{c,a} = 130.89 \text{ kip}$			
22.5.5.1.2		The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$, $V_{c,b}$ - Shear strength of concrete (b) $V_{c,b} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + (0.05 f'_{ck}) \right] b_w d$ $V_{c,b} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} + (0.05 \times (3000 \text{ psi})) \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ $V_{c,b} = 406.27 \text{ kip}$ V_c - Governing shear strength of concrete $V_c = Min [V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$ $V_c = Min [(324.49 \text{ kip}), (130.89 \text{ kip}), (406.27 \text{ kip})]$ $V_c = 130.89 \text{ kip}$			

22.5.1.2 22.5.8.5.3 22.5.1.1	The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$, $V_{s,a}$ - Shear strength of steel (a) $V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ $V_{s,a} = 807.65 \text{ kip}$ A_v - Ties rebar area, $A_v = \frac{\pi d_{tes}^2}{4}$ $A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$ $A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$ $V_{s,b}$ - Shear strength of steel (b) $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{ysk} d}{s_{ties}}$ $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$ $V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ V_s - Governing shear strength of steel $V_s = MIN[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$ $V_s = MIN[(807.65 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$ $V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ ϕV_n - Allowable shear strength $\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$ $\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((130.89 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$ $\phi V_n = 118.16 \text{ kip}$ Considering x-direction: $V_{max} = 7.68 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the x-direction, $Ratio$ - Capacity $Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $Ratio = \frac{(7.68 \text{ kip})}{(118.16 \text{ kip})}$ $Ratio = 0.064996$ Considering z-direction: $V_{max} = 0.2801 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the z-direction, $Ratio$ - Capacity $Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $Ratio = \frac{(0.2801 \text{ kip})}{(118.16 \text{ kip})}$ $Ratio = 0.0023705$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.060 Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000
	Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD) S_m - Section modulus $S_m = \frac{b D^3}{6}$ $S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$ $S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$	

14.5.2.1b	$\lambda = 1$ - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete), Allowable flexural strength: M_n shall be the lesser of: $\phi M_{n,1}$ $\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{3 \text{ ksi}} \times 18432.001 \text{ in}^3$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 273.423 \text{ kipft}$ $\phi M_{n,2}$ $\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_c \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (3 \text{ ksi}) \times (18432 \text{ in}^3)$ $\phi M_{n,2} = 2545.9 \text{ kipft}$ Therefore, ϕM_n - Allowable flexural strength, $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$ $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(273.42 \text{ kipft}), (2545.9 \text{ kipft})]$ $\phi M_n = 273.42 \text{ kipft}$ Considering x-direction: $M_{max} = 21.017 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the x-direction, Ratio - Capacity $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(21.017 \text{ kipft})}{(273.42 \text{ kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.076868$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.080
	Considering z-direction: $M_{max} = 0.7138 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the z-direction, Ratio - Capacity $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.7138 \text{ kipft})}{(273.42 \text{ kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.0026106$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000

REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS																										
	SkyCiv Foundation Design Pile Foundation Design Information : Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code) Unit System : Imperial																											
	Pile Input  Geometry Pile shape: rectangular b = 48 in - Pile width D = 48 in - Pile depth L = 5.75 ft - Total pile length h1 = 0 ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile, h2 = 0 ft - Depth to resisting surface he = 0 ft - Length of pile above the ground Tabulation of Soil Parameters <table><thead><tr><th>Layer</th><th>Label</th><th>Allowable Bearing Pressure (qa) (psf)</th><th>Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>1</td><td>Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel</td><td>2000.000</td><td>150.000</td></tr></tbody></table> Tabulation of Loads <table><thead><tr><th>Load Component</th><th>ASD</th><th>LRFD</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>P (kip)</td><td>5.326</td><td>8.240</td></tr><tr><td>Vx (kip)</td><td>-1.917</td><td>-3.195</td></tr><tr><td>Vz (kip)</td><td>-0.182</td><td>-0.280</td></tr><tr><td>Mx (kipft)</td><td>-0.532</td><td>-0.823</td></tr><tr><td>Mz (kipft)</td><td>19.043</td><td>32.334</td></tr></tbody></table> Material Properties f'ck = 3 ksi - Concrete strength,	Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure (qa) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)	1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000	Load Component	ASD	LRFD	P (kip)	5.326	8.240	Vx (kip)	-1.917	-3.195	Vz (kip)	-0.182	-0.280	Mx (kipft)	-0.532	-0.823	Mz (kipft)	19.043	32.334	
Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure (qa) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)																									
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Mx (kipft)	-0.532	-0.823																										
Mz (kipft)	19.043	32.334																										
	Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD) H - Point of application of the lateral load $H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$ $H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$ $H = 0 \text{ ft}$ Considering x-direction: Ho - Lateral force per length of pile, $H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$ $H_o = \frac{(-1.917 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $H_o = -0.30525 \text{ kip/ft}$ Mo - Moment per length of pile, $M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$																											

	$M_o = \frac{(19.043 \text{ kipft}) + ((-1.917 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $M_o = 3.0323 \text{ kipft/ft}$ Required depth of embedment in earth: $L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$ Solving the cubic equation: $L_{e,x} = 5.2671 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in x-direction, Considering z-direction: H_o - Lateral force per length of pile, $H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$ $H_o = \frac{(-0.182 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $H_o = -0.028981 \text{ kip/ft}$ M_o - Moment per length of pile, $M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$ $M_o = \frac{(0.532 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.182 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $M_o = 0.084713 \text{ kipft/ft}$ Required depth of embedment in earth: $L_z^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$ Solving the cubic equation: $L_{e,z} = 1.5892 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in z-direction, Minimum embedded depth required: $L_{e,req}$ - Depth of pile required, $L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$ $L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(5.2671 \text{ ft}), (1.5892 \text{ ft})]$ $L_{e,req} = 5.267 \text{ ft}$ L_e - Actual embedded length of pile, $L_e = L - h_e - h_2$ $L_e = (5.75 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$ $L_e = 5.75 \text{ ft}$ Ratio - Embedded depth $\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(5.267 \text{ ft})}{(5.75 \text{ ft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.916$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.920
	End-bearing Capacity (ASD) A - Pile cross-section area $A = b D$ $A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$ $A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$ q - End-bearing pressure $q = \frac{P_o}{A}$ $q = \frac{(5.326 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$	

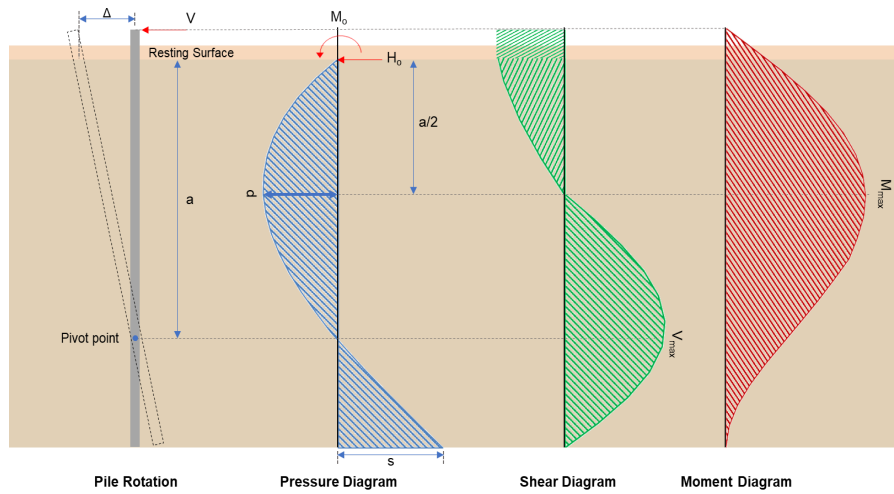
	$q = 0.33287 \text{ kip/ft}^2$	
	Check bearing capacity ratio: Ratio - Capacity $Ratio = \frac{q}{q_a}$ $Ratio = \frac{(0.33287 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$ $Ratio = 0.16644$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.170
Czerniak	Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD): L/D - Length to least lateral dimension ratio, $L/D = \frac{L}{D}$ $L/D = \frac{(5.75 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$ $L/D = 1.4375$ Since $L/D \leq 10$, Pile is short. Considering x-direction: $H_o = -0.30525 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile, $M_o = 3.0323 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile, a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point, $a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$ $a = \frac{(4 \times (3.0323 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.30525 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (3.0323 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.30525 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft}))}$ $a = 3.9668 \text{ ft}$ p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface, $p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^3 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$ $p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (3.0323 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.30525 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(5.75 \text{ ft})^3 \times [(3 \times (3.0323 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.30525 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft}))]}$ $p = 0.19129 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e, $s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$ $s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (3.0323 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.30525 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft}))]}{(5.75 \text{ ft})^2}$ $s = 0.78205 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ Check lateral soil pressure capacity: p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$, $p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$ $p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(3.9668 \text{ ft})}{2}$ $p_a = 0.29751 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ Ratio - Lateral soil capacity $Ratio = \frac{p}{p_a}$ $Ratio = \frac{(0.19129 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.29751 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $Ratio = 0.64298$ p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e,	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.640

	$p_s = R L_e$ $p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft})$ $p_s = 0.8625 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ Ratio - Lateral soil capacity $Ratio = \frac{s}{p_s}$ $Ratio = \frac{(0.78205 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.8625 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $Ratio = 0.90673$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.910
	Considering z-direction: $H_o = -0.028981 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile, $M_o = 0.084713 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile, a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point, $a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$ $a = \frac{(4 \times (0.084713 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.028981 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.084713 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.028981 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft}))}$ $a = 4.1052 \text{ ft}$ p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface, $p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^3 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$ $p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (0.084713 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.028981 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(5.75 \text{ ft})^3 \times [(3 \times (0.084713 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.028981 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft}))]}$ $p = -0.007436 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e, $s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$ $s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (0.084713 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.028981 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft}))]}{(5.75 \text{ ft})^2}$ $s = 0.0005057 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ Check lateral soil pressure capacity: p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$, $p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$ $p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(4.1052 \text{ ft})}{2}$ $p_a = 0.30789 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ Ratio - Lateral soil capacity $Ratio = \frac{p}{p_a}$ $Ratio = \frac{(-0.007436 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.30789 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $Ratio = -0.024152$ p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e, $p_s = R L_e$ $p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft})$ $p_s = 0.8625 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ Ratio - Lateral soil capacity $Ratio = \frac{s}{p_s}$	Status: PASS Ratio: -0.020

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.0005057 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.8625 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.00058632$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**



Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_e}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-3.195 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.50876 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_e + (V_e H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(32.334 \text{ kipft}) + ((-3.195 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 5.1487 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(5.1487 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.50876 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 10.12 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (5.1487 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.50876 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (5.1487 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.50876 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 3.965 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.50876 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (10.12 \text{ ft})}{(5.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.965 \text{ ft})}{(5.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (10.12 \text{ ft})}{(5.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.965 \text{ ft})}{(5.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 7.6802 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.50876 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(10.12 \text{ ft})}{(5.75 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(3.965 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5.75 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (10.12 \text{ ft})}{(5.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.965 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (10.12 \text{ ft})}{(5.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.965 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 21.018 \text{ kipft}$$

Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.28 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.044586 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.823 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.28 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.13105 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.13105 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.044586 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 2.9393 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.13105 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.044586 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.13105 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.044586 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.1045 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.044586 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (2.9393 \text{ ft})}{(5.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.1045 \text{ ft})}{(5.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (2.9393 \text{ ft})}{(5.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.1045 \text{ ft})}{(5.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.2801 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o b L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.044586 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(2.9393 \text{ ft})}{(5.75 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(4.1045 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5.75 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (2.9393 \text{ ft})}{(5.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.1045 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (2.9393 \text{ ft})}{(5.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.1045 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

		$M_{max} = 0.7138 \text{ kipft}$	
		Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD) Parameters: $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi}$ - Concrete strength, $f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$ - Longitudinal reinforcement strength, $\phi = 0.65$ - Reduction factor for axial strength, $\alpha = 0.8$ - Alpha factor for axial strength, $A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$ - Gross area of concrete, Longitudinal reinforcement: Required reinforcement due to axial load, $A_{st,required}$ $A_{st,required}$ $A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$ $A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{(8.24 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (3 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (3 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$ $A_{st,required} = -101.99 \text{ in}^2$ A_{min} - Governing minimum reinforcement area, $A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$ $A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-101.99 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$ $A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$ n_{rebar} - Required number of reinforcement, $n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$ $n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$ $n_{rebar} = 14$ A_{st} - Actual total reinforcement area, $A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$ $A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$ $A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$ Ratio - Capacity $\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.96556$ 25.2.3 s_{rebar} - Minimum spacing of reinforcement, $s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$ $s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$ $s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$ Ties: 25.7.2.2 Since longitudinal reinforcement is $\leq \text{No. } 10\phi$: Use #3(0.375 in) 25.7.2.1 s_{ties} - Maximum spacing of ties, $s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), \text{Min}(D, b)]$ $s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), \text{Min}((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]$ $s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$ Summary: Main reinforcement: 14 - #5 (0.625 in)	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.970

	Ties: #3(0.375 in) - 10 in	
22.4.2.2	Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD) ϕP_N - Allowable axial compressive strength $\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 \left[(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st}) \right]$ $\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times \left[(0.85 \times (3 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$ $\phi P_N = 3183.4 \text{ kip}$ Ratio - Capacity $\text{Ratio} = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(8.24 \text{ kip})}{(3183.4 \text{ kip})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.0025884$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000
22.5.2.2	Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD) Parameters: $b_w = 48 \text{ in}$ - Effective width, d - Effective depth $d = 0.80 D$ $d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})$ $d = 38.4 \text{ in}$	
22.5.5.1.3	λ_s - size effect modification factor $\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$ $\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$ $\lambda_s = 0.64282$	
22.5.5.1.1	The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$, $V_{c,max}$ - Max shear strength of concrete $V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ $V_{c,max} = 324.49 \text{ kip}$	
22.5.5.1.1(a)	The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$, $P = 8.24 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 8240 \text{ lbf}$, $V_{c,a}$ - Shear strength of concrete (a) $V_{c,a} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + \frac{P}{6 A_g} \right] b_w d$ $V_{c,a} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} + \frac{(8240 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ $V_{c,a} = 130.89 \text{ kip}$	
22.5.5.1.2	The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$, $V_{c,b}$ - Shear strength of concrete (b) $V_{c,b} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + (0.05 f'_{ck}) \right] b_w d$ $V_{c,b} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} + (0.05 \times (3000 \text{ psi})) \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ $V_{c,b} = 406.27 \text{ kip}$ V_c - Governing shear strength of concrete $V_c = \text{Min} [V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$ $V_c = \text{Min} [(324.49 \text{ kip}), (130.89 \text{ kip}), (406.27 \text{ kip})]$ $V_c = 130.89 \text{ kip}$	

22.5.1.2 22.5.8.5.3 22.5.1.1	The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$, $V_{s,a}$ - Shear strength of steel (a) $V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ $V_{s,a} = 807.65 \text{ kip}$ A_v - Ties rebar area, $A_v = \frac{\pi d_{tes}^2}{4}$ $A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$ $A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$ $V_{s,b}$ - Shear strength of steel (b) $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{ysk} d}{s_{ties}}$ $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$ $V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ V_s - Governing shear strength of steel $V_s = MIN[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$ $V_s = MIN[(807.65 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$ $V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ ϕV_n - Allowable shear strength $\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$ $\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((130.89 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$ $\phi V_n = 118.16 \text{ kip}$ Considering x-direction: $V_{max} = 7.6802 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the x-direction, $Ratio$ - Capacity $Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $Ratio = \frac{(7.6802 \text{ kip})}{(118.16 \text{ kip})}$ $Ratio = 0.064998$ Considering z-direction: $V_{max} = 0.2801 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the z-direction, $Ratio$ - Capacity $Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $Ratio = \frac{(0.2801 \text{ kip})}{(118.16 \text{ kip})}$ $Ratio = 0.0023705$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.060 Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000
	Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD) S_m - Section modulus $S_m = \frac{b D^3}{6}$ $S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$ $S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$	

14.5.2.1b	$\lambda = 1$ - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete), Allowable flexural strength: M_n shall be the lesser of: $\phi M_{n,1}$ $\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{3 \text{ ksi}} \times 18432.001 \text{ in}^3$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 273.423 \text{ kipft}$ $\phi M_{n,2}$ $\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_c \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (3 \text{ ksi}) \times (18432 \text{ in}^3)$ $\phi M_{n,2} = 2545.9 \text{ kipft}$ Therefore, ϕM_n - Allowable flexural strength, $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$ $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(273.42 \text{ kipft}), (2545.9 \text{ kipft})]$ $\phi M_n = 273.42 \text{ kipft}$ Considering x-direction: $M_{max} = 21.018 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the x-direction, Ratio - Capacity $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(21.018 \text{ kipft})}{(273.42 \text{ kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.07687$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.080
	Considering z-direction: $M_{max} = 0.7138 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the z-direction, Ratio - Capacity $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.7138 \text{ kipft})}{(273.42 \text{ kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.0026106$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000