

## Project Details



**Project Name:** Boat Pad - 4x4 - V1Jb

**Date:** Tue Aug 27 2024

**Location:** Miami, FL, USA

**Number of Modules:** 16

**Unique ID:** 2P-15-6TOP-SD-45-L-4Hx4W-G4J2

**Number of Poles:** 2

**Dealer:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Date Sold:** \_\_\_\_\_



<b>Array Dimensions N/S</b>	15.17 ft
<b>Array Dimensions E/W</b>	30.00 ft
<b>Winter Tilt Angle</b>	5
<b>Front Edge Clearance</b>	13 ft

### MT Solar Bill of Materials (2P-15-6TOP-SD-45-L-4Hx4W-G4J2)

Part	Short Description	BOM Qty
MTS-PC-6	6IN Pole Cap Assembly	2
MTS-HF-SD	H-Frame Assembly-SD	2
MTS-SD-Wing-45	45IN SD Wing	4
MTS-SD-Splice-90	90IN SD Splice	2
MTS-CLAMP-HOOK-4PK	Hook Clamp	4

### Rail Bill of Materials

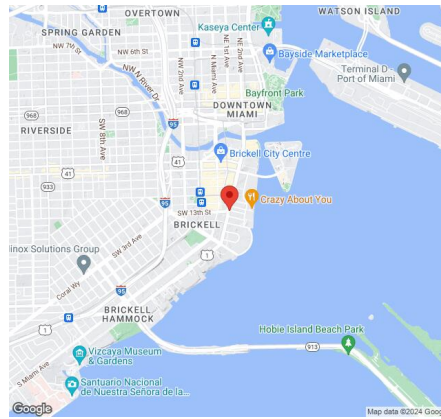
Part	Qty
Rails (180in)	8
Rail Attachment	16
Module Mid Clamp	24
Module End Clamp	16



Part	Qty
Ground Lug	4



## Site Details:



**Site Address:** Miami, FL, USA

### Array Specification

<b>Duty Classification:</b>	SD
<b>Module Width:</b>	45.00 in
<b>Module Length:</b>	89.00in
<b>Number of Rows:</b>	4
<b>Number of Columns:</b>	4
<b>Total Number of Modules:</b>	16
<b>Winter Tilt Angle:</b>	5
<b>Front Edge Clearance:</b>	13
<b>Total Array Height at Tilt:</b>	14.32 ft
<b>Total Frame Length:</b>	30.00 ft
<b>Frame Weight:</b>	1704 lbs
<b>Array Dimensions N/S:</b>	15.17 ft
<b>Array Dimensions E/W:</b>	30.00 ft
<b>Rail Length:</b>	182.00 in
<b>Rail Spacing:</b>	3.75 ft

### Support Specifications

<b>Pole Size:</b>	6in Pipe Sch 40
<b>Pole Length above Grade:</b>	13.66 ft
<b>Number of Poles:</b>	2
<b>Pole Spacing:</b>	15 ft

### Foundation Specifications

<b>Foundation Type:</b>	Square
<b>Foundation Dimensions:</b>	48 x 48 in
<b>Foundation Depth (below grade):</b>	Pile 1: 5.00 ft Pile 2: 5.00 ft
<b>Foundation Volume:</b>	5.926 y <sup>3</sup>

### Site Info

<b>Risk Category:</b>	I
<b>Exposure:</b>	B
<b>Soil Classification:</b>	sand
<b>Site Location:</b>	Miami, FL, USA
<b>Wind Speed:</b>	156 mph
<b>Snow Load:</b>	0 psf



### **Design Disclaimer**

This software should be used for preliminary designs and should not be used as a final design unless reviewed, verified and designed by a qualified structural engineer.

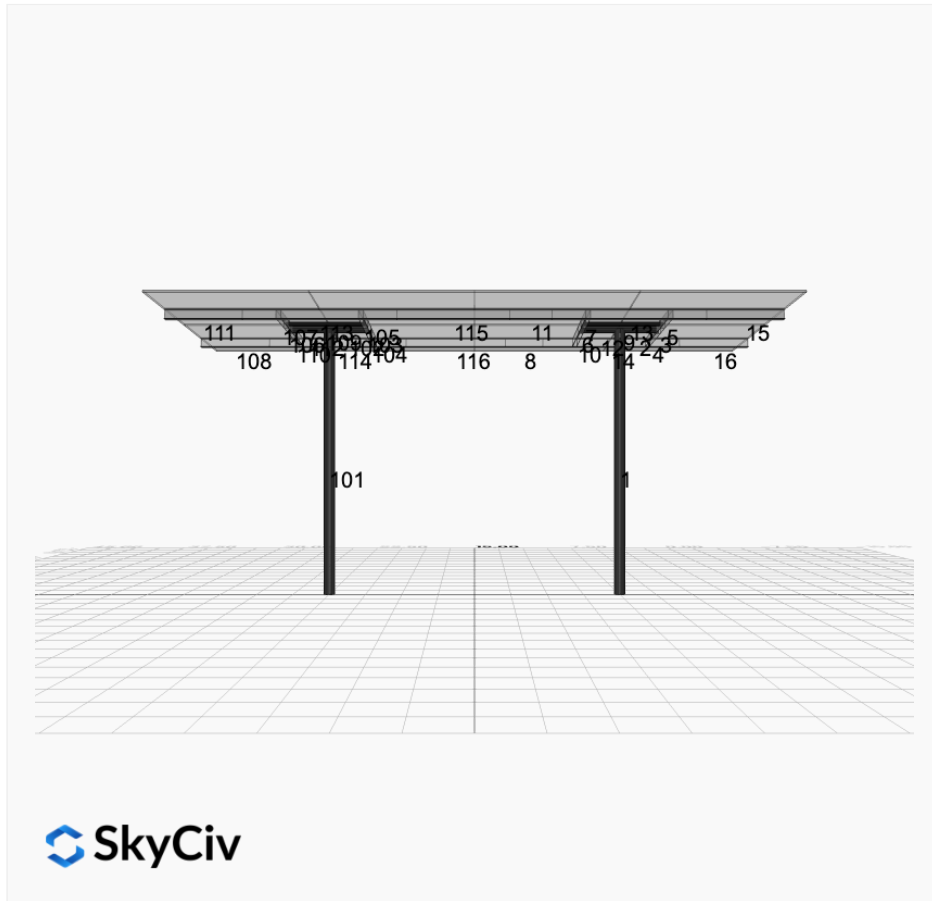


## AutoDesigner Input

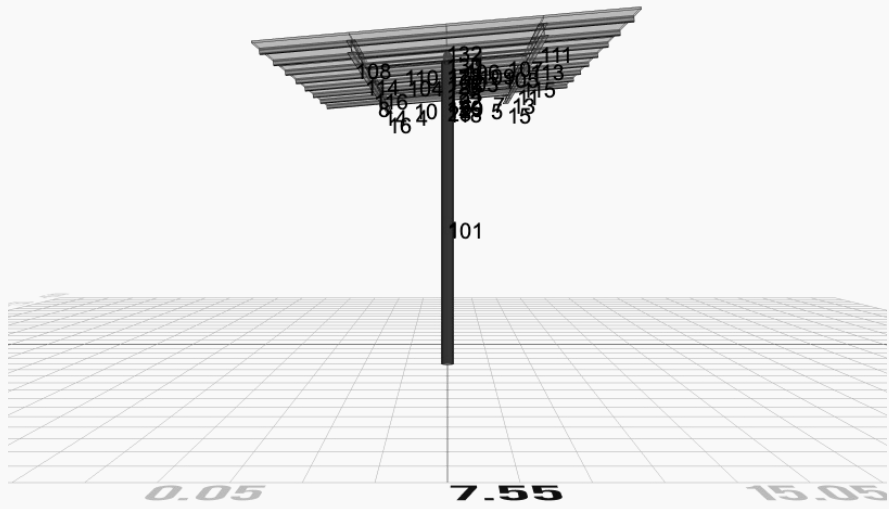
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### Design Notes:

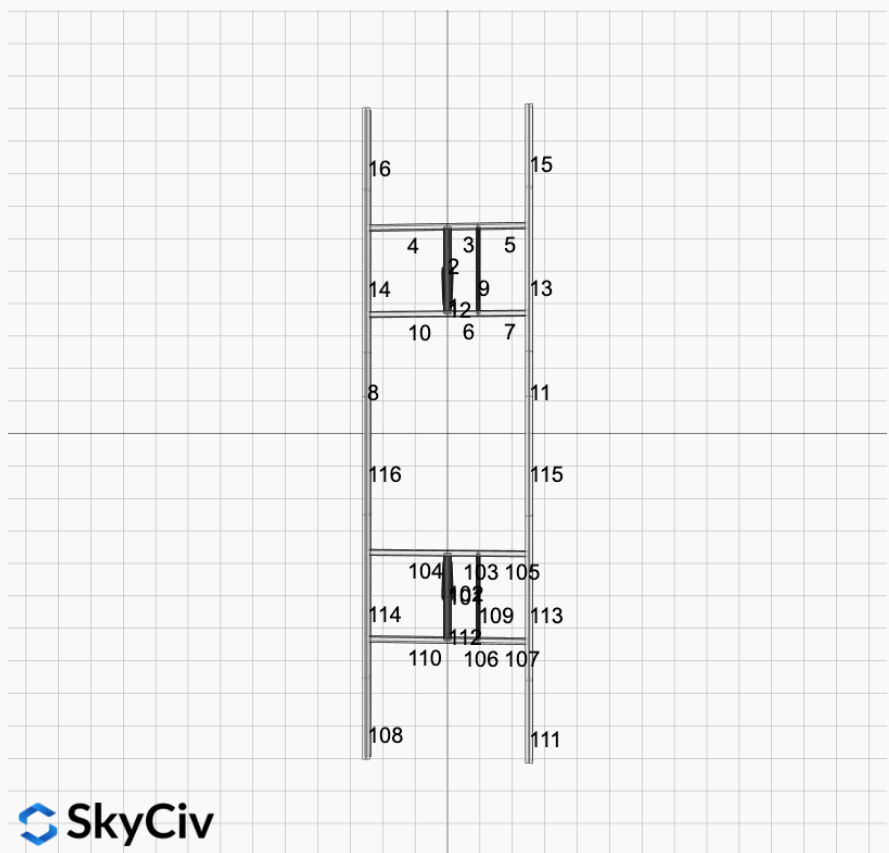
- AISC Deflection checks are set to L/1 due to structure design intent
- Foundation Soil Parameters used in this Autodesign are all estimates, proper geotechnical reports are required to confirm soil profiles
- Wind speeds, snow loads and other site specific results are based on ASCE 7 2016
- Steel frame design checks are based on AISC 360 2016 (LRFD)





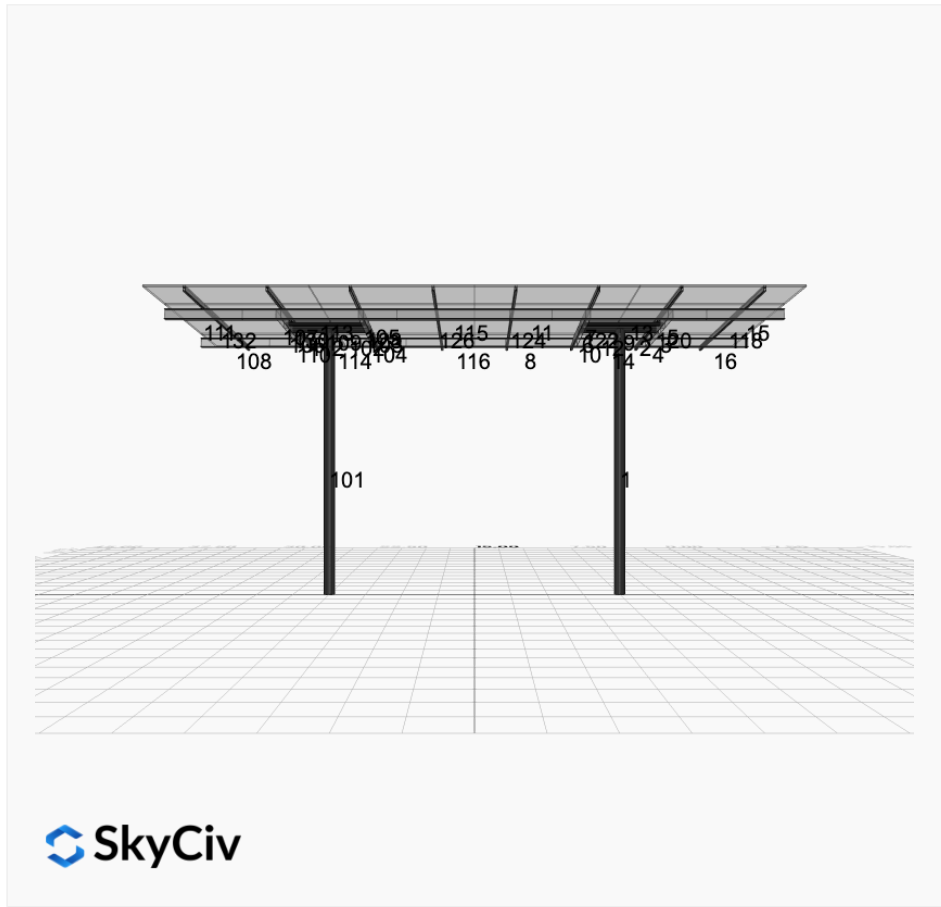
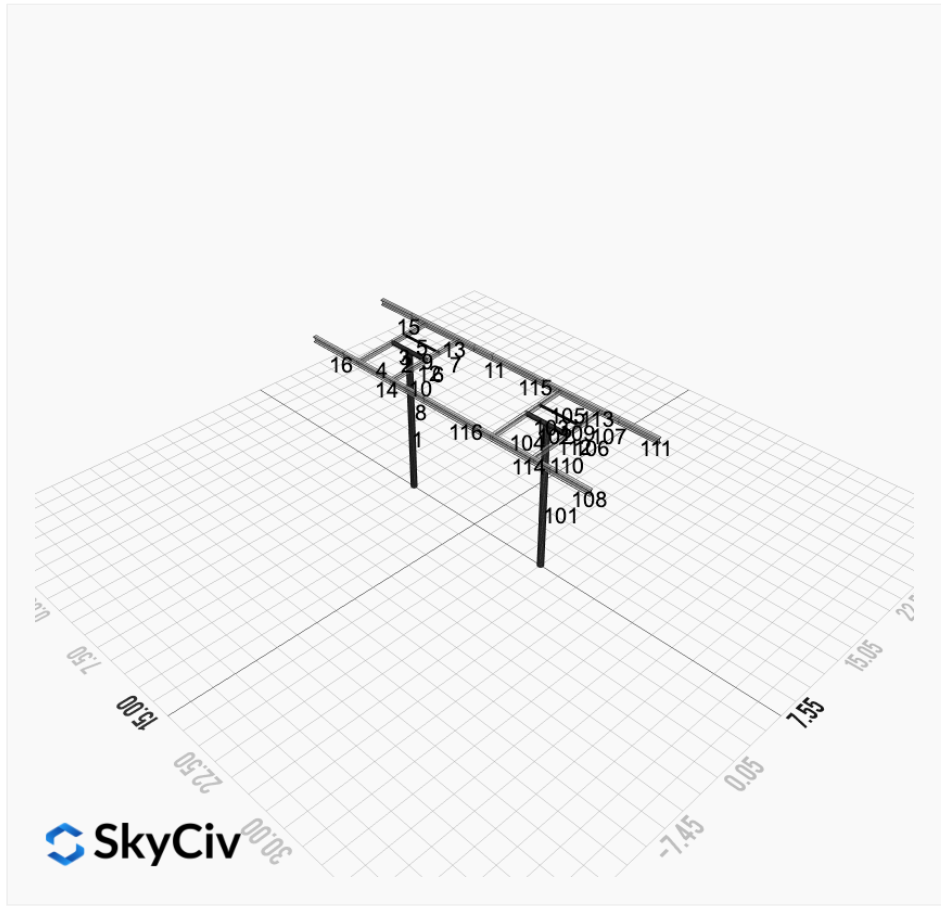


SkyCiv



SkyCiv

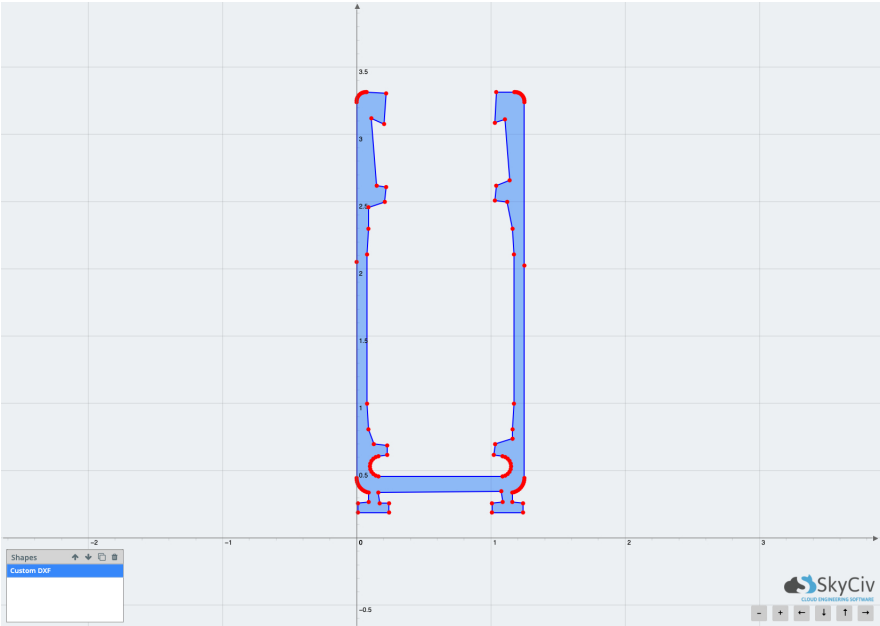






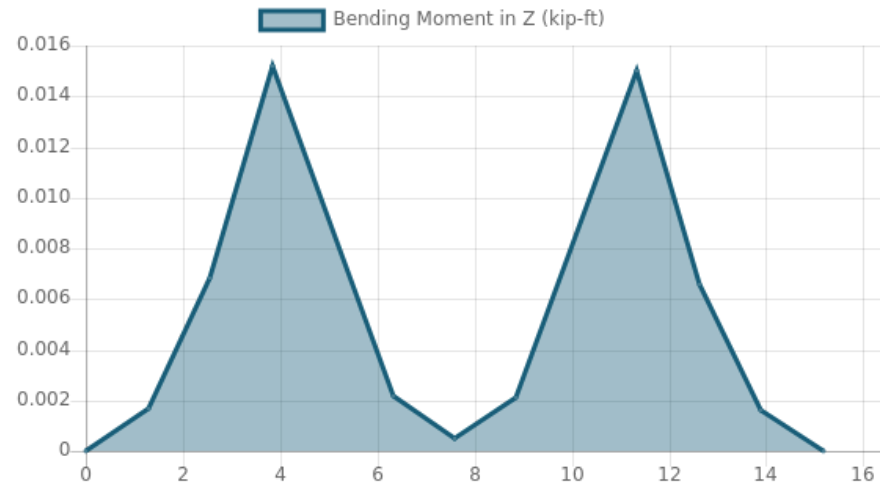
Rail Design Check

**Rail Length:** 15.166666666666666 ft  
**Additional Restraints Required:** None  
**Tributary Width:** 3.75 ft  
**Material:** Aluminium  
**Density:** 169 lb/ft<sup>3</sup>  
**Elasticity Modulus:** 10000 ksi  
**Fy:** 34.5 ksi  
**Fu:** 37 ksi  
**Wind uplift Case A (X):** 0.0000 kip/ft  
**Wind uplift Case A (Y):** 0.0550 kip/ft  
**Wind uplift Case A:** 0.0000 kip/ft  
**Wind uplift Case B:** 0.0000 kip/ft  
**Wind uplift Case B (X):** 0.0000 kip/ft  
**Wind uplift Case B (Y):** 0.1261 kip/ft



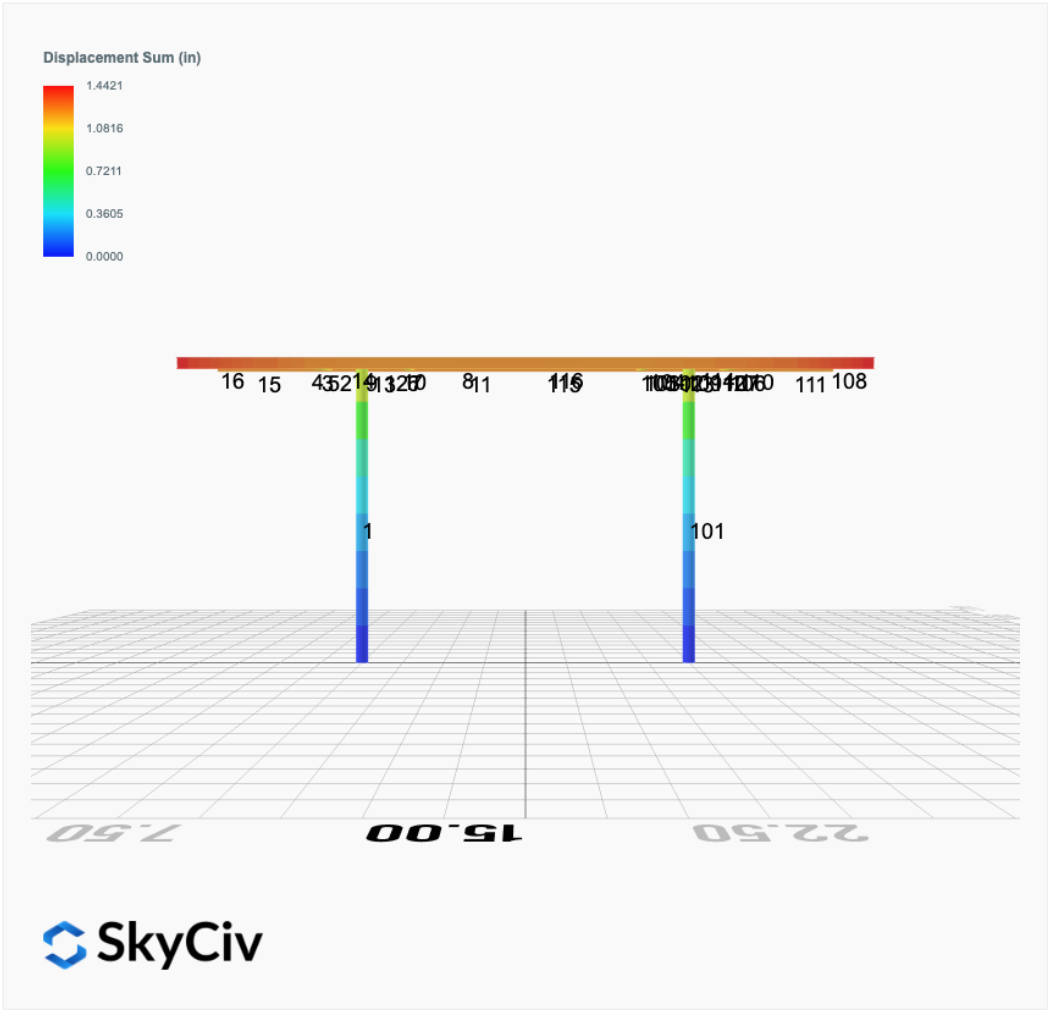
Result Check	Max Limit	Max Value	Utility	Status
Custom Stress Limit	34.5	19.83668716	0.575	PASS
Material Yield	34.5	19.83668716	0.575	PASS
Material Strength	37	19.83668716	0.536	PASS

Member 1, ULS: 1. 1.4D



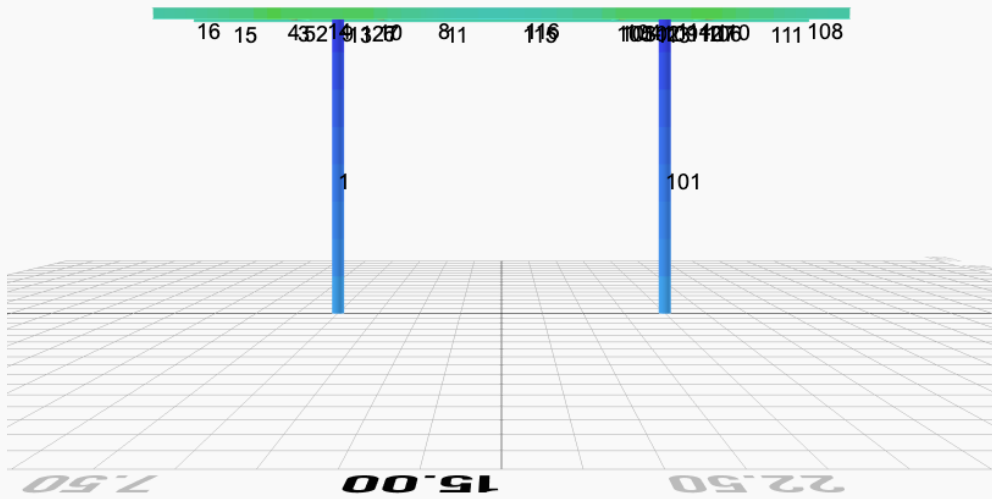
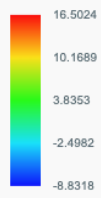


FEM Results (Envelope Worst Case for each member)



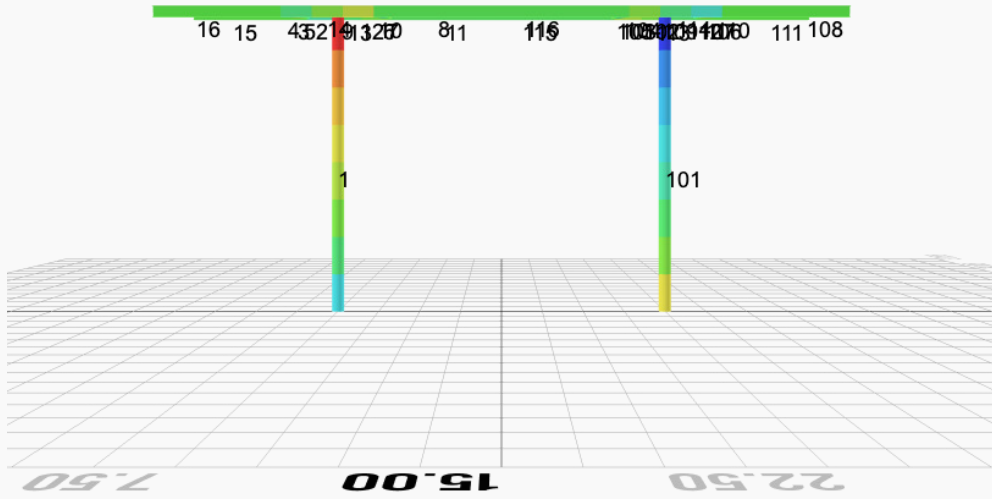


Top Bending Stress Z (ksi)

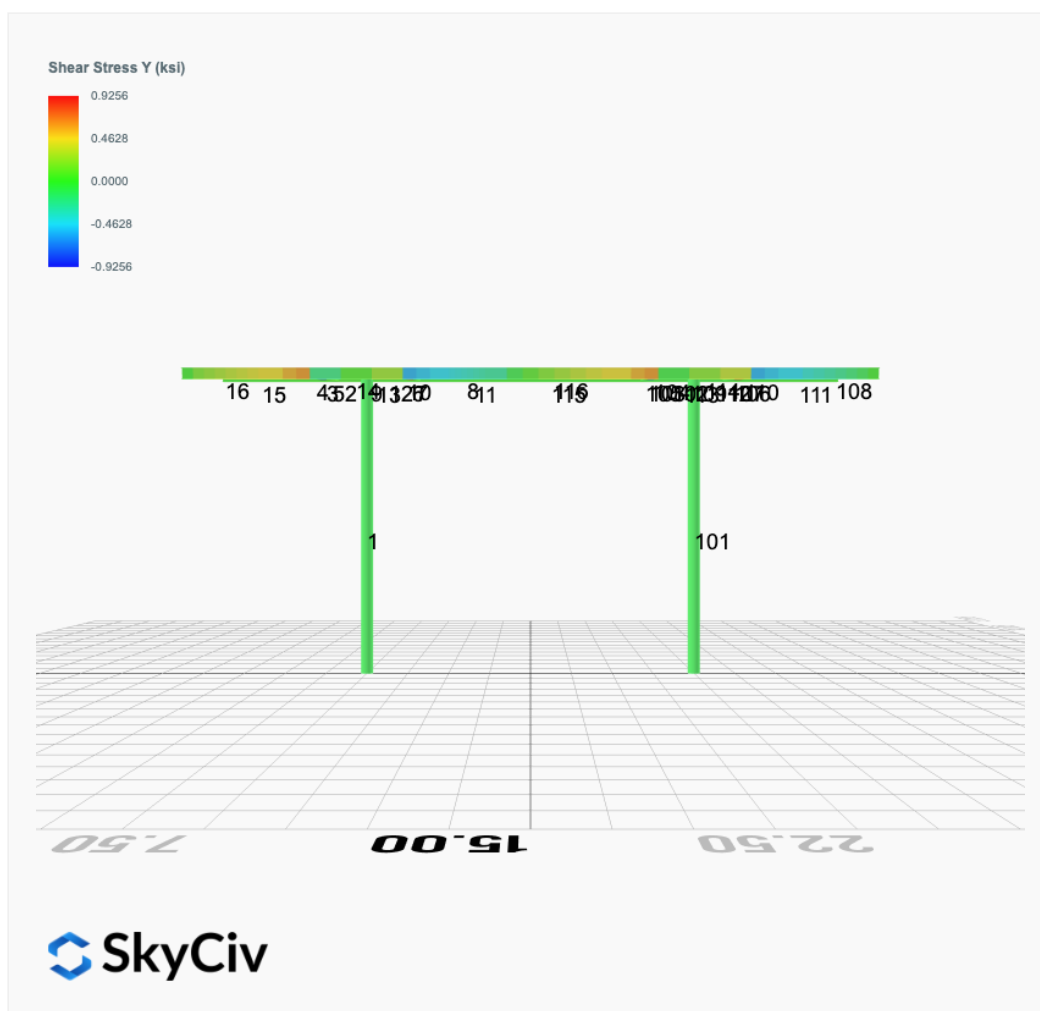




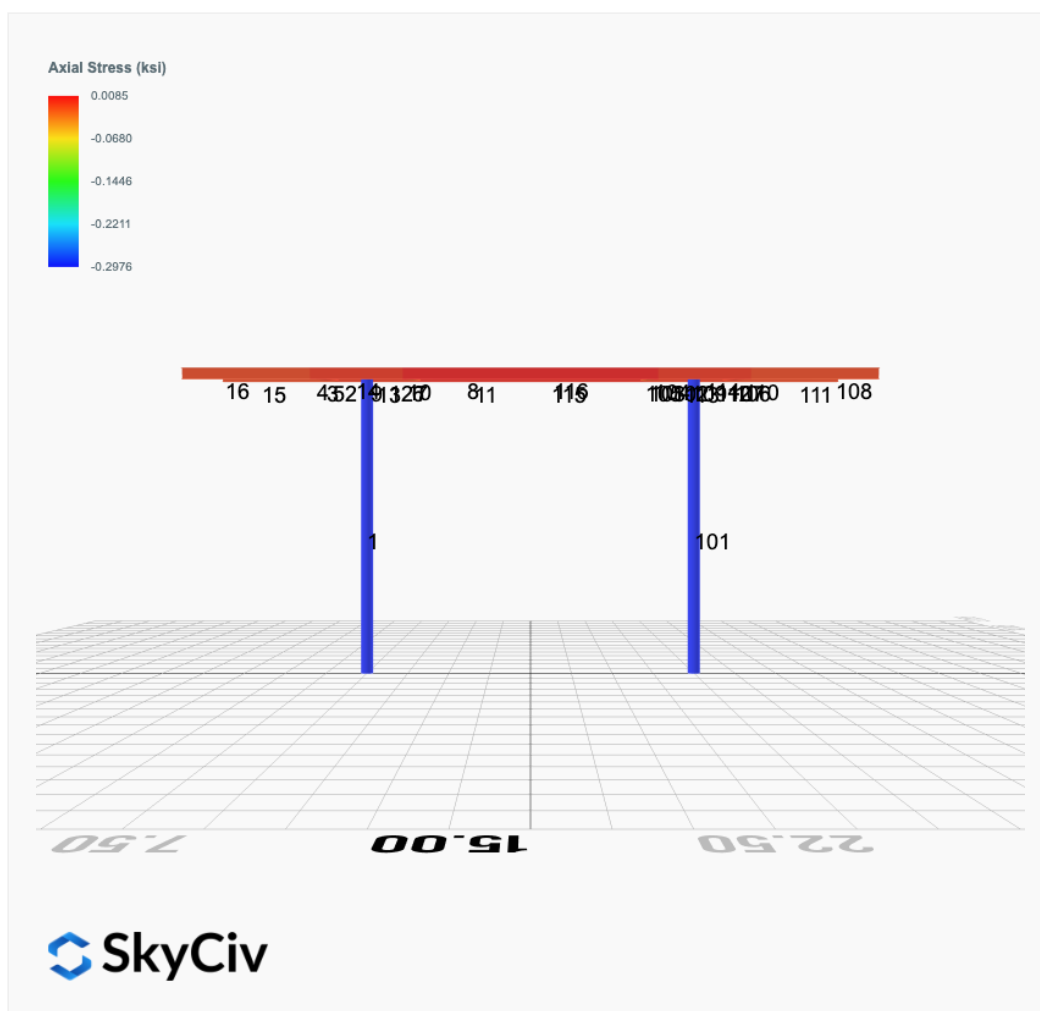
Top Bending Stress Y (ksi)













## Reaction Forces for Foundation 1 (Node ID#1), (kip, kip-ft)

### ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	0.0000	1.7112	-0.0319	-0.1398	0.0080	0.0212
ULS: 2. D + L	0.0000	1.7112	-0.0319	-0.1398	0.0080	0.0212
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0000	1.7112	-0.0319	-0.1398	0.0080	0.0212
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0000	1.7112	-0.0319	-0.1398	0.0080	0.0212
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0000	1.7112	-0.0319	-0.1398	0.0080	0.0212
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0000	1.7112	-0.0319	-0.1398	0.0080	0.0212
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	0.0000	1.7112	-0.0319	-0.1398	0.0080	0.0212
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	0.0000	1.7112	-0.0319	-0.1398	0.0080	0.0212
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	0.0000	1.0267	-0.0191	-0.0839	0.0048	0.0127
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-0.3231	5.4046	-0.1226	-0.5396	0.0355	5.4954
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.3231	5.4046	-0.1226	-0.5396	0.0355	5.4954
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	0.0872	0.7146	-0.0077	-0.0343	0.0007	2.5027
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	0.2052	-0.6338	0.0259	0.1122	-0.0095	-10.5410
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-0.2423	4.4812	-0.0999	-0.4396	0.0286	4.1268
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.2423	4.4812	-0.0999	-0.4396	0.0286	4.1268
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	0.0654	0.9637	-0.0138	-0.0607	0.0025	1.8823
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.1539	-0.0475	0.0115	0.0492	-0.0051	-7.9004
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-0.2423	4.4812	-0.0999	-0.4396	0.0286	4.1268
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.2423	4.4812	-0.0999	-0.4396	0.0286	4.1268
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	0.0654	0.9637	-0.0138	-0.0607	0.0025	1.8823
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.1539	-0.0475	0.0115	0.0492	-0.0051	-7.9004
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-0.3231	4.7201	-0.1098	-0.4837	0.0323	5.4869
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.3231	4.7201	-0.1098	-0.4837	0.0323	5.4869
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	0.0872	0.0301	0.0050	0.0216	-0.0025	2.4942
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	0.2052	-1.3183	0.0387	0.1681	-0.0127	-10.5495

### Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.  
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	8.2090
Shear X	-0.5385
Shear Z	-0.1897
Moment X	-0.8378
Moment Y (Twist)	0.0555
Moment Z	18.1159

### Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.  
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	5.4046
Shear X	-0.3231
Shear Z	-0.1226
Moment X	-0.5396
Moment Y (Twist)	0.0355
Moment Z	10.5495

## Reaction Forces for Foundation 2 (Node ID#101), (kip, kip-ft)

### ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	-0.0000	1.7112	0.0319	0.1398	-0.0080	0.0212
ULS: 2. D + L	-0.0000	1.7112	0.0319	0.1398	-0.0080	0.0212
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	-0.0000	1.7112	0.0319	0.1398	-0.0080	0.0212
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	-0.0000	1.7112	0.0319	0.1398	-0.0080	0.0212
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	-0.0000	1.7112	0.0319	0.1398	-0.0080	0.0212



Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	-0.0000	1.7112	0.0319	0.1398	-0.0080	0.0212
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	-0.0000	1.7112	0.0319	0.1398	-0.0080	0.0212
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	-0.0000	1.7112	0.0319	0.1398	-0.0080	0.0212
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	-0.0000	1.0267	0.0191	0.0839	-0.0048	0.0127
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-0.3231	5.4046	0.1226	0.5396	-0.0355	5.4954
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.3231	5.4046	0.1226	0.5396	-0.0355	5.4954
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	0.0872	0.7146	0.0077	0.0343	-0.0007	2.5027
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	0.2052	-0.6338	-0.0259	-0.1122	0.0095	-10.5410
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-0.2423	4.4812	0.0999	0.4396	-0.0286	4.1268
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.2423	4.4812	0.0999	0.4396	-0.0286	4.1268
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	0.0654	0.9637	0.0138	0.0607	-0.0025	1.8823
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.1539	-0.0475	-0.0115	-0.0492	0.0051	-7.9004
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-0.2423	4.4812	0.0999	0.4396	-0.0286	4.1268
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.2423	4.4812	0.0999	0.4396	-0.0286	4.1268
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	0.0654	0.9637	0.0138	0.0607	-0.0025	1.8823
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.1539	-0.0475	-0.0115	-0.0492	0.0051	-7.9004
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-0.3231	4.7201	0.1098	0.4837	-0.0323	5.4869
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.3231	4.7201	0.1098	0.4837	-0.0323	5.4869
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	0.0872	0.0301	-0.0050	-0.0216	0.0025	2.4942
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	0.2052	-1.3183	-0.0387	-0.1681	0.0127	-10.5495

### Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.  
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	8.2090
Shear X	-0.5385
Shear Z	0.1897
Moment X	0.8378
Moment Y (Twist)	0.0555
Moment Z	18.1160

### Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.  
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	5.4046
Shear X	-0.3231
Shear Z	0.1226
Moment X	0.5396
Moment Y (Twist)	0.0355
Moment Z	10.5495



Project Details

Design Code: AISC 360-16 LRFD  
Provision: LRFD  
Country: United States  
  
User Name: sales@mtsolar.us  
Unit System: imperial



Design Input Information

Design Factors			
$\Phi_t$	$\Phi_c$	$\Phi_b$	$\Phi_v$
0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9

Design Materials			
ID	E (ksi)	$F_y$ (ksi)	$F_u$ (ksi)
1	29000	50	65

Section Dimensions								
ID	Name	d (in)	$t_w$ (in)					
1	2in Pipe Sch 40	2.38	0.15					
4	4in Pipe Sch 40	4.50	0.24					
7	6in Pipe Sch 40	6.63	0.28					
ID	Name	d (in)	b (in)	$t_w$ (in)	$t_b$ (in)	r (in)		
15	HSS5x3x1/8	5.00	3.00	0.12	0.12	0.12		
ID	Name	d (in)	$t_w$ (in)	$b_t$ (in)	$b_b$ (in)	$t_t$ (in)	$t_b$ (in)	r (in)
18	W6x9	5.90	0.17	3.94	3.94	0.21	0.21	0.25

Section Properties								
ID	Name	A (in <sup>2</sup> )	J (in <sup>4</sup> )	$I_{yp}$ (in <sup>4</sup> )	$I_{zp}$ (in <sup>4</sup> )	$I_w$ (in <sup>6</sup> )	$S_{yp}$ (in <sup>3</sup> )	$S_{zp}$ (in <sup>3</sup> )
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-



1	2in Pipe Sch 40	1.07	1.33	0.67	0.67	0.00	0.76	0.76
4	4in Pipe Sch 40	3.17	14.47	7.23	7.23	0.00	4.31	4.31
7	6in Pipe Sch 40	5.58	56.28	28.14	28.14	0.00	11.28	11.28
15	HSS5x3x1/8	1.77	6.02	2.75	6.03	0.51	2.07	2.93
18	W6x9	2.68	0.04	2.20	16.40	17.70	1.72	6.23

Member Properties									
Member ID	Section ID	K <sub>z</sub> L (ft)	K <sub>y</sub> L (ft)	L <sub>b</sub> (ft)	C <sub>b</sub>	LS T	LS C	L D	
1	7	28.69	28.69	13.66	-	300	200	1	
2	4	1.30	1.30	2.00	-	300	200	1	
3	15	0.92	0.92	1.42	1.19,1.19,1.19,1.19,1.19,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18	300	200	1	
4	15	2.44	2.44	3.75	1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.65,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.65,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.17,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.17,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.69	300	200	1	
5	15	1.52	1.52	2.33	1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.6	300	200	1	
6	15	0.92	0.92	1.42	1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18	300	200	1	
7	15	1.52	1.52	2.33	1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.6	300	200	1	
8	18	1.33	1.33	2.05	2.42,2.42,2.42,2.42,2.42,2.42,2.42,2.42,2.45,2.31,2.42,2.42,2.45,2.31,2.42,2.42,1.99,2.47,2.42,2.42,1.99,2.47,2.42,2.42,2.45,2.13	300	200	1	
9	1	2.60	2.60	4.00	-	300	200	1	
10	15	2.44	2.44	3.75	1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.65,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.65,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.40,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.40,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.40,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.4	300	200	1	
11	18	1.33	1.33	2.05	2.43,2.43,2.43,2.43,2.43,2.43,2.43,2.43,2.48,2.45,2.43,2.43,2.48,2.45,2.43,2.43,2.45,2.46,2.43,2.43,2.45,2.46,2.43,2.43,2.45,2.46,2.43,2.43,2.45	300	200	1	
12	4	1.30	1.30	2.00	-	300	200	1	
13	18	4.88	4.00	7.50	1.12,1.12,1.12,1.12,1.12,1.12,1.12,1.12,1.23,1.18,1.12,1.12,1.23,1.18,1.12,1.12,1.16,1.21,1.12,1.12,1.16,1.21,1.12,1.12,1.16,1.21,1.12,1.12,1.16	300	200	1	
14	18	4.88	4.00	7.50	1.11,1.11,1.11,1.11,1.11,1.11,1.11,1.12,1.12,1.22,1.57,1.12,1.12,1.22,1.57,1.12,1.12,2.38,1.26,1.12,1.12,2.38,1.26,1.12,1.12,2.38,1.26,1.12,1.12,2.3	300	200	1	
15	18	7.88	7.88	3.75	2.33,2.33	300	200	1	
16	18	7.88	7.88	3.75	2.33,2.33	300	200	1	
101	7	28.69	28.69	13.66	-	300	200	1	
102	4	1.30	1.30	2.00	-	300	200	1	
103	15	0.92	0.92	1.42	1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18	300	200	1	
104	15	2.44	2.44	3.75	1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.65,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.65,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.40,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.40,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.40,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.4	300	200	1	
105	15	1.52	1.52	2.33	1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.6	300	200	1	
106	15	0.92	0.92	1.42	1.19,1.19,1.19,1.19,1.19,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.1	300	200	1	
107	15	1.52	1.52	2.33	1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.6	300	200	1	
108	18	7.88	7.88	3.75	2.33,2.33	300	200	1	
109	1	2.60	2.60	4.00	-	300	200	1	
110	15	2.44	2.44	3.75	1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.65,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.65,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.17,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.17,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.17,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.1	300	200	1	
111	18	7.88	7.88	3.75	2.33,2.33	300	200	1	
112	4	1.30	1.30	2.00	-	300	200	1	



113	18	4.88	4.00	7.5 0	1.12,1.12,1.12,1.12,1.12,1.12,1.12,1.12,1.23,1.18,1.12,1.12,1.23,1.18,1.12,1.12,1.16,1.21,1.12,1.12,1.1 6,1.21,1.12,1.12,1.29,1.17	30 0	20 0	1
114	18	4.88	4.00	7.5 0	1.11,1.11,1.11,1.11,1.11,1.11,1.12,1.12,1.22,1.57,1.12,1.12,1.22,1.57,1.12,1.12,2.39,1.26,1.12,1.12,2.3 9,1.26,1.12,1.12,1.19,1.93	30 0	20 0	1
115	18	3.54	3.54	5.4 5	1.39,1.39,1.39,1.39,1.39,1.39,1.39,1.39,1.29,1.31,1.39,1.39,1.29,1.31,1.39,1.39,1.31,1.30,1.39,1.39,1.3 1,1.30,1.39,1.39,1.29,1.32	30 0	20 0	1
116	18	3.54	3.54	5.4 5	1.41,1.41,1.41,1.41,1.41,1.41,1.44,1.44,1.31,1.27,1.44,1.44,1.31,1.27,1.43,1.43,1.22,1.30,1.43,1.43,1.2 2,1.30,1.44,1.44,1.33,1.26	30 0	20 0	1

Member Design Capacity

Member ID	$\Phi_t P_n$ (kip)	$\Phi_c P_n$ (kip)	$\Phi_b M_{zn}$ (k-ft)	$\Phi_b M_{yn}$ (k-ft)	$\Phi_v V_{yn}$ (kip)	$\Phi_v V_{zn}$ (kip)
1	251.16	53.65	42.30	42.30	75.35	75.35
2	142.83	141.72	16.17	16.17	42.85	42.85
3	79.65	74.02	10.99	6.26	29.14	16.61
4	79.65	72.01	10.99	6.26	29.14	16.61
5	79.65	73.44	10.99	6.26	29.14	16.61
6	79.65	74.02	10.99	6.26	29.14	16.61
7	79.65	73.44	10.99	6.26	29.14	16.61
8	120.60	115.40	23.36	6.45	30.09	45.74
9	48.35	43.11	2.85	2.85	14.51	14.51
10	79.65	72.01	10.99	6.26	29.14	16.61
11	120.60	115.40	23.36	6.45	30.09	45.74
12	142.83	141.72	16.17	16.17	42.85	42.85
13	120.60	84.03	19.63	6.45	30.09	45.74
14	120.60	84.03	19.62	6.45	30.09	45.74
15	120.60	54.44	23.36	6.45	30.09	45.74
16	120.60	54.44	23.36	6.45	30.09	45.74
101	251.16	53.65	42.30	42.30	75.35	75.35
102	142.83	141.72	16.17	16.17	42.85	42.85
103	79.65	74.02	10.99	6.26	29.14	16.61
104	79.65	72.01	10.99	6.26	29.14	16.61
105	79.65	73.44	10.99	6.26	29.14	16.61
106	79.65	74.02	10.99	6.26	29.14	16.61
107	79.65	73.44	10.99	6.26	29.14	16.61
108	120.60	54.44	23.36	6.45	30.09	45.74
109	48.35	43.11	2.85	2.85	14.51	14.51
110	79.65	72.01	10.99	6.26	29.14	16.61
111	120.60	54.44	23.36	6.45	30.09	45.74
112	142.83	141.72	16.17	16.17	42.85	42.85
113	120.60	84.03	19.63	6.45	30.09	45.74
114	120.60	84.03	19.62	6.45	30.09	45.74
115	120.60	95.07	23.36	6.45	30.09	45.74
116	120.60	95.07	23.36	6.45	30.09	45.74

Design Ratio

Member ID	P	M <sub>z</sub>	M <sub>y</sub>	V <sub>y</sub>	V <sub>z</sub>	(P,M <sub>z</sub> ,M <sub>y</sub> )	Worst LC	KL/r	δ	Status
1	0.153	0.428	0.041	0.007	0.003	0.438	#16	0.767	Not Required	Pass
2	0.001	0.495	0.035	0.100	0.007	0.530	#13	0.052	Not Required	Pass
3	0.001	0.746	0.017	0.077	0.004	0.763	#13	0.044	Not Required	Pass
4	0.001	0.693	0.013	0.070	0.002	0.706	#13	0.078	Not Required	Pass



5	0.001	0.461	0.015	0.075	0.004	0.469	#13	0.073	Not Required	Pass
6	0.001	0.637	0.009	0.064	0.002	0.647	#13	0.044	Not Required	Pass
7	0.001	0.395	0.008	0.064	0.002	0.402	#13	0.073	Not Required	Pass
8	0.001	0.039	0.003	0.031	0.000	0.041	#13	0.088	Not Required	Pass
9	0.000	0.096	0.016	0.003	0.001	0.112	#13	0.198	Not Required	Pass
10	0.001	0.587	0.023	0.059	0.004	0.610	#13	0.117	Not Required	Pass
11	0.001	0.041	0.004	0.033	0.000	0.042	#13	0.088	Not Required	Pass
12	0.001	0.387	0.031	0.084	0.006	0.419	#13	0.052	Not Required	Pass
13	0.001	0.210	0.012	0.049	0.001	0.217	#13	0.265	Not Required	Pass
14	0.001	0.201	0.016	0.045	0.001	0.218	#13	0.177	Not Required	Pass
15	0.000	0.081	0.006	0.033	0.000	0.086	#13	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
16	0.000	0.075	0.006	0.031	0.000	0.080	#13	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
101	0.153	0.428	0.041	0.007	0.003	0.438	#16	0.767	Not Required	Pass
102	0.001	0.387	0.031	0.084	0.006	0.419	#13	0.052	Not Required	Pass
103	0.001	0.637	0.009	0.064	0.002	0.647	#13	0.044	Not Required	Pass
104	0.001	0.587	0.023	0.059	0.004	0.610	#13	0.117	Not Required	Pass
105	0.001	0.395	0.008	0.064	0.002	0.402	#13	0.073	Not Required	Pass
106	0.001	0.746	0.017	0.077	0.004	0.763	#13	0.044	Not Required	Pass
107	0.001	0.461	0.015	0.075	0.004	0.469	#13	0.073	Not Required	Pass
108	0.000	0.075	0.006	0.031	0.000	0.080	#13	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
109	0.000	0.096	0.016	0.003	0.001	0.112	#13	0.198	Not Required	Pass
110	0.001	0.693	0.013	0.070	0.002	0.706	#13	0.078	Not Required	Pass
111	0.000	0.081	0.006	0.033	0.000	0.086	#13	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
112	0.001	0.495	0.035	0.100	0.007	0.530	#13	0.052	Not Required	Pass
113	0.001	0.210	0.012	0.049	0.001	0.217	#13	0.177	Not Required	Pass
114	0.001	0.201	0.016	0.045	0.001	0.218	#13	0.265	Not Required	Pass
115	0.001	0.041	0.005	0.033	0.000	0.044	#13	0.235	Not Required	Pass
116	0.001	0.039	0.004	0.031	0.000	0.041	#13	0.235	Not Required	Pass

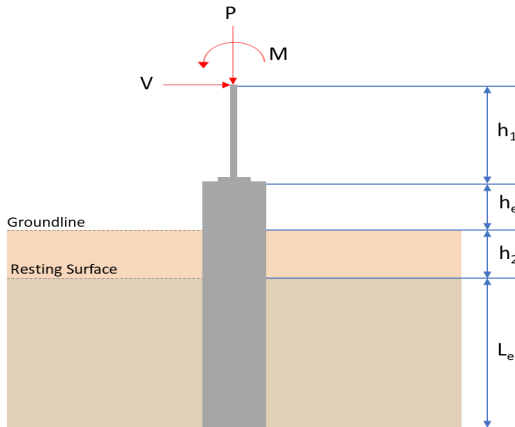
## Definitions

$\Phi_t$	Safety factor for tensile
$\Phi_c$	Safety factor for compression
$\Phi_b$	Safety factor for flexure
$\Phi_v$	Safety factor for shear
E	Modulus of elasticity
$F_y$	Specified minimum yield stress
$F_u$	Specified minimum tensile strength
A	Cross-sectional area
J	Torsional constant
$I_{yp}$	Moment of inertia about the Y axes
$I_{zp}$	Moment of inertia about the Z axes
$I_w$	Warping constant
$S_{yp}$	Plastic section modulus about the Y axis
$S_{zp}$	Plastic section modulus about the Z axis
KL	Effective length
$C_b$	Buckling modification factor (from all load combinations)
$L_b$	Length between braced points
LST	Limited slenderness for tension
LSC	Limited slenderness for compression
LD	Limited deflection
$P_n$	Nominal axial strength (tension/compression)
$M_n$	Nominal flexural strength (about Z/Y axis)
$V_n$	Nominal shear strength (along Z/Y axis)
P	Design ratio in case of axial force
$M_z$	Design ratio in case of bending about Z axis
$M_y$	Design ratio in case of bending about Y axis
$V_y$	Design ratio in case of shear along Y axis
$V_z$	Design ratio in case of shear along Z axis



(P,M <sub>z</sub> ,M <sub>y</sub> )	Design ratio in case of axial force and bending action
KL/r	Design ratio in case of section slenderness
δ	Design ratio in case of member deflection
OK	Capacity is provided
NG	Capacity is not provided



REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS																											
	<div>SkyCiv Foundation Design</div> <div>Pile Foundation</div> <div>Design Information :</div> <div>Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code)</div> <div>Unit System : Imperial</div>																												
	<div>Pile Input</div> <div></div> <div>Geometry</div> <div>Pile shape: rectangular</div> <div>b = 48 in - Pile width</div> <div>D = 48 in - Pile depth</div> <div>L = 5 ft - Total pile length</div> <div>h1 = 0 ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile,</div> <div>h2 = 0 ft - Depth to resisting surface</div> <div>he = 0 ft - Length of pile above the ground</div> <div>Tabulation of Soil Parameters</div> <table><tr><th>Layer</th><th>Label</th><th>Allowable Bearing Pressure (qa) (psf)</th><th>Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)</th></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel &amp; clayey gravel</td><td>2000.000</td><td>150.000</td></tr></table> <div>Tabulation of Loads</div> <table><tr><th>Load Component</th><th>ASD</th><th>LRFD</th></tr><tr><td>P (kip)</td><td>5.405</td><td>8.209</td></tr><tr><td>Vx (kip)</td><td>-0.323</td><td>-0.539</td></tr><tr><td>Vz (kip)</td><td>-0.123</td><td>-0.190</td></tr><tr><td>Mx (kipft)</td><td>-0.540</td><td>-0.838</td></tr><tr><td>Mz (kipft)</td><td>10.549</td><td>18.116</td></tr></table> <div>Material Properties</div> <div>f'ck = 2.5 ksi - Concrete strength,</div>	Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure (qa) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)	1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000	Load Component	ASD	LRFD	P (kip)	5.405	8.209	Vx (kip)	-0.323	-0.539	Vz (kip)	-0.123	-0.190	Mx (kipft)	-0.540	-0.838	Mz (kipft)	10.549	18.116	<div>Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD)</div> <div>H - Point of application of the lateral load</div> <div><math display="block">H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e</math></div> <div><math display="block">H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})</math></div> <div><math display="block">H = 0 \text{ ft}</math></div> <div>Considering x-direction:</div> <div>Ho - Lateral force per length of pile,</div> <div><math display="block">H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 \text{ } D}</math></div> <div><math display="block">H_o = \frac{(-0.323 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}</math></div> <div><math display="block">H_o = -0.051433 \text{ kip/ft}</math></div>	
Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure (qa) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)																										
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Mz (kipft)	10.549	18.116																											



	<p><math>M_o</math> - Moment per length of pile,</p> $M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$ $M_o = \frac{(10.549 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.323 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $M_o = 1.6798 \text{ kipft/ft}$ <p>Required depth of embedment in earth:</p> $L_x^3 - \left( 14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R} \right) - \left( 18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R} \right) = 0$ <p>Solving the cubic equation:  <math>L_{e,x} = 4.9214 \text{ ft}</math> - Required depth in x-direction,</p> <p><b>Considering z-direction:</b></p> <p><math>H_o</math> - Lateral force per length of pile,</p> $H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$ $H_o = \frac{(-0.123 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $H_o = -0.019586 \text{ kip/ft}$ <p><math>M_o</math> - Moment per length of pile,</p> $M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$ $M_o = \frac{(0.54 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.123 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $M_o = 0.085987 \text{ kipft/ft}$ <p>Required depth of embedment in earth:</p> $L_z^3 - \left( 14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R} \right) - \left( 18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R} \right) = 0$ <p>Solving the cubic equation:  <math>L_{e,z} = 1.6967 \text{ ft}</math> - Required depth in z-direction,</p> <p><b>Minimum embedded depth required:</b></p> <p><math>L_{e,req}</math> - Depth of pile required,</p> $L_{e,req} = MAX[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$ $L_{e,req} = MAX[(4.9214 \text{ ft}), (1.6967 \text{ ft})]$ $L_{e,req} = 4.921 \text{ ft}$ <p><math>L_e</math> - Actual embedded length of pile,</p> $L_e = L - h_e - h_2$ $L_e = (5 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$ $L_e = 5 \text{ ft}$ <p><b>Ratio</b> - Embedded depth</p> $Ratio = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$ $Ratio = \frac{(4.921 \text{ ft})}{(5 \text{ ft})}$ $Ratio = 0.9842$	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>0.980</b></p>
	<p><b>End-bearing Capacity (ASD)</b></p> <p><math>A</math> - Pile cross-section area</p> $A = b D$ $A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$ $A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$ <p><math>q</math> - End-bearing pressure</p>	



	$q = \frac{P_v}{A}$ $q = \frac{(5.405 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$ $q = 0.33781 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p><b>Check bearing capacity ratio:</b></p> <p>Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.33781 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.16891$	Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>0.170</b>
Czerniak	<p><b>Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):</b></p> <p><math>L/D</math> - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,</p> $L/D = \frac{L}{D}$ $L/D = \frac{(5 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$ $L/D = 1.25$ <p>Since <math>L/D \leq 10</math>,</p> <p>Pile is short.</p> <p><b>Considering x-direction:</b></p> <p><math>H_o = -0.051433 \text{ kip/ft}</math> - Lateral force per length of pile,  <math>M_o = 1.6798 \text{ kipft/ft}</math> - Overturning moment per length of pile,  <math>a</math> - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,</p> $a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$ $a = \frac{(4 \times (1.6798 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.051433 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (1.6798 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.051433 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft}))}$ $a = 3.3719 \text{ ft}$ <p><math>p</math> - Earth pressure against the pile at distance <math>a/2</math> from resting surface,</p> $p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$ $p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (1.6798 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.051433 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(5 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (1.6798 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.051433 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft}))]}$ $p = 0.23452 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p><math>s</math> - Earth pressure against the pile at distance <math>L_e</math>,</p> $s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$ $s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (1.6798 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.051433 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft}))]}{(5 \text{ ft})^2}$ $s = 0.74457 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p><b>Check lateral soil pressure capacity:</b></p> <p><math>p_a</math> - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth <math>a/2</math>,</p> $p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$ $p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(3.3719 \text{ ft})}{2}$ $p_a = 0.25289 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p>	



	$Ratio = \frac{p}{p_a}$ $Ratio = \frac{(0.23452 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.25289 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $Ratio = 0.92736$ <p><math>p_s</math> - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth <math>L_e</math>,</p> $p_s = R L_e$ $p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft})$ $p_s = 0.75 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $Ratio = \frac{s}{p_s}$ $Ratio = \frac{(0.74457 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.75 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $Ratio = 0.99276$	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>0.930</b></p> <p>Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>0.990</b></p>
	<p><b>Considering z-direction:</b></p> <p><math>H_o = -0.019586 \text{ kip/ft}</math> - Lateral force per length of pile,  <math>M_o = 0.085987 \text{ kipft/ft}</math> - Overturning moment per length of pile,  <math>a</math> - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,</p> $a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$ $a = \frac{(4 \times (0.085987 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.019586 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.085987 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.019586 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft}))}$ $a = 3.5132 \text{ ft}$ <p><math>p</math> - Earth pressure against the pile at distance <math>a/2</math> from resting surface,</p> $p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$ $p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (0.085987 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.019586 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(5 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (0.085987 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.019586 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft}))]}$ $p = 0.0012154 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p><math>s</math> - Earth pressure against the pile at distance <math>L_e</math>,</p> $s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$ $s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (0.085987 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.019586 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft}))]}{(5 \text{ ft})^2}$ $s = 0.017771 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p><b>Check lateral soil pressure capacity:</b></p> <p><math>p_a</math> - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth <math>a/2</math>,</p> $p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$ $p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(3.5132 \text{ ft})}{2}$ $p_a = 0.26349 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $Ratio = \frac{p}{p_a}$ $Ratio = \frac{(0.0012154 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.26349 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$	



$$Ratio = 0.0046127$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.000**

$p_s$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $L_e$ ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 0.75 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

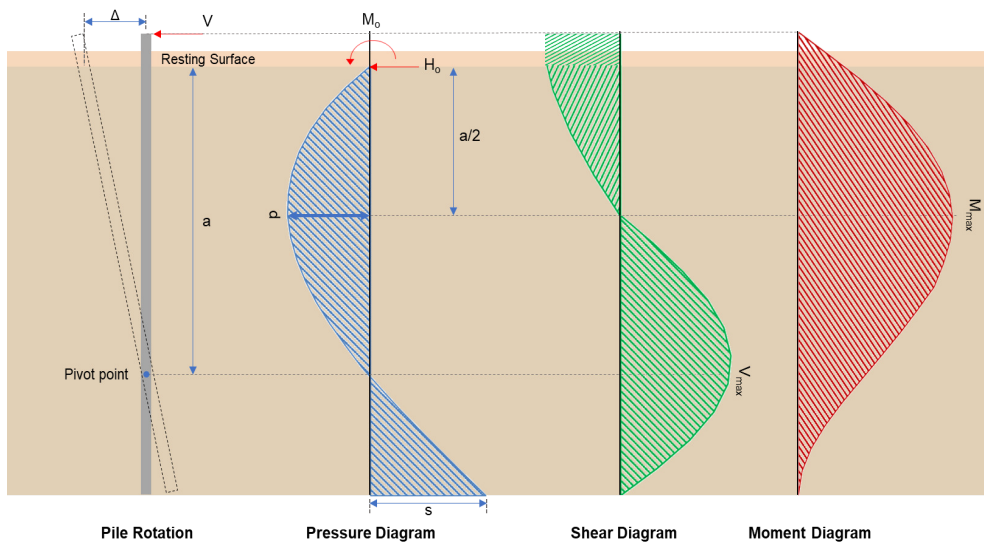
$Ratio$  - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.017771 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.75 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.023694$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.020**



#### Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.539 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.085828 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(18.116 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.539 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 2.8847 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

$E$  - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(2.8847 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.085828 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 33.61 \text{ ft}$$

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (2.8847 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.085828 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (2.8847 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.085828 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft}))}$$



$$a = \frac{(6 \times (2.8847 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.085828 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft}))}{}$$

$$a = 3.3709 \text{ ft}$$

$V_{max}$  - Max shear force located at depth a,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \left( \frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \left( \frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.085828 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \times \left( \frac{4 \times (33.61 \text{ ft})}{(5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.3709 \text{ ft})}{(5 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \times \left( \frac{3 \times (33.61 \text{ ft})}{(5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.3709 \text{ ft})}{(5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 4.3206 \text{ kip}$$

$M_{max}$  - Max bending moment located at depth a/2,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[ \left( \frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.085828 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (5 \text{ ft})) \times \left[ \left( \frac{(33.61 \text{ ft})}{(5 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(3.3709 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 \times (33.61 \text{ ft})}{(5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.3709 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 \times (33.61 \text{ ft})}{(5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.3709 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 10.644 \text{ kipft}$$

#### Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.19 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.030255 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.838 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.19 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.13344 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

$E$  - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.13344 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.030255 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 4.4105 \text{ ft}$$

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.13344 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.030255 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.13344 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.030255 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 3.5127 \text{ ft}$$

$V_{max}$  - Max shear force located at depth a,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \left( \frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \left( \frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$



$$V_{max} = ((-0.030255 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \times \left( \frac{4 \times (4.4105 \text{ ft})}{(5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.5127 \text{ ft})}{(5 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \times \left( \frac{3 \times (4.4105 \text{ ft})}{(5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.5127 \text{ ft})}{(5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.26892 \text{ kip}$$

$M_{max}$  - Max bending moment located at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$M_{max} = (H_o \ b \ L_e) \left[ \left( \frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 \ L_e} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 \ E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 \ L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 \ E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 \ L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.030255 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (5 \text{ ft})) \times \left[ \left( \frac{(4.4105 \text{ ft})}{(5 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(3.5127 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 \times (4.4105 \text{ ft})}{(5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.5127 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 \times (4.4105 \text{ ft})}{(5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.5127 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 0.6179 \text{ kipft}$$

#### Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

##### Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$  - Concrete strength,

$f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$  - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,

$\phi = 0.65$  - Reduction factor for axial strength,

$\alpha = 0.8$  - Alpha factor for axial strength,

$A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$  - Gross area of concrete,

##### Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load,  $A_{st,required}$

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = Min \left[ \frac{\frac{P}{\phi \ \alpha} - (0.85 \ f'_{ck} \ A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 \ f'_{ck})}, (0.08 \ A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = Min \left[ \frac{\frac{(8.209 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -84.323 \text{ in}^2$$

$A_{min}$  - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = Max [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 \ A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = Max [(-84.323 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$$

$n_{rebar}$  - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 14$$

$A_{st}$  - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \ \frac{\pi \ d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$$

Table 22.4.2.1

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1



		$Ratio = 0.96556$	Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>0.970</b>
25.2.3	$s_{rebar}$ - Minimum spacing of reinforcement,	$s_{rebar} = Max[1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$ $s_{rebar} = Max[1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$ $s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$ <p><b>Ties:</b></p> <p>25.7.2.2 Since longitudinal reinforcement is <math>\leq</math> No. 10ø: Use #3(0.375 in)</p> <p>25.7.2.1 <math>s_{ties}</math> - Maximum spacing of ties,</p> $s_{ties} = Min[(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), Min(D, b)]$ $s_{ties} = Min[(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), Min((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]$ $s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$ <p><b>Summary:</b></p> <p>Main reinforcement: <b>14 - #5 (0.625 in)</b> Ties: <b>#3(0.375 in) - 10 in</b></p>	
22.4.2.2	$\phi P_N$ - Allowable axial compressive strength	<p><b>Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</b></p> $\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st})]$ $\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times [(0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2))]$ $\phi P_N = 2675.2 \text{ kip}$ <p><i>Ratio - Capacity</i></p> $Ratio = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$ $Ratio = \frac{(8.209 \text{ kip})}{(2675.2 \text{ kip})}$ $Ratio = 0.0030686$	Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>0.000</b>
22.5.2.2	$b_w = 48 \text{ in}$ - Effective width, $d$ - Effective depth	<p><b>Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</b></p> <p><b>Parameters:</b></p> $d = 0.80 D$ $d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})$ $d = 38.4 \text{ in}$	
22.5.5.1.3	$\lambda_s$ - size effect modification factor	$\lambda_s = MIN \left[ \sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$ $\lambda_s = MIN \left[ \sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$ $\lambda_s = 0.64282$	
22.5.5.1.1	$V_{c,max}$ - Max shear strength of concrete	<p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula <math>f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}</math>,</p> $V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$	



		$V_{c,max} = 296.21 \text{ kip}$	
22.5.5.1.1(a)	The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ , $P = 8.209 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 8209 \text{ lbf}$ , $V_{c,a}$ - Shear strength of concrete (a)	$V_{c,a} = \left[ 2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + \frac{P}{6 A_g} \right] b_w d$ $V_{c,a} = \left[ 2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + \frac{(8209 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ $V_{c,a} = 119.58 \text{ kip}$	
22.5.5.1.2	The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ , $V_{c,b}$ - Shear strength of concrete (b)	$V_{c,b} = \left[ 2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + (0.05 f'_{ck}) \right] b_w d$ $V_{c,b} = \left[ 2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi})) \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ $V_{c,b} = 348.89 \text{ kip}$	
	$V_c$ - Governing shear strength of concrete	$V_c = \text{Min}[V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$ $V_c = \text{Min}[(296.21 \text{ kip}), (119.58 \text{ kip}), (348.89 \text{ kip})]$ $V_c = 119.58 \text{ kip}$	
22.5.5.1.2	The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ , $V_{s,a}$ - Shear strength of steel (a)	$V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ $V_{s,a} = 737.28 \text{ kip}$	
	$A_v$ - Ties rebar area,	$A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$ $A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$ $A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$	
22.5.8.5.3	$V_{s,b}$ - Shear strength of steel (b)	$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yw} d}{s_{ties}}$ $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$ $V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$	
	$V_s$ - Governing shear strength of steel	$V_s = \text{MIN}[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$ $V_s = \text{MIN}[(737.28 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$ $V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$	
22.5.1.1	$\phi V_n$ - Allowable shear strength	$\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$ $\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((119.58 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$ $\phi V_n = 110.81 \text{ kip}$	
	<b>Considering x-direction:</b> $V_{max} = 4.3206 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the x-direction, $Ratio$ - Capacity	$Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$	



	$Ratio = \frac{(4.3206 \text{ kip})}{(110.81 \text{ kip})}$ $Ratio = 0.038992$ <p><b>Considering z-direction:</b></p> <p><math>V_{max} = 0.26892 \text{ kip}</math> - Maximum shear force in the z-direction,  <i>Ratio</i> - Capacity</p> $Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $Ratio = \frac{(0.26892 \text{ kip})}{(110.81 \text{ kip})}$ $Ratio = 0.0024269$ <p>Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>0.040</b></p>	
14.5.2.1b	<p><b>Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</b></p> <p><math>S_m</math> - Section modulus</p> $S_m = \frac{b D^2}{6}$ $S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$ $S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$ <p><math>\lambda = 1</math> - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete),  Allowable flexural strength:  <math>M_n</math> shall be the lesser of:</p> <p><math>\phi M_{n,1}</math></p> $\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{(2.5 \text{ ksi})} \times 18432.001 \text{ in}^3$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 249.600 \text{ kipft}$ <p><math>\phi M_{n,2}</math></p> $\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_{ck} \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (18432 \text{ in}^3)$ $\phi M_{n,2} = 2121.6 \text{ kipft}$ <p>Therefore,  <math>\phi M_n</math> - Allowable flexural strength,</p> $\phi M_n = MIN[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$ $\phi M_n = MIN[(249.6 \text{ kipft}), (2121.6 \text{ kipft})]$ $\phi M_n = 249.6 \text{ kipft}$ <p><b>Considering x-direction:</b></p> <p><math>M_{max} = 10.644 \text{ kipft}</math> - Maximum moment in the x-direction,  <i>Ratio</i> - Capacity</p> $Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $Ratio = \frac{(10.644 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$ $Ratio = 0.042643$ <p>Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>0.040</b></p>	
	<p><b>Considering z-direction:</b></p> <p><math>M_{max} = 0.6179 \text{ kipft}</math> - Maximum moment in the z-direction,  <i>Ratio</i> - Capacity</p> $Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$	

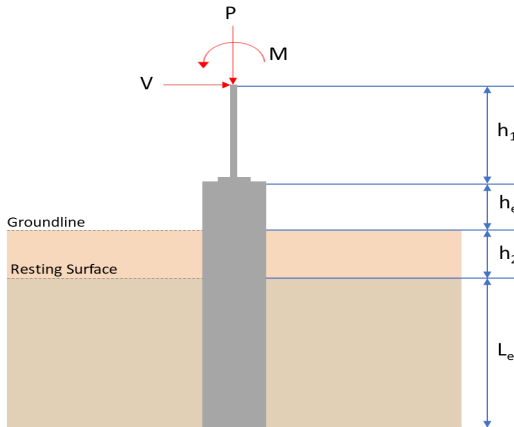


$$Ratio = \frac{(0.6179 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.0024755$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.000**



REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS																											
	<div>SkyCiv Foundation Design</div> <div>Pile Foundation</div> <div>Design Information :</div> <div>Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code)</div> <div>Unit System : Imperial</div>																												
	<div>Pile Input</div> <div></div> <div>Geometry</div> <div>Pile shape: rectangular</div> <div>b = 48 in - Pile width</div> <div>D = 48 in - Pile depth</div> <div>L = 5 ft - Total pile length</div> <div>h1 = 0 ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile,</div> <div>h2 = 0 ft - Depth to resisting surface</div> <div>he = 0 ft - Length of pile above the ground</div> <div>Tabulation of Soil Parameters</div> <table><tr><th>Layer</th><th>Label</th><th>Allowable Bearing Pressure (qa) (psf)</th><th>Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)</th></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel &amp; clayey gravel</td><td>2000.000</td><td>150.000</td></tr></table> <div>Tabulation of Loads</div> <table><tr><th>Load Component</th><th>ASD</th><th>LRFD</th></tr><tr><td>P (kip)</td><td>5.405</td><td>8.209</td></tr><tr><td>Vx (kip)</td><td>-0.323</td><td>-0.539</td></tr><tr><td>Vz (kip)</td><td>0.123</td><td>0.190</td></tr><tr><td>Mx (kipft)</td><td>0.540</td><td>0.838</td></tr><tr><td>Mz (kipft)</td><td>10.549</td><td>18.116</td></tr></table> <div>Material Properties</div> <div>f'ck = 2.5 ksi - Concrete strength,</div>	Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure (qa) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)	1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000	Load Component	ASD	LRFD	P (kip)	5.405	8.209	Vx (kip)	-0.323	-0.539	Vz (kip)	0.123	0.190	Mx (kipft)	0.540	0.838	Mz (kipft)	10.549	18.116	<div>Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD)</div> <div>H - Point of application of the lateral load</div> <div><math display="block">H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e</math></div> <div><math display="block">H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})</math></div> <div><math display="block">H = 0 \text{ ft}</math></div> <div>Considering x-direction:</div> <div>Ho - Lateral force per length of pile,</div> <div><math display="block">H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 \, D}</math></div> <div><math display="block">H_o = \frac{(-0.323 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}</math></div> <div><math display="block">H_o = -0.051433 \text{ kip/ft}</math></div>	
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	<p><math>M_o</math> - Moment per length of pile,</p> $M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$ $M_o = \frac{(10.549 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.323 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $M_o = 1.6798 \text{ kipft/ft}$ <p>Required depth of embedment in earth:</p> $L_x^3 - \left( 14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R} \right) - \left( 18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R} \right) = 0$ <p>Solving the cubic equation:  <math>L_{e,x} = 4.9214 \text{ ft}</math> - Required depth in x-direction,</p> <p><b>Considering z-direction:</b></p> <p><math>H_o</math> - Lateral force per length of pile,</p> $H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$ $H_o = \frac{(0.123 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $H_o = 0.019586 \text{ kip/ft}$ <p><math>M_o</math> - Moment per length of pile,</p> $M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$ $M_o = \frac{(0.54 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.123 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $M_o = 0.085987 \text{ kipft/ft}$ <p>Required depth of embedment in earth:</p> $L_z^3 - \left( 14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R} \right) - \left( 18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R} \right) = 0$ <p>Solving the cubic equation:  <math>L_{e,z} = 2.1072 \text{ ft}</math> - Required depth in z-direction,</p> <p><b>Minimum embedded depth required:</b></p> <p><math>L_{e,req}</math> - Depth of pile required,</p> $L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$ $L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(4.9214 \text{ ft}), (2.1072 \text{ ft})]$ $L_{e,req} = 4.921 \text{ ft}$ <p><math>L_e</math> - Actual embedded length of pile,</p> $L_e = L - h_e - h_2$ $L_e = (5 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$ $L_e = 5 \text{ ft}$ <p><b>Ratio</b> - Embedded depth</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.921 \text{ ft})}{(5 \text{ ft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.9842$	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b>  Ratio: <b>0.980</b></p>
	<p><b>End-bearing Capacity (ASD)</b></p> <p><math>A</math> - Pile cross-section area</p> $A = b D$ $A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$ $A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$ <p><math>q</math> - End-bearing pressure</p>	



	$q = \frac{P_v}{A}$ $q = \frac{(5.405 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$ $q = 0.33781 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p><b>Check bearing capacity ratio:</b></p> <p>Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.33781 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.16891$	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>0.170</b></p>
Czerniak	<p><b>Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):</b></p> <p><math>L/D</math> - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,</p> $L/D = \frac{L}{D}$ $L/D = \frac{(5 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$ $L/D = 1.25$ <p>Since <math>L/D \leq 10</math>,</p> <p>Pile is short.</p> <p><b>Considering x-direction:</b></p> <p><math>H_o = -0.051433 \text{ kip/ft}</math> - Lateral force per length of pile,  <math>M_o = 1.6798 \text{ kipft/ft}</math> - Overturning moment per length of pile,  <math>a</math> - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,</p> $a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$ $a = \frac{(4 \times (1.6798 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.051433 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (1.6798 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.051433 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft}))}$ $a = 3.3719 \text{ ft}$ <p><math>p</math> - Earth pressure against the pile at distance <math>a/2</math> from resting surface,</p> $p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$ $p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (1.6798 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.051433 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(5 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (1.6798 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.051433 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft}))]}$ $p = 0.23452 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p><math>s</math> - Earth pressure against the pile at distance <math>L_e</math>,</p> $s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$ $s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (1.6798 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.051433 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft}))]}{(5 \text{ ft})^2}$ $s = 0.74457 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p><b>Check lateral soil pressure capacity:</b></p> <p><math>p_a</math> - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth <math>a/2</math>,</p> $p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$ $p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(3.3719 \text{ ft})}{2}$ $p_a = 0.25289 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p>	



	$Ratio = \frac{p}{p_a}$ $Ratio = \frac{(0.23452 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.25289 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $Ratio = 0.92736$ <p><math>p_s</math> - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth <math>L_e</math>,</p> $p_s = R L_e$ $p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft})$ $p_s = 0.75 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $Ratio = \frac{s}{p_s}$ $Ratio = \frac{(0.74457 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.75 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $Ratio = 0.99276$	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>0.930</b></p> <p>Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>0.990</b></p>
	<p><b>Considering z-direction:</b></p> <p><math>H_o = 0.019586 \text{ kip/ft}</math> - Lateral force per length of pile,  <math>M_o = 0.085987 \text{ kipft/ft}</math> - Overturning moment per length of pile,  <math>a</math> - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,</p> $a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$ $a = \frac{(4 \times (0.085987 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.019586 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.085987 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.019586 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft}))}$ $a = 3.5132 \text{ ft}$ <p><math>p</math> - Earth pressure against the pile at distance <math>a/2</math> from resting surface,</p> $p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$ $p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (0.085987 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (0.019586 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(5 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (0.085987 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (0.019586 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft}))]}$ $p = 0.026886 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p><math>s</math> - Earth pressure against the pile at distance <math>L_e</math>,</p> $s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$ $s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (0.085987 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((0.019586 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft}))]}{(5 \text{ ft})^2}$ $s = 0.064777 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p><b>Check lateral soil pressure capacity:</b></p> <p><math>p_a</math> - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth <math>a/2</math>,</p> $p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$ $p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(3.5132 \text{ ft})}{2}$ $p_a = 0.26349 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $Ratio = \frac{p}{p_a}$ $Ratio = \frac{(0.026886 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.26349 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$	



$$Ratio = 0.10204$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.100**

$p_s$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $L_e$ ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 0.75 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

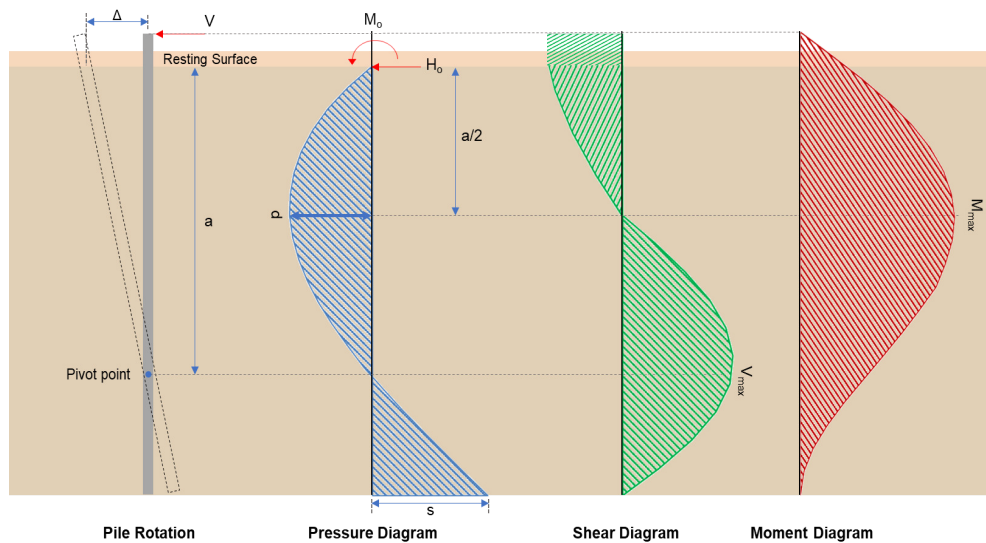
Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.064777 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.75 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.086369$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.090**



#### Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.539 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.085828 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(18.116 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.539 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 2.8847 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

$E$  - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(2.8847 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.085828 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 33.61 \text{ ft}$$

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (2.8847 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.085828 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (2.8847 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.085828 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft}))}$$



$$a = \frac{(6 \times (2.8847 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.085828 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft}))}{}$$

$$a = 3.3709 \text{ ft}$$

$V_{max}$  - Max shear force located at depth a,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \left( \frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \left( \frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.085828 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \times \left( \frac{4 \times (33.61 \text{ ft})}{(5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.3709 \text{ ft})}{(5 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \times \left( \frac{3 \times (33.61 \text{ ft})}{(5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.3709 \text{ ft})}{(5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 4.3206 \text{ kip}$$

$M_{max}$  - Max bending moment located at depth a/2,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[ \left( \frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.085828 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (5 \text{ ft})) \times \left[ \left( \frac{(33.61 \text{ ft})}{(5 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(3.3709 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 \times (33.61 \text{ ft})}{(5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.3709 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 \times (33.61 \text{ ft})}{(5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.3709 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 10.644 \text{ kipft}$$

#### Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(0.19 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = 0.030255 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.838 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.19 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.13344 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

$E$  - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.13344 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(0.030255 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 4.4105 \text{ ft}$$

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.13344 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.030255 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.13344 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.030255 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 3.5127 \text{ ft}$$

$V_{max}$  - Max shear force located at depth a,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \left( \frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \left( \frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$



$$V_{max} = ((0.030255 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \times \left( \frac{4 \times (4.4105 \text{ ft})}{(5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.5127 \text{ ft})}{(5 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \times \left( \frac{3 \times (4.4105 \text{ ft})}{(5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.5127 \text{ ft})}{(5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.26892 \text{ kip}$$

$M_{max}$  - Max bending moment located at depth a/2,

$$M_{max} = (H_o \ b \ L_e) \left[ \left( \frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 \ L_e} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 \ E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 \ L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 \ E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 \ L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((0.030255 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (5 \text{ ft})) \times \left[ \left( \frac{(4.4105 \text{ ft})}{(5 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(3.5127 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 \times (4.4105 \text{ ft})}{(5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.5127 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 \times (4.4105 \text{ ft})}{(5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.5127 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 0.6179 \text{ kipft}$$

#### Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

##### Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$  - Concrete strength,  
 $f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$  - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,  
 $\phi = 0.65$  - Reduction factor for axial strength,  
 $\alpha = 0.8$  - Alpha factor for axial strength,  
 $A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$  - Gross area of concrete,

##### Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load,  $A_{st,required}$

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = Min \left[ \frac{\frac{P}{\phi \ \alpha} - (0.85 \ f'_{ck} \ A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 \ f'_{ck})}, (0.08 \ A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = Min \left[ \frac{\frac{(8.209 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -84.323 \text{ in}^2$$

$A_{min}$  - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = Max [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 \ A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = Max [(-84.323 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$$

$n_{rebar}$  - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 14$$

$A_{st}$  - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \ \frac{\pi \ d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$$

Table 22.4.2.1

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1



		$Ratio = 0.96556$	Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>0.970</b>
25.2.3	$s_{rebar}$ - Minimum spacing of reinforcement,	$s_{rebar} = Max[1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$ $s_{rebar} = Max[1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$ $s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$ <p><b>Ties:</b></p> <p>25.7.2.2 Since longitudinal reinforcement is <math>\leq</math> No. 10ø: Use #3(0.375 in)</p> <p>25.7.2.1 <math>s_{ties}</math> - Maximum spacing of ties,</p> $s_{ties} = Min[(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), Min(D, b)]$ $s_{ties} = Min[(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), Min((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]$ $s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$ <p><b>Summary:</b></p> <p>Main reinforcement: <b>14 - #5 (0.625 in)</b> Ties: <b>#3(0.375 in) - 10 in</b></p>	
22.4.2.2	$\phi P_N$ - Allowable axial compressive strength	<p><b>Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</b></p> $\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st})]$ $\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times [(0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2))]$ $\phi P_N = 2675.2 \text{ kip}$ <p><i>Ratio - Capacity</i></p> $Ratio = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$ $Ratio = \frac{(8.209 \text{ kip})}{(2675.2 \text{ kip})}$ $Ratio = 0.0030686$	Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>0.000</b>
22.5.2.2	$b_w = 48 \text{ in}$ - Effective width, $d$ - Effective depth	<p><b>Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</b></p> <p><b>Parameters:</b></p> $d = 0.80 D$ $d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})$ $d = 38.4 \text{ in}$	
22.5.5.1.3	$\lambda_s$ - size effect modification factor	$\lambda_s = MIN \left[ \sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$ $\lambda_s = MIN \left[ \sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$ $\lambda_s = 0.64282$	
22.5.5.1.1	$V_{c,max}$ - Max shear strength of concrete	<p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula <math>f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}</math>,</p> $V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$	



		$V_{c,max} = 296.21 \text{ kip}$	
22.5.5.1.1(a)	The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ , $P = 8.209 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 8209 \text{ lbf}$ , $V_{c,a}$ - Shear strength of concrete (a)	$V_{c,a} = \left[ 2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + \frac{P}{6 A_g} \right] b_w d$ $V_{c,a} = \left[ 2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + \frac{(8209 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ $V_{c,a} = 119.58 \text{ kip}$	
22.5.5.1.2	The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ , $V_{c,b}$ - Shear strength of concrete (b)	$V_{c,b} = \left[ 2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + (0.05 f'_{ck}) \right] b_w d$ $V_{c,b} = \left[ 2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi})) \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ $V_{c,b} = 348.89 \text{ kip}$	
	$V_c$ - Governing shear strength of concrete	$V_c = \text{Min}[V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$ $V_c = \text{Min}[(296.21 \text{ kip}), (119.58 \text{ kip}), (348.89 \text{ kip})]$ $V_c = 119.58 \text{ kip}$	
22.5.5.1.2	The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ , $V_{s,a}$ - Shear strength of steel (a)	$V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ $V_{s,a} = 737.28 \text{ kip}$	
	$A_v$ - Ties rebar area,	$A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$ $A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$ $A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$	
22.5.8.5.3	$V_{s,b}$ - Shear strength of steel (b)	$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yw} d}{s_{ties}}$ $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$ $V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$	
	$V_s$ - Governing shear strength of steel	$V_s = \text{MIN}[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$ $V_s = \text{MIN}[(737.28 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$ $V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$	
22.5.1.1	$\phi V_n$ - Allowable shear strength	$\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$ $\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((119.58 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$ $\phi V_n = 110.81 \text{ kip}$	
	<b>Considering x-direction:</b> $V_{max} = 4.3206 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the x-direction, $Ratio$ - Capacity	$Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$	



	$Ratio = \frac{(4.3206 \text{ kip})}{(110.81 \text{ kip})}$ $Ratio = 0.038992$ <p><b>Considering z-direction:</b></p> <p><math>V_{max} = 0.26892 \text{ kip}</math> - Maximum shear force in the z-direction,  <i>Ratio</i> - Capacity</p> $Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $Ratio = \frac{(0.26892 \text{ kip})}{(110.81 \text{ kip})}$ $Ratio = 0.0024269$ <p>Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>0.040</b></p>	
14.5.2.1b	<p><b>Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</b></p> <p><math>S_m</math> - Section modulus</p> $S_m = \frac{b D^2}{6}$ $S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$ $S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$ <p><math>\lambda = 1</math> - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete),  Allowable flexural strength:  <math>M_n</math> shall be the lesser of:  <math>\phi M_{n,1}</math></p> $\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{(2.5 \text{ ksi})} \times 18432.001 \text{ in}^3$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 249.600 \text{ kipft}$ <p><math>\phi M_{n,2}</math></p> $\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_c \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (18432 \text{ in}^3)$ $\phi M_{n,2} = 2121.6 \text{ kipft}$ <p>Therefore,  <math>\phi M_n</math> - Allowable flexural strength,</p> $\phi M_n = MIN[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$ $\phi M_n = MIN[(249.6 \text{ kipft}), (2121.6 \text{ kipft})]$ $\phi M_n = 249.6 \text{ kipft}$ <p><b>Considering x-direction:</b></p> <p><math>M_{max} = 10.644 \text{ kipft}</math> - Maximum moment in the x-direction,  <i>Ratio</i> - Capacity</p> $Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $Ratio = \frac{(10.644 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$ $Ratio = 0.042643$ <p>Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>0.040</b></p>	
	<p><b>Considering z-direction:</b></p> <p><math>M_{max} = 0.6179 \text{ kipft}</math> - Maximum moment in the z-direction,  <i>Ratio</i> - Capacity</p> $Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$	



	$Ratio = \frac{(0.6179 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$	
	$Ratio = 0.0024755$	
		Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>0.000</b>