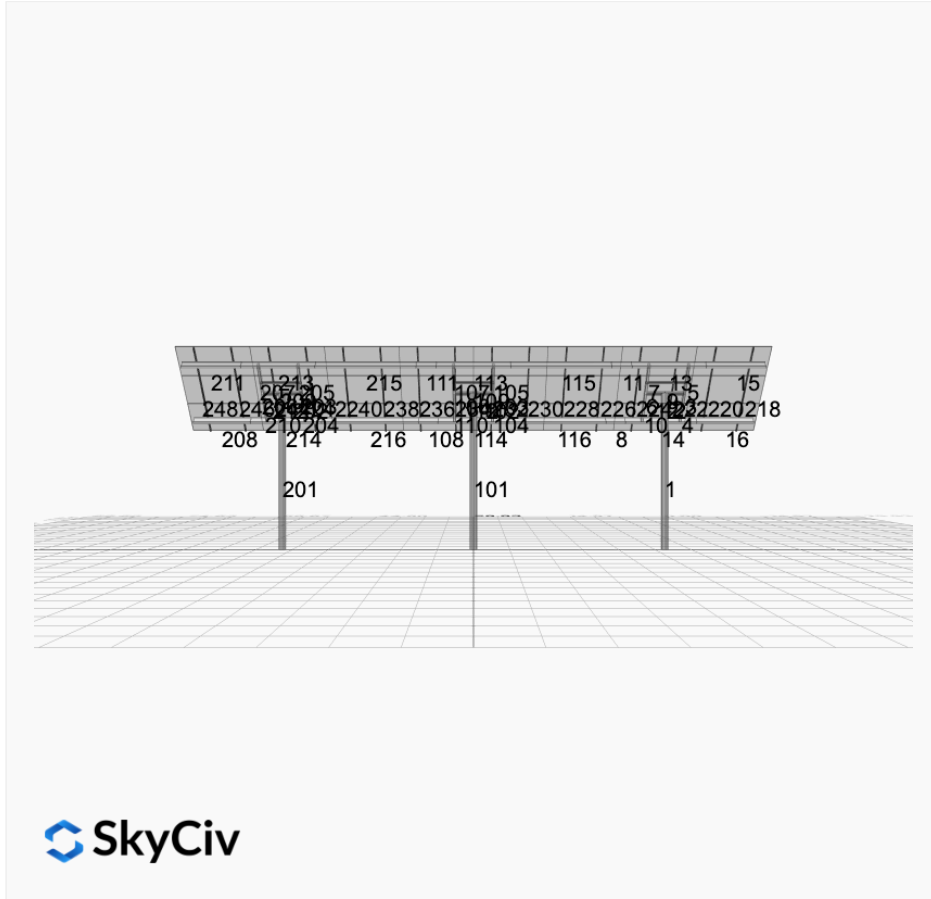


# Project Details



**Project Name:** Uthmann Family Feeders - 3x8 - V1Jb     **Date:** Fri Feb 28 2025  
**Location:** 5200 N County Rd 19, Fort Collins, CO     **Number of Modules:** 24  
 80524, USA     **Number of Poles:** 3  
**Unique ID:** 3P-19.75-8TOP-HD-72-L-3Hx8W-K0K3     **Date Sold:**  
**Dealer:** \_\_\_\_\_



Array Dimensions N/S	11.25 ft
Array Dimensions E/W	59.87 ft
Winter Tilt Angle	47
Front Edge Clearance	12 ft

## MT Solar Bill of Materials (3P-19.75-8TOP-HD-72-L-3Hx8W-K0K3)

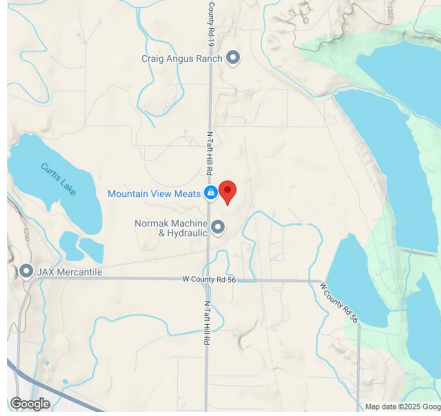
Part	Short Description	BOM Qty
MTS-PC-8	8IN Pole Cap Assembly	3
MTS-HF-HD	H-Frame Assembly-HD	3
MTS-HD-Wing-72	72IN HD Wing	4
MTS-HD-Splice-90	90IN HD Splice	4
MTS-HD-Splice-57	57IN HD Splice	4
MTS-CLAMP-HOOK-4PK	Hook Clamp	8

## Rail Bill of Materials

Part	Qty
Rails (134in)	16
Rail Attachment	32

<b>Part</b>	<b>Qty</b>
Module Mid Clamp	32
Module End Clamp	32
Ground Lug	8

## Site Details:



**Site Address:** 5200 N County Rd 19, Fort Collins, CO 80524, USA

### Array Specification

<b>Duty Classification:</b>	HD
<b>Module Width:</b>	44.50 in
<b>Module Length:</b>	88.80in
<b>Number of Rows:</b>	3
<b>Number of Columns:</b>	8
<b>Total Number of Modules:</b>	24
<b>Winter Tilt Angle:</b>	47
<b>Front Edge Clearance:</b>	12
<b>Total Array Height at Tilt:</b>	20.23 ft
<b>Total Frame Length:</b>	59.00 ft
<b>Frame Weight:</b>	4430 lbs
<b>Array Dimensions N/S:</b>	11.25 ft
<b>Array Dimensions E/W:</b>	59.87 ft
<b>Rail Length:</b>	135.00 in
<b>Rail Spacing:</b>	3.74 ft

### Support Specifications

<b>Pole Size:</b>	8in Pipe Sch 80
<b>Pole Length above Grade:</b>	16.11 ft
<b>Number of Poles:</b>	3
<b>Pole Spacing:</b>	19.75 ft

### Foundation Specifications

<b>Foundation Type:</b>	Square
<b>Foundation Dimensions:</b>	48 x 48 in
<b>Foundation Depth (below grade):</b>	Pile 1: 8.50 ft Pile 2: 8.25 ft Pile 3: 8.50 ft
<b>Foundation Volume:</b>	14.963 y <sup>3</sup>

### Site Info

<b>Risk Category:</b>	I
<b>Exposure:</b>	C
<b>Soil Classification:</b>	sand
<b>Site Location:</b>	5200 N County Rd 19, Fort Collins, CO 80524, USA
<b>Wind Speed:</b>	145 mph
<b>Snow Load:</b>	45 psf

### **Design Disclaimer**

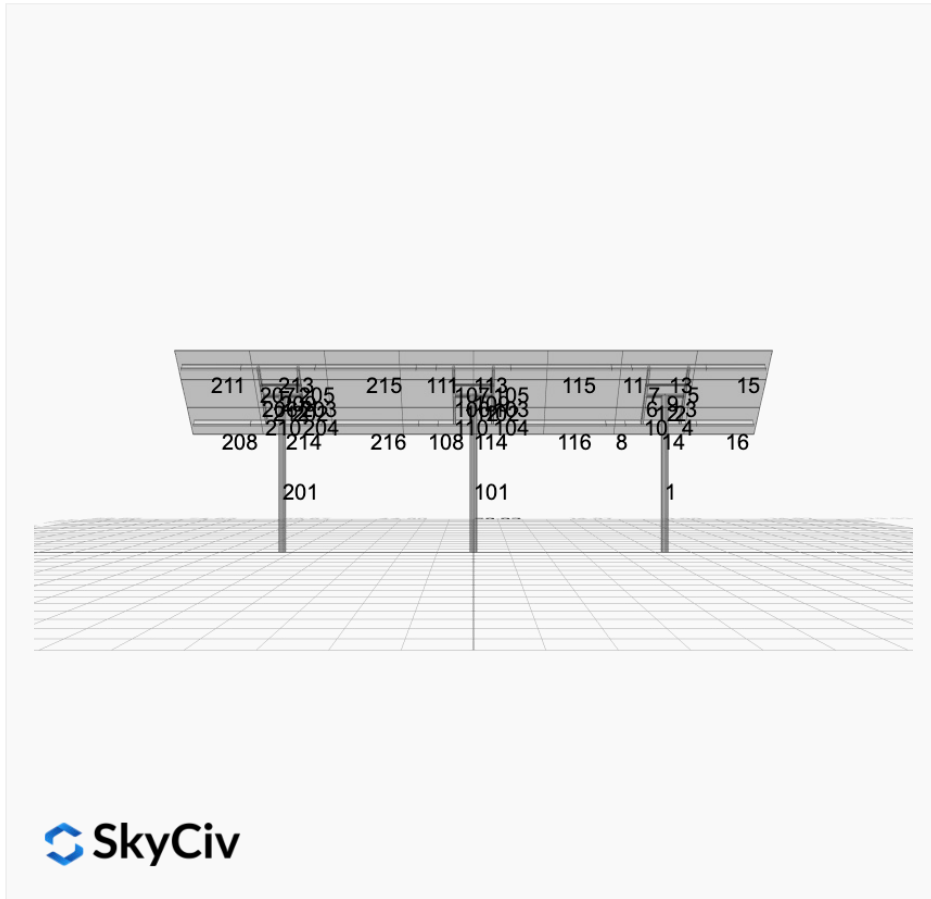
This software should be used for preliminary designs and should not be used as a final design unless reviewed, verified and designed by a qualified structural engineer.

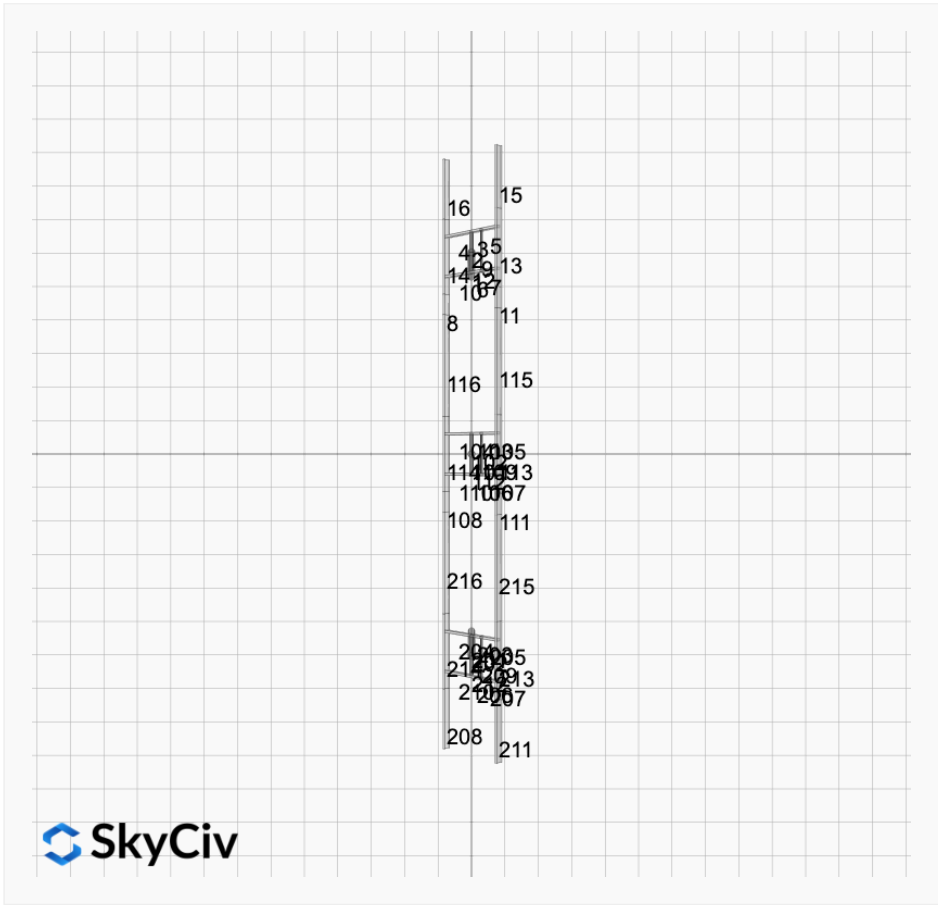
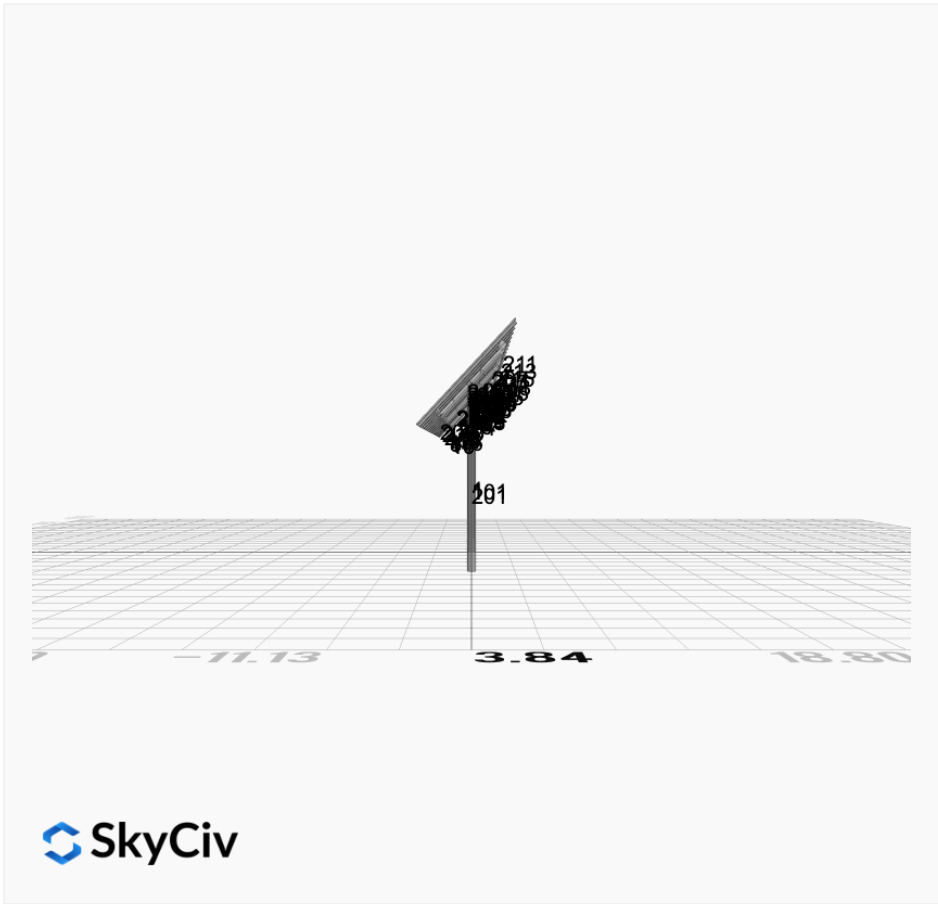
## AutoDesigner Input

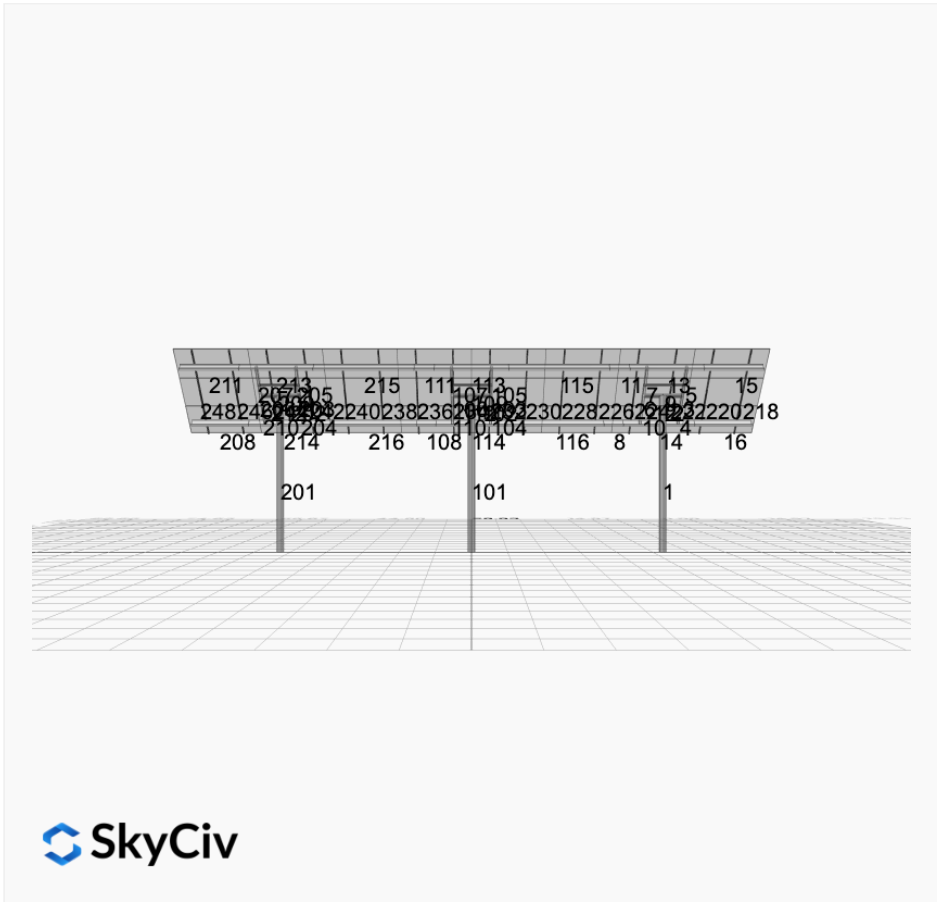
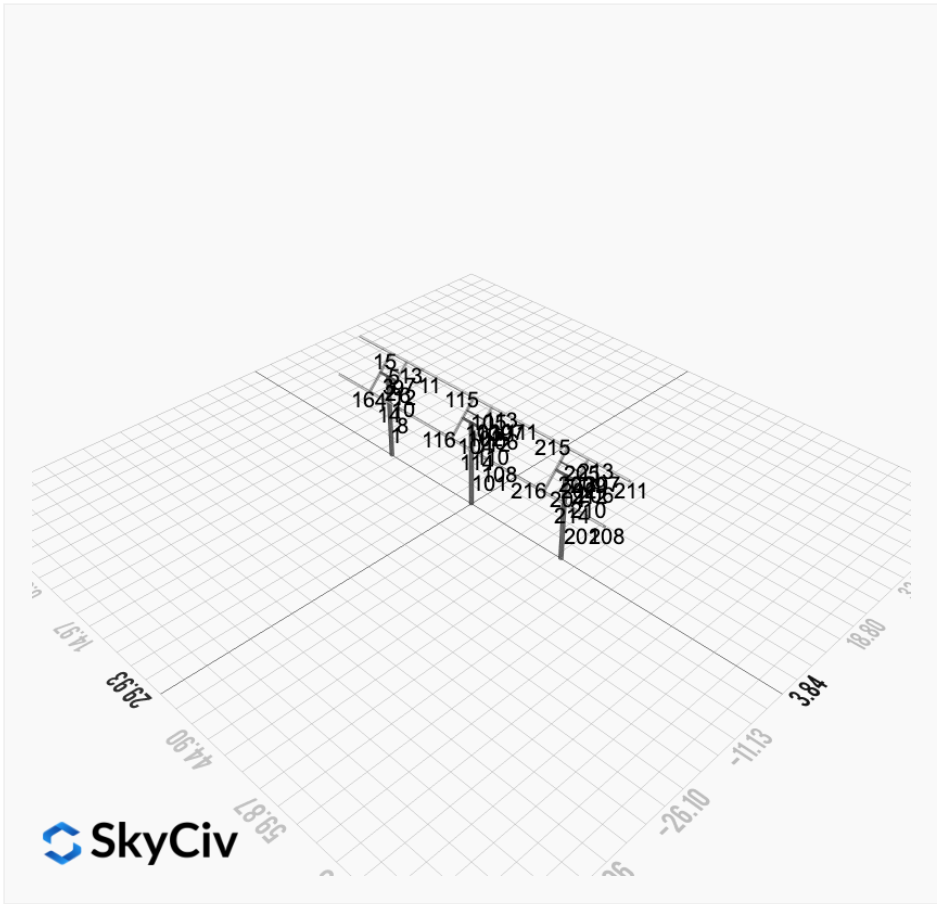
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## Design Notes:

- AISC Deflection checks are set to L/1 due to structure design intent
- Foundation Soil Parameters used in this Autodesign are all estimates, proper geotechnical reports are required to confirm soil profiles
- Wind speeds, snow loads and other site specific results are based on ASCE 7 2016
- Steel frame design checks are based on AISC 360 2016 (LRFD)

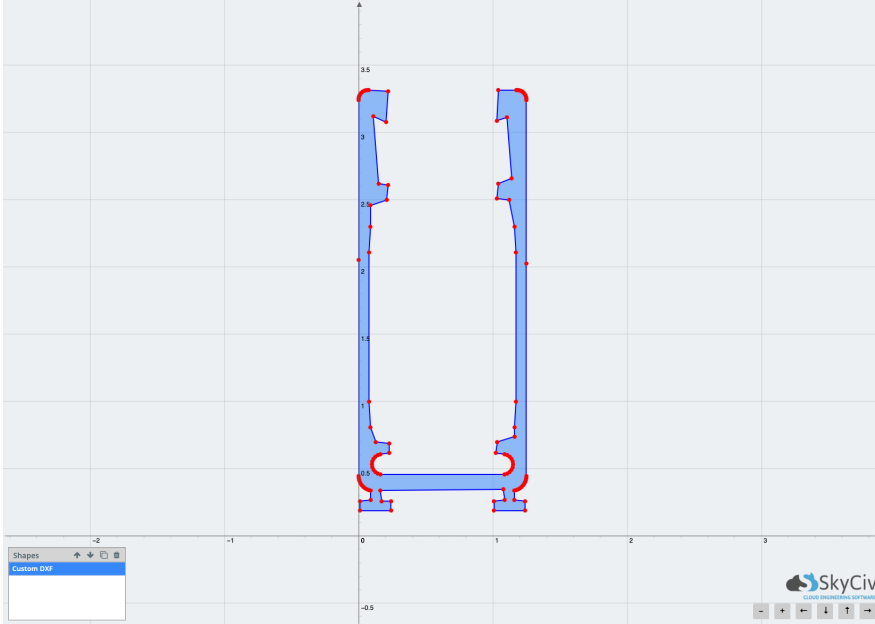






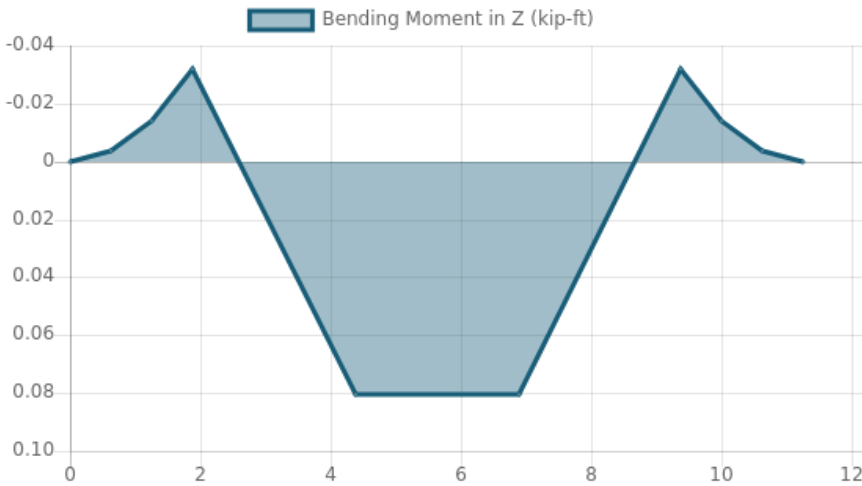
## Rail Design Check

**Rail Length:** 11.25 ft  
**Additional Restraints Required:** None  
**Tributary Width:** 3.741666666666667 ft  
**Material:** Aluminium  
**Density:** 169 lb/ft<sup>3</sup>  
**Elasticity Modulus:** 10000 ksi  
**Fy:** 34.5 ksi  
**Fu:** 37 ksi  
**Snow (X):** 0.0290 kip/ft  
**Snow (Y):** -0.0311 kip/ft  
**Wind uplift Case A:** 0.1391 kip/ft  
**Wind downforce Case A:** 0.1391 kip/ft  
**Dead (Panel load) (X):** 0.0120 kip/ft  
**Dead (Panel load) (Y):** -0.0129 kip/ft

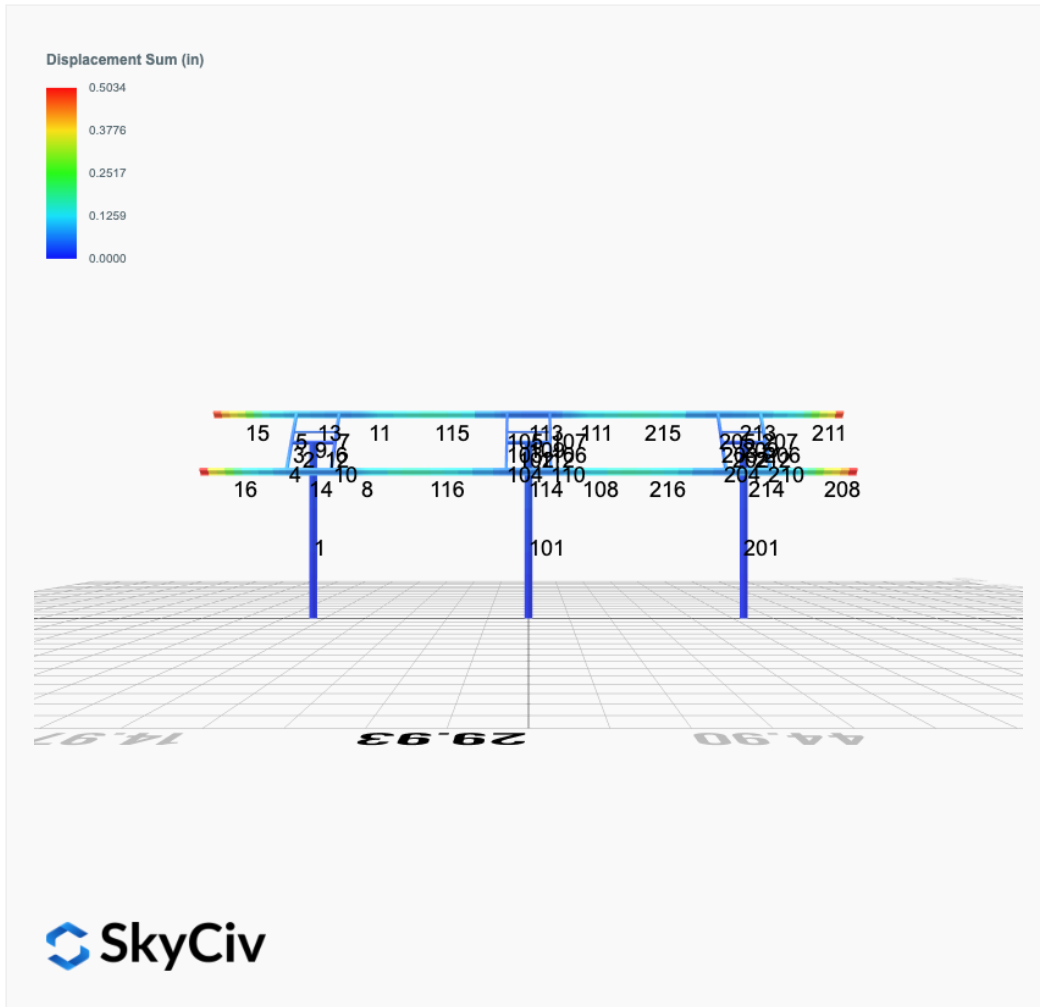


Result Check	Max Limit	Max Value	Utility	Status
Custom Stress Limit	34.5	16.33404295	0.473	PASS
Material Yield	34.5	16.33404295	0.473	PASS
Material Strength	37	16.33404295	0.441	PASS

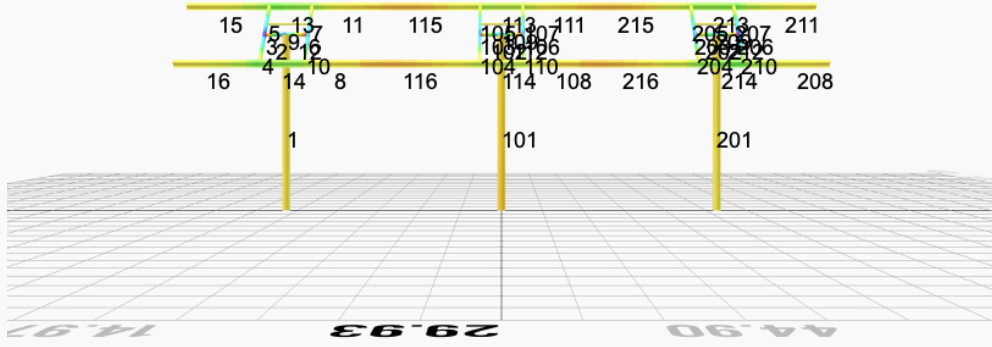
Member 1, ULS: 1. 1.4D



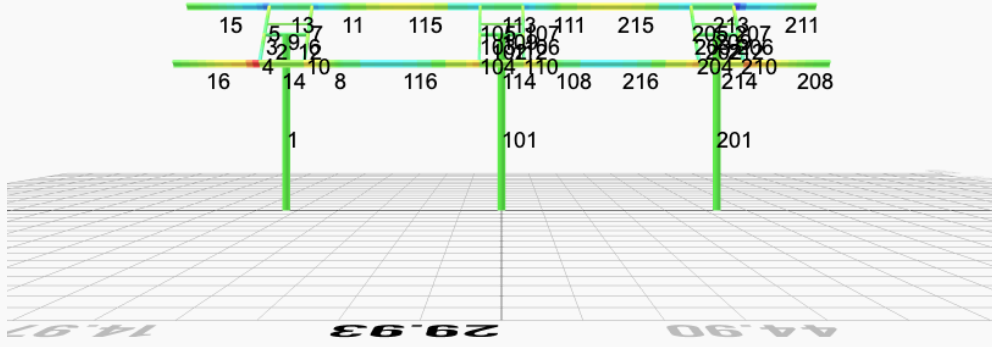
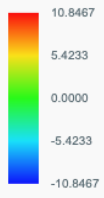
# FEM Results (Envelope Worst Case for each member)



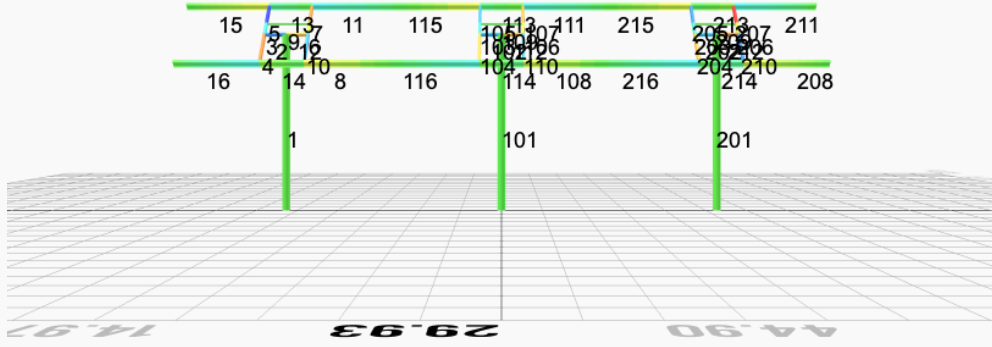
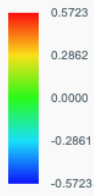
Top Bending Stress Z (ksi)



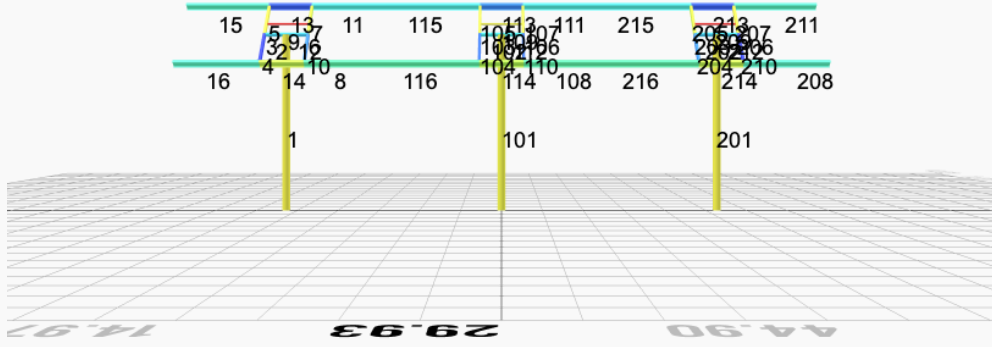
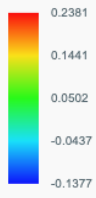
Top Bending Stress Y (ksi)



Shear Stress Y (ksi)



Axial Stress (ksi)



## Reaction Forces for Foundation 1 (Node ID#1), (kip, kip-ft)

### ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	-0.0135	2.3796	-0.0268	-0.1337	0.1112	0.2185
ULS: 2. D + L	-0.0135	2.3796	-0.0268	-0.1337	0.1112	0.2185
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	-0.0295	4.1132	-0.0583	-0.2912	0.2421	0.4546
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	-0.0135	2.3796	-0.0268	-0.1337	0.1112	0.2185
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	-0.0255	3.6798	-0.0504	-0.2518	0.2094	0.3956
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	-0.0135	2.3796	-0.0268	-0.1337	0.1112	0.2185
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	-0.0135	2.3796	-0.0268	-0.1337	0.1112	0.2185
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	-0.0255	3.6798	-0.0504	-0.2518	0.2094	0.3956
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	-0.0081	1.4278	-0.0161	-0.0802	0.0667	0.1311
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-3.7399	5.8766	-0.1409	-0.6963	0.7929	61.6149
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.0135	2.3796	-0.0268	-0.1337	0.1112	0.2185
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	3.7165	-1.1192	0.0852	0.4159	-0.5585	-58.4034
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	-0.0135	2.3796	-0.0268	-0.1337	0.1112	0.2185
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.8202	6.3026	-0.1360	-0.6737	0.7206	46.4429
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.0255	3.6798	-0.0504	-0.2518	0.2094	0.3956
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	2.7721	1.0557	0.0335	0.1604	-0.2929	-43.5708
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	-0.0255	3.6798	-0.0504	-0.2518	0.2094	0.3956
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.8083	5.0024	-0.1124	-0.5556	0.6225	46.2658
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.0135	2.3796	-0.0268	-0.1337	0.1112	0.2185
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	2.7840	-0.2445	0.0572	0.2785	-0.3911	-43.7479
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	-0.0135	2.3796	-0.0268	-0.1337	0.1112	0.2185
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-3.7345	4.9248	-0.1302	-0.6428	0.7484	61.5274
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.0081	1.4278	-0.0161	-0.0802	0.0667	0.1311
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	3.7220	-2.0711	0.0959	0.4694	-0.6030	-58.4908
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	-0.0081	1.4278	-0.0161	-0.0802	0.0667	0.1311

### Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.  
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	9.5500
Shear X	-6.2332
Shear Z	-0.2389
Moment X	-1.1818
Moment Y (Twist)	1.3383
Moment Z	104.3722

### Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.  
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	6.3026
Shear X	-3.7399
Shear Z	-0.1409
Moment X	-0.6963
Moment Y (Twist)	0.7929
Moment Z	61.6149

## Reaction Forces for Foundation 2 (Node ID#101), (kip, kip-ft)

### ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	0.0271	2.3381	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	-0.3732
ULS: 2. D + L	0.0271	2.3381	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	-0.3732
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0589	4.0229	-0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	-0.8337
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0271	2.3381	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	-0.3732
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0510	3.6017	-0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	-0.7186

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0271	2.3381	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	-0.3732
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	0.0271	2.3381	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	-0.3732
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	0.0510	3.6017	-0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	-0.7186
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	0.0163	1.4028	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	-0.2239
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-3.5077	5.5901	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	58.1028
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	0.0271	2.3381	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	-0.3732
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	3.5544	-0.9103	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	-56.1906
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0271	2.3381	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	-0.3732
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.6002	6.0407	-0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	43.1383
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	0.0510	3.6017	-0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	-0.7186
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	2.6965	1.1654	-0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	-42.5817
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0510	3.6017	-0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	-0.7186
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.6240	4.7771	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	43.4838
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	0.0271	2.3381	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	-0.3732
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	2.6726	-0.0982	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	-42.2363
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0271	2.3381	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	-0.3732
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-3.5186	4.6548	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	58.2520
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	0.0163	1.4028	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	-0.2239
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	3.5436	-1.8455	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	-56.0414
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0163	1.4028	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	-0.2239

### Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.  
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	9.0695
Shear X	-5.9296
Shear Z	-0.0000
Moment X	0.0001
Moment Y (Twist)	0.0002
Moment Z	98.3948

### Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.  
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	6.0407
Shear X	-3.5544
Shear Z	-0.0000
Moment X	0.0000
Moment Y (Twist)	0.0000
Moment Z	58.2520

### Reaction Forces for Foundation 3 (Node ID#201), (kip, kip-ft)

#### ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	-0.0136	2.3796	0.0268	0.1337	-0.1112	0.2185
ULS: 2. D + L	-0.0136	2.3796	0.0268	0.1337	-0.1112	0.2185
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	-0.0295	4.1132	0.0583	0.2912	-0.2421	0.4546
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	-0.0136	2.3796	0.0268	0.1337	-0.1112	0.2185
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	-0.0255	3.6798	0.0504	0.2518	-0.2094	0.3956
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	-0.0136	2.3796	0.0268	0.1337	-0.1112	0.2185
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	-0.0136	2.3796	0.0268	0.1337	-0.1112	0.2185
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	-0.0255	3.6798	0.0504	0.2518	-0.2094	0.3956
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	-0.0081	1.4278	0.0161	0.0802	-0.0667	0.1311
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-3.7399	5.8766	0.1409	0.6963	-0.7929	61.6149
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.0136	2.3796	0.0268	0.1337	-0.1112	0.2185
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	3.7165	-1.1192	-0.0852	-0.4159	0.5585	-58.4034
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	-0.0136	2.3796	0.0268	0.1337	-0.1112	0.2185

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.8202	6.3026	0.1360	0.6738	-0.7206	46.4428
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.0255	3.6798	0.0504	0.2518	-0.2094	0.3956
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	2.7721	1.0557	-0.0335	-0.1604	0.2929	-43.5708
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	-0.0255	3.6798	0.0504	0.2518	-0.2094	0.3956
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.8083	5.0024	0.1124	0.5556	-0.6225	46.2658
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.0136	2.3796	0.0268	0.1337	-0.1112	0.2185
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	2.7840	-0.2445	-0.0572	-0.2785	0.3911	-43.7479
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	-0.0136	2.3796	0.0268	0.1337	-0.1112	0.2185
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-3.7345	4.9248	0.1302	0.6428	-0.7484	61.5274
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.0081	1.4278	0.0161	0.0802	-0.0667	0.1311
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	3.7220	-2.0711	-0.0959	-0.4694	0.6030	-58.4908
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	-0.0081	1.4278	0.0161	0.0802	-0.0667	0.1311

### Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.  
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	9.5500
Shear X	-6.2332
Shear Z	0.2389
Moment X	1.1818
Moment Y (Twist)	1.3387
Moment Z	104.3732

### Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.  
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	6.3026
Shear X	-3.7399
Shear Z	0.1409
Moment X	0.6963
Moment Y (Twist)	0.7929
Moment Z	61.6149

## Project Details

Design Code: AISC 360-16 LRFD  
 Provision: LRFD  
 Country: United States  
 User Name: sales@mtsolar.us  
 Unit System: imperial

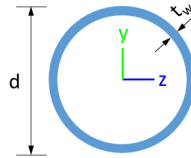


## Design Input Information

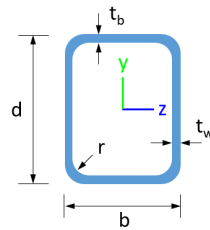
Design Factors			
$\Phi_t$	$\Phi_c$	$\Phi_b$	$\Phi_v$
0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9

Design Materials			
ID	E (ksi)	$F_y$ (ksi)	$F_u$ (ksi)
1	29000	50	65

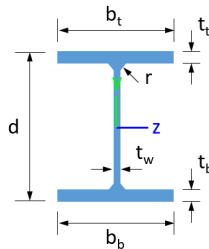
### Section Dimensions



ID	Name	d (in)	$t_w$ (in)				
2	2in Pipe Sch 80	2.38	0.22				
5	4in Pipe Sch 80	4.50	0.34				
10	8in Pipe Sch 80	8.63	0.50				



ID	Name	d (in)	b (in)	$t_w$ (in)	$t_b$ (in)	r (in)	
16	HSS5x3x3/16	5.00	3.00	0.17	0.17	0.17	



ID	Name	d (in)	$t_w$ (in)	$b_t$ (in)	$b_b$ (in)	$t_t$ (in)	$t_b$ (in)	r (in)
19	W8x10	7.89	0.17	3.94	3.94	0.20	0.20	0.30

### Section Properties

ID	Name	A (in <sup>2</sup> )	J (in <sup>4</sup> )	$I_{yp}$ (in <sup>4</sup> )	$I_{zp}$ (in <sup>4</sup> )	$I_w$ (in <sup>6</sup> )	$S_{yp}$ (in <sup>3</sup> )	$S_{zp}$ (in <sup>3</sup> )
----	------	----------------------	----------------------	-----------------------------	-----------------------------	--------------------------	-----------------------------	-----------------------------



113	19	4.88	4.00	7.50	1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.04,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.04,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.04,1.03,1.04,1.03,1.0	300	200	1
114	19	4.88	4.00	7.50	1.04,1.0	300	200	1
115	19	6.63	6.63	10.20	1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.1	300	200	1
116	19	6.63	6.63	10.20	1.16,1.1	300	200	1
201	10	33.84	33.84	16.11	-	300	200	1
202	5	1.30	1.30	2.00	-	300	200	1
203	16	0.92	0.92	1.42	1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.17,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.16,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.1	300	200	1
204	16	2.44	2.44	3.75	1.69,1.68,1.69,1.68,1.69,1.69,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.69,1.66,1.69,1.67,1.68,1.64,1.68,1.67,1.69,1.6	300	200	1
205	16	1.52	1.52	2.33	1.68,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.65,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.6	300	200	1
206	16	0.92	0.92	1.42	1.19,1.19,1.19,1.18,1.19,1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.1	300	200	1
207	16	1.52	1.52	2.33	1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.65,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.6	300	200	1
208	19	12.60	12.60	6.00	2.33,2.3	300	200	1
209	2	2.60	2.60	4.00	-	300	200	1
210	16	2.44	2.44	3.75	1.69,1.68,1.69,1.68,1.68,1.69,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.69,1.66,1.69,1.67,1.68,1.65,1.68,1.67,1.69,1.6	300	200	1
211	19	12.60	12.60	6.00	2.33,2.3	300	200	1
212	5	1.30	1.30	2.00	-	300	200	1
213	19	4.88	4.00	7.50	1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.09,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.09,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.09,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.0	300	200	1
214	19	4.88	4.00	7.50	1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.10,1.09,1.10,1.09,1.10,1.09,1.10,1.09,1.10,1.09,1.10,1.09,1.10,1.09,1.10,1.0	300	200	1
215	19	6.63	6.63	10.20	1.27,1.27,1.27,1.27,1.27,1.27,1.27,1.27,1.28,1.27,1.27,1.27,1.28,1.27,1.27,1.27,1.30,1.27,1.27,1.27,1.2	300	200	1
216	19	6.63	6.63	10.20	1.28,1.28,1.28,1.28,1.28,1.28,1.28,1.28,1.28,1.28,1.28,1.28,1.28,1.28,1.28,1.28,1.30,1.28,1.28,1.28,1.2	300	200	1

## Member Design Capacity

Member ID	$\Phi_t P_n$ (kip)	$\Phi_c P_n$ (kip)	$\Phi_b M_{zn}$ (k-ft)	$\Phi_b M_{yn}$ (k-ft)	$\Phi_v V_{yn}$ (kip)	$\Phi_v V_{zn}$ (kip)
1	574.32	144.84	123.94	123.94	172.30	172.30
2	198.33	196.72	21.95	21.95	59.50	59.50
3	116.10	115.41	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
4	116.10	111.33	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
5	116.10	114.23	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
6	116.10	115.41	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
7	116.10	114.23	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
8	133.20	123.95	32.87	6.12	40.24	43.62
9	66.48	58.89	3.82	3.82	19.94	19.94
10	116.10	111.33	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
11	133.20	123.95	32.87	6.12	40.24	43.62
12	198.33	196.72	21.95	21.95	59.50	59.50
13	133.20	85.85	24.92	6.12	40.24	43.62
14	133.20	85.85	24.87	6.12	40.24	43.62
15	133.20	20.65	32.87	6.12	40.24	43.62
16	133.20	20.65	32.87	6.12	40.24	43.62

101	374.52	144.04	123.94	123.94	172.30	172.30
102	198.33	196.72	21.95	21.95	59.50	59.50
103	116.10	115.41	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
104	116.10	111.33	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
105	116.10	114.23	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
106	116.10	115.41	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
107	116.10	114.23	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
108	133.20	123.95	32.87	6.12	40.24	43.62
109	66.48	58.89	3.82	3.82	19.94	19.94
110	116.10	111.33	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
111	133.20	123.95	32.87	6.12	40.24	43.62
112	198.33	196.72	21.95	21.95	59.50	59.50
113	133.20	85.85	23.71	6.12	40.24	43.62
114	133.20	85.85	23.80	6.12	40.24	43.62
115	133.20	69.16	18.17	6.12	40.24	43.62
116	133.20	69.16	17.91	6.12	40.24	43.62
201	574.32	144.84	123.94	123.94	172.30	172.30
202	198.33	196.72	21.95	21.95	59.50	59.50
203	116.10	115.41	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
204	116.10	111.33	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
205	116.10	114.23	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
206	116.10	115.41	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
207	116.10	114.23	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
208	133.20	20.65	32.87	6.12	40.24	43.62
209	66.48	58.89	3.82	3.82	19.94	19.94
210	116.10	111.33	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
211	133.20	20.65	32.87	6.12	40.24	43.62
212	198.33	196.72	21.95	21.95	59.50	59.50
213	133.20	85.85	24.91	6.12	40.24	43.62
214	133.20	85.85	24.88	6.12	40.24	43.62
215	133.20	69.16	19.63	6.12	40.24	43.62
216	133.20	69.16	19.76	6.12	40.24	43.62

## Design Ratio

Member ID	P	M <sub>z</sub>	M <sub>y</sub>	V <sub>y</sub>	V <sub>z</sub>	(P,M <sub>z</sub> ,M <sub>y</sub> )	Worst LC	KL/r	δ	Status
1	0.066	0.842	0.021	0.036	0.001	0.885	#13	0.705	Not Required	Pass
2	0.003	0.397	0.308	0.082	0.057	0.706	#13	0.035	Not Required	Pass
3	0.008	0.683	0.046	0.069	0.005	0.713	#13	0.045	Not Required	Pass
4	0.009	0.681	0.168	0.068	0.034	0.718	#13	0.080	Not Required	Pass
5	0.008	0.423	0.173	0.068	0.043	0.448	#13	0.074	Not Required	Pass
6	0.007	0.556	0.039	0.054	0.004	0.573	#13	0.045	Not Required	Pass
7	0.007	0.345	0.135	0.055	0.035	0.370	#13	0.074	Not Required	Pass
8	0.002	0.085	0.115	0.043	0.012	0.175	#21	0.095	Not Required	Pass
9	0.015	0.068	0.073	0.003	0.002	0.145	#13	0.204	Not Required	Pass
10	0.007	0.567	0.140	0.057	0.030	0.643	#13	0.080	Not Required	Pass
11	0.002	0.079	0.115	0.041	0.012	0.172	#21	0.063	Not Required	Pass
12	0.004	0.276	0.247	0.065	0.048	0.525	#13	0.035	Not Required	Pass
13	0.007	0.309	0.410	0.052	0.015	0.630	#21	0.190	Not Required	Pass
14	0.009	0.319	0.410	0.054	0.015	0.630	#21	0.190	Not Required	Pass
15	0.000	0.141	0.246	0.038	0.011	0.346	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass

16	0.000	0.141	0.246	0.038	0.011	0.346	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
101	0.063	0.794	0.000	0.034	0.000	0.825	#13	0.705	Not Required	Pass
102	0.002	0.314	0.254	0.069	0.050	0.568	#13	0.035	Not Required	Pass
103	0.007	0.593	0.047	0.059	0.008	0.625	#13	0.045	Not Required	Pass
104	0.007	0.576	0.115	0.058	0.024	0.619	#13	0.080	Not Required	Pass
105	0.007	0.368	0.118	0.059	0.030	0.382	#13	0.074	Not Required	Pass
106	0.007	0.593	0.047	0.059	0.008	0.625	#13	0.045	Not Required	Pass
107	0.007	0.368	0.118	0.059	0.030	0.382	#13	0.074	Not Required	Pass
108	0.002	0.042	0.105	0.036	0.012	0.114	#21	0.095	Not Required	Pass
109	0.009	0.041	0.048	0.001	0.000	0.091	#13	0.204	Not Required	Pass
110	0.007	0.576	0.115	0.058	0.024	0.619	#13	0.080	Not Required	Pass
111	0.002	0.049	0.105	0.037	0.012	0.128	#21	0.063	Not Required	Pass
112	0.002	0.314	0.254	0.069	0.050	0.568	#13	0.035	Not Required	Pass
113	0.007	0.209	0.273	0.048	0.015	0.396	#21	0.190	Not Required	Pass
114	0.009	0.185	0.274	0.047	0.015	0.373	#21	0.286	Not Required	Pass
115	0.002	0.147	0.151	0.037	0.012	0.257	#21	0.316	Not Required	Pass
116	0.004	0.164	0.154	0.036	0.012	0.267	#21	0.473	Not Required	Pass
201	0.066	0.842	0.021	0.036	0.001	0.885	#13	0.705	Not Required	Pass
202	0.004	0.276	0.247	0.065	0.048	0.525	#13	0.035	Not Required	Pass
203	0.007	0.556	0.039	0.054	0.004	0.573	#13	0.045	Not Required	Pass
204	0.007	0.567	0.140	0.057	0.030	0.643	#13	0.080	Not Required	Pass
205	0.007	0.345	0.135	0.055	0.035	0.370	#13	0.074	Not Required	Pass
206	0.008	0.683	0.046	0.069	0.005	0.713	#13	0.045	Not Required	Pass
207	0.008	0.423	0.173	0.068	0.043	0.448	#13	0.074	Not Required	Pass
208	0.000	0.141	0.246	0.038	0.011	0.346	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
209	0.015	0.068	0.073	0.003	0.002	0.145	#13	0.204	Not Required	Pass
210	0.009	0.681	0.168	0.068	0.034	0.718	#13	0.080	Not Required	Pass
211	0.000	0.141	0.246	0.038	0.011	0.346	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
212	0.003	0.397	0.308	0.082	0.057	0.706	#13	0.035	Not Required	Pass
213	0.007	0.309	0.410	0.052	0.015	0.630	#21	0.190	Not Required	Pass
214	0.009	0.319	0.410	0.054	0.015	0.630	#21	0.286	Not Required	Pass
215	0.002	0.139	0.152	0.041	0.012	0.252	#21	0.316	Not Required	Pass
216	0.004	0.149	0.153	0.043	0.012	0.260	#21	0.473	Not Required	Pass

## Definitions

$\Phi_t$	Safety factor for tensile
$\Phi_c$	Safety factor for compression
$\Phi_b$	Safety factor for flexure
$\Phi_v$	Safety factor for shear
E	Modulus of elasticity
$F_y$	Specified minimum yield stress
$F_u$	Specified minimum tensile strength
A	Cross-sectional area
J	Torsional constant
$I_{yp}$	Moment of inertia about the Y axes
$I_{zp}$	Moment of inertia about the Z axes
$I_w$	Warping constant
$S_{yp}$	Plastic section modulus about the Y axis
$S_{zp}$	Plastic section modulus about the Z axis
KL	Effective length
$C_b$	Buckling modification factor (from all load combinations)
$L_b$	Length between braced points
LST	Limited slenderness for tension
LSC	Limited slenderness for compression
LD	Limited deflection
$P_n$	Nominal axial strength (tension/compression)

$M_n$	Nominal flexural strength (about Z/Y axis)
$V_n$	Nominal shear strength (along Z/Y axis)
P	Design ratio in case of axial force
$M_z$	Design ratio in case of bending about Z axis
$M_y$	Design ratio in case of bending about Y axis
$V_y$	Design ratio in case of shear along Y axis
$V_z$	Design ratio in case of shear along Z axis
(P, $M_z$ , $M_y$ )	Design ratio in case of axial force and bending action
KL/r	Design ratio in case of section slenderness
$\delta$	Design ratio in case of member deflection
OK	Capacity is provided
NG	Capacity is not provided



REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS
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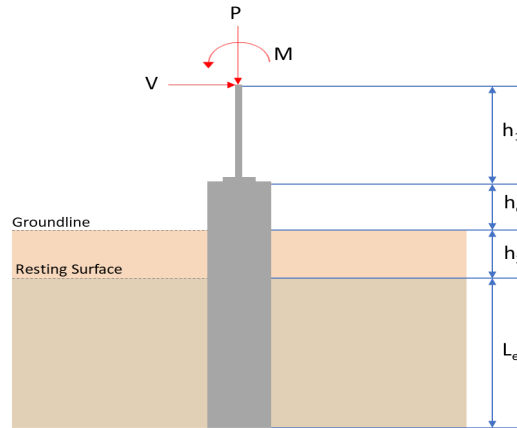
## SkyCiv Foundation Design

Pile Foundation

### Design Information :

Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code)  
Unit System : Imperial

### Pile Input



### Geometry

Pile shape: rectangular

$b = 48$  in - Pile width

$D = 48$  in - Pile depth

$L = 8.25$  ft - Total pile length

$h_1 = 0$  ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile,

$h_2 = 0$  ft - Depth to resisting surface

$h_e = 0$  ft - Length of pile above the ground

### Tabulation of Soil Parameters

Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure ( $q_a$ ) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure ( $R$ ) (psf/ft)
1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000

### Tabulation of Loads

Load Component	ASD	LRFD
$P$ (kip)	6.041	9.069
$V_x$ (kip)	-3.554	-5.930
$V_z$ (kip)	0.000	0.000
$M_x$ (kipft)	0.000	0.000
$M_z$ (kipft)	58.252	98.395

### Material Properties

$f'_{ck} = 2.5$  ksi - Concrete strength.

### Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD)

$H$  - Point of application of the lateral load

$$H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$$

$$H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$H = 0 \text{ ft}$$

### Considering x-direction:

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-3.554 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.56592 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(58.252 \text{ kipft}) + ((-3.554 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 9.2758 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,x} = 7.8123 \text{ ft}$  - Required depth in x-direction,

**Considering z-direction:**

$L_{e,z} = 0 \text{ ft}$  - Required depth in z-direction,

**Minimum embedded depth required:**

$L_{e,req}$  - Depth of pile required,

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$$

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(7.8123 \text{ ft}), (0 \text{ ft})]$$

$$L_{e,req} = 7.812 \text{ ft}$$

$L_e$  - Actual embedded length of pile,

$$L_e = L - h_e - h_2$$

$$L_e = (8.25 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$L_e = 8.25 \text{ ft}$$

*Ratio* - Embedded depth

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(7.812 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.94691$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.950**

### End-bearing Capacity (ASD)

$A$  - Pile cross-section area

$$A = b D$$

$$A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$$

$q$  - End-bearing pressure

$$q = \frac{P_v}{A}$$

$$q = \frac{(6.041 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$$

$$q = 0.37756 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

**Check bearing capacity ratio:**

*Ratio* - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.37756 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.18878$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.190**

Czerniak

### Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):

$L/D$  - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,

$$L/D = \frac{L}{D}$$

$$L/D = \frac{(8.25 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$$

$$L/D = 2.0625$$

Since  $L/D \leq 10$ ,

Pile is short.

**Considering x-direction:**

$H_o = -0.56592 \text{ kip/ft}$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 9.2758 \text{ kipft/ft}$  - Overturning moment per length of pile,

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (9.2758 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.56592 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (9.2758 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.56592 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.6727 \text{ ft}$$

$p$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $a/2$  from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (9.2758 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.56592 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(8.25 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (9.2758 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.56592 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.31792 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$s$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $L_e$ ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (9.2758 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.56592 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))]}{(8.25 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 1.2238 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

**Check lateral soil pressure capacity:**

$p_a$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(5.6727 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.42546 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

*Ratio* - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.31792 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.42546 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.74725$$

$p_s$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $L_e$ ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})$$

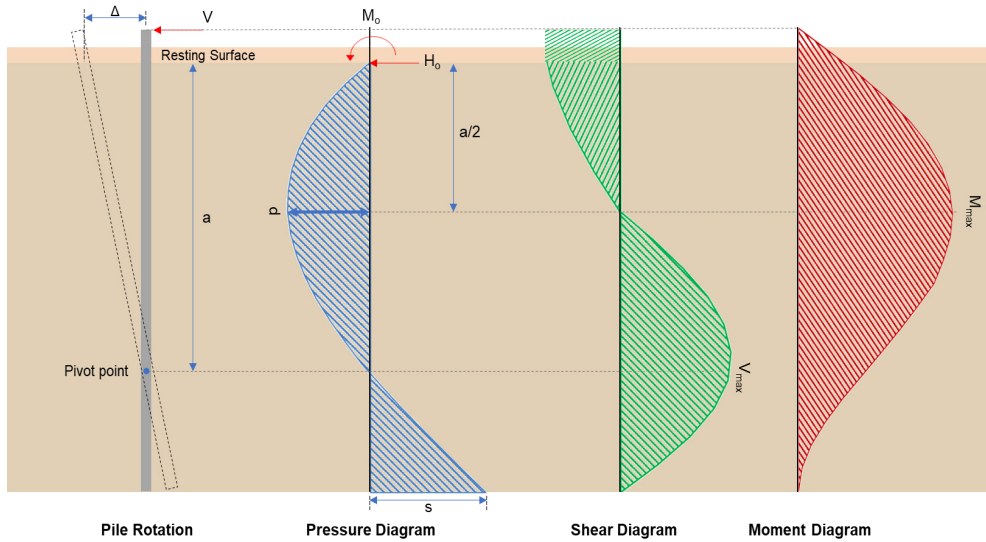
$$p_s = 1.2375 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

*Ratio* - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(1.2238 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.2375 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.750**



**Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)**

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-5.93 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.94427 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(98.395 \text{ kipft}) + ((-5.93 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 15.668 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

$E$  - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(15.668 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.94427 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 16.593 \text{ ft}$$

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (15.668 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.94427 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (15.668 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.94427 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.6712 \text{ ft}$$

$V_{max}$  - Max shear force located at depth  $a$ ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \left( \frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \left( \frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.94427 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \times \left( \frac{4 \times (16.593 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.6712 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \times \left( \frac{3 \times (16.593 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.6712 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 13.950 \text{ kip}$$

$M_{max}$  - Max bending moment located at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[ \left( \frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 + \left[ \left( \frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.94427 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})) \times \left[ \left( \frac{(16.593 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(5.6712 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.25 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 \times (16.593 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.6712 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 + \left[ \left( \frac{3 \times (16.593 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.6712 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 62.901 \text{ kipft}$$

### Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

#### Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$  - Concrete strength,  
 $f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$  - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,  
 $\phi = 0.65$  - Reduction factor for axial strength,  
 $\alpha = 0.8$  - Alpha factor for axial strength,  
 $A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$  - Gross area of concrete,

Table 22.4.2.1

#### Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load,  $A_{st,required}$

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[ \frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[ \frac{\frac{(9.069 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -84.295 \text{ in}^2$$

$A_{min}$  - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-84.295 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$$

$n_{rebar}$  - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 14$$

$A_{st}$  - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.96556$$

25.2.3

$s_{rebar}$  - Minimum spacing of reinforcement,

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.970**

$$s_{rebar} = Max[1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$$

**Ties:**

25.7.2.2 Since longitudinal reinforcement is  $\leq$  No. 10 $\alpha$ : Use #3(0.375 in)

25.7.2.1  $s_{ties}$  - Maximum spacing of ties,

$$s_{ties} = Min[(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), Min(D, b)]$$

$$s_{ties} = Min[(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), Min((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$$

**Summary:**

Main reinforcement: **14 - #5 (0.625 in)**

Ties: **#3(0.375 in) - 10 in**

**Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)**

22.4.2.2  $\phi P_N$  - Allowable axial compressive strength

$$\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st})]$$

$$\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times [(0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$\phi P_N = 2675.2 \text{ kip}$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(9.069 \text{ kip})}{(2675.2 \text{ kip})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.00339$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.000**

**Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)**

**Parameters:**

22.5.2.2  $b_w = 48 \text{ in}$  - Effective width,  
 $d$  - Effective depth

$$d = 0.80 D$$

$$d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$d = 38.4 \text{ in}$$

22.5.5.1.3  $\lambda_s$  - size effect modification factor

$$\lambda_s = MIN \left[ \sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = MIN \left[ \sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = 0.64282$$

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ ,

22.5.5.1.1  $V_{c,max}$  - Max shear strength of concrete

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,max} = 296.21 \text{ kip}$$

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ ,  $P = 9.069 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 9069 \text{ lbf}$ ,

22.5.5.1.1(a)  $V_{c,a}$  - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[ 2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + \frac{P}{6 A_g} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[ 2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + \frac{(9069 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 119.69 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ ,  
 $V_{c,b}$  - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[ 2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + (0.05 f'_{ck}) \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[ 2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi})) \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 348.89 \text{ kip}$$

$V_c$  - Governing shear strength of concrete

$$V_c = \text{Min}[V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min}[(296.21 \text{ kip}), (119.69 \text{ kip}), (348.89 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 119.69 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ ,  
 $V_{s,a}$  - Shear strength of steel (a)

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{s,a} = 737.28 \text{ kip}$$

$A_v$  - Ties rebar area,

$$A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$$

22.5.8.5.3  $V_{s,b}$  - Shear strength of steel (b)

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yw} d}{s_{ties}}$$

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$$

$$V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$$

$V_s$  - Governing shear strength of steel

$$V_s = \text{MIN}[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$$

$$V_s = \text{MIN}[(737.28 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.1.1  $\phi V_n$  - Allowable shear strength

$$\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$$

$$\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((119.69 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$$

$$\phi V_n = 110.88 \text{ kip}$$

**Considering x-direction:**

$V_{max} = 15.936 \text{ kip}$  - Maximum shear force in the x-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(15.936 \text{ kip})}{(110.88 \text{ kip})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.14372$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.140**

**Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)** $S_m$  - Section modulus

$$S_m = \frac{b D^2}{6}$$

$$S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$$

$$S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$$

 $\lambda = 1$  - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete),

Allowable flexural strength:

 $M_n$  shall be the lesser of: $\phi M_{n,1}$ 

$$\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{2.5 \text{ ksi}} \times 18432.001 \text{ in}^3$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 249.600 \text{ kipft}$$

14.5.2.1b

 $\phi M_{n,2}$ 

$$\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_c \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (18432 \text{ in}^3)$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = 2121.6 \text{ kipft}$$

Therefore,

 $\phi M_n$  - Allowable flexural strength,

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$$

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(249.6 \text{ kipft}), (2121.6 \text{ kipft})]$$

$$\phi M_n = 249.6 \text{ kipft}$$

**Considering x-direction:** $M_{max} = 62.901 \text{ kipft}$  - Maximum moment in the x-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(62.901 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.25201$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.250**

REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS
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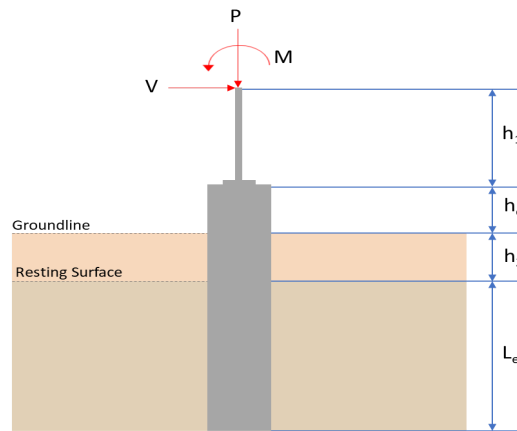
## SkyCiv Foundation Design

Pile Foundation

### Design Information :

Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code)  
Unit System : Imperial

### Pile Input



### Geometry

Pile shape: rectangular

$b = 48$  in - Pile width

$D = 48$  in - Pile depth

$L = 8.5$  ft - Total pile length

$h_1 = 0$  ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile,

$h_2 = 0$  ft - Depth to resisting surface

$h_e = 0$  ft - Length of pile above the ground

### Tabulation of Soil Parameters

Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure ( $q_a$ ) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure ( $R$ ) (psf/ft)
1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000

### Tabulation of Loads

Load Component	ASD	LRFD
$P$ (kip)	6.303	9.550
$V_x$ (kip)	-3.740	-6.233
$V_z$ (kip)	-0.141	-0.239
$M_x$ (kipft)	-0.696	-1.182
$M_z$ (kipft)	61.615	104.372

### Material Properties

$f'_{ck} = 2.5$  ksi - Concrete strength.

### Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD)

$H$  - Point of application of the lateral load

$$H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$$

$$H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$H = 0 \text{ ft}$$

### Considering x-direction:

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-3.74 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.59554 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(61.615 \text{ kipft}) + ((-3.74 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 9.8113 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_x^3 - \left( 14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R} \right) - \left( 18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R} \right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,x} = 7.9428 \text{ ft}$  - Required depth in x-direction,

**Considering z-direction:**

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.141 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.022452 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.696 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.141 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.11083 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_z^3 - \left( 14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R} \right) - \left( 18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R} \right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,z} = 1.8537 \text{ ft}$  - Required depth in z-direction,

**Minimum embedded depth required:**

$L_{e,req}$  - Depth of pile required,

$$L_{e,req} = MAX[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$$

$$L_{e,req} = MAX[(7.9428 \text{ ft}), (1.8537 \text{ ft})]$$

$$L_{e,req} = 7.943 \text{ ft}$$

$L_e$  - Actual embedded length of pile,

$$L_e = L - h_e - h_2$$

$$L_e = (8.5 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$L_e = 8.5 \text{ ft}$$

**Ratio** - Embedded depth

$$Ratio = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(7.943 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.93447$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.930**

### End-bearing Capacity (ASD)

$A$  - Pile cross-section area

$$A = b D$$

$$A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$$

$q$  - End-bearing pressure

$$q = \frac{P_v}{A}$$

$$q = \frac{(6.303 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$$

$$q = 0.39394 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

**Check bearing capacity ratio:**

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.39394 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.19697$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.200**

Czerniak

**Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):**

$L/D$  - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,

$$L/D = \frac{L}{D}$$

$$L/D = \frac{(8.5 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$$

$$L/D = 2.125$$

Since  $L/D \leq 10$ ,

Pile is short.

**Considering x-direction:**

$H_o = -0.59554 \text{ kip/ft}$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 9.8113 \text{ kipft/ft}$  - Overturning moment per length of pile,

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (9.8113 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.59554 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (9.8113 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.59554 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.848 \text{ ft}$$

$p$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $a/2$  from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (9.8113 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.59554 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(8.5 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (9.8113 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.59554 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.31117 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$s$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $L_e$ ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (9.8113 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.59554 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft}))]}{(8.5 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 1.2092 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

**Check lateral soil pressure capacity:**

$p_a$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(5.848 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.4386 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.31117 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.4386 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.70947$$

$p_s$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $L_e$ ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 1.275 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(1.2092 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.275 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.94837$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.710**

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.950**

#### Considering z-direction:

$H_o = -0.022452 \text{ kip/ft}$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 0.11083 \text{ kipft/ft}$  - Overturning moment per length of pile,

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.11083 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.022452 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.11083 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.022452 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 6.0452 \text{ ft}$$

$p$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $a/2$  from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (0.11083 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.022452 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(8.5 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (0.11083 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.022452 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = -0.0035228 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$s$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $L_e$ ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (0.11083 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.022452 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft}))]}{(8.5 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.0025588 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

#### Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

$p_a$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(6.0452 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.45339 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(-0.0035228 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.45339 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = -0.0077698$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **-0.010**

$p_s$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $L_e$ ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 1.275 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.0025588 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.275 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.0020069$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.000**



### Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-6.233 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.99252 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(104.37 \text{ kipft}) + ((-6.233 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 16.62 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

$E$  - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(16.62 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.99252 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 16.745 \text{ ft}$$

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (16.62 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.99252 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times 16.62) + (4 \times (-0.99252) \times 8.5)}$$

$$a = \frac{(6 \times (16.62 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.99252 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft}))}{}$$

$$a = 5.8458 \text{ ft}$$

$V_{max}$  - Max shear force located at depth a,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \left( \frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \left( \frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.99252 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \times \left( \frac{4 \times (16.745 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.8458 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \times \left( \frac{3 \times (16.745 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.8458 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 16.46 \text{ kip}$$

$M_{max}$  - Max bending moment located at depth a/2,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[ \left( \frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2L_e} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.99252 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})) \times \left[ \left( \frac{(16.745 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(5.8458 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.5 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 \times (16.745 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.8458 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 \times (16.745 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.8458 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 66.886 \text{ kipft}$$

#### Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.239 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.038057 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(1.182 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.239 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.18822 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

$E$  - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.18822 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.038057 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 4.9456 \text{ ft}$$

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.18822 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.038057 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.18822 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.038057 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 6.0449 \text{ ft}$$

$V_{max}$  - Max shear force located at depth a,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \left( \frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \left( \frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.038057 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \times \left( \frac{4 \times (4.9456 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(6.0449 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] \right. \\ \left. + \left[ 4 \times \left( \frac{3 \times (4.9456 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(6.0449 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.25793 \text{ kip}$$

$M_{max}$  - Max bending moment located at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$M_{max} = (H_o \ b \ L_e) \left[ \left( \frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) \right. \\ \left. - \left[ \left( \frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.038057 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})) \times \left[ \left( \frac{(4.9456 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(6.0449 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.5 \text{ ft})} \right) \right. \\ \left. - \left[ \left( \frac{4 \times (4.9456 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(6.0449 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 \times (4.9456 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(6.0449 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 0.98053 \text{ kipft}$$

### Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

#### Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$  - Concrete strength,

$f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$  - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,

$\phi = 0.65$  - Reduction factor for axial strength,

$\alpha = 0.8$  - Alpha factor for axial strength,

$A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$  - Gross area of concrete,

#### Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load,  $A_{st,required}$

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[ \frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[ \frac{\frac{(9.55 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -84.279 \text{ in}^2$$

$A_{min}$  - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-84.279 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$$

$n_{rebar}$  - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 14$$

$A_{st}$  - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$$

Table 22.4.2.1

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

<p>25.2.3</p> <p>25.7.2.2</p> <p>25.7.2.1</p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><math>Ratio = 0.96556</math></p> <p><math>s_{rebar} = Max[1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]</math></p> <p><math>s_{rebar} = Max[1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]</math></p> <p><math>s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}</math></p> <p><b>Ties:</b></p> <p>Since longitudinal reinforcement is <math>\leq</math> No. 10ø: Use #3(0.375 in)</p> <p><math>s_{ties} = Min[(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), Min(D, b)]</math></p> <p><math>s_{ties} = Min[(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), Min((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]</math></p> <p><math>s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}</math></p> <p><b>Summary:</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;">Main reinforcement: <b>14 - #5 (0.625 in)</b> Ties: <b>#3(0.375 in) - 10 in</b></p>	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>0.970</b></p>
<p>22.4.2.2</p>	<p><b>Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</b></p> <p><math>\phi P_N</math> - Allowable axial compressive strength</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_y A_{st})]</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times [(0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2))]</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>\phi P_N = 2675.2 \text{ kip}</math></p> <p>Ratio - Capacity</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>Ratio = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>Ratio = \frac{(9.55 \text{ kip})}{(2675.2 \text{ kip})}</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>Ratio = 0.0035698</math></p>	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>0.000</b></p>
<p>22.5.2.2</p> <p>22.5.5.1.3</p> <p>22.5.5.1.1</p>	<p><b>Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</b></p> <p><b>Parameters:</b></p> <p><math>b_w = 48 \text{ in}</math> - Effective width, <math>d</math> - Effective depth</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>d = 0.80 D</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>d = 38.4 \text{ in}</math></p> <p><math>\lambda_s</math> - size effect modification factor</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>\lambda_s = MIN \left[ \sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>\lambda_s = MIN \left[ \sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>\lambda_s = 0.64282</math></p> <p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula <math>f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}</math>,</p> <p><math>V_{c,max}</math> - Max shear strength of concrete</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})</math></p>	

$$V_{c,max} = 296.21 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.1(a) The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ ,  $P = 9.55 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 9550 \text{ lbf}$ ,  
 $V_{c,a}$  - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[ 2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck} + \frac{P}{6 A_g}} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[ 2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi}) + \frac{(9550 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)}} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 119.76 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ ,  
 $V_{c,b}$  - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[ 2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck} + (0.05 f'_{ck})} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[ 2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi}) + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi}))} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 348.89 \text{ kip}$$

$V_c$  - Governing shear strength of concrete

$$V_c = \text{Min}[V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min}[(296.21 \text{ kip}), (119.76 \text{ kip}), (348.89 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 119.76 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ ,  
 $V_{s,a}$  - Shear strength of steel (a)

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{s,a} = 737.28 \text{ kip}$$

$A_v$  - Ties rebar area,

$$A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$$

22.5.8.5.3  $V_{s,b}$  - Shear strength of steel (b)

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yw} d}{s_{ties}}$$

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$$

$$V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$$

$V_s$  - Governing shear strength of steel

$$V_s = \text{MIN}[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$$

$$V_s = \text{MIN}[(737.28 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.1.1  $\phi V_n$  - Allowable shear strength

$$\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$$

$$\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((119.76 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$$

$$\phi V_n = 110.92 \text{ kip}$$

**Considering x-direction:**

$V_{max}$  = 16.46 kip - Maximum shear force in the x-direction,  
 Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(16.46 \text{ kip})}{(110.92 \text{ kip})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.14839$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.150**

**Considering z-direction:**

$V_{max} = 0.25793 \text{ kip}$  - Maximum shear force in the z-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.25793 \text{ kip})}{(110.92 \text{ kip})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.0023253$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.000**

**Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)**

$S_m$  - Section modulus

$$S_m = \frac{b D^2}{6}$$

$$S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$$

$$S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$$

$\lambda = 1$  - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete),

Allowable flexural strength:

$M_n$  shall be the lesser of:

$\phi M_{n,1}$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{(2.5 \text{ ksi})} \times 18432.001 \text{ in}^3$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 249.600 \text{ kipft}$$

14.5.2.1b

$\phi M_{n,2}$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_c \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (18432 \text{ in}^3)$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = 2121.6 \text{ kipft}$$

Therefore,

$\phi M_n$  - Allowable flexural strength,

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$$

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(249.6 \text{ kipft}), (2121.6 \text{ kipft})]$$

$$\phi M_n = 249.6 \text{ kipft}$$

**Considering x-direction:**

$M_{max} = 66.886 \text{ kipft}$  - Maximum moment in the x-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(66.886 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.26797$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.270**

**Considering z-direction:**

$M_{max} = 0.98053 \text{ kipft}$  - Maximum moment in the z-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.98053 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.0039284$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.000**

REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS
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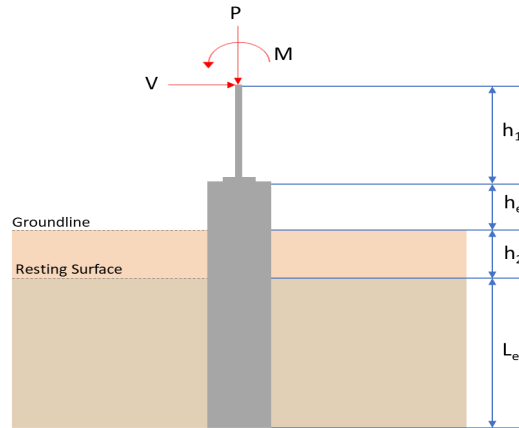
## SkyCiv Foundation Design

Pile Foundation

### Design Information :

Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code)  
Unit System : Imperial

### Pile Input



### Geometry

Pile shape: rectangular

$b = 48$  in - Pile width

$D = 48$  in - Pile depth

$L = 8.5$  ft - Total pile length

$h_1 = 0$  ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile,

$h_2 = 0$  ft - Depth to resisting surface

$h_e = 0$  ft - Length of pile above the ground

### Tabulation of Soil Parameters

Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure ( $q_a$ ) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure ( $R$ ) (psf/ft)
1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000

### Tabulation of Loads

Load Component	ASD	LRFD
$P$ (kip)	6.303	9.550
$V_x$ (kip)	-3.740	-6.233
$V_z$ (kip)	0.141	0.239
$M_x$ (kipft)	0.696	1.182
$M_z$ (kipft)	61.615	104.373

### Material Properties

$f'_{ck} = 2.5$  ksi - Concrete strength.

### Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD)

$H$  - Point of application of the lateral load

$$H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$$

$$H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$H = 0 \text{ ft}$$

### Considering x-direction:

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-3.74 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.59554 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(61.615 \text{ kipft}) + ((-3.74 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 9.8113 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_x^3 - \left( 14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R} \right) - \left( 18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R} \right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,x} = 7.9428 \text{ ft}$  - Required depth in x-direction,

**Considering z-direction:**

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(0.141 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = 0.022452 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.696 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.141 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.11083 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_z^3 - \left( 14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R} \right) - \left( 18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R} \right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,z} = 2.286 \text{ ft}$  - Required depth in z-direction,

**Minimum embedded depth required:**

$L_{e,req}$  - Depth of pile required,

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$$

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(7.9428 \text{ ft}), (2.286 \text{ ft})]$$

$$L_{e,req} = 7.943 \text{ ft}$$

$L_e$  - Actual embedded length of pile,

$$L_e = L - h_e - h_2$$

$$L_e = (8.5 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$L_e = 8.5 \text{ ft}$$

**Ratio** - Embedded depth

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(7.943 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.93447$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.930**

### End-bearing Capacity (ASD)

$A$  - Pile cross-section area

$$A = b D$$

$$A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$$

$q$  - End-bearing pressure

$$q = \frac{P_v}{A}$$

$$q = \frac{(6.303 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$$

$$q = 0.39394 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

**Check bearing capacity ratio:**

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.39394 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.19697$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.200**

Czerniak

**Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):**

$L/D$  - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,

$$L/D = \frac{L}{D}$$

$$L/D = \frac{(8.5 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$$

$$L/D = 2.125$$

Since  $L/D \leq 10$ ,

Pile is short.

**Considering x-direction:**

$H_o = -0.59554 \text{ kip/ft}$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 9.8113 \text{ kipft/ft}$  - Overturning moment per length of pile,

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (9.8113 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.59554 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (9.8113 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.59554 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.848 \text{ ft}$$

$p$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $a/2$  from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (9.8113 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.59554 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(8.5 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (9.8113 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.59554 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.31117 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$s$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $L_e$ ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (9.8113 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.59554 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft}))]}{(8.5 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 1.2092 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

**Check lateral soil pressure capacity:**

$p_a$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(5.848 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.4386 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.31117 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.4386 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.70947$$

$p_s$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $L_e$ ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 1.275 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(1.2092 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.275 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.94837$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.710**

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.950**

#### Considering z-direction:

$H_o = 0.022452 \text{ kip/ft}$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 0.11083 \text{ kipft/ft}$  - Overturning moment per length of pile,

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.11083 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.022452 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.11083 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.022452 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 6.0452 \text{ ft}$$

$p$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $a/2$  from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (0.11083 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (0.022452 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(8.5 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (0.11083 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (0.022452 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.015 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$s$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $L_e$ ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (0.11083 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((0.022452 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft}))]}{(8.5 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.034256 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

#### Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

$p_a$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(6.0452 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.45339 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.015 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.45339 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.033083$$

$p_s$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $L_e$ ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 1.275 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.034256 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.275 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.026867$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.030**

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.030**



### Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-6.233 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.99252 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(104.37 \text{ kipft}) + ((-6.233 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 16.62 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

$E$  - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(16.62 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.99252 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 16.745 \text{ ft}$$

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (16.62 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.99252 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times 16.62) + (4 \times (-0.99252) \times 8.5)}$$

$$a = \frac{(6 \times (16.62 \text{ kip/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.99252 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft}))}{}$$

$$a = 5.8458 \text{ ft}$$

$V_{max}$  - Max shear force located at depth a,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \left( \frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \left( \frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.99252 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \times \left( \frac{4 \times (16.745 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.8458 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \times \left( \frac{3 \times (16.745 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.8458 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 16.46 \text{ kip}$$

$M_{max}$  - Max bending moment located at depth a/2,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[ \left( \frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.99252 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})) \times \left[ \left( \frac{(16.745 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(5.8458 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.5 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 \times (16.745 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.8458 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 \times (16.745 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(5.8458 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 66.887 \text{ kipft}$$

#### Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(0.239 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = 0.038057 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(1.182 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.239 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.18822 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

$E$  - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.18822 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(0.038057 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 4.9456 \text{ ft}$$

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.18822 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.038057 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.18822 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.038057 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 6.0449 \text{ ft}$$

$V_{max}$  - Max shear force located at depth a,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \left( \frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \left( \frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((0.038057 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \times \left( \frac{4 \times (4.9456 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(6.0449 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] \right. \\ \left. + \left[ 4 \times \left( \frac{3 \times (4.9456 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(6.0449 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.25793 \text{ kip}$$

$M_{max}$  - Max bending moment located at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$M_{max} = (H_o \ b \ L_e) \left[ \left( \frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) \right. \\ \left. - \left[ \left( \frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((0.038057 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (8.5 \text{ ft})) \times \left[ \left( \frac{(4.9456 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(6.0449 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.5 \text{ ft})} \right) \right. \\ \left. - \left[ \left( \frac{4 \times (4.9456 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(6.0449 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 \times (4.9456 \text{ ft})}{(8.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(6.0449 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 0.98053 \text{ kipft}$$

### Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

#### Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$  - Concrete strength,

$f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$  - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,

$\phi = 0.65$  - Reduction factor for axial strength,

$\alpha = 0.8$  - Alpha factor for axial strength,

$A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$  - Gross area of concrete,

#### Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load,  $A_{st,required}$

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[ \frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[ \frac{\frac{(9.55 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -84.279 \text{ in}^2$$

$A_{min}$  - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-84.279 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$$

$n_{rebar}$  - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 14$$

$A_{st}$  - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$$

Table 22.4.2.1

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

<p>25.2.3</p> <p>25.7.2.2</p> <p>25.7.2.1</p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><math>Ratio = 0.96556</math></p> <p><math>s_{rebar} = Max[1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]</math></p> <p><math>s_{rebar} = Max[1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]</math></p> <p><math>s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}</math></p> <p><b>Ties:</b></p> <p>Since longitudinal reinforcement is <math>\leq</math> No. 10ø: Use #3(0.375 in)</p> <p><math>s_{ties} = Min[(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), Min(D, b)]</math></p> <p><math>s_{ties} = Min[(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), Min((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]</math></p> <p><math>s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}</math></p> <p><b>Summary:</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;">Main reinforcement: <b>14 - #5 (0.625 in)</b> Ties: <b>#3(0.375 in) - 10 in</b></p>	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>0.970</b></p>
<p>22.4.2.2</p>	<p><b>Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</b></p> <p><math>\phi P_N</math> - Allowable axial compressive strength</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st})]</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times [(0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2))]</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>\phi P_N = 2675.2 \text{ kip}</math></p> <p>Ratio - Capacity</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>Ratio = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>Ratio = \frac{(9.55 \text{ kip})}{(2675.2 \text{ kip})}</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>Ratio = 0.0035698</math></p>	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>0.000</b></p>
<p>22.5.2.2</p> <p>22.5.5.1.3</p> <p>22.5.5.1.1</p>	<p><b>Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</b></p> <p><b>Parameters:</b></p> <p><math>b_w = 48 \text{ in}</math> - Effective width, <math>d</math> - Effective depth</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>d = 0.80 D</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>d = 38.4 \text{ in}</math></p> <p><math>\lambda_s</math> - size effect modification factor</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>\lambda_s = MIN \left[ \sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>\lambda_s = MIN \left[ \sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>\lambda_s = 0.64282</math></p> <p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula <math>f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}</math>,</p> <p><math>V_{c,max}</math> - Max shear strength of concrete</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})</math></p>	

$$V_{c,max} = 296.21 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.1(a) The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ ,  $P = 9.55 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 9550 \text{ lbf}$ ,  
 $V_{c,a}$  - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[ 2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck} + \frac{P}{6 A_g}} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[ 2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi}) + \frac{(9550 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)}} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 119.76 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ ,  
 $V_{c,b}$  - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[ 2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck} + (0.05 f'_{ck})} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[ 2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi}) + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi}))} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 348.89 \text{ kip}$$

$V_c$  - Governing shear strength of concrete

$$V_c = \text{Min} [V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min} [(296.21 \text{ kip}), (119.76 \text{ kip}), (348.89 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 119.76 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ ,  
 $V_{s,a}$  - Shear strength of steel (a)

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{s,a} = 737.28 \text{ kip}$$

$A_v$  - Ties rebar area,

$$A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$$

22.5.8.5.3  $V_{s,b}$  - Shear strength of steel (b)

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yw} d}{s_{ties}}$$

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$$

$$V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$$

$V_s$  - Governing shear strength of steel

$$V_s = \text{MIN} [V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$$

$$V_s = \text{MIN} [(737.28 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.1.1  $\phi V_n$  - Allowable shear strength

$$\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$$

$$\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((119.76 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$$

$$\phi V_n = 110.92 \text{ kip}$$

**Considering x-direction:**

$V_{max}$  = 16.46 kip - Maximum shear force in the x-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(16.46 \text{ kip})}{(110.92 \text{ kip})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.14839$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.150**

**Considering z-direction:**

$V_{max} = 0.25793 \text{ kip}$  - Maximum shear force in the z-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.25793 \text{ kip})}{(110.92 \text{ kip})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.0023253$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.000**

**Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)**

$S_m$  - Section modulus

$$S_m = \frac{b D^2}{6}$$

$$S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$$

$$S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$$

$\lambda = 1$  - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete),

Allowable flexural strength:

$M_n$  shall be the lesser of:

$\phi M_{n,1}$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{(2.5 \text{ ksi})} \times 18432.001 \text{ in}^3$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 249.600 \text{ kipft}$$

14.5.2.1b

$\phi M_{n,2}$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_c \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (18432 \text{ in}^3)$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = 2121.6 \text{ kipft}$$

Therefore,

$\phi M_n$  - Allowable flexural strength,

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$$

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(249.6 \text{ kipft}), (2121.6 \text{ kipft})]$$

$$\phi M_n = 249.6 \text{ kipft}$$

**Considering x-direction:**

$M_{max} = 66.887 \text{ kipft}$  - Maximum moment in the x-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(66.887 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.26798$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.270**

**Considering z-direction:**

$M_{max} = 0.98053 \text{ kipft}$  - Maximum moment in the z-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.98053 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.0039284$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.000**