

# Your Project Calculations



Project Name: Sedro-Woolley - RevB - Jb

S3D Model Link:  
[https://platform.skyciv.com/structural?preload\\_name=Sedro-Woolley%20-%20RevB%20-%20Jb&preload\\_path=Shared%20Enterprise%20Folder/MT\\_Solar\\_Projects/3\\_2024](https://platform.skyciv.com/structural?preload_name=Sedro-Woolley%20-%20RevB%20-%20Jb&preload_path=Shared%20Enterprise%20Folder/MT_Solar_Projects/3_2024)

Public Model Link:  
[https://platform.skyciv.com/structural-viewer?project\\_id=HpE1m51YGCwTyem2jBtronwocz5IggDREjWAXYwwgpeRtsejwvmlbnWjkjFofghf](https://platform.skyciv.com/structural-viewer?project_id=HpE1m51YGCwTyem2jBtronwocz5IggDREjWAXYwwgpeRtsejwvmlbnWjkjFofghf)

## Array Specification

<b>Product:</b>	Beam
<b>Unique ID:</b>	5P-19.75-8TOP-SD-24-L-5Hx12W-HK71
<b>Duty Classification:</b>	SD
<b>Module Width:</b>	40.80 in
<b>Module Length:</b>	90.00in
<b>Number of Rows:</b>	5
<b>Number of Columns:</b>	12
<b>Total Number of Modules:</b>	60
<b>Desired Tilt Angle:</b>	50
<b>Front Edge Clearance:</b>	5
<b>Total Array Height at Tilt:</b>	18.10 ft
<b>Total Frame Length:</b>	90.50 ft
<b>Frame Weight:</b>	4048 lbs
<b>Array Dimensions N/S:</b>	17.21 ft
<b>Array Dimensions E/W:</b>	91.00 ft
<b>Rail Length:</b>	206.50 in
<b>Rail Spacing:</b>	3.75 ft
<b>Rail Check:</b>	Not Checked

## Support Specifications

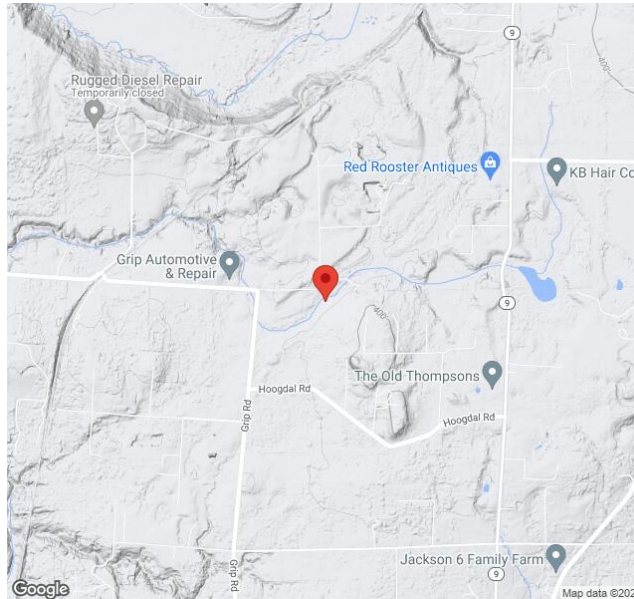
<b>Pole Size:</b>	8in Pipe Sch 40
<b>Pole Length above Grade:</b>	11.59 ft
<b>Number of Poles:</b>	5
<b>Pole Spacing:</b>	19.75 ft

## Foundation Specifications

<b>Foundation Type:</b>	Square
<b>Foundation Dimensions:</b>	48 x 48 in
<b>Foundation Depth (below grade):</b>	Pile 1: 6.25 ft Pile 2: 6.75 ft Pile 3: 6.75 ft Pile 4: 6.75 ft Pile 5: 6.25 ft
<b>Foundation Volume:</b>	19.407 y <sup>3</sup>
<b>Foundation Result:</b>	PASSED
<b>Mount Twist:</b>	1.947833 kip

## Site Info

<b>Risk Category:</b>	I
<b>Exposure:</b>	C
<b>Soil Classification:</b>	sand
<b>Site Location:</b>	5809 Brookings Rd, Sedro-Woolley, WA 98284, USA
<b>Wind Speed:</b>	95 mph
<b>Snow Load:</b>	30 psf
<b>Design Uplift Pressure:</b>	0.018067 ksf
<b>Design Downforce Pressure:</b>	-0.018067 ksf
<b>Design Snow Pressure:</b>	0.006598 ksf



### Design Disclaimer

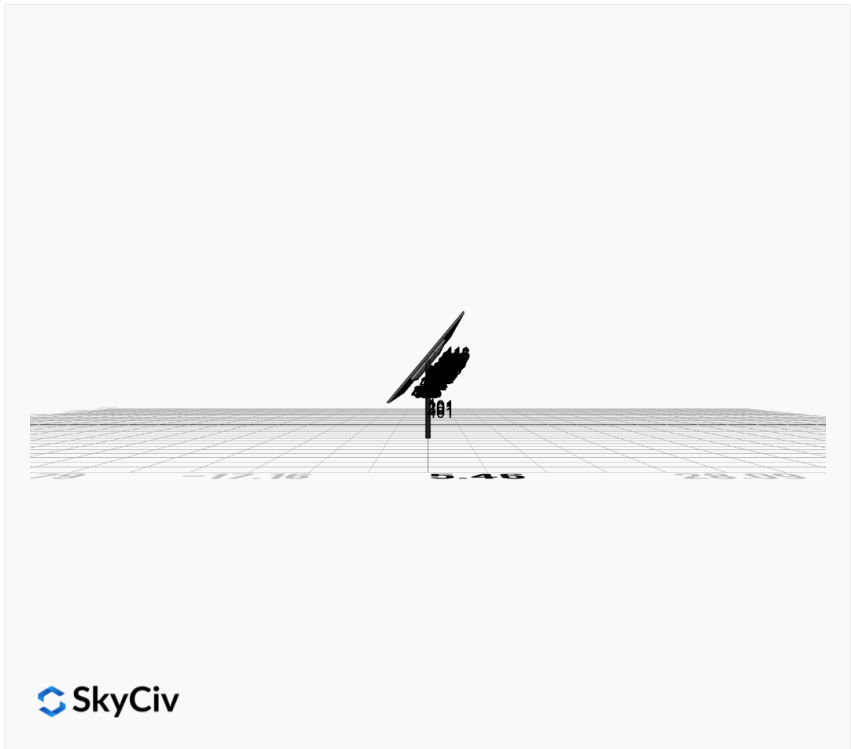
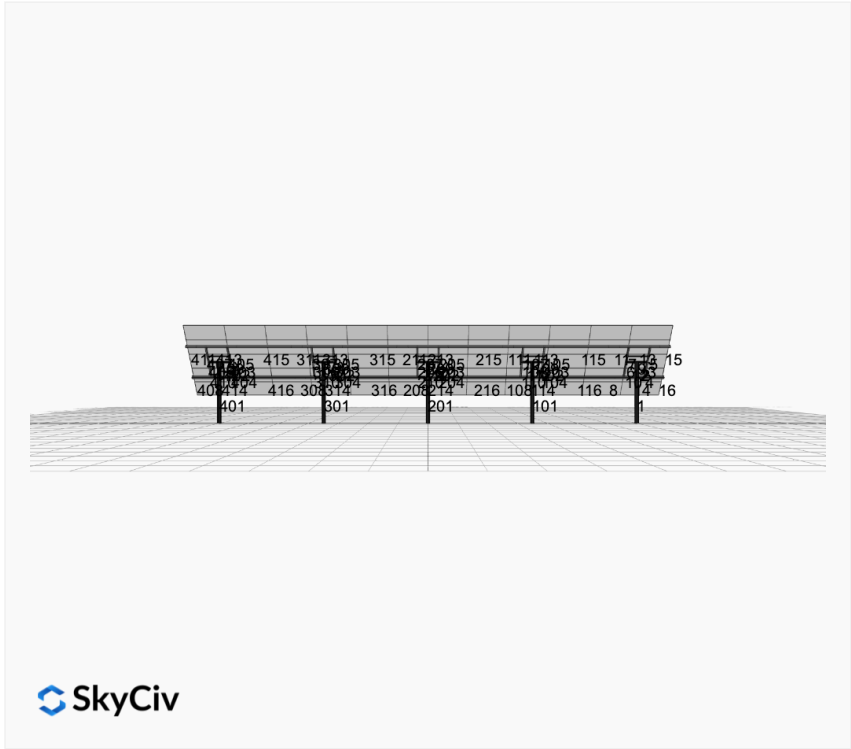
This software should be used for preliminary designs and should not be used as a final design unless reviewed, verified and designed by a qualified structural engineer.

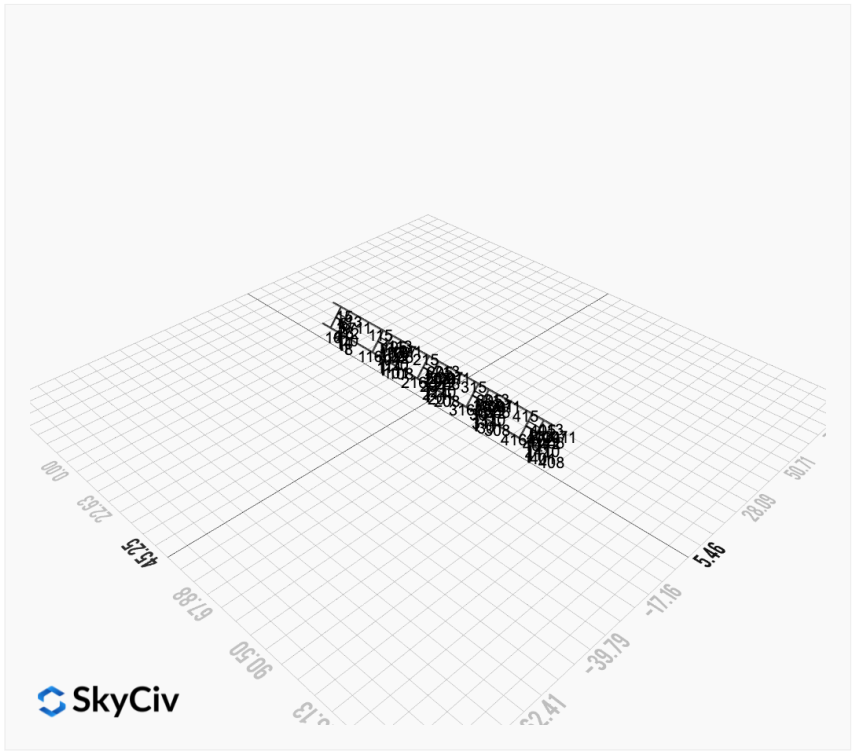
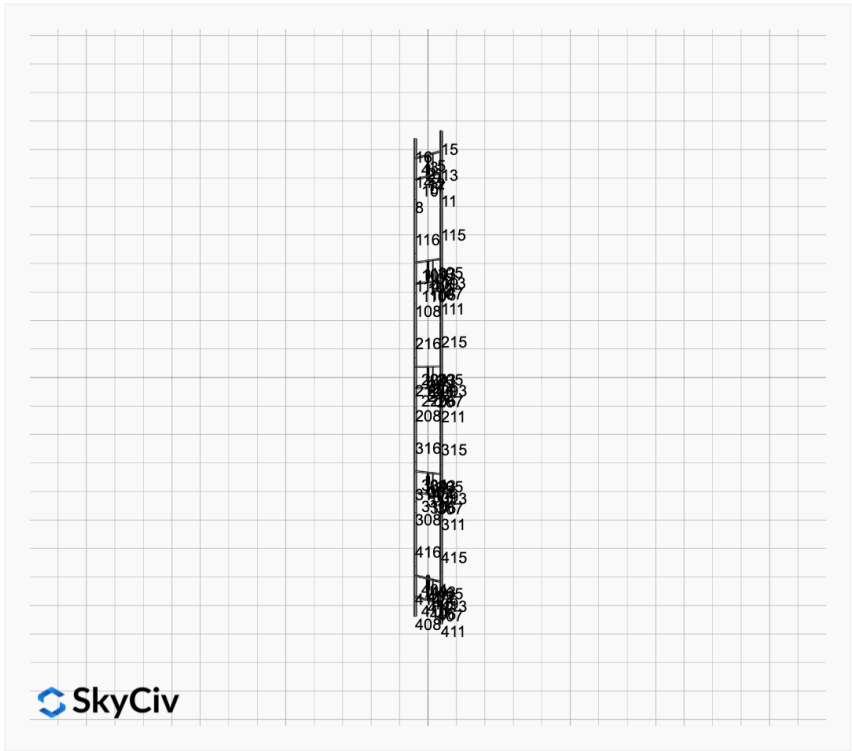
### AutoDesigner Input

```
{"wind_speed_override":95,"snow_load_override":30,"direct_snow_load":false,"add_angle_brace":false,"product_type":"Beam","project_id":"Sedro-Woolley - RevB - Jb","site_address":"5809 Brookings Rd, Sedro-Woolley, WA 98284, USA","module_width":40.8,"module_length":90,"number_rows":5,"number_columns":12,"pole_mount_section":"4_40","core_pipe_width":65,"core_pipe_section":"2_40","adjuster_section":"2_40","core_beam_height":65,"core_beam_section":"HSS3x2x1/8","main_pipe_section":"2_12GA","pole_spacing":15,"tilt_angle":50,"ground_clearance":5,"risk_category":"I","exposure_category":"C","frame_duty_override":"auto","pole_override":"8_40","soil_type":"sand","customer_foundation_override":"48_Square","foundation_type":"Square","foundation_size":48,"check_rails":false}
```

### Design Notes:

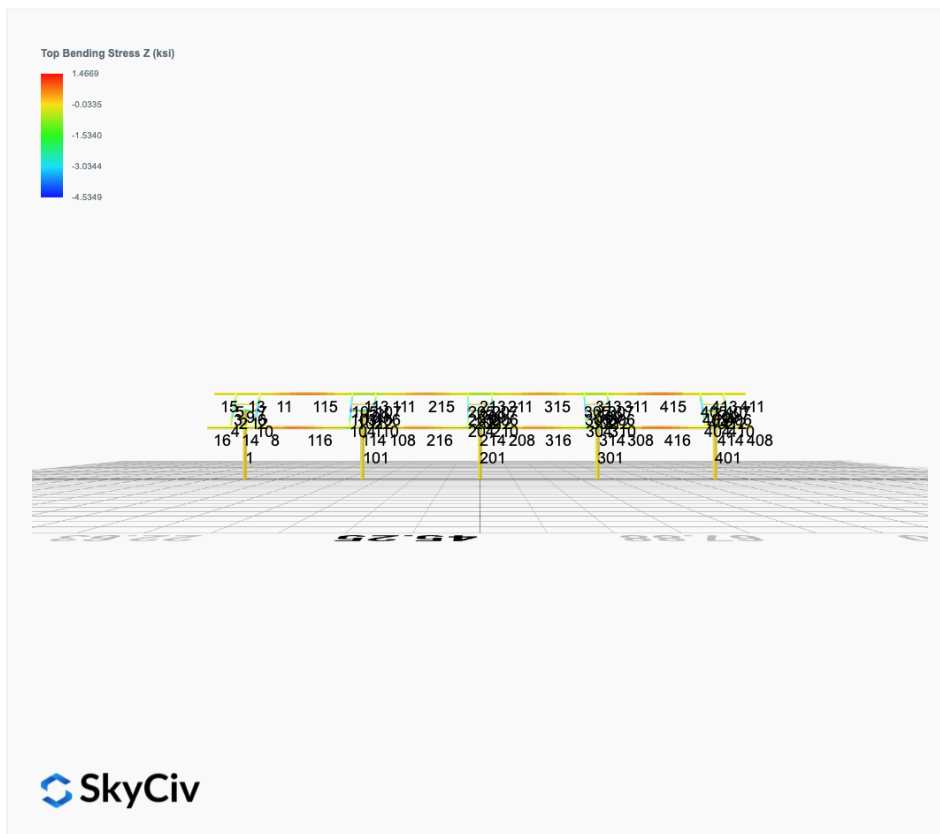
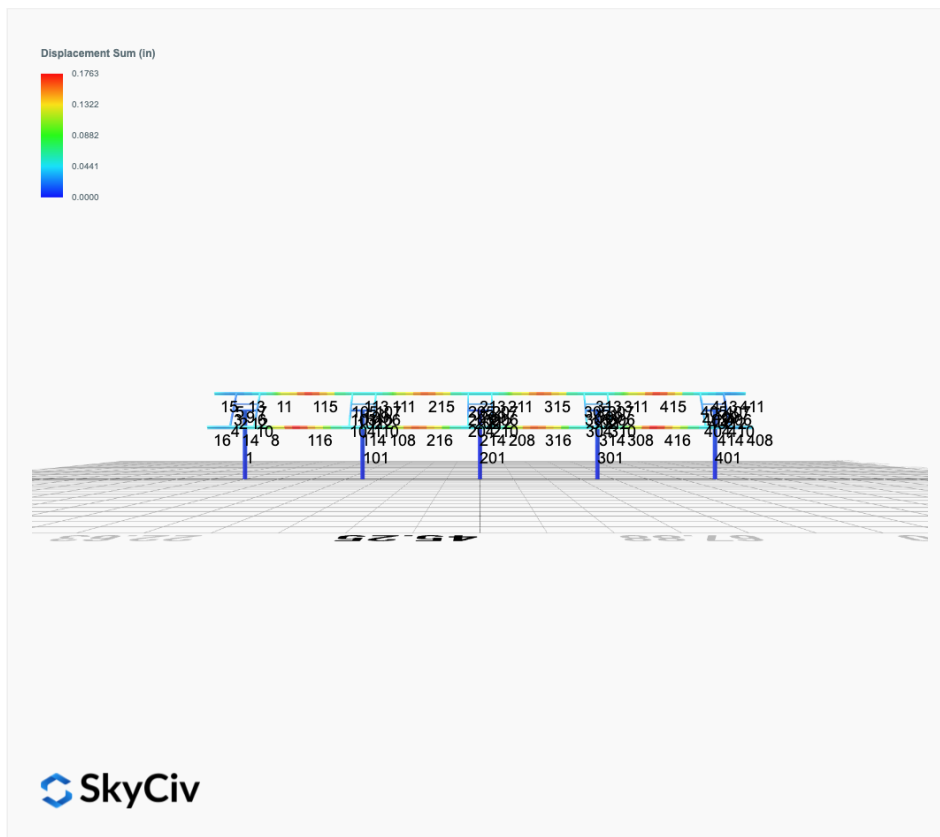
- AISC Deflection checks are set to L/1 due to structure design intent
- Foundation Soil Parameters used in this Autodesign are all estimates, proper geotechnical reports are required to confirm soil profiles
- Wind speeds, snow loads and other site specific results are based on ASCE 7 2016
- Steel frame design checks are based on AISC 360 2016 (LRFD)
- Foundation Design and Sizing is approximate only

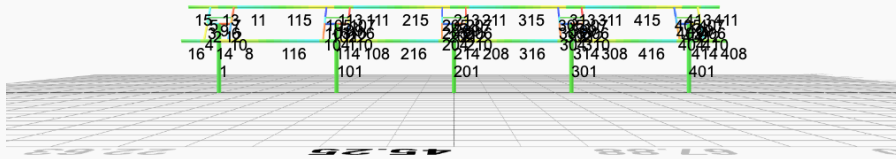
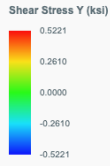
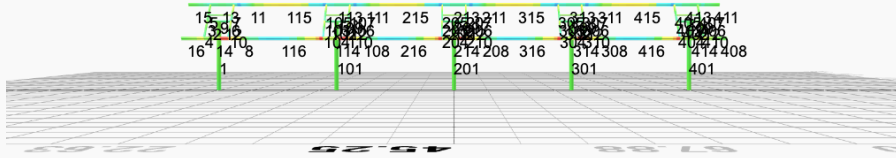
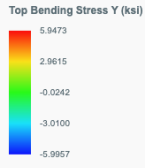


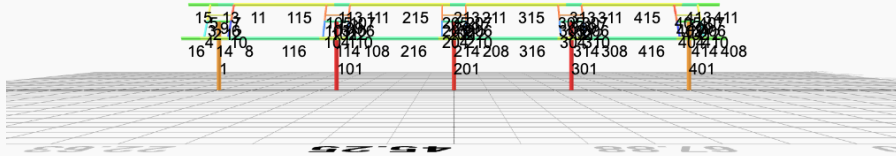
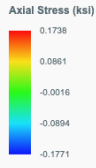




## FEM Results (Envelope Worst Case for each member)







## Reaction Forces for Foundation 1 (Node ID#1), (kip, kip-ft)

### ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	0.0240	1.9469	0.0813	0.2738	-0.1116	-0.2505
ULS: 2. D + L	0.0240	1.9469	0.0813	0.2738	-0.1116	-0.2505
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0423	3.0694	0.1436	0.4835	-0.1972	-0.4524
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0240	1.9469	0.0813	0.2738	-0.1116	-0.2505
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0378	2.7888	0.1280	0.4311	-0.1758	-0.4019
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0240	1.9469	0.0813	0.2738	-0.1116	-0.2505
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	0.0240	1.9469	0.0813	0.2738	-0.1116	-0.2505
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	0.0378	2.7888	0.1280	0.4311	-0.1758	-0.4019
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	0.0144	1.1682	0.0488	0.1643	-0.0669	-0.1503
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.1884	3.7647	0.2649	0.8466	-1.1682	25.7795
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	0.0240	1.9469	0.0813	0.2738	-0.1116	-0.2505
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	2.2341	0.1300	-0.0994	-0.2897	0.9292	-25.7655
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0240	1.9469	0.0813	0.2738	-0.1116	-0.2505
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.6215	4.1521	0.2657	0.8607	-0.9682	19.1206
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	0.0378	2.7888	0.1280	0.4311	-0.1758	-0.4019
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.6953	1.4261	-0.0075	0.0085	0.6048	-19.5382
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0378	2.7888	0.1280	0.4311	-0.1758	-0.4019
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.6353	3.3103	0.2190	0.7034	-0.9040	19.2720
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	0.0240	1.9469	0.0813	0.2738	-0.1116	-0.2505
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.6816	0.5842	-0.0542	-0.1488	0.6690	-19.3868
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0240	1.9469	0.0813	0.2738	-0.1116	-0.2505
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.1980	2.9859	0.2324	0.7371	-1.1235	25.8797
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	0.0144	1.1682	0.0488	0.1643	-0.0669	-0.1503
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	2.2245	-0.6488	-0.1320	-0.3992	0.9738	-25.6653
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0144	1.1682	0.0488	0.1643	-0.0669	-0.1503

### Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.  
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	5.9273
Shear X	-3.7229
Shear Z	0.4367
Moment X	1.3951
Moment Y (Twist)	1.9476
Moment Z	43.4449

### Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.  
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	4.1521
Shear X	-2.2341
Shear Z	0.2657
Moment X	0.8607
Moment Y (Twist)	1.1682
Moment Z	25.8797

## Reaction Forces for Foundation 2 (Node ID#101), (kip, kip-ft)

### ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	-0.0242	2.3883	-0.0056	-0.0200	0.0311	0.2776
ULS: 2. D + L	-0.0242	2.3883	-0.0056	-0.0200	0.0311	0.2776
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	-0.0428	3.8484	-0.0099	-0.0353	0.0549	0.4804
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	-0.0242	2.3883	-0.0056	-0.0200	0.0311	0.2776
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	-0.0381	3.4834	-0.0089	-0.0315	0.0489	0.4297
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	-0.0242	2.3883	-0.0056	-0.0200	0.0311	0.2776
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	-0.0242	2.3883	-0.0056	-0.0200	0.0311	0.2776

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	-0.0381	3.4834	-0.0089	-0.0315	0.0489	0.4297
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	-0.0145	1.4330	-0.0034	-0.0120	0.0186	0.1666
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.8890	4.8299	-0.0041	-0.0224	-0.0436	33.7185
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.0242	2.3883	-0.0056	-0.0200	0.0311	0.2776
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	2.8432	-0.0546	-0.0058	-0.0136	0.0957	-32.3800
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	-0.0242	2.3883	-0.0056	-0.0200	0.0311	0.2776
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.1867	5.3146	-0.0077	-0.0333	-0.0071	25.5104
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.0381	3.4834	-0.0089	-0.0315	0.0489	0.4297
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	2.1125	1.6512	-0.0090	-0.0267	0.0974	-24.0635
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	-0.0381	3.4834	-0.0089	-0.0315	0.0489	0.4297
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.1728	4.2195	-0.0045	-0.0218	-0.0249	25.3583
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.0242	2.3883	-0.0056	-0.0200	0.0311	0.2776
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	2.1264	0.5561	-0.0057	-0.0152	0.0796	-24.2156
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	-0.0242	2.3883	-0.0056	-0.0200	0.0311	0.2776
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.8793	3.8746	-0.0018	-0.0144	-0.0560	33.6074
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.0145	1.4330	-0.0034	-0.0120	0.0186	0.1666
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	2.8529	-1.0099	-0.0035	-0.0056	0.0833	-32.4910
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	-0.0145	1.4330	-0.0034	-0.0120	0.0186	0.1666

### Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.  
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	7.6646
Shear X	-4.8109
Shear Z	-0.0147
Moment X	-0.0494
Moment Y (Twist)	0.1636
Moment Z	56.8459

### Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.  
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	5.3146
Shear X	-2.8890
Shear Z	-0.0099
Moment X	-0.0353
Moment Y (Twist)	0.0974
Moment Z	33.7185

### Reaction Forces for Foundation 3 (Node ID#201), (kip, kip-ft)

#### ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	0.0005	2.3613	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0324
ULS: 2. D + L	0.0005	2.3613	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0324
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0008	3.8007	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0473
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0005	2.3613	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0324
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0007	3.4408	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0436
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0005	2.3613	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0324
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	0.0005	2.3613	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0324
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	0.0007	3.4408	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0436
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	0.0003	1.4168	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0195
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.8487	4.7539	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	33.5497
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	0.0005	2.3613	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0324
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	2.8488	-0.0303	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	-32.6626
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0005	2.3613	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0324
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.1362	5.2353	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	25.1816
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	0.0007	3.4408	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0436
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	2.1370	1.6472	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	-24.4776
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0007	3.4408	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0436

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.1364	4.1557	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	25.1704
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	0.0005	2.3613	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0324
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	2.1368	0.5676	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	-24.4888
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0005	2.3613	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0324
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.8489	3.8094	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	33.5368
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	0.0003	1.4168	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0195
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	2.8487	-0.9748	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	-32.6755
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0003	1.4168	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0195

#### Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module. Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	7.5421
Shear X	-4.7489
Shear Z	0.0000
Moment X	-0.0001
Moment Y (Twist)	0.0002
Moment Z	56.6176

#### Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module. Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	5.2353
Shear X	-2.8489
Shear Z	0.0000
Moment X	-0.0000
Moment Y (Twist)	0.0000
Moment Z	33.5497

#### Reaction Forces for Foundation 4 (Node ID#301), (kip, kip-ft)

##### ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	-0.0242	2.3883	0.0056	0.0200	-0.0310	0.2776
ULS: 2. D + L	-0.0242	2.3883	0.0056	0.0200	-0.0310	0.2776
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	-0.0428	3.8484	0.0099	0.0353	-0.0548	0.4804
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	-0.0242	2.3883	0.0056	0.0200	-0.0310	0.2776
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	-0.0381	3.4834	0.0089	0.0315	-0.0489	0.4297
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	-0.0242	2.3883	0.0056	0.0200	-0.0310	0.2776
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	-0.0242	2.3883	0.0056	0.0200	-0.0310	0.2776
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	-0.0381	3.4834	0.0089	0.0315	-0.0489	0.4297
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	-0.0145	1.4330	0.0034	0.0120	-0.0186	0.1666
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.8890	4.8299	0.0041	0.0224	0.0436	33.7185
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.0242	2.3883	0.0056	0.0200	-0.0310	0.2776
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	2.8432	-0.0546	0.0058	0.0136	-0.0957	-32.3800
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	-0.0242	2.3883	0.0056	0.0200	-0.0310	0.2776
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.1867	5.3146	0.0077	0.0333	0.0071	25.5104
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.0381	3.4834	0.0089	0.0315	-0.0489	0.4297
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	2.1125	1.6512	0.0090	0.0267	-0.0974	-24.0635
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	-0.0381	3.4834	0.0089	0.0315	-0.0489	0.4297
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.1728	4.2195	0.0045	0.0218	0.0250	25.3583
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.0242	2.3883	0.0056	0.0200	-0.0310	0.2776
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	2.1264	0.5561	0.0057	0.0152	-0.0796	-24.2156
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	-0.0242	2.3883	0.0056	0.0200	-0.0310	0.2776
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.8793	3.8746	0.0018	0.0144	0.0561	33.6074
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.0145	1.4330	0.0034	0.0120	-0.0186	0.1666
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	2.8529	-1.0099	0.0035	0.0056	-0.0833	-32.4910
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	-0.0145	1.4330	0.0034	0.0120	-0.0186	0.1666

#### Worst Case Reactions LRFD

#### Worst Case Reactions ASD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module. Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	7.6646
Shear X	-4.8110
Shear Z	0.0147
Moment X	0.0491
Moment Y (Twist)	0.1637
Moment Z	56.8461

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module. Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	5.3146
Shear X	-2.8890
Shear Z	0.0099
Moment X	0.0353
Moment Y (Twist)	0.0974
Moment Z	33.7185

## Reaction Forces for Foundation 5 (Node ID#401), (kip, kip-ft)

### ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	0.0240	1.9469	-0.0813	-0.2738	0.1116	-0.2505
ULS: 2. D + L	0.0240	1.9469	-0.0813	-0.2738	0.1116	-0.2505
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0423	3.0694	-0.1436	-0.4836	0.1972	-0.4524
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0240	1.9469	-0.0813	-0.2738	0.1116	-0.2505
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0378	2.7888	-0.1280	-0.4311	0.1758	-0.4019
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0240	1.9469	-0.0813	-0.2738	0.1116	-0.2505
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	0.0240	1.9469	-0.0813	-0.2738	0.1116	-0.2505
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	0.0378	2.7888	-0.1280	-0.4311	0.1758	-0.4019
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	0.0144	1.1682	-0.0488	-0.1643	0.0670	-0.1503
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.1884	3.7647	-0.2649	-0.8467	1.1682	25.7795
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	0.0240	1.9469	-0.0813	-0.2738	0.1116	-0.2505
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	2.2341	0.1300	0.0994	0.2897	-0.9292	-25.7655
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0240	1.9469	-0.0813	-0.2738	0.1116	-0.2505
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.6215	4.1521	-0.2657	-0.8608	0.9683	19.1206
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	0.0378	2.7888	-0.1280	-0.4311	0.1758	-0.4019
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.6953	1.4261	0.0075	-0.0085	-0.6047	-19.5382
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0378	2.7888	-0.1280	-0.4311	0.1758	-0.4019
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.6353	3.3102	-0.2190	-0.7035	0.9040	19.2720
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	0.0240	1.9469	-0.0813	-0.2738	0.1116	-0.2505
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.6816	0.5842	0.0542	0.1488	-0.6690	-19.3868
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0240	1.9469	-0.0813	-0.2738	0.1116	-0.2505
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.1980	2.9859	-0.2324	-0.7372	1.1235	25.8797
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	0.0144	1.1682	-0.0488	-0.1643	0.0670	-0.1503
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	2.2245	-0.6488	0.1319	0.3992	-0.9738	-25.6653
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0144	1.1682	-0.0488	-0.1643	0.0670	-0.1503

### Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module. Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	5.9273
Shear X	-3.7229
Shear Z	-0.4367
Moment X	-1.3953
Moment Y (Twist)	1.9478
Moment Z	43.4460

### Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module. Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	4.1521
Shear X	-2.2341
Shear Z	-0.2657
Moment X	-0.8608
Moment Y (Twist)	1.1682
Moment Z	25.8797

## Project Details

Design Code: AISC 360-16 LRFD  
 Provision: LRFD  
 Country: United States  
 User Name: sales@mtsolar.us  
 Unit System: imperial

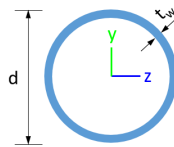


## Design Input Information

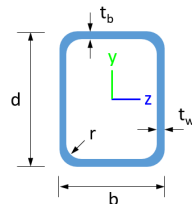
Design Factors			
$\Phi_t$	$\Phi_c$	$\Phi_b$	$\Phi_v$
0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9

Design Materials			
ID	E (ksi)	$F_y$ (ksi)	$F_u$ (ksi)
1	29000	50	65

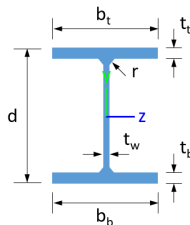
### Section Dimensions



ID	Name	d (in)	$t_w$ (in)				
1	2in Pipe Sch 40	2.38	0.15				
4	4in Pipe Sch 40	4.50	0.24				
9	8in Pipe Sch 40	8.63	0.32				



ID	Name	d (in)	b (in)	$t_w$ (in)	$t_b$ (in)	r (in)	
15	HSS5x3x1/8	5.00	3.00	0.12	0.12	0.12	



ID	Name	d (in)	$t_w$ (in)	$b_t$ (in)	$b_b$ (in)	$t_t$ (in)	$t_b$ (in)	r (in)
18	W6x9	5.90	0.17	3.94	3.94	0.21	0.21	0.25

### Section Properties

ID	Name	A (in <sup>2</sup> )	J (in <sup>4</sup> )	$I_{yp}$ (in <sup>4</sup> )	$I_{zp}$ (in <sup>4</sup> )	$I_w$ (in <sup>6</sup> )	$S_{yp}$ (in <sup>3</sup> )	$S_{zp}$ (in <sup>3</sup> )
1	2in Pipe Sch 40	1.07	1.33	0.67	0.67	0.00	0.76	0.76
4	4in Pipe Sch 40	3.17	14.47	7.23	7.23	0.00	4.31	4.31
9	8in Pipe Sch 40	8.40	144.98	72.49	72.49	0.00	22.21	22.21





302	4	1.30	1.30	2.0 0	-	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
303	15	0.92	0.92	1.4 2	1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.15,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
304	15	2.44	2.44	3.7 5	1.68,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.58,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
305	15	1.52	1.52	2.3 3	1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.62,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
306	15	0.92	0.92	1.4 2	1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.72,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
307	15	1.52	1.52	2.3 3	1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.21,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
308	18	1.33	1.33	2.0 5	2.08,2.08,2.08,2.08,2.08,2.08,2.07,2.08,2.00,2.08,2.07,2.08,2.02,2.08,2.07,2.08,1.23,2.08,2.07,2.08,1.93,2.08,2.07,2.08,2.04,2.08	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
309	1	2.60	2.60	4.0 0	-	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
310	15	2.44	2.44	3.7 5	1.68,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.52,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
311	18	1.33	1.33	2.0 5	2.06,2.06,2.06,2.06,2.06,2.06,1.69,2.06,1.53,2.06,1.68,2.06,1.56,2.06,1.78,2.06,1.01,2.06,1.72,2.06,1.45,2.06,1.67,2.06,1.59,2.06	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
312	4	1.30	1.30	2.0 0	-	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
313	18	4.88	4.00	7.5 0	1.05,1.05,1.05,1.05,1.05,1.05,1.07,1.05,1.09,1.05,1.07,1.05,1.08,1.05,1.06,1.05,1.50,1.05,1.07,1.05,1.11,1.05,1.07,1.05,1.08,1.05	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
314	18	4.88	4.00	7.5 0	1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.06,1.04,1.06,1.04,1.06,1.04,1.06,1.04,1.05,1.04,1.88,1.04,1.05,1.04,1.07,1.04,1.06,1.04,1.06,1.04	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
315	18	6.63	6.63	10. 20	1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.14,1.16,1.13,1.16,1.14,1.16,1.14,1.16,1.15,1.16,1.05,1.16,1.15,1.16,1.13,1.16,1.14,1.16,1.14,1.16	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
316	18	6.63	6.63	10. 20	1.17,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.16,1.17,1.16,1.17,1.16,1.17,1.16,1.17,1.16,1.17,1.16,1.17,1.16,1.17,1.16,1.17,1.16,1.17,1.16,1.17	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
401	9	24.3 4	24.3 4	11. 59	-	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
402	4	1.30	1.30	2.0 0	-	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
403	15	0.92	0.92	1.4 2	1.19,1.19,1.19,1.19,1.19,1.19,1.19,1.19,1.18,1.19,1.19,1.19,1.18,1.19,1.19,1.19,1.16,1.19,1.19,1.19,1.18,1.19,1.19,1.19,1.19,1.19	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
404	15	2.44	3.75	3.7 5	1.68,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.58,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
405	15	1.52	2.33	2.3 3	1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.64,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.67,1.67	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
406	15	0.92	0.92	1.4 2	1.18,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.16,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.16,1.18,1.17,1.17,1.15,1.17,1.17,1.18,1.15,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.16,1.18	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
407	15	1.52	1.52	2.3 3	1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.42,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.65,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
408	18	4.20	4.20	2.0 0	2.33,2.33	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
409	1	2.60	2.60	4.0 0	-	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
410	15	2.44	2.44	3.7 5	1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.39,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.65,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
411	18	4.20	4.20	2.0 0	2.33,2.33	3 0 0	2 0 0	1

412	4	1.30	1.30	2.00	-	0	0	1
413	18	4.88	4.00	7.50	1.13,1.13,1.13,1.13,1.13,1.13,1.11,1.13,1.15,1.13,1.11,1.13,1.14,1.13,1.10,1.13,1.58,1.13,1.10,1.13,1.18,1.13,1.11,1.13,1.13,1.13	300	200	1
414	18	4.88	4.00	7.50	1.12,1.12,1.12,1.12,1.12,1.12,1.11,1.12,1.11,1.12,1.11,1.12,1.11,1.12,1.12,1.12,1.54,1.12,1.12,1.12,1.10,1.12,1.11,1.12,1.11,1.12	300	200	1
415	18	6.63	6.63	10.20	1.09,1.09,1.09,1.09,1.09,1.09,1.10,1.09,1.11,1.09,1.10,1.09,1.11,1.09,1.10,1.09,1.70,1.09,1.10,1.09,1.12,1.09,1.10,1.09,1.11,1.09	300	200	1
416	18	6.63	6.63	10.20	1.09,1.09,1.09,1.09,1.09,1.09,1.09,1.09,1.09,1.09,1.09,1.09,1.09,1.09,1.09,1.09,1.08,1.09,1.09,1.09,1.09,1.09,1.09,1.09,1.09,1.09	300	200	1

## Member Design Capacity

Member ID	$\Phi_t P_n$ (kip)	$\Phi_c P_n$ (kip)	$\Phi_b M_{zn}$ (k-ft)	$\Phi_b M_{yn}$ (k-ft)	$\Phi_v V_{yn}$ (kip)	$\Phi_v V_{zn}$ (kip)
1	377.97	183.45	83.29	83.29	113.39	113.39
2	142.83	141.72	16.17	16.17	42.85	42.85
3	79.65	74.02	10.99	4.60	29.14	16.61
4	79.65	72.01	10.99	4.60	29.14	16.61
5	79.65	73.44	10.99	4.60	29.14	16.61
6	79.65	74.02	10.99	4.60	29.14	16.61
7	79.65	72.20	10.99	4.60	29.14	16.61
8	120.60	117.88	23.36	6.45	30.09	45.74
9	48.35	43.11	2.85	2.85	14.51	14.51
10	79.65	68.91	10.99	4.60	29.14	16.61
11	120.60	117.88	23.36	6.45	30.09	45.74
12	142.83	141.72	16.17	16.17	42.85	42.85
13	120.60	98.23	19.34	6.45	30.09	45.74
14	120.60	98.23	19.37	6.45	30.09	45.74
15	120.60	96.18	23.36	6.45	30.09	45.74
16	120.60	96.18	23.36	6.45	30.09	45.74
101	377.97	183.45	83.29	83.29	113.39	113.39
102	142.83	141.72	16.17	16.17	42.85	42.85
103	79.65	74.02	10.99	4.60	29.14	16.61
104	79.65	72.01	10.99	4.60	29.14	16.61
105	79.65	73.44	10.99	4.60	29.14	16.61
106	79.65	74.02	10.99	4.60	29.14	16.61
107	79.65	73.44	10.99	4.60	29.14	16.61
108	120.60	117.88	23.36	6.45	30.09	45.74
109	48.35	43.11	2.85	2.85	14.51	14.51
110	79.65	72.01	10.99	4.60	29.14	16.61
111	120.60	117.88	23.36	6.45	30.09	45.74
112	142.83	141.72	16.17	16.17	42.85	42.85
113	120.60	98.23	18.45	6.45	30.09	45.74
114	120.60	98.23	18.38	6.45	30.09	45.74
115	120.60	68.63	15.06	6.45	30.09	45.74
116	120.60	68.63	14.62	6.45	30.09	45.74
201	377.97	183.45	83.29	83.29	113.39	113.39
202	142.83	141.72	16.17	16.17	42.85	42.85
203	79.65	74.02	10.99	4.60	29.14	16.61
204	79.65	72.01	10.99	4.60	29.14	16.61
205	79.65	73.44	10.99	4.60	29.14	16.61
206	79.65	74.02	10.99	4.60	29.14	16.61
207	79.65	73.44	10.99	4.60	29.14	16.61

208	120.60	117.88	23.36	6.45	30.09	45.74
209	48.35	43.11	2.85	2.85	14.51	14.51
210	79.65	72.01	10.99	4.60	29.14	16.61
211	120.60	117.88	23.36	6.45	30.09	45.74
212	142.83	141.72	16.17	16.17	42.85	42.85
213	120.60	98.23	18.25	6.45	30.09	45.74
214	120.60	98.23	18.23	6.45	30.09	45.74
215	120.60	68.63	15.45	6.45	30.09	45.74
216	120.60	68.63	15.79	6.45	30.09	45.74
301	377.97	183.45	83.29	83.29	113.39	113.39
302	142.83	141.72	16.17	16.17	42.85	42.85
303	79.65	74.02	10.99	4.60	29.14	16.61
304	79.65	72.01	10.99	4.60	29.14	16.61
305	79.65	73.44	10.99	4.60	29.14	16.61
306	79.65	74.02	10.99	4.60	29.14	16.61
307	79.65	73.44	10.99	4.60	29.14	16.61
308	120.60	117.88	23.36	6.45	30.09	45.74
309	48.35	43.11	2.85	2.85	14.51	14.51
310	79.65	72.01	10.99	4.60	29.14	16.61
311	120.60	117.88	23.36	6.45	30.09	45.74
312	142.83	141.72	16.17	16.17	42.85	42.85
313	120.60	98.23	18.45	6.45	30.09	45.74
314	120.60	98.23	18.38	6.45	30.09	45.74
315	120.60	68.63	14.29	6.45	30.09	45.74
316	120.60	68.63	14.93	6.45	30.09	45.74
401	377.97	183.45	83.29	83.29	113.39	113.39
402	142.83	141.72	16.17	16.17	42.85	42.85
403	79.65	74.02	10.99	4.60	29.14	16.61
404	79.65	68.91	10.99	4.60	29.14	16.61
405	79.65	72.20	10.99	4.60	29.14	16.61
406	79.65	74.02	10.99	4.60	29.14	16.61
407	79.65	73.44	10.99	4.60	29.14	16.61
408	120.60	96.18	23.36	6.45	30.09	45.74
409	48.35	43.11	2.85	2.85	14.51	14.51
410	79.65	72.01	10.99	4.60	29.14	16.61
411	120.60	96.18	23.36	6.45	30.09	45.74
412	142.83	141.72	16.17	16.17	42.85	42.85
413	120.60	98.23	19.33	6.45	30.09	45.74
414	120.60	98.23	19.37	6.45	30.09	45.74
415	120.60	68.63	14.92	6.45	30.09	45.74
416	120.60	68.63	14.72	6.45	30.09	45.74

## Design Ratio

Member ID	P	M <sub>z</sub>	M <sub>y</sub>	V <sub>y</sub>	V <sub>z</sub>	(P,M <sub>z</sub> ,M <sub>y</sub> )	Worst LC	KL/r	δ	Status
1	0.032	0.522	0.044	0.033	0.004	0.554	#13	0.497	Not Required	Pass
2	0.002	0.166	0.160	0.046	0.035	0.327	#13	0.052	Not Required	Pass
3	0.007	0.417	0.042	0.040	0.003	0.442	#13	0.044	Not Required	Pass
4	0.006	0.419	0.133	0.042	0.019	0.546	#13	0.078	Not Required	Pass
5	0.006	0.259	0.089	0.042	0.013	0.263	#13	0.073	Not Required	Pass
6	0.013	0.674	0.178	0.070	0.028	0.802	#13	0.044	Not Required	Pass
7	0.013	0.418	0.284	0.067	0.040	0.459	#13	0.112	Not Required	Pass
8	0.004	0.113	0.109	0.038	0.012	0.160	#13	0.088	Not Required	Pass

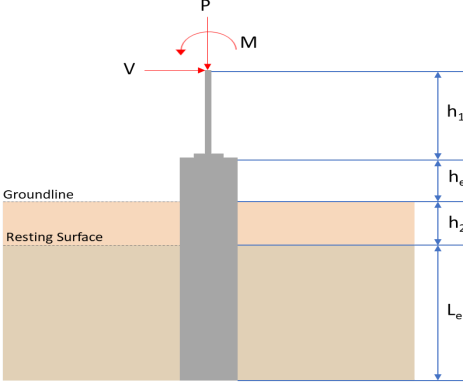
9	0.005	0.060	0.087	0.005	0.004	0.138	#13	0.198	Not Required	Pass
10	0.013	0.643	0.278	0.065	0.036	0.679	#13	0.120	Not Required	Pass
11	0.004	0.103	0.111	0.040	0.012	0.146	#13	0.088	Not Required	Pass
12	0.002	0.392	0.281	0.083	0.055	0.674	#13	0.052	Not Required	Pass
13	0.005	0.105	0.282	0.052	0.015	0.332	#21	0.265	Not Required	Pass
14	0.004	0.096	0.280	0.050	0.015	0.308	#21	0.177	Not Required	Pass
15	0.000	0.018	0.027	0.014	0.004	0.041	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
16	0.000	0.018	0.027	0.014	0.004	0.041	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
101	0.042	0.683	0.001	0.042	0.000	0.704	#13	0.497	Not Required	Pass
102	0.003	0.371	0.295	0.086	0.055	0.667	#13	0.034	Not Required	Pass
103	0.012	0.699	0.124	0.070	0.013	0.790	#13	0.044	Not Required	Pass
104	0.012	0.722	0.282	0.073	0.035	0.865	#13	0.078	Not Required	Pass
105	0.012	0.434	0.296	0.070	0.043	0.485	#13	0.073	Not Required	Pass
106	0.012	0.711	0.123	0.071	0.014	0.784	#13	0.044	Not Required	Pass
107	0.012	0.442	0.279	0.071	0.041	0.490	#13	0.073	Not Required	Pass
108	0.005	0.051	0.101	0.042	0.012	0.132	#21	0.088	Not Required	Pass
109	0.012	0.049	0.064	0.001	0.000	0.113	#13	0.198	Not Required	Pass
110	0.011	0.712	0.268	0.072	0.034	0.837	#13	0.078	Not Required	Pass
111	0.004	0.061	0.104	0.041	0.012	0.129	#21	0.088	Not Required	Pass
112	0.003	0.369	0.300	0.084	0.057	0.670	#13	0.034	Not Required	Pass
113	0.005	0.183	0.290	0.055	0.016	0.412	#21	0.265	Not Required	Pass
114	0.006	0.210	0.289	0.057	0.016	0.428	#21	0.265	Not Required	Pass
115	0.007	0.249	0.157	0.043	0.012	0.357	#13	0.439	Not Required	Pass
116	0.004	0.245	0.158	0.046	0.012	0.351	#13	0.439	Not Required	Pass
201	0.041	0.680	0.000	0.042	0.000	0.700	#13	0.497	Not Required	Pass
202	0.002	0.366	0.294	0.083	0.055	0.660	#13	0.034	Not Required	Pass
203	0.012	0.706	0.120	0.071	0.013	0.790	#13	0.044	Not Required	Pass
204	0.011	0.695	0.263	0.070	0.033	0.820	#13	0.078	Not Required	Pass
205	0.012	0.438	0.276	0.070	0.040	0.482	#13	0.073	Not Required	Pass
206	0.012	0.706	0.120	0.071	0.013	0.790	#13	0.044	Not Required	Pass
207	0.012	0.439	0.276	0.070	0.040	0.482	#13	0.073	Not Required	Pass
208	0.005	0.053	0.099	0.042	0.012	0.128	#21	0.088	Not Required	Pass
209	0.011	0.045	0.063	0.001	0.000	0.111	#13	0.198	Not Required	Pass
210	0.011	0.695	0.263	0.070	0.033	0.820	#13	0.078	Not Required	Pass
211	0.004	0.055	0.102	0.042	0.012	0.133	#21	0.088	Not Required	Pass
212	0.002	0.366	0.294	0.083	0.055	0.660	#13	0.034	Not Required	Pass
213	0.005	0.201	0.270	0.054	0.015	0.413	#21	0.265	Not Required	Pass
214	0.006	0.203	0.267	0.053	0.015	0.406	#21	0.265	Not Required	Pass
215	0.007	0.192	0.157	0.042	0.012	0.301	#21	0.439	Not Required	Pass
216	0.005	0.184	0.157	0.042	0.012	0.294	#21	0.439	Not Required	Pass
301	0.042	0.683	0.001	0.042	0.000	0.704	#13	0.497	Not Required	Pass
302	0.003	0.369	0.300	0.084	0.057	0.670	#13	0.034	Not Required	Pass
303	0.012	0.711	0.123	0.072	0.014	0.784	#13	0.044	Not Required	Pass
304	0.011	0.712	0.268	0.072	0.034	0.837	#13	0.078	Not Required	Pass
305	0.012	0.442	0.279	0.071	0.041	0.490	#13	0.073	Not Required	Pass
306	0.012	0.699	0.124	0.070	0.013	0.790	#13	0.044	Not Required	Pass
307	0.012	0.434	0.296	0.070	0.043	0.485	#13	0.073	Not Required	Pass
308	0.004	0.072	0.116	0.046	0.012	0.140	#21	0.088	Not Required	Pass
309	0.012	0.049	0.064	0.001	0.000	0.113	#13	0.198	Not Required	Pass
310	0.012	0.722	0.282	0.073	0.035	0.865	#13	0.078	Not Required	Pass
311	0.004	0.086	0.118	0.043	0.012	0.131	#21	0.088	Not Required	Pass
312	0.003	0.371	0.295	0.086	0.055	0.667	#13	0.034	Not Required	Pass
313	0.005	0.183	0.290	0.055	0.016	0.412	#21	0.265	Not Required	Pass
314	0.006	0.210	0.289	0.057	0.016	0.428	#21	0.265	Not Required	Pass

315	0.007	0.192	0.157	0.041	0.012	0.302	#21	0.439	Not Required	Pass
316	0.005	0.183	0.157	0.042	0.012	0.293	#21	0.439	Not Required	Pass
401	0.032	0.522	0.044	0.033	0.004	0.554	#13	0.497	Not Required	Pass
402	0.002	0.392	0.281	0.083	0.055	0.674	#13	0.052	Not Required	Pass
403	0.013	0.674	0.178	0.070	0.028	0.802	#13	0.044	Not Required	Pass
404	0.013	0.643	0.278	0.065	0.036	0.679	#13	0.120	Not Required	Pass
405	0.013	0.418	0.284	0.067	0.040	0.459	#13	0.112	Not Required	Pass
406	0.007	0.417	0.042	0.040	0.003	0.442	#13	0.044	Not Required	Pass
407	0.006	0.259	0.089	0.042	0.013	0.263	#13	0.073	Not Required	Pass
408	0.000	0.018	0.027	0.014	0.004	0.041	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
409	0.005	0.060	0.087	0.005	0.004	0.138	#13	0.198	Not Required	Pass
410	0.006	0.419	0.133	0.042	0.019	0.546	#13	0.078	Not Required	Pass
411	0.000	0.018	0.027	0.014	0.004	0.041	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
412	0.002	0.166	0.160	0.046	0.035	0.327	#13	0.052	Not Required	Pass
413	0.005	0.105	0.282	0.052	0.015	0.332	#21	0.177	Not Required	Pass
414	0.004	0.096	0.280	0.050	0.015	0.308	#21	0.265	Not Required	Pass
415	0.007	0.261	0.158	0.040	0.012	0.360	#13	0.439	Not Required	Pass
416	0.004	0.259	0.156	0.038	0.012	0.364	#13	0.439	Not Required	Pass

## Definitions

$\Phi_t$	Safety factor for tensile
$\Phi_c$	Safety factor for compression
$\Phi_b$	Safety factor for flexure
$\Phi_v$	Safety factor for shear
E	Modulus of elasticity
$F_y$	Specified minimum yield stress
$F_u$	Specified minimum tensile strength
A	Cross-sectional area
J	Torsional constant
$I_{yp}$	Moment of inertia about the Y axes
$I_{zp}$	Moment of inertia about the Z axes
$I_w$	Warping constant
$S_{yp}$	Plastic section modulus about the Y axis
$S_{zp}$	Plastic section modulus about the Z axis
KL	Effective length
$C_b$	Buckling modification factor (from all load combinations)
$L_b$	Length between braced points
LST	Limited slenderness for tension
LSC	Limited slenderness for compression
LD	Limited deflection
$P_n$	Nominal axial strength (tension/compression)
$M_n$	Nominal flexural strength (about Z/Y axis)
$V_n$	Nominal shear strength (along Z/Y axis)
P	Design ratio in case of axial force
$M_z$	Design ratio in case of bending about Z axis
$M_y$	Design ratio in case of bending about Y axis
$V_y$	Design ratio in case of shear along Y axis
$V_z$	Design ratio in case of shear along Z axis
$(P, M_z, M_y)$	Design ratio in case of axial force and bending action
KL/r	Design ratio in case of section slenderness
$\delta$	Design ratio in case of member deflection
OK	Capacity is provided
NG	Capacity is not provided



REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS																										
	<p><b>SkyCiv Foundation Design</b> Pile Foundation</p> <p><b>Design Information :</b> Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code) Unit System : Imperial</p>																											
	<p><b>Pile Input</b></p>  <p><b>Geometry</b> Pile shape: rectangular <math>b = 48</math> in - Pile width <math>D = 48</math> in - Pile depth <math>L = 6.25</math> ft - Total pile length <math>h_1 = 0</math> ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile, <math>h_2 = 0</math> ft - Depth to resisting surface <math>h_e = 0</math> ft - Length of pile above the ground</p> <p><b>Tabulation of Soil Parameters</b></p> <table border="1" data-bbox="416 1102 1193 1191"> <thead> <tr> <th>Layer</th> <th>Label</th> <th>Allowable Bearing Pressure (<math>q_a</math>) (psf)</th> <th>Allowable Lateral Pressure (<math>R</math>) (psf/ft)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel &amp; clayey gravel</td> <td>2000.000</td> <td>150.000</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><b>Tabulation of Loads</b></p> <table border="1" data-bbox="676 1285 933 1458"> <thead> <tr> <th>Load Component</th> <th>ASD</th> <th>LRFD</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><math>P</math> (kip)</td> <td>4.152</td> <td>5.927</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>V_x</math> (kip)</td> <td>-2.234</td> <td>-3.723</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>V_z</math> (kip)</td> <td>0.266</td> <td>0.437</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>M_x</math> (kipft)</td> <td>0.861</td> <td>1.395</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>M_z</math> (kipft)</td> <td>25.880</td> <td>43.445</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><b>Material Properties</b> <math>f'_{ck} = 2.5</math> ksi - Concrete strength,</p>	Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure ( $q_a$ ) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure ( $R$ ) (psf/ft)	1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000	Load Component	ASD	LRFD	$P$ (kip)	4.152	5.927	$V_x$ (kip)	-2.234	-3.723	$V_z$ (kip)	0.266	0.437	$M_x$ (kipft)	0.861	1.395	$M_z$ (kipft)	25.880	43.445	
Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure ( $q_a$ ) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure ( $R$ ) (psf/ft)																									
1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000																									
Load Component	ASD	LRFD																										
$P$ (kip)	4.152	5.927																										
$V_x$ (kip)	-2.234	-3.723																										
$V_z$ (kip)	0.266	0.437																										
$M_x$ (kipft)	0.861	1.395																										
$M_z$ (kipft)	25.880	43.445																										
	<p><b>Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD)</b> <math>H</math> - Point of application of the lateral load</p> $H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$ $H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$ $H = 0 \text{ ft}$ <p><b>Considering x-direction:</b> <math>H_o</math> - Lateral force per length of pile,</p> $H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$ $H_o = \frac{(-2.234 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $H_o = -0.35573 \text{ kip/ft}$ <p><math>M_o</math> - Moment per length of pile,</p> $M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$																											

$$M_o = \frac{(25.88 \text{ kipft}) + ((-2.234 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 4.121 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,x} = 5.887 \text{ ft}$  - Required depth in x-direction,

**Considering z-direction:**

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(0.266 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = 0.042357 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.861 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.266 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.1371 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_z^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,z} = 2.6 \text{ ft}$  - Required depth in z-direction,

**Minimum embedded depth required:**

$L_{e,req}$  - Depth of pile required,

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$$

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(5.887 \text{ ft}), (2.6 \text{ ft})]$$

$$L_{e,req} = 5.887 \text{ ft}$$

$L_e$  - Actual embedded length of pile,

$$L_e = L - h_e - h_2$$

$$L_e = (6.25 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$L_e = 6.25 \text{ ft}$$

**Ratio** - Embedded depth

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(5.887 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.94192$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.940**

**End-bearing Capacity (ASD)**

A - Pile cross-section area

$$A = b D$$

$$A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$$

q - End-bearing pressure

$$q = \frac{P_c}{A}$$

$$q = \frac{(4.152 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$$

$$q = 0.2595 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$$q = 0.2099 \text{ kip/ft}$$

**Check bearing capacity ratio:**

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.2595 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.12975$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.130**

Czerniak

**Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):**

$L/D$  - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,

$$L/D = \frac{L}{D}$$

$$L/D = \frac{(6.25 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$$

$$L/D = 1.5625$$

Since  $L/D \leq 10$ ,

Pile is short.

**Considering x-direction:**

$H_o = -0.35573 \text{ kip/ft}$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 4.121 \text{ kipft/ft}$  - Overturning moment per length of pile,

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (4.121 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.35573 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (4.121 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.35573 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.3044 \text{ ft}$$

$p$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $a/2$  from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 \times (4.121 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.35573 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(6.25 \text{ ft})^2 [(3 \times (4.121 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.35573 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.2336 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$s$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $L_e$ ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 \times (4.121 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.35573 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]}{(6.25 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.92447 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

**Check lateral soil pressure capacity:**

$p_a$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$p_a = R \frac{q}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(4.3044 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.32283 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.2336 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.32283 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.7236$$

$p_s$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $L_e$ ,

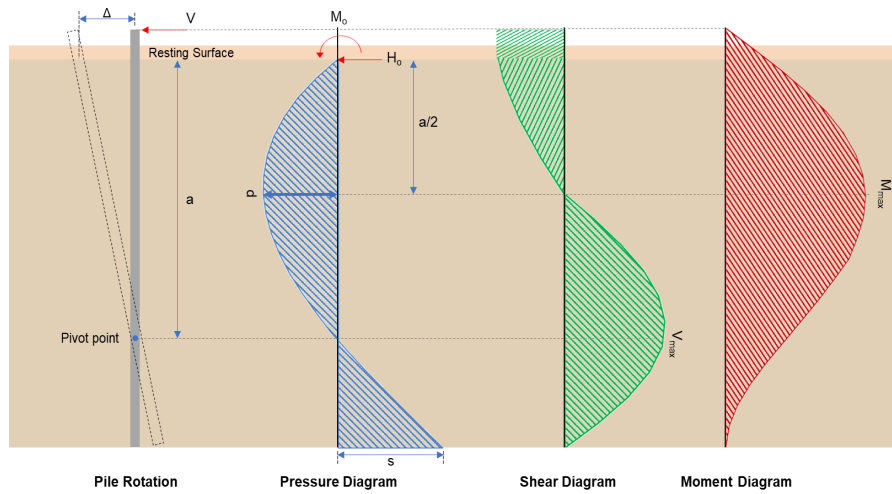
Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.720**

	$p_s = R L_e$ $p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})$ $p_s = 0.9375 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.92447 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.9375 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.98611$	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>0.990</b></p>
	<p><b>Considering z-direction:</b></p> <p><math>H_o = 0.042357 \text{ kip/ft}</math> - Lateral force per length of pile,  <math>M_o = 0.1371 \text{ kipft/ft}</math> - Overturning moment per length of pile,  <math>a</math> - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,</p> $a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$ $a = \frac{(4 \times (0.1371 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.042357 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.1371 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.042357 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))}$ $a = 4.4598 \text{ ft}$ <p><math>p</math> - Earth pressure against the pile at distance <math>a/2</math> from resting surface,</p> $p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$ $p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (0.1371 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (0.042357 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(6.25 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (0.1371 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (0.042357 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]}$ $p = 0.036788 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p><math>s</math> - Earth pressure against the pile at distance <math>L_e</math>,</p> $s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$ $s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (0.1371 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((0.042357 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]}{(6.25 \text{ ft})^2}$ $s = 0.08278 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p><b>Check lateral soil pressure capacity:</b></p> <p><math>p_a</math> - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth <math>a/2</math>,</p> $p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$ $p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(4.4598 \text{ ft})}{2}$ $p_a = 0.33448 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.036788 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.33448 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.11$ <p><math>p_s</math> - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth <math>L_e</math>,</p> $p_s = R L_e$ $p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})$ $p_s = 0.9375 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>0.110</b></p>

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.08278 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.9375 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.088299$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.090**



**Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)**

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-3.723 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.59283 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(43.445 \text{ kipft}) + ((-3.723 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 6.918 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

$E$  - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(6.918 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.59283 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 11.669 \text{ ft}$$

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_c) + (3 H_o L_c^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_c)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (6.918 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.59283 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (6.918 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.59283 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.3037 \text{ ft}$$

$V_{max}$  - Max shear force located at depth  $a$ ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \left( \frac{4 E}{L_c} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_c} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \left( \frac{3 E}{L_c} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_c} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.59283 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \times \left( \frac{4 \times (11.669 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(4.3037 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \times \left( \frac{3 \times (11.669 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(4.3037 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 9.3992 \text{ kip}$$

$M_{max}$  - Max bending moment located at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[ \left( \frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.59283 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) \times \left[ \left( \frac{(11.669 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(4.3037 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 \times (11.669 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(4.3037 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 \times (11.669 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(4.3037 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 28.026 \text{ kipft}$$

### Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(0.437 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = 0.069586 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(1.395 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.437 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.22213 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

$E$  - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.22213 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(0.069586 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 3.1922 \text{ ft}$$

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.22213 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.069586 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.22213 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.069586 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.4616 \text{ ft}$$

$V_{max}$  - Max shear force located at depth  $a$ ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \left( \frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \left( \frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((0.069586 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \times \left( \frac{4 \times (3.1922 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(4.4616 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \times \left( \frac{3 \times (3.1922 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(4.4616 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.43695 \text{ kip}$$

$M_{max}$  - Max bending moment located at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$M_{max} = (H_o b L_e) \left[ \left( \frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((0.069586 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) \times \left[ \left( \frac{(3.1922 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(4.4616 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 \times (3.1922 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(4.4616 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 \times (3.1922 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(4.4616 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 1.2103 \text{ kipft}$$

### Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

#### Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$  - Concrete strength,  
 $f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$  - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,  
 $\phi = 0.65$  - Reduction factor for axial strength,  
 $\alpha = 0.8$  - Alpha factor for axial strength,  
 $A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$  - Gross area of concrete,

Table 22.4.2.1

#### Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load,  $A_{st,required}$

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[ \frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[ \frac{\frac{(5.927 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -84.399 \text{ in}^2$$

$A_{min}$  - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-84.399 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$$

$n_{rebar}$  - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 14$$

$A_{st}$  - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.96556$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.970**

25.2.3

$s_{rebar}$  - Minimum spacing of reinforcement,

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$$

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$$

#### Ties:

25.7.2.2 Since longitudinal reinforcement is  $\leq$  No. 10: Use #3(0.375 in)

25.7.2.1  $s_{ties}$  - Maximum spacing of ties,

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), \text{Min} (D, b)]$$

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), \text{Min} ((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$$

#### Summary:

Main reinforcement: **14 - #5 (0.625 in)**

Ties: #3(0.375 in) - 10 in

**Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)**

22.4.2.2

$\phi P_N$  - Allowable axial compressive strength

$$\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st})]$$

$$\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times [(0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$\phi P_N = 2675.2 \text{ kip}$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(5.927 \text{ kip})}{(2675.2 \text{ kip})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.0022155$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.000**

**Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)**

**Parameters:**

22.5.2.2

$b_w = 48 \text{ in}$  - Effective width,  
 $d$  - Effective depth

$$d = 0.80 D$$

$$d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$d = 38.4 \text{ in}$$

22.5.5.1.3

$\lambda_s$  - size effect modification factor

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[ \sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[ \sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = 0.64282$$

22.5.5.1.1

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ ,  
 $V_{c,max}$  - Max shear strength of concrete

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,max} = 296.21 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.1(a)

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ ,  $P = 5.927 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 5927 \text{ lbf}$ ,  
 $V_{c,a}$  - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[ 2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + \frac{P}{6 A_g} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[ 2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + \frac{(5927 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 119.28 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ ,  
 $V_{c,b}$  - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[ 2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + (0.05 f'_{ck}) \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[ 2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi})) \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 348.89 \text{ kip}$$

$V_c$  - Governing shear strength of concrete

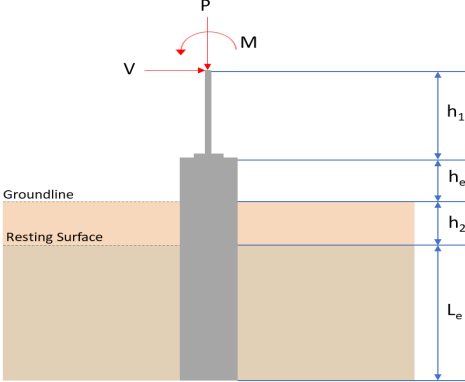
$$V_c = \text{Min}[V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min}[(296.21 \text{ kip}), (119.28 \text{ kip}), (348.89 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 119.28 \text{ kip}$$

<p>22.5.1.2</p>	<p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula <math>f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}</math>.</p> <p><math>V_{s,a}</math> - Shear strength of steel (a)</p> $V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ $V_{s,a} = 737.28 \text{ kip}$ <p><math>A_v</math> - Ties rebar area,</p> $A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$ $A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$ $A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$ <p>22.5.8.5.3 <math>V_{s,b}</math> - Shear strength of steel (b)</p> $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yt} d}{s_{ties}}$ $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$ $V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p><math>V_s</math> - Governing shear strength of steel</p> $V_s = \text{MIN}[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$ $V_s = \text{MIN}[(737.28 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$ $V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p>22.5.1.1 <math>\phi V_n</math> - Allowable shear strength</p> $\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$ $\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((119.28 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$ $\phi V_n = 110.61 \text{ kip}$ <p><b>Considering x-direction:</b></p> <p><math>V_{max} = 9.3992 \text{ kip}</math> - Maximum shear force in the x-direction,  Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(9.3992 \text{ kip})}{(110.61 \text{ kip})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.084976$ <p><b>Considering z-direction:</b></p> <p><math>V_{max} = 0.43695 \text{ kip}</math> - Maximum shear force in the z-direction,  Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.43695 \text{ kip})}{(110.61 \text{ kip})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.0039504$	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b>  Ratio: <b>0.080</b></p> <p>Status: <b>PASS</b>  Ratio: <b>0.000</b></p>
	<p><b>Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LFRD)</b></p> <p><math>S_m</math> - Section modulus</p> $S_m = \frac{b D^2}{6}$ $S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$ $S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$	

<p>14.5.2.1b</p>	<p><math>\lambda = 1</math> - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete),  Allowable flexural strength:  <math>M_n</math> shall be the lesser of:  <math>\phi M_{n,1}</math></p> $\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{2.5 \text{ksi}} \times 18432.001 \text{in}^3$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 249.600 \text{kipft}$ <p><math>\phi M_{n,2}</math></p> $\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_c \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ksi}) \times (18432 \text{in}^3)$ $\phi M_{n,2} = 2121.6 \text{kipft}$ <p>Therefore,  <math>\phi M_n</math> - Allowable flexural strength,</p> $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$ $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(249.6 \text{kipft}), (2121.6 \text{kipft})]$ $\phi M_n = 249.6 \text{kipft}$ <p><b>Considering x-direction:</b>  <math>M_{max} = 28.026 \text{kipft}</math> - Maximum moment in the x-direction,  Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(28.026 \text{kipft})}{(249.6 \text{kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.11228$	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b>  Ratio: <b>0.110</b></p>
	<p><b>Considering z-direction:</b>  <math>M_{max} = 1.2103 \text{kipft}</math> - Maximum moment in the z-direction,  Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(1.2103 \text{kipft})}{(249.6 \text{kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.0048488$	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b>  Ratio: <b>0.000</b></p>

REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS																										
	<p><b>SkyCiv Foundation Design</b> Pile Foundation</p> <p><b>Design Information :</b> Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code) Unit System : Imperial</p>																											
	<p><b>Pile Input</b></p>  <p><b>Geometry</b> Pile shape: rectangular <math>b = 48</math> in - Pile width <math>D = 48</math> in - Pile depth <math>L = 6.25</math> ft - Total pile length <math>h_1 = 0</math> ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile, <math>h_2 = 0</math> ft - Depth to resting surface <math>h_e = 0</math> ft - Length of pile above the ground</p> <p><b>Tabulation of Soil Parameters</b></p> <table border="1" data-bbox="416 1102 1193 1191"> <thead> <tr> <th>Layer</th> <th>Label</th> <th>Allowable Bearing Pressure (<math>q_a</math>) (psf)</th> <th>Allowable Lateral Pressure (<math>R</math>) (psf/ft)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel &amp; clayey gravel</td> <td>2000.000</td> <td>150.000</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><b>Tabulation of Loads</b></p> <table border="1" data-bbox="676 1288 935 1458"> <thead> <tr> <th>Load Component</th> <th>ASD</th> <th>LRFD</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><math>P</math> (kip)</td> <td>4.152</td> <td>5.927</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>V_x</math> (kip)</td> <td>-2.234</td> <td>-3.723</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>V_z</math> (kip)</td> <td>-0.266</td> <td>-0.437</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>M_x</math> (kipft)</td> <td>-0.861</td> <td>-1.395</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>M_z</math> (kipft)</td> <td>25.880</td> <td>43.446</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><b>Material Properties</b> <math>f'_{ck} = 2.5</math> ksi - Concrete strength,</p>	Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure ( $q_a$ ) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure ( $R$ ) (psf/ft)	1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000	Load Component	ASD	LRFD	$P$ (kip)	4.152	5.927	$V_x$ (kip)	-2.234	-3.723	$V_z$ (kip)	-0.266	-0.437	$M_x$ (kipft)	-0.861	-1.395	$M_z$ (kipft)	25.880	43.446	
Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure ( $q_a$ ) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure ( $R$ ) (psf/ft)																									
1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000																									
Load Component	ASD	LRFD																										
$P$ (kip)	4.152	5.927																										
$V_x$ (kip)	-2.234	-3.723																										
$V_z$ (kip)	-0.266	-0.437																										
$M_x$ (kipft)	-0.861	-1.395																										
$M_z$ (kipft)	25.880	43.446																										
	<p><b>Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD)</b> <math>H</math> - Point of application of the lateral load</p> $H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$ $H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$ $H = 0 \text{ ft}$ <p><b>Considering x-direction:</b> <math>H_o</math> - Lateral force per length of pile,</p> $H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$ $H_o = \frac{(-2.234 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $H_o = -0.35573 \text{ kip/ft}$ <p><math>M_o</math> - Moment per length of pile,</p> $M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$																											

$$M_o = \frac{(25.88 \text{ kipft}) + ((-2.234 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 4.121 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,x} = 5.887 \text{ ft}$  - Required depth in x-direction,

**Considering z-direction:**

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.266 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.042357 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.861 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.266 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.1371 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_z^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,z} = 1.8449 \text{ ft}$  - Required depth in z-direction,

**Minimum embedded depth required:**

$L_{e,req}$  - Depth of pile required,

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$$

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(5.887 \text{ ft}), (1.8449 \text{ ft})]$$

$$L_{e,req} = 5.887 \text{ ft}$$

$L_e$  - Actual embedded length of pile,

$$L_e = L - h_e - h_2$$

$$L_e = (6.25 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$L_e = 6.25 \text{ ft}$$

**Ratio** - Embedded depth

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(5.887 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.94192$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.940**

**End-bearing Capacity (ASD)**

A - Pile cross-section area

$$A = b D$$

$$A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$$

q - End-bearing pressure

$$q = \frac{P_c}{A}$$

$$q = \frac{(4.152 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$$

$$q = 0.2595 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$$q = 0.2099 \text{ kip/ft}$$

**Check bearing capacity ratio:**

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{q}{q_a}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.2595 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.12975$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.130**

Czerniak

**Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):**

$L/D$  - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,

$$L/D = \frac{L}{D}$$

$$L/D = \frac{(6.25 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$$

$$L/D = 1.5625$$

Since  $L/D \leq 10$ ,

Pile is short.

**Considering x-direction:**

$H_o = -0.35573 \text{ kip/ft}$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 4.121 \text{ kipft/ft}$  - Overturning moment per length of pile,

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (4.121 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.35573 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (4.121 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.35573 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.3044 \text{ ft}$$

$p$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $a/2$  from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 \times (4.121 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.35573 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(6.25 \text{ ft})^2 [(3 \times (4.121 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.35573 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.2336 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$s$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $L_e$ ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 \times (4.121 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.35573 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]}{(6.25 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.92447 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

**Check lateral soil pressure capacity:**

$p_a$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$p_a = R \frac{q}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(4.3044 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.32283 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.2336 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.32283 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.7236$$

$p_s$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $L_e$ ,

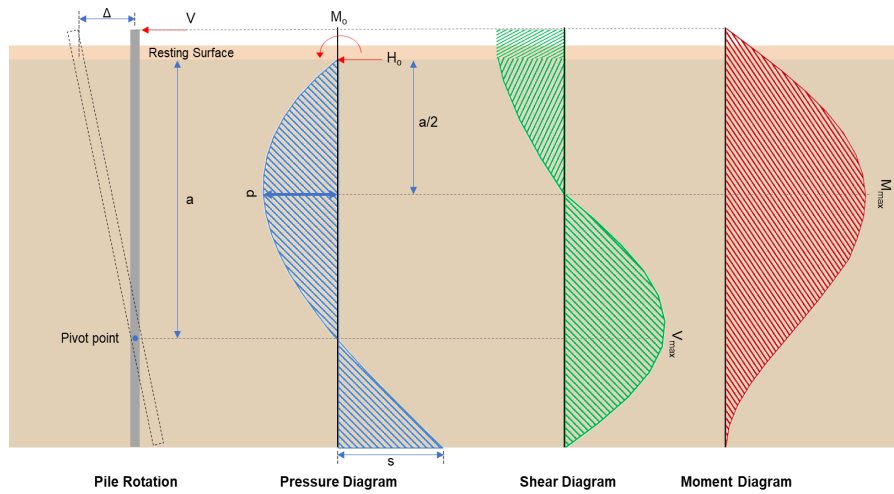
Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.720**

	$p_s = R L_e$ $p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})$ $p_s = 0.9375 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.92447 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.9375 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.98611$	Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>0.990</b>
	<p><b>Considering z-direction:</b></p> <p><math>H_o = -0.042357 \text{ kip/ft}</math> - Lateral force per length of pile,  <math>M_o = 0.1371 \text{ kipft/ft}</math> - Overturning moment per length of pile,  <math>a</math> - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,</p> $a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$ $a = \frac{(4 \times (0.1371 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.042357 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.1371 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.042357 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))}$ $a = 4.4598 \text{ ft}$ <p><math>p</math> - Earth pressure against the pile at distance <math>a/2</math> from resting surface,</p> $p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$ $p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (0.1371 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.042357 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(6.25 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (0.1371 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.042357 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]}$ $p = -0.0098164 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p><math>s</math> - Earth pressure against the pile at distance <math>L_e</math>,</p> $s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$ $s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (0.1371 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.042357 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]}{(6.25 \text{ ft})^2}$ $s = 0.0014553 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p><b>Check lateral soil pressure capacity:</b></p> <p><math>p_a</math> - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth <math>a/2</math>,</p> $p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$ $p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(4.4598 \text{ ft})}{2}$ $p_a = 0.33448 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(-0.0098164 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.33448 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = -0.029348$ <p><math>p_s</math> - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth <math>L_e</math>,</p> $p_s = R L_e$ $p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})$ $p_s = 0.9375 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$	Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>-0.030</b>

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.0014553 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.9375 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.0015523$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.000**



#### Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-3.723 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.59283 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(43.446 \text{ kipft}) + ((-3.723 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 6.9182 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

$E$  - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(6.9182 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.59283 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 11.67 \text{ ft}$$

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_c) + (3 H_o L_c^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_c)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (6.9182 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.59283 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (6.9182 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.59283 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.3037 \text{ ft}$$

$V_{max}$  - Max shear force located at depth  $a$ ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \left( \frac{4 E}{L_c} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_c} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \left( \frac{3 E}{L_c} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_c} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.59283 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \times \left( \frac{4 \times (11.67 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(4.3037 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \times \left( \frac{3 \times (11.67 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(4.3037 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 9.3994 \text{ kip}$$

$M_{max}$  - Max bending moment located at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[ \left( \frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.59283 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) \times \left[ \left( \frac{(11.67 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(4.3037 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 \times (11.67 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(4.3037 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 \times (11.67 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(4.3037 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 28.026 \text{ kipft}$$

### Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.437 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.069586 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(1.395 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.437 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.22213 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

$E$  - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.22213 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.069586 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 3.1922 \text{ ft}$$

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.22213 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.069586 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.22213 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.069586 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.4616 \text{ ft}$$

$V_{max}$  - Max shear force located at depth  $a$ ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \left( \frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \left( \frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.069586 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \times \left( \frac{4 \times (3.1922 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(4.4616 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \times \left( \frac{3 \times (3.1922 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(4.4616 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.43695 \text{ kip}$$

$M_{max}$  - Max bending moment located at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$M_{max} = (H_o b L_e) \left[ \left( \frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.069586 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) \times \left[ \left( \frac{(3.1922 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(4.4616 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 \times (3.1922 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(4.4616 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 \times (3.1922 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(4.4616 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 1.2103 \text{ kipft}$$

### Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

#### Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$  - Concrete strength,  
 $f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$  - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,  
 $\phi = 0.65$  - Reduction factor for axial strength,  
 $\alpha = 0.8$  - Alpha factor for axial strength,  
 $A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$  - Gross area of concrete,

Table 22.4.2.1

#### Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load,  $A_{st,required}$

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[ \frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[ \frac{\frac{(5.927 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -84.399 \text{ in}^2$$

$A_{min}$  - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-84.399 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$$

$n_{rebar}$  - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 14$$

$A_{st}$  - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.96556$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.970**

25.2.3

$s_{rebar}$  - Minimum spacing of reinforcement,

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$$

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$$

#### Ties:

25.7.2.2

Since longitudinal reinforcement is  $\leq$  No. 10: Use #3(0.375 in)

25.7.2.1

$s_{ties}$  - Maximum spacing of ties,

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), \text{Min} (D, b)]$$

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), \text{Min} ((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$$

#### Summary:

Main reinforcement: **14 - #5 (0.625 in)**

Ties: #3(0.375 in) - 10 in

**Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)**

22.4.2.2

$\phi P_N$  - Allowable axial compressive strength

$$\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st})]$$

$$\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times [(0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$\phi P_N = 2675.2 \text{ kip}$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(5.927 \text{ kip})}{(2675.2 \text{ kip})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.0022155$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.000**

**Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)**

**Parameters:**

22.5.2.2

$b_w = 48 \text{ in}$  - Effective width,  
 $d$  - Effective depth

$$d = 0.80 D$$

$$d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$d = 38.4 \text{ in}$$

22.5.5.1.3

$\lambda_s$  - size effect modification factor

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[ \sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[ \sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = 0.64282$$

22.5.5.1.1

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ ,  
 $V_{c,max}$  - Max shear strength of concrete

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,max} = 296.21 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.1(a)

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ ,  $P = 5.927 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 5927 \text{ lbf}$ ,  
 $V_{c,a}$  - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[ 2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + \frac{P}{6 A_g} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[ 2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + \frac{(5927 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 119.28 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ ,  
 $V_{c,b}$  - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[ 2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + (0.05 f'_{ck}) \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[ 2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi})) \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 348.89 \text{ kip}$$

$V_c$  - Governing shear strength of concrete

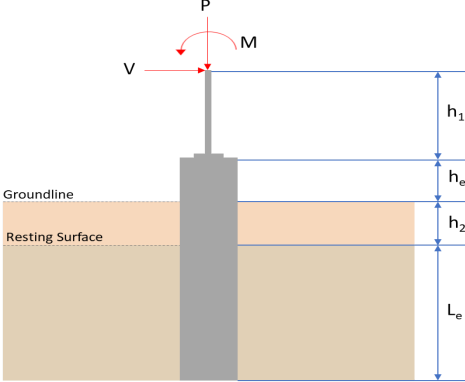
$$V_c = \text{Min}[V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min}[(296.21 \text{ kip}), (119.28 \text{ kip}), (348.89 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 119.28 \text{ kip}$$

<p>22.5.1.2</p>	<p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula <math>f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}</math>.</p> <p><math>V_{s,a}</math> - Shear strength of steel (a)</p> $V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ $V_{s,a} = 737.28 \text{ kip}$ <p><math>A_v</math> - Ties rebar area,</p> $A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$ $A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$ $A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$ <p>22.5.8.5.3 <math>V_{s,b}</math> - Shear strength of steel (b)</p> $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yt} d}{s_{ties}}$ $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$ $V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p><math>V_s</math> - Governing shear strength of steel</p> $V_s = \text{MIN}[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$ $V_s = \text{MIN}[(737.28 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$ $V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p>22.5.1.1 <math>\phi V_n</math> - Allowable shear strength</p> $\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$ $\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((119.28 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$ $\phi V_n = 110.61 \text{ kip}$ <p><b>Considering x-direction:</b></p> <p><math>V_{max} = 9.3994 \text{ kip}</math> - Maximum shear force in the x-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(9.3994 \text{ kip})}{(110.61 \text{ kip})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.084978$ <p><b>Considering z-direction:</b></p> <p><math>V_{max} = 0.43695 \text{ kip}</math> - Maximum shear force in the z-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.43695 \text{ kip})}{(110.61 \text{ kip})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.0039504$	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>0.080</b></p> <p>Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>0.000</b></p>
	<p><b>Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</b></p> <p><math>S_m</math> - Section modulus</p> $S_m = \frac{b D^2}{6}$ $S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$ $S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$	

<p>14.5.2.1b</p>	<p><math>\lambda = 1</math> - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete),          Allowable flexural strength:  <math>M_n</math> shall be the lesser of:  <math>\phi M_{n,1}</math></p> $\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{2.5 \text{ksi}} \times 18432.001 \text{in}^3$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 249.600 \text{kipft}$ <p><math>\phi M_{n,2}</math></p> $\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_c \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ksi}) \times (18432 \text{in}^3)$ $\phi M_{n,2} = 2121.6 \text{kipft}$ <p>Therefore,  <math>\phi M_n</math> - Allowable flexural strength,</p> $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$ $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(249.6 \text{kipft}), (2121.6 \text{kipft})]$ $\phi M_n = 249.6 \text{kipft}$ <p><b>Considering x-direction:</b>  <math>M_{max} = 28.026 \text{kipft}</math> - Maximum moment in the x-direction,          Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(28.026 \text{kipft})}{(249.6 \text{kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.11228$	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b>          Ratio: <b>0.110</b></p>
	<p><b>Considering z-direction:</b>  <math>M_{max} = 1.2103 \text{kipft}</math> - Maximum moment in the z-direction,          Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(1.2103 \text{kipft})}{(249.6 \text{kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.0048488$	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b>          Ratio: <b>0.000</b></p>

REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS																										
	<p><b>SkyCiv Foundation Design</b> Pile Foundation</p> <p><b>Design Information :</b> Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code) Unit System : Imperial</p>																											
	<p><b>Pile Input</b></p>  <p><b>Geometry</b> Pile shape: rectangular <math>b = 48</math> in - Pile width <math>D = 48</math> in - Pile depth <math>L = 6.75</math> ft - Total pile length <math>h_1 = 0</math> ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile, <math>h_2 = 0</math> ft - Depth to resting surface <math>h_e = 0</math> ft - Length of pile above the ground</p> <p><b>Tabulation of Soil Parameters</b></p> <table border="1" data-bbox="416 1102 1193 1191"> <thead> <tr> <th>Layer</th> <th>Label</th> <th>Allowable Bearing Pressure (<math>q_a</math>) (psf)</th> <th>Allowable Lateral Pressure (<math>R</math>) (psf/ft)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel &amp; clayey gravel</td> <td>2000.000</td> <td>150.000</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><b>Tabulation of Loads</b></p> <table border="1" data-bbox="676 1288 935 1458"> <thead> <tr> <th>Load Component</th> <th>ASD</th> <th>LRFD</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><math>P</math> (kip)</td> <td>5.315</td> <td>7.665</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>V_x</math> (kip)</td> <td>-2.889</td> <td>-4.811</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>V_z</math> (kip)</td> <td>-0.010</td> <td>-0.015</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>M_x</math> (kipft)</td> <td>-0.035</td> <td>-0.049</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>M_z</math> (kipft)</td> <td>33.718</td> <td>56.846</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><b>Material Properties</b> <math>f'_{ck} = 2.5</math> ksi - Concrete strength,</p>	Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure ( $q_a$ ) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure ( $R$ ) (psf/ft)	1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000	Load Component	ASD	LRFD	$P$ (kip)	5.315	7.665	$V_x$ (kip)	-2.889	-4.811	$V_z$ (kip)	-0.010	-0.015	$M_x$ (kipft)	-0.035	-0.049	$M_z$ (kipft)	33.718	56.846	
Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure ( $q_a$ ) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure ( $R$ ) (psf/ft)																									
1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000																									
Load Component	ASD	LRFD																										
$P$ (kip)	5.315	7.665																										
$V_x$ (kip)	-2.889	-4.811																										
$V_z$ (kip)	-0.010	-0.015																										
$M_x$ (kipft)	-0.035	-0.049																										
$M_z$ (kipft)	33.718	56.846																										
	<p><b>Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD)</b> <math>H</math> - Point of application of the lateral load</p> $H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$ $H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$ $H = 0 \text{ ft}$ <p><b>Considering x-direction:</b> <math>H_o</math> - Lateral force per length of pile,</p> $H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$ $H_o = \frac{(-2.889 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $H_o = -0.46003 \text{ kip/ft}$ <p><math>M_o</math> - Moment per length of pile,</p> $M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$																											

$$M_o = \frac{(33.718 \text{ kipft}) + ((-2.889 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 5.3691 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,x} = 6.3379 \text{ ft}$  - Required depth in x-direction,

**Considering z-direction:**

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.01 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.0015924 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.035 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.01 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.0055732 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_z^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,z} = 0.72221 \text{ ft}$  - Required depth in z-direction,

**Minimum embedded depth required:**

$L_{e,req}$  - Depth of pile required,

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$$

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(6.3379 \text{ ft}), (0.72221 \text{ ft})]$$

$$L_{e,req} = 6.338 \text{ ft}$$

$L_e$  - Actual embedded length of pile,

$$L_e = L - h_e - h_2$$

$$L_e = (6.75 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$L_e = 6.75 \text{ ft}$$

**Ratio** - Embedded depth

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(6.338 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.93896$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.940**

**End-bearing Capacity (ASD)**

A - Pile cross-section area

$$A = b D$$

$$A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$$

q - End-bearing pressure

$$q = \frac{P_c}{A}$$

$$q = \frac{(5.315 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$$

$$q = 0.33219 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$$q = 0.33219 \text{ kip/ft}$$

**Check bearing capacity ratio:**

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.33219 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.16609$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.170**

Czerniak

**Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):**

$L/D$  - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,

$$L/D = \frac{L}{D}$$

$$L/D = \frac{(6.75 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$$

$$L/D = 1.6875$$

Since  $L/D \leq 10$ ,

Pile is short.

**Considering x-direction:**

$H_o = -0.46003 \text{ kip/ft}$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 5.3691 \text{ kipft/ft}$  - Overturning moment per length of pile,

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (5.3691 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.46003 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (5.3691 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.46003 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.6565 \text{ ft}$$

$p$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $a/2$  from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (5.3691 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.46003 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(6.75 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (5.3691 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.46003 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.24597 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$s$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $L_e$ ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (5.3691 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.46003 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft}))]}{(6.75 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 1.0052 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

**Check lateral soil pressure capacity:**

$p_a$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(4.6565 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.34924 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.24597 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.34924 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.7043$$

$p_a$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $L_e$ ,

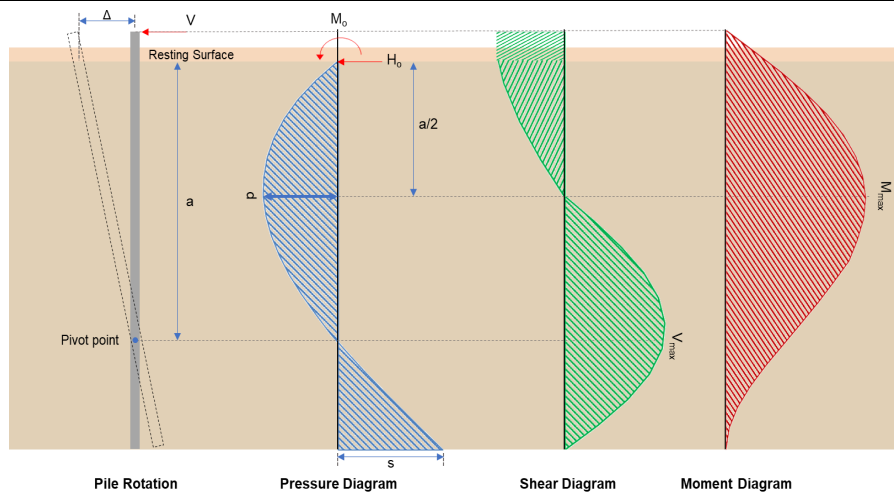
Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.700**

	$p_s = R L_e$ $p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft})$ $p_s = 1.0125 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(1.0052 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.0125 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.99276$	Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>0.990</b>
	<p><b>Considering z-direction:</b></p> <p><math>H_o = -0.0015924 \text{ kip/ft}</math> - Lateral force per length of pile,  <math>M_o = 0.0055732 \text{ kipft/ft}</math> - Overturning moment per length of pile,  <math>a</math> - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,</p> $a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$ $a = \frac{(4 \times (0.0055732 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.0015924 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.0055732 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.0015924 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft}))}$ $a = 4.8164 \text{ ft}$ <p><math>p</math> - Earth pressure against the pile at distance <math>a/2</math> from resting surface,</p> $p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$ $p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (0.0055732 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.0015924 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(6.75 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (0.0055732 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.0015924 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft}))]}$ $p = -0.0003413 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p><math>s</math> - Earth pressure against the pile at distance <math>L_e</math>,</p> $s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$ $s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (0.0055732 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.0015924 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft}))]}{(6.75 \text{ ft})^2}$ $s = 0.000052423 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p><b>Check lateral soil pressure capacity:</b></p> <p><math>p_a</math> - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth <math>a/2</math>,</p> $p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$ $p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(4.8164 \text{ ft})}{2}$ $p_a = 0.36123 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(-0.0003413 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.36123 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = -0.00094482$ <p><math>p_s</math> - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth <math>L_e</math>,</p> $p_s = R L_e$ $p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft})$ $p_s = 1.0125 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$	Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>0.000</b>

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.000052423 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.0125 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.000051776$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.000**



### Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-4.811 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.76608 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(56.846 \text{ kipft}) + ((-4.811 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 9.0519 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

$E$  - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(9.0519 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.76608 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 11.816 \text{ ft}$$

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_c) + (3 H_o L_c^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_c)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (9.0519 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.76608 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (9.0519 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.76608 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.6551 \text{ ft}$$

$V_{max}$  - Max shear force located at depth  $a$ ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \left( \frac{4 E}{L_c} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_c} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \left( \frac{3 E}{L_c} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_c} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.76608 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \times \left( \frac{4 \times (11.816 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(4.6551 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \times \left( \frac{3 \times (11.816 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(4.6551 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 11.513 \text{ kip}$$

$M_{max}$  - Max bending moment located at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[ \left( \frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.76608 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft})) \times \left[ \left( \frac{(11.816 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(4.6551 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.75 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 \times (11.816 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(4.6551 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 \times (11.816 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(4.6551 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 36.978 \text{ kipft}$$

### Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.015 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.0023885 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.049 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.015 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.0078025 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

$E$  - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.0078025 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.0023885 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 3.2667 \text{ ft}$$

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.0078025 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.0023885 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.0078025 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.0023885 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.8259 \text{ ft}$$

$V_{max}$  - Max shear force located at depth  $a$ ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \left( \frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \left( \frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.0023885 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \times \left( \frac{4 \times (3.2667 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(4.8259 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \times \left( \frac{3 \times (3.2667 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(4.8259 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.01455 \text{ kip}$$

$M_{max}$  - Max bending moment located at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$M_{max} = (H_o b L_e) \left[ \left( \frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.0023885 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft})) \times \left[ \left( \frac{(3.2667 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(4.8259 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.75 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 \times (3.2667 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(4.8259 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 \times (3.2667 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(4.8259 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 0.043358 \text{ kipft}$$

### Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

#### Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$  - Concrete strength,  
 $f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$  - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,  
 $\phi = 0.65$  - Reduction factor for axial strength,  
 $\alpha = 0.8$  - Alpha factor for axial strength,  
 $A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$  - Gross area of concrete,

Table 22.4.2.1

#### Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load,  $A_{st,required}$

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[ \frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[ \frac{\frac{(7.665 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -84.341 \text{ in}^2$$

$A_{min}$  - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-84.341 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$$

$n_{rebar}$  - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 14$$

$A_{st}$  - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.96556$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.970**

25.2.3  $s_{rebar}$  - Minimum spacing of reinforcement,

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$$

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$$

#### Ties:

25.7.2.2 Since longitudinal reinforcement is  $\leq$  No. 10: Use #3(0.375 in)

25.7.2.1  $s_{ties}$  - Maximum spacing of ties,

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), \text{Min} (D, b)]$$

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), \text{Min} ((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$$

#### Summary:

Main reinforcement: **14 - #5 (0.625 in)**

Ties: #3(0.375 in) - 10 in

**Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)**

22.4.2.2

$\phi P_N$  - Allowable axial compressive strength

$$\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st})]$$

$$\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times [(0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$\phi P_N = 2675.2 \text{ kip}$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(7.665 \text{ kip})}{(2675.2 \text{ kip})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.0028652$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.000**

**Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)**

**Parameters:**

22.5.2.2

$b_w = 48 \text{ in}$  - Effective width,  
 $d$  - Effective depth

$$d = 0.80 D$$

$$d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$d = 38.4 \text{ in}$$

22.5.5.1.3

$\lambda_s$  - size effect modification factor

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[ \sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[ \sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = 0.64282$$

22.5.5.1.1

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ ,  
 $V_{c,max}$  - Max shear strength of concrete

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,max} = 296.21 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.1(a)

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ ,  $P = 7.665 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 7665 \text{ lbf}$ ,  
 $V_{c,a}$  - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[ 2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + \frac{P}{6 A_g} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[ 2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + \frac{(7665 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 119.51 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ ,  
 $V_{c,b}$  - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[ 2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + (0.05 f'_{ck}) \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[ 2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi})) \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 348.89 \text{ kip}$$

$V_c$  - Governing shear strength of concrete

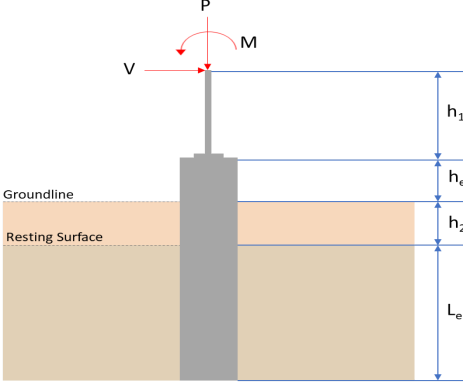
$$V_c = \text{Min}[V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min}[(296.21 \text{ kip}), (119.51 \text{ kip}), (348.89 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 119.51 \text{ kip}$$

<p>22.5.1.2</p>	<p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula <math>f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}</math>.</p> <p><math>V_{s,a}</math> - Shear strength of steel (a)</p> $V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ $V_{s,a} = 737.28 \text{ kip}$ <p><math>A_v</math> - Ties rebar area,</p> $A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$ $A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$ $A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$ <p>22.5.8.5.3 <math>V_{s,b}</math> - Shear strength of steel (b)</p> $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yt} d}{s_{ties}}$ $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$ $V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p><math>V_s</math> - Governing shear strength of steel</p> $V_s = \text{MIN}[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$ $V_s = \text{MIN}[(737.28 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$ $V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p>22.5.1.1 <math>\phi V_n</math> - Allowable shear strength</p> $\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$ $\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((119.51 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$ $\phi V_n = 110.76 \text{ kip}$ <p><b>Considering x-direction:</b></p> <p><math>V_{max} = 11.513 \text{ kip}</math> - Maximum shear force in the x-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(11.513 \text{ kip})}{(110.76 \text{ kip})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.10395$ <p><b>Considering z-direction:</b></p> <p><math>V_{max} = 0.01455 \text{ kip}</math> - Maximum shear force in the z-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.01455 \text{ kip})}{(110.76 \text{ kip})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.00013137$	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>0.100</b></p> <p>Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>0.000</b></p>
	<p><b>Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LFRD)</b></p> <p><math>S_m</math> - Section modulus</p> $S_m = \frac{b D^2}{6}$ $S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$ $S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$	

<p>14.5.2.1b</p>	<p><math>\lambda = 1</math> - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete),  Allowable flexural strength:  <math>M_n</math> shall be the lesser of:  <math>\phi M_{n,1}</math></p> $\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{2.5 \text{ksi}} \times 18432.001 \text{in}^3$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 249.600 \text{kipft}$ <p><math>\phi M_{n,2}</math></p> $\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_c \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ksi}) \times (18432 \text{in}^3)$ $\phi M_{n,2} = 2121.6 \text{kipft}$ <p>Therefore,  <math>\phi M_n</math> - Allowable flexural strength,</p> $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$ $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(249.6 \text{kipft}), (2121.6 \text{kipft})]$ $\phi M_n = 249.6 \text{kipft}$ <p><b>Considering x-direction:</b>  <math>M_{max} = 36.978 \text{kipft}</math> - Maximum moment in the x-direction,  Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(36.978 \text{kipft})}{(249.6 \text{kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.14815$	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b>  Ratio: <b>0.150</b></p>
	<p><b>Considering z-direction:</b>  <math>M_{max} = 0.043358 \text{kipft}</math> - Maximum moment in the z-direction,  Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.043358 \text{kipft})}{(249.6 \text{kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.00017371$	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b>  Ratio: <b>0.000</b></p>

REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS																										
	<p><b>SkyCiv Foundation Design</b> Pile Foundation</p> <p><b>Design Information :</b> Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code) Unit System : Imperial</p>																											
	<p><b>Pile Input</b></p>  <p><b>Geometry</b> Pile shape: rectangular <math>b = 48</math> in - Pile width <math>D = 48</math> in - Pile depth <math>L = 6.75</math> ft - Total pile length <math>h_1 = 0</math> ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile, <math>h_2 = 0</math> ft - Depth to resting surface <math>h_e = 0</math> ft - Length of pile above the ground</p> <p><b>Tabulation of Soil Parameters</b></p> <table border="1" data-bbox="416 1102 1192 1191"> <thead> <tr> <th>Layer</th> <th>Label</th> <th>Allowable Bearing Pressure (<math>q_a</math>) (psf)</th> <th>Allowable Lateral Pressure (<math>R</math>) (psf/ft)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel &amp; clayey gravel</td> <td>2000.000</td> <td>150.000</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><b>Tabulation of Loads</b></p> <table border="1" data-bbox="676 1288 933 1458"> <thead> <tr> <th>Load Component</th> <th>ASD</th> <th>LRFD</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><math>P</math> (kip)</td> <td>5.235</td> <td>7.542</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>V_x</math> (kip)</td> <td>-2.849</td> <td>-4.749</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>V_z</math> (kip)</td> <td>0.000</td> <td>0.000</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>M_x</math> (kipft)</td> <td>0.000</td> <td>0.000</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>M_z</math> (kipft)</td> <td>33.550</td> <td>56.618</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><b>Material Properties</b> <math>f'_{ck} = 2.5</math> ksi - Concrete strength,</p>	Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure ( $q_a$ ) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure ( $R$ ) (psf/ft)	1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000	Load Component	ASD	LRFD	$P$ (kip)	5.235	7.542	$V_x$ (kip)	-2.849	-4.749	$V_z$ (kip)	0.000	0.000	$M_x$ (kipft)	0.000	0.000	$M_z$ (kipft)	33.550	56.618	
Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure ( $q_a$ ) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure ( $R$ ) (psf/ft)																									
1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000																									
Load Component	ASD	LRFD																										
$P$ (kip)	5.235	7.542																										
$V_x$ (kip)	-2.849	-4.749																										
$V_z$ (kip)	0.000	0.000																										
$M_x$ (kipft)	0.000	0.000																										
$M_z$ (kipft)	33.550	56.618																										
	<p><b>Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD)</b> <math>H</math> - Point of application of the lateral load</p> $H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$ $H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$ $H = 0 \text{ ft}$ <p><b>Considering x-direction:</b> <math>H_o</math> - Lateral force per length of pile,</p> $H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$ $H_o = \frac{(-2.849 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $H_o = -0.45366 \text{ kip/ft}$ <p><math>M_o</math> - Moment per length of pile,</p> $M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$																											

	$M_o = \frac{(33.55 \text{ kipft}) + ((-2.849 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $M_o = 5.3424 \text{ kipft/ft}$ <p>Required depth of embedment in earth:</p> $L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$ <p>Solving the cubic equation:  <math>L_{e,x} = 6.3398 \text{ ft}</math> - Required depth in x-direction,</p> <p><b>Considering z-direction:</b>  <math>L_{e,z} = 0 \text{ ft}</math> - Required depth in z-direction,</p> <p><b>Minimum embedded depth required:</b>  <math>L_{e,req}</math> - Depth of pile required,</p> $L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$ $L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(6.3398 \text{ ft}), (0 \text{ ft})]$ $L_{e,req} = 6.34 \text{ ft}$ <p><math>L_e</math> - Actual embedded length of pile,</p> $L_e = L - h_e - h_2$ $L_e = (6.75 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$ $L_e = 6.75 \text{ ft}$ <p><i>Ratio</i> - Embedded depth</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(6.34 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.93926$	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b>  Ratio: <b>0.940</b></p>
	<p><b>End-bearing Capacity (ASD)</b></p> <p>A - Pile cross-section area</p> $A = b D$ $A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$ $A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$ <p>q - End-bearing pressure</p> $q = \frac{P_v}{A}$ $q = \frac{(5.235 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$ $q = 0.32719 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p><b>Check bearing capacity ratio:</b></p> <p><i>Ratio</i> - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_o}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.32719 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.16359$	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b>  Ratio: <b>0.160</b></p>
Czerniak	<p><b>Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):</b></p> <p><math>L/D</math> - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,</p> $L/D = \frac{L}{D}$ $L/D = \frac{(6.75 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$	

$$L/D = 1.6875$$

Since  $L/D \leq 10$ ,

Pile is short.

**Considering x-direction:**

$H_o = -0.45366$  kip/ft - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 5.3424$  kipft/ft - Overturning moment per length of pile,

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (5.3424 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.45366 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (5.3424 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.45366 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.6555 \text{ ft}$$

$p$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $a/2$  from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (5.3424 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.45366 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(6.75 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (5.3424 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.45366 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.24671 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$s$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $L_e$ ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (5.3424 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.45366 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft}))]}{(6.75 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 1.0038 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

**Check lateral soil pressure capacity:**

$p_a$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$p_a = R \frac{q}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(4.6555 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.34916 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

*Ratio* - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.24671 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.34916 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.70659$$

$p_s$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $L_e$ ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 1.0125 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

*Ratio* - Lateral soil capacity

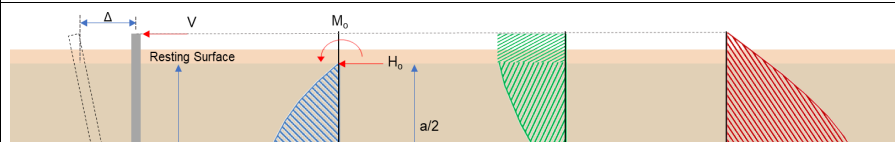
$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

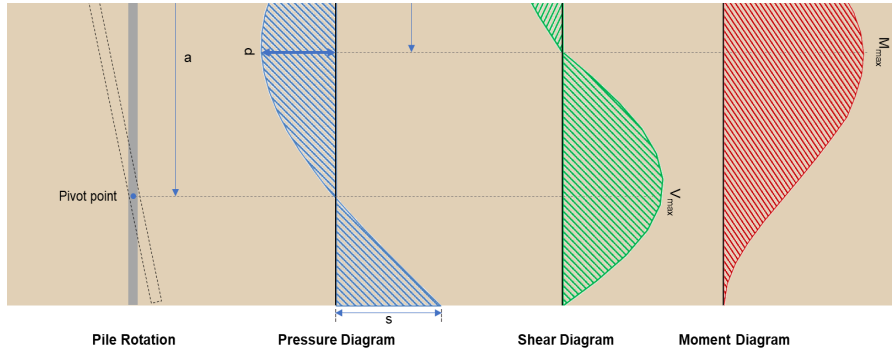
$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(1.0038 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.0125 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.9914$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.710**

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.990**





### Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-4.749 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.75621 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(56.618 \text{ kipft}) + ((-4.749 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 9.0156 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

$E$  - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(9.0156 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.75621 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 11.922 \text{ ft}$$

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_c) + (3 H_o L_c^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_c)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (9.0156 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.75621 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (9.0156 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.75621 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.6541 \text{ ft}$$

$V_{max}$  - Max shear force located at depth  $a$ ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \left( \frac{4 E}{L_c} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_c} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \left( \frac{3 E}{L_c} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_c} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.75621 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \times \left( \frac{4 \times (11.922 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(4.6541 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \times \left( \frac{3 \times (11.922 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(4.6541 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 11.449 \text{ kip}$$

$M_{max}$  - Max bending moment located at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_c) \left[ \left( \frac{E}{L_c} + \frac{a}{2 L_c} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 E}{L_c} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_c} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 E}{L_c} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_c} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.75621 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft})) \times \left[ \left( \frac{(11.922 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(4.6541 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.75 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 \times (11.922 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(4.6541 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 \times (11.922 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(4.6541 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 36.786 \text{ kipft}$$

### Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

#### Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$  - Concrete strength,  
 $f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$  - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,  
 $\phi = 0.65$  - Reduction factor for axial strength,  
 $\alpha = 0.8$  - Alpha factor for axial strength,  
 $A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$  - Gross area of concrete,

Table 22.4.2.1

#### Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load,  $A_{st,required}$

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[ \frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[ \frac{\frac{(7.542 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -84.346 \text{ in}^2$$

$A_{min}$  - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-84.346 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$$

$n_{rebar}$  - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 14$$

$A_{st}$  - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.96556$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.970**

25.2.3  $s_{rebar}$  - Minimum spacing of reinforcement,

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$$

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$$

#### Ties:

25.7.2.2 Since longitudinal reinforcement is  $\leq$  No. 10: Use #3(0.375 in)

25.7.2.1  $s_{ties}$  - Maximum spacing of ties,

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), \text{Min} (D, b)]$$

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), \text{Min} ((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$$

#### Summary:

Main reinforcement: **14 - #5 (0.625 in)**

**Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)**22.4.2.2  $\phi P_N$  - Allowable axial compressive strength

$$\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}] + (f_{yk} A_{st})]$$

$$\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times [(0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$\phi P_N = 2675.2 \text{ kip}$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(7.542 \text{ kip})}{(2675.2 \text{ kip})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.0028192$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.000****Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)****Parameters:** $b_w = 48 \text{ in}$  - Effective width,22.5.2.2  $d$  - Effective depth

$$d = 0.80 D$$

$$d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$d = 38.4 \text{ in}$$

22.5.5.1.3  $\lambda_s$  - size effect modification factor

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[ \sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[ \sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = 0.64282$$

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ ,22.5.5.1.1  $V_{c,max}$  - Max shear strength of concrete

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,max} = 296.21 \text{ kip}$$

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ ,  $P = 7.542 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 7542 \text{ lbf}$ ,22.5.5.1.1(a)  $V_{c,a}$  - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[ 2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + \frac{P}{6 A_g} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[ 2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + \frac{(7542 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 119.49 \text{ kip}$$

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ ,22.5.5.1.2  $V_{c,b}$  - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[ 2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + (0.05 f'_{ck}) \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[ 2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi})) \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 348.89 \text{ kip}$$

 $V_c$  - Governing shear strength of concrete

$$V_c = \text{Min}[V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min}[(296.21 \text{ kip}), (119.49 \text{ kip}), (348.89 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 119.49 \text{ kip}$$

<p>22.5.1.2</p>	<p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula <math>f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}</math>,</p> <p><math>V_{s,a}</math> - Shear strength of steel (a)</p> $V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ $V_{s,a} = 737.28 \text{ kip}$ <p><math>A_v</math> - Ties rebar area,</p> $A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$ $A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$ $A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$ <p>22.5.8.5.3 <math>V_{s,b}</math> - Shear strength of steel (b)</p> $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{ywk} d}{s_{ties}}$ $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$ $V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p><math>V_s</math> - Governing shear strength of steel</p> $V_s = \text{MIN}[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$ $V_s = \text{MIN}[(737.28 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$ $V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p>22.5.1.1 <math>\phi V_n</math> - Allowable shear strength</p> $\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$ $\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((119.49 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$ $\phi V_n = 110.75 \text{ kip}$ <p><b>Considering x-direction:</b></p> <p><math>V_{max} = 11.449 \text{ kip}</math> - Maximum shear force in the x-direction,  <b>Ratio</b> - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(11.449 \text{ kip})}{(110.75 \text{ kip})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.10338$	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b>  Ratio: <b>0.100</b></p>
<p>14.5.2.1b</p>	<p><b>Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</b></p> <p><math>S_m</math> - Section modulus</p> $S_m = \frac{b D^2}{6}$ $S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$ $S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$ <p><math>\lambda = 1</math> - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete),  Allowable flexural strength:  <math>M_n</math> shall be the lesser of:</p> <p><math>\phi M_{n,1}</math></p> $\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{(2.5 \text{ ksi})} \times 18432.001 \text{ in}^3$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 249.600 \text{ kipft}$ <p><math>\phi M_{n,2}</math></p> $\phi M_{n,2} = 0.85 f'_c S_m$	

$\phi M_{n,2} = \phi M_{n,1}$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (18432 \text{ in}^3)$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = 2121.6 \text{ kipft}$$

Therefore,  
 $\phi M_n$  - Allowable flexural strength,

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$$

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(249.6 \text{ kipft}), (2121.6 \text{ kipft})]$$

$$\phi M_n = 249.6 \text{ kipft}$$

**Considering x-direction:**

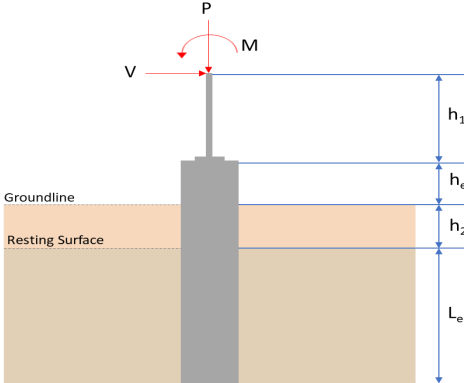
$M_{max} = 36.786 \text{ kipft}$  - Maximum moment in the x-direction,  
*Ratio* - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(36.786 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.14738$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.150**

REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS																										
	<p><b>SkyCiv Foundation Design</b> Pile Foundation</p> <p><b>Design Information :</b> Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code) Unit System : Imperial</p>																											
	<p><b>Pile Input</b></p>  <p><b>Geometry</b> Pile shape: rectangular <math>b = 48</math> in - Pile width <math>D = 48</math> in - Pile depth <math>L = 6.75</math> ft - Total pile length <math>h_1 = 0</math> ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile, <math>h_2 = 0</math> ft - Depth to resting surface <math>h_e = 0</math> ft - Length of pile above the ground</p> <p><b>Tabulation of Soil Parameters</b></p> <table border="1" data-bbox="416 1102 1192 1191"> <thead> <tr> <th>Layer</th> <th>Label</th> <th>Allowable Bearing Pressure (<math>q_a</math>) (psf)</th> <th>Allowable Lateral Pressure (<math>R</math>) (psf/ft)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel &amp; clayey gravel</td> <td>2000.000</td> <td>150.000</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><b>Tabulation of Loads</b></p> <table border="1" data-bbox="676 1285 933 1458"> <thead> <tr> <th>Load Component</th> <th>ASD</th> <th>LRFD</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><math>P</math> (kip)</td> <td>5.315</td> <td>7.665</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>V_x</math> (kip)</td> <td>-2.889</td> <td>-4.811</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>V_z</math> (kip)</td> <td>0.010</td> <td>0.015</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>M_x</math> (kipft)</td> <td>0.035</td> <td>0.049</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>M_z</math> (kipft)</td> <td>33.718</td> <td>56.846</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><b>Material Properties</b> <math>f'_{ck} = 2.5</math> ksi - Concrete strength,</p>	Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure ( $q_a$ ) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure ( $R$ ) (psf/ft)	1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000	Load Component	ASD	LRFD	$P$ (kip)	5.315	7.665	$V_x$ (kip)	-2.889	-4.811	$V_z$ (kip)	0.010	0.015	$M_x$ (kipft)	0.035	0.049	$M_z$ (kipft)	33.718	56.846	
Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure ( $q_a$ ) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure ( $R$ ) (psf/ft)																									
1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000																									
Load Component	ASD	LRFD																										
$P$ (kip)	5.315	7.665																										
$V_x$ (kip)	-2.889	-4.811																										
$V_z$ (kip)	0.010	0.015																										
$M_x$ (kipft)	0.035	0.049																										
$M_z$ (kipft)	33.718	56.846																										
	<p><b>Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD)</b> <math>H</math> - Point of application of the lateral load</p> $H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$ $H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$ $H = 0 \text{ ft}$ <p><b>Considering x-direction:</b> <math>H_o</math> - Lateral force per length of pile,</p> $H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$ $H_o = \frac{(-2.889 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $H_o = -0.46003 \text{ kip/ft}$ <p><math>M_o</math> - Moment per length of pile,</p> $M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$																											

$$M_o = \frac{(33.718 \text{ kipft}) + ((-2.889 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 5.3691 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,x} = 6.3379 \text{ ft}$  - Required depth in x-direction,

**Considering z-direction:**

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(0.01 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = 0.0015924 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.035 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.01 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.0055732 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_z^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,z} = 0.8054 \text{ ft}$  - Required depth in z-direction,

**Minimum embedded depth required:**

$L_{e,req}$  - Depth of pile required,

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$$

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(6.3379 \text{ ft}), (0.8054 \text{ ft})]$$

$$L_{e,req} = 6.338 \text{ ft}$$

$L_e$  - Actual embedded length of pile,

$$L_e = L - h_e - h_2$$

$$L_e = (6.75 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$L_e = 6.75 \text{ ft}$$

**Ratio** - Embedded depth

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(6.338 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.93896$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.940**

**End-bearing Capacity (ASD)**

A - Pile cross-section area

$$A = b D$$

$$A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$$

q - End-bearing pressure

$$q = \frac{P_c}{A}$$

$$q = \frac{(5.315 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$$

$$q = 0.33219 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$$q = 0.33219 \text{ kip/ft}$$

**Check bearing capacity ratio:**

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.33219 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.16609$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.170**

Czerniak

**Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):**

$L/D$  - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,

$$L/D = \frac{L}{D}$$

$$L/D = \frac{(6.75 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$$

$$L/D = 1.6875$$

Since  $L/D \leq 10$ ,

Pile is short.

**Considering x-direction:**

$H_o = -0.46003 \text{ kip/ft}$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 5.3691 \text{ kipft/ft}$  - Overturning moment per length of pile,

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (5.3691 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.46003 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (5.3691 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.46003 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.6565 \text{ ft}$$

$p$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $a/2$  from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (5.3691 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.46003 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(6.75 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (5.3691 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.46003 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.24597 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$s$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $L_e$ ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (5.3691 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.46003 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft}))]}{(6.75 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 1.0052 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

**Check lateral soil pressure capacity:**

$p_a$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(4.6565 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.34924 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.24597 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.34924 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.7043$$

$p_a$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $L_e$ ,

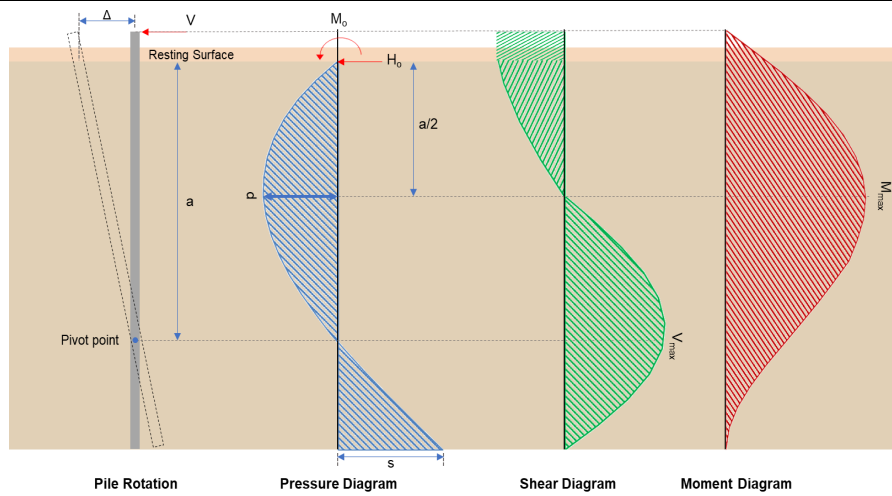
Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.700**

	$p_s = R L_e$ $p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft})$ $p_s = 1.0125 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(1.0052 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.0125 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.99276$	Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>0.990</b>
	<p><b>Considering z-direction:</b></p> <p><math>H_o = 0.0015924 \text{ kip/ft}</math> - Lateral force per length of pile,  <math>M_o = 0.0055732 \text{ kipft/ft}</math> - Overturning moment per length of pile,  <math>a</math> - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,</p> $a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$ $a = \frac{(4 \times (0.0055732 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.0015924 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.0055732 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.0015924 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft}))}$ $a = 4.8164 \text{ ft}$ <p><math>p</math> - Earth pressure against the pile at distance <math>a/2</math> from resting surface,</p> $p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$ $p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (0.0055732 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (0.0015924 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(6.75 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (0.0055732 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (0.0015924 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft}))]}$ $p = 0.0012812 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p><math>s</math> - Earth pressure against the pile at distance <math>L_e</math>,</p> $s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$ $s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (0.0055732 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((0.0015924 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft}))]}{(6.75 \text{ ft})^2}$ $s = 0.0028833 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p><b>Check lateral soil pressure capacity:</b></p> <p><math>p_a</math> - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth <math>a/2</math>,</p> $p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$ $p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(4.8164 \text{ ft})}{2}$ $p_a = 0.36123 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.0012812 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.36123 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.0035467$ <p><math>p_s</math> - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth <math>L_e</math>,</p> $p_s = R L_e$ $p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft})$ $p_s = 1.0125 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$	Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>0.000</b>

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.0028833 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.0125 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.0028477$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.000**



#### Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-4.811 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.76608 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(56.846 \text{ kipft}) + ((-4.811 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 9.0519 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

$E$  - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(9.0519 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.76608 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 11.816 \text{ ft}$$

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_c) + (3 H_o L_c^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_c)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (9.0519 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.76608 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (9.0519 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.76608 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.6551 \text{ ft}$$

$V_{max}$  - Max shear force located at depth  $a$ ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \left( \frac{4 E}{L_c} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_c} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \left( \frac{3 E}{L_c} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_c} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.76608 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \times \left( \frac{4 \times (11.816 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(4.6551 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \times \left( \frac{3 \times (11.816 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(4.6551 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 11.513 \text{ kip}$$

$M_{max}$  - Max bending moment located at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[ \left( \frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.76608 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft})) \times \left[ \left( \frac{(11.816 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(4.6551 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.75 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 \times (11.816 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(4.6551 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 \times (11.816 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(4.6551 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 36.978 \text{ kipft}$$

### Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(0.015 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = 0.0023885 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.049 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.015 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.0078025 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

$E$  - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.0078025 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(0.0023885 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 3.2667 \text{ ft}$$

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.0078025 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.0023885 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.0078025 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.0023885 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.8259 \text{ ft}$$

$V_{max}$  - Max shear force located at depth  $a$ ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \left( \frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \left( \frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((0.0023885 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \times \left( \frac{4 \times (3.2667 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(4.8259 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \times \left( \frac{3 \times (3.2667 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(4.8259 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.01455 \text{ kip}$$

$M_{max}$  - Max bending moment located at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$M_{max} = (H_o b L_e) \left[ \left( \frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((0.0023885 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (6.75 \text{ ft})) \times \left[ \left( \frac{(3.2667 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(4.8259 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.75 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 \times (3.2667 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(4.8259 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 \times (3.2667 \text{ ft})}{(6.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(4.8259 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 0.043358 \text{ kipft}$$

### Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

#### Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$  - Concrete strength,  
 $f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$  - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,  
 $\phi = 0.65$  - Reduction factor for axial strength,  
 $\alpha = 0.8$  - Alpha factor for axial strength,  
 $A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$  - Gross area of concrete,

Table 22.4.2.1

#### Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load,  $A_{st,required}$

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[ \frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[ \frac{\frac{(7.665 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -84.341 \text{ in}^2$$

$A_{min}$  - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-84.341 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$$

$n_{rebar}$  - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 14$$

$A_{st}$  - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.96556$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.970**

25.2.3

$s_{rebar}$  - Minimum spacing of reinforcement,

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$$

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$$

#### Ties:

25.7.2.2

Since longitudinal reinforcement is  $\leq$  No. 10: Use #3(0.375 in)

25.7.2.1

$s_{ties}$  - Maximum spacing of ties,

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), \text{Min} (D, b)]$$

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), \text{Min} ((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$$

#### Summary:

Main reinforcement: **14 - #5 (0.625 in)**

Ties: #3(0.375 in) - 10 in

**Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)**

22.4.2.2

$\phi P_N$  - Allowable axial compressive strength

$$\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st})]$$

$$\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times [(0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$\phi P_N = 2675.2 \text{ kip}$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(7.665 \text{ kip})}{(2675.2 \text{ kip})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.0028652$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.000**

**Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)**

**Parameters:**

22.5.2.2

$b_w = 48 \text{ in}$  - Effective width,  
 $d$  - Effective depth

$$d = 0.80 D$$

$$d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$d = 38.4 \text{ in}$$

22.5.5.1.3

$\lambda_s$  - size effect modification factor

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[ \sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[ \sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = 0.64282$$

22.5.5.1.1

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ ,  
 $V_{c,max}$  - Max shear strength of concrete

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,max} = 296.21 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.1(a)

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ ,  $P = 7.665 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 7665 \text{ lbf}$ ,  
 $V_{c,a}$  - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[ 2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + \frac{P}{6 A_g} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[ 2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + \frac{(7665 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 119.51 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ ,  
 $V_{c,b}$  - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[ 2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + (0.05 f'_{ck}) \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[ 2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi})) \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 348.89 \text{ kip}$$

$V_c$  - Governing shear strength of concrete

$$V_c = \text{Min}[V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min}[(296.21 \text{ kip}), (119.51 \text{ kip}), (348.89 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 119.51 \text{ kip}$$

<p>22.5.1.2</p>	<p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula <math>f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}</math>.</p> <p><math>V_{s,a}</math> - Shear strength of steel (a)</p> $V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ $V_{s,a} = 737.28 \text{ kip}$ <p><math>A_v</math> - Ties rebar area,</p> $A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$ $A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$ $A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$ <p>22.5.8.5.3 <math>V_{s,b}</math> - Shear strength of steel (b)</p> $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yt} d}{s_{ties}}$ $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$ $V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p><math>V_s</math> - Governing shear strength of steel</p> $V_s = \text{MIN}[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$ $V_s = \text{MIN}[(737.28 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$ $V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p>22.5.1.1 <math>\phi V_n</math> - Allowable shear strength</p> $\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$ $\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((119.51 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$ $\phi V_n = 110.76 \text{ kip}$ <p><b>Considering x-direction:</b></p> <p><math>V_{max} = 11.513 \text{ kip}</math> - Maximum shear force in the x-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(11.513 \text{ kip})}{(110.76 \text{ kip})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.10395$ <p><b>Considering z-direction:</b></p> <p><math>V_{max} = 0.01455 \text{ kip}</math> - Maximum shear force in the z-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.01455 \text{ kip})}{(110.76 \text{ kip})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.00013137$	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>0.100</b></p> <p>Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>0.000</b></p>
	<p><b>Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</b></p> <p><math>S_m</math> - Section modulus</p> $S_m = \frac{b D^2}{6}$ $S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$ $S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$	

<p>14.5.2.1b</p>	<p><math>\lambda = 1</math> - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete),          Allowable flexural strength:  <math>M_n</math> shall be the lesser of:  <math>\phi M_{n,1}</math></p> $\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{2.5 \text{ksi}} \times 18432.001 \text{in}^3$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 249.600 \text{kipft}$ <p><math>\phi M_{n,2}</math></p> $\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_c \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ksi}) \times (18432 \text{in}^3)$ $\phi M_{n,2} = 2121.6 \text{kipft}$ <p>Therefore,  <math>\phi M_n</math> - Allowable flexural strength,</p> $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$ $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(249.6 \text{kipft}), (2121.6 \text{kipft})]$ $\phi M_n = 249.6 \text{kipft}$ <p><b>Considering x-direction:</b>  <math>M_{max} = 36.978 \text{kipft}</math> - Maximum moment in the x-direction,          Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(36.978 \text{kipft})}{(249.6 \text{kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.14815$	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b>          Ratio: <b>0.150</b></p>
	<p><b>Considering z-direction:</b>  <math>M_{max} = 0.043358 \text{kipft}</math> - Maximum moment in the z-direction,          Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.043358 \text{kipft})}{(249.6 \text{kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.00017371$	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b>          Ratio: <b>0.000</b></p>