

Your Project Calculations



Project Name: MTSOLAR_7842B2F77K3F-Rev1

S3D Model Link:

https://platform.skyciv.com/structural?preload_name=MTSOLAR_7842B2F77K3F-Rev1&preload_path=Shared%20Enterprise%20Folder/MT_Solar_Projects/5_2023

Public Model Link:

https://platform.skyciv.com/structural-viewer?project_id=CKo1Nu0xKndoVEYkFKOqxnhwAb4jHRzGi1gMRrteXudFG6eVO7feBUmb57I6Zjp

Array Specification

Product:	Beam
Unique ID:	3P-19.75-6TOP-SD-24-L-3Hx7W-F46E
Duty Classification:	SD
Module Width:	44.64 in
Module Length:	89.72in
Number of Rows:	3
Number of Columns:	7
Total Number of Modules:	21
Desired Tilt Angle:	46
Front Edge Clearance:	6
Total Array Height at Tilt:	14.07 ft
Total Frame Length:	51.00 ft
Frame Weight:	1948 lbs
Array Dimensions N/S:	11.29 ft
Array Dimensions E/W:	52.92 ft
Rail Length:	135.42 in
Rail Spacing:	3.74 ft
Rail Check:	Not Checked

Support Specifications

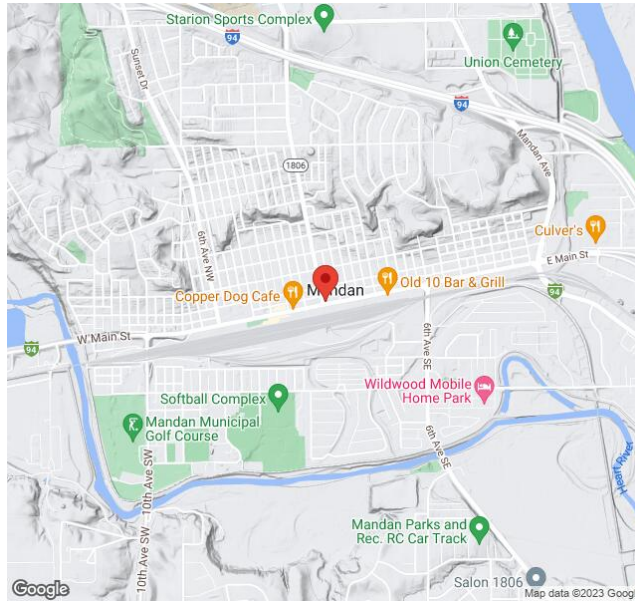
Pole Size:	6in Pipe Sch 40
Pole Length above Grade:	10.06 ft
Number of Poles:	3
Pole Spacing:	19.75 ft

Foundation Specifications

Foundation Type:	Round
Foundation Dimensions:	Ø36 in
Foundation Depth (below grade):	Pile 1: 7.50 ft Pile 2: 8.00 ft Pile 3: 7.50 ft
Foundation Volume:	6.021 y ³
Foundation Result:	PASSED
Mount Twist:	0.995560 kip

Site Info

Risk Category:	I
Exposure:	C
Soil Classification:	sand
Site Location:	100 E Main St, Mandan, ND 58554, USA
Wind Speed:	105 mph
Snow Load:	35 psf
Design Uplift Pressure:	0.019294 ksf
Design Downforce Pressure:	-0.019294 ksf
Design Snow Pressure:	0.009237 ksf



Design Disclaimer

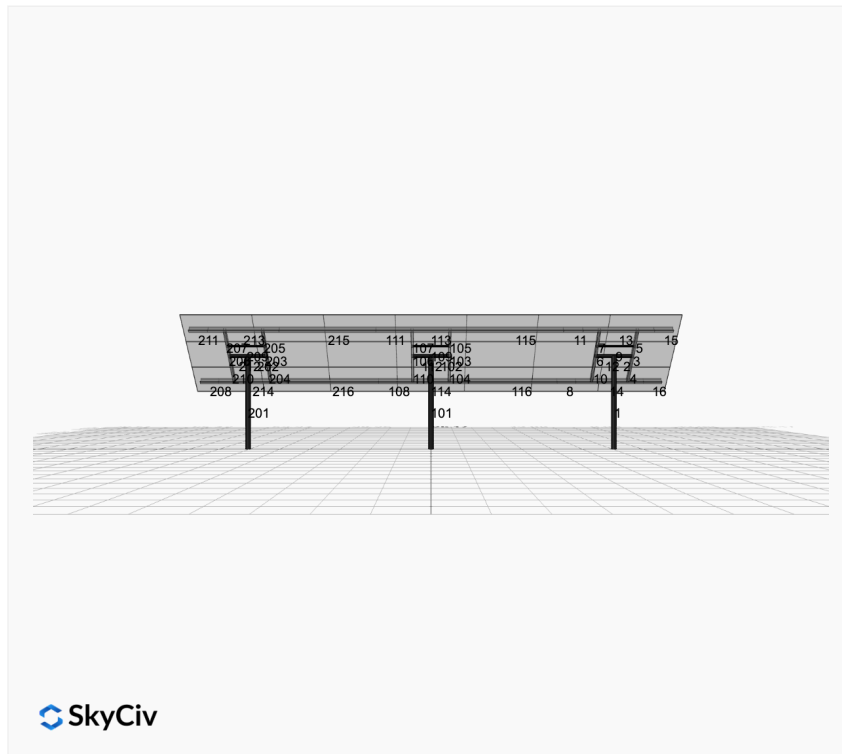
This software should be used for preliminary designs and should not be used as a final design unless reviewed, verified and designed by a qualified structural engineer.

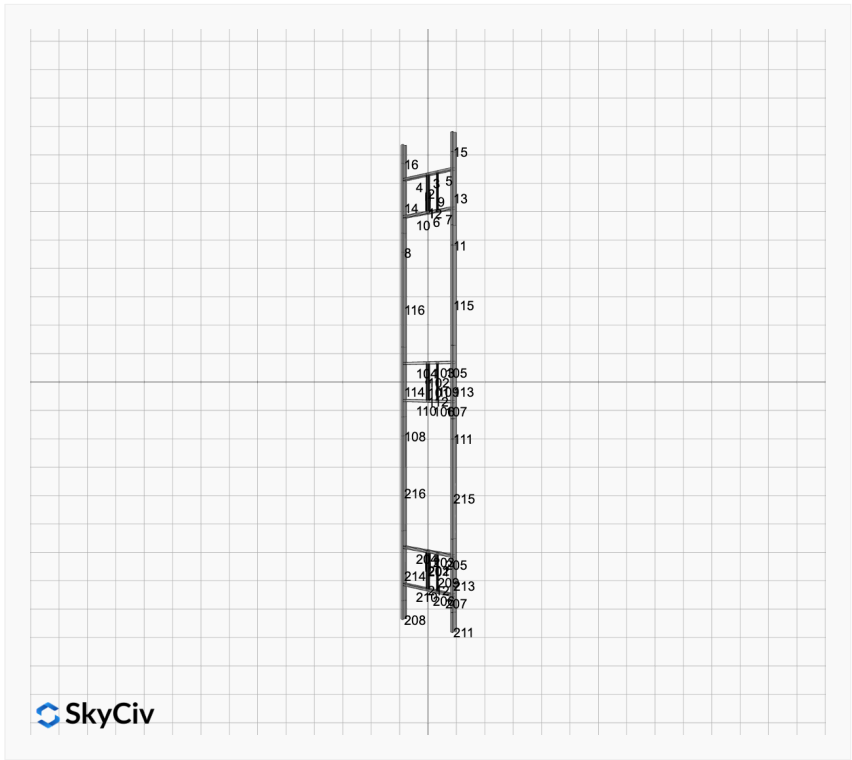
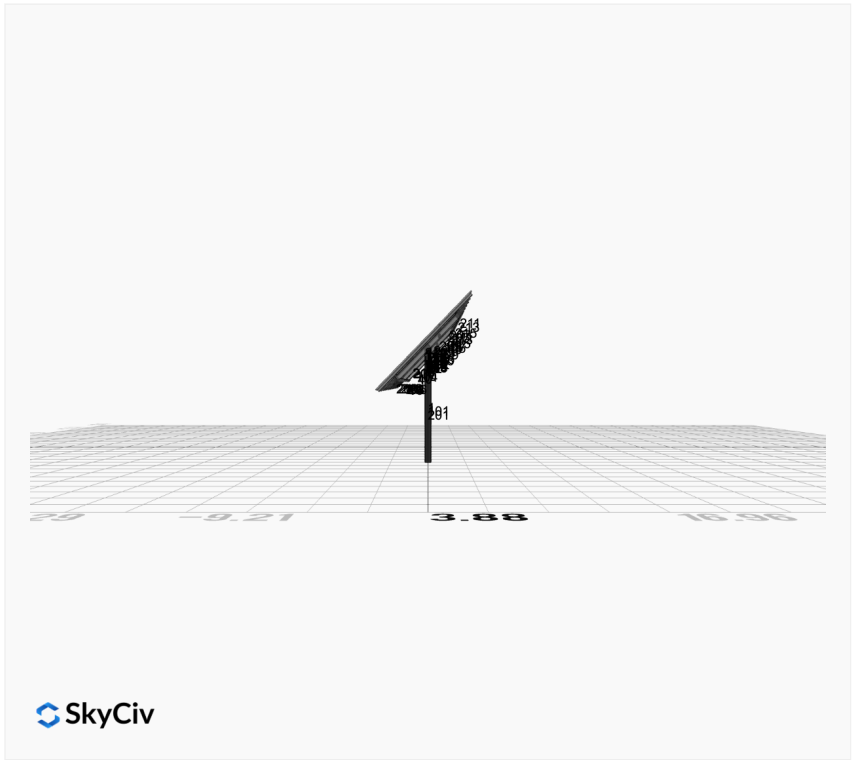
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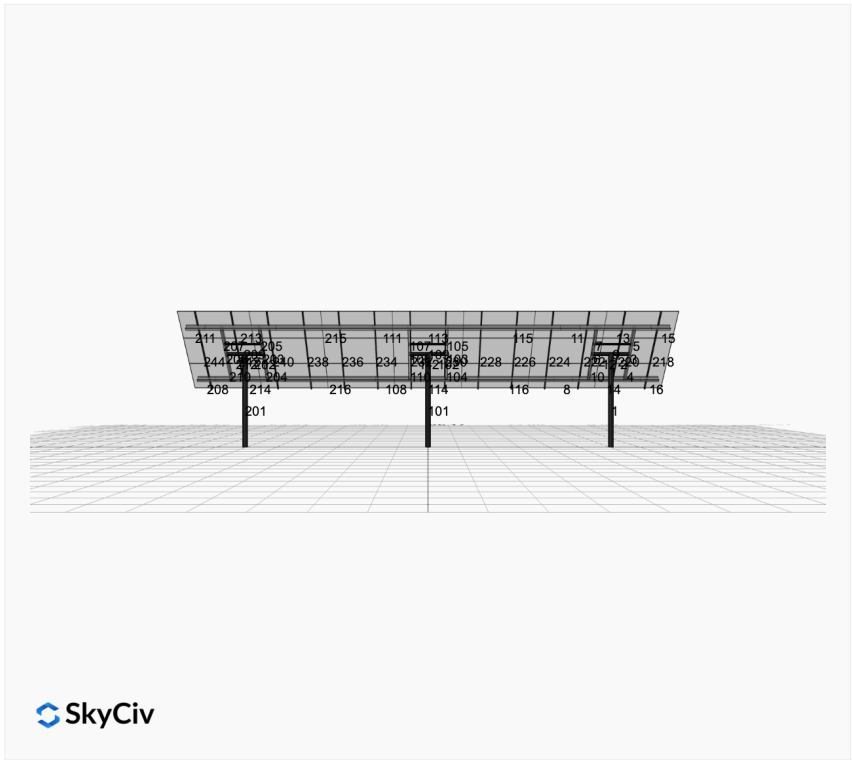
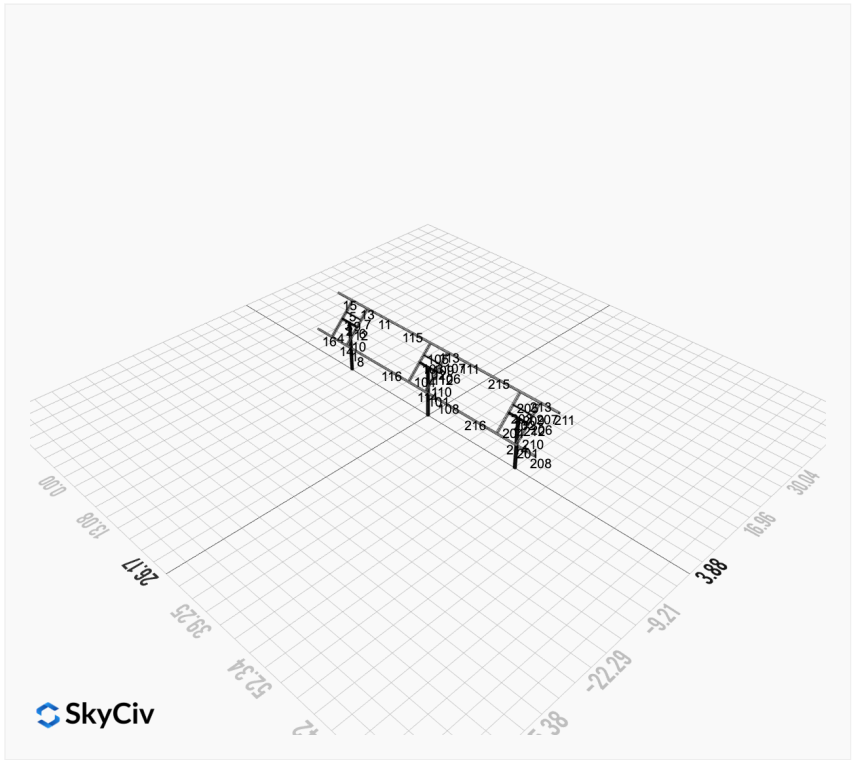
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Design Notes:

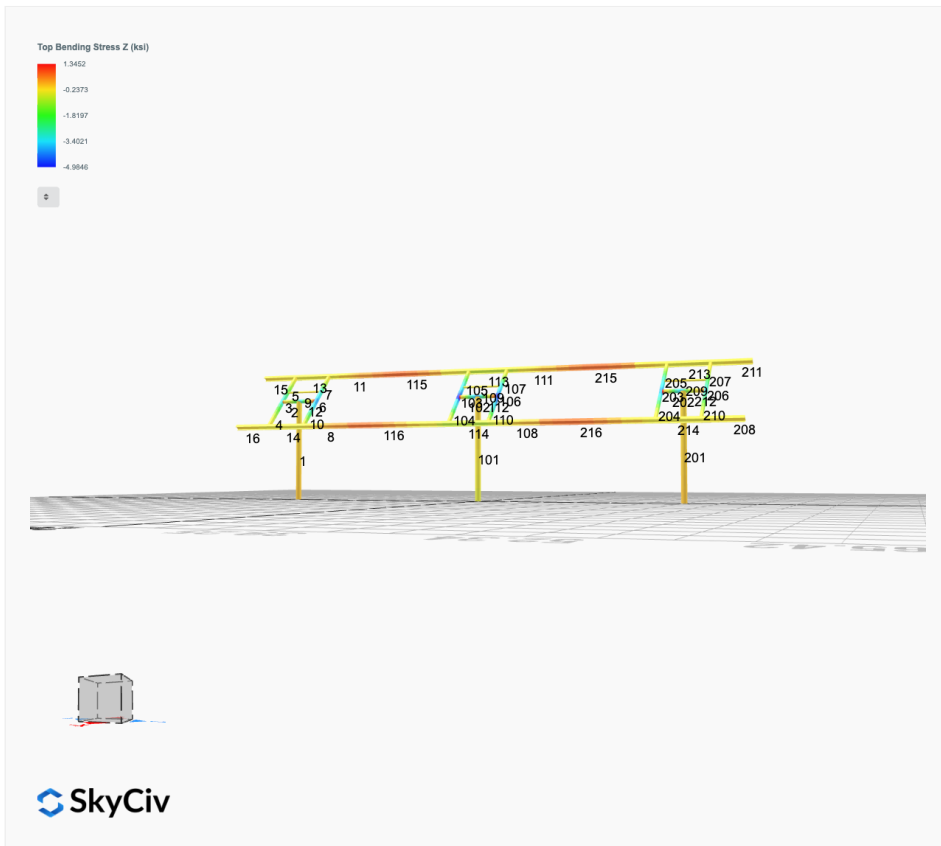
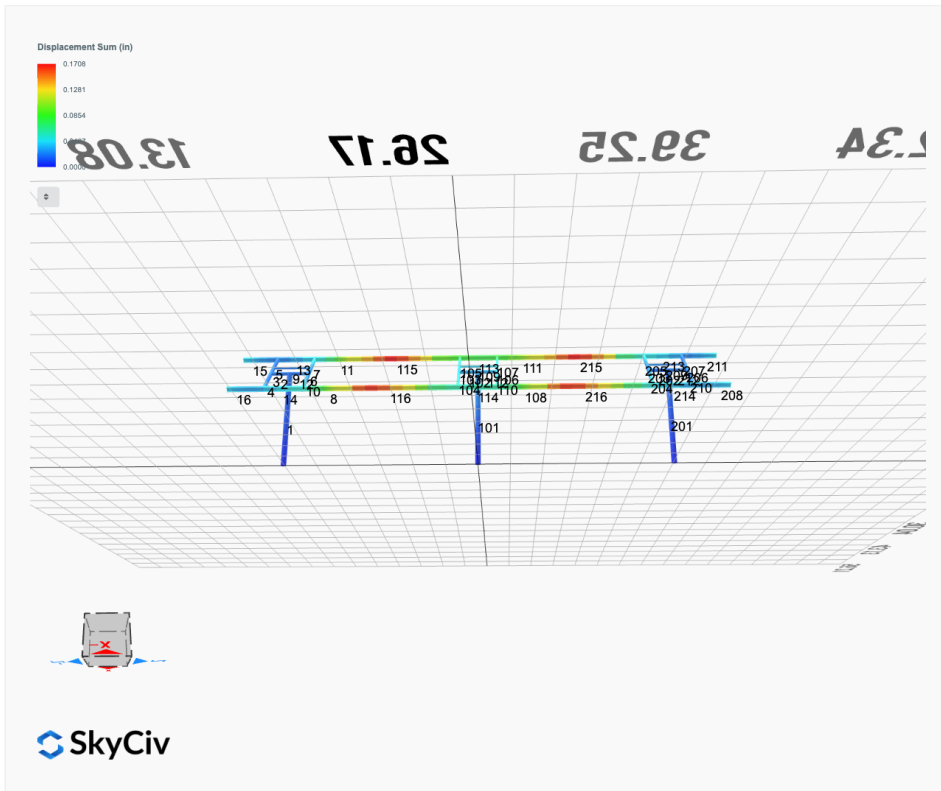
- AISC Deflection checks are set to L/1 due to structure design intent



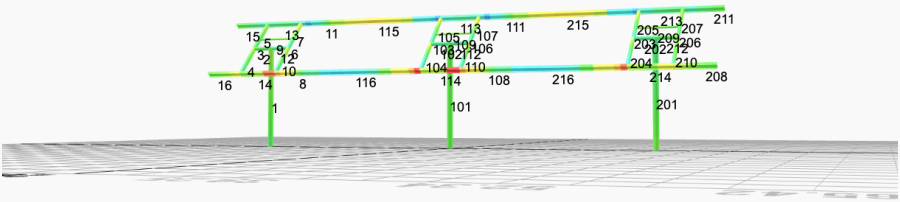




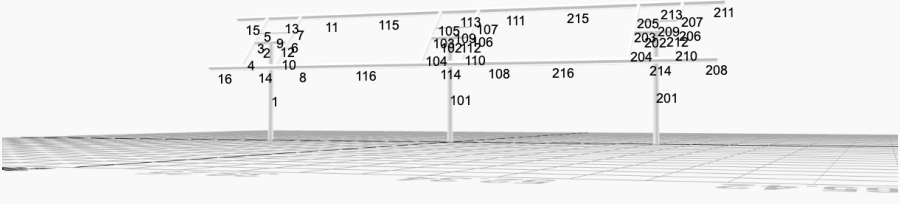
FEM Results (Envelope Worst Case for each member)

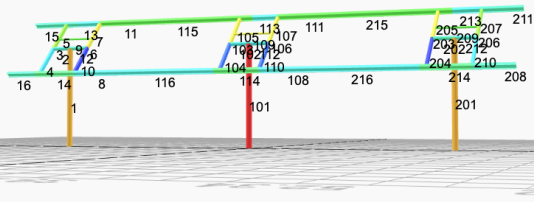
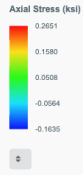


Top Bending Stress Y (ksi)



Shear Stress Y (ksi)





Reaction Forces for Foundation 1 (Node ID#1), (kip, kip-ft)

ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	0.0195	1.4597	0.0674	0.2090	-0.0772	-0.1551
ULS: 2. D + L	0.0195	1.4597	0.0674	0.2090	-0.0772	-0.1551
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0389	2.5663	0.1340	0.4159	-0.1538	-0.3220
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0195	1.4597	0.0674	0.2090	-0.0772	-0.1551
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0340	2.2897	0.1174	0.3642	-0.1347	-0.2803
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0195	1.4597	0.0674	0.2090	-0.0772	-0.1551
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	0.0195	1.4597	0.0674	0.2090	-0.0772	-0.1551
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	0.0340	2.2897	0.1174	0.3642	-0.1347	-0.2803
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	0.0117	0.8758	0.0404	0.1254	-0.0463	-0.0930
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.4938	2.8770	0.2343	0.7067	-0.5908	15.4897
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	0.0195	1.4597	0.0674	0.2090	-0.0772	-0.1551
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	1.5294	0.0440	-0.0957	-0.2764	0.4246	-15.3151
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0195	1.4597	0.0674	0.2090	-0.0772	-0.1551
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.1010	3.3527	0.2426	0.7375	-0.5199	11.4533
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	0.0340	2.2897	0.1174	0.3642	-0.1347	-0.2803
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.1665	1.2279	-0.0050	0.0001	0.2417	-11.6503
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0340	2.2897	0.1174	0.3642	-0.1347	-0.2803
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.1155	2.5227	0.1926	0.5823	-0.4624	11.5785
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	0.0195	1.4597	0.0674	0.2090	-0.0772	-0.1551
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.1520	0.3979	-0.0550	-0.1550	0.2991	-11.5251
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0195	1.4597	0.0674	0.2090	-0.0772	-0.1551
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.5017	2.2931	0.2073	0.6231	-0.5599	15.5518
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	0.0117	0.8758	0.0404	0.1254	-0.0463	-0.0930
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	1.5216	-0.5399	-0.1227	-0.3600	0.4555	-15.2531
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0117	0.8758	0.0404	0.1254	-0.0463	-0.0930

Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	4.7038
Shear X	-2.5520
Shear Z	0.3953
Moment X	1.1937
Moment Y (Twist)	0.9955
Moment Z	26.2379

Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	3.3527
Shear X	-1.5294
Shear Z	0.2426
Moment X	0.7375
Moment Y (Twist)	0.5908
Moment Z	15.5518

Reaction Forces for Foundation 2 (Node ID#101), (kip, kip-ft)

ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	-0.0391	1.8372	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.3597
ULS: 2. D + L	-0.0391	1.8372	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.3597
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	-0.0778	3.3169	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.7032
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	-0.0391	1.8372	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.3597
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	-0.0681	2.9470	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.6173
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	-0.0391	1.8372	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.3597
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	-0.0391	1.8372	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.3597

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	-0.0681	2.9470	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.6173
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	-0.0235	1.1023	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.2158
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.9855	3.8052	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	19.9184
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.0391	1.8372	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.3597
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	1.9143	-0.1339	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	-18.5529
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	-0.0391	1.8372	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.3597
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.5279	4.4229	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	15.2863
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.0681	2.9470	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.6173
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.3970	1.4687	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	-13.5672
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	-0.0681	2.9470	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.6173
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.4989	3.3132	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	15.0287
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.0391	1.8372	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.3597
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.4260	0.3589	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	-13.8247
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	-0.0391	1.8372	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.3597
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.9699	3.0703	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	19.7745
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.0235	1.1023	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.2158
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	1.9299	-0.8687	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	-18.6968
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	-0.0235	1.1023	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.2158

Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	6.2225
Shear X	-3.3046
Shear Z	0.0000
Moment X	-0.0001
Moment Y (Twist)	0.0001
Moment Z	33.7724

Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	4.4229
Shear X	-1.9855
Shear Z	0.0000
Moment X	-0.0000
Moment Y (Twist)	0.0000
Moment Z	19.9184

Reaction Forces for Foundation 3 (Node ID#201), (kip, kip-ft)

ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	0.0195	1.4597	-0.0674	-0.2090	0.0772	-0.1551
ULS: 2. D + L	0.0195	1.4597	-0.0674	-0.2090	0.0772	-0.1551
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0389	2.5663	-0.1340	-0.4159	0.1538	-0.3220
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0195	1.4597	-0.0674	-0.2090	0.0772	-0.1551
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0340	2.2897	-0.1174	-0.3642	0.1347	-0.2803
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0195	1.4597	-0.0674	-0.2090	0.0772	-0.1551
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	0.0195	1.4597	-0.0674	-0.2090	0.0772	-0.1551
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	0.0340	2.2897	-0.1174	-0.3642	0.1347	-0.2803
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	0.0117	0.8758	-0.0404	-0.1254	0.0463	-0.0930
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.4938	2.8770	-0.2343	-0.7067	0.5908	15.4897
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	0.0195	1.4597	-0.0674	-0.2090	0.0772	-0.1551
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	1.5294	0.0440	0.0957	0.2764	-0.4246	-15.3151
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0195	1.4597	-0.0674	-0.2090	0.0772	-0.1551
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.1010	3.3527	-0.2426	-0.7375	0.5199	11.4533
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	0.0340	2.2897	-0.1174	-0.3642	0.1347	-0.2803
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.1665	1.2279	0.0050	-0.0002	-0.2417	-11.6503
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0340	2.2897	-0.1174	-0.3642	0.1347	-0.2803

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.1155	2.5227	-0.1926	-0.5823	0.4624	11.5785
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	0.0195	1.4597	-0.0674	-0.2090	0.0772	-0.1551
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.1520	0.3979	0.0550	0.1550	-0.2991	-11.5251
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0195	1.4597	-0.0674	-0.2090	0.0772	-0.1551
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.5017	2.2931	-0.2073	-0.6231	0.5599	15.5518
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	0.0117	0.8758	-0.0404	-0.1254	0.0463	-0.0930
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	1.5216	-0.5399	0.1227	0.3600	-0.4555	-15.2531
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0117	0.8758	-0.0404	-0.1254	0.0463	-0.0930

Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	4.7038
Shear X	-2.5520
Shear Z	-0.3953
Moment X	-1.1939
Moment Y (Twist)	0.9956
Moment Z	26.2385

Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	3.3527
Shear X	-1.5294
Shear Z	-0.2426
Moment X	-0.7375
Moment Y (Twist)	0.5908
Moment Z	15.5518

Project Details

Design Code: AISC 360-16 LRFD
 Provision: LRFD
 Country: United States

User Name: sales@mtsolar.us
 Unit System: imperial

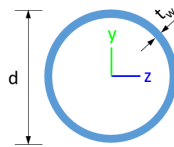


Design Input Information

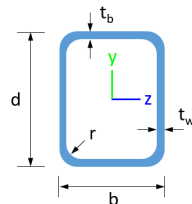
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Design Materials			
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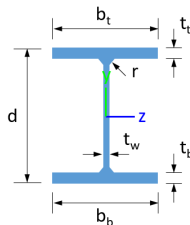
Section Dimensions



ID	Name	d (in)	t_w (in)				
1	2in Pipe Sch 40	2.38	0.15				
4	4in Pipe Sch 40	4.50	0.24				
7	6in Pipe Sch 40	6.63	0.28				



ID	Name	d (in)	b (in)	t_w (in)	t_b (in)	r (in)	
15	HSS5x3x1/8	5.00	3.00	0.12	0.12	0.12	



ID	Name	d (in)	t_w (in)	b_t (in)	b_b (in)	t_t (in)	t_b (in)	r (in)
18	W6x9	5.90	0.17	3.94	3.94	0.21	0.21	0.25

Section Properties

ID	Name	A (in ²)	J (in ⁴)	I_{yp} (in ⁴)	I_{zp} (in ⁴)	I_w (in ⁶)	S_{yp} (in ³)	S_{zp} (in ³)
1	2in Pipe Sch 40	1.07	1.33	0.67	0.67	0.00	0.76	0.76
4	4in Pipe Sch 40	3.17	14.47	7.23	7.23	0.00	4.31	4.31
7	6in Pipe Sch 40	5.58	56.28	28.14	28.14	0.00	11.28	11.28

108	18	1.33	1.33	2.0 5	2.10,2.10,2.10,2.11,2.10,2.10,2.08,2.10,2.07,2.10,2.08,2.10,2.07,2.10,2.09,2.11,2.23,2.11,2.0 9,2.10,1.94,2.10,2.08,2.10,2.07,2.10	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
109	1	2.60	2.60	4.0 0	-	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
110	15	2.44	2.44	3.7 5	1.68,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.70,1.67,1.6 7,1.68,1.65,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
111	18	1.33	1.33	2.0 5	1.93,1.93,1.94,1.93,1.94,1.94,1.47,1.93,1.29,1.93,1.46,1.94,1.34,1.94,1.59,1.93,1.37,1.93,1.5 1,1.94,1.22,1.94,1.44,1.94,1.36,1.94	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
112	4	1.30	1.30	2.0 0	-	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
113	18	4.88	4.00	7.5 0	1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.05,1.04,1.09,1.04,1.06,1.04,1.08,1.04,1.05,1.04,1.02,1.04,1.0 5,1.04,1.97,1.04,1.06,1.04,1.07,1.04	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
114	18	4.88	4.00	7.5 0	1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.04,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.04,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.0 3,1.03,1.04,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.04,1.03	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
115	18	6.63	6.63	10. 20	1.15,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.11,1.15,1.08,1.15,1.11,1.15,1.09,1.15,1.12,1.15,2.12,1.15,1.1 1,1.15,1.07,1.15,1.10,1.15,1.09,1.15	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
116	18	6.63	6.63	10. 20	1.17,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.16,1.17,1.16,1.17,1.16,1.17,1.16,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.23,1.17,1.1 7,1.17,1.15,1.17,1.16,1.17,1.16,1.17	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
201	7	21.1 2	21.1 2	10. 06	-	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
202	4	1.30	1.30	2.0 0	-	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
203	15	0.92	0.92	1.4 2	1.19,1.19,1.19,1.19,1.19,1.19,1.19,1.18,1.19,1.19,1.19,1.18,1.19,1.19,1.19,1.20,1.19,1.1 9,1.19,1.18,1.19,1.19,1.19,1.18,1.19	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
204	15	2.44	2.44	3.7 5	1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.71,1.68,1.6 7,1.68,1.65,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
205	15	1.52	1.52	2.3 3	1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.70,1.67,1.6 7,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
206	15	0.92	0.92	1.4 2	1.18,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.16,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.16,1.18,1.17,1.17,1.20,1.17,1.1 7,1.18,1.15,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.16,1.18	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
207	15	1.52	1.52	2.3 3	1.68,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.70,1.67,1.6 7,1.68,1.65,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
208	18	4.20	4.20	2.0 0	2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.3 3,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
209	1	2.60	2.60	4.0 0	-	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
210	15	2.44	2.44	3.7 5	1.69,1.68,1.69,1.68,1.69,1.69,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.69,1.66,1.69,1.67,1.68,1.71,1.68,1.6 7,1.69,1.64,1.69,1.67,1.69,1.66,1.69	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
211	18	4.20	4.20	2.0 0	2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.3 3,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
212	4	1.30	1.30	2.0 0	-	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
213	18	4.88	4.00	7.5 0	1.15,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.12,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.12,1.15,1.13,1.15,1.13,1.15,1.39,1.15,1.1 3,1.15,1.20,1.15,1.12,1.15,1.12,1.15	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
214	18	4.88	4.00	7.5 0	1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.1 6,1.16,1.15,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.15,1.16	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
215	18	6.63	6.63	10. 20	1.09,1.09,1.09,1.09,1.09,1.09,1.10,1.09,1.11,1.09,1.10,1.09,1.11,1.09,1.10,1.09,1.23,1.09,1.1 0,1.09,1.12,1.09,1.10,1.09,1.11,1.09	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
216	18	6.63	6.63	10. 20	1.09,1.09,1.09,1.09,1.09,1.09,1.09,1.09,1.09,1.09,1.09,1.09,1.09,1.09,1.09,1.09,1.11,1.09,1.0 9,1.09,1.08,1.09,1.09,1.09,1.09,1.09	3 0 0	2 0 0	1

Member Design Capacity

Member Design Capacity

Member ID	$\Phi_t P_n$ (kip)	$\Phi_c P_n$ (kip)	$\Phi_b M_{zn}$ (k-ft)	$\Phi_b M_{yn}$ (k-ft)	$\Phi_v V_{yn}$ (kip)	$\Phi_v V_{zn}$ (kip)
1	251.16	98.92	42.30	42.30	75.35	75.35
2	142.83	141.72	16.17	16.17	42.85	42.85
3	79.65	74.02	10.99	4.60	29.14	16.61
4	79.65	72.01	10.99	4.60	29.14	16.61
5	79.65	73.44	10.99	4.60	29.14	16.61
6	79.65	74.02	10.99	4.60	29.14	16.61
7	79.65	73.44	10.99	4.60	29.14	16.61
8	120.60	117.88	23.36	6.45	30.09	45.74
9	48.35	43.11	2.85	2.85	14.51	14.51
10	79.65	72.01	10.99	4.60	29.14	16.61
11	120.60	117.88	23.36	6.45	30.09	45.74
12	142.83	141.72	16.17	16.17	42.85	42.85
13	120.60	98.23	19.72	6.45	30.09	45.74
14	120.60	98.23	20.25	6.45	30.09	45.74
15	120.60	96.18	23.36	6.45	30.09	45.74
16	120.60	96.18	23.36	6.45	30.09	45.74
101	251.16	98.92	42.30	42.30	75.35	75.35
102	142.83	141.72	16.17	16.17	42.85	42.85
103	79.65	74.02	10.99	4.60	29.14	16.61
104	79.65	72.01	10.99	4.60	29.14	16.61
105	79.65	73.44	10.99	4.60	29.14	16.61
106	79.65	74.02	10.99	4.60	29.14	16.61
107	79.65	73.44	10.99	4.60	29.14	16.61
108	120.60	117.88	23.36	6.45	30.09	45.74
109	48.35	43.11	2.85	2.85	14.51	14.51
110	79.65	72.01	10.99	4.60	29.14	16.61
111	120.60	117.88	23.36	6.45	30.09	45.74
112	142.83	141.72	16.17	16.17	42.85	42.85
113	120.60	98.23	17.96	6.45	30.09	45.74
114	120.60	98.23	18.13	6.45	30.09	45.74
115	120.60	68.63	14.62	6.45	30.09	45.74
116	120.60	68.63	15.71	6.45	30.09	45.74
201	251.16	98.92	42.30	42.30	75.35	75.35
202	142.83	141.72	16.17	16.17	42.85	42.85
203	79.65	74.02	10.99	4.60	29.14	16.61
204	79.65	72.01	10.99	4.60	29.14	16.61
205	79.65	73.44	10.99	4.60	29.14	16.61
206	79.65	74.02	10.99	4.60	29.14	16.61
207	79.65	73.44	10.99	4.60	29.14	16.61
208	120.60	96.18	23.36	6.45	30.09	45.74
209	48.35	43.11	2.85	2.85	14.51	14.51
210	79.65	72.01	10.99	4.60	29.14	16.61
211	120.60	96.18	23.36	6.45	30.09	45.74
212	142.83	141.72	16.17	16.17	42.85	42.85
213	120.60	98.23	19.72	6.45	30.09	45.74
214	120.60	98.23	20.25	6.45	30.09	45.74
215	120.60	68.63	14.89	6.45	30.09	45.74
216	120.60	68.63	14.75	6.45	30.09	45.74

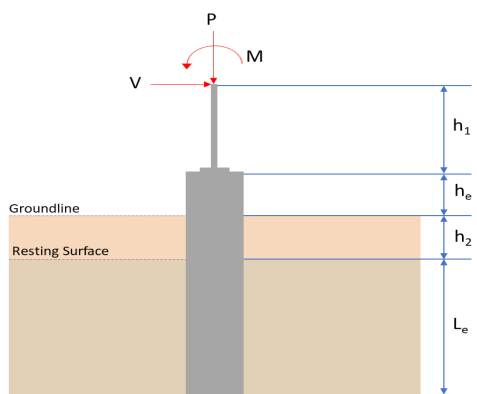
Design Ratio

Member ID	P	M _z	M _y	V _y	V _z	(P,M _z ,M _y)	Worst LC	KL/r	φ	Status
1	0.048	0.620	0.066	0.034	0.005	0.672	#13	0.564	Not Required	Pass
2	0.002	0.145	0.122	0.038	0.025	0.263	#13	0.052	Not Required	Pass
3	0.006	0.329	0.033	0.032	0.004	0.350	#13	0.044	Not Required	Pass
4	0.005	0.329	0.112	0.033	0.016	0.439	#13	0.078	Not Required	Pass
5	0.005	0.204	0.069	0.033	0.010	0.210	#13	0.073	Not Required	Pass
6	0.010	0.514	0.151	0.053	0.024	0.616	#13	0.044	Not Required	Pass
7	0.011	0.319	0.239	0.051	0.034	0.350	#13	0.073	Not Required	Pass
8	0.004	0.091	0.089	0.028	0.010	0.135	#13	0.088	Not Required	Pass
9	0.004	0.045	0.063	0.004	0.004	0.103	#13	0.198	Not Required	Pass
10	0.011	0.475	0.232	0.048	0.030	0.489	#21	0.078	Not Required	Pass
11	0.003	0.085	0.091	0.031	0.010	0.124	#13	0.088	Not Required	Pass
12	0.001	0.311	0.184	0.066	0.037	0.496	#13	0.052	Not Required	Pass
13	0.004	0.079	0.232	0.040	0.013	0.263	#21	0.265	Not Required	Pass
14	0.004	0.068	0.230	0.037	0.013	0.238	#23	0.177	Not Required	Pass
15	0.000	0.013	0.023	0.010	0.003	0.034	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
16	0.000	0.013	0.023	0.010	0.003	0.034	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
101	0.063	0.798	0.000	0.044	0.000	0.830	#13	0.564	Not Required	Pass
102	0.003	0.306	0.209	0.070	0.039	0.516	#13	0.052	Not Required	Pass
103	0.010	0.540	0.101	0.054	0.011	0.601	#13	0.044	Not Required	Pass
104	0.010	0.572	0.245	0.057	0.030	0.689	#13	0.078	Not Required	Pass
105	0.010	0.335	0.256	0.054	0.037	0.381	#13	0.073	Not Required	Pass
106	0.010	0.540	0.101	0.054	0.011	0.601	#13	0.044	Not Required	Pass
107	0.010	0.335	0.256	0.054	0.037	0.381	#13	0.073	Not Required	Pass
108	0.004	0.052	0.103	0.036	0.010	0.128	#21	0.088	Not Required	Pass
109	0.011	0.035	0.044	0.001	0.000	0.083	#13	0.198	Not Required	Pass
110	0.010	0.572	0.245	0.057	0.030	0.689	#13	0.078	Not Required	Pass
111	0.003	0.081	0.104	0.032	0.010	0.106	#21	0.088	Not Required	Pass
112	0.003	0.306	0.209	0.070	0.039	0.516	#13	0.052	Not Required	Pass
113	0.004	0.107	0.249	0.041	0.013	0.338	#21	0.265	Not Required	Pass
114	0.006	0.166	0.247	0.045	0.013	0.375	#21	0.265	Not Required	Pass
115	0.006	0.205	0.130	0.032	0.010	0.299	#21	0.439	Not Required	Pass
116	0.004	0.187	0.131	0.036	0.010	0.281	#21	0.439	Not Required	Pass
201	0.048	0.620	0.066	0.034	0.005	0.672	#13	0.564	Not Required	Pass
202	0.001	0.311	0.184	0.066	0.037	0.496	#13	0.052	Not Required	Pass
203	0.010	0.514	0.151	0.053	0.024	0.616	#13	0.044	Not Required	Pass
204	0.011	0.475	0.232	0.048	0.030	0.489	#21	0.078	Not Required	Pass
205	0.011	0.319	0.239	0.051	0.034	0.350	#13	0.073	Not Required	Pass
206	0.006	0.329	0.033	0.032	0.004	0.350	#13	0.044	Not Required	Pass
207	0.005	0.204	0.069	0.033	0.010	0.210	#13	0.073	Not Required	Pass
208	0.000	0.013	0.023	0.010	0.003	0.034	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
209	0.004	0.045	0.063	0.004	0.004	0.103	#13	0.198	Not Required	Pass
210	0.005	0.329	0.112	0.033	0.016	0.439	#13	0.078	Not Required	Pass
211	0.000	0.013	0.023	0.010	0.003	0.034	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
212	0.002	0.145	0.122	0.038	0.025	0.263	#13	0.052	Not Required	Pass
213	0.004	0.079	0.232	0.040	0.013	0.263	#21	0.177	Not Required	Pass
214	0.004	0.068	0.230	0.037	0.013	0.238	#23	0.265	Not Required	Pass
215	0.006	0.216	0.130	0.031	0.010	0.300	#21	0.439	Not Required	Pass
216	0.004	0.202	0.129	0.028	0.010	0.290	#21	0.439	Not Required	Pass

Definitions

Φ_t Safety factor for tensile

Φ_c	Safety factor for compression
Φ_b	Safety factor for flexure
Φ_v	Safety factor for shear
E	Modulus of elasticity
F_y	Specified minimum yield stress
F_u	Specified minimum tensile strength
A	Cross-sectional area
J	Torsional constant
I_{yp}	Moment of inertia about the Y axes
I_{zp}	Moment of inertia about the Z axes
I_w	Warping constant
S_{yp}	Plastic section modulus about the Y axis
S_{zp}	Plastic section modulus about the Z axis
KL	Effective length
C_b	Buckling modification factor (from all load combinations)
L_b	Length between braced points
LST	Limited slenderness for tension
LSC	Limited slenderness for compression
LD	Limited deflection
P_n	Nominal axial strength (tension/compression)
M_n	Nominal flexural strength (about Z/Y axis)
V_n	Nominal shear strength (along Z/Y axis)
P	Design ratio in case of axial force
M_z	Design ratio in case of bending about Z axis
M_y	Design ratio in case of bending about Y axis
V_y	Design ratio in case of shear along Y axis
V_z	Design ratio in case of shear along Z axis
(P, M_z , M_y)	Design ratio in case of axial force and bending action
KL/r	Design ratio in case of section slenderness
δ	Design ratio in case of member deflection
OK	Capacity is provided
NG	Capacity is not provided

REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS																										
	<p>SkyCiv Foundation Design Pile Foundation</p> <p>Design Information : Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code) Unit System : Imperial</p>																											
	<p>Pile Input</p>  <p>Geometry Pile shape: round $D = 36$ in - Pile diameter $L = 7.5$ ft - Total pile length $h_1 = 0$ ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile, $h_2 = 0$ ft - Depth to resting surface $h_e = 0$ ft - Length of pile above the ground</p> <p>Tabulation of Soil Parameters</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="414 1075 1189 1176"> <thead> <tr> <th>Layer</th> <th>Label</th> <th>Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf)</th> <th>Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel</td> <td>2000.000</td> <td>150.000</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Tabulation of Loads</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="670 1265 933 1433"> <thead> <tr> <th>Load Component</th> <th>ASD</th> <th>LRFD</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>P (kip)</td> <td>3.353</td> <td>4.704</td> </tr> <tr> <td>V_x (kip)</td> <td>-1.529</td> <td>-2.552</td> </tr> <tr> <td>V_z (kip)</td> <td>0.243</td> <td>0.395</td> </tr> <tr> <td>M_x (kipft)</td> <td>0.737</td> <td>1.194</td> </tr> <tr> <td>M_z (kipft)</td> <td>15.552</td> <td>26.238</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Material Properties $f'_{ck} = 3$ ksi - Concrete strength,</p>	Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)	1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000	Load Component	ASD	LRFD	P (kip)	3.353	4.704	V_x (kip)	-1.529	-2.552	V_z (kip)	0.243	0.395	M_x (kipft)	0.737	1.194	M_z (kipft)	15.552	26.238	
Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)																									
1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000																									
Load Component	ASD	LRFD																										
P (kip)	3.353	4.704																										
V_x (kip)	-1.529	-2.552																										
V_z (kip)	0.243	0.395																										
M_x (kipft)	0.737	1.194																										
M_z (kipft)	15.552	26.238																										
	<p>Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD) H - Point of application of the lateral load</p> $H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$ $H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$ $H = 0 \text{ ft}$ <p>Considering x-direction: H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,</p> $H_o = \frac{V_x}{D}$ $H_o = \frac{(-1.529 \text{ kip})}{(36 \text{ in})}$ $H_o = -0.50967 \text{ kip/ft}$ <p>M_o - Moment per length of pile,</p> $M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_x H)}{D}$																											

$$M_o = \frac{(15.552 \text{ kipft}) + ((-1.529 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 5.184 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,x} = 6.8549 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in x-direction,

Considering z-direction:

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(0.243 \text{ kip})}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = 0.081 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.737 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.243 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.24567 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_z^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,z} = 3.9347 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in z-direction,

Minimum embedded depth required:

$L_{e,req}$ - Depth of pile required,

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$$

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(6.8549 \text{ ft}), (3.9347 \text{ ft})]$$

$$L_{e,req} = 6.855 \text{ ft}$$

L_e - Actual embedded length of pile,

$$L_e = L - h_c - h_2$$

$$L_e = (7.5 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$L_e = 7.5 \text{ ft}$$

Ratio - Embedded depth

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(6.855 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.914$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.910**

End-bearing Capacity (ASD)

A - Pile cross-section area

$$A = \pi \left(\frac{D}{2}\right)^2$$

$$A = \pi \times \left(\frac{(36 \text{ in})}{2}\right)^2$$

$$A = 7.0686 \text{ ft}^2$$

q - End-bearing pressure

$$q = \frac{P_c}{A}$$

$$q = \frac{(3.353 \text{ kip})}{(7.0686 \text{ ft}^2)}$$

$$q = 0.47435 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check bearing capacity ratio:

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.47435 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.23718$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.240**

Czerniak

Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):

L/D - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,

$$L/D = \frac{L}{D}$$

$$L/D = \frac{(7.5 \text{ ft})}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$L/D = 2.5$$

Since $L/D \leq 10$,

Pile is short.

Considering x-direction:

$H_o = -0.50967 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 5.184 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (5.184 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.50967 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (5.184 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.50967 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.206 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{1.178 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{1.178 \times [(4 \times (5.184 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.50967 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(7.5 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (5.184 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.50967 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.22753 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{9.425 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{9.425 \times [(2 \times (5.184 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.50967 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))]}{(7.5 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 1.0967 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(5.206 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.39045 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.22753 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.39045 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.58273$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.580**

p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 1.125 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(1.0967 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.125 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.97488$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.970**

Considering z-direction:

$H_o = 0.081 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 0.24567 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.24567 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.081 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.24567 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.081 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.389 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{1.178 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{1.178 \times [(4 \times (0.24567 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (0.081 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(7.5 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (0.24567 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (0.081 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.084423 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{9.425 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{9.425 \times [(2 \times (0.24567 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((0.081 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))]}{(7.5 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.18412 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(5.389 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.40418 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.084423 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.40418 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.20888$$

p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 1.125 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

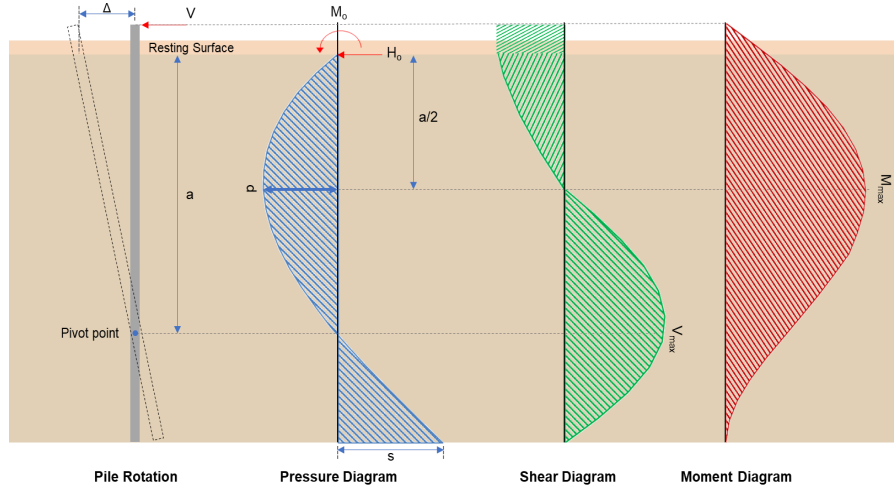
Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.210**

$$ratio = \frac{M_o}{p_s}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.18412 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.125 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.16366$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.160**



Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-2.552 \text{ kip})}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.85067 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_z H)}{D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(26.238 \text{ kipft}) + ((-2.552 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 8.746 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(8.746 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.85067 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 10.281 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (8.746 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.85067 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (8.746 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.85067 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.2045 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 + 4 \left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.85067 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (36 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (10.281 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.2045 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 + 4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (10.281 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.2045 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 7.8732 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.85067 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(10.281 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(5.2045 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.5 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (10.281 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.2045 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (10.281 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.2045 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 27.792 \text{ kipft}$$

Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(0.395 \text{ kip})}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = 0.13167 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(1.194 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.395 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.398 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.398 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(0.13167 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 3.0228 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.398 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.13167 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.398 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.13167 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.3895 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 + 4 \left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((0.13167 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (36 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (3.0228 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.3895 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 + 4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (3.0228 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.3895 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.54576 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o b L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((0.13167 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(3.0228 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(5.3895 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.5 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (3.0228 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.3895 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (3.0228 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.3895 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 1.7831 \text{ kipft}$$

Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi}$ - Concrete strength,
 $f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$ - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,
 $\phi = 0.65$ - Reduction factor for axial strength,
 $\alpha = 0.85$ - Alpha factor for axial strength,
 $A_g = 1017.9 \text{ in}^2$ - Gross area of concrete,

Table 22.4.2.1

Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load, $A_{st,required}$

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{(4.704 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.85)} - (0.85 \times (3 \text{ ksi}) \times (1017.9 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (3 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (1017.9 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -45.032 \text{ in}^2$$

A_{min} - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-45.032 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (1017.9 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 1.8322 \text{ in}^2$$

n_{rebar} - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(1.8322 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 6$$

A_{st} - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (6) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 1.8408 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(1.8322 \text{ in}^2)}{(1.8408 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.99533$$

25.2.3

s_{rebar} - Minimum spacing of reinforcement,

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$$

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$$

Ties:

25.7.2.2

Since longitudinal reinforcement is \leq No. 10 \varnothing : Use #3(0.375 in)

25.7.2.1

s_{ties} - Maximum center-to-center spacing of ties,

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), D]$$

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), (36 \text{ in})]$$

$$s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$$

Summary:

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **1.000**

Main reinforcement: **6 - #5 (0.625 in)**
Ties: **#3(0.375 in) - 10 in**

Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)

22.4.2.2

ϕP_N - Allowable axial compressive strength

$$\phi P_N = \phi 0.85 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st})]$$

$$\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times [(0.85 \times (3 \text{ ksi}) \times [(1017.9 \text{ in}^2) - (1.8408 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (1.8408 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$\phi P_N = 1492.5 \text{ kip}$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.704 \text{ kip})}{(1492.5 \text{ kip})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.0031518$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**

Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)

Parameters:

22.5.2.2

$b_w = 36 \text{ in}$ - Effective width,
 d - Effective depth

$$d = 0.80 D$$

$$d = 0.80 \times (36 \text{ in})$$

$$d = 28.8 \text{ in}$$

22.5.5.1.3

λ_s - size effect modification factor

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(28.8 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = 0.71796$$

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$.

22.5.5.1.1

$V_{c,max}$ - Max shear strength of concrete

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.71796) \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,max} = 203.86 \text{ kip}$$

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$, $P = 4.704 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 4704 \text{ lbf}$.

22.5.5.1.1(a)

$V_{c,a}$ - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + \frac{P}{6 A_g} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \times (0.71796) \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} + \frac{(4704 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (1017.9 \text{ in}^2)} \right] \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 82.341 \text{ kip}$$

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$.

22.5.5.1.2

$V_{c,b}$ - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + (0.05 f'_{ck}) \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \times (0.71796) \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} + (0.05 \times (3000 \text{ psi})) \right] \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 237.06 \text{ kip}$$

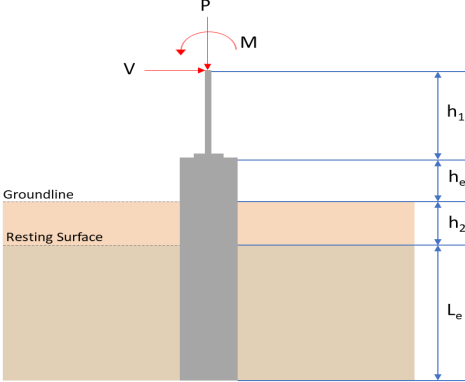
V_c - Governing shear strength of concrete

$$V_c = \text{Min}[V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min}[(203.86 \text{ kip}), (82.341 \text{ kip}), (237.06 \text{ kip})]$$

<p>22.5.1.2</p> <p>22.5.8.5.3</p> <p>22.5.1.1</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">$V_c = 82.341 \text{ kip}$</p> <p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$.</p> <p>$V_{s,a}$ - Shear strength of steel (a)</p> $V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})$ $V_{s,a} = 454.3 \text{ kip}$ <p>A_v - Ties rebar area,</p> $A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$ $A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$ $A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$ <p>$V_{s,b}$ - Shear strength of steel (b)</p> $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yw} d}{s_{ties}}$ $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$ $V_{s,b} = 38.17 \text{ kip}$ <p>V_s - Governing shear strength of steel</p> $V_s = MIN[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$ $V_s = MIN[(454.3 \text{ kip}), (38.17 \text{ kip})]$ $V_s = 38.17 \text{ kip}$ <p>ϕV_n - Allowable shear strength</p> $\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$ $\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((82.341 \text{ kip}) + (38.17 \text{ kip}))$ $\phi V_n = 78.333 \text{ kip}$ <p>Considering x-direction:</p> <p>$V_{max} = 7.8732 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the x-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $Ratio = \frac{(7.8732 \text{ kip})}{(78.333 \text{ kip})}$ $Ratio = 0.10051$ <p>Considering z-direction:</p> <p>$V_{max} = 0.54576 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the z-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $Ratio = \frac{(0.54576 \text{ kip})}{(78.333 \text{ kip})}$ $Ratio = 0.0069672$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.100</p> <p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.010</p>
	<p>Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LFRD)</p> <p>S_m - Section modulus</p> $S_m = \frac{\pi D^3}{32}$ $S_m = \frac{\pi \times (36 \text{ in})^3}{32}$ $S_m = 4500.473$	

<p>14.5.2.1b</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">$S_m = 4580.4 \text{ in}^3$</p> <p>$\lambda = 1$ - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete), Allowable flexural strength: M_n shall be the lesser of: $\phi M_{n,1}$</p> $\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{3 \text{ ksi}} \times 4580.442 \text{ in}^3$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 67.947 \text{ kipft}$ <p>$\phi M_{n,2}$</p> $\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_{ck} \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (3 \text{ ksi}) \times (4580.4 \text{ in}^3)$ $\phi M_{n,2} = 632.67 \text{ kipft}$ <p>Therefore, ϕM_n - Allowable flexural strength,</p> $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$ $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(67.947 \text{ kipft}), (632.67 \text{ kipft})]$ $\phi M_n = 67.947 \text{ kipft}$ <p>Considering x-direction: $M_{max} = 27.792 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the x-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(27.792 \text{ kipft})}{(67.947 \text{ kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.40903$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.410</p>
	<p>Considering z-direction: $M_{max} = 1.7831 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the z-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(1.7831 \text{ kipft})}{(67.947 \text{ kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.026242$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.030</p>

REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS																										
	<p>SkyCiv Foundation Design Pile Foundation</p> <p>Design Information : Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code) Unit System : Imperial</p>																											
	<p>Pile Input</p>  <p>Geometry Pile shape: round $D = 36$ in - Pile diameter $L = 7.5$ ft - Total pile length $h_1 = 0$ ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile, $h_2 = 0$ ft - Depth to resisting surface $h_e = 0$ ft - Length of pile above the ground</p> <p>Tabulation of Soil Parameters</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="416 1079 1193 1171"> <thead> <tr> <th>Layer</th> <th>Label</th> <th>Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf)</th> <th>Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel</td> <td>2000.000</td> <td>150.000</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Tabulation of Loads</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="676 1265 935 1435"> <thead> <tr> <th>Load Component</th> <th>ASD</th> <th>LRFD</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>P (kip)</td> <td>3.353</td> <td>4.704</td> </tr> <tr> <td>V_x (kip)</td> <td>-1.529</td> <td>-2.552</td> </tr> <tr> <td>V_z (kip)</td> <td>-0.243</td> <td>-0.395</td> </tr> <tr> <td>M_x (kipft)</td> <td>-0.737</td> <td>-1.194</td> </tr> <tr> <td>M_z (kipft)</td> <td>15.552</td> <td>26.239</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Material Properties $f'_{ck} = 3$ ksi - Concrete strength,</p>	Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)	1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000	Load Component	ASD	LRFD	P (kip)	3.353	4.704	V_x (kip)	-1.529	-2.552	V_z (kip)	-0.243	-0.395	M_x (kipft)	-0.737	-1.194	M_z (kipft)	15.552	26.239	
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	<p>Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD) H - Point of application of the lateral load</p> $H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$ $H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$ $H = 0 \text{ ft}$ <p>Considering x-direction: H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,</p> $H_o = \frac{V_x}{D}$ $H_o = \frac{(-1.529 \text{ kip})}{(36 \text{ in})}$ $H_o = -0.50967 \text{ kip/ft}$ <p>M_o - Moment per length of pile,</p> $M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_x H)}{D}$																											

$$M_o = \frac{(15.552 \text{ kipft}) + ((-1.529 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 5.184 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,x} = 6.8549 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in x-direction,

Considering z-direction:

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.243 \text{ kip})}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.081 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.737 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.243 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.24567 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_z^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,z} = 2.348 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in z-direction,

Minimum embedded depth required:

$L_{e,req}$ - Depth of pile required,

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$$

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(6.8549 \text{ ft}), (2.348 \text{ ft})]$$

$$L_{e,req} = 6.855 \text{ ft}$$

L_e - Actual embedded length of pile,

$$L_e = L - h_c - h_2$$

$$L_e = (7.5 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$L_e = 7.5 \text{ ft}$$

Ratio - Embedded depth

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(6.855 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.914$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.910**

End-bearing Capacity (ASD)

A - Pile cross-section area

$$A = \pi \left(\frac{D}{2}\right)^2$$

$$A = \pi \times \left(\frac{(36 \text{ in})}{2}\right)^2$$

$$A = 7.0686 \text{ ft}^2$$

q - End-bearing pressure

$$q = \frac{P_c}{A}$$

$$q = \frac{(3.353 \text{ kip})}{(7.0686 \text{ ft}^2)}$$

$$q = 0.47435 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check bearing capacity ratio:

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.47435 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.23718$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.240**

Czerniak

Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):

L/D - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,

$$L/D = \frac{L}{D}$$

$$L/D = \frac{(7.5 \text{ ft})}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$L/D = 2.5$$

Since $L/D \leq 10$,

Pile is short.

Considering x-direction:

$H_o = -0.50967 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 5.184 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (5.184 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.50967 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (5.184 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.50967 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.206 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{1.178 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{1.178 \times [(4 \times (5.184 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.50967 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(7.5 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (5.184 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.50967 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.22753 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{9.425 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{9.425 \times [(2 \times (5.184 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.50967 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))]}{(7.5 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 1.0967 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(5.206 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.39045 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.22753 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.39045 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.58273$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.580**

p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 1.125 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(1.0967 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.125 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.97488$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.970**

Considering z-direction:

$H_o = -0.081 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 0.24567 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.24567 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.081 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.24567 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.081 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.389 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{1.178 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{1.178 \times [(4 \times (0.24567 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.081 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(7.5 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (0.24567 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.081 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = -0.030902 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{9.425 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{9.425 \times [(2 \times (0.24567 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.081 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))]}{(7.5 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = -0.019464 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(5.389 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.40418 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(-0.030902 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.40418 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = -0.076456$$

p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 1.125 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

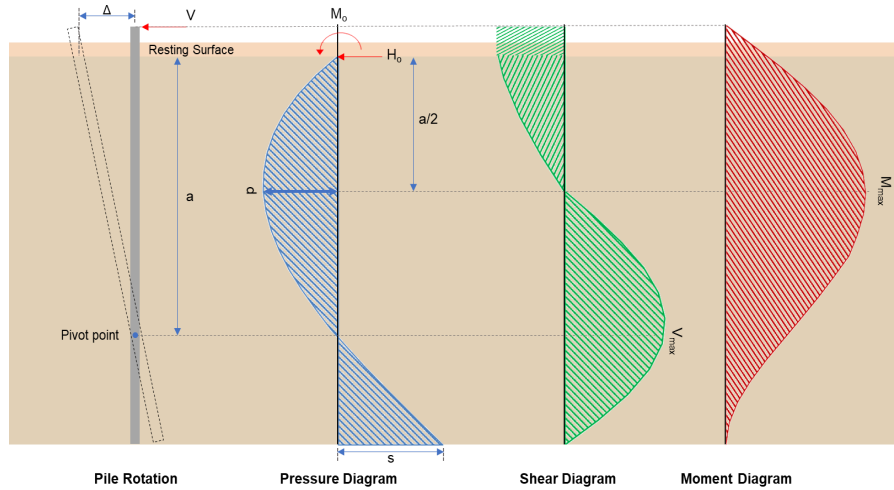
Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **-0.080**

$$ratio = \frac{M_o}{p_s}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(-0.019464 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.125 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = -0.017302$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **-0.020**



Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-2.552 \text{ kip})}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.85067 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_z H)}{D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(26.239 \text{ kipft}) + ((-2.552 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 8.7463 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(8.7463 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.85067 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 10.282 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (8.7463 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.85067 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (8.7463 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.85067 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.2045 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 + 4 \left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.85067 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (36 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (10.282 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.2045 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 + 4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (10.282 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.2045 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 7.8735 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.85067 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(10.282 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(5.2045 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.5 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (10.282 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.2045 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (10.282 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.2045 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 27.793 \text{ kipft}$$

Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.395 \text{ kip})}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.13167 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(1.194 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.395 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.398 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.398 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.13167 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 3.0228 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.398 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.13167 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.398 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.13167 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.3895 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.13167 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (36 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (3.0228 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.3895 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (3.0228 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.3895 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.54576 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o b L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.13167 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (7.5 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(3.0228 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(5.3895 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.5 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (3.0228 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.3895 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (3.0228 \text{ ft})}{(7.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.3895 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (7.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 1.7831 \text{ kipft}$$

Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi}$ - Concrete strength,
 $f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$ - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,
 $\phi = 0.65$ - Reduction factor for axial strength,
 $\alpha = 0.85$ - Alpha factor for axial strength,
 $A_g = 1017.9 \text{ in}^2$ - Gross area of concrete,

Table 22.4.2.1

Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load, $A_{st,required}$

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{(4.704 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.85)} - (0.85 \times (3 \text{ ksi}) \times (1017.9 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (3 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (1017.9 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -45.032 \text{ in}^2$$

A_{min} - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-45.032 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (1017.9 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 1.8322 \text{ in}^2$$

n_{rebar} - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(1.8322 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 6$$

A_{st} - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (6) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 1.8408 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(1.8322 \text{ in}^2)}{(1.8408 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.99533$$

25.2.3

s_{rebar} - Minimum spacing of reinforcement,

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$$

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$$

Ties:

25.7.2.2

Since longitudinal reinforcement is \leq No. 10 \varnothing : Use #3(0.375 in)

25.7.2.1

s_{ties} - Maximum center-to-center spacing of ties,

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), D]$$

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), (36 \text{ in})]$$

$$s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$$

Summary:

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **1.000**

Main reinforcement: **6 - #5 (0.625 in)**
Ties: **#3(0.375 in) - 10 in**

Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LFRD)

22.4.2.2

ϕP_N - Allowable axial compressive strength

$$\phi P_N = \phi \cdot 0.85 \left[(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st}) \right]$$

$$\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times \left[(0.85 \times (3 \text{ ksi}) \times [(1017.9 \text{ in}^2) - (1.8408 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (1.8408 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$\phi P_N = 1492.5 \text{ kip}$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.704 \text{ kip})}{(1492.5 \text{ kip})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.0031518$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**

Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LFRD)

Parameters:

22.5.2.2

$b_w = 36 \text{ in}$ - Effective width,
 d - Effective depth

$$d = 0.80 D$$

$$d = 0.80 \times (36 \text{ in})$$

$$d = 28.8 \text{ in}$$

22.5.5.1.3

λ_s - size effect modification factor

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(28.8 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = 0.71796$$

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$.

22.5.5.1.1

$V_{c,max}$ - Max shear strength of concrete

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.71796) \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,max} = 203.86 \text{ kip}$$

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$, $P = 4.704 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 4704 \text{ lbf}$.

22.5.5.1.1(a)

$V_{c,a}$ - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + \frac{P}{6 A_g} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \times (0.71796) \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} + \frac{(4704 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (1017.9 \text{ in}^2)} \right] \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 82.341 \text{ kip}$$

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$.

22.5.5.1.2

$V_{c,b}$ - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + (0.05 f'_{ck}) \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \times (0.71796) \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} + (0.05 \times (3000 \text{ psi})) \right] \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 237.06 \text{ kip}$$

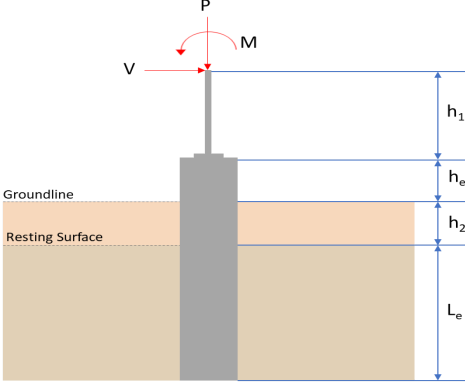
V_c - Governing shear strength of concrete

$$V_c = \text{Min} [V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min} [(203.86 \text{ kip}), (82.341 \text{ kip}), (237.06 \text{ kip})]$$

<p>22.5.1.2</p> <p>22.5.8.5.3</p> <p>22.5.1.1</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">$V_c = 82.341 \text{ kip}$</p> <p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$.</p> <p>$V_{s,a}$ - Shear strength of steel (a)</p> $V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})$ $V_{s,a} = 454.3 \text{ kip}$ <p>A_v - Ties rebar area,</p> $A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$ $A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$ $A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$ <p>$V_{s,b}$ - Shear strength of steel (b)</p> $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yw} d}{s_{ties}}$ $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$ $V_{s,b} = 38.17 \text{ kip}$ <p>V_s - Governing shear strength of steel</p> $V_s = MIN[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$ $V_s = MIN[(454.3 \text{ kip}), (38.17 \text{ kip})]$ $V_s = 38.17 \text{ kip}$ <p>ϕV_n - Allowable shear strength</p> $\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$ $\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((82.341 \text{ kip}) + (38.17 \text{ kip}))$ $\phi V_n = 78.333 \text{ kip}$ <p>Considering x-direction:</p> <p>$V_{max} = 7.8735 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the x-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $Ratio = \frac{(7.8735 \text{ kip})}{(78.333 \text{ kip})}$ $Ratio = 0.10051$ <p>Considering z-direction:</p> <p>$V_{max} = 0.54576 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the z-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $Ratio = \frac{(0.54576 \text{ kip})}{(78.333 \text{ kip})}$ $Ratio = 0.0069672$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.100</p> <p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.010</p>
	<p>Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LFRD)</p> <p>S_m - Section modulus</p> $S_m = \frac{\pi D^3}{32}$ $S_m = \frac{\pi \times (36 \text{ in})^3}{32}$ $S_m = 4500.473$	

<p>14.5.2.1b</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">$S_m = 4580.4 \text{ in}^3$</p> <p>$\lambda = 1$ - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete), Allowable flexural strength: M_n shall be the lesser of: $\phi M_{n,1}$</p> $\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{3 \text{ ksi}} \times 4580.442 \text{ in}^3$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 67.947 \text{ kipft}$ <p>$\phi M_{n,2}$</p> $\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_{ck} \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (3 \text{ ksi}) \times (4580.4 \text{ in}^3)$ $\phi M_{n,2} = 632.67 \text{ kipft}$ <p>Therefore, ϕM_n - Allowable flexural strength,</p> $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$ $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(67.947 \text{ kipft}), (632.67 \text{ kipft})]$ $\phi M_n = 67.947 \text{ kipft}$ <p>Considering x-direction: $M_{max} = 27.793 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the x-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(27.793 \text{ kipft})}{(67.947 \text{ kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.40904$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.410</p>
	<p>Considering z-direction: $M_{max} = 1.7831 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the z-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(1.7831 \text{ kipft})}{(67.947 \text{ kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.026242$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.030</p>

REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS																										
	<p>SkyCiv Foundation Design Pile Foundation</p> <p>Design Information : Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code) Unit System : Imperial</p>																											
	<p>Pile Input</p>  <p>Geometry Pile shape: round $D = 36$ in - Pile diameter $L = 8$ ft - Total pile length $h_1 = 0$ ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile, $h_2 = 0$ ft - Depth to resisting surface $h_e = 0$ ft - Length of pile above the ground</p> <p>Tabulation of Soil Parameters</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="416 1079 1193 1171"> <thead> <tr> <th>Layer</th> <th>Label</th> <th>Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf)</th> <th>Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel</td> <td>2000.000</td> <td>150.000</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Tabulation of Loads</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="676 1265 935 1435"> <thead> <tr> <th>Load Component</th> <th>ASD</th> <th>LRFD</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>P (kip)</td> <td>4.423</td> <td>6.223</td> </tr> <tr> <td>V_x (kip)</td> <td>-1.986</td> <td>-3.305</td> </tr> <tr> <td>V_z (kip)</td> <td>0.000</td> <td>0.000</td> </tr> <tr> <td>M_x (kipft)</td> <td>0.000</td> <td>0.000</td> </tr> <tr> <td>M_z (kipft)</td> <td>19.918</td> <td>33.772</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Material Properties $f'_{ck} = 3$ ksi - Concrete strength,</p>	Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)	1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000	Load Component	ASD	LRFD	P (kip)	4.423	6.223	V_x (kip)	-1.986	-3.305	V_z (kip)	0.000	0.000	M_x (kipft)	0.000	0.000	M_z (kipft)	19.918	33.772	
Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)																									
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M_x (kipft)	0.000	0.000																										
M_z (kipft)	19.918	33.772																										
	<p>Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD) H - Point of application of the lateral load</p> $H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$ $H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$ $H = 0 \text{ ft}$ <p>Considering x-direction: H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,</p> $H_o = \frac{V_x}{D}$ $H_o = \frac{(-1.986 \text{ kip})}{(36 \text{ in})}$ $H_o = -0.662 \text{ kip/ft}$ <p>M_o - Moment per length of pile,</p> $M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{D}$																											

	$M_o = \frac{(19.918 \text{ kipft}) + ((-1.986 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{(36 \text{ in})}$ $M_o = 6.6393 \text{ kipft/ft}$ <p>Required depth of embedment in earth:</p> $L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$ <p>Solving the cubic equation: $L_{e,x} = 7.2538 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in x-direction,</p> <p>Considering z-direction: $L_{e,z} = 0 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in z-direction,</p> <p>Minimum embedded depth required: $L_{e,req}$ - Depth of pile required,</p> $L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$ $L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(7.2538 \text{ ft}), (0 \text{ ft})]$ $L_{e,req} = 7.254 \text{ ft}$ <p>L_e - Actual embedded length of pile,</p> $L_e = L - h_c - h_2$ $L_e = (8 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$ $L_e = 8 \text{ ft}$ <p>Ratio - Embedded depth</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(7.254 \text{ ft})}{(8 \text{ ft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.90675$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.910</p>
	<p>End-bearing Capacity (ASD)</p> <p>A - Pile cross-section area</p> $A = \pi \left(\frac{D}{2}\right)^2$ $A = \pi \times \left(\frac{(36 \text{ in})}{2}\right)^2$ $A = 7.0686 \text{ ft}^2$ <p>q - End-bearing pressure</p> $q = \frac{P_c}{A}$ $q = \frac{(4.423 \text{ kip})}{(7.0686 \text{ ft}^2)}$ $q = 0.62573 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Check bearing capacity ratio:</p> <p>Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.62573 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.31286$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.310</p>
<p>Czerniak</p>	<p>Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):</p> <p>L/D - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,</p> $L/D = \frac{L}{D}$ $L/D = \frac{(8 \text{ ft})}{(36 \text{ in})}$	

$$L/D = 2.6667$$

Since $L/D \leq 10$,

Pile is short.

Considering x-direction:

$H_o = -0.662$ kip/ft - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 6.6393$ kipft/ft - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (6.6393 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (8 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.662 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (6.6393 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.662 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.5648 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{1.178 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{1.178 \times [(4 \times (6.6393 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.662 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(8 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (6.6393 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.662 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.22467 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{9.425 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{9.425 \times [(2 \times (6.6393 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.662 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8 \text{ ft}))]}{(8 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 1.1756 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(5.5648 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.41736 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.22467 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.41736 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.53831$$

p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (8 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 1.2 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

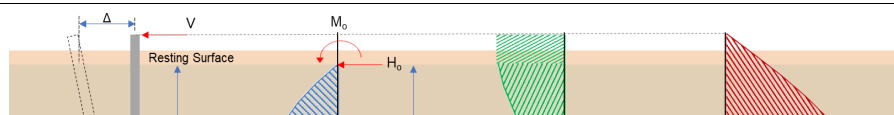
$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

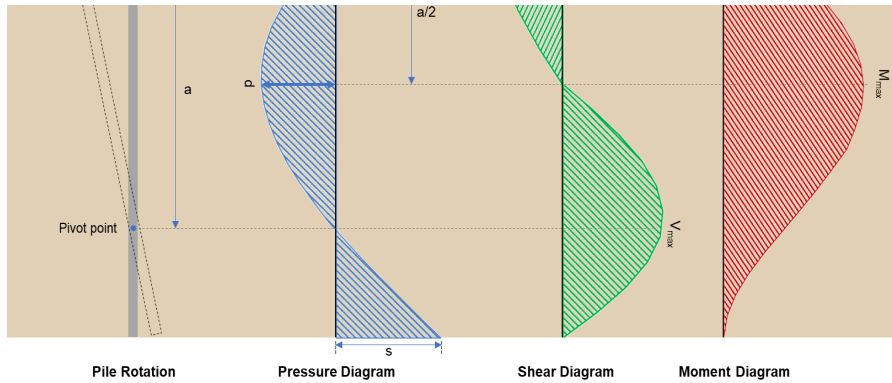
$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(1.1756 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.2 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.97964$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.540**

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.980**





Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-3.305 \text{ kip})}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -1.1017 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_x H)}{D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(33.772 \text{ kipft}) + ((-3.305 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{(36 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 11.257 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(11.257 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-1.1017 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 10.218 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_c) + (3 H_o L_c^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_c)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (11.257 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (8 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-1.1017 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (11.257 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-1.1017 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.562 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4 E}{L_c} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_c} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3 E}{L_c} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_c} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-1.1017 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (36 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (10.218 \text{ ft})}{(8 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.562 \text{ ft})}{(8 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (10.218 \text{ ft})}{(8 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.562 \text{ ft})}{(8 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 9.6497 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_c) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_c} + \frac{a}{2 L_c} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 E}{L_c} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_c} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 E}{L_c} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_c} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-1.1017 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (8 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(10.218 \text{ ft})}{(8 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(5.562 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (10.218 \text{ ft})}{(8 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.562 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (10.218 \text{ ft})}{(8 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.562 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 36.208 \text{ kipft}$$

Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi}$ - Concrete strength,
 $f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$ - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,
 $\phi = 0.65$ - Reduction factor for axial strength,
 $\alpha = 0.85$ - Alpha factor for axial strength,
 $A_g = 1017.9 \text{ in}^2$ - Gross area of concrete,

Table 22.4.2.1

Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load, $A_{st,required}$

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{(6.223 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.85)} - (0.85 \times (3 \text{ ksi}) \times (1017.9 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (3 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (1017.9 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -44.984 \text{ in}^2$$

A_{min} - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-44.984 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (1017.9 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 1.8322 \text{ in}^2$$

n_{rebar} - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(1.8322 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 6$$

A_{st} - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (6) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 1.8408 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(1.8322 \text{ in}^2)}{(1.8408 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.99533$$

25.2.3

s_{rebar} - Minimum spacing of reinforcement,

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$$

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$$

Ties:

25.7.2.2

Since longitudinal reinforcement is \leq No. 10Ø: Use #3(0.375 in)

25.7.2.1

s_{ties} - Maximum center-to-center spacing of ties,

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), D]$$

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), (36 \text{ in})]$$

$$s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$$

Summary:

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **1.000**

Main reinforcement: **6 - #5 (0.625 in)**
Ties: **#3(0.375 in) - 10 in**

Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)

22.4.2.2 ϕP_N - Allowable axial compressive strength

$$\phi P_N = \phi \cdot 0.85 \left[(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st}) \right]$$

$$\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times \left[(0.85 \times (3 \text{ ksi}) \times [(1017.9 \text{ in}^2) - (1.8408 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (1.8408 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$\phi P_N = 1492.5 \text{ kip}$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(6.223 \text{ kip})}{(1492.5 \text{ kip})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.0041695$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**

Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)

Parameters:

$b_w = 36 \text{ in}$ - Effective width,

22.5.2.2 d - Effective depth

$$d = 0.80 D$$

$$d = 0.80 \times (36 \text{ in})$$

$$d = 28.8 \text{ in}$$

22.5.5.1.3 λ_s - size effect modification factor

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(28.8 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = 0.71796$$

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$.

22.5.5.1.1 $V_{c,max}$ - Max shear strength of concrete

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.71796) \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,max} = 203.86 \text{ kip}$$

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$, $P = 6.223 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 6223 \text{ lbf}$.

22.5.5.1.1(a) $V_{c,a}$ - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + \frac{P}{6 A_g} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \times (0.71796) \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} + \frac{(6223 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (1017.9 \text{ in}^2)} \right] \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 82.599 \text{ kip}$$

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$,

22.5.5.1.2 $V_{c,b}$ - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + (0.05 f'_{ck}) \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \times (0.71796) \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} + (0.05 \times (3000 \text{ psi})) \right] \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 237.06 \text{ kip}$$

V_c - Governing shear strength of concrete

$$V_c = \text{Min} [V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min} [(203.86 \text{ kip}), (82.599 \text{ kip}), (237.06 \text{ kip})]$$

<p>22.5.1.2</p> <p>22.5.8.5.3</p> <p>22.5.1.1</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">$V_c = 82.599 \text{ kip}$</p> <p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$.</p> <p>$V_{s,a}$ - Shear strength of steel (a)</p> $V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} \times (36 \text{ in}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})$ $V_{s,a} = 454.3 \text{ kip}$ <p>A_v - Ties rebar area,</p> $A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$ $A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$ $A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$ <p>$V_{s,b}$ - Shear strength of steel (b)</p> $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yw} d}{s_{ties}}$ $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (28.8 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$ $V_{s,b} = 38.17 \text{ kip}$ <p>V_s - Governing shear strength of steel</p> $V_s = \text{MIN}[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$ $V_s = \text{MIN}[(454.3 \text{ kip}), (38.17 \text{ kip})]$ $V_s = 38.17 \text{ kip}$ <p>ϕV_n - Allowable shear strength</p> $\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$ $\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((82.599 \text{ kip}) + (38.17 \text{ kip}))$ $\phi V_n = 78.5 \text{ kip}$ <p>Considering x-direction:</p> <p>$V_{max} = 9.6497 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the x-direction, <i>Ratio</i> - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(9.6497 \text{ kip})}{(78.5 \text{ kip})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.12293$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.120</p>
<p>14.5.2.1b</p>	<p>Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LFRD)</p> <p>S_m - Section modulus</p> $S_m = \frac{\pi D^3}{32}$ $S_m = \frac{\pi \times (36 \text{ in})^3}{32}$ $S_m = 4580.4 \text{ in}^3$ <p>$\lambda = 1$ - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete), Allowable flexural strength: M_n shall be the lesser of:</p> <p>$\phi M_{n,1}$</p> $\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{(3 \text{ ksi})} \times 4580.442 \text{ in}^3$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 67.947 \text{ kipft}$ <p>$\phi M_{n,2}$</p>	

$$\phi M_{n,2} = \phi 0.85 f'_{ck} S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (3 \text{ ksi}) \times (4580.4 \text{ in}^3)$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = 632.67 \text{ kipft}$$

Therefore,

ϕM_n - Allowable flexural strength,

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$$

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(67.947 \text{ kipft}), (632.67 \text{ kipft})]$$

$$\phi M_n = 67.947 \text{ kipft}$$

Considering x-direction:

$M_{max} = 36.208 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the x-direction,

$Ratio$ - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(36.208 \text{ kipft})}{(67.947 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.53289$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.530**