

Project Name: MTSOLAR_015BLLC80EK9A4-Peter-100kw-5x11
Location: Chicago, IL, USA
Unique ID: 4P-22.5-6TOP-XD-45-L-5Hx11W-HGED
Dealer: _____

Date: Wed Oct 09 2024
Number of Modules: 55
Number of Poles: 4
Date Sold: _____



| | |
|-----------------------------|----------|
| Array Dimensions N/S | 18.45 ft |
| Array Dimensions E/W | 82.33 ft |
| Winter Tilt Angle | 5 |
| Front Edge Clearance | 7 ft |

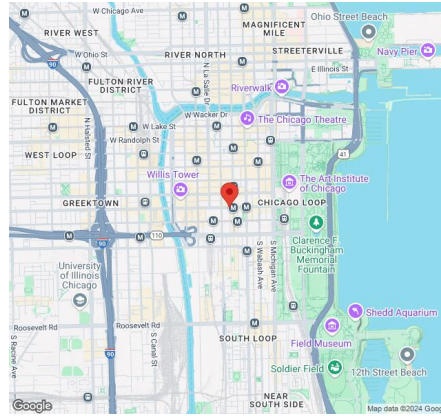
MT Solar Bill of Materials (4P-22.5-6TOP-XD-45-L-5Hx11W-HGED)

| Part | Short Description | BOM Qty |
|---------------------|-----------------------|---------|
| MTS-PC-6 | 6IN Pole Cap Assembly | 4 |
| MTS-HF-XD | H-Frame Assembly-XD | 4 |
| MTS-XD-Wing-45 | 45IN XD Wing | 4 |
| MTS-XD-Splice-90 | 90IN XD Splice | 12 |
| MTS-CLAMP-ANGLE-4PK | Angle Clamp | 11 |

Rail Bill of Materials

| Part | Qty |
|------------------|-----|
| Rails (219in) | 22 |
| Rail Attachment | 88 |
| Module Mid Clamp | 88 |
| Module End Clamp | 44 |
| Ground Lug | 11 |

Site Details:



Site Address: Chicago, IL, USA

Array Specification

| | |
|------------------------------------|-----------|
| Duty Classification: | XD |
| Module Width: | 43.77 in |
| Module Length: | 88.81in |
| Number of Rows: | 5 |
| Number of Columns: | 11 |
| Total Number of Modules: | 55 |
| Winter Tilt Angle: | 5 |
| Front Edge Clearance: | 7 |
| Total Array Height at Tilt: | 8.61 ft |
| Total Frame Length: | 82.50 ft |
| Frame Weight: | 4806 lbs |
| Array Dimensions N/S: | 18.45 ft |
| Array Dimensions E/W: | 82.33 ft |
| Rail Length: | 221.35 in |
| Rail Spacing: | 3.74 ft |

Support Specifications

| | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|
| Pole Size: | 6in Pipe Sch 40 |
| Pole Length above Grade: | 7.80 ft |
| Number of Poles: | 4 |
| Pole Spacing: | 22.5 ft |

Foundation Specifications

| | |
|--|--|
| Foundation Type: | Square |
| Foundation Dimensions: | 48 x 48 in |
| Foundation Depth (below grade): | Pile 1: 5.25 ft Pile 2: 5.50 ft Pile 3: 5.50 ft Pile 4: 5.25 ft |
| Foundation Volume: | 12.741 y ³ |

Site Info

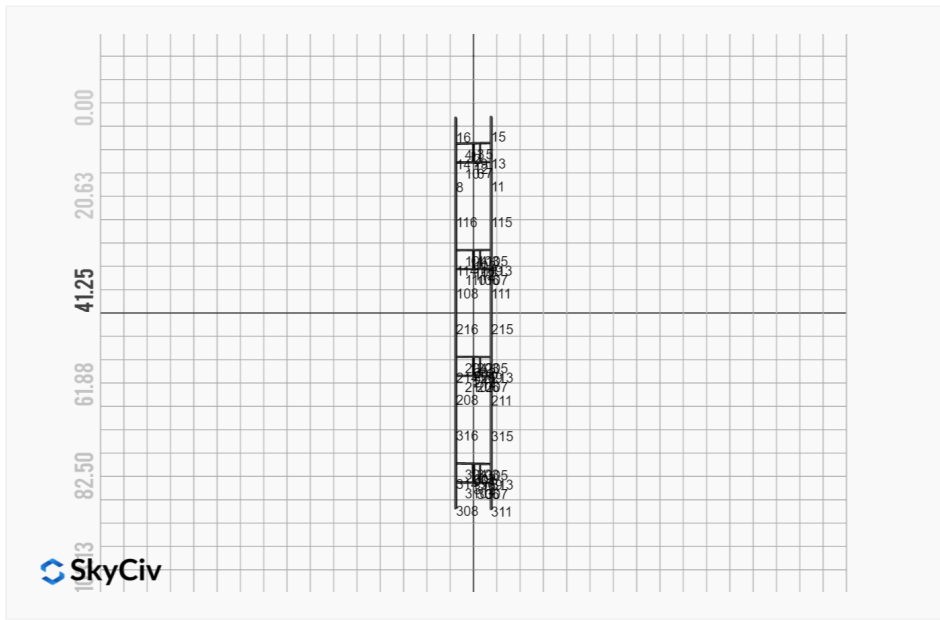
| | |
|-----------------------------|------------------|
| Risk Category: | I |
| Exposure: | C |
| Soil Classification: | sand |
| Site Location: | Chicago, IL, USA |
| Wind Speed: | 115 mph |

Snow Load:

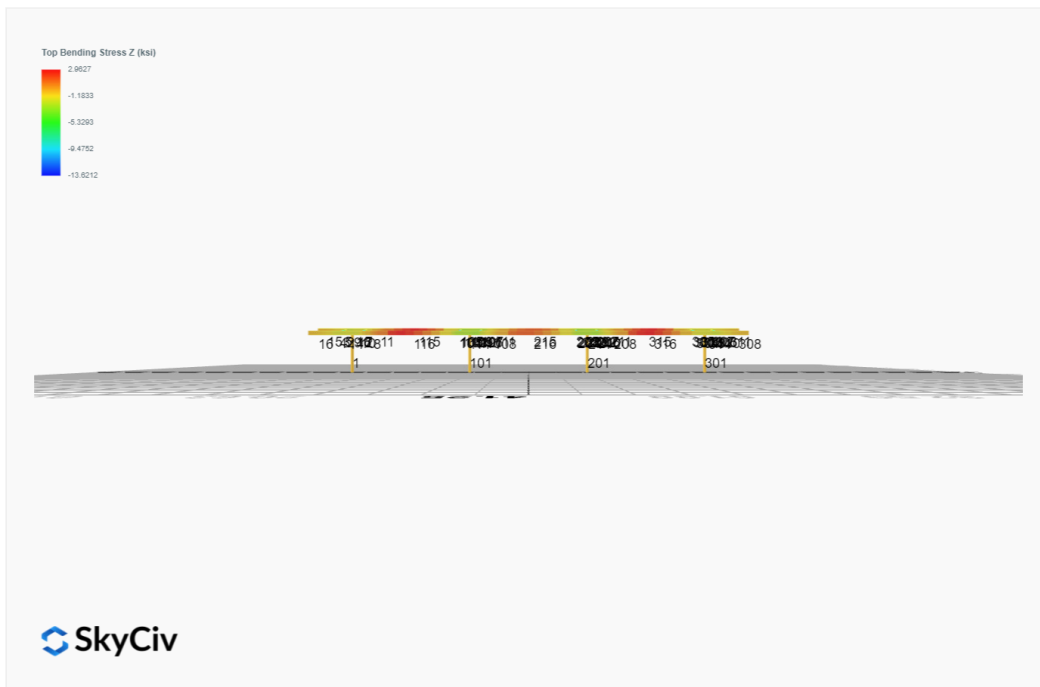
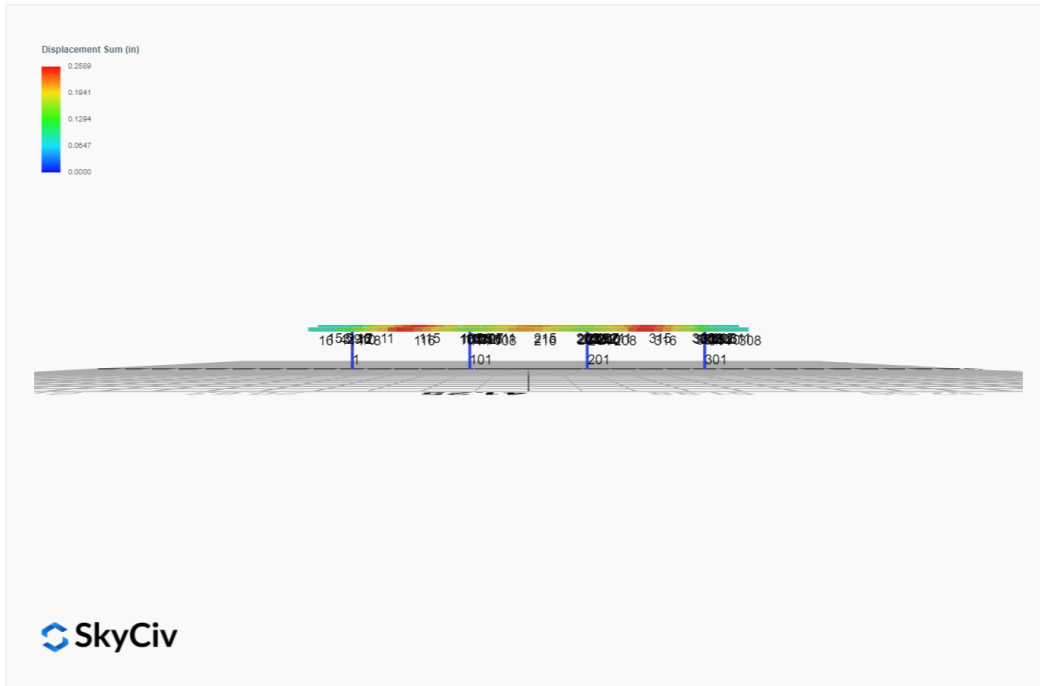
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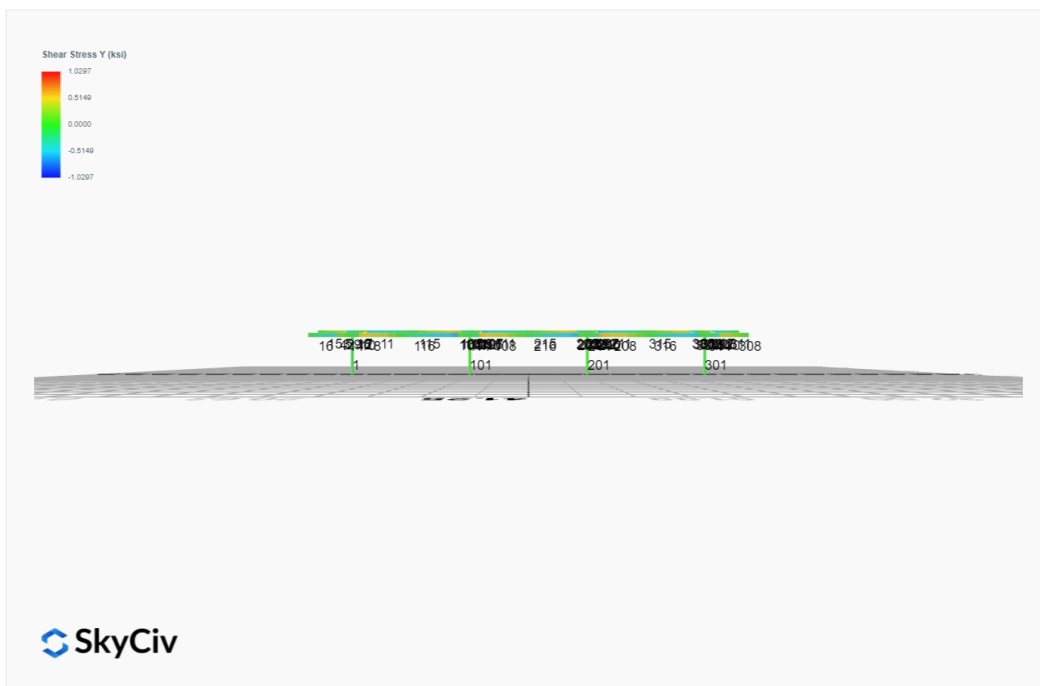
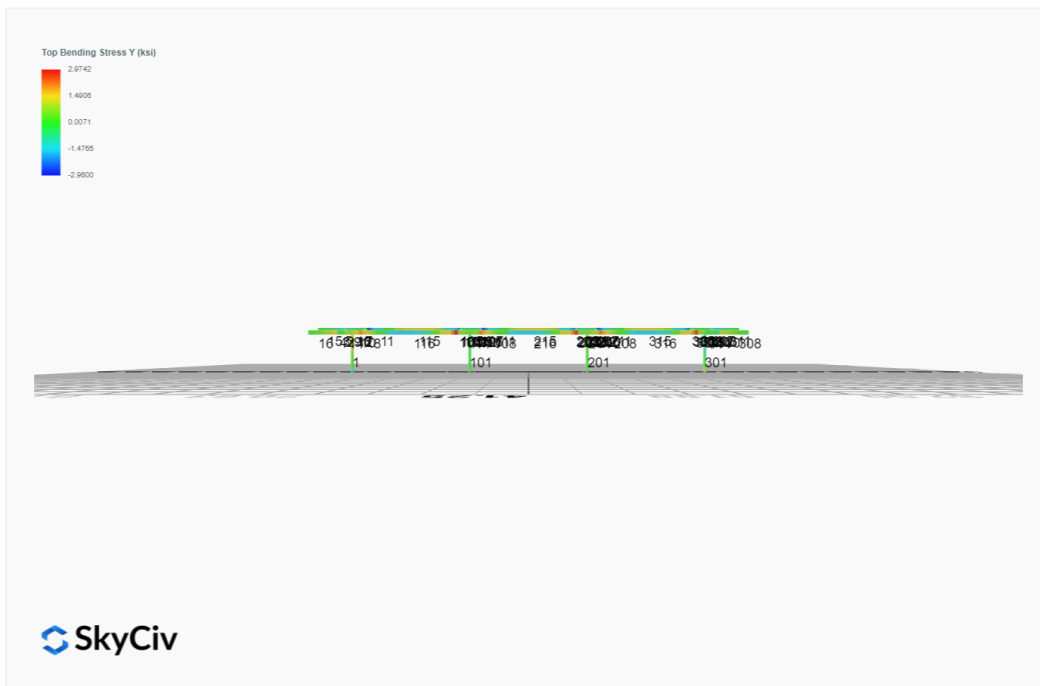
Design Disclaimer

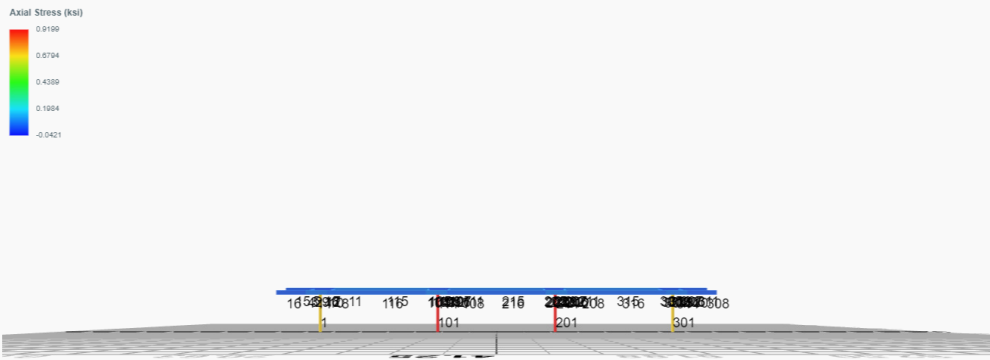
This software should be used for preliminary designs and should not be used as a final design unless reviewed, verified and designed by a qualified structural engineer.



FEM Results (Envelope Worst Case for each member)







Reaction Forces for Foundation 1 (Node ID#1), (kip, kip-ft)

ASD Load Combination Results

| Name | Fx | Fy | Fz | Mx | My | Mz |
|---|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|
| ULS: 1. D | 0.0052 | 2.3379 | 0.0807 | 0.1801 | -0.0073 | -0.0038 |
| ULS: 2. D + L | 0.0052 | 2.3379 | 0.0807 | 0.1801 | -0.0073 | -0.0038 |
| ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R) | 0.0160 | 6.3722 | 0.2510 | 0.5606 | -0.0227 | -0.0779 |
| ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R) | 0.0052 | 2.3379 | 0.0807 | 0.1801 | -0.0073 | -0.0038 |
| ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R) | 0.0133 | 5.3636 | 0.2085 | 0.4655 | -0.0188 | -0.0594 |
| ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R) | 0.0052 | 2.3379 | 0.0807 | 0.1801 | -0.0073 | -0.0038 |
| ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E | 0.0052 | 2.3379 | 0.0807 | 0.1801 | -0.0073 | -0.0038 |
| ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S | 0.0133 | 5.3636 | 0.2085 | 0.4655 | -0.0188 | -0.0594 |
| ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E | 0.0031 | 1.4027 | 0.0484 | 0.1081 | -0.0044 | -0.0023 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only | -0.3722 | 6.5977 | 0.2627 | 0.5838 | -0.0495 | 3.8783 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only | -0.3722 | 6.5977 | 0.2627 | 0.5838 | -0.0495 | 3.8783 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only | 0.0999 | 1.1903 | 0.0361 | 0.0809 | -0.0004 | 3.6781 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only | 0.2584 | -0.3704 | -0.0422 | -0.0909 | 0.0281 | -11.7221 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only | -0.2697 | 8.5585 | 0.3449 | 0.7682 | -0.0505 | 2.8522 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only | -0.2697 | 8.5585 | 0.3449 | 0.7682 | -0.0505 | 2.8522 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only | 0.0844 | 4.5029 | 0.1750 | 0.3911 | -0.0137 | 2.7021 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only | 0.2032 | 3.3324 | 0.1163 | 0.2622 | 0.0077 | -8.8481 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only | -0.2779 | 5.5328 | 0.2172 | 0.4829 | -0.0390 | 2.9078 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only | -0.2779 | 5.5328 | 0.2172 | 0.4829 | -0.0390 | 2.9078 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only | 0.0762 | 1.4772 | 0.0472 | 0.1057 | -0.0021 | 2.7576 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only | 0.1951 | 0.3066 | -0.0115 | -0.0231 | 0.0192 | -8.7925 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only | -0.3743 | 5.6626 | 0.2304 | 0.5117 | -0.0466 | 3.8798 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only | -0.3743 | 5.6626 | 0.2304 | 0.5117 | -0.0466 | 3.8798 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only | 0.0979 | 0.2551 | 0.0038 | 0.0089 | 0.0025 | 3.6796 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only | 0.2563 | -1.3056 | -0.0745 | -0.1629 | 0.0310 | -11.7206 |

Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

| Result | Value (kip, kip-ft) |
|------------------|---------------------|
| Axial | 12.8099 |
| Shear X | -0.6290 |
| Shear Z | 0.5232 |
| Moment X | 1.1688 |
| Moment Y (Twist) | 0.0871 |
| Moment Z | 20.0750 |

Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

| Result | Value (kip, kip-ft) |
|------------------|---------------------|
| Axial | 8.5585 |
| Shear X | -0.3743 |
| Shear Z | 0.3449 |
| Moment X | 0.7682 |
| Moment Y (Twist) | 0.0505 |
| Moment Z | 11.7221 |

Reaction Forces for Foundation 2 (Node ID#101), (kip, kip-ft)

ASD Load Combination Results

| Name | Fx | Fy | Fz | Mx | My | Mz |
|--|---------|--------|---------|---------|--------|--------|
| ULS: 1. D | -0.0052 | 2.8608 | -0.0147 | -0.0334 | 0.0031 | 0.0694 |
| ULS: 2. D + L | -0.0052 | 2.8608 | -0.0147 | -0.0334 | 0.0031 | 0.0694 |
| ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R) | -0.0160 | 7.9952 | -0.0457 | -0.1042 | 0.0097 | 0.1516 |
| ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R) | -0.0052 | 2.8608 | -0.0147 | -0.0334 | 0.0031 | 0.0694 |
| ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R) | -0.0133 | 6.7116 | -0.0379 | -0.0865 | 0.0081 | 0.1311 |

| Name | Fx | Fy | Fz | Mx | My | Mz |
|---|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|
| ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R) | -0.0052 | 2.8608 | -0.0147 | -0.0334 | 0.0031 | 0.0694 |
| ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E | -0.0052 | 2.8608 | -0.0147 | -0.0334 | 0.0031 | 0.0694 |
| ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S | -0.0133 | 6.7116 | -0.0379 | -0.0865 | 0.0081 | 0.1311 |
| ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E | -0.0031 | 1.7165 | -0.0088 | -0.0201 | 0.0019 | 0.0417 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only | -0.4748 | 8.2830 | -0.0466 | -0.1067 | 0.0076 | 4.8126 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only | -0.4748 | 8.2830 | -0.0466 | -0.1067 | 0.0076 | 4.8126 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only | 0.1287 | 1.3957 | -0.0039 | -0.0095 | -0.0018 | 4.3375 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only | 0.2794 | -0.5783 | 0.0016 | 0.0047 | 0.0075 | -13.7202 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only | -0.3656 | 10.7783 | -0.0619 | -0.1414 | 0.0115 | 3.6884 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only | -0.3656 | 10.7783 | -0.0619 | -0.1414 | 0.0115 | 3.6884 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only | 0.0870 | 5.6128 | -0.0299 | -0.0685 | 0.0044 | 3.3321 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only | 0.2001 | 4.1323 | -0.0257 | -0.0579 | 0.0113 | -10.2111 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only | -0.3574 | 6.9275 | -0.0386 | -0.0883 | 0.0065 | 3.6268 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only | -0.3574 | 6.9275 | -0.0386 | -0.0883 | 0.0065 | 3.6268 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only | 0.0952 | 1.7620 | -0.0066 | -0.0155 | -0.0006 | 3.2705 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only | 0.2083 | 0.2814 | -0.0025 | -0.0048 | 0.0064 | -10.2728 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only | -0.4728 | 7.1387 | -0.0408 | -0.0933 | 0.0064 | 4.7848 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only | -0.4728 | 7.1387 | -0.0408 | -0.0933 | 0.0064 | 4.7848 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only | 0.1307 | 0.2514 | 0.0019 | 0.0039 | -0.0031 | 4.3097 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only | 0.2815 | -1.7226 | 0.0075 | 0.0181 | 0.0062 | -13.7479 |

Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

| Result | Value (kip, kip-ft) |
|------------------|---------------------|
| Axial | 16.1669 |
| Shear X | -0.7941 |
| Shear Z | -0.0943 |
| Moment X | -0.2160 |
| Moment Y (Twist) | 0.0188 |
| Moment Z | 23.5471 |

Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

| Result | Value (kip, kip-ft) |
|------------------|---------------------|
| Axial | 10.7783 |
| Shear X | -0.4748 |
| Shear Z | -0.0619 |
| Moment X | -0.1414 |
| Moment Y (Twist) | 0.0115 |
| Moment Z | 13.7479 |

Reaction Forces for Foundation 3 (Node ID#201), (kip, kip-ft)

ASD Load Combination Results

| Name | Fx | Fy | Fz | Mx | My | Mz |
|--|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|
| ULS: 1. D | -0.0052 | 2.8608 | 0.0147 | 0.0334 | -0.0031 | 0.0694 |
| ULS: 2. D + L | -0.0052 | 2.8608 | 0.0147 | 0.0334 | -0.0031 | 0.0694 |
| ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R) | -0.0160 | 7.9952 | 0.0457 | 0.1042 | -0.0097 | 0.1516 |
| ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R) | -0.0052 | 2.8608 | 0.0147 | 0.0334 | -0.0031 | 0.0694 |
| ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R) | -0.0133 | 6.7116 | 0.0379 | 0.0865 | -0.0080 | 0.1310 |
| ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R) | -0.0052 | 2.8608 | 0.0147 | 0.0334 | -0.0031 | 0.0694 |
| ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E | -0.0052 | 2.8608 | 0.0147 | 0.0334 | -0.0031 | 0.0694 |
| ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S | -0.0133 | 6.7116 | 0.0379 | 0.0865 | -0.0080 | 0.1310 |
| ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E | -0.0031 | 1.7165 | 0.0088 | 0.0201 | -0.0019 | 0.0417 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only | -0.4748 | 8.2830 | 0.0466 | 0.1067 | -0.0076 | 4.8126 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only | -0.4748 | 8.2830 | 0.0466 | 0.1067 | -0.0076 | 4.8126 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only | 0.1287 | 1.3957 | 0.0039 | 0.0095 | 0.0019 | 4.3375 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only | 0.2794 | -0.5783 | -0.0016 | -0.0047 | -0.0074 | -13.7202 |

| Name | Fx | Fy | Fz | Mx | My | Mz |
|---|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only | -0.3656 | 10.7783 | 0.0619 | 0.1414 | -0.0114 | 3.6884 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only | -0.3656 | 10.7783 | 0.0619 | 0.1414 | -0.0114 | 3.6884 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only | 0.0870 | 5.6128 | 0.0299 | 0.0685 | -0.0043 | 3.3321 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only | 0.2001 | 4.1323 | 0.0257 | 0.0579 | -0.0113 | -10.2111 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only | -0.3574 | 6.9275 | 0.0386 | 0.0883 | -0.0065 | 3.6268 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only | -0.3574 | 6.9275 | 0.0386 | 0.0883 | -0.0065 | 3.6268 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only | 0.0952 | 1.7620 | 0.0066 | 0.0155 | 0.0006 | 3.2705 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only | 0.2083 | 0.2814 | 0.0025 | 0.0048 | -0.0064 | -10.2728 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only | -0.4728 | 7.1387 | 0.0408 | 0.0933 | -0.0064 | 4.7848 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only | -0.4728 | 7.1387 | 0.0408 | 0.0933 | -0.0064 | 4.7848 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only | 0.1307 | 0.2514 | -0.0019 | -0.0039 | 0.0031 | 4.3097 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only | 0.2815 | -1.7226 | -0.0075 | -0.0181 | -0.0062 | -13.7479 |

Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

| Result | Value (kip, kip-ft) |
|------------------|---------------------|
| Axial | 16.1669 |
| Shear X | -0.7941 |
| Shear Z | 0.0943 |
| Moment X | 0.2160 |
| Moment Y (Twist) | 0.0186 |
| Moment Z | 23.5471 |

Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

| Result | Value (kip, kip-ft) |
|------------------|---------------------|
| Axial | 10.7783 |
| Shear X | -0.4748 |
| Shear Z | 0.0619 |
| Moment X | 0.1414 |
| Moment Y (Twist) | 0.0114 |
| Moment Z | 13.7479 |

Reaction Forces for Foundation 4 (Node ID#301), (kip, kip-ft)

ASD Load Combination Results

| Name | Fx | Fy | Fz | Mx | My | Mz |
|---|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|
| ULS: 1. D | 0.0052 | 2.3379 | -0.0807 | -0.1801 | 0.0073 | -0.0038 |
| ULS: 2. D + L | 0.0052 | 2.3379 | -0.0807 | -0.1801 | 0.0073 | -0.0038 |
| ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R) | 0.0160 | 6.3722 | -0.2510 | -0.5606 | 0.0227 | -0.0779 |
| ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R) | 0.0052 | 2.3379 | -0.0807 | -0.1801 | 0.0073 | -0.0038 |
| ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R) | 0.0133 | 5.3636 | -0.2085 | -0.4655 | 0.0189 | -0.0593 |
| ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R) | 0.0052 | 2.3379 | -0.0807 | -0.1801 | 0.0073 | -0.0038 |
| ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E | 0.0052 | 2.3379 | -0.0807 | -0.1801 | 0.0073 | -0.0038 |
| ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S | 0.0133 | 5.3636 | -0.2085 | -0.4655 | 0.0189 | -0.0593 |
| ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E | 0.0031 | 1.4027 | -0.0484 | -0.1081 | 0.0044 | -0.0023 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only | -0.3722 | 6.5977 | -0.2627 | -0.5838 | 0.0495 | 3.8783 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only | -0.3722 | 6.5977 | -0.2627 | -0.5838 | 0.0495 | 3.8783 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only | 0.0999 | 1.1903 | -0.0361 | -0.0809 | 0.0004 | 3.6781 |
| ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only | 0.2584 | -0.3704 | 0.0422 | 0.0909 | -0.0281 | -11.7221 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only | -0.2697 | 8.5585 | -0.3449 | -0.7682 | 0.0505 | 2.8522 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only | -0.2697 | 8.5585 | -0.3449 | -0.7682 | 0.0505 | 2.8522 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only | 0.0844 | 4.5029 | -0.1750 | -0.3911 | 0.0137 | 2.7021 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only | 0.2032 | 3.3324 | -0.1163 | -0.2622 | -0.0076 | -8.8481 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only | -0.2779 | 5.5328 | -0.2172 | -0.4829 | 0.0390 | 2.9078 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only | -0.2779 | 5.5328 | -0.2172 | -0.4829 | 0.0390 | 2.9078 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only | 0.0762 | 1.4772 | -0.0472 | -0.1057 | 0.0021 | 2.7576 |
| ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only | 0.1951 | 0.3066 | 0.0115 | 0.0231 | -0.0192 | -8.7925 |

| Name | Fx | Fy | Fz | Mx | My | Mz |
|--|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only | -0.3743 | 5.6626 | -0.2304 | -0.5117 | 0.0466 | 3.8798 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only | -0.3743 | 5.6626 | -0.2304 | -0.5117 | 0.0466 | 3.8798 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only | 0.0979 | 0.2551 | -0.0038 | -0.0089 | -0.0025 | 3.6796 |
| ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only | 0.2563 | -1.3056 | 0.0745 | 0.1629 | -0.0310 | -11.7206 |

Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.
 Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

| Result | Value (kip, kip-ft) |
|------------------|---------------------|
| Axial | 12.8099 |
| Shear X | -0.6290 |
| Shear Z | -0.5232 |
| Moment X | -1.1688 |
| Moment Y (Twist) | 0.0873 |
| Moment Z | 20.0751 |

Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.
 Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

| Result | Value (kip, kip-ft) |
|------------------|---------------------|
| Axial | 8.5585 |
| Shear X | -0.3743 |
| Shear Z | -0.3449 |
| Moment X | -0.7682 |
| Moment Y (Twist) | 0.0505 |
| Moment Z | 11.7221 |

Project Details

Design Code: AISC 360-16 LRFD
 Provision: LRFD
 Country: United States
 User Name: sales@mtsolar.us
 Unit System: imperial

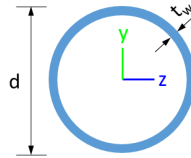


Design Input Information

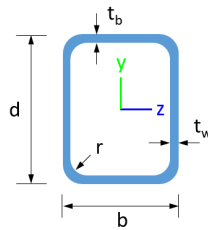
| Design Factors | | | |
|----------------|----------|----------|----------|
| Φ_t | Φ_c | Φ_b | Φ_v |
| 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.9 |

| Design Materials | | | |
|------------------|---------|-------------|-------------|
| ID | E (ksi) | F_y (ksi) | F_u (ksi) |
| 1 | 29000 | 50 | 65 |

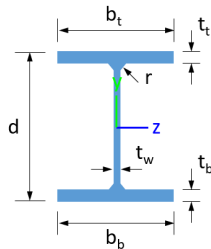
Section Dimensions



| ID | Name | d (in) | t_w (in) | | | | |
|----|------------------|--------|------------|--|--|--|--|
| 3 | 2in Pipe Sch 120 | 2.38 | 0.25 | | | | |
| 6 | 4in Pipe Sch 120 | 4.50 | 0.44 | | | | |
| 7 | 6in Pipe Sch 40 | 6.63 | 0.28 | | | | |



| ID | Name | d (in) | b (in) | t_w (in) | t_b (in) | r (in) | |
|----|------------|--------|--------|------------|------------|--------|--|
| 17 | HSS5x3x1/4 | 5.00 | 3.00 | 0.23 | 0.23 | 0.23 | |



| ID | Name | d (in) | t_w (in) | b_t (in) | b_b (in) | t_t (in) | t_b (in) | r (in) |
|----|--------|--------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|--------|
| 20 | W10x12 | 9.87 | 0.19 | 3.96 | 3.96 | 0.21 | 0.21 | 0.30 |

Section Properties

| ID | Name | A (in ²) | J (in ⁴) | I_{yp} (in ⁴) | I_{zp} (in ⁴) | I_w (in ⁶) | S_{yp} (in ³) | S_{zp} (in ³) |
|----|------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
|----|------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|

| | | | | | | |
|-----|--------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 212 | 251.01 | 240.00 | 27.10 | 27.10 | 75.30 | 75.30 |
| 213 | 159.30 | 97.43 | 31.43 | 6.46 | 56.26 | 44.91 |
| 214 | 159.30 | 97.43 | 30.95 | 6.46 | 56.26 | 44.91 |
| 215 | 159.30 | 48.27 | 15.16 | 6.46 | 56.26 | 44.91 |
| 216 | 159.30 | 48.27 | 14.68 | 6.46 | 56.26 | 44.91 |
| 301 | 251.16 | 143.35 | 42.30 | 42.30 | 75.35 | 75.35 |
| 302 | 251.01 | 248.88 | 27.16 | 27.16 | 75.30 | 75.30 |
| 303 | 151.65 | 150.70 | 20.17 | 14.14 | 54.12 | 28.95 |
| 304 | 151.65 | 145.15 | 20.17 | 14.14 | 54.12 | 28.95 |
| 305 | 151.65 | 149.10 | 20.17 | 14.14 | 54.12 | 28.95 |
| 306 | 151.65 | 150.70 | 20.17 | 14.14 | 54.12 | 28.95 |
| 307 | 151.65 | 149.10 | 20.17 | 14.14 | 54.12 | 28.95 |
| 308 | 159.30 | 55.15 | 46.90 | 6.46 | 56.26 | 44.91 |
| 309 | 75.10 | 66.32 | 4.25 | 4.25 | 22.53 | 22.53 |
| 310 | 151.65 | 145.15 | 20.17 | 14.14 | 54.12 | 28.95 |
| 311 | 159.30 | 55.15 | 46.90 | 6.46 | 56.26 | 44.91 |
| 312 | 251.01 | 248.88 | 27.16 | 27.16 | 75.30 | 75.30 |
| 313 | 159.30 | 97.43 | 34.13 | 6.46 | 56.26 | 44.91 |
| 314 | 159.30 | 97.43 | 31.85 | 6.46 | 56.26 | 44.91 |
| 315 | 159.30 | 48.27 | 14.82 | 6.46 | 56.26 | 44.91 |
| 316 | 159.30 | 48.27 | 14.82 | 6.46 | 56.26 | 44.91 |

Design Ratio

| Member ID | P | M _z | M _y | V _y | V _z | (P,M _z ,M _y) | Worst LC | KL/r | δ | Status |
|-----------|-------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|-------------------------------------|----------|--------------|--------------|--------|
| 1 | 0.089 | 0.475 | 0.069 | 0.008 | 0.007 | 0.479 | #32 | 0.438 | Not Required | Pass |
| 2 | 0.002 | 0.351 | 0.022 | 0.076 | 0.004 | 0.368 | #21 | 0.054 | Not Required | Pass |
| 3 | 0.002 | 0.535 | 0.014 | 0.053 | 0.005 | 0.550 | #21 | 0.046 | Not Required | Pass |
| 4 | 0.001 | 0.519 | 0.033 | 0.052 | 0.008 | 0.552 | #21 | 0.122 | Not Required | Pass |
| 5 | 0.001 | 0.331 | 0.014 | 0.053 | 0.003 | 0.337 | #21 | 0.076 | Not Required | Pass |
| 6 | 0.001 | 0.637 | 0.030 | 0.065 | 0.007 | 0.667 | #21 | 0.046 | Not Required | Pass |
| 7 | 0.002 | 0.394 | 0.043 | 0.063 | 0.013 | 0.412 | #21 | 0.076 | Not Required | Pass |
| 8 | 0.002 | 0.090 | 0.049 | 0.041 | 0.004 | 0.097 | #21 | 0.102 | Not Required | Pass |
| 9 | 0.003 | 0.078 | 0.028 | 0.002 | 0.002 | 0.107 | #21 | 0.206 | Not Required | Pass |
| 10 | 0.002 | 0.615 | 0.029 | 0.062 | 0.005 | 0.618 | #21 | 0.082 | Not Required | Pass |
| 11 | 0.002 | 0.091 | 0.052 | 0.042 | 0.004 | 0.093 | #21 | 0.102 | Not Required | Pass |
| 12 | 0.001 | 0.458 | 0.025 | 0.092 | 0.005 | 0.477 | #21 | 0.054 | Not Required | Pass |
| 13 | 0.004 | 0.176 | 0.102 | 0.053 | 0.004 | 0.225 | #21 | 0.306 | Not Required | Pass |
| 14 | 0.002 | 0.173 | 0.098 | 0.051 | 0.004 | 0.209 | #21 | 0.204 | Not Required | Pass |
| 15 | 0.000 | 0.051 | 0.023 | 0.023 | 0.002 | 0.074 | #21 | Not Required | Not Required | Pass |
| 16 | 0.000 | 0.050 | 0.023 | 0.022 | 0.002 | 0.073 | #21 | Not Required | Not Required | Pass |
| 101 | 0.113 | 0.557 | 0.012 | 0.011 | 0.001 | 0.558 | #16 | 0.438 | Not Required | Pass |
| 102 | 0.001 | 0.526 | 0.031 | 0.108 | 0.005 | 0.551 | #21 | 0.036 | Not Required | Pass |
| 103 | 0.002 | 0.750 | 0.011 | 0.075 | 0.001 | 0.763 | #21 | 0.046 | Not Required | Pass |
| 104 | 0.002 | 0.732 | 0.033 | 0.073 | 0.007 | 0.750 | #21 | 0.082 | Not Required | Pass |
| 105 | 0.002 | 0.465 | 0.037 | 0.075 | 0.010 | 0.477 | #21 | 0.076 | Not Required | Pass |
| 106 | 0.002 | 0.734 | 0.008 | 0.073 | 0.001 | 0.739 | #21 | 0.046 | Not Required | Pass |
| 107 | 0.002 | 0.455 | 0.033 | 0.073 | 0.009 | 0.463 | #21 | 0.076 | Not Required | Pass |
| 108 | 0.001 | 0.073 | 0.042 | 0.045 | 0.004 | 0.116 | #21 | 0.102 | Not Required | Pass |
| 109 | 0.004 | 0.083 | 0.012 | 0.001 | 0.000 | 0.097 | #21 | 0.206 | Not Required | Pass |
| 110 | 0.002 | 0.713 | 0.035 | 0.071 | 0.008 | 0.738 | #21 | 0.082 | Not Required | Pass |

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|--------------|--------------|------|
| 111 | 0.002 | 0.072 | 0.043 | 0.046 | 0.004 | 0.116 | #21 | 0.102 | Not Required | Pass |
| 112 | 0.001 | 0.507 | 0.031 | 0.105 | 0.005 | 0.531 | #21 | 0.054 | Not Required | Pass |
| 113 | 0.004 | 0.289 | 0.095 | 0.060 | 0.004 | 0.358 | #21 | 0.306 | Not Required | Pass |
| 114 | 0.004 | 0.291 | 0.095 | 0.059 | 0.004 | 0.355 | #21 | 0.306 | Not Required | Pass |
| 115 | 0.007 | 0.536 | 0.048 | 0.049 | 0.004 | 0.588 | #21 | 0.644 | Not Required | Pass |
| 116 | 0.005 | 0.521 | 0.050 | 0.048 | 0.004 | 0.573 | #21 | 0.644 | Not Required | Pass |
| 201 | 0.113 | 0.557 | 0.012 | 0.011 | 0.001 | 0.558 | #16 | 0.438 | Not Required | Pass |
| 202 | 0.001 | 0.507 | 0.031 | 0.105 | 0.005 | 0.531 | #21 | 0.054 | Not Required | Pass |
| 203 | 0.002 | 0.734 | 0.008 | 0.073 | 0.001 | 0.739 | #21 | 0.046 | Not Required | Pass |
| 204 | 0.002 | 0.713 | 0.035 | 0.071 | 0.008 | 0.738 | #21 | 0.082 | Not Required | Pass |
| 205 | 0.002 | 0.455 | 0.033 | 0.073 | 0.009 | 0.463 | #21 | 0.076 | Not Required | Pass |
| 206 | 0.002 | 0.750 | 0.011 | 0.075 | 0.001 | 0.763 | #21 | 0.046 | Not Required | Pass |
| 207 | 0.002 | 0.465 | 0.037 | 0.075 | 0.010 | 0.477 | #21 | 0.076 | Not Required | Pass |
| 208 | 0.002 | 0.062 | 0.047 | 0.048 | 0.004 | 0.109 | #21 | 0.102 | Not Required | Pass |
| 209 | 0.004 | 0.083 | 0.012 | 0.001 | 0.000 | 0.097 | #21 | 0.206 | Not Required | Pass |
| 210 | 0.002 | 0.732 | 0.033 | 0.073 | 0.007 | 0.750 | #21 | 0.082 | Not Required | Pass |
| 211 | 0.002 | 0.061 | 0.047 | 0.049 | 0.004 | 0.108 | #21 | 0.102 | Not Required | Pass |
| 212 | 0.001 | 0.526 | 0.031 | 0.108 | 0.005 | 0.551 | #21 | 0.036 | Not Required | Pass |
| 213 | 0.004 | 0.289 | 0.095 | 0.060 | 0.004 | 0.358 | #21 | 0.306 | Not Required | Pass |
| 214 | 0.004 | 0.291 | 0.095 | 0.059 | 0.004 | 0.355 | #21 | 0.306 | Not Required | Pass |
| 215 | 0.006 | 0.395 | 0.049 | 0.046 | 0.004 | 0.448 | #21 | 0.644 | Not Required | Pass |
| 216 | 0.004 | 0.376 | 0.049 | 0.045 | 0.004 | 0.426 | #21 | 0.644 | Not Required | Pass |
| 301 | 0.089 | 0.475 | 0.069 | 0.008 | 0.007 | 0.479 | #32 | 0.438 | Not Required | Pass |
| 302 | 0.001 | 0.458 | 0.025 | 0.092 | 0.005 | 0.477 | #21 | 0.054 | Not Required | Pass |
| 303 | 0.001 | 0.637 | 0.030 | 0.065 | 0.007 | 0.667 | #21 | 0.046 | Not Required | Pass |
| 304 | 0.002 | 0.615 | 0.029 | 0.062 | 0.005 | 0.618 | #21 | 0.082 | Not Required | Pass |
| 305 | 0.002 | 0.394 | 0.043 | 0.063 | 0.013 | 0.412 | #21 | 0.076 | Not Required | Pass |
| 306 | 0.002 | 0.535 | 0.014 | 0.053 | 0.005 | 0.550 | #21 | 0.046 | Not Required | Pass |
| 307 | 0.001 | 0.331 | 0.014 | 0.053 | 0.003 | 0.337 | #21 | 0.076 | Not Required | Pass |
| 308 | 0.000 | 0.050 | 0.023 | 0.022 | 0.002 | 0.073 | #21 | Not Required | Not Required | Pass |
| 309 | 0.003 | 0.078 | 0.028 | 0.002 | 0.002 | 0.107 | #21 | 0.206 | Not Required | Pass |
| 310 | 0.001 | 0.519 | 0.033 | 0.052 | 0.008 | 0.552 | #21 | 0.122 | Not Required | Pass |
| 311 | 0.000 | 0.051 | 0.023 | 0.023 | 0.002 | 0.074 | #21 | Not Required | Not Required | Pass |
| 312 | 0.002 | 0.351 | 0.022 | 0.076 | 0.004 | 0.368 | #21 | 0.054 | Not Required | Pass |
| 313 | 0.004 | 0.176 | 0.101 | 0.053 | 0.004 | 0.225 | #21 | 0.204 | Not Required | Pass |
| 314 | 0.002 | 0.173 | 0.098 | 0.051 | 0.004 | 0.209 | #21 | 0.306 | Not Required | Pass |
| 315 | 0.007 | 0.560 | 0.052 | 0.042 | 0.004 | 0.610 | #21 | 0.644 | Not Required | Pass |
| 316 | 0.005 | 0.546 | 0.050 | 0.041 | 0.004 | 0.597 | #21 | 0.644 | Not Required | Pass |

Definitions

| | |
|----------|--|
| Φ_t | Safety factor for tensile |
| Φ_c | Safety factor for compression |
| Φ_b | Safety factor for flexure |
| Φ_v | Safety factor for shear |
| E | Modulus of elasticity |
| F_y | Specified minimum yield stress |
| F_u | Specified minimum tensile strength |
| A | Cross-sectional area |
| J | Torsional constant |
| I_{yp} | Moment of inertia about the Y axes |
| I_{zp} | Moment of inertia about the Z axes |
| I_w | Warping constant |
| S_{yp} | Plastic section modulus about the Y axis |
| S_{zp} | Plastic section modulus about the Z axis |

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| KL | Effective length |
| C_b | Buckling modification factor (from all load combinations) |
| L_b | Length between braced points |
| LST | Limited slenderness for tension |
| LSC | Limited slenderness for compression |
| LD | Limited deflection |
| P_n | Nominal axial strength (tension/compression) |
| M_n | Nominal flexural strength (about Z/Y axis) |
| V_n | Nominal shear strength (along Z/Y axis) |
| P | Design ratio in case of axial force |
| M_z | Design ratio in case of bending about Z axis |
| M_y | Design ratio in case of bending about Y axis |
| V_y | Design ratio in case of shear along Y axis |
| V_z | Design ratio in case of shear along Z axis |
| (P, M_z , M_y) | Design ratio in case of axial force and bending action |
| KL/r | Design ratio in case of section slenderness |
| δ | Design ratio in case of member deflection |
| OK | Capacity is provided |
| NG | Capacity is not provided |

| REFERENCES | CALCULATIONS | RESULTS |
|------------|--------------|---------|
|------------|--------------|---------|

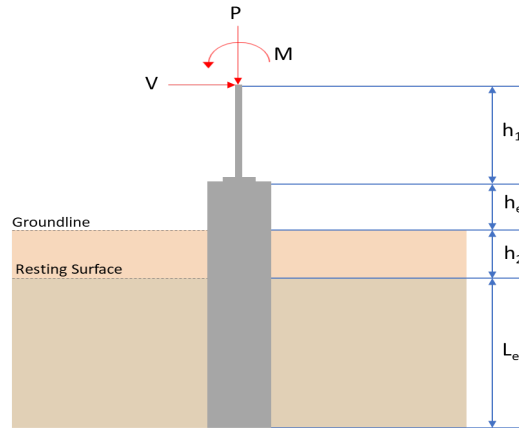
SkyCiv Foundation Design

Pile Foundation

Design Information :

Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code)
Unit System : Imperial

Pile Input



Geometry

Pile shape: rectangular

$b = 48$ in - Pile width

$D = 48$ in - Pile depth

$L = 5.25$ ft - Total pile length

$h_1 = 0$ ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile,

$h_2 = 0$ ft - Depth to resisting surface

$h_e = 0$ ft - Length of pile above the ground

Tabulation of Soil Parameters

| Layer | Label | Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf) | Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft) |
|-------|---|--|---|
| 1 | Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel | 2000.000 | 150.000 |

Tabulation of Loads

| Load Component | ASD | LRFD |
|----------------|--------|--------|
| P (kip) | 8.558 | 12.810 |
| V_x (kip) | -0.374 | -0.629 |
| V_z (kip) | 0.345 | 0.523 |
| M_x (kipft) | 0.768 | 1.169 |
| M_z (kipft) | 11.722 | 20.075 |

Material Properties

$f'_{ck} = 2.5$ ksi - Concrete strength.

Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD)

H - Point of application of the lateral load

$$H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$$

$$H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$H = 0 \text{ ft}$$

Considering x-direction:

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.374 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.059554 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(11.722 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.374 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 1.8666 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R} \right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R} \right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,x} = 5.081 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in x-direction,

Considering z-direction:

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(0.345 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = 0.054936 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.768 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.345 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.12229 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_z^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R} \right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R} \right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,z} = 2.6449 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in z-direction,

Minimum embedded depth required:

$L_{e,req}$ - Depth of pile required,

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$$

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(5.081 \text{ ft}), (2.6449 \text{ ft})]$$

$$L_{e,req} = 5.081 \text{ ft}$$

L_e - Actual embedded length of pile,

$$L_e = L - h_e - h_2$$

$$L_e = (5.25 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$L_e = 5.25 \text{ ft}$$

Ratio - Embedded depth

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(5.081 \text{ ft})}{(5.25 \text{ ft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.96781$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.970**

End-bearing Capacity (ASD)

A - Pile cross-section area

$$A = b D$$

$$A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$$

q - End-bearing pressure

$$q = \frac{P_v}{A}$$

$$q = \frac{(8.558 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$$

$$q = 0.53487 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check bearing capacity ratio:

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.53487 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.26744$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.270**

Czerniak

Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):

L/D - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,

$$L/D = \frac{L}{D}$$

$$L/D = \frac{(5.25 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$$

$$L/D = 1.3125$$

Since $L/D \leq 10$,

Pile is short.

Considering x-direction:

$H_o = -0.059554 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 1.8666 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (1.8666 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (5.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.059554 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (1.8666 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.059554 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 3.5439 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (1.8666 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.059554 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.25 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(5.25 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (1.8666 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.059554 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.25 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.23313 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (1.8666 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.059554 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.25 \text{ ft}))]}{(5.25 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.74459 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(3.5439 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.2658 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.23313 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.2658 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.87711$$

p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (5.25 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 0.7875 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.74459 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.7875 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.94551$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.880**

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.950**

Considering z-direction:

$H_o = 0.054936 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 0.12229 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.12229 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (5.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.054936 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.12229 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.054936 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 3.7674 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 \times (0.12229 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (0.054936 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.25 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(5.25 \text{ ft})^2 [(3 \times (0.12229 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (0.054936 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.25 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.052894 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (0.12229 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((0.054936 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.25 \text{ ft}))]}{(5.25 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.11603 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(3.7674 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.28256 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.052894 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.28256 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.1872$$

p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e .

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (5.25 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 0.7875 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.11603 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.7875 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.14734$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.190**

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.150**



Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.629 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.10016 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(20.075 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.629 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 3.1967 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(3.1967 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.10016 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 31.916 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (3.1967 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (5.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.10016 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (3.1967 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.10016 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = \frac{(-0.10016 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})}{(6 \times (3.1967 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.10016 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 3.5432 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.10016 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (31.916 \text{ ft})}{(5.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.5432 \text{ ft})}{(5.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (31.916 \text{ ft})}{(5.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.5432 \text{ ft})}{(5.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 4.5843 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth a/2,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.10016 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (5.25 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(31.916 \text{ ft})}{(5.25 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(3.5432 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5.25 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (31.916 \text{ ft})}{(5.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.5432 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (31.916 \text{ ft})}{(5.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.5432 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 11.841 \text{ kipft}$$

Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(0.523 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = 0.08328 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(1.169 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.523 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.18615 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.18615 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(0.08328 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 2.2352 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.18615 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (5.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.08328 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.18615 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.08328 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 3.767 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((0.08328 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (2.2352 \text{ ft})}{(5.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.767 \text{ ft})}{(5.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] \right. \\ \left. + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (2.2352 \text{ ft})}{(5.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.767 \text{ ft})}{(5.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.47346 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o b L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) \right. \\ \left. - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((0.08328 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (5.25 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(2.2352 \text{ ft})}{(5.25 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(3.767 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5.25 \text{ ft})} \right) \right. \\ \left. - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (2.2352 \text{ ft})}{(5.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.767 \text{ ft})}{(2 \times (5.25 \text{ ft}))} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (2.2352 \text{ ft})}{(5.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.767 \text{ ft})}{(2 \times (5.25 \text{ ft}))} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 1.0872 \text{ kipft}$$

Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$ - Concrete strength,

$f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$ - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,

$\phi = 0.65$ - Reduction factor for axial strength,

$\alpha = 0.8$ - Alpha factor for axial strength,

$A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$ - Gross area of concrete,

Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load, $A_{st,required}$

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{(12.81 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -84.17 \text{ in}^2$$

A_{min} - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-84.17 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$$

n_{rebar} - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 14$$

A_{st} - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$$

Table 22.4.2.1

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

| | | |
|---|---|--|
| <p>25.2.3</p> <p>25.7.2.2</p> <p>25.7.2.1</p> | <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = 0.96556$</p> <p>$s_{rebar} = \text{Min spacing of reinforcement,}$</p> $s_{rebar} = \text{Max}[1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$ $s_{rebar} = \text{Max}[1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$ $s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$ <p>Ties:</p> <p>Since longitudinal reinforcement is \leq No. 10ø: Use #3(0.375 in)</p> <p>s_{ties} - Maximum spacing of ties,</p> $s_{ties} = \text{Min}[(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), \text{Min}(D, b)]$ $s_{ties} = \text{Min}[(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), \text{Min}((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]$ $s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$ <p>Summary:</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Main reinforcement: 14 - #5 (0.625 in) Ties: #3(0.375 in) - 10 in</p> | <p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.970</p> |
| <p>22.4.2.2</p> | <p>Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p>ϕP_N - Allowable axial compressive strength</p> $\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_y k A_{st})]$ $\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times [(0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2))]$ $\phi P_N = 2675.2 \text{ kip}$ <p><i>Ratio</i> - Capacity</p> $Ratio = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$ $Ratio = \frac{(12.81 \text{ kip})}{(2675.2 \text{ kip})}$ $Ratio = 0.0047885$ | <p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000</p> |
| <p>22.5.2.2</p> <p>22.5.5.1.3</p> <p>22.5.5.1.1</p> | <p>Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p>Parameters:</p> <p>$b_w = 48 \text{ in}$ - Effective width, d - Effective depth</p> $d = 0.80 D$ $d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})$ $d = 38.4 \text{ in}$ <p>λ_s - size effect modification factor</p> $\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$ $\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$ $\lambda_s = 0.64282$ <p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,</p> <p>$V_{c,max}$ - Max shear strength of concrete</p> $V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ | |

$$V_{c,max} = 296.21 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.1(a) The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $P = 12.81 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 12810 \text{ lbf}$,
 $V_{c,a}$ - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck} + \frac{P}{6 A_g}} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi}) + \frac{(12810 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)}} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 120.19 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{c,b}$ - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck} + (0.05 f'_{ck})} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi}) + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi}))} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 348.89 \text{ kip}$$

V_c - Governing shear strength of concrete

$$V_c = \text{Min}[V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min}[(296.21 \text{ kip}), (120.19 \text{ kip}), (348.89 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 120.19 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{s,a}$ - Shear strength of steel (a)

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{s,a} = 737.28 \text{ kip}$$

A_v - Ties rebar area,

$$A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$$

22.5.8.5.3 $V_{s,b}$ - Shear strength of steel (b)

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yw} d}{s_{ties}}$$

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$$

$$V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$$

V_s - Governing shear strength of steel

$$V_s = \text{MIN}[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$$

$$V_s = \text{MIN}[(737.28 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.1.1 ϕV_n - Allowable shear strength

$$\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$$

$$\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((120.19 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$$

$$\phi V_n = 111.21 \text{ kip}$$

Considering x-direction:

$V_{max} = 4.5843 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the x-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(4.5843 \text{ kip})}{(111.21 \text{ kip})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.041223$$

Considering z-direction:

$V_{max} = 0.47346 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the z-direction,
Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.47346 \text{ kip})}{(111.21 \text{ kip})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.0042575$$

Status: **PASS**
 Ratio: **0.040**

Status: **PASS**
 Ratio: **0.000**

Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)

S_m - Section modulus

$$S_m = \frac{b D^2}{6}$$

$$S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$$

$$S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$$

$\lambda = 1$ - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete),

Allowable flexural strength:

M_n shall be the lesser of:

$\phi M_{n,1}$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{(2.5 \text{ ksi})} \times 18432.001 \text{ in}^3$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 249.600 \text{ kipft}$$

14.5.2.1b

$\phi M_{n,2}$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_c \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (18432 \text{ in}^3)$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = 2121.6 \text{ kipft}$$

Therefore,

ϕM_n - Allowable flexural strength,

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$$

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(249.6 \text{ kipft}), (2121.6 \text{ kipft})]$$

$$\phi M_n = 249.6 \text{ kipft}$$

Considering x-direction:

$M_{max} = 11.841 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the x-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(11.841 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.047438$$

Status: **PASS**
 Ratio: **0.050**

Considering z-direction:

$M_{max} = 1.0872 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the z-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(1.0872 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.0043556$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**

| REFERENCES | CALCULATIONS | RESULTS |
|------------|--------------|---------|
|------------|--------------|---------|

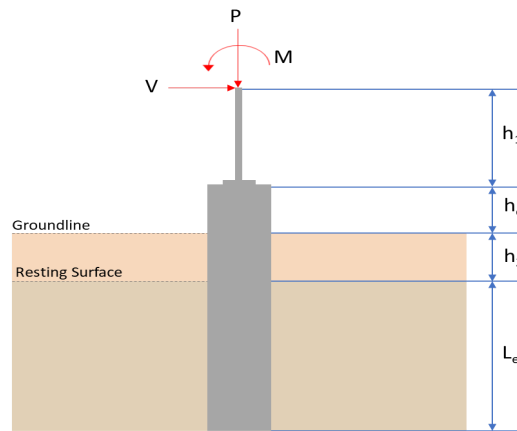
SkyCiv Foundation Design

Pile Foundation

Design Information :

Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code)
Unit System : Imperial

Pile Input



Geometry

Pile shape: rectangular

$b = 48$ in - Pile width

$D = 48$ in - Pile depth

$L = 5.25$ ft - Total pile length

$h_1 = 0$ ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile,

$h_2 = 0$ ft - Depth to resisting surface

$h_e = 0$ ft - Length of pile above the ground

Tabulation of Soil Parameters

| Layer | Label | Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf) | Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft) |
|-------|---|--|---|
| 1 | Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel | 2000.000 | 150.000 |

Tabulation of Loads

| Load Component | ASD | LRFD |
|----------------|--------|--------|
| P (kip) | 8.558 | 12.810 |
| V_x (kip) | -0.374 | -0.629 |
| V_z (kip) | -0.345 | -0.523 |
| M_x (kipft) | -0.768 | -1.169 |
| M_z (kipft) | 11.722 | 20.075 |

Material Properties

$f'_{ck} = 2.5$ ksi - Concrete strength.

Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD)

H - Point of application of the lateral load

$$H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$$

$$H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$H = 0 \text{ ft}$$

Considering x-direction:

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.374 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.059554 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(11.722 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.374 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 1.8666 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R} \right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R} \right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,x} = 5.081 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in x-direction,

Considering z-direction:

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.345 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.054936 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.768 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.345 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.12229 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_z^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R} \right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R} \right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,z} = 1.637 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in z-direction,

Minimum embedded depth required:

$L_{e,req}$ - Depth of pile required,

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$$

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(5.081 \text{ ft}), (1.637 \text{ ft})]$$

$$L_{e,req} = 5.081 \text{ ft}$$

L_e - Actual embedded length of pile,

$$L_e = L - h_e - h_2$$

$$L_e = (5.25 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$L_e = 5.25 \text{ ft}$$

Ratio - Embedded depth

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(5.081 \text{ ft})}{(5.25 \text{ ft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.96781$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.970**

End-bearing Capacity (ASD)

A - Pile cross-section area

$$A = b D$$

$$A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$$

q - End-bearing pressure

$$q = \frac{P_v}{A}$$

$$q = \frac{(8.558 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$$

$$q = 0.53487 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check bearing capacity ratio:

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.53487 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.26744$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.270**

Czerniak

Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):

L/D - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,

$$L/D = \frac{L}{D}$$

$$L/D = \frac{(5.25 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$$

$$L/D = 1.3125$$

Since $L/D \leq 10$,

Pile is short.

Considering x-direction:

$H_o = -0.059554 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 1.8666 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (1.8666 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (5.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.059554 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (1.8666 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.059554 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 3.5439 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (1.8666 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.059554 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.25 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(5.25 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (1.8666 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.059554 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.25 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.23313 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (1.8666 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.059554 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.25 \text{ ft}))]}{(5.25 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.74459 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(3.5439 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.2658 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.23313 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.2658 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.87711$$

p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (5.25 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 0.7875 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.74459 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.7875 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.94551$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.880**

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.950**

Considering z-direction:

$H_o = -0.054936 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 0.12229 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.12229 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (5.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.054936 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.12229 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.054936 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 3.7674 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (0.12229 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.054936 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.25 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(5.25 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (0.12229 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.054936 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.25 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = -0.01833 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (0.12229 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.054936 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.25 \text{ ft}))]}{(5.25 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = -0.0095411 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(3.7674 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.28256 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(-0.01833 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.28256 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = -0.064873$$

p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (5.25 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 0.7875 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(-0.0095411 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.7875 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = -0.012116$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **-0.060**

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **-0.010**



Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.629 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.10016 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(20.075 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.629 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 3.1967 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(3.1967 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.10016 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 31.916 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (3.1967 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (5.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.10016 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (3.1967 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.10016 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = \frac{(-0.10016 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})}{(6 \times (3.1967 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.10016 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 3.5432 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.10016 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (31.916 \text{ ft})}{(5.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.5432 \text{ ft})}{(5.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (31.916 \text{ ft})}{(5.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.5432 \text{ ft})}{(5.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 4.5843 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth a/2,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.10016 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (5.25 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(31.916 \text{ ft})}{(5.25 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(3.5432 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5.25 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (31.916 \text{ ft})}{(5.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.5432 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (31.916 \text{ ft})}{(5.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.5432 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 11.841 \text{ kipft}$$

Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.523 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.08328 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(1.169 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.523 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.18615 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.18615 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.08328 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 2.2352 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.18615 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (5.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.08328 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.18615 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.08328 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 3.767 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.08328 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (2.2352 \text{ ft})}{(5.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.767 \text{ ft})}{(5.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (2.2352 \text{ ft})}{(5.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.767 \text{ ft})}{(5.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.47346 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o b L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.08328 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (5.25 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(2.2352 \text{ ft})}{(5.25 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(3.767 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5.25 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (2.2352 \text{ ft})}{(5.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.767 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (2.2352 \text{ ft})}{(5.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.767 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 1.0872 \text{ kipft}$$

Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$ - Concrete strength,

$f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$ - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,

$\phi = 0.65$ - Reduction factor for axial strength,

$\alpha = 0.8$ - Alpha factor for axial strength,

$A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$ - Gross area of concrete,

Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load, $A_{st,required}$

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{(12.81 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -84.17 \text{ in}^2$$

A_{min} - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-84.17 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$$

n_{rebar} - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 14$$

A_{st} - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$$

Table 22.4.2.1

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

| | | |
|---|---|--|
| <p>25.2.3</p> <p>25.7.2.2</p> <p>25.7.2.1</p> | <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = 0.96556$</p> <p>$s_{rebar} = Max[1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$</p> <p>$s_{rebar} = Max[1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$</p> <p>$s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$</p> <p>Ties:</p> <p>Since longitudinal reinforcement is \leq No. 10: Use #3(0.375 in)</p> <p>$s_{ties} = Min[(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), Min(D, b)]$</p> <p>$s_{ties} = Min[(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), Min((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]$</p> <p>$s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$</p> <p>Summary:</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Main reinforcement: 14 - #5 (0.625 in) Ties: #3(0.375 in) - 10 in</p> | <p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.970</p> |
| <p>22.4.2.2</p> | <p>Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p>ϕP_N - Allowable axial compressive strength</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_y A_{st})]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times [(0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2))]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\phi P_N = 2675.2 \text{ kip}$</p> <p>Ratio - Capacity</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = \frac{(12.81 \text{ kip})}{(2675.2 \text{ kip})}$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = 0.0047885$</p> | <p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000</p> |
| <p>22.5.2.2</p> <p>22.5.5.1.3</p> <p>22.5.5.1.1</p> | <p>Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p>Parameters:</p> <p>$b_w = 48 \text{ in}$ - Effective width, d - Effective depth</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$d = 0.80 D$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$d = 38.4 \text{ in}$</p> <p>λ_s - size effect modification factor</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\lambda_s = MIN \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\lambda_s = MIN \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\lambda_s = 0.64282$</p> <p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,</p> <p>$V_{c,max}$ - Max shear strength of concrete</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$</p> | |

$$V_{c,max} = 296.21 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.1(a) The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $P = 12.81 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 12810 \text{ lbf}$,
 $V_{c,a}$ - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck} + \frac{P}{6 A_g}} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi}) + \frac{(12810 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)}} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 120.19 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{c,b}$ - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck} + (0.05 f'_{ck})} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi}) + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi}))} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 348.89 \text{ kip}$$

V_c - Governing shear strength of concrete

$$V_c = \text{Min}[V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min}[(296.21 \text{ kip}), (120.19 \text{ kip}), (348.89 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 120.19 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{s,a}$ - Shear strength of steel (a)

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{s,a} = 737.28 \text{ kip}$$

A_v - Ties rebar area,

$$A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$$

22.5.8.5.3 $V_{s,b}$ - Shear strength of steel (b)

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yw} d}{s_{ties}}$$

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$$

$$V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$$

V_s - Governing shear strength of steel

$$V_s = \text{MIN}[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$$

$$V_s = \text{MIN}[(737.28 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.1.1 ϕV_n - Allowable shear strength

$$\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$$

$$\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((120.19 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$$

$$\phi V_n = 111.21 \text{ kip}$$

Considering x-direction:

$V_{max} = 4.5843 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the x-direction,

$Ratio$ - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(4.5843 \text{ kip})}{(111.21 \text{ kip})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.041223$$

Considering z-direction:

$V_{max} = 0.47346 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the z-direction,
Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.47346 \text{ kip})}{(111.21 \text{ kip})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.0042575$$

Status: **PASS**
 Ratio: **0.040**

Status: **PASS**
 Ratio: **0.000**

Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)

S_m - Section modulus

$$S_m = \frac{b D^2}{6}$$

$$S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$$

$$S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$$

$\lambda = 1$ - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete),

Allowable flexural strength:

M_n shall be the lesser of:

$\phi M_{n,1}$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{(2.5 \text{ ksi})} \times 18432.001 \text{ in}^3$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 249.600 \text{ kipft}$$

14.5.2.1b

$\phi M_{n,2}$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_{ck} \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (18432 \text{ in}^3)$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = 2121.6 \text{ kipft}$$

Therefore,

ϕM_n - Allowable flexural strength,

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$$

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(249.6 \text{ kipft}), (2121.6 \text{ kipft})]$$

$$\phi M_n = 249.6 \text{ kipft}$$

Considering x-direction:

$M_{max} = 11.841 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the x-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(11.841 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.047438$$

Status: **PASS**
 Ratio: **0.050**

Considering z-direction:

$M_{max} = 1.0872 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the z-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(1.0872 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.0043556$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**

| REFERENCES | CALCULATIONS | RESULTS |
|------------|--------------|---------|
|------------|--------------|---------|

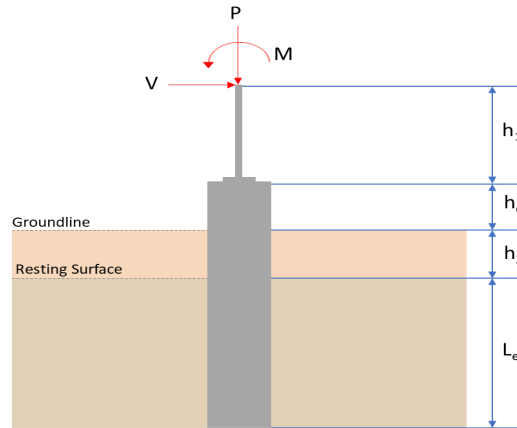
SkyCiv Foundation Design

Pile Foundation

Design Information :

Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code)
Unit System : Imperial

Pile Input



Geometry

Pile shape: rectangular

$b = 48$ in - Pile width

$D = 48$ in - Pile depth

$L = 5.5$ ft - Total pile length

$h_1 = 0$ ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile,

$h_2 = 0$ ft - Depth to resisting surface

$h_e = 0$ ft - Length of pile above the ground

Tabulation of Soil Parameters

| Layer | Label | Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf) | Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft) |
|-------|---|--|---|
| 1 | Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel | 2000.000 | 150.000 |

Tabulation of Loads

| Load Component | ASD | LRFD |
|----------------|--------|--------|
| P (kip) | 10.778 | 16.167 |
| V_x (kip) | -0.475 | -0.794 |
| V_z (kip) | -0.062 | -0.094 |
| M_x (kipft) | -0.141 | -0.216 |
| M_z (kipft) | 13.748 | 23.547 |

Material Properties

$f'_{ck} = 2.5$ ksi - Concrete strength.

Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD)

H - Point of application of the lateral load

$$H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$$

$$H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$H = 0 \text{ ft}$$

Considering x-direction:

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.475 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.075637 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(13.748 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.475 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 2.1892 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R} \right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R} \right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,x} = 5.3247 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in x-direction,

Considering z-direction:

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.062 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.0098726 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.141 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.062 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.022452 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_z^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R} \right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R} \right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,z} = 1.0542 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in z-direction,

Minimum embedded depth required:

$L_{e,req}$ - Depth of pile required,

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$$

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(5.3247 \text{ ft}), (1.0542 \text{ ft})]$$

$$L_{e,req} = 5.325 \text{ ft}$$

L_e - Actual embedded length of pile,

$$L_e = L - h_e - h_2$$

$$L_e = (5.5 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$L_e = 5.5 \text{ ft}$$

Ratio - Embedded depth

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(5.325 \text{ ft})}{(5.5 \text{ ft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.96818$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.970**

End-bearing Capacity (ASD)

A - Pile cross-section area

$$A = b D$$

$$A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$$

q - End-bearing pressure

$$q = \frac{P_v}{A}$$

$$q = \frac{(10.778 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$$

$$q = 0.67363 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check bearing capacity ratio:

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.67363 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.33681$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.340**

Czerniak

Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):

L/D - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,

$$L/D = \frac{L}{D}$$

$$L/D = \frac{(5.5 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$$

$$L/D = 1.375$$

Since $L/D \leq 10$,

Pile is short.

Considering x-direction:

$H_o = -0.075637 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 2.1892 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (2.1892 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.075637 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (2.1892 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.075637 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 3.7182 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (2.1892 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.075637 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(5.5 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (2.1892 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.075637 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.24372 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (2.1892 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.075637 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft}))]}{(5.5 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.78592 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(3.7182 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.27887 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.24372 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.27887 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.87397$$

p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 0.825 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.78592 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.825 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.95263$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.870**

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.950**

Considering z-direction:

$H_o = -0.0098726 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 0.022452 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.022452 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.0098726 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.022452 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.0098726 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 3.9495 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (0.022452 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.0098726 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(5.5 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (0.022452 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.0098726 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = -0.0032115 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (0.022452 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.0098726 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft}))]}{(5.5 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = -0.0018635 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(3.9495 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.29622 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(-0.0032115 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.29622 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = -0.010842$$

p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 0.825 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(-0.0018635 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.825 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = -0.0022587$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **-0.010**

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**



Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.794 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.12643 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(23.547 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.794 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 3.7495 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(3.7495 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.12643 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 29.656 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (3.7495 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.12643 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (3.7495 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.12643 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = \frac{(-0.12643 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft})}{(6 \times (3.7495 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.12643 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 3.7171 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.12643 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (29.656 \text{ ft})}{(5.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.7171 \text{ ft})}{(5.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (29.656 \text{ ft})}{(5.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.7171 \text{ ft})}{(5.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 5.1694 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth a/2,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.12643 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(29.656 \text{ ft})}{(5.5 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(3.7171 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5.5 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (29.656 \text{ ft})}{(5.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.7171 \text{ ft})}{(2 \times (5.5 \text{ ft}))} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (29.656 \text{ ft})}{(5.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.7171 \text{ ft})}{(2 \times (5.5 \text{ ft}))} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 13.96 \text{ kipft}$$

Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.094 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.014968 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.216 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.094 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.034395 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.034395 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.014968 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 2.2979 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.034395 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.014968 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.034395 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.014968 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 3.9484 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.014968 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (2.2979 \text{ ft})}{(5.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.9484 \text{ ft})}{(5.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] \right. \\ \left. + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (2.2979 \text{ ft})}{(5.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.9484 \text{ ft})}{(5.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.084265 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o \ b \ L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) \right. \\ \left. - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.014968 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(2.2979 \text{ ft})}{(5.5 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(3.9484 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5.5 \text{ ft})} \right) \right. \\ \left. - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (2.2979 \text{ ft})}{(5.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.9484 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (2.2979 \text{ ft})}{(5.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.9484 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 0.20243 \text{ kipft}$$

Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$ - Concrete strength,

$f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$ - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,

$\phi = 0.65$ - Reduction factor for axial strength,

$\alpha = 0.8$ - Alpha factor for axial strength,

$A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$ - Gross area of concrete,

Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load, $A_{st,required}$

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\left(\frac{16.167 \text{ kip}}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} \right) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -84.059 \text{ in}^2$$

A_{min} - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-84.059 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$$

n_{rebar} - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 14$$

A_{st} - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$$

Table 22.4.2.1

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

| | | |
|---|--|--|
| <p>25.2.3</p> <p>25.7.2.2</p> <p>25.7.2.1</p> | <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = 0.96556$</p> <p>$s_{rebar} = Minimum\ spacing\ of\ reinforcement,$</p> $s_{rebar} = Max[1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$ $s_{rebar} = Max[1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625\ in))]$ $s_{rebar} = 1.5\ in$ <p>Ties:</p> <p>Since longitudinal reinforcement is \leq No. 10: Use #3(0.375 in)</p> <p>s_{ties} - Maximum spacing of ties,</p> $s_{ties} = Min[(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), Min(D, b)]$ $s_{ties} = Min[(16 \times (0.625\ in)), (48 \times (0.375\ in)), Min((48\ in), (48\ in))]$ $s_{ties} = 10\ in$ <p>Summary:</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Main reinforcement: 14 - #5 (0.625 in) Ties: #3(0.375 in) - 10 in</p> | <p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.970</p> |
| <p>22.4.2.2</p> | <p>Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p>ϕP_N - Allowable axial compressive strength</p> $\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_y A_{st})]$ $\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times [(0.85 \times (2.5\ ksi) \times [(2304\ in^2) - (4.2951\ in^2)]) + ((60\ ksi) \times (4.2951\ in^2))]$ $\phi P_N = 2675.2\ kip$ <p><i>Ratio</i> - Capacity</p> $Ratio = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$ $Ratio = \frac{(16.167\ kip)}{(2675.2\ kip)}$ $Ratio = 0.0060433$ | <p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.010</p> |
| <p>22.5.2.2</p> <p>22.5.5.1.3</p> <p>22.5.5.1.1</p> | <p>Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p>Parameters:</p> <p>$b_w = 48\ in$ - Effective width, d - Effective depth</p> $d = 0.80 D$ $d = 0.80 \times (48\ in)$ $d = 38.4\ in$ <p>λ_s - size effect modification factor</p> $\lambda_s = MIN \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$ $\lambda_s = MIN \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4\ in)}{10}}}, 1 \right]$ $\lambda_s = 0.64282$ <p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5\ ksi \rightarrow 2500\ psi$,</p> <p>$V_{c,max}$ - Max shear strength of concrete</p> $V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500\ psi)} \times (48\ in) \times (38.4\ in)$ | |

$$V_{c,max} = 296.21 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.1(a) The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $P = 16.167 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 16167 \text{ lbf}$,
 $V_{c,a}$ - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck} + \frac{P}{6 A_g}} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi}) + \frac{(16167 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)}} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 120.64 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{c,b}$ - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck} + (0.05 f'_{ck})} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi}) + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi}))} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 348.89 \text{ kip}$$

V_c - Governing shear strength of concrete

$$V_c = \text{Min}[V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min}[(296.21 \text{ kip}), (120.64 \text{ kip}), (348.89 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 120.64 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{s,a}$ - Shear strength of steel (a)

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{s,a} = 737.28 \text{ kip}$$

A_v - Ties rebar area,

$$A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$$

22.5.8.5.3 $V_{s,b}$ - Shear strength of steel (b)

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yw} d}{s_{ties}}$$

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$$

$$V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$$

V_s - Governing shear strength of steel

$$V_s = \text{MIN}[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$$

$$V_s = \text{MIN}[(737.28 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.1.1 ϕV_n - Allowable shear strength

$$\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$$

$$\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((120.64 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$$

$$\phi V_n = 111.5 \text{ kip}$$

Considering x-direction:

$V_{max} = 5.1694 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the x-direction,

$Ratio$ - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(5.1694 \text{ kip})}{(111.5 \text{ kip})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.046363$$

Considering z-direction:

$V_{max} = 0.084265 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the z-direction,

$Ratio$ - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.084265 \text{ kip})}{(111.5 \text{ kip})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.00075576$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.050**

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**

Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)

S_m - Section modulus

$$S_m = \frac{b D^2}{6}$$

$$S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$$

$$S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$$

$\lambda = 1$ - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete),

Allowable flexural strength:

M_n shall be the lesser of:

$\phi M_{n,1}$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{(2.5 \text{ ksi})} \times 18432.001 \text{ in}^3$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 249.600 \text{ kipft}$$

14.5.2.1b

$\phi M_{n,2}$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_c \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (18432 \text{ in}^3)$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = 2121.6 \text{ kipft}$$

Therefore,

ϕM_n - Allowable flexural strength,

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$$

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(249.6 \text{ kipft}), (2121.6 \text{ kipft})]$$

$$\phi M_n = 249.6 \text{ kipft}$$

Considering x-direction:

$M_{max} = 13.96 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the x-direction,

$Ratio$ - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(13.96 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.055931$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.060**

Considering z-direction:

$M_{max} = 0.20243 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the z-direction,

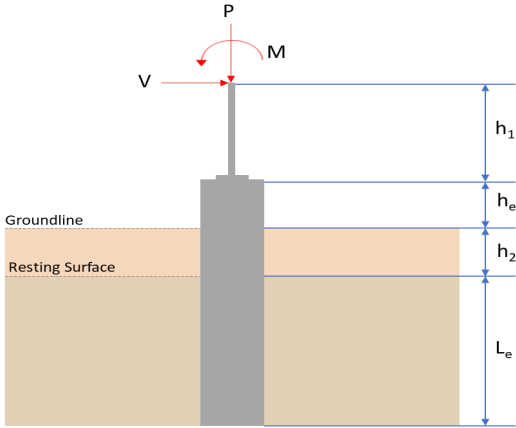
$Ratio$ - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.20243 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.000811$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**

| REFERENCES | CALCULATIONS | RESULTS | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|---|--|---|--|---|---|---|----------|---------|----------------|-----|------|-----------|--------|--------|-------------|--------|--------|-------------|-------|-------|---------------|-------|-------|---------------|--------|--------|--|
| | <p>SkyCiv Foundation Design Pile Foundation</p> <p>Design Information : Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code) Unit System : Imperial</p> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | <p>Pile Input</p>  <p>Geometry</p> <p>Pile shape: rectangular $b = 48$ in - Pile width $D = 48$ in - Pile depth $L = 5.5$ ft - Total pile length $h_1 = 0$ ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile, $h_2 = 0$ ft - Depth to resisting surface $h_e = 0$ ft - Length of pile above the ground</p> <p>Tabulation of Soil Parameters</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Layer</th> <th>Label</th> <th>Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf)</th> <th>Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel</td> <td>2000.000</td> <td>150.000</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Tabulation of Loads</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Load Component</th> <th>ASD</th> <th>LRFD</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>P (kip)</td> <td>10.778</td> <td>16.167</td> </tr> <tr> <td>V_x (kip)</td> <td>-0.475</td> <td>-0.794</td> </tr> <tr> <td>V_z (kip)</td> <td>0.062</td> <td>0.094</td> </tr> <tr> <td>M_x (kipft)</td> <td>0.141</td> <td>0.216</td> </tr> <tr> <td>M_z (kipft)</td> <td>13.748</td> <td>23.547</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Material Properties</p> <p>$f'_{ck} = 2.5$ ksi - Concrete strength.</p> | Layer | Label | Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf) | Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft) | 1 | Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel | 2000.000 | 150.000 | Load Component | ASD | LRFD | P (kip) | 10.778 | 16.167 | V_x (kip) | -0.475 | -0.794 | V_z (kip) | 0.062 | 0.094 | M_x (kipft) | 0.141 | 0.216 | M_z (kipft) | 13.748 | 23.547 | |
| Layer | Label | Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf) | Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel | 2000.000 | 150.000 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Load Component | ASD | LRFD | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| P (kip) | 10.778 | 16.167 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| V_x (kip) | -0.475 | -0.794 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| V_z (kip) | 0.062 | 0.094 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| M_x (kipft) | 0.141 | 0.216 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| M_z (kipft) | 13.748 | 23.547 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | <p>Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD)</p> <p>H - Point of application of the lateral load</p> $H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$ $H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$ $H = 0 \text{ ft}$ <p>Considering x-direction:</p> <p>H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,</p> $H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$ $H_o = \frac{(-0.475 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $H_o = -0.075637 \text{ kip/ft}$ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(13.748 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.475 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 2.1892 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R} \right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R} \right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,x} = 5.3247 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in x-direction,

Considering z-direction:

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(0.062 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = 0.0098726 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.141 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.062 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.022452 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_z^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R} \right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R} \right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,z} = 1.3771 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in z-direction,

Minimum embedded depth required:

$L_{e,req}$ - Depth of pile required,

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$$

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(5.3247 \text{ ft}), (1.3771 \text{ ft})]$$

$$L_{e,req} = 5.325 \text{ ft}$$

L_e - Actual embedded length of pile,

$$L_e = L - h_e - h_2$$

$$L_e = (5.5 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$L_e = 5.5 \text{ ft}$$

Ratio - Embedded depth

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(5.325 \text{ ft})}{(5.5 \text{ ft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.96818$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.970**

End-bearing Capacity (ASD)

A - Pile cross-section area

$$A = b D$$

$$A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$$

q - End-bearing pressure

$$q = \frac{P_v}{A}$$

$$q = \frac{(10.778 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$$

$$q = 0.67363 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check bearing capacity ratio:

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.67363 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.33681$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.340**

Czerniak

Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):

L/D - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,

$$L/D = \frac{L}{D}$$

$$L/D = \frac{(5.5 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$$

$$L/D = 1.375$$

Since $L/D \leq 10$,

Pile is short.

Considering x-direction:

$H_o = -0.075637 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 2.1892 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (2.1892 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.075637 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (2.1892 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.075637 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 3.7182 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (2.1892 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.075637 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(5.5 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (2.1892 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.075637 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.24372 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (2.1892 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.075637 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft}))]}{(5.5 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.78592 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(3.7182 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.27887 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.24372 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.27887 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.87397$$

p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 0.825 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.78592 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.825 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.95263$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.870**

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.950**

Considering z-direction:

$H_o = 0.0098726 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 0.022452 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.022452 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.0098726 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.022452 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.0098726 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 3.9495 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (0.022452 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (0.0098726 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(5.5 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (0.022452 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (0.0098726 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.0089985 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (0.022452 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((0.0098726 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft}))]}{(5.5 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.019677 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(3.9495 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.29622 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.0089985 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.29622 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.030378$$

p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 0.825 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.019677 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.825 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.023851$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.030**

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.020**



Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.794 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.12643 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(23.547 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.794 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 3.7495 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(3.7495 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.12643 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 29.656 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (3.7495 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.12643 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (3.7495 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.12643 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = \frac{(-0.12643 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})}{(6 \times (3.7495 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.12643 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 3.7171 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.12643 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (29.656 \text{ ft})}{(5.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.7171 \text{ ft})}{(5.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (29.656 \text{ ft})}{(5.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.7171 \text{ ft})}{(5.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 5.1694 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth a/2,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.12643 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(29.656 \text{ ft})}{(5.5 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(3.7171 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5.5 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (29.656 \text{ ft})}{(5.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.7171 \text{ ft})}{(2 \times (5.5 \text{ ft}))} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (29.656 \text{ ft})}{(5.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.7171 \text{ ft})}{(2 \times (5.5 \text{ ft}))} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 13.96 \text{ kipft}$$

Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(0.094 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = 0.014968 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.216 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.094 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.034395 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.034395 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(0.014968 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 2.2979 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.034395 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.014968 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.034395 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.014968 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 3.9484 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((0.014968 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (2.2979 \text{ ft})}{(5.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.9484 \text{ ft})}{(5.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] \right. \\ \left. + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (2.2979 \text{ ft})}{(5.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.9484 \text{ ft})}{(5.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.084265 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o \cdot b \cdot L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) \right. \\ \left. - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((0.014968 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (5.5 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(2.2979 \text{ ft})}{(5.5 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(3.9484 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5.5 \text{ ft})} \right) \right. \\ \left. - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (2.2979 \text{ ft})}{(5.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.9484 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (2.2979 \text{ ft})}{(5.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.9484 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 0.20243 \text{ kipft}$$

Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$ - Concrete strength,

$f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$ - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,

$\phi = 0.65$ - Reduction factor for axial strength,

$\alpha = 0.8$ - Alpha factor for axial strength,

$A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$ - Gross area of concrete,

Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load, $A_{st,required}$

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{(16.167 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -84.059 \text{ in}^2$$

A_{min} - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-84.059 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$$

n_{rebar} - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 14$$

A_{st} - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$$

Table 22.4.2.1

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

| | | |
|---|--|--|
| <p>25.2.3 s_{rebar} - Minimum spacing of reinforcement,</p> <p>25.7.2.2 Since longitudinal reinforcement is \leq No. 10ø: Use #3(0.375 in)</p> <p>25.7.2.1 s_{ties} - Maximum spacing of ties,</p> | <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = 0.96556$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$s_{rebar} = Max[1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$s_{rebar} = Max[1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$</p> <p>Ties:</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$s_{ties} = Min[(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), Min(D, b)]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$s_{ties} = Min[(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), Min((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$</p> <p>Summary:</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Main reinforcement: 14 - #5 (0.625 in) Ties: #3(0.375 in) - 10 in</p> | <p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.970</p> |
| <p>22.4.2.2 ϕP_N - Allowable axial compressive strength</p> | <p>Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_y k A_{st})]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times [(0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2))]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\phi P_N = 2675.2 \text{ kip}$</p> <p><i>Ratio - Capacity</i></p> <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = \frac{(16.167 \text{ kip})}{(2675.2 \text{ kip})}$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$Ratio = 0.0060433$</p> | <p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.010</p> |
| <p>22.5.2.2 b_w = 48 in - Effective width, d - Effective depth</p> <p>22.5.5.1.3 λ_s - size effect modification factor</p> <p>22.5.5.1.1 $V_{c,max}$ - Max shear strength of concrete</p> | <p>Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p>Parameters:</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$d = 0.80 D$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$d = 38.4 \text{ in}$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\lambda_s = MIN \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\lambda_s = MIN \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$\lambda_s = 0.64282$</p> <p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$</p> | |

$$V_{c,max} = 296.21 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.1(a) The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $P = 16.167 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 16167 \text{ lbf}$,
 $V_{c,a}$ - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck} + \frac{P}{6 A_g}} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi}) + \frac{(16167 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)}} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 120.64 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{c,b}$ - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck} + (0.05 f'_{ck})} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi}) + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi}))} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 348.89 \text{ kip}$$

V_c - Governing shear strength of concrete

$$V_c = \text{Min}[V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min}[(296.21 \text{ kip}), (120.64 \text{ kip}), (348.89 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 120.64 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{s,a}$ - Shear strength of steel (a)

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{s,a} = 737.28 \text{ kip}$$

A_v - Ties rebar area,

$$A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$$

22.5.8.5.3 $V_{s,b}$ - Shear strength of steel (b)

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yw} d}{s_{ties}}$$

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$$

$$V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$$

V_s - Governing shear strength of steel

$$V_s = \text{MIN}[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$$

$$V_s = \text{MIN}[(737.28 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.1.1 ϕV_n - Allowable shear strength

$$\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$$

$$\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((120.64 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$$

$$\phi V_n = 111.5 \text{ kip}$$

Considering x-direction:

$V_{max} = 5.1694 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the x-direction,

$Ratio$ - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(5.1694 \text{ kip})}{(111.5 \text{ kip})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.046363$$

Considering z-direction:

$V_{max} = 0.084265 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the z-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.084265 \text{ kip})}{(111.5 \text{ kip})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.00075576$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.050**

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**

Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)

S_m - Section modulus

$$S_m = \frac{b D^2}{6}$$

$$S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$$

$$S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$$

$\lambda = 1$ - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete),

Allowable flexural strength:

M_n shall be the lesser of:

$\phi M_{n,1}$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{(2.5 \text{ ksi})} \times 18432.001 \text{ in}^3$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 249.600 \text{ kipft}$$

14.5.2.1b $\phi M_{n,2}$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_{ck} \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (18432 \text{ in}^3)$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = 2121.6 \text{ kipft}$$

Therefore,

ϕM_n - Allowable flexural strength,

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$$

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(249.6 \text{ kipft}), (2121.6 \text{ kipft})]$$

$$\phi M_n = 249.6 \text{ kipft}$$

Considering x-direction:

$M_{max} = 13.96 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the x-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(13.96 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.055931$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.060**

Considering z-direction:

$M_{max} = 0.20243 \text{ kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the z-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.20243 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.000811$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**