

Your Project Calculations



Project Name: KinniSun Farm

S3D Model Link:

https://platform.skyciv.com/structural?preload_name=KinniSun%20Farm&preload_path=Shared%20Enterprise%20Folder/MT_Solar_Projects/6_2023

Public Model Link:

https://platform.skyciv.com/structural-viewer?project_id=tdwo18HJmeknetjY0BNRGyDesYV45mwIDRYD5vfLZLNDWTJefuZjw4ZPscAts21

Array Specification

Product:	Beam
Unique ID:	4P-19.75-8TOP-XD-12-L-4Hx10W-I73D
Duty Classification:	XD
Module Width:	44.60 in
Module Length:	82.67in
Number of Rows:	4
Number of Columns:	10
Total Number of Modules:	40
Desired Tilt Angle:	30
Front Edge Clearance:	8
Total Array Height at Tilt:	15.47 ft
Total Frame Length:	68.75 ft
Frame Weight:	4083 lbs
Array Dimensions N/S:	15.03 ft
Array Dimensions E/W:	69.72 ft
Rail Length:	180.40 in
Rail Spacing:	3.44 ft
Rail Check:	Not Checked

Support Specifications

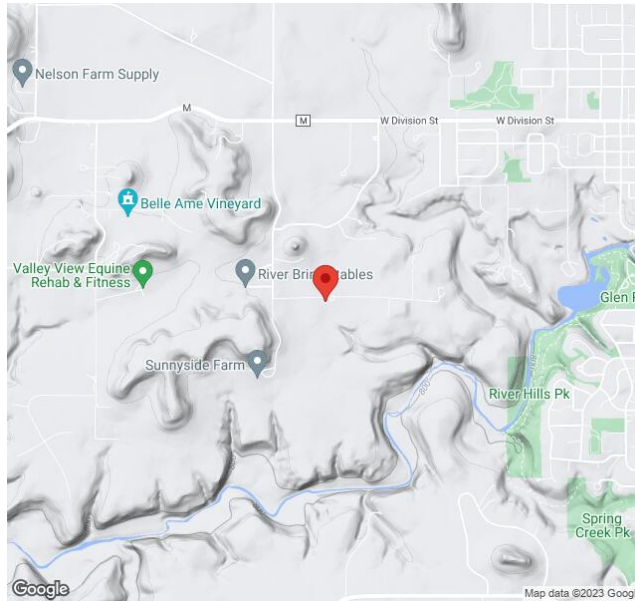
Pole Size:	8in Pipe Sch 40
Pole Length above Grade:	11.76 ft
Number of Poles:	4
Pole Spacing:	19.75 ft

Foundation Specifications

Foundation Type:	Square
Foundation Dimensions:	48 x 48 in
Foundation Depth (below grade):	Pile 1: 5.75 ft Pile 2: 6.25 ft Pile 3: 6.25 ft Pile 4: 5.75 ft
Foundation Volume:	14.222 y ³
Foundation Result:	PASSED
Mount Twist:	0.992971 kip

Site Info

Risk Category:	I
Exposure:	B
Soil Classification:	sand
Site Location:	W10505 860th Ave, River Falls, WI 54022, USA
Wind Speed:	101 mph
Snow Load:	50 psf
Design Uplift Pressure:	Multiple pressures
Design Downforce Pressure:	Multiple pressures
Design Snow Pressure:	0.021993 ksf



Design Disclaimer

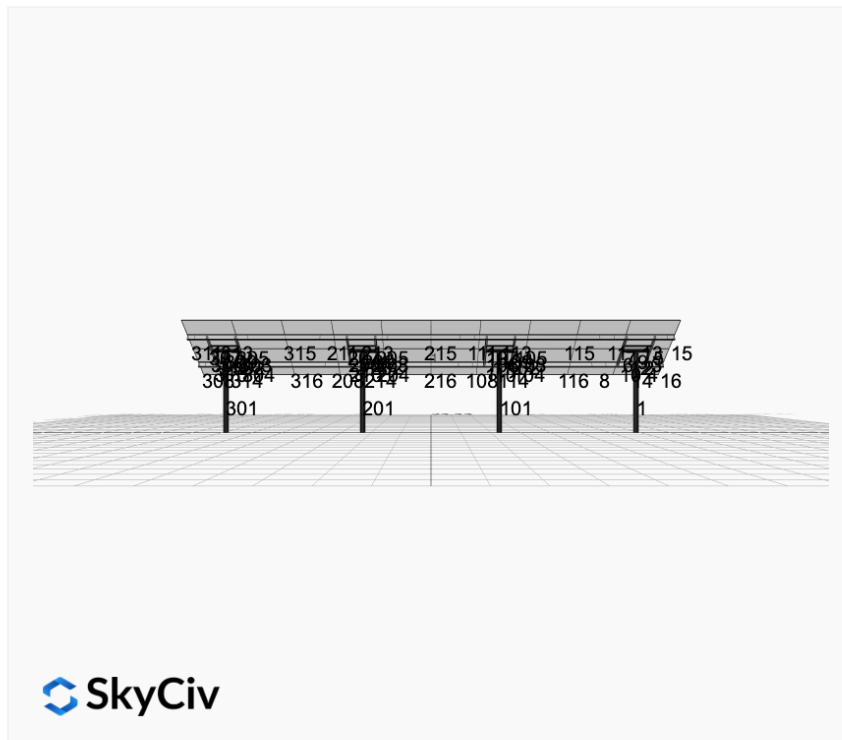
This software should be used for preliminary designs and should not be used as a final design unless reviewed, verified and designed by a qualified structural engineer.

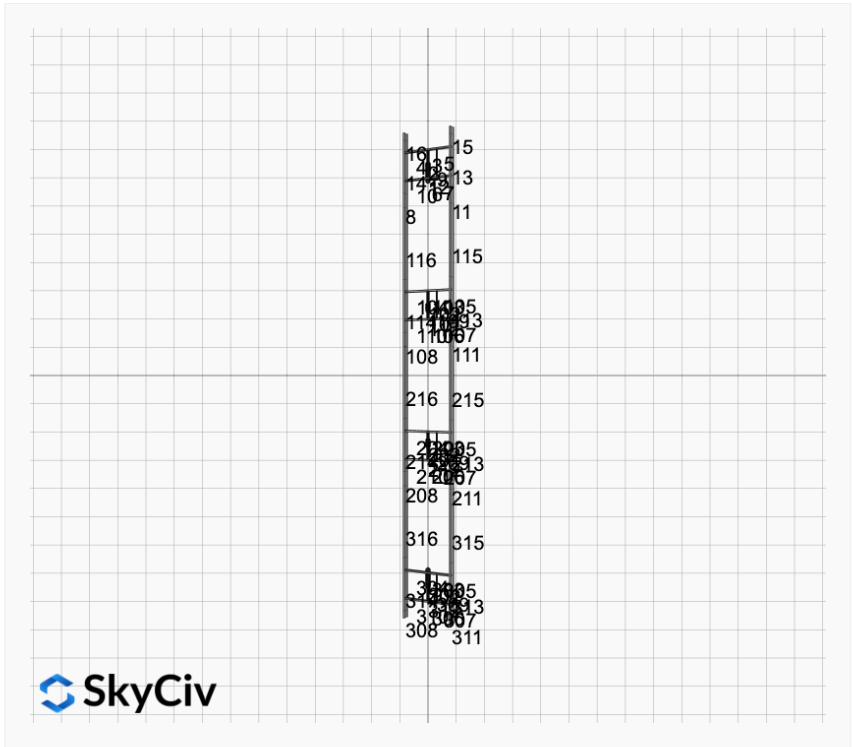
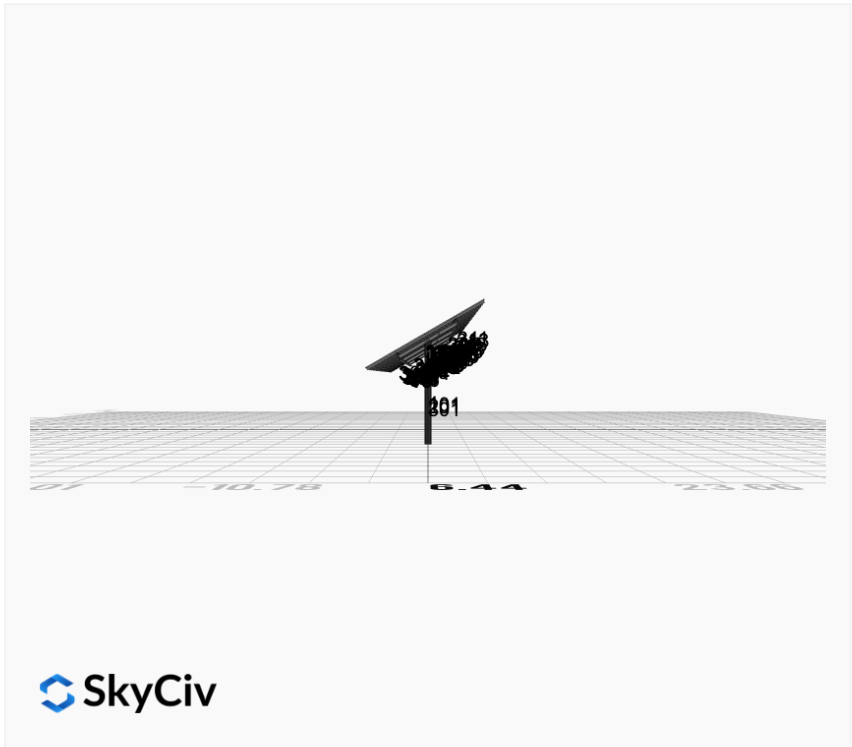
AutoDesigner Input

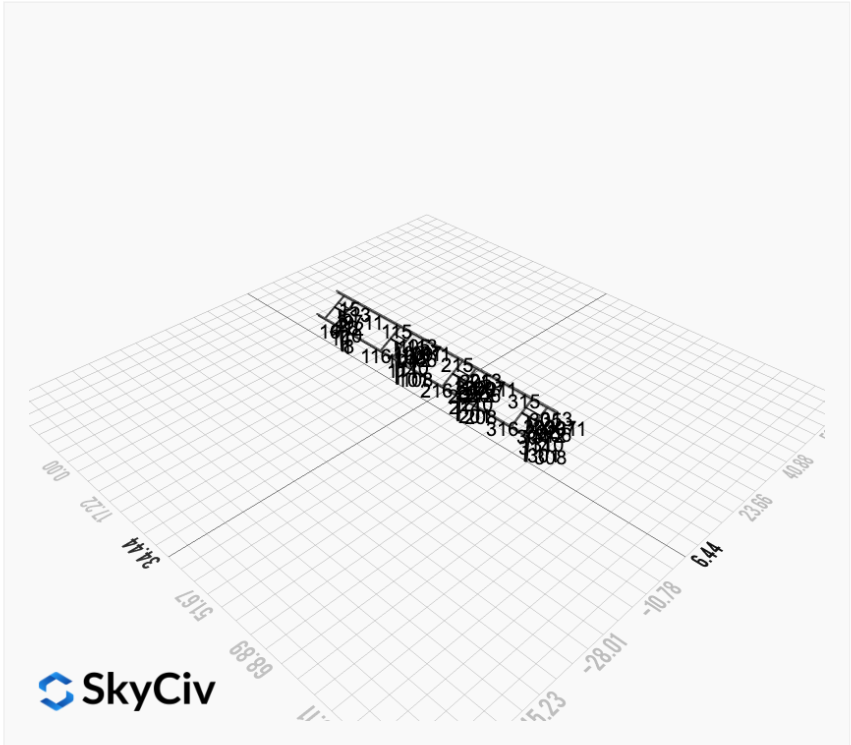
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Design Notes:

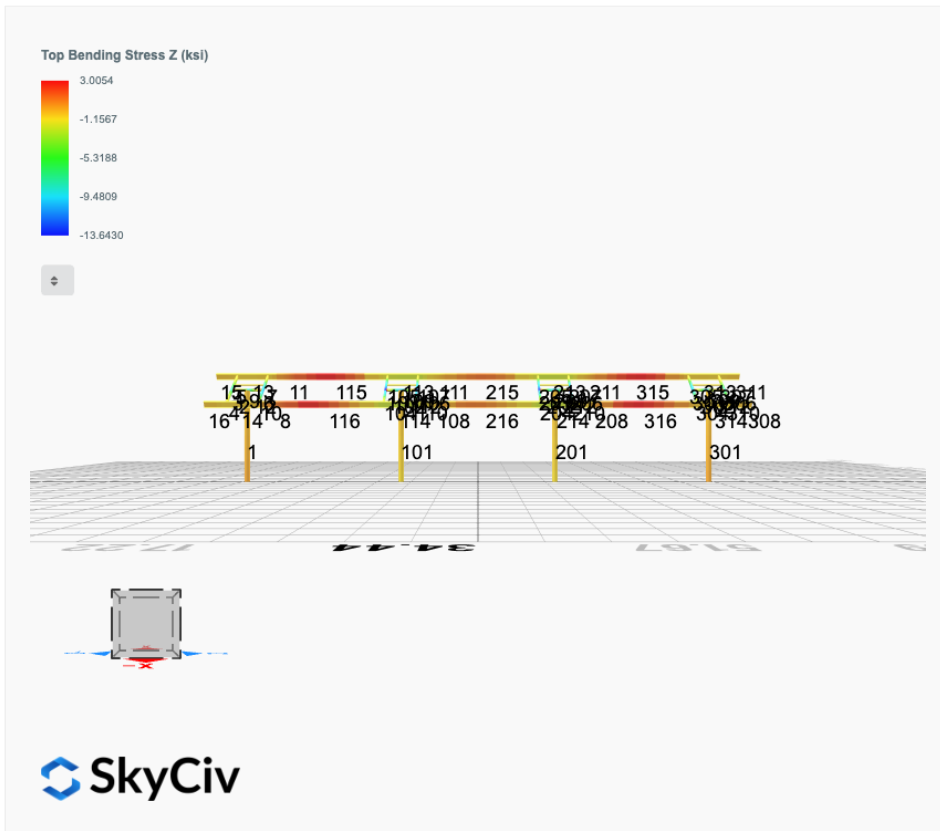
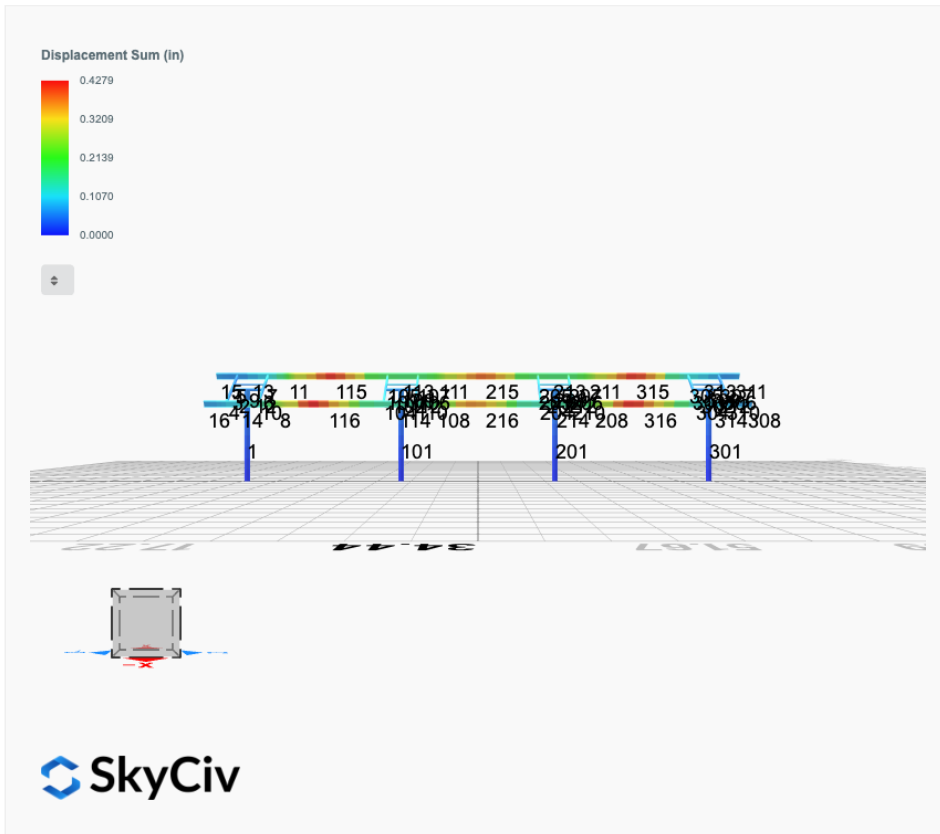
- AISC Deflection checks are set to L/1 due to structure design intent
- Foundation Design and Sizing is approximate only

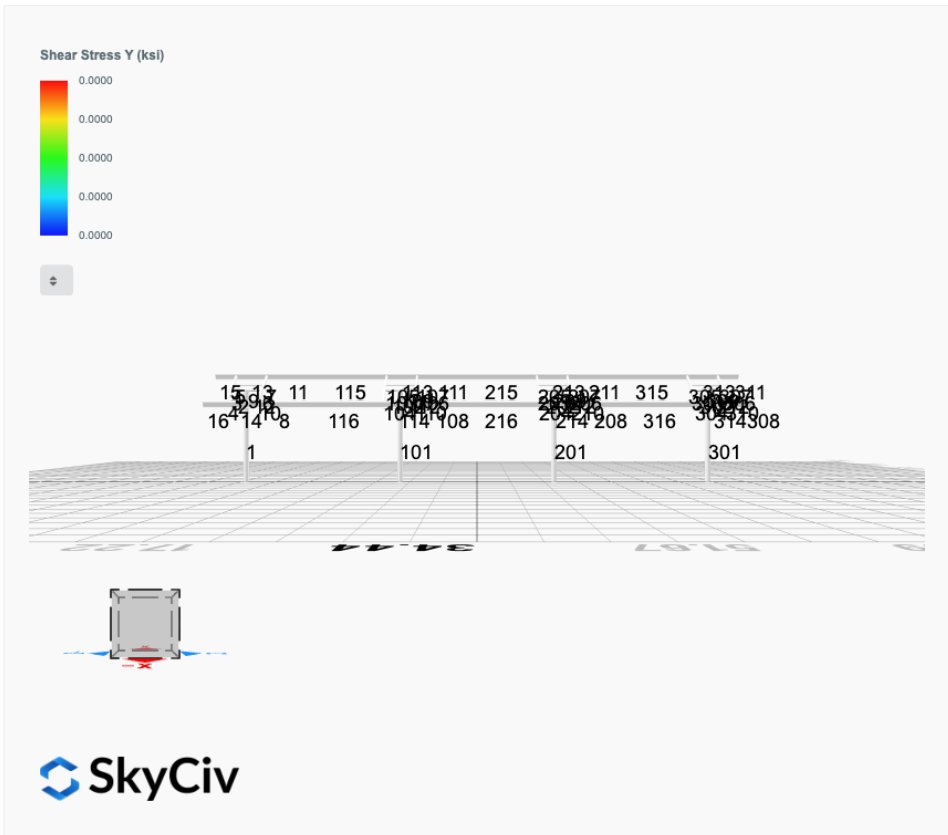
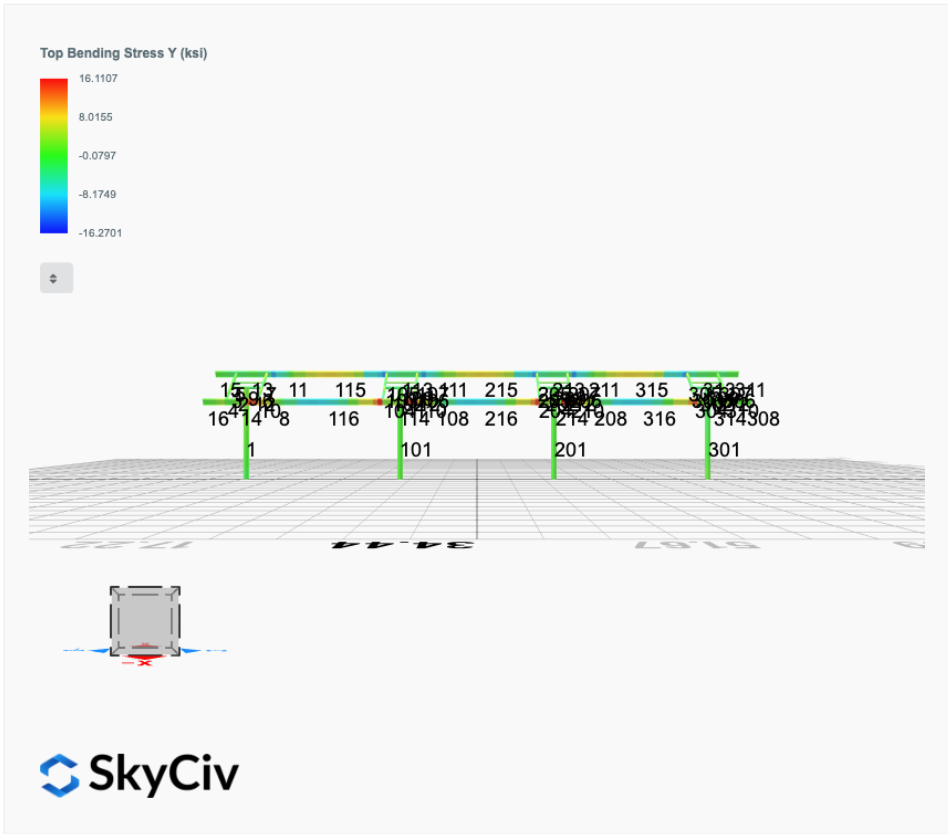




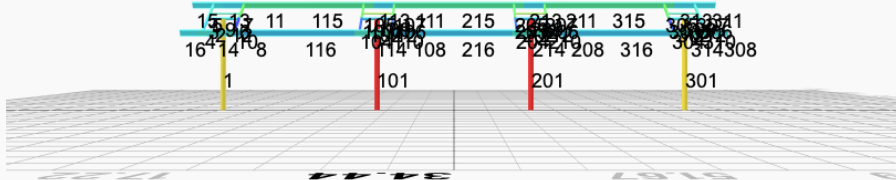


FEM Results (Envelope Worst Case for each member)





Axial Stress (ksi)



 SkyCiv

Reaction Forces for Foundation 1 (Node ID#1), (kip, kip-ft)

ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	0.0309	1.9162	0.0810	0.2884	-0.0524	-0.3079
ULS: 2. D + L	0.0309	1.9162	0.0810	0.2884	-0.0524	-0.3079
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.1254	5.9133	0.3296	1.1749	-0.2142	-1.3280
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0309	1.9162	0.0810	0.2884	-0.0524	-0.3079
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.1018	4.9140	0.2675	0.9533	-0.1737	-1.0729
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0309	1.9162	0.0810	0.2884	-0.0524	-0.3079
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	0.0309	1.9162	0.0810	0.2884	-0.0524	-0.3079
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	0.1018	4.9140	0.2675	0.9533	-0.1737	-1.0729
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	0.0186	1.1497	0.0486	0.1730	-0.0314	-0.1847
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.4146	4.3424	0.2954	1.0276	-0.5559	17.1779
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.4146	4.3424	0.2954	1.0276	-0.5559	17.1779
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	1.2671	-0.1609	-0.0990	-0.3315	0.3703	-14.8937
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	1.0881	0.1682	-0.0938	-0.3128	0.3667	-17.9237
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-0.9824	6.7336	0.4282	1.5078	-0.5513	12.0414
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.9824	6.7336	0.4282	1.5078	-0.5513	12.0414
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.0289	3.3562	0.1324	0.4884	0.1433	-12.0123
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.8946	3.6030	0.1364	0.5024	0.1406	-14.2848
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.0532	3.7358	0.2418	0.8428	-0.4300	12.8064
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.0532	3.7358	0.2418	0.8428	-0.4300	12.8064
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	0.9580	0.3584	-0.0540	-0.1766	0.2647	-11.2472
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.8238	0.6052	-0.0501	-0.1625	0.2619	-13.5198
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.4270	3.5759	0.2630	0.9123	-0.5349	17.3010
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.4270	3.5759	0.2630	0.9123	-0.5349	17.3010
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	1.2547	-0.9274	-0.1314	-0.4469	0.3913	-14.7705
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	1.0757	-0.5983	-0.1262	-0.4281	0.3876	-17.8006

Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	10.7189
Shear X	-2.4092
Shear Z	0.6796
Moment X	2.4074
Moment Y (Twist)	0.9925
Moment Z	30.7590

Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	6.7336
Shear X	-1.4270
Shear Z	0.4282
Moment X	1.5078
Moment Y (Twist)	0.5559
Moment Z	17.9237

Reaction Forces for Foundation 2 (Node ID#101), (kip, kip-ft)

ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	-0.0309	2.5216	-0.0052	-0.0190	0.0095	0.3674
ULS: 2. D + L	-0.0309	2.5216	-0.0052	-0.0190	0.0095	0.3674
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	-0.1254	8.3671	-0.0210	-0.0768	0.0383	1.4399
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	-0.0309	2.5216	-0.0052	-0.0190	0.0095	0.3674
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	-0.1018	6.9058	-0.0171	-0.0624	0.0311	1.1718
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	-0.0309	2.5216	-0.0052	-0.0190	0.0095	0.3674
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	-0.0309	2.5216	-0.0052	-0.0190	0.0095	0.3674

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	-0.1018	6.9058	-0.0171	-0.0624	0.0311	1.1718
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	-0.0186	1.5130	-0.0031	-0.0114	0.0057	0.2205
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.0493	6.0950	0.0081	0.0238	-0.0516	24.2852
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-2.0493	6.0950	0.0081	0.0238	-0.0516	24.2852
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	1.7019	-0.5437	-0.0146	-0.0489	0.0563	-19.4799
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	1.3861	-0.0157	-0.0269	-0.0910	0.0903	-22.9371
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.6155	9.5858	-0.0071	-0.0302	-0.0148	19.1101
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.6155	9.5858	-0.0071	-0.0302	-0.0148	19.1101
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.1979	4.6067	-0.0241	-0.0848	0.0661	-13.7137
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.9610	5.0027	-0.0333	-0.1164	0.0916	-16.3066
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.5447	5.2017	0.0048	0.0131	-0.0363	18.3058
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.5447	5.2017	0.0048	0.0131	-0.0363	18.3058
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.2687	0.2226	-0.0123	-0.0414	0.0446	-14.5180
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	1.0318	0.6186	-0.0214	-0.0730	0.0701	-17.1110
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.0369	5.0864	0.0102	0.0314	-0.0554	24.1383
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-2.0369	5.0864	0.0102	0.0314	-0.0554	24.1383
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	1.7143	-1.5524	-0.0125	-0.0413	0.0525	-19.6268
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	1.3985	-1.0244	-0.0248	-0.0834	0.0865	-23.0841

Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	15.3543
Shear X	-3.4448
Shear Z	-0.0526
Moment X	-0.1845
Moment Y (Twist)	0.1671
Moment Z	41.6359

Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	9.5858
Shear X	-2.0493
Shear Z	-0.0333
Moment X	-0.1164
Moment Y (Twist)	0.0916
Moment Z	24.2852

Reaction Forces for Foundation 3 (Node ID#201), (kip, kip-ft)

ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	-0.0309	2.5216	0.0052	0.0190	-0.0095	0.3674
ULS: 2. D + L	-0.0309	2.5216	0.0052	0.0190	-0.0095	0.3674
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	-0.1254	8.3671	0.0210	0.0767	-0.0380	1.4399
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	-0.0309	2.5216	0.0052	0.0190	-0.0095	0.3674
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	-0.1018	6.9058	0.0171	0.0623	-0.0309	1.1718
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	-0.0309	2.5216	0.0052	0.0190	-0.0095	0.3674
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	-0.0309	2.5216	0.0052	0.0190	-0.0095	0.3674
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	-0.1018	6.9058	0.0171	0.0623	-0.0309	1.1718
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	-0.0186	1.5130	0.0031	0.0114	-0.0057	0.2205
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.0493	6.0950	-0.0081	-0.0238	0.0516	24.2852
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-2.0493	6.0950	-0.0081	-0.0238	0.0516	24.2852
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	1.7019	-0.5437	0.0146	0.0489	-0.0563	-19.4799
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	1.3861	-0.0157	0.0269	0.0910	-0.0902	-22.9371
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.6155	9.5858	0.0071	0.0302	0.0150	19.1101
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.6155	9.5858	0.0071	0.0302	0.0150	19.1101
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.1979	4.6067	0.0241	0.0847	-0.0659	-13.7137
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.9610	5.0027	0.0333	0.1163	-0.0914	-16.3066

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.5447	5.2017	-0.0048	-0.0131	0.0363	18.3058
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.5447	5.2017	-0.0048	-0.0131	0.0363	18.3058
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.2687	0.2226	0.0123	0.0414	-0.0446	-14.5180
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	1.0318	0.6186	0.0214	0.0730	-0.0701	-17.1110
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.0369	5.0864	-0.0102	-0.0314	0.0554	24.1383
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-2.0369	5.0864	-0.0102	-0.0314	0.0554	24.1383
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	1.7143	-1.5524	0.0125	0.0413	-0.0525	-19.6268
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	1.3985	-1.0244	0.0248	0.0834	-0.0864	-23.0841

Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	15.3543
Shear X	-3.4448
Shear Z	0.0526
Moment X	0.1845
Moment Y (Twist)	0.1670
Moment Z	41.6360

Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	9.5858
Shear X	-2.0493
Shear Z	0.0333
Moment X	0.1163
Moment Y (Twist)	0.0914
Moment Z	24.2852

Reaction Forces for Foundation 4 (Node ID#301), (kip, kip-ft)

ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	0.0309	1.9162	-0.0810	-0.2884	0.0524	-0.3079
ULS: 2. D + L	0.0309	1.9162	-0.0810	-0.2884	0.0524	-0.3079
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.1254	5.9133	-0.3296	-1.1752	0.2144	-1.3278
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0309	1.9162	-0.0810	-0.2884	0.0524	-0.3079
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.1018	4.9140	-0.2675	-0.9535	0.1739	-1.0728
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0309	1.9162	-0.0810	-0.2884	0.0524	-0.3079
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	0.0309	1.9162	-0.0810	-0.2884	0.0524	-0.3079
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	0.1018	4.9140	-0.2675	-0.9535	0.1739	-1.0728
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	0.0186	1.1497	-0.0486	-0.1730	0.0314	-0.1847
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.4146	4.3424	-0.2954	-1.0276	0.5559	17.1779
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.4146	4.3424	-0.2954	-1.0276	0.5559	17.1779
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	1.2671	-0.1609	0.0990	0.3315	-0.3703	-14.8936
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	1.0881	0.1682	0.0938	0.3128	-0.3667	-17.9237
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-0.9824	6.7336	-0.4282	-1.5079	0.5515	12.0415
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.9824	6.7336	-0.4282	-1.5079	0.5515	12.0415
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.0289	3.3562	-0.1324	-0.4886	-0.1431	-12.0121
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.8946	3.6030	-0.1364	-0.5026	-0.1404	-14.2847
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.0532	3.7358	-0.2418	-0.8428	0.4300	12.8064
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.0532	3.7358	-0.2418	-0.8428	0.4300	12.8064
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	0.9580	0.3584	0.0540	0.1766	-0.2647	-11.2472
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.8238	0.6052	0.0501	0.1625	-0.2619	-13.5197
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.4270	3.5759	-0.2630	-0.9123	0.5349	17.3010
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.4270	3.5759	-0.2630	-0.9123	0.5349	17.3010
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	1.2547	-0.9274	0.1314	0.4469	-0.3913	-14.7705
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	1.0757	-0.5983	0.1262	0.4281	-0.3876	-17.8005

Worst Case Reactions LRFD

Worst Case Reactions ASD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module. Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	10.7188
Shear X	-2.4092
Shear Z	-0.6796
Moment X	-2.4083
Moment Y (Twist)	0.9930
Moment Z	30.7595

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module. Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	6.7336
Shear X	-1.4270
Shear Z	-0.4282
Moment X	-1.5079
Moment Y (Twist)	0.5559
Moment Z	17.9237

Project Details

Design Code: AISC 360-16 LRFD
 Provision: LRFD
 Country: United States
 User Name: sales@mtsolar.us
 Unit System: imperial



Design Input Information

Design Factors			
Φ_t	Φ_c	Φ_b	Φ_v
0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9

Design Materials			
ID	E (ksi)	F_y (ksi)	F_u (ksi)
1	29000	50	65

Section Dimensions



ID	Name	d (in)	t_w (in)				
3	2in Pipe Sch 120	2.38	0.25				
6	4in Pipe Sch 120	4.50	0.44				
9	8in Pipe Sch 40	8.63	0.32				



ID	Name	d (in)	b (in)	t_w (in)	t_b (in)	r (in)	
17	HSS5x3x1/4	5.00	3.00	0.23	0.23	0.23	



ID	Name	d (in)	t_w (in)	b_t (in)	b_b (in)	t_t (in)	t_b (in)	r (in)
20	W10x12	9.87	0.19	3.96	3.96	0.21	0.21	0.30

Section Properties

ID	Name	A (in ²)	J (in ⁴)	I_{yp} (in ⁴)	I_{zp} (in ⁴)	I_w (in ⁶)	S_{yp} (in ³)	S_{zp} (in ³)
3	2in Pipe Sch 120	1.67	1.91	0.96	0.96	0.00	1.13	1.13
6	4in Pipe Sch 120	5.58	23.29	11.64	11.64	0.00	7.24	7.24
9	8in Pipe Sch 40	8.40	144.98	72.49	72.49	0.00	22.21	22.21

108	20	1.33	1.33	2.05	2.35,2.37,2.35,2.38,2.36,2.35,2.26,2.26,2.09,2.06,2.23,2.23,2.13,1.19,2.33,2.33,2.38,2.20,2.25,2.25,2.10,1.99,2.22,2.22,2.16,1.09	300	200	1
109	3	2.60	2.60	4.00	-	300	200	1
110	17	2.44	2.44	3.75	1.69,1.68,1.69,1.67,1.68,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.64,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.81,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.62,1.70,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.51	300	200	1
111	20	1.33	1.33	2.05	2.09,2.09,2.09,2.09,2.09,2.09,1.81,1.81,1.20,1.30,1.71,1.71,1.71,1.49,1.45,2.06,2.06,2.36,2.25,1.81,1.81,1.27,1.33,1.69,1.69,1.53,1.48	300	200	1
112	6	1.30	1.30	2.00	-	300	200	1
113	20	4.88	4.00	7.50	1.07,1.07,1.07,1.07,1.07,1.07,1.08,1.08,3.35,2.59,1.09,1.09,1.12,1.16,1.07,1.07,1.06,1.05,1.08,1.08,2.36,1.68,1.09,1.09,1.11,1.14	300	200	1
114	20	4.88	4.00	7.50	1.06,1.06,1.06,1.06,1.06,1.06,1.07,1.07,1.11,1.15,1.07,1.07,1.08,1.10,1.07,1.07,1.06,1.06,1.07,1.07,1.10,1.20,1.07,1.07,1.08,1.08	300	200	1
115	20	6.63	6.63	10.20	1.14,1.14,1.14,1.14,1.14,1.14,1.12,1.12,1.06,1.07,1.11,1.11,1.09,1.09,1.13,1.13,1.16,1.20,1.12,1.12,1.06,1.07,1.11,1.11,1.10,1.09	300	200	1
116	20	6.63	6.63	10.20	1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.15,1.13,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.18,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.15,1.16,1.16,1.15,1.12,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.99	300	200	1
201	9	24.69	24.69	11.76	-	300	200	1
202	6	1.30	1.30	2.00	-	300	200	1
203	17	0.92	0.92	1.42	1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18	300	200	1
204	17	2.44	2.44	3.75	1.69,1.68,1.69,1.67,1.68,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.64,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.81,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.62,1.70,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.51	300	200	1
205	17	1.52	1.52	2.33	1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.65,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67	300	200	1
206	17	0.92	0.92	1.42	1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.15,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18	300	200	1
207	17	1.52	1.52	2.33	1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.64,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67	300	200	1
208	20	1.33	1.33	2.05	1.97,1.98,1.97,1.98,1.97,1.97,1.94,1.94,1.77,1.59,1.93,1.93,1.90,1.04,1.97,1.97,2.01,1.90,1.94,1.94,1.83,1.53,1.93,1.93,1.91,1.29	300	200	1
209	3	2.60	2.60	4.00	-	300	200	1
210	17	2.44	2.44	3.75	1.69,1.68,1.69,1.67,1.68,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.63,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.79,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67	300	200	1
211	20	1.33	1.33	2.05	1.75,1.75,1.75,1.75,1.75,1.75,1.50,1.50,1.12,1.20,1.46,1.46,1.34,1.32,1.62,1.62,2.07,2.11,1.50,1.50,1.19,1.23,1.45,1.45,1.37,1.34	300	200	1
212	6	1.30	1.30	2.00	-	300	200	1
213	20	4.88	4.00	7.50	1.07,1.07,1.07,1.07,1.07,1.07,1.08,1.08,3.35,2.59,1.09,1.09,1.12,1.16,1.07,1.07,1.06,1.05,1.08,1.08,2.36,1.68,1.09,1.09,1.11,1.14	300	200	1
214	20	4.88	4.00	7.50	1.06,1.06,1.06,1.06,1.06,1.06,1.07,1.07,1.11,1.16,1.07,1.07,1.08,1.10,1.07,1.07,1.06,1.06,1.07,1.07,1.10,1.21,1.07,1.07,1.08,1.08	300	200	1
215	20	6.63	6.63	10.20	1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.13,1.13,1.07,1.08,1.13,1.13,1.11,1.11,1.15,1.15,1.18,1.22,1.13,1.13,1.08,1.09,1.12,1.12,1.11,1.11	300	200	1
216	20	6.63	6.63	10.20	1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.17,1.16,1.15,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.07,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.16,1.14,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.32	300	200	1
301	9	24.69	24.69	11.76	-	300	200	1

103	151.65	150.70	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
104	151.65	145.15	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
105	151.65	149.10	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
106	151.65	150.70	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
107	151.65	149.10	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
108	159.30	142.47	46.90	6.46	56.26	44.91
109	75.10	66.32	4.25	4.25	22.53	22.53
110	151.65	145.15	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
111	159.30	142.47	46.90	6.46	56.26	44.91
112	251.01	248.88	27.16	27.16	75.30	75.30
113	159.30	116.35	32.09	6.46	56.26	44.91
114	159.30	116.35	32.39	6.46	56.26	44.91
115	159.30	75.13	20.41	6.46	56.26	44.91
116	159.30	75.13	21.57	6.46	56.26	44.91
201	377.97	179.64	83.29	83.29	113.39	113.39
202	251.01	248.88	27.16	27.16	75.30	75.30
203	151.65	150.70	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
204	151.65	145.15	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
205	151.65	149.10	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
206	151.65	150.70	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
207	151.65	149.10	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
208	159.30	142.47	46.90	6.46	56.26	44.91
209	75.10	66.32	4.25	4.25	22.53	22.53
210	151.65	145.15	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
211	159.30	142.47	46.90	6.46	56.26	44.91
212	251.01	248.88	27.16	27.16	75.30	75.30
213	159.30	116.35	32.09	6.46	56.26	44.91
214	159.30	116.35	32.39	6.46	56.26	44.91
215	159.30	75.13	20.61	6.46	56.26	44.91
216	159.30	75.13	20.61	6.46	56.26	44.91
301	377.97	179.64	83.29	83.29	113.39	113.39
302	251.01	248.88	27.16	27.16	75.30	75.30
303	151.65	150.70	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
304	151.65	145.15	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
305	151.65	149.10	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
306	151.65	150.70	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
307	151.65	149.10	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
308	159.30	137.23	46.90	6.46	56.26	44.91
309	75.10	66.32	4.25	4.25	22.53	22.53
310	151.65	145.15	20.17	14.14	54.12	28.95
311	159.30	137.23	46.90	6.46	56.26	44.91
312	251.01	248.88	27.16	27.16	75.30	75.30
313	159.30	116.35	37.90	6.46	56.26	44.91
314	159.30	116.35	46.90	6.46	56.26	44.91
315	159.30	75.13	20.61	6.46	56.26	44.91
316	159.30	75.13	20.61	6.46	56.26	44.91

Design Ratio

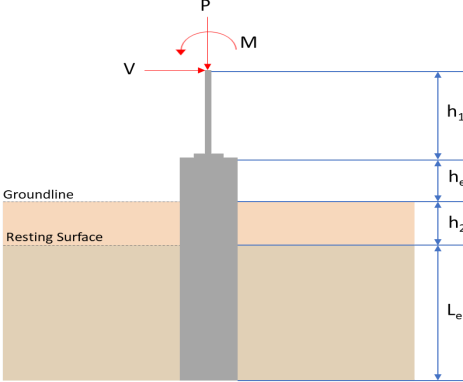
Member ID	P	M _z	M _y	V _y	V _z	(P,M _z ,M _y)	Worst LC	KL/r	φ	Status
1	0.060	0.369	0.067	0.021	0.006	0.393	#13	0.504	Not Required	Pass
2	0.002	0.203	0.070	0.050	0.014	0.255	#21	0.054	Not Required	Pass
3	0.005	0.343	0.019	0.033	0.005	0.347	#21	0.046	Not Required	Pass
4	0.004	0.343	0.050	0.024	0.014	0.402	#21	0.082	Not Required	Pass

4	U.004	U.342	U.039	U.034	U.014	U.402	#21	U.082	Not Required	Pass
5	0.004	0.213	0.024	0.034	0.006	0.216	#21	0.076	Not Required	Pass
6	0.010	0.533	0.105	0.055	0.030	0.642	#21	0.046	Not Required	Pass
7	0.010	0.330	0.165	0.053	0.041	0.367	#21	0.076	Not Required	Pass
8	0.004	0.121	0.172	0.030	0.020	0.212	#24	0.102	Not Required	Pass
9	0.005	0.050	0.081	0.003	0.005	0.125	#21	0.206	Not Required	Pass
10	0.011	0.508	0.148	0.051	0.032	0.581	#21	0.082	Not Required	Pass
11	0.007	0.116	0.180	0.032	0.020	0.213	#24	0.102	Not Required	Pass
12	0.001	0.408	0.107	0.087	0.020	0.488	#21	0.054	Not Required	Pass
13	0.009	0.052	0.453	0.043	0.025	0.461	#23	0.306	Not Required	Pass
14	0.004	0.061	0.443	0.041	0.025	0.458	#24	0.204	Not Required	Pass
15	0.000	0.004	0.011	0.006	0.003	0.015	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
16	0.000	0.004	0.011	0.006	0.003	0.015	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
101	0.085	0.500	0.005	0.030	0.000	0.533	#13	0.504	Not Required	Pass
102	0.003	0.452	0.133	0.100	0.022	0.565	#21	0.036	Not Required	Pass
103	0.010	0.635	0.061	0.063	0.008	0.701	#21	0.046	Not Required	Pass
104	0.010	0.648	0.171	0.065	0.037	0.764	#21	0.082	Not Required	Pass
105	0.010	0.394	0.178	0.063	0.046	0.440	#21	0.076	Not Required	Pass
106	0.010	0.637	0.058	0.064	0.008	0.696	#21	0.046	Not Required	Pass
107	0.010	0.396	0.166	0.063	0.043	0.441	#21	0.076	Not Required	Pass
108	0.004	0.040	0.169	0.036	0.019	0.209	#21	0.102	Not Required	Pass
109	0.016	0.053	0.044	0.001	0.000	0.102	#21	0.206	Not Required	Pass
110	0.009	0.636	0.159	0.064	0.035	0.746	#21	0.082	Not Required	Pass
111	0.007	0.051	0.174	0.036	0.019	0.202	#24	0.102	Not Required	Pass
112	0.003	0.447	0.136	0.099	0.024	0.560	#21	0.036	Not Required	Pass
113	0.009	0.177	0.484	0.050	0.026	0.627	#21	0.306	Not Required	Pass
114	0.007	0.209	0.479	0.052	0.026	0.651	#21	0.306	Not Required	Pass
115	0.013	0.337	0.247	0.040	0.020	0.593	#21	0.507	Not Required	Pass
116	0.004	0.324	0.245	0.042	0.020	0.568	#21	0.507	Not Required	Pass
201	0.085	0.500	0.005	0.030	0.000	0.533	#13	0.504	Not Required	Pass
202	0.003	0.447	0.136	0.099	0.024	0.560	#21	0.036	Not Required	Pass
203	0.010	0.637	0.058	0.064	0.008	0.696	#21	0.046	Not Required	Pass
204	0.009	0.636	0.159	0.064	0.035	0.746	#21	0.082	Not Required	Pass
205	0.010	0.396	0.166	0.063	0.043	0.441	#21	0.076	Not Required	Pass
206	0.010	0.635	0.061	0.063	0.008	0.701	#21	0.046	Not Required	Pass
207	0.010	0.394	0.178	0.063	0.046	0.440	#21	0.076	Not Required	Pass
208	0.004	0.066	0.199	0.042	0.020	0.222	#21	0.102	Not Required	Pass
209	0.016	0.053	0.044	0.001	0.000	0.102	#21	0.206	Not Required	Pass
210	0.010	0.648	0.171	0.065	0.037	0.764	#21	0.082	Not Required	Pass
211	0.007	0.080	0.204	0.040	0.020	0.210	#21	0.102	Not Required	Pass
212	0.003	0.453	0.133	0.100	0.022	0.565	#21	0.036	Not Required	Pass
213	0.009	0.177	0.484	0.050	0.026	0.627	#21	0.306	Not Required	Pass
214	0.007	0.209	0.478	0.052	0.026	0.651	#21	0.306	Not Required	Pass
215	0.013	0.229	0.247	0.036	0.019	0.483	#21	0.507	Not Required	Pass
216	0.005	0.191	0.243	0.036	0.019	0.435	#21	0.507	Not Required	Pass
301	0.060	0.369	0.067	0.021	0.006	0.393	#13	0.504	Not Required	Pass
302	0.001	0.408	0.107	0.087	0.020	0.488	#21	0.054	Not Required	Pass
303	0.010	0.533	0.105	0.055	0.030	0.642	#21	0.046	Not Required	Pass
304	0.011	0.508	0.148	0.051	0.032	0.581	#21	0.082	Not Required	Pass
305	0.010	0.330	0.165	0.053	0.041	0.367	#21	0.076	Not Required	Pass
306	0.005	0.343	0.019	0.033	0.005	0.347	#21	0.046	Not Required	Pass
307	0.004	0.213	0.024	0.034	0.006	0.216	#21	0.076	Not Required	Pass
308	0.000	0.004	0.011	0.006	0.003	0.015	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
309	0.005	0.050	0.081	0.003	0.005	0.125	#21	0.206	Not Required	Pass

310	0.004	0.342	0.059	0.034	0.014	0.402	#21	0.122	Not Required	Pass
311	0.000	0.004	0.011	0.006	0.003	0.015	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
312	0.002	0.203	0.070	0.050	0.014	0.255	#21	0.054	Not Required	Pass
313	0.009	0.052	0.453	0.043	0.025	0.461	#23	0.204	Not Required	Pass
314	0.004	0.061	0.443	0.041	0.025	0.459	#24	0.306	Not Required	Pass
315	0.013	0.355	0.247	0.032	0.020	0.601	#21	0.507	Not Required	Pass
316	0.004	0.350	0.242	0.030	0.020	0.589	#21	0.507	Not Required	Pass

Definitions

Φ_t	Safety factor for tensile
Φ_c	Safety factor for compression
Φ_b	Safety factor for flexure
Φ_v	Safety factor for shear
E	Modulus of elasticity
F_y	Specified minimum yield stress
F_u	Specified minimum tensile strength
A	Cross-sectional area
J	Torsional constant
I_{yp}	Moment of inertia about the Y axes
I_{zp}	Moment of inertia about the Z axes
I_w	Warping constant
S_{yp}	Plastic section modulus about the Y axis
S_{zp}	Plastic section modulus about the Z axis
KL	Effective length
C_b	Buckling modification factor (from all load combinations)
L_b	Length between braced points
LST	Limited slenderness for tension
LSC	Limited slenderness for compression
LD	Limited deflection
P_n	Nominal axial strength (tension/compression)
M_n	Nominal flexural strength (about Z/Y axis)
V_n	Nominal shear strength (along Z/Y axis)
P	Design ratio in case of axial force
M_z	Design ratio in case of bending about Z axis
M_y	Design ratio in case of bending about Y axis
V_y	Design ratio in case of shear along Y axis
V_z	Design ratio in case of shear along Z axis
(P, M_z , M_y)	Design ratio in case of axial force and bending action
KL/r	Design ratio in case of section slenderness
δ	Design ratio in case of member deflection
OK	Capacity is provided
NG	Capacity is not provided

REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS																										
	<p>SkyCiv Foundation Design Pile Foundation</p> <p>Design Information : Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code) Unit System : Imperial</p>																											
	<p>Pile Input</p>  <p>Geometry Pile shape: rectangular $b = 48$ in - Pile width $D = 48$ in - Pile depth $L = 5.75$ ft - Total pile length $h_1 = 0$ ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile, $h_2 = 0$ ft - Depth to resting surface $h_e = 0$ ft - Length of pile above the ground</p> <p>Tabulation of Soil Parameters</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Layer</th> <th>Label</th> <th>Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf)</th> <th>Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel</td> <td>2000.000</td> <td>150.000</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Tabulation of Loads</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Load Component</th> <th>ASD</th> <th>LRFD</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>P (kip)</td> <td>6.734</td> <td>10.719</td> </tr> <tr> <td>V_x (kip)</td> <td>-1.427</td> <td>-2.409</td> </tr> <tr> <td>V_z (kip)</td> <td>0.428</td> <td>0.680</td> </tr> <tr> <td>M_x (kipft)</td> <td>1.508</td> <td>2.407</td> </tr> <tr> <td>M_z (kipft)</td> <td>17.924</td> <td>30.759</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Material Properties $f'_{ck} = 2.5$ ksi - Concrete strength,</p>	Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)	1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000	Load Component	ASD	LRFD	P (kip)	6.734	10.719	V_x (kip)	-1.427	-2.409	V_z (kip)	0.428	0.680	M_x (kipft)	1.508	2.407	M_z (kipft)	17.924	30.759	
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M_x (kipft)	1.508	2.407																										
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	<p>Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD) H - Point of application of the lateral load</p> $H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$ $H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$ $H = 0 \text{ ft}$ <p>Considering x-direction: H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,</p> $H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$ $H_o = \frac{(-1.427 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $H_o = -0.22723 \text{ kip/ft}$ <p>M_o - Moment per length of pile,</p> $M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$																											

$$M_o = \frac{(17.924 \text{ kipft}) + ((-1.427 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 2.8541 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,x} = 5.3726 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in x-direction,

Considering z-direction:

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(0.428 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = 0.068153 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(1.508 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.428 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.24013 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_z^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,z} = 3.1821 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in z-direction,

Minimum embedded depth required:

$L_{e,req}$ - Depth of pile required,

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$$

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(5.3726 \text{ ft}), (3.1821 \text{ ft})]$$

$$L_{e,req} = 5.373 \text{ ft}$$

L_e - Actual embedded length of pile,

$$L_e = L - h_e - h_2$$

$$L_e = (5.75 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$L_e = 5.75 \text{ ft}$$

Ratio - Embedded depth

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(5.373 \text{ ft})}{(5.75 \text{ ft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.93443$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.930**

End-bearing Capacity (ASD)

A - Pile cross-section area

$$A = b D$$

$$A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$$

q - End-bearing pressure

$$q = \frac{P_c}{A}$$

$$q = \frac{(6.734 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$$

$$q = 0.42088 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$$q = 0.42088 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check bearing capacity ratio:

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.42088 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.21044$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.210**

Czerniak

Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):

L/D - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,

$$L/D = \frac{L}{D}$$

$$L/D = \frac{(5.75 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$$

$$L/D = 1.4375$$

Since $L/D \leq 10$,

Pile is short.

Considering x-direction:

$H_o = -0.22723 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 2.8541 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (2.8541 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.22723 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (2.8541 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.22723 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 3.9454 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (2.8541 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.22723 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(5.75 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (2.8541 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.22723 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.2143 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (2.8541 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.22723 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft}))]}{(5.75 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.7988 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(3.9454 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.2959 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.2143 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.2959 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.72422$$

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

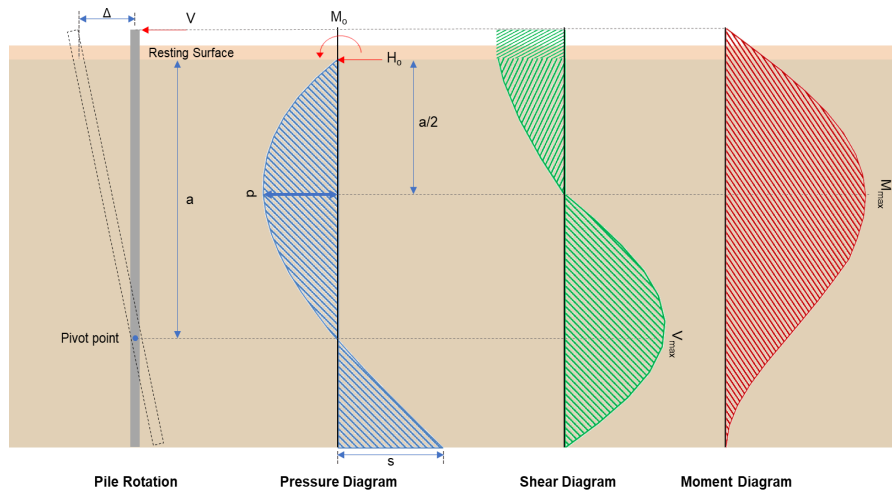
Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.720**

	$p_s = R L_e$ $p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft})$ $p_s = 0.8625 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.7988 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.8625 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.92614$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.930
	<p>Considering z-direction:</p> <p>$H_o = 0.068153 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile, $M_o = 0.24013 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile, a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,</p> $a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$ $a = \frac{(4 \times (0.24013 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.068153 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.24013 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.068153 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft}))}$ $a = 4.083 \text{ ft}$ <p>p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,</p> $p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$ $p = \frac{0.75 [(4 \times (0.24013 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (0.068153 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(5.75 \text{ ft})^2 [(3 \times (0.24013 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (0.068153 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft}))]}$ $p = 0.068818 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e,</p> $s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$ $s = \frac{6 [(2 \times (0.24013 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((0.068153 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft}))]}{(5.75 \text{ ft})^2}$ $s = 0.15827 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Check lateral soil pressure capacity:</p> <p>p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,</p> $p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$ $p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(4.083 \text{ ft})}{2}$ $p_a = 0.30623 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.068818 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.30623 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.22473$ <p>p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e,</p> $p_s = R L_e$ $p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft})$ $p_s = 0.8625 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.220

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.15827 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.8625 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.1835$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.180**



Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-2.409 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.3836 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(30.759 \text{ kipft}) + ((-2.409 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 4.8979 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(4.8979 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.3836 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 12.768 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_c) + (3 H_o L_c^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_c)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (4.8979 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.3836 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (4.8979 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.3836 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 3.944 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4 E}{L_c} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_c} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3 E}{L_c} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_c} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.3836 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (12.768 \text{ ft})}{(5.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.944 \text{ ft})}{(5.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (12.768 \text{ ft})}{(5.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.944 \text{ ft})}{(5.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 7.0433 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.3836 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(12.768 \text{ ft})}{(5.75 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(3.944 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5.75 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (12.768 \text{ ft})}{(5.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.944 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (12.768 \text{ ft})}{(5.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.944 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 19.446 \text{ kipft}$$

Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(0.68 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = 0.10828 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(2.407 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.68 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.38328 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.38328 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(0.10828 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 3.5397 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.38328 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.10828 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.38328 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.10828 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.0825 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 + 4 \left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((0.10828 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (3.5397 \text{ ft})}{(5.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.0825 \text{ ft})}{(5.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 + 4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (3.5397 \text{ ft})}{(5.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.0825 \text{ ft})}{(5.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.7595 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o b L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((0.10828 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(3.5397 \text{ ft})}{(5.75 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(4.0825 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5.75 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (3.5397 \text{ ft})}{(5.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.0825 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (3.5397 \text{ ft})}{(5.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.0825 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 1.9608 \text{ kipft}$$

Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$ - Concrete strength,
 $f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$ - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,
 $\phi = 0.65$ - Reduction factor for axial strength,
 $\alpha = 0.8$ - Alpha factor for axial strength,
 $A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$ - Gross area of concrete,

Table 22.4.2.1

Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load, $A_{st,required}$

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{(10.719 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -84.24 \text{ in}^2$$

A_{min} - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-84.24 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$$

n_{rebar} - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 14$$

A_{st} - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.96556$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.970**

25.2.3

s_{rebar} - Minimum spacing of reinforcement,

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$$

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$$

Ties:

25.7.2.2 Since longitudinal reinforcement is \leq No. 10 \emptyset : Use #3(0.375 in)

25.7.2.1 s_{ties} - Maximum spacing of ties,

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), \text{Min} (D, b)]$$

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), \text{Min} ((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$$

Summary:

Main reinforcement: **14 - #5 (0.625 in)**

Ties: #3(0.375 in) - 10 in

Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)

22.4.2.2

ϕP_N - Allowable axial compressive strength

$$\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st})]$$

$$\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times [(0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$\phi P_N = 2675.2 \text{ kip}$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(10.719 \text{ kip})}{(2675.2 \text{ kip})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.0040068$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**

Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)

Parameters:

22.5.2.2

$b_w = 48 \text{ in}$ - Effective width,
 d - Effective depth

$$d = 0.80 D$$

$$d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$d = 38.4 \text{ in}$$

22.5.5.1.3

λ_s - size effect modification factor

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = 0.64282$$

22.5.5.1.1

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{c,max}$ - Max shear strength of concrete

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,max} = 296.21 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.1(a)

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $P = 10.719 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 10719 \text{ lbf}$,
 $V_{c,a}$ - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + \frac{P}{6 A_g} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + \frac{(10719 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 119.91 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{c,b}$ - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + (0.05 f'_{ck}) \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi})) \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 348.89 \text{ kip}$$

V_c - Governing shear strength of concrete

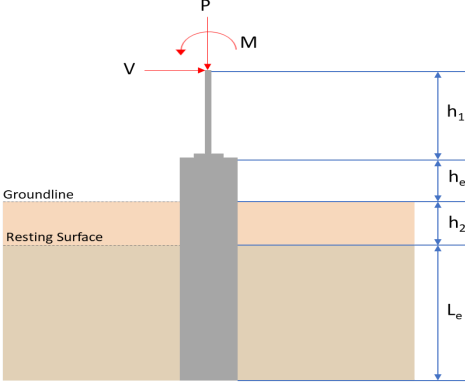
$$V_c = \text{Min}[V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min}[(296.21 \text{ kip}), (119.91 \text{ kip}), (348.89 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 119.91 \text{ kip}$$

<p>22.5.1.2</p>	<p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$.</p> <p>$V_{s,a}$ - Shear strength of steel (a)</p> $V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ $V_{s,a} = 737.28 \text{ kip}$ <p>A_v - Ties rebar area,</p> $A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$ $A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$ $A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$ <p>22.5.8.5.3 $V_{s,b}$ - Shear strength of steel (b)</p> $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yt} d}{s_{ties}}$ $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$ $V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p>V_s - Governing shear strength of steel</p> $V_s = \text{MIN}[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$ $V_s = \text{MIN}[(737.28 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$ $V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p>22.5.1.1 ϕV_n - Allowable shear strength</p> $\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$ $\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((119.91 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$ $\phi V_n = 111.03 \text{ kip}$ <p>Considering x-direction:</p> <p>$V_{max} = 7.0433 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the x-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(7.0433 \text{ kip})}{(111.03 \text{ kip})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.063439$ <p>Considering z-direction:</p> <p>$V_{max} = 0.7595 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the z-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.7595 \text{ kip})}{(111.03 \text{ kip})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.0068407$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.060</p> <p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.010</p>
	<p>Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LFRD)</p> <p>S_m - Section modulus</p> $S_m = \frac{b D^2}{6}$ $S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$ $S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$	

<p>14.5.2.1b</p>	<p>$\lambda = 1$ - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete), Allowable flexural strength: M_n shall be the lesser of: $\phi M_{n,1}$</p> $\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{2.5 \text{ksi}} \times 18432.001 \text{in}^3$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 249.600 \text{kipft}$ <p>$\phi M_{n,2}$</p> $\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_c \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ksi}) \times (18432 \text{in}^3)$ $\phi M_{n,2} = 2121.6 \text{kipft}$ <p>Therefore, ϕM_n - Allowable flexural strength,</p> $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$ $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(249.6 \text{kipft}), (2121.6 \text{kipft})]$ $\phi M_n = 249.6 \text{kipft}$ <p>Considering x-direction: $M_{max} = 19.446 \text{kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the x-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(19.446 \text{kipft})}{(249.6 \text{kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.077908$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.080</p>
	<p>Considering z-direction: $M_{max} = 1.9608 \text{kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the z-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(1.9608 \text{kipft})}{(249.6 \text{kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.0078556$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.010</p>

REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS																										
	<p>SkyCiv Foundation Design Pile Foundation</p> <p>Design Information : Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code) Unit System : Imperial</p>																											
	<p>Pile Input</p>  <p>Geometry Pile shape: rectangular $b = 48$ in - Pile width $D = 48$ in - Pile depth $L = 5.75$ ft - Total pile length $h_1 = 0$ ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile, $h_2 = 0$ ft - Depth to resting surface $h_e = 0$ ft - Length of pile above the ground</p> <p>Tabulation of Soil Parameters</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Layer</th> <th>Label</th> <th>Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf)</th> <th>Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel</td> <td>2000.000</td> <td>150.000</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Tabulation of Loads</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Load Component</th> <th>ASD</th> <th>LRFD</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>P (kip)</td> <td>6.734</td> <td>10.719</td> </tr> <tr> <td>V_x (kip)</td> <td>-1.427</td> <td>-2.409</td> </tr> <tr> <td>V_z (kip)</td> <td>-0.428</td> <td>-0.680</td> </tr> <tr> <td>M_x (kipft)</td> <td>-1.508</td> <td>-2.408</td> </tr> <tr> <td>M_z (kipft)</td> <td>17.924</td> <td>30.759</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Material Properties $f'_{ck} = 2.5$ ksi - Concrete strength,</p>	Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)	1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000	Load Component	ASD	LRFD	P (kip)	6.734	10.719	V_x (kip)	-1.427	-2.409	V_z (kip)	-0.428	-0.680	M_x (kipft)	-1.508	-2.408	M_z (kipft)	17.924	30.759	
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M_z (kipft)	17.924	30.759																										
	<p>Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD) H - Point of application of the lateral load</p> $H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$ $H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$ $H = 0 \text{ ft}$ <p>Considering x-direction: H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,</p> $H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$ $H_o = \frac{(-1.427 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $H_o = -0.22723 \text{ kip/ft}$ <p>M_o - Moment per length of pile,</p> $M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$																											

$$M_o = \frac{(17.924 \text{ kipft}) + ((-1.427 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 2.8541 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,x} = 5.3726 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in x-direction,

Considering z-direction:

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.428 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.068153 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(1.508 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.428 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.24013 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_z^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,z} = 2.1765 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in z-direction,

Minimum embedded depth required:

$L_{e,req}$ - Depth of pile required,

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$$

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(5.3726 \text{ ft}), (2.1765 \text{ ft})]$$

$$L_{e,req} = 5.373 \text{ ft}$$

L_e - Actual embedded length of pile,

$$L_e = L - h_e - h_2$$

$$L_e = (5.75 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$L_e = 5.75 \text{ ft}$$

Ratio - Embedded depth

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(5.373 \text{ ft})}{(5.75 \text{ ft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.93443$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.930**

End-bearing Capacity (ASD)

A - Pile cross-section area

$$A = b D$$

$$A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$$

q - End-bearing pressure

$$q = \frac{P_c}{A}$$

$$q = \frac{(6.734 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$$

$$q = 0.42088 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$$q = 0.42088 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check bearing capacity ratio:

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.42088 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.21044$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.210**

Czerniak

Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):

L/D - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,

$$L/D = \frac{L}{D}$$

$$L/D = \frac{(5.75 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$$

$$L/D = 1.4375$$

Since $L/D \leq 10$,

Pile is short.

Considering x-direction:

$H_o = -0.22723 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 2.8541 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (2.8541 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.22723 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (2.8541 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.22723 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 3.9454 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (2.8541 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.22723 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(5.75 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (2.8541 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.22723 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.2143 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (2.8541 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.22723 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft}))]}{(5.75 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.7988 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(3.9454 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.2959 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.2143 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.2959 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.72422$$

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

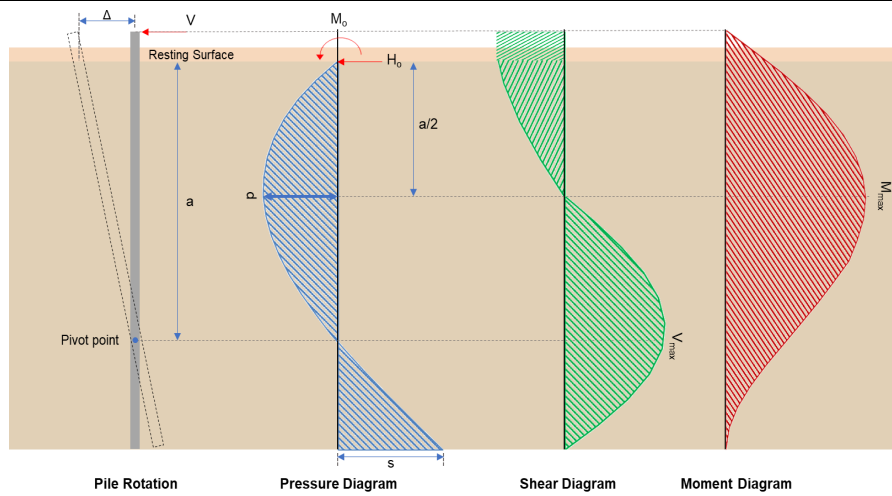
Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.720**

	$p_s = R L_e$ $p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft})$ $p_s = 0.8625 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.7988 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.8625 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.92614$	Status: PASS Ratio: 0.930
	<p>Considering z-direction:</p> <p>$H_o = -0.068153 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile, $M_o = 0.24013 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile, a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,</p> $a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$ $a = \frac{(4 \times (0.24013 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.068153 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.24013 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.068153 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft}))}$ $a = 4.083 \text{ ft}$ <p>p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,</p> $p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$ $p = \frac{0.75 [(4 \times (0.24013 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.068153 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(5.75 \text{ ft})^2 [(3 \times (0.24013 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.068153 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft}))]}$ $p = -0.016565 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e,</p> $s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$ $s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (0.24013 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.068153 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft}))]}{(5.75 \text{ ft})^2}$ $s = 0.016038 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Check lateral soil pressure capacity:</p> <p>p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,</p> $p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$ $p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(4.083 \text{ ft})}{2}$ $p_a = 0.30623 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(-0.016565 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.30623 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = -0.054094$ <p>p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e,</p> $p_s = R L_e$ $p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft})$ $p_s = 0.8625 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$	Status: PASS Ratio: -0.050

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.016038 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.8625 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.018595$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.020**



Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-2.409 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.3836 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(30.759 \text{ kipft}) + ((-2.409 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 4.8979 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(4.8979 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.3836 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 12.768 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_c) + (3 H_o L_c^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_c)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (4.8979 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.3836 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (4.8979 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.3836 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 3.944 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4 E}{L_c} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_c} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3 E}{L_c} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_c} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.3836 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (12.768 \text{ ft})}{(5.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.944 \text{ ft})}{(5.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (12.768 \text{ ft})}{(5.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.944 \text{ ft})}{(5.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 7.0433 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.3836 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(12.768 \text{ ft})}{(5.75 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(3.944 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5.75 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (12.768 \text{ ft})}{(5.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.944 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (12.768 \text{ ft})}{(5.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(3.944 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 19.446 \text{ kipft}$$

Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.68 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.10828 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(2.408 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.68 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.38344 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.38344 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.10828 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 3.5412 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.38344 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.10828 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.38344 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.10828 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.0824 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.10828 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (3.5412 \text{ ft})}{(5.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.0824 \text{ ft})}{(5.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (3.5412 \text{ ft})}{(5.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.0824 \text{ ft})}{(5.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.75969 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o b L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.10828 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (5.75 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(3.5412 \text{ ft})}{(5.75 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(4.0824 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5.75 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (3.5412 \text{ ft})}{(5.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.0824 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (3.5412 \text{ ft})}{(5.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.0824 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (5.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 1.9613 \text{ kipft}$$

Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$ - Concrete strength,
 $f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$ - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,
 $\phi = 0.65$ - Reduction factor for axial strength,
 $\alpha = 0.8$ - Alpha factor for axial strength,
 $A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$ - Gross area of concrete,

Table 22.4.2.1

Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load, $A_{st,required}$

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{(10.719 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -84.24 \text{ in}^2$$

A_{min} - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-84.24 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$$

n_{rebar} - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 14$$

A_{st} - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.96556$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.970**

25.2.3

s_{rebar} - Minimum spacing of reinforcement,

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$$

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$$

Ties:

25.7.2.2 Since longitudinal reinforcement is \leq No. 10: Use #3(0.375 in)

25.7.2.1 s_{ties} - Maximum spacing of ties,

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), \text{Min} (D, b)]$$

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), \text{Min} ((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$$

Summary:

Main reinforcement: **14 - #5 (0.625 in)**

Ties: #3(0.375 in) - 10 in

Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)

22.4.2.2

ϕP_N - Allowable axial compressive strength

$$\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st})]$$

$$\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times [(0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$\phi P_N = 2675.2 \text{ kip}$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(10.719 \text{ kip})}{(2675.2 \text{ kip})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.0040068$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**

Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)

Parameters:

22.5.2.2

$b_w = 48 \text{ in}$ - Effective width,
 d - Effective depth

$$d = 0.80 D$$

$$d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$d = 38.4 \text{ in}$$

22.5.5.1.3

λ_s - size effect modification factor

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = 0.64282$$

22.5.5.1.1

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{c,max}$ - Max shear strength of concrete

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,max} = 296.21 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.1(a)

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $P = 10.719 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 10719 \text{ lbf}$,
 $V_{c,a}$ - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + \frac{P}{6 A_g} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + \frac{(10719 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 119.91 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{c,b}$ - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + (0.05 f'_{ck}) \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi})) \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 348.89 \text{ kip}$$

V_c - Governing shear strength of concrete

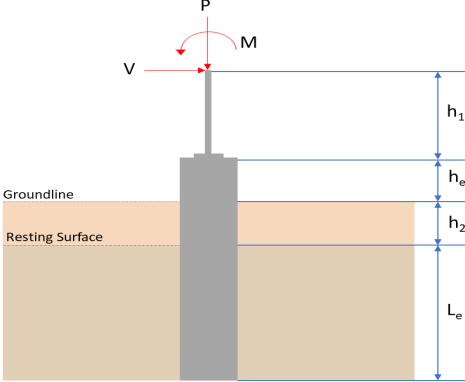
$$V_c = \text{Min}[V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min}[(296.21 \text{ kip}), (119.91 \text{ kip}), (348.89 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 119.91 \text{ kip}$$

<p>22.5.1.2</p>	<p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$.</p> <p>$V_{s,a}$ - Shear strength of steel (a)</p> $V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ $V_{s,a} = 737.28 \text{ kip}$ <p>A_v - Ties rebar area,</p> $A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$ $A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$ $A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$ <p>22.5.8.5.3 $V_{s,b}$ - Shear strength of steel (b)</p> $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yt} d}{s_{ties}}$ $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$ $V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p>V_s - Governing shear strength of steel</p> $V_s = \text{MIN}[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$ $V_s = \text{MIN}[(737.28 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$ $V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p>22.5.1.1 ϕV_n - Allowable shear strength</p> $\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$ $\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((119.91 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$ $\phi V_n = 111.03 \text{ kip}$ <p>Considering x-direction:</p> <p>$V_{max} = 7.0433 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the x-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(7.0433 \text{ kip})}{(111.03 \text{ kip})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.063439$ <p>Considering z-direction:</p> <p>$V_{max} = 0.75969 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the z-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.75969 \text{ kip})}{(111.03 \text{ kip})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.0068425$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.060</p> <p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.010</p>
	<p>Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LFRD)</p> <p>S_m - Section modulus</p> $S_m = \frac{b D^2}{6}$ $S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$ $S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$	

<p>14.5.2.1b</p>	<p>$\lambda = 1$ - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete), Allowable flexural strength: M_n shall be the lesser of: $\phi M_{n,1}$</p> $\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{2.5 \text{ksi}} \times 18432.001 \text{in}^3$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 249.600 \text{kipft}$ <p>$\phi M_{n,2}$</p> $\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_c \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ksi}) \times (18432 \text{in}^3)$ $\phi M_{n,2} = 2121.6 \text{kipft}$ <p>Therefore, ϕM_n - Allowable flexural strength,</p> $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$ $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(249.6 \text{kipft}), (2121.6 \text{kipft})]$ $\phi M_n = 249.6 \text{kipft}$ <p>Considering x-direction: $M_{max} = 19.446 \text{kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the x-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(19.446 \text{kipft})}{(249.6 \text{kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.077908$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.080</p>
	<p>Considering z-direction: $M_{max} = 1.9613 \text{kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the z-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(1.9613 \text{kipft})}{(249.6 \text{kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.0078579$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.010</p>

REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS																										
	<p>SkyCiv Foundation Design Pile Foundation</p> <p>Design Information : Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code) Unit System : Imperial</p>																											
	<p>Pile Input</p>  <p>Geometry Pile shape: rectangular $b = 48$ in - Pile width $D = 48$ in - Pile depth $L = 6.25$ ft - Total pile length $h_1 = 0$ ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile, $h_2 = 0$ ft - Depth to resting surface $h_e = 0$ ft - Length of pile above the ground</p> <p>Tabulation of Soil Parameters</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Layer</th> <th>Label</th> <th>Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf)</th> <th>Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel</td> <td>2000.000</td> <td>150.000</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Tabulation of Loads</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Load Component</th> <th>ASD</th> <th>LRFD</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>P (kip)</td> <td>9.586</td> <td>15.354</td> </tr> <tr> <td>V_x (kip)</td> <td>-2.049</td> <td>-3.445</td> </tr> <tr> <td>V_z (kip)</td> <td>-0.033</td> <td>-0.053</td> </tr> <tr> <td>M_x (kipft)</td> <td>-0.116</td> <td>-0.184</td> </tr> <tr> <td>M_z (kipft)</td> <td>24.285</td> <td>41.636</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Material Properties $f'_{ck} = 2.5$ ksi - Concrete strength,</p>	Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)	1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000	Load Component	ASD	LRFD	P (kip)	9.586	15.354	V_x (kip)	-2.049	-3.445	V_z (kip)	-0.033	-0.053	M_x (kipft)	-0.116	-0.184	M_z (kipft)	24.285	41.636	
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	<p>Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD) H - Point of application of the lateral load</p> $H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$ $H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$ $H = 0 \text{ ft}$ <p>Considering x-direction: H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,</p> $H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$ $H_o = \frac{(-2.049 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $H_o = -0.32627 \text{ kip/ft}$ <p>M_o - Moment per length of pile,</p> $M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$																											

$$M_o = \frac{(24.285 \text{ kipft}) + ((-2.049 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 3.867 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,x} = 5.8059 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in x-direction,

Considering z-direction:

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.033 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.0052548 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.116 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.033 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.018471 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_z^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,z} = 1.047 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in z-direction,

Minimum embedded depth required:

$L_{e,req}$ - Depth of pile required,

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$$

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(5.8059 \text{ ft}), (1.047 \text{ ft})]$$

$$L_{e,req} = 5.806 \text{ ft}$$

L_e - Actual embedded length of pile,

$$L_e = L - h_e - h_2$$

$$L_e = (6.25 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$L_e = 6.25 \text{ ft}$$

Ratio - Embedded depth

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(5.806 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.92896$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.930**

End-bearing Capacity (ASD)

A - Pile cross-section area

$$A = b D$$

$$A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$$

q - End-bearing pressure

$$q = \frac{P_c}{A}$$

$$q = \frac{(9.586 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$$

$$q = 0.599125 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$$q = 0.59913 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check bearing capacity ratio:

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.59913 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.29956$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.300**

Czerniak

Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):

L/D - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,

$$L/D = \frac{L}{D}$$

$$L/D = \frac{(6.25 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$$

$$L/D = 1.5625$$

Since $L/D \leq 10$,

Pile is short.

Considering x-direction:

$H_o = -0.32627 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 3.867 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (3.867 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.32627 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (3.867 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.32627 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.3021 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 \times (3.867 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.32627 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(6.25 \text{ ft})^2 [(3 \times (3.867 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.32627 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.22315 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 \times (3.867 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.32627 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]}{(6.25 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.87473 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(4.3021 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.32266 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.22315 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.32266 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.6916$$

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.690**

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 0.9375 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.87473 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.9375 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.93305$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.930**

Considering z-direction:

$H_o = -0.0052548 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 0.018471 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.018471 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.0052548 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.018471 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.0052548 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.4492 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (0.018471 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.0052548 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(6.25 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (0.018471 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.0052548 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = -0.0011351 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (0.018471 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.0052548 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]}{(6.25 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.00062981 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(4.4492 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.33369 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(-0.0011351 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.33369 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = -0.0034018$$

p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 0.9375 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

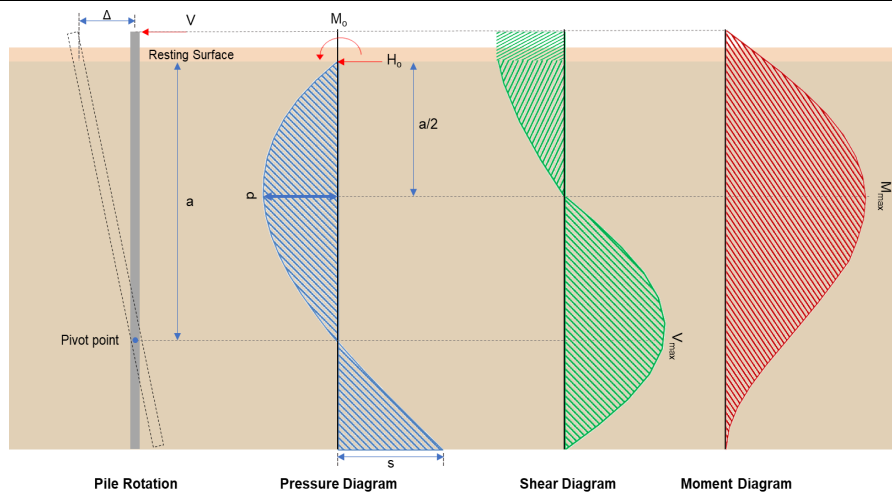
$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.00062981 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.9375 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.0006718$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**



Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRF)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_e}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-3.445 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.54857 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(41.636 \text{ kipft}) + ((-3.445 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 6.6299 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(6.6299 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.54857 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 12.086 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (6.6299 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.54857 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (6.6299 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.54857 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.3002 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.54857 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (12.086 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.3002 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (12.086 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.3002 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 8.9566 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.54857 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(12.086 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(4.3002 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (12.086 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.3002 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (12.086 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.3002 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 26.742 \text{ kipft}$$

Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.053 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.0084395 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.184 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.053 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.0293 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.0293 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.0084395 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 3.4717 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.0293 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.0084395 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.0293 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.0084395 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.4508 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.0084395 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (3.4717 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.4508 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (3.4717 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.4508 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.055637 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o b L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.0084395 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(3.4717 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(4.4508 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (3.4717 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.4508 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (3.4717 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.4508 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 0.15502 \text{ kipft}$$

Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$ - Concrete strength,
 $f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$ - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,
 $\phi = 0.65$ - Reduction factor for axial strength,
 $\alpha = 0.8$ - Alpha factor for axial strength,
 $A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$ - Gross area of concrete,

Table 22.4.2.1

Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load, $A_{st,required}$

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{(15.354 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -84.086 \text{ in}^2$$

A_{min} - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-84.086 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$$

n_{rebar} - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 14$$

A_{st} - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.96556$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.970**

25.2.3

s_{rebar} - Minimum spacing of reinforcement,

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$$

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$$

Ties:

25.7.2.2

Since longitudinal reinforcement is \leq No. 10: Use #3(0.375 in)

25.7.2.1

s_{ties} - Maximum spacing of ties,

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), \text{Min} (D, b)]$$

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), \text{Min} ((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$$

Summary:

Main reinforcement: **14 - #5 (0.625 in)**

Ties: #3(0.375 in) - 10 in

Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)

22.4.2.2

ϕP_N - Allowable axial compressive strength

$$\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st})]$$

$$\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times [(0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$\phi P_N = 2675.2 \text{ kip}$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(15.354 \text{ kip})}{(2675.2 \text{ kip})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.0057394$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.010**

Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)

Parameters:

22.5.2.2

$b_w = 48 \text{ in}$ - Effective width,
 d - Effective depth

$$d = 0.80 D$$

$$d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$d = 38.4 \text{ in}$$

22.5.5.1.3

λ_s - size effect modification factor

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = 0.64282$$

22.5.5.1.1

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{c,max}$ - Max shear strength of concrete

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,max} = 296.21 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.1(a)

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $P = 15.354 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 15354 \text{ lbf}$,
 $V_{c,a}$ - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + \frac{P}{6 A_g} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + \frac{(15354 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 120.53 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{c,b}$ - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + (0.05 f'_{ck}) \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi})) \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 348.89 \text{ kip}$$

V_c - Governing shear strength of concrete

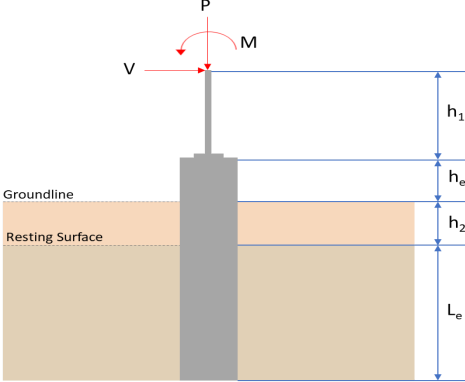
$$V_c = \text{Min}[V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min}[(296.21 \text{ kip}), (120.53 \text{ kip}), (348.89 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 120.53 \text{ kip}$$

<p>22.5.1.2</p>	<p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$.</p> <p>$V_{s,a}$ - Shear strength of steel (a)</p> $V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ $V_{s,a} = 737.28 \text{ kip}$ <p>A_v - Ties rebar area,</p> $A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$ $A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$ $A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$ <p>22.5.8.5.3 $V_{s,b}$ - Shear strength of steel (b)</p> $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yt} d}{s_{ties}}$ $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$ $V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p>V_s - Governing shear strength of steel</p> $V_s = \text{MIN}[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$ $V_s = \text{MIN}[(737.28 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$ $V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p>22.5.1.1 ϕV_n - Allowable shear strength</p> $\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$ $\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((120.53 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$ $\phi V_n = 111.43 \text{ kip}$ <p>Considering x-direction:</p> <p>$V_{max} = 8.9566 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the x-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(8.9566 \text{ kip})}{(111.43 \text{ kip})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.08038$ <p>Considering z-direction:</p> <p>$V_{max} = 0.055637 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the z-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.055637 \text{ kip})}{(111.43 \text{ kip})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.00049932$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.080</p> <p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000</p>
	<p>Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p>S_m - Section modulus</p> $S_m = \frac{b D^2}{6}$ $S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$ $S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$	

<p>14.5.2.1b</p>	<p>$\lambda = 1$ - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete), Allowable flexural strength: M_n shall be the lesser of: $\phi M_{n,1}$</p> $\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{2.5 \text{ksi}} \times 18432.001 \text{in}^3$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 249.600 \text{kipft}$ <p>$\phi M_{n,2}$</p> $\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_c \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ksi}) \times (18432 \text{in}^3)$ $\phi M_{n,2} = 2121.6 \text{kipft}$ <p>Therefore, ϕM_n - Allowable flexural strength,</p> $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$ $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(249.6 \text{kipft}), (2121.6 \text{kipft})]$ $\phi M_n = 249.6 \text{kipft}$ <p>Considering x-direction: $M_{max} = 26.742 \text{kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the x-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(26.742 \text{kipft})}{(249.6 \text{kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.10714$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.110</p>
	<p>Considering z-direction: $M_{max} = 0.15502 \text{kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the z-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.15502 \text{kipft})}{(249.6 \text{kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.00062108$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000</p>

REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS																										
	<p>SkyCiv Foundation Design Pile Foundation</p> <p>Design Information : Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code) Unit System : Imperial</p>																											
	<p>Pile Input</p>  <p>Geometry Pile shape: rectangular $b = 48$ in - Pile width $D = 48$ in - Pile depth $L = 6.25$ ft - Total pile length $h_1 = 0$ ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile, $h_2 = 0$ ft - Depth to resting surface $h_e = 0$ ft - Length of pile above the ground</p> <p>Tabulation of Soil Parameters</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Layer</th> <th>Label</th> <th>Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf)</th> <th>Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel</td> <td>2000.000</td> <td>150.000</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Tabulation of Loads</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Load Component</th> <th>ASD</th> <th>LRFD</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>P (kip)</td> <td>9.586</td> <td>15.354</td> </tr> <tr> <td>V_x (kip)</td> <td>-2.049</td> <td>-3.445</td> </tr> <tr> <td>V_z (kip)</td> <td>0.033</td> <td>0.053</td> </tr> <tr> <td>M_x (kipft)</td> <td>0.116</td> <td>0.185</td> </tr> <tr> <td>M_z (kipft)</td> <td>24.285</td> <td>41.636</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Material Properties $f'_{ck} = 2.5$ ksi - Concrete strength,</p>	Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)	1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000	Load Component	ASD	LRFD	P (kip)	9.586	15.354	V_x (kip)	-2.049	-3.445	V_z (kip)	0.033	0.053	M_x (kipft)	0.116	0.185	M_z (kipft)	24.285	41.636	
Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)																									
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M_x (kipft)	0.116	0.185																										
M_z (kipft)	24.285	41.636																										
	<p>Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD) H - Point of application of the lateral load</p> $H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$ $H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$ $H = 0 \text{ ft}$ <p>Considering x-direction: H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,</p> $H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$ $H_o = \frac{(-2.049 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $H_o = -0.32627 \text{ kip/ft}$ <p>M_o - Moment per length of pile,</p> $M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$																											

$$M_o = \frac{(24.285 \text{ kipft}) + ((-2.049 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 3.867 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,x} = 5.8059 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in x-direction,

Considering z-direction:

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(0.033 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = 0.0052548 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.116 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.033 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.018471 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_z^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,z} = 1.231 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in z-direction,

Minimum embedded depth required:

$L_{e,req}$ - Depth of pile required,

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$$

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(5.8059 \text{ ft}), (1.231 \text{ ft})]$$

$$L_{e,req} = 5.806 \text{ ft}$$

L_e - Actual embedded length of pile,

$$L_e = L - h_e - h_2$$

$$L_e = (6.25 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$L_e = 6.25 \text{ ft}$$

Ratio - Embedded depth

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(5.806 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.92896$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.930**

End-bearing Capacity (ASD)

A - Pile cross-section area

$$A = b D$$

$$A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$$

q - End-bearing pressure

$$q = \frac{P_c}{A}$$

$$q = \frac{(9.586 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$$

$$q = 0.599125 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$$q = 0.59913 \text{ kip/ft}$$

Check bearing capacity ratio:

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.59913 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.29956$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.300**

Czerniak

Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):

L/D - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,

$$L/D = \frac{L}{D}$$

$$L/D = \frac{(6.25 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$$

$$L/D = 1.5625$$

Since $L/D \leq 10$,

Pile is short.

Considering x-direction:

$H_o = -0.32627 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 3.867 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (3.867 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.32627 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (3.867 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.32627 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.3021 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (3.867 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.32627 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(6.25 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (3.867 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.32627 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.22315 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (3.867 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.32627 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]}{(6.25 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.87473 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(4.3021 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.32266 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.22315 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.32266 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.6916$$

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.690**

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 0.9375 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.87473 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.9375 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.93305$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.930**

Considering z-direction:

$H_o = 0.0052548 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 0.018471 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.018471 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.0052548 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.018471 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.0052548 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.4492 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (0.018471 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (0.0052548 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(6.25 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (0.018471 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (0.0052548 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.004713 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (0.018471 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((0.0052548 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]}{(6.25 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.010719 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(4.4492 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.33369 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.004713 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.33369 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.014124$$

p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 0.9375 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

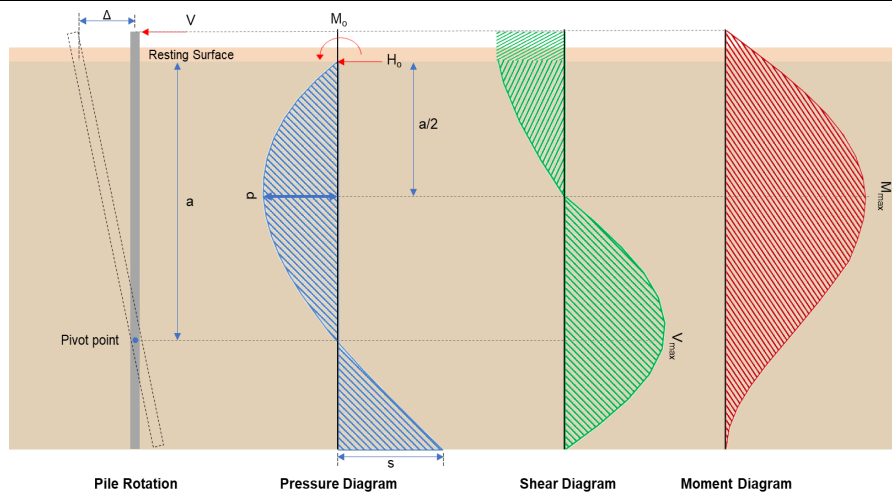
$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.010**

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.010719 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.9375 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.011434$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.010**



Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-3.445 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.54857 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(41.636 \text{ kipft}) + ((-3.445 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 6.6299 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(6.6299 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.54857 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 12.086 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_c) + (3 H_o L_c^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_c)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (6.6299 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.54857 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (6.6299 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.54857 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.3002 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4 E}{L_c} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_c} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3 E}{L_c} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_c} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.54857 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (12.086 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.3002 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (12.086 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.3002 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 8.9566 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.54857 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(12.086 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(4.3002 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (12.086 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.3002 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (12.086 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.3002 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 26.742 \text{ kipft}$$

Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(0.053 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = 0.0084395 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.185 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.053 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.029459 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.029459 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(0.0084395 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 3.4906 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.029459 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.0084395 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.029459 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.0084395 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.4501 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((0.0084395 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (3.4906 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.4501 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (3.4906 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.4501 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.055816 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o b L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((0.0084395 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(3.4906 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(4.4501 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (3.4906 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.4501 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (3.4906 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(4.4501 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 0.15558 \text{ kipft}$$

Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$ - Concrete strength,
 $f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$ - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,
 $\phi = 0.65$ - Reduction factor for axial strength,
 $\alpha = 0.8$ - Alpha factor for axial strength,
 $A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$ - Gross area of concrete,

Table 22.4.2.1

Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load, $A_{st,required}$

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{(15.354 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -84.086 \text{ in}^2$$

A_{min} - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-84.086 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$$

n_{rebar} - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 14$$

A_{st} - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.96556$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.970**

25.2.3

s_{rebar} - Minimum spacing of reinforcement,

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$$

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$$

Ties:

25.7.2.2 Since longitudinal reinforcement is \leq No. 10: Use #3(0.375 in)

25.7.2.1 s_{ties} - Maximum spacing of ties,

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), \text{Min} (D, b)]$$

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), \text{Min} ((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$$

Summary:

Main reinforcement: **14 - #5 (0.625 in)**

Ties: #3(0.375 in) - 10 in

Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)

22.4.2.2

ϕP_N - Allowable axial compressive strength

$$\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st})]$$

$$\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times [(0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$\phi P_N = 2675.2 \text{ kip}$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(15.354 \text{ kip})}{(2675.2 \text{ kip})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.0057394$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.010**

Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)

Parameters:

22.5.2.2

$b_w = 48 \text{ in}$ - Effective width,
 d - Effective depth

$$d = 0.80 D$$

$$d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$d = 38.4 \text{ in}$$

22.5.5.1.3

λ_s - size effect modification factor

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = 0.64282$$

22.5.5.1.1

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{c,max}$ - Max shear strength of concrete

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,max} = 296.21 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.1(a)

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$, $P = 15.354 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 15354 \text{ lbf}$,
 $V_{c,a}$ - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + \frac{P}{6 A_g} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + \frac{(15354 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 120.53 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{c,b}$ - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + (0.05 f'_{ck}) \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi})) \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 348.89 \text{ kip}$$

V_c - Governing shear strength of concrete

$$V_c = \text{Min}[V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min}[(296.21 \text{ kip}), (120.53 \text{ kip}), (348.89 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 120.53 \text{ kip}$$

<p>22.5.1.2</p>	<p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$.</p> <p>$V_{s,a}$ - Shear strength of steel (a)</p> $V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ $V_{s,a} = 737.28 \text{ kip}$ <p>A_v - Ties rebar area,</p> $A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$ $A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$ $A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$ <p>22.5.8.5.3 $V_{s,b}$ - Shear strength of steel (b)</p> $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yt} d}{s_{ties}}$ $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$ $V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p>V_s - Governing shear strength of steel</p> $V_s = \text{MIN}[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$ $V_s = \text{MIN}[(737.28 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$ $V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p>22.5.1.1 ϕV_n - Allowable shear strength</p> $\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$ $\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((120.53 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$ $\phi V_n = 111.43 \text{ kip}$ <p>Considering x-direction:</p> <p>$V_{max} = 8.9566 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the x-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(8.9566 \text{ kip})}{(111.43 \text{ kip})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.08038$ <p>Considering z-direction:</p> <p>$V_{max} = 0.055816 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the z-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.055816 \text{ kip})}{(111.43 \text{ kip})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.00050092$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.080</p> <p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000</p>
	<p>Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p>S_m - Section modulus</p> $S_m = \frac{b D^2}{6}$ $S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$ $S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$	

<p>14.5.2.1b</p>	<p>$\lambda = 1$ - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete), Allowable flexural strength: M_n shall be the lesser of: $\phi M_{n,1}$</p> $\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{2.5 \text{ksi}} \times 18432.001 \text{in}^3$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 249.600 \text{kipft}$ <p>$\phi M_{n,2}$</p> $\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_c \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ksi}) \times (18432 \text{in}^3)$ $\phi M_{n,2} = 2121.6 \text{kipft}$ <p>Therefore, ϕM_n - Allowable flexural strength,</p> $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$ $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(249.6 \text{kipft}), (2121.6 \text{kipft})]$ $\phi M_n = 249.6 \text{kipft}$ <p>Considering x-direction: $M_{max} = 26.742 \text{kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the x-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(26.742 \text{kipft})}{(249.6 \text{kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.10714$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.110</p>
	<p>Considering z-direction: $M_{max} = 0.15558 \text{kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the z-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.15558 \text{kipft})}{(249.6 \text{kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.00062331$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000</p>