

# Your Project Calculations



Project Name: Simmons\_18mods

S3D Model Link:

[https://platform.skyciv.com/structural?preload\\_name=Simmons\\_18mods&preload\\_path=Shared%20Enterprise%20Folder/MT\\_Solar\\_Projects/3\\_2023](https://platform.skyciv.com/structural?preload_name=Simmons_18mods&preload_path=Shared%20Enterprise%20Folder/MT_Solar_Projects/3_2023)

Public Model Link:

[https://platform.skyciv.com/structural-viewer?project\\_id=XjcyjDZUgPaYANpExXdQuAb4fzrUm6FSba8yhrO8pp2aBdlgtWqzO1gnRN1XLnX](https://platform.skyciv.com/structural-viewer?project_id=XjcyjDZUgPaYANpExXdQuAb4fzrUm6FSba8yhrO8pp2aBdlgtWqzO1gnRN1XLnX)

## Array Specification

<b>Product:</b>	Beam
<b>Unique ID:</b>	2P-15-8TOP-HD-45-L-4Hx5W-KC2A
<b>Duty Classification:</b>	HD
<b>Module Width:</b>	41.10 in
<b>Module Length:</b>	74.00in
<b>Number of Rows:</b>	4
<b>Number of Columns:</b>	5
<b>Total Number of Modules:</b>	20
<b>Desired Tilt Angle:</b>	40
<b>Front Edge Clearance:</b>	5
<b>Total Array Height at Tilt:</b>	13.86 ft
<b>Total Frame Length:</b>	30.00 ft
<b>Frame Weight:</b>	1568 lbs
<b>Array Dimensions N/S:</b>	13.87 ft
<b>Array Dimensions E/W:</b>	31.25 ft
<b>Rail Length:</b>	166.40 in
<b>Rail Spacing:</b>	3.08 ft
<b>Rail Check:</b>	Not Checked

## Support Specifications

<b>Pole Size:</b>	8in Pipe Sch 40
<b>Pole Length above Grade:</b>	9.46 ft
<b>Number of Poles:</b>	2
<b>Pole Spacing:</b>	15 ft

## Foundation Specifications

<b>Foundation Type:</b>	Square
<b>Foundation Dimensions:</b>	48 x 48 in
<b>Foundation Depth (below grade):</b>	Pile 1: 6.25 ft Pile 2: 6.25 ft
<b>Foundation Volume:</b>	7.407 y <sup>3</sup>
<b>Foundation Result:</b>	PASSED

## Site Info

<b>Risk Category:</b>	I
<b>Exposure:</b>	C
<b>Soil Classification:</b>	sand
<b>Site Location:</b>	5 Noble Rd, Pinedale, WY 82941, USA
<b>Wind Speed:</b>	110 mph
<b>Snow Load:</b>	70 psf
<b>Design Uplift Pressure:</b>	Multiple pressures
<b>Design Downforce Pressure:</b>	Multiple pressures
<b>Design Snow Pressure:</b>	0.017690 ksf



### Design Disclaimer

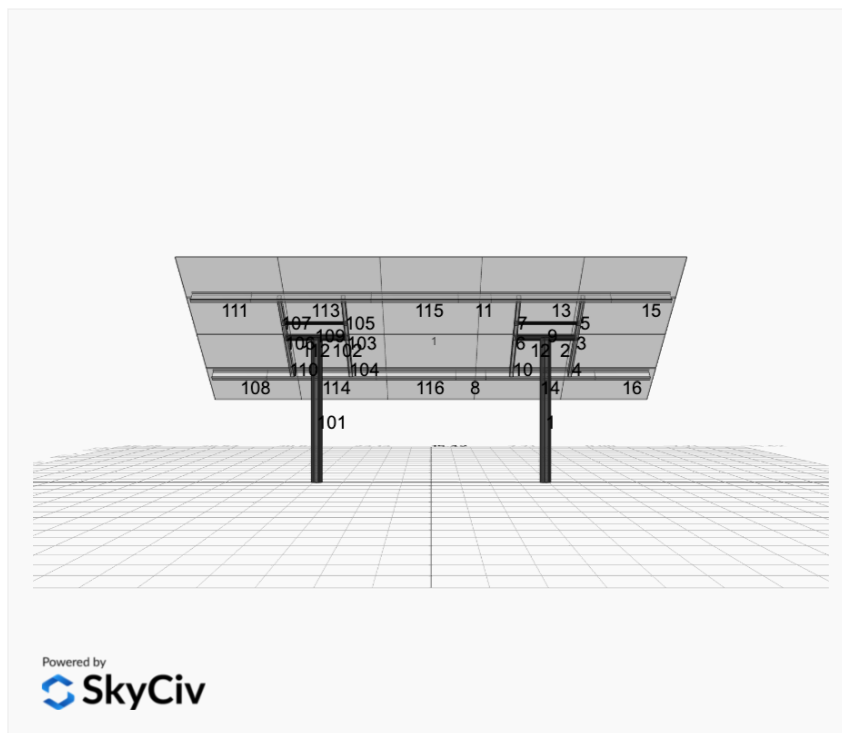
This software should be used for preliminary designs and should not be used as a final design unless reviewed, verified and designed by a qualified structural engineer.

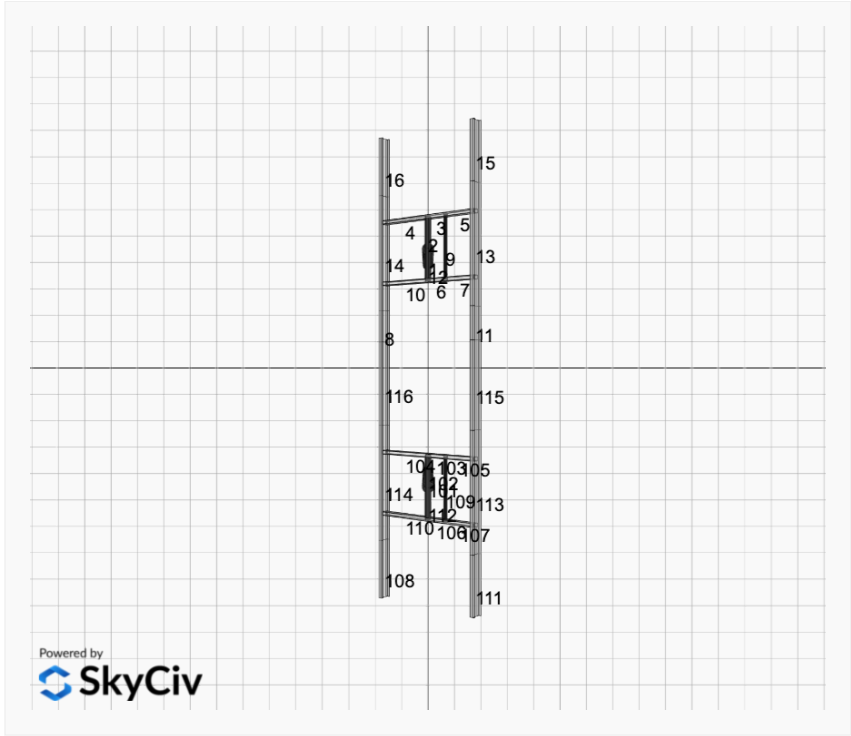
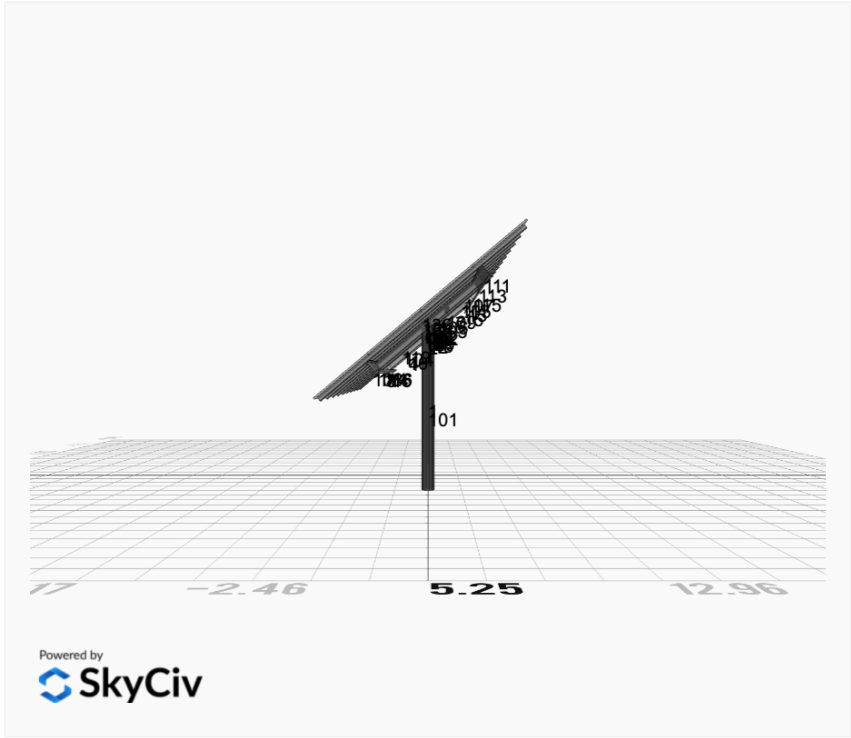
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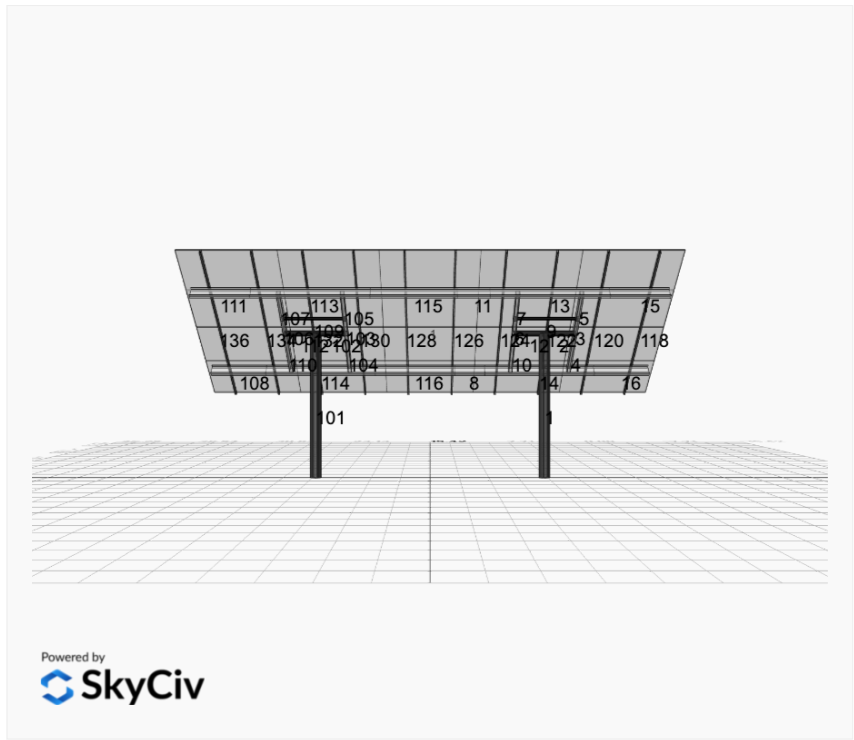
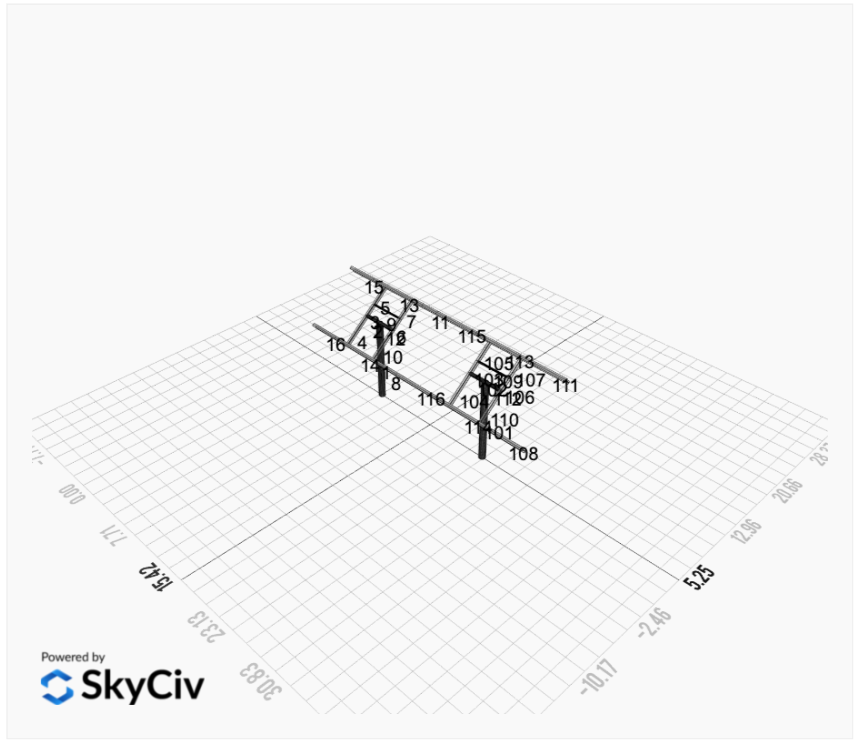
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  "module_width": 41.1,
  "module_length": 74,
  "number_rows": 4,
  "number_columns": 5,
  "pole_mount_section": "4_40",
  "core_pipe_width": 65,
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  "ground_clearance": 5,
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  "soil_type": "sand",
  "foundation_type": "Square",
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### Design Notes:

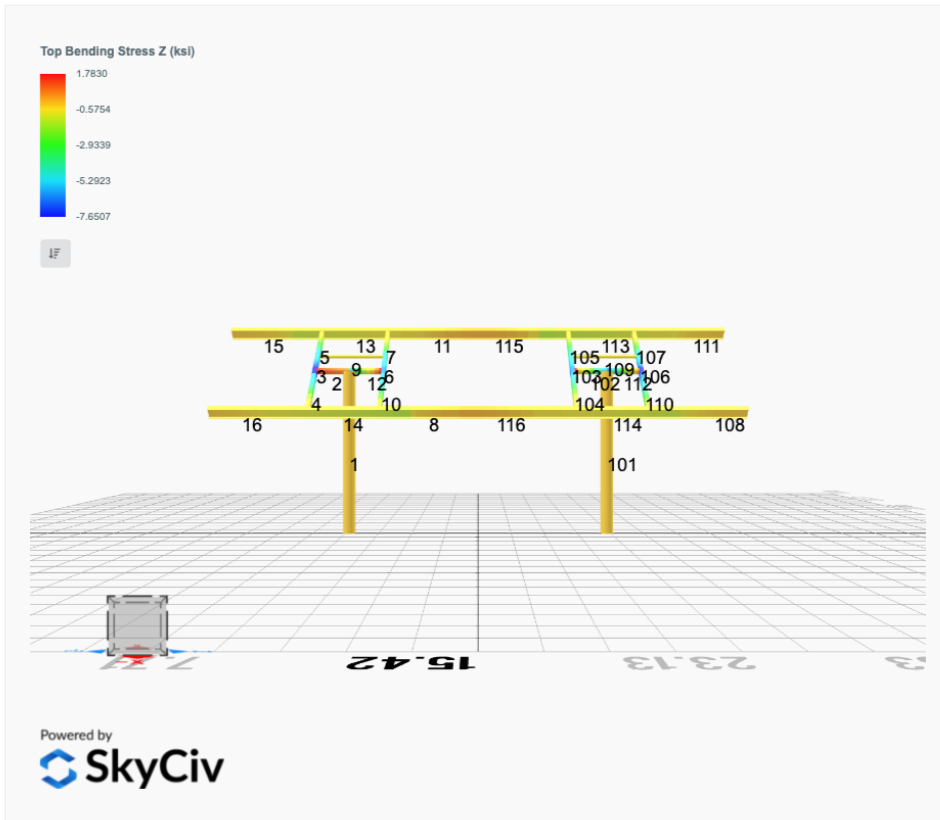
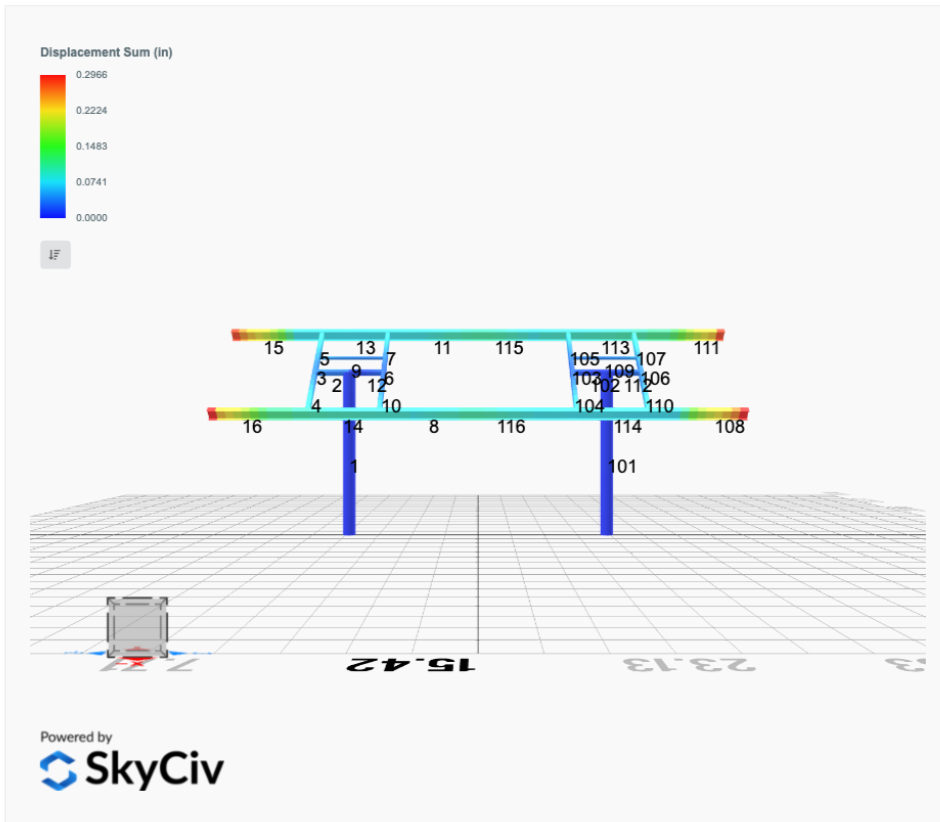
- AISC Deflection checks are set to L/1 due to structure design intent
- Foundation Design and Sizing is approximate only

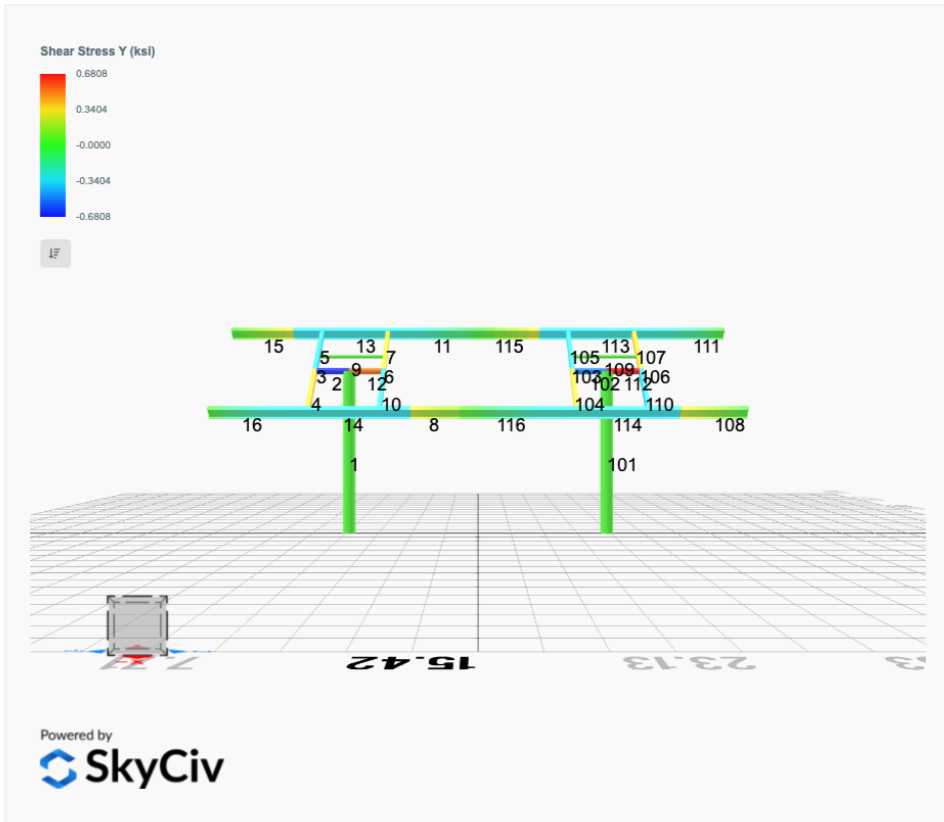
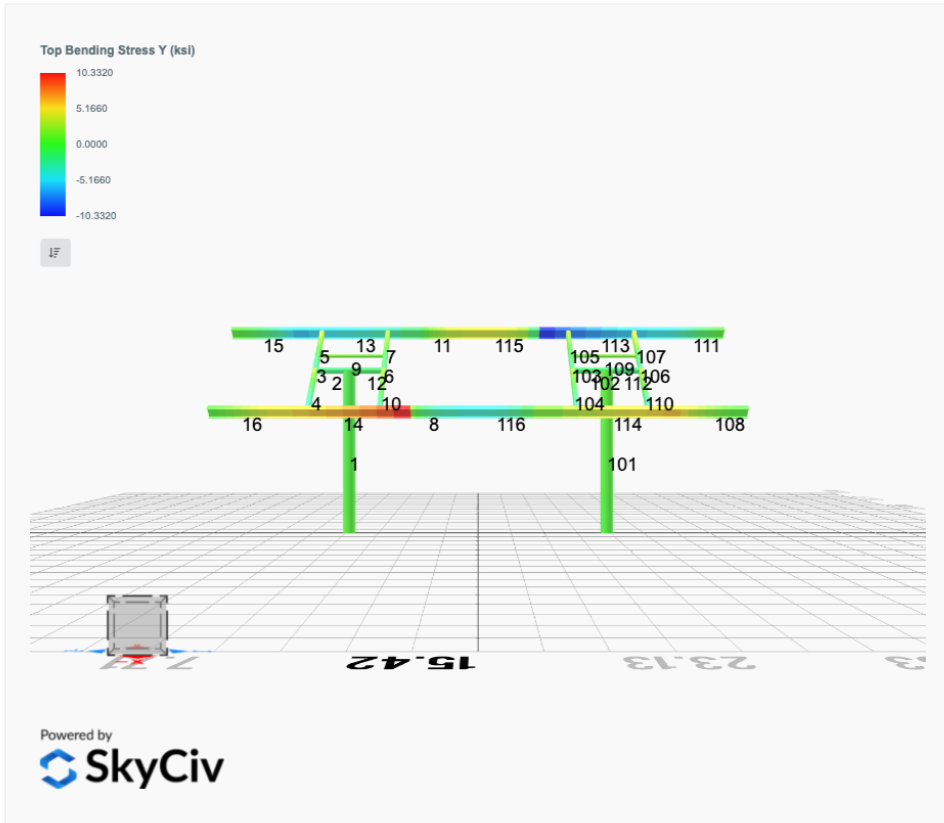


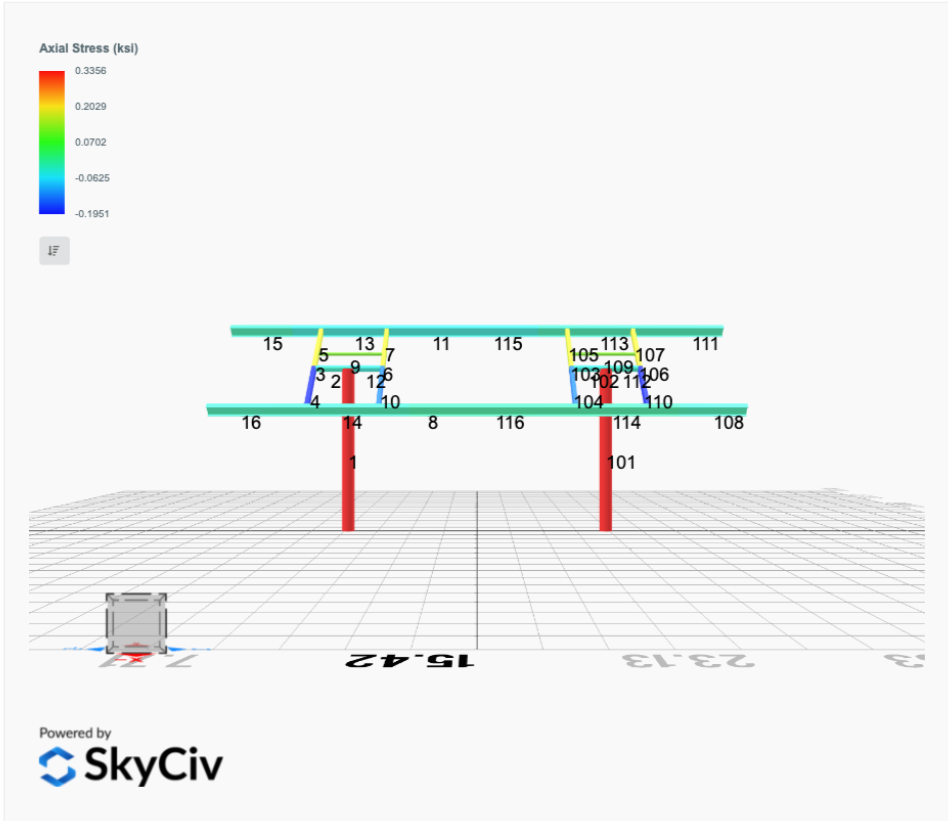




# FEM Results (Envelope Worst Case for each member)







## Reaction Forces for Foundation 1 (Node ID#1), (kip, kip-ft)

### ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	0.0000	1.8009	-0.0301	-0.0735	0.0697	0.0234
ULS: 2. D + L	0.0000	1.8009	-0.0301	-0.0735	0.0697	0.0234
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0000	4.6195	-0.0939	-0.2296	0.2174	0.0335
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0000	1.8009	-0.0301	-0.0735	0.0697	0.0234
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0000	3.9149	-0.0780	-0.1906	0.1805	0.0310
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0000	1.8009	-0.0301	-0.0735	0.0697	0.0234
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	0.0000	1.8009	-0.0301	-0.0735	0.0697	0.0234
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	0.0000	3.9149	-0.0780	-0.1906	0.1805	0.0310
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	0.0000	1.0805	-0.0180	-0.0441	0.0418	0.0140
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.6972	5.0152	-0.1403	-0.3329	0.4269	26.4136
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-2.6972	5.0152	-0.1403	-0.3329	0.4269	26.4136
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	2.1496	-0.7609	0.0575	0.1322	-0.2148	-19.8958
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	1.8251	-0.3742	0.0448	0.1024	-0.1735	-23.1942
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.0229	6.3256	-0.1607	-0.3851	0.4484	19.8237
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-2.0229	6.3256	-0.1607	-0.3851	0.4484	19.8237
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.6122	1.9935	-0.0123	-0.0363	-0.0329	-14.9084
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	1.3689	2.2835	-0.0218	-0.0587	-0.0019	-17.3822
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.0229	4.2117	-0.1128	-0.2681	0.3376	19.8161
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-2.0229	4.2117	-0.1128	-0.2681	0.3376	19.8161
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.6122	-0.1205	0.0356	0.0808	-0.1437	-14.9160
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	1.3689	0.1696	0.0261	0.0584	-0.1127	-17.3898
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.6972	4.2949	-0.1283	-0.3035	0.3990	26.4043
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-2.6972	4.2949	-0.1283	-0.3035	0.3990	26.4043
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	2.1496	-1.4813	0.0695	0.1616	-0.2427	-19.9052
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	1.8251	-1.0946	0.0568	0.1318	-0.2013	-23.2035

### Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.  
 Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value
Axial	9.3495
Shear X	-4.4953
Shear Z	-0.2520
Moment X	-0.5993
Moment Z	44.3919

### Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.  
 Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value
Axial	6.3256
Shear X	-2.6972
Shear Z	-0.1607
Moment X	-0.3851
Moment Z	26.4136

## Reaction Forces for Foundation 2 (Node ID#101), (kip, kip-ft)

### ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	-0.0000	1.8009	0.0301	0.0735	-0.0697	0.0234
ULS: 2. D + L	-0.0000	1.8009	0.0301	0.0735	-0.0697	0.0234
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	-0.0000	4.6195	0.0939	0.2296	-0.2174	0.0335
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	-0.0000	1.8009	0.0301	0.0735	-0.0697	0.0234
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	-0.0000	3.9149	0.0780	0.1906	-0.1805	0.0310
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	-0.0000	1.8009	0.0301	0.0735	-0.0697	0.0234
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	-0.0000	1.8009	0.0301	0.0735	-0.0697	0.0234
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	-0.0000	3.9149	0.0780	0.1906	-0.1805	0.0310



Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	-0.0000	1.0805	0.0180	0.0441	-0.0418	0.0140
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.6972	5.0152	0.1403	0.3329	-0.4269	26.4136
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-2.6972	5.0152	0.1403	0.3329	-0.4269	26.4136
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	2.1496	-0.7609	-0.0575	-0.1322	0.2148	-19.8958
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	1.8251	-0.3742	-0.0448	-0.1024	0.1735	-23.1942
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.0229	6.3256	0.1607	0.3851	-0.4484	19.8237
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-2.0229	6.3256	0.1607	0.3851	-0.4484	19.8237
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.6122	1.9935	0.0123	0.0363	0.0329	-14.9084
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	1.3689	2.2835	0.0218	0.0587	0.0019	-17.3822
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.0229	4.2117	0.1128	0.2681	-0.3376	19.8161
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-2.0229	4.2117	0.1128	0.2681	-0.3376	19.8161
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	1.6122	-0.1205	-0.0356	-0.0808	0.1437	-14.9160
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	1.3689	0.1696	-0.0261	-0.0584	0.1127	-17.3898
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-2.6972	4.2949	0.1283	0.3035	-0.3990	26.4043
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-2.6972	4.2949	0.1283	0.3035	-0.3990	26.4043
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	2.1496	-1.4813	-0.0695	-0.1616	0.2427	-19.9052
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	1.8251	-1.0946	-0.0568	-0.1318	0.2013	-23.2035

#### Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.  
 Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value
Axial	9.3495
Shear X	-4.4953
Shear Z	0.2520
Moment X	0.5994
Moment Z	44.3926

#### Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.  
 Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value
Axial	6.3256
Shear X	-2.6972
Shear Z	0.1607
Moment X	0.3851
Moment Z	26.4136

## Project Details

Design Code: AISC 360-16 LRFD  
 Provision: LRFD  
 Country: United States

User Name: sales@mtsolar.us  
 Project Name: Simmons\_18mods  
 Unit System: imperial



## Design Input Information

Design Factors			
$\Phi_t$	$\Phi_c$	$\Phi_b$	$\Phi_v$
0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9

Design Materials			
ID	E (ksi)	F <sub>y</sub> (ksi)	F <sub>u</sub> (ksi)
1	29000	50	65

**Section Dimensions**

ID	Name	d (in)	t <sub>w</sub> (in)				
2	2in Pipe Sch 80	2.38	0.22				
5	4in Pipe Sch 80	4.50	0.34				
9	8in Pipe Sch 40	8.63	0.32				

ID	Name	d (in)	b (in)	t <sub>w</sub> (in)	t <sub>b</sub> (in)	r (in)	
16	HSS5x3x3/16	5.00	3.00	0.17	0.17	0.17	

ID	Name	d (in)	t <sub>w</sub> (in)	b <sub>t</sub> (in)	b <sub>b</sub> (in)	t <sub>t</sub> (in)	t <sub>b</sub> (in)	r (in)
19	W8x10	7.89	0.17	3.94	3.94	0.20	0.20	0.30

Section Properties								
ID	Name	A (in <sup>2</sup> )	J (in <sup>4</sup> )	I <sub>yp</sub> (in <sup>4</sup> )	I <sub>zp</sub> (in <sup>4</sup> )	I <sub>w</sub> (in <sup>6</sup> )	S <sub>yp</sub> (in <sup>3</sup> )	S <sub>zp</sub> (in <sup>3</sup> )
2	2in Pipe Sch 80	1.48	1.74	0.87	0.87	0.00	1.02	1.02
5	4in Pipe Sch 80	4.41	19.22	9.61	9.61	0.00	5.85	5.85

9	8in Pipe Sch 40	8.40	144.98	72.49	72.49	0.00	22.21	22.21
16	HSS5x3x3/16	2.58	8.64	3.85	8.53	92.39	2.96	4.21
19	W8x10	2.96	0.04	2.09	30.80	30.90	1.66	8.87

Member Properties								
Member ID	Section ID	K <sub>z</sub> L (ft)	K <sub>y</sub> L (ft)	L <sub>b</sub> (ft)	C <sub>b</sub>	L S T	L S C	L D
1	9	19.86	19.86	9.46	-	300	200	1
2	5	0.25	0.25	0.25	-	300	200	1
3	16	1.42	1.42	1.42	1.19,1.19,1.19,1.18,1.19,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18	300	200	1
4	16	3.75	3.75	3.75	1.69,1.68,1.69,1.67,1.68,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.80,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.64,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.65,1.80,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.65	300	200	1
5	16	2.33	2.33	2.33	1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66	300	200	1
6	16	1.42	1.42	1.42	1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.16,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.17	300	200	1
7	16	2.33	2.33	2.33	1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.65,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66	300	200	1
8	19	2.05	2.05	2.05	2.37,2.37,2.37,2.37,2.37,2.37,2.36,2.36,2.35,1.99,2.36,2.36,2.35,2.31,2.36,2.36,2.39,2.38,2.36,2.36,2.35,2.20,2.36,2.36,2.35,2.33	300	200	1
9	2	4.00	4.00	4.00	-	300	200	1
10	16	3.75	3.75	3.75	1.69,1.68,1.69,1.67,1.69,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.74,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.62,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.65,1.77,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.64	300	200	1
11	19	2.05	2.05	2.05	2.38,2.37,2.38,2.37,2.38,2.38,2.37,2.37,2.35,2.36,2.36,2.36,2.36,2.36,2.37,2.37,2.39,2.41,2.37,2.37,2.35,2.36,2.36,2.36,2.36,2.37	300	200	1
12	5	2.00	2.00	2.00	-	300	200	1
13	19	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.41,1.41,1.41,1.41,1.41,1.41,1.41,1.41,1.40,1.40,1.41,1.41,1.40,1.41,1.41,1.41,1.41,1.41,1.42,1.41,1.41,1.40,1.41,1.41,1.40,1.41	300	200	1
14	19	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.30,1.30	300	200	1
15	19	3.75	3.75	3.75	2.33,2.33	300	200	1
16	19	3.75	3.75	3.75	2.33,2.33	300	200	1
17	19	4.00	4.00	4.00	1.16,1.16	300	200	1
18	19	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.30,1.30	300	200	1
19	19	4.00	4.00	4.00	1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.30,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.18,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.17	300	200	1
20	19	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.41,1.41,1.41,1.41,1.41,1.41,1.40,1.40,1.40,1.48,1.40,1.40,1.40,1.39,1.40,1.40,1.41,1.41,1.40,1.40,1.40,1.46,1.40,1.40,1.40,1.39	300	200	1
21	19	4.00	4.00	4.00	1.16,1.16	300	200	1
22	19	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.41,1.41,1.41,1.41,1.41,1.41,1.41,1.41,1.40,1.40,1.41,1.41,1.40,1.41,1.41,1.41,1.41,1.41,1.42,1.41,1.41,1.40,1.40,1.41,1.41,1.40,1.41	300	200	1
23	19	4.00	4.00	4.00	1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.32,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.18,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16	300	200	1



10	116.10	105.13	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
11	133.20	122.14	32.87	6.12	40.24	43.62
12	198.33	194.54	21.95	21.95	59.50	59.50
13	133.20	123.94	32.87	6.12	40.24	43.62
14	133.20	123.94	32.87	6.12	40.24	43.62
15	133.20	107.59	32.87	6.12	40.24	43.62
16	133.20	107.59	32.87	6.12	40.24	43.62
17	133.20	104.94	32.87	6.12	40.24	43.62
18	133.20	123.94	32.87	6.12	40.24	43.62
19	133.20	104.94	32.87	6.12	40.24	43.62
20	133.20	123.94	32.87	6.12	40.24	43.62
21	133.20	104.94	32.87	6.12	40.24	43.62
22	133.20	123.94	32.87	6.12	40.24	43.62
23	133.20	104.94	32.87	6.12	40.24	43.62
24	133.20	123.94	32.87	6.12	40.24	43.62
25	198.33	195.42	21.95	21.95	59.50	59.50
26	198.33	198.27	21.95	21.95	59.50	59.50
101	377.97	233.61	83.29	83.29	113.39	113.39
102	198.33	194.54	21.95	21.95	59.50	59.50
103	116.10	114.47	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
104	116.10	105.13	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
105	116.10	111.72	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
106	116.10	114.47	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
107	116.10	111.72	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
108	133.20	107.59	32.87	6.12	40.24	43.62
109	66.48	49.90	3.82	3.82	19.94	19.94
110	116.10	105.13	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
111	133.20	107.59	32.87	6.12	40.24	43.62
112	198.33	195.42	21.95	21.95	59.50	59.50
113	133.20	123.94	32.87	6.12	40.24	43.62
114	133.20	123.94	32.87	6.12	40.24	43.62
115	133.20	85.54	32.87	6.12	40.24	43.62
116	133.20	85.54	32.87	6.12	40.24	43.62

## Design Ratio

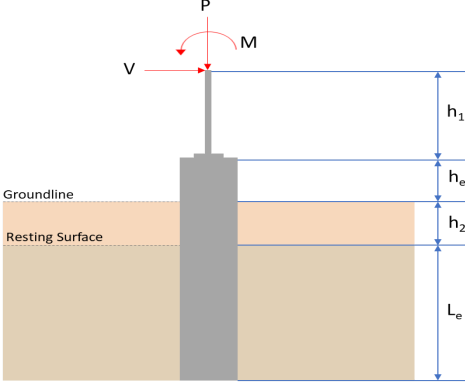
Member ID	P	M <sub>z</sub>	M <sub>y</sub>	V <sub>y</sub>	V <sub>z</sub>	(P,M <sub>z</sub> ,M <sub>y</sub> )	Worst LC	KL/r	δ	Status
1	0.040	0.533	0.021	0.040	0.002	0.559	#13	0.406	Not Required	Pass
2	0.001	0.074	0.055	0.081	0.040	0.113	#23	0.010	Not Required	Pass
3	0.009	0.614	0.076	0.062	0.019	0.659	#13	0.070	Not Required	Pass
4	0.010	0.580	0.124	0.058	0.026	0.608	#13	0.123	Not Required	Pass
5	0.010	0.380	0.130	0.061	0.032	0.396	#13	0.115	Not Required	Pass
6	0.008	0.534	0.052	0.053	0.010	0.557	#13	0.070	Not Required	Pass
7	0.008	0.331	0.088	0.053	0.022	0.340	#13	0.115	Not Required	Pass
8	0.001	0.037	0.088	0.028	0.011	0.100	#21	0.146	Not Required	Pass
9	0.006	0.054	0.055	0.002	0.002	0.111	#13	0.313	Not Required	Pass
10	0.008	0.501	0.099	0.050	0.024	0.557	#13	0.123	Not Required	Pass
11	0.002	0.039	0.089	0.030	0.011	0.103	#21	0.098	Not Required	Pass
12	0.002	0.295	0.185	0.070	0.035	0.476	#13	0.081	Not Required	Pass
13	0.002	0.117	0.204	0.044	0.016	0.305	#21	0.083	Not Required	Pass
14	0.000	0.138	0.323	0.041	0.016	0.446	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
15	0.000	0.068	0.150	0.030	0.011	0.209	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
16	0.000	0.064	0.150	0.028	0.011	0.207	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass

17	0.006	0.153	0.089	0.020	0.008	0.222	#21	0.190	Not Required	Pass
18	0.000	0.146	0.323	0.044	0.016	0.450	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
19	0.006	0.149	0.114	0.019	0.009	0.249	#21	0.286	Not Required	Pass
20	0.001	0.111	0.204	0.041	0.016	0.303	#21	0.125	Not Required	Pass
21	0.006	0.153	0.089	0.020	0.008	0.222	#21	0.190	Not Required	Pass
22	0.002	0.117	0.204	0.044	0.016	0.305	#21	0.083	Not Required	Pass
23	0.006	0.149	0.114	0.019	0.009	0.249	#21	0.286	Not Required	Pass
24	0.000	0.138	0.323	0.041	0.016	0.446	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
25	0.001	0.371	0.219	0.082	0.040	0.591	#13	0.071	Not Required	Pass
26	0.001	0.074	0.055	0.081	0.040	0.113	#23	0.010	Not Required	Pass
101	0.040	0.533	0.021	0.040	0.002	0.559	#13	0.406	Not Required	Pass
102	0.002	0.295	0.185	0.070	0.035	0.476	#13	0.081	Not Required	Pass
103	0.008	0.534	0.052	0.053	0.010	0.557	#13	0.070	Not Required	Pass
104	0.008	0.501	0.099	0.050	0.024	0.557	#13	0.123	Not Required	Pass
105	0.008	0.331	0.088	0.053	0.022	0.340	#13	0.115	Not Required	Pass
106	0.009	0.614	0.076	0.062	0.019	0.659	#13	0.070	Not Required	Pass
107	0.010	0.380	0.130	0.061	0.032	0.396	#13	0.115	Not Required	Pass
108	0.000	0.064	0.150	0.028	0.011	0.207	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
109	0.006	0.054	0.055	0.002	0.002	0.111	#13	0.313	Not Required	Pass
110	0.010	0.580	0.124	0.058	0.026	0.608	#13	0.123	Not Required	Pass
111	0.000	0.068	0.150	0.030	0.011	0.209	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
112	0.001	0.371	0.219	0.082	0.040	0.591	#13	0.071	Not Required	Pass
113	0.000	0.146	0.323	0.044	0.016	0.450	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
114	0.001	0.111	0.204	0.041	0.016	0.303	#21	0.125	Not Required	Pass
115	0.002	0.039	0.118	0.030	0.011	0.144	#21	0.259	Not Required	Pass
116	0.002	0.037	0.118	0.028	0.011	0.141	#21	0.389	Not Required	Pass

## Definitions

$\Phi_t$	Safety factor for tensile
$\Phi_c$	Safety factor for compression
$\Phi_b$	Safety factor for flexure
$\Phi_v$	Safety factor for shear
E	Modulus of elasticity
$F_y$	Specified minimum yield stress
$F_u$	Specified minimum tensile strength
A	Cross-sectional area
J	Torsional constant
$I_{yp}$	Moment of inertia about the Y axes
$I_{zp}$	Moment of inertia about the Z axes
$I_w$	Warping constant
$S_{yp}$	Plastic section modulus about the Y axis
$S_{zp}$	Plastic section modulus about the Z axis
KL	Effective length
$C_b$	Buckling modification factor (from all load combinations)
$L_b$	Length between braced points
LST	Limited slenderness for tension
LSC	Limited slenderness for compression
LD	Limited deflection
$P_n$	Nominal axial strength (tension/compression)
$M_n$	Nominal flexural strength (about Z/Y axis)
$V_n$	Nominal shear strength (along Z/Y axis)
P	Design ratio in case of axial force
$M_z$	Design ratio in case of bending about Z axis
$M_y$	Design ratio in case of bending about Y axis
$V_y$	Design ratio in case of shear along Y axis
$V_z$	Design ratio in case of shear along Z axis
$(P, M_z, M_y)$	Design ratio in case of axial force and bending action
KL/r	Design ratio in case of section slenderness
$\delta$	Design ratio in case of member deflection
OK	Capacity is provided
NG	Capacity is not provided



REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS																										
	<p><b>SkyCiv Foundation Design</b> Pile Foundation</p> <p><b>Design Information :</b> Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code) Unit System : Imperial</p>																											
	<p><b>Pile Input</b></p>  <p><b>Geometry</b> Pile shape: rectangular <math>b = 48</math> in - Pile width <math>D = 48</math> in - Pile depth <math>L = 6.25</math> ft - Total pile length <math>h_1 = 0</math> ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile, <math>h_2 = 0</math> ft - Depth to resting surface <math>h_e = 0</math> ft - Length of pile above the ground</p> <p><b>Tabulation of Soil Parameters</b></p> <table border="1" data-bbox="416 1102 1193 1191"> <thead> <tr> <th>Layer</th> <th>Label</th> <th>Allowable Bearing Pressure (<math>q_a</math>) (psf)</th> <th>Allowable Lateral Pressure (<math>R</math>) (psf/ft)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel &amp; clayey gravel</td> <td>2000.000</td> <td>150.000</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><b>Tabulation of Loads</b></p> <table border="1" data-bbox="676 1288 933 1458"> <thead> <tr> <th>Load Component</th> <th>ASD</th> <th>LRFD</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><math>P</math> (kip)</td> <td>6.326</td> <td>9.350</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>V_x</math> (kip)</td> <td>-2.697</td> <td>-4.495</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>V_z</math> (kip)</td> <td>-0.161</td> <td>-0.252</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>M_x</math> (kipft)</td> <td>-0.385</td> <td>-0.599</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>M_z</math> (kipft)</td> <td>26.414</td> <td>44.392</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><b>Material Properties</b> <math>f'_{ck} = 3</math> ksi - Concrete strength,</p>	Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure ( $q_a$ ) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure ( $R$ ) (psf/ft)	1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000	Load Component	ASD	LRFD	$P$ (kip)	6.326	9.350	$V_x$ (kip)	-2.697	-4.495	$V_z$ (kip)	-0.161	-0.252	$M_x$ (kipft)	-0.385	-0.599	$M_z$ (kipft)	26.414	44.392	
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$M_z$ (kipft)	26.414	44.392																										
	<p><b>Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD)</b> <math>H</math> - Point of application of the lateral load</p> $H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$ $H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$ $H = 0 \text{ ft}$ <p><b>Considering x-direction:</b> <math>H_o</math> - Lateral force per length of pile,</p> $H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$ $H_o = \frac{(-2.697 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $H_o = -0.42946 \text{ kip/ft}$ <p><math>M_o</math> - Moment per length of pile,</p> $M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$																											



$$M_o = \frac{(26.414 \text{ kipft}) + ((-2.697 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 4.2061 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,x} = 5.7357 \text{ ft}$  - Required depth in x-direction,

**Considering z-direction:**

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.161 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.025637 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.385 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.161 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.061306 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_z^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,z} = 1.4009 \text{ ft}$  - Required depth in z-direction,

**Minimum embedded depth required:**

$L_{e,req}$  - Depth of pile required,

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$$

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(5.7357 \text{ ft}), (1.4009 \text{ ft})]$$

$$L_{e,req} = 5.736 \text{ ft}$$

$L_e$  - Actual embedded length of pile,

$$L_e = L - h_e - h_2$$

$$L_e = (6.25 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$L_e = 6.25 \text{ ft}$$

**Ratio** - Embedded depth

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(5.736 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.91776$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.920**

**End-bearing Capacity (ASD)**

A - Pile cross-section area

$$A = b D$$

$$A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$$

q - End-bearing pressure

$$q = \frac{P_c}{A}$$

$$q = \frac{(6.326 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$$

$$q = 0.395375 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$$q = 0.39537 \text{ kip/ft}$$

**Check bearing capacity ratio:**

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.39537 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.19769$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.200**

Czerniak

**Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):**

$L/D$  - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,

$$L/D = \frac{L}{D}$$

$$L/D = \frac{(6.25 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$$

$$L/D = 1.5625$$

Since  $L/D \leq 10$ ,

Pile is short.

**Considering x-direction:**

$H_o = -0.42946 \text{ kip/ft}$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 4.2061 \text{ kipft/ft}$  - Overturning moment per length of pile,

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (4.2061 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.42946 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (4.2061 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.42946 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.3221 \text{ ft}$$

$p$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $a/2$  from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (4.2061 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.42946 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(6.25 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (4.2061 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.42946 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.20378 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$s$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $L_e$ ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (4.2061 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.42946 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]}{(6.25 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.87982 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

**Check lateral soil pressure capacity:**

$p_a$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(4.3221 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.32416 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.20378 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.32416 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.62863$$

$p_a$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $L_e$ ,

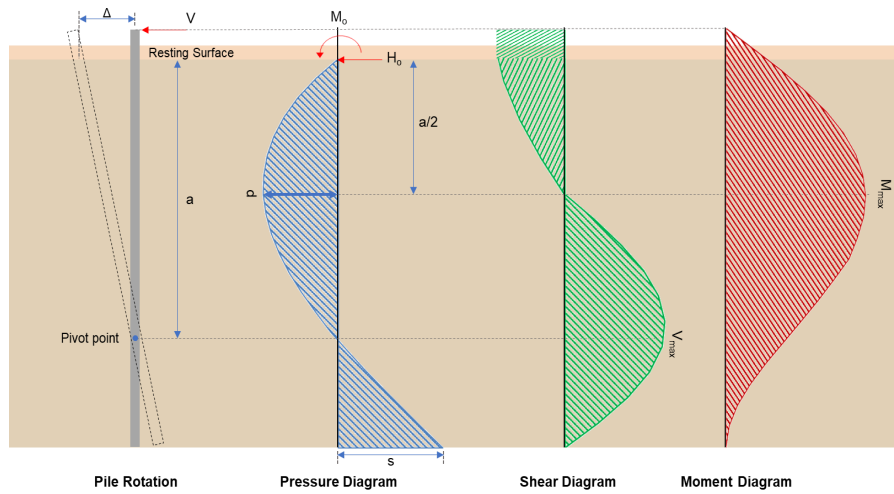
Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.630**

	$p_s = R L_e$ $p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})$ $p_s = 0.9375 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.87982 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.9375 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.93847$	Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>0.940</b>
	<p><b>Considering z-direction:</b></p> <p><math>H_o = -0.025637 \text{ kip/ft}</math> - Lateral force per length of pile,  <math>M_o = 0.061306 \text{ kipft/ft}</math> - Overturning moment per length of pile,  <math>a</math> - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,</p> $a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$ $a = \frac{(4 \times (0.061306 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.025637 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.061306 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.025637 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))}$ $a = 4.4976 \text{ ft}$ <p><math>p</math> - Earth pressure against the pile at distance <math>a/2</math> from resting surface,</p> $p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$ $p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (0.061306 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.025637 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(6.25 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (0.061306 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.025637 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]}$ $p = -0.0077965 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p><math>s</math> - Earth pressure against the pile at distance <math>L_e</math>,</p> $s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$ $s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (0.061306 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.025637 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]}{(6.25 \text{ ft})^2}$ $s = -0.0057783 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p><b>Check lateral soil pressure capacity:</b></p> <p><math>p_a</math> - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth <math>a/2</math>,</p> $p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$ $p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(4.4976 \text{ ft})}{2}$ $p_a = 0.33732 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(-0.0077965 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.33732 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = -0.023113$ <p><math>p_s</math> - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth <math>L_e</math>,</p> $p_s = R L_e$ $p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})$ $p_s = 0.9375 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$	Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>-0.020</b>

$$Ratio = \frac{(-0.0057783 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.9375 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = -0.0061636$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **-0.010**



#### Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_e}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-4.495 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.71576 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(44.392 \text{ kipft}) + ((-4.495 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 7.0688 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

$E$  - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(7.0688 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.71576 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 9.8759 \text{ ft}$$

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_c) + (3 H_o L_c^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_c)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (7.0688 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.71576 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (7.0688 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.71576 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.3212 \text{ ft}$$

$V_{max}$  - Max shear force located at depth  $a$ ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \left( \frac{4 E}{L_c} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_c} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \left( \frac{3 E}{L_c} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_c} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.71576 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \times \left( \frac{4 \times (9.8759 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(4.3212 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \times \left( \frac{3 \times (9.8759 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(4.3212 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 9.8932 \text{ kip}$$

$M_{max}$  - Max bending moment located at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[ \left( \frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.71576 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) \times \left[ \left( \frac{(9.8759 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(4.3212 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 \times (9.8759 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(4.3212 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 \times (9.8759 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(4.3212 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 29.293 \text{ kipft}$$

### Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.252 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.040127 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.599 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.252 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.095382 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

$E$  - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.095382 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.040127 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 2.377 \text{ ft}$$

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.095382 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.040127 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.095382 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.040127 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.4983 \text{ ft}$$

$V_{max}$  - Max shear force located at depth  $a$ ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \left( \frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \left( \frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.040127 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \times \left( \frac{4 \times (2.377 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(4.4983 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \times \left( \frac{3 \times (2.377 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(4.4983 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.21541 \text{ kip}$$

$M_{max}$  - Max bending moment located at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$M_{max} = (H_o b L_e) \left[ \left( \frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.040127 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) \times \left[ \left( \frac{(2.377 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(4.4983 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 \times (2.377 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(4.4983 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 \times (2.377 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(4.4983 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 0.58401 \text{ kipft}$$

### Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

#### Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi}$  - Concrete strength,  
 $f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$  - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,  
 $\phi = 0.65$  - Reduction factor for axial strength,  
 $\alpha = 0.8$  - Alpha factor for axial strength,  
 $A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$  - Gross area of concrete,

Table 22.4.2.1

#### Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load,  $A_{st,required}$

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[ \frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[ \frac{\frac{(9.35 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (3 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (3 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -101.95 \text{ in}^2$$

$A_{min}$  - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-101.95 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$$

$n_{rebar}$  - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 14$$

$A_{st}$  - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.96556$$

25.2.3

$s_{rebar}$  - Minimum spacing of reinforcement,

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$$

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$$

#### Ties:

25.7.2.2 Since longitudinal reinforcement is  $\leq$  No. 10: Use #3(0.375 in)

25.7.2.1  $s_{ties}$  - Maximum spacing of ties,

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), \text{Min} (D, b)]$$

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), \text{Min} ((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$$

#### Summary:

Main reinforcement: 14 - #5 (0.625 in)

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.970**

Ties: #3(0.375 in) - 10 in

**Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)**

22.4.2.2

$\phi P_N$  - Allowable axial compressive strength

$$\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st})]$$

$$\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times [(0.85 \times (3 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$\phi P_N = 3183.4 \text{ kip}$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(9.35 \text{ kip})}{(3183.4 \text{ kip})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.0029371$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.000**

**Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)**

**Parameters:**

22.5.2.2

$b_w = 48 \text{ in}$  - Effective width,  
 $d$  - Effective depth

$$d = 0.80 D$$

$$d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$d = 38.4 \text{ in}$$

22.5.5.1.3

$\lambda_s$  - size effect modification factor

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[ \sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[ \sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = 0.64282$$

22.5.5.1.1

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$ ,  
 $V_{c,max}$  - Max shear strength of concrete

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,max} = 324.49 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.1(a)

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$ ,  $P = 9.35 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 9350 \text{ lbf}$ ,  
 $V_{c,a}$  - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[ 2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + \frac{P}{6 A_g} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[ 2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} + \frac{(9350 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 131.04 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$ ,  
 $V_{c,b}$  - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[ 2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + (0.05 f'_{ck}) \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[ 2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} + (0.05 \times (3000 \text{ psi})) \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 406.27 \text{ kip}$$

$V_c$  - Governing shear strength of concrete

$$V_c = \text{Min}[V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

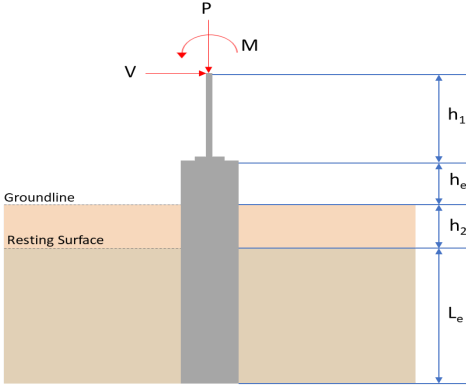
$$V_c = \text{Min}[(324.49 \text{ kip}), (131.04 \text{ kip}), (406.27 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 131.04 \text{ kip}$$

<p>22.5.1.2</p>	<p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula <math>f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}</math>,  <math>V_{s,a}</math> - Shear strength of steel (a)</p> $V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ $V_{s,a} = 807.65 \text{ kip}$ <p><math>A_v</math> - Ties rebar area,</p> $A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$ $A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$ $A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$ <p>22.5.8.5.3 <math>V_{s,b}</math> - Shear strength of steel (b)</p> $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yt} d}{s_{ties}}$ $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$ $V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p><math>V_s</math> - Governing shear strength of steel</p> $V_s = \text{MIN}[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$ $V_s = \text{MIN}[(807.65 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$ $V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p>22.5.1.1 <math>\phi V_n</math> - Allowable shear strength</p> $\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$ $\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((131.04 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$ $\phi V_n = 118.26 \text{ kip}$ <p><b>Considering x-direction:</b></p> <p><math>V_{max} = 9.8932 \text{ kip}</math> - Maximum shear force in the x-direction,  Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(9.8932 \text{ kip})}{(118.26 \text{ kip})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.083658$ <p><b>Considering z-direction:</b></p> <p><math>V_{max} = 0.21541 \text{ kip}</math> - Maximum shear force in the z-direction,  Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.21541 \text{ kip})}{(118.26 \text{ kip})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.0018216$	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b>  Ratio: <b>0.080</b></p> <p>Status: <b>PASS</b>  Ratio: <b>0.000</b></p>
	<p><b>Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</b></p> <p><math>S_m</math> - Section modulus</p> $S_m = \frac{b D^2}{6}$ $S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$ $S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$	



<p>14.5.2.1b</p>	<p><math>\lambda = 1</math> - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete),          Allowable flexural strength:  <math>M_n</math> shall be the lesser of:  <math>\phi M_{n,1}</math></p> $\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{3ksi} \times 18432.001 in^3$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 273.423 kipft$ <p><math>\phi M_{n,2}</math></p> $\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_c \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (3 ksi) \times (18432 in^3)$ $\phi M_{n,2} = 2545.9 kipft$ <p>Therefore,  <math>\phi M_n</math> - Allowable flexural strength,</p> $\phi M_n = MIN[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$ $\phi M_n = MIN[(273.42 kipft), (2545.9 kipft)]$ $\phi M_n = 273.42 kipft$ <p><b>Considering x-direction:</b>  <math>M_{max} = 29.293 kipft</math> - Maximum moment in the x-direction,          Ratio - Capacity</p> $Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $Ratio = \frac{(29.293 kipft)}{(273.42 kipft)}$ $Ratio = 0.10714$	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b>          Ratio: <b>0.110</b></p>
	<p><b>Considering z-direction:</b>  <math>M_{max} = 0.58401 kipft</math> - Maximum moment in the z-direction,          Ratio - Capacity</p> $Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $Ratio = \frac{(0.58401 kipft)}{(273.42 kipft)}$ $Ratio = 0.0021359$	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b>          Ratio: <b>0.000</b></p>

REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS																										
	<p><b>SkyCiv Foundation Design</b> Pile Foundation</p> <p><b>Design Information :</b> Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code) Unit System : Imperial</p>																											
	<p><b>Pile Input</b></p>  <p><b>Geometry</b> Pile shape: rectangular <math>b = 48</math> in - Pile width <math>D = 48</math> in - Pile depth <math>L = 6.25</math> ft - Total pile length <math>h_1 = 0</math> ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile, <math>h_2 = 0</math> ft - Depth to resting surface <math>h_e = 0</math> ft - Length of pile above the ground</p> <p><b>Tabulation of Soil Parameters</b></p> <table border="1" data-bbox="416 1099 1193 1191"> <thead> <tr> <th>Layer</th> <th>Label</th> <th>Allowable Bearing Pressure (<math>q_a</math>) (psf)</th> <th>Allowable Lateral Pressure (<math>R</math>) (psf/ft)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel &amp; clayey gravel</td> <td>2000.000</td> <td>150.000</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><b>Tabulation of Loads</b></p> <table border="1" data-bbox="676 1285 935 1458"> <thead> <tr> <th>Load Component</th> <th>ASD</th> <th>LRFD</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><math>P</math> (kip)</td> <td>6.326</td> <td>9.350</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>V_x</math> (kip)</td> <td>-2.697</td> <td>-4.495</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>V_z</math> (kip)</td> <td>0.161</td> <td>0.252</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>M_x</math> (kipft)</td> <td>0.385</td> <td>0.599</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>M_z</math> (kipft)</td> <td>26.414</td> <td>44.393</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p><b>Material Properties</b> <math>f'_{ck} = 3</math> ksi - Concrete strength,</p>	Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure ( $q_a$ ) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure ( $R$ ) (psf/ft)	1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000	Load Component	ASD	LRFD	$P$ (kip)	6.326	9.350	$V_x$ (kip)	-2.697	-4.495	$V_z$ (kip)	0.161	0.252	$M_x$ (kipft)	0.385	0.599	$M_z$ (kipft)	26.414	44.393	
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	<p><b>Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD)</b> <math>H</math> - Point of application of the lateral load</p> $H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$ $H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$ $H = 0 \text{ ft}$ <p><b>Considering x-direction:</b> <math>H_o</math> - Lateral force per length of pile,</p> $H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$ $H_o = \frac{(-2.697 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $H_o = -0.42946 \text{ kip/ft}$ <p><math>M_o</math> - Moment per length of pile,</p> $M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$																											

$$M_o = \frac{(26.414 \text{ kipft}) + ((-2.697 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 4.2061 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,x} = 5.7357 \text{ ft}$  - Required depth in x-direction,

**Considering z-direction:**

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(0.161 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = 0.025637 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.385 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.161 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.061306 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_z^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,z} = 1.9982 \text{ ft}$  - Required depth in z-direction,

**Minimum embedded depth required:**

$L_{e,req}$  - Depth of pile required,

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$$

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(5.7357 \text{ ft}), (1.9982 \text{ ft})]$$

$$L_{e,req} = 5.736 \text{ ft}$$

$L_e$  - Actual embedded length of pile,

$$L_e = L - h_e - h_2$$

$$L_e = (6.25 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$L_e = 6.25 \text{ ft}$$

**Ratio** - Embedded depth

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(5.736 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.91776$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.920**

**End-bearing Capacity (ASD)**

A - Pile cross-section area

$$A = b D$$

$$A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$$

q - End-bearing pressure

$$q = \frac{P_c}{A}$$

$$q = \frac{(6.326 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$$

$$q = 0.395375 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$$q = 0.39537 \text{ kip/ft}$$

**Check bearing capacity ratio:**

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.39537 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.19769$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.200**

Czerniak

**Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):**

$L/D$  - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,

$$L/D = \frac{L}{D}$$

$$L/D = \frac{(6.25 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$$

$$L/D = 1.5625$$

Since  $L/D \leq 10$ ,

Pile is short.

**Considering x-direction:**

$H_o = -0.42946 \text{ kip/ft}$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 4.2061 \text{ kipft/ft}$  - Overturning moment per length of pile,

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (4.2061 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.42946 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (4.2061 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.42946 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.3221 \text{ ft}$$

$p$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $a/2$  from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (4.2061 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.42946 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(6.25 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (4.2061 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.42946 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.20378 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$s$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $L_e$ ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (4.2061 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.42946 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]}{(6.25 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.87982 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

**Check lateral soil pressure capacity:**

$p_a$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(4.3221 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.32416 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.20378 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.32416 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.62863$$

$p_a$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $L_e$ ,

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.630**

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 0.9375 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.87982 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.9375 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.93847$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.940**

**Considering z-direction:**

$H_o = 0.025637 \text{ kip/ft}$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 0.061306 \text{ kipft/ft}$  - Overturning moment per length of pile,

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.061306 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.025637 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.061306 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.025637 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.4976 \text{ ft}$$

$p$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $a/2$  from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (0.061306 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (0.025637 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(6.25 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (0.061306 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (0.025637 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.020059 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$s$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $L_e$ ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (0.061306 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((0.025637 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))]}{(6.25 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.043445 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

**Check lateral soil pressure capacity:**

$p_a$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(4.4976 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.33732 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.020059 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.33732 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.059467$$

$p_s$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $L_e$ ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 0.9375 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

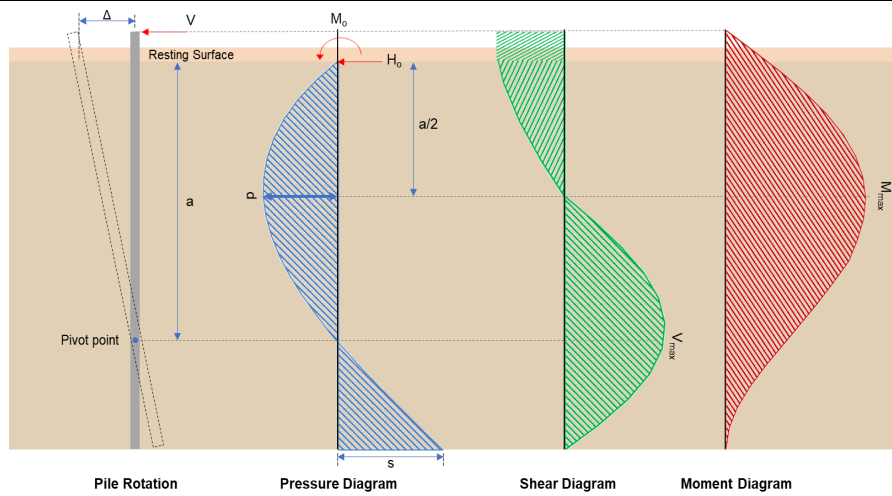
$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.060**

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.043445 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.9375 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.046341$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.050**



#### Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_e}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-4.495 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.71576 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(44.393 \text{ kipft}) + ((-4.495 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 7.0689 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

$E$  - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(7.0689 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.71576 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 9.8761 \text{ ft}$$

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_c) + (3 H_o L_c^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_c)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (7.0689 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.71576 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (7.0689 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.71576 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.3212 \text{ ft}$$

$V_{max}$  - Max shear force located at depth  $a$ ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \left( \frac{4 E}{L_c} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_c} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \left( \frac{3 E}{L_c} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_c} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.71576 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \times \left( \frac{4 \times (9.8761 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(4.3212 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \times \left( \frac{3 \times (9.8761 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(4.3212 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 9.8933 \text{ kip}$$

$M_{max}$  - Max bending moment located at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[ \left( \frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.71576 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) \times \left[ \left( \frac{(9.8761 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(4.3212 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 \times (9.8761 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(4.3212 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 \times (9.8761 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(4.3212 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 29.294 \text{ kipft}$$

### Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(0.252 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = 0.040127 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.599 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.252 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.095382 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

$E$  - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.095382 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(0.040127 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 2.377 \text{ ft}$$

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.095382 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.040127 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.095382 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.040127 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 4.4983 \text{ ft}$$

$V_{max}$  - Max shear force located at depth  $a$ ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \left( \frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \left( \frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((0.040127 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \times \left( \frac{4 \times (2.377 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(4.4983 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \times \left( \frac{3 \times (2.377 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(4.4983 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.21541 \text{ kip}$$

$M_{max}$  - Max bending moment located at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$M_{max} = (H_o b L_e) \left[ \left( \frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((0.040127 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (6.25 \text{ ft})) \times \left[ \left( \frac{(2.377 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(4.4983 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 \times (2.377 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(4.4983 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 \times (2.377 \text{ ft})}{(6.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(4.4983 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (6.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 0.58401 \text{ kipft}$$

### Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

#### Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi}$  - Concrete strength,  
 $f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$  - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,  
 $\phi = 0.65$  - Reduction factor for axial strength,  
 $\alpha = 0.8$  - Alpha factor for axial strength,  
 $A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$  - Gross area of concrete,

Table 22.4.2.1

#### Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load,  $A_{st,required}$

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[ \frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[ \frac{\frac{(9.35 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (3 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (3 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -101.95 \text{ in}^2$$

$A_{min}$  - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-101.95 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$$

$n_{rebar}$  - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 14$$

$A_{st}$  - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.96556$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.970**

25.2.3

$s_{rebar}$  - Minimum spacing of reinforcement,

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$$

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$$

#### Ties:

25.7.2.2 Since longitudinal reinforcement is  $\leq$  No. 10 $\emptyset$ : Use #3(0.375 in)

25.7.2.1  $s_{ties}$  - Maximum spacing of ties,

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), \text{Min} (D, b)]$$

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), \text{Min} ((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$$

#### Summary:

Main reinforcement: **14 - #5 (0.625 in)**



Ties: #3(0.375 in) - 10 in

**Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)**

22.4.2.2

$\phi P_N$  - Allowable axial compressive strength

$$\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st})]$$

$$\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times [(0.85 \times (3 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$\phi P_N = 3183.4 \text{ kip}$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(9.35 \text{ kip})}{(3183.4 \text{ kip})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.0029371$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.000**

**Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)**

**Parameters:**

22.5.2.2

$b_w = 48 \text{ in}$  - Effective width,  
 $d$  - Effective depth

$$d = 0.80 D$$

$$d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$d = 38.4 \text{ in}$$

22.5.5.1.3

$\lambda_s$  - size effect modification factor

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[ \sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[ \sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = 0.64282$$

22.5.5.1.1

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$ ,  
 $V_{c,max}$  - Max shear strength of concrete

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,max} = 324.49 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.1(a)

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$ ,  $P = 9.35 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 9350 \text{ lbf}$ ,  
 $V_{c,a}$  - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[ 2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + \frac{P}{6 A_g} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[ 2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} + \frac{(9350 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 131.04 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$ ,  
 $V_{c,b}$  - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[ 2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + (0.05 f'_{ck}) \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[ 2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} + (0.05 \times (3000 \text{ psi})) \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 406.27 \text{ kip}$$

$V_c$  - Governing shear strength of concrete

$$V_c = \text{Min}[V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min}[(324.49 \text{ kip}), (131.04 \text{ kip}), (406.27 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 131.04 \text{ kip}$$

<p>22.5.1.2</p>	<p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula <math>f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}</math>,  <math>V_{s,a}</math> - Shear strength of steel (a)</p> $V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ $V_{s,a} = 807.65 \text{ kip}$ <p><math>A_v</math> - Ties rebar area,</p> $A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$ $A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$ $A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$ <p>22.5.8.5.3 <math>V_{s,b}</math> - Shear strength of steel (b)</p> $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yt} d}{s_{ties}}$ $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$ $V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p><math>V_s</math> - Governing shear strength of steel</p> $V_s = \text{MIN}[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$ $V_s = \text{MIN}[(807.65 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$ $V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p>22.5.1.1 <math>\phi V_n</math> - Allowable shear strength</p> $\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$ $\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((131.04 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$ $\phi V_n = 118.26 \text{ kip}$ <p><b>Considering x-direction:</b></p> <p><math>V_{max} = 9.8933 \text{ kip}</math> - Maximum shear force in the x-direction,  Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(9.8933 \text{ kip})}{(118.26 \text{ kip})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.083659$ <p><b>Considering z-direction:</b></p> <p><math>V_{max} = 0.21541 \text{ kip}</math> - Maximum shear force in the z-direction,  Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.21541 \text{ kip})}{(118.26 \text{ kip})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.0018216$	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b>  Ratio: <b>0.080</b></p> <p>Status: <b>PASS</b>  Ratio: <b>0.000</b></p>
	<p><b>Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</b></p> <p><math>S_m</math> - Section modulus</p> $S_m = \frac{b D^2}{6}$ $S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$ $S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$	

<p>14.5.2.1b</p>	<p><math>\lambda = 1</math> - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete),  Allowable flexural strength:  <math>M_n</math> shall be the lesser of:  <math>\phi M_{n,1}</math></p> $\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{3ksi} \times 18432.001 in^3$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 273.423 kipft$ <p><math>\phi M_{n,2}</math></p> $\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_c \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (3 ksi) \times (18432 in^3)$ $\phi M_{n,2} = 2545.9 kipft$ <p>Therefore,  <math>\phi M_n</math> - Allowable flexural strength,</p> $\phi M_n = MIN[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$ $\phi M_n = MIN[(273.42 kipft), (2545.9 kipft)]$ $\phi M_n = 273.42 kipft$ <p><b>Considering x-direction:</b>  <math>M_{max} = 29.294 kipft</math> - Maximum moment in the x-direction,  Ratio - Capacity</p> $Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $Ratio = \frac{(29.294 kipft)}{(273.42 kipft)}$ $Ratio = 0.10714$	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b>  Ratio: <b>0.110</b></p>
	<p><b>Considering z-direction:</b>  <math>M_{max} = 0.58401 kipft</math> - Maximum moment in the z-direction,  Ratio - Capacity</p> $Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $Ratio = \frac{(0.58401 kipft)}{(273.42 kipft)}$ $Ratio = 0.0021359$	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b>  Ratio: <b>0.000</b></p>