

Your Project Calculations



Project Name: GroverRev1

S3D Model Link:

https://platform.skyciv.com/structural?preload_name=GroverRev1&preload_path=Shared%20Enterprise%20Folder/MT_Solar_Projects/5_2023

Public Model Link:

https://platform.skyciv.com/structural-viewer?project_id=hFZ1wP44wnAeJgxYyQJD4uHJCqkMdJdzRg13OX3wQ7qBqwudubQtwVqjFK2lwOAZ

Array Specification

Product:	Beam
Unique ID:	4P-22.5-8TOP-HD-72-L-5Hx11W-205L
Duty Classification:	HD
Module Width:	44.70 in
Module Length:	95.10in
Number of Rows:	5
Number of Columns:	11
Total Number of Modules:	55
Desired Tilt Angle:	60
Front Edge Clearance:	5
Total Array Height at Tilt:	21.22 ft
Total Frame Length:	87.00 ft
Frame Weight:	4885 lbs
Array Dimensions N/S:	18.83 ft
Array Dimensions E/W:	88.09 ft
Rail Length:	226.00 in
Rail Spacing:	3.96 ft
Rail Check:	Not Checked

Support Specifications

Pole Size:	8in Pipe Sch 80
Pole Length above Grade:	13.16 ft
Number of Poles:	4
Pole Spacing:	22.5 ft

Foundation Specifications

Foundation Type:	Square
Foundation Dimensions:	48 x 48 in
Foundation Depth (below grade):	Pile 1: 8.25 ft Pile 2: 8.25 ft Pile 3: 8.25 ft Pile 4: 8.25 ft
Foundation Volume:	19.556 y ³
Foundation Result:	PASSED
Mount Twist:	0.141175 kip

Site Info

Risk Category:	I
Exposure:	C
Soil Classification:	sand
Site Location:	306-2 Avalanche Gulch Rd, Townsend, MT 59644, USA
Wind Speed:	100 mph
Snow Load:	30 psf
Design Uplift Pressure:	0.021316 ksf
Design Downforce Pressure:	-0.021316 ksf
Design Snow Pressure:	0.003299 ksf



Design Disclaimer

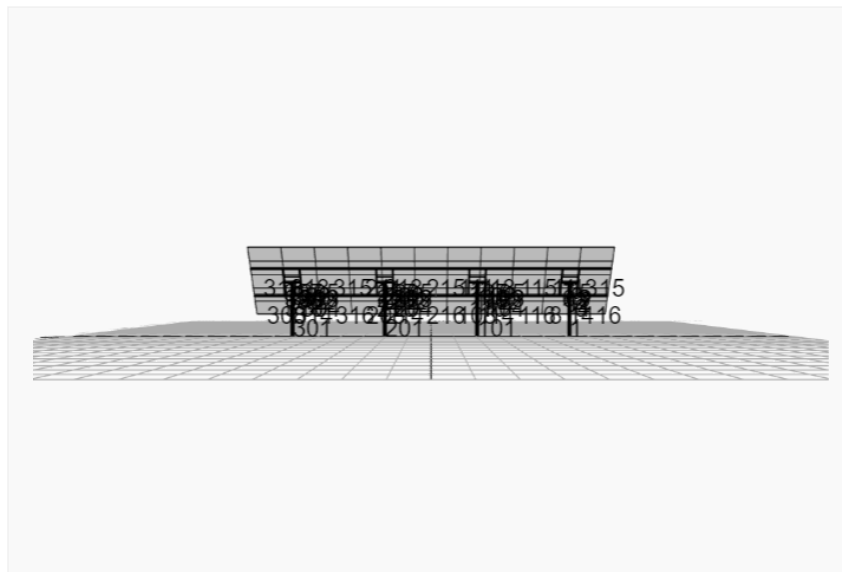
This software should be used for preliminary designs and should not be used as a final design unless reviewed, verified and designed by a qualified structural engineer.

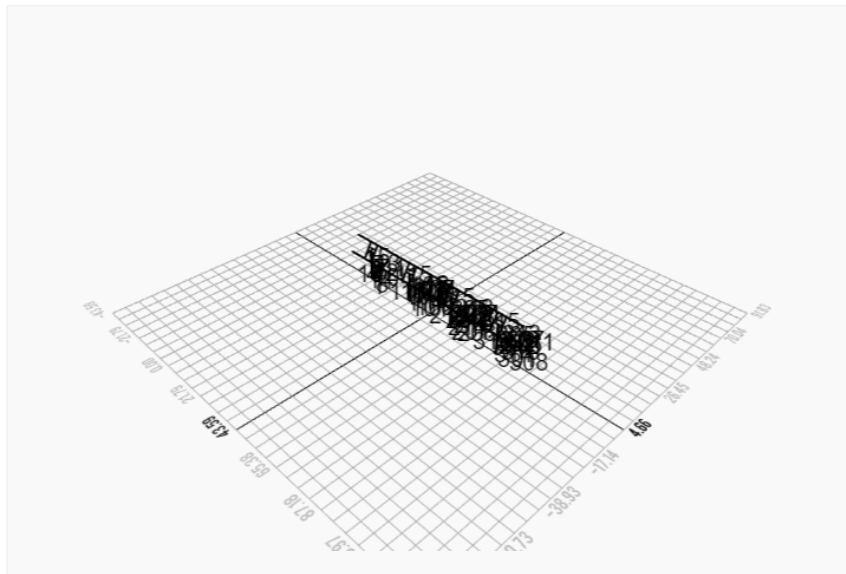
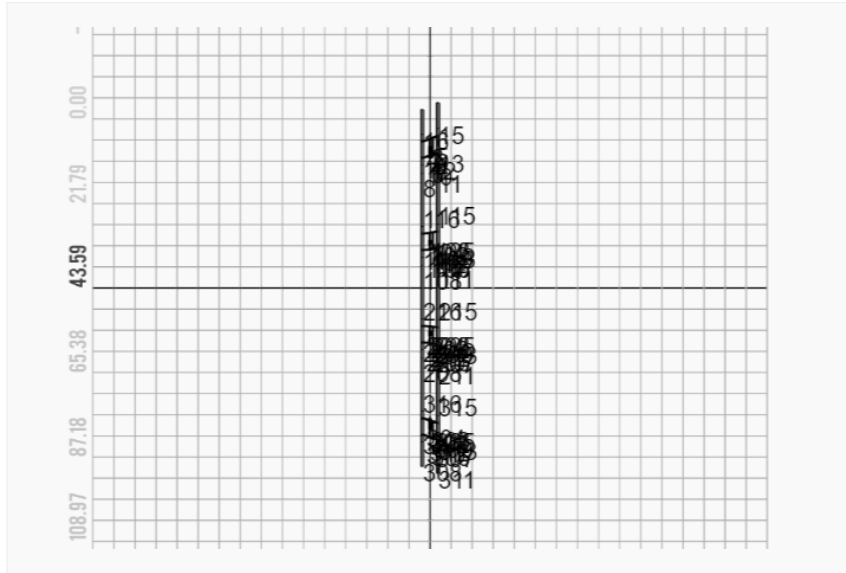
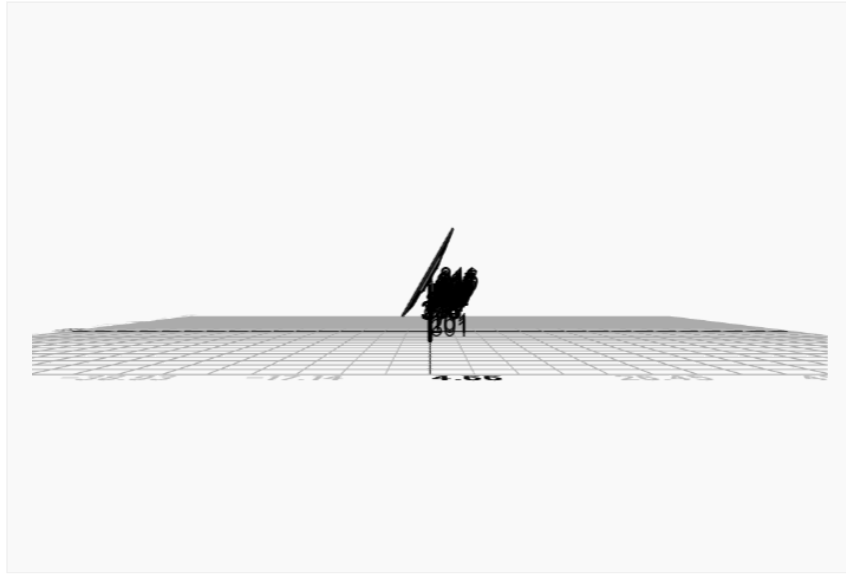
AutoDesigner Input

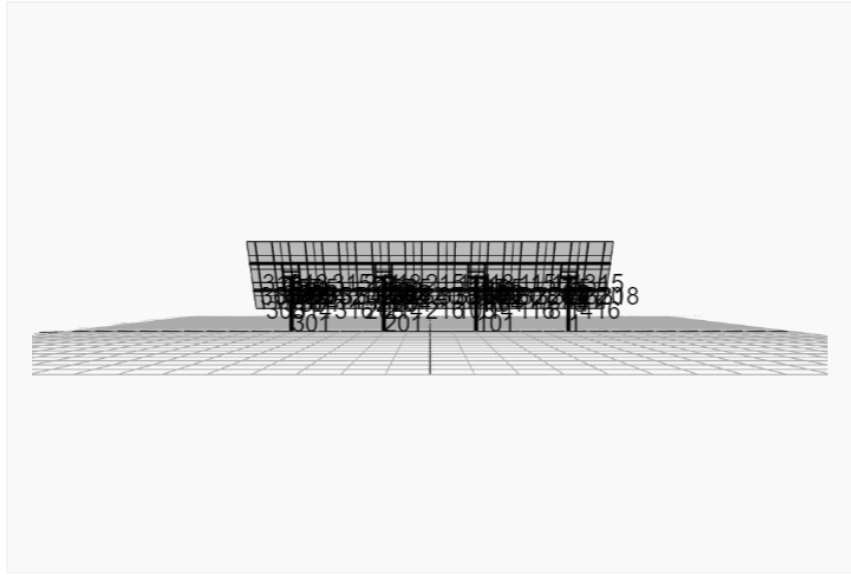
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Design Notes:

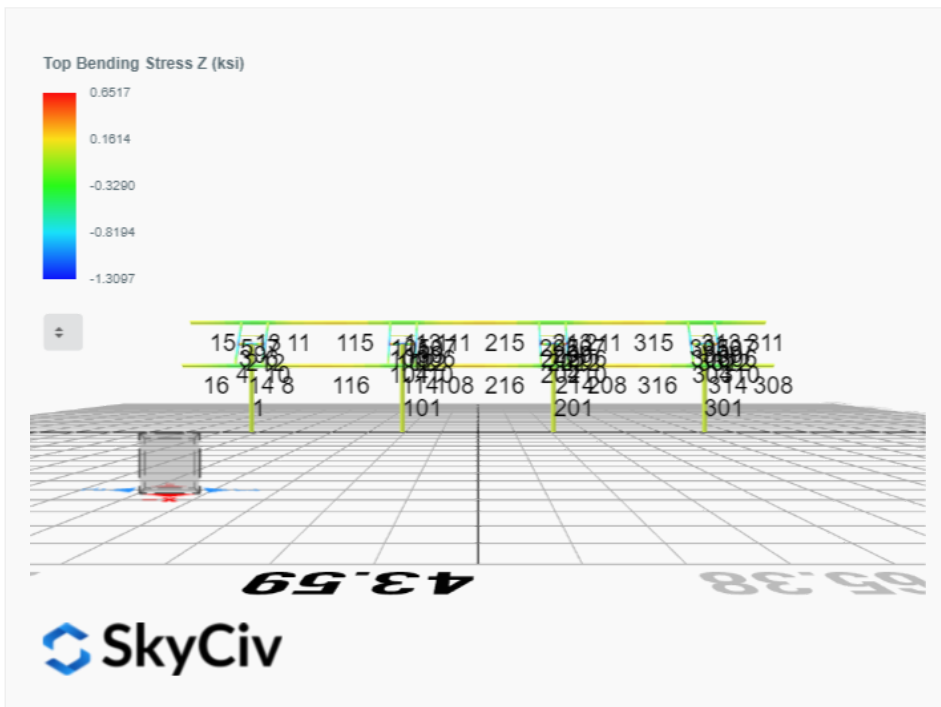
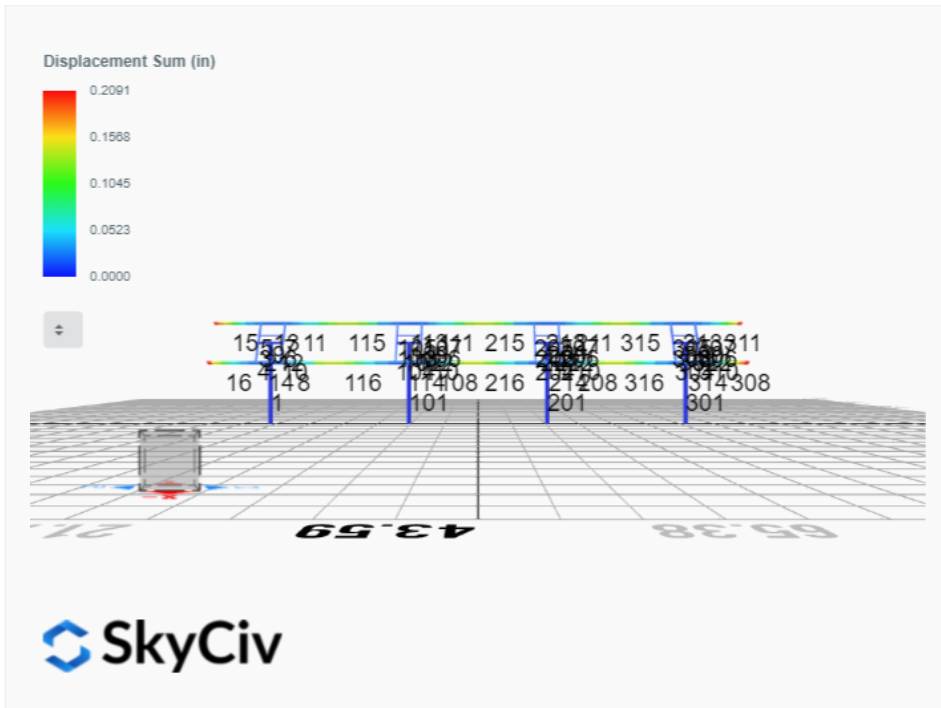
- AISC Deflection checks are set to L/1 due to structure design intent
- Foundation Design and Sizing is approximate only



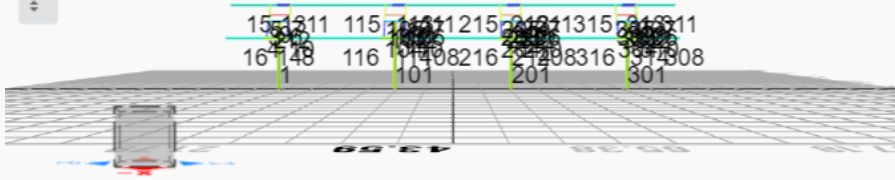
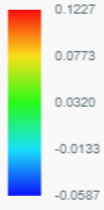




FEM Results (Envelope Worst Case for each member)



Axial Stress (ksi)



Reaction Forces for Foundation 1 (Node ID#1), (kip, kip-ft)

ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	-0.0062	2.9711	0.0006	0.0067	0.0693	0.0968
ULS: 2. D + L	-0.0062	2.9711	0.0006	0.0067	0.0693	0.0968
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	-0.0080	3.6246	0.0008	0.0088	0.0899	0.1206
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	-0.0062	2.9711	0.0006	0.0067	0.0693	0.0968
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	-0.0076	3.4612	0.0007	0.0083	0.0847	0.1147
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	-0.0062	2.9711	0.0006	0.0067	0.0693	0.0968
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	-0.0062	2.9711	0.0006	0.0067	0.0693	0.0968
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	-0.0076	3.4612	0.0007	0.0083	0.0847	0.1147
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	-0.0037	1.7827	0.0004	0.0040	0.0416	0.0581
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-4.4967	5.5579	-0.0045	-0.0130	0.1013	59.9159
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.0062	2.9711	0.0006	0.0067	0.0693	0.0968
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	4.4833	0.3847	0.0065	0.0292	0.0298	-58.3240
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	-0.0062	2.9711	0.0006	0.0067	0.0693	0.0968
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-3.3755	5.4013	-0.0031	-0.0065	0.1087	44.9790
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.0076	3.4612	0.0007	0.0083	0.0847	0.1147
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	3.3595	1.5214	0.0052	0.0252	0.0551	-43.7010
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	-0.0076	3.4612	0.0007	0.0083	0.0847	0.1147
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-3.3741	4.9112	-0.0032	-0.0081	0.0933	44.9611
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.0062	2.9711	0.0006	0.0067	0.0693	0.0968
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	3.3609	1.0313	0.0050	0.0236	0.0397	-43.7188
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	-0.0062	2.9711	0.0006	0.0067	0.0693	0.0968
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-4.4942	4.3694	-0.0048	-0.0157	0.0735	59.8772
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.0037	1.7827	0.0004	0.0040	0.0416	0.0581
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	4.4857	-0.8038	0.0063	0.0266	0.0021	-58.3628
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	-0.0037	1.7827	0.0004	0.0040	0.0416	0.0581

Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	8.2037
Shear X	-7.4935
Shear Z	0.0101
Moment X	0.0448
Moment Y (Twist)	0.1411
Moment Z	100.9937

Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	5.5579
Shear X	-4.4967
Shear Z	0.0065
Moment X	0.0292
Moment Y (Twist)	0.1087
Moment Z	59.9159

Reaction Forces for Foundation 2 (Node ID#101), (kip, kip-ft)

ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	0.0062	3.1195	0.0009	0.0037	-0.0107	-0.0602
ULS: 2. D + L	0.0062	3.1195	0.0009	0.0037	-0.0107	-0.0602
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0080	3.8173	0.0011	0.0048	-0.0139	-0.0830
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0062	3.1195	0.0009	0.0037	-0.0107	-0.0602
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0076	3.6429	0.0010	0.0045	-0.0131	-0.0773
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0062	3.1195	0.0009	0.0037	-0.0107	-0.0602
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	0.0062	3.1195	0.0009	0.0037	-0.0107	-0.0602

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	0.0076	3.6429	0.0010	0.0045	-0.0131	-0.0773
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	0.0037	1.8717	0.0005	0.0022	-0.0064	-0.0361
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-4.6911	5.8373	0.0187	0.0703	-0.1760	62.4568
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	0.0062	3.1195	0.0009	0.0037	-0.0107	-0.0602
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	4.7046	0.4013	-0.0165	-0.0609	0.1499	-61.0780
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0062	3.1195	0.0009	0.0037	-0.0107	-0.0602
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-3.5154	5.6812	0.0145	0.0545	-0.1371	46.8104
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	0.0076	3.6429	0.0010	0.0045	-0.0131	-0.0773
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	3.5314	1.6043	-0.0120	-0.0439	0.1074	-45.8406
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0076	3.6429	0.0010	0.0045	-0.0131	-0.0773
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-3.5168	5.1579	0.0143	0.0537	-0.1347	46.8275
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	0.0062	3.1195	0.0009	0.0037	-0.0107	-0.0602
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	3.5300	1.0809	-0.0122	-0.0447	0.1097	-45.8236
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0062	3.1195	0.0009	0.0037	-0.0107	-0.0602
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-4.6936	4.5895	0.0184	0.0689	-0.1718	62.4808
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	0.0037	1.8717	0.0005	0.0022	-0.0064	-0.0361
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	4.7021	-0.8465	-0.0169	-0.0623	0.1541	-61.0539
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0037	1.8717	0.0005	0.0022	-0.0064	-0.0361

Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	8.6217
Shear X	-7.8381
Shear Z	0.0314
Moment X	0.1176
Moment Y (Twist)	0.2941
Moment Z	105.3613

Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	5.8373
Shear X	-4.7046
Shear Z	0.0187
Moment X	0.0703
Moment Y (Twist)	0.1760
Moment Z	62.4808

Reaction Forces for Foundation 3 (Node ID#201), (kip, kip-ft)

ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	0.0062	3.1195	-0.0009	-0.0037	0.0107	-0.0602
ULS: 2. D + L	0.0062	3.1195	-0.0009	-0.0037	0.0107	-0.0602
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0080	3.8173	-0.0011	-0.0048	0.0139	-0.0830
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0062	3.1195	-0.0009	-0.0037	0.0107	-0.0602
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0076	3.6429	-0.0010	-0.0045	0.0131	-0.0773
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0062	3.1195	-0.0009	-0.0037	0.0107	-0.0602
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	0.0062	3.1195	-0.0009	-0.0037	0.0107	-0.0602
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	0.0076	3.6429	-0.0010	-0.0045	0.0131	-0.0773
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	0.0037	1.8717	-0.0005	-0.0022	0.0064	-0.0361
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-4.6911	5.8373	-0.0187	-0.0703	0.1761	62.4568
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	0.0062	3.1195	-0.0009	-0.0037	0.0107	-0.0602
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	4.7046	0.4013	0.0165	0.0609	-0.1499	-61.0780
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0062	3.1195	-0.0009	-0.0037	0.0107	-0.0602
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-3.5154	5.6812	-0.0145	-0.0545	0.1371	46.8104
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	0.0076	3.6429	-0.0010	-0.0045	0.0131	-0.0773
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	3.5314	1.6043	0.0120	0.0439	-0.1073	-45.8406
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0076	3.6429	-0.0010	-0.0045	0.0131	-0.0773

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-3.5168	5.1579	-0.0143	-0.0537	0.1347	46.8275
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	0.0062	3.1195	-0.0009	-0.0037	0.0107	-0.0602
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	3.5300	1.0809	0.0122	0.0447	-0.1097	-45.8236
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0062	3.1195	-0.0009	-0.0037	0.0107	-0.0602
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-4.6936	4.5895	-0.0184	-0.0689	0.1718	62.4808
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	0.0037	1.8717	-0.0005	-0.0022	0.0064	-0.0361
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	4.7021	-0.8465	0.0169	0.0623	-0.1541	-61.0539
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	0.0037	1.8717	-0.0005	-0.0022	0.0064	-0.0361

Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module. Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	8.6217
Shear X	-7.8381
Shear Z	-0.0314
Moment X	-0.1176
Moment Y (Twist)	0.2941
Moment Z	105.3615

Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module. Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	5.8373
Shear X	-4.7046
Shear Z	-0.0187
Moment X	-0.0703
Moment Y (Twist)	0.1761
Moment Z	62.4808

Reaction Forces for Foundation 4 (Node ID#301), (kip, kip-ft)

ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	-0.0062	2.9711	-0.0006	-0.0067	-0.0693	0.0968
ULS: 2. D + L	-0.0062	2.9711	-0.0006	-0.0067	-0.0693	0.0968
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	-0.0080	3.6246	-0.0008	-0.0088	-0.0899	0.1206
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	-0.0062	2.9711	-0.0006	-0.0067	-0.0693	0.0968
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	-0.0076	3.4612	-0.0007	-0.0083	-0.0847	0.1147
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	-0.0062	2.9711	-0.0006	-0.0067	-0.0693	0.0968
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	-0.0062	2.9711	-0.0006	-0.0067	-0.0693	0.0968
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	-0.0076	3.4612	-0.0007	-0.0083	-0.0847	0.1147
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	-0.0037	1.7827	-0.0004	-0.0040	-0.0416	0.0581
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-4.4967	5.5579	0.0045	0.0130	-0.1012	59.9159
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.0062	2.9711	-0.0006	-0.0067	-0.0693	0.0968
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	4.4833	0.3847	-0.0065	-0.0292	-0.0298	-58.3240
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	-0.0062	2.9711	-0.0006	-0.0067	-0.0693	0.0968
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-3.3755	5.4013	0.0031	0.0065	-0.1087	44.9790
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.0076	3.4612	-0.0007	-0.0083	-0.0847	0.1147
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	3.3595	1.5214	-0.0052	-0.0252	-0.0551	-43.7010
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	-0.0076	3.4612	-0.0007	-0.0083	-0.0847	0.1147
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-3.3741	4.9112	0.0032	0.0081	-0.0933	44.9611
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.0062	2.9711	-0.0006	-0.0067	-0.0693	0.0968
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	3.3609	1.0313	-0.0050	-0.0236	-0.0396	-43.7188
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	-0.0062	2.9711	-0.0006	-0.0067	-0.0693	0.0968
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-4.4942	4.3694	0.0048	0.0157	-0.0735	59.8772
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.0037	1.7827	-0.0004	-0.0040	-0.0416	0.0581
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	4.4857	-0.8038	-0.0063	-0.0266	-0.0020	-58.3628
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	-0.0037	1.7827	-0.0004	-0.0040	-0.0416	0.0581

Worst Case Reactions LRFD

Worst Case Reactions ASD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module. Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	8.2037
Shear X	-7.4935
Shear Z	-0.0101
Moment X	-0.0448
Moment Y (Twist)	0.1412
Moment Z	100.9947

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module. Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	5.5579
Shear X	-4.4967
Shear Z	-0.0065
Moment X	-0.0292
Moment Y (Twist)	0.1087
Moment Z	59.9159

Project Details

Design Code: AISC 360-16 LRFD
 Provision: LRFD
 Country: United States
 User Name: sales@mtsolar.us
 Unit System: imperial



Design Input Information

Design Factors			
Φ_t	Φ_c	Φ_b	Φ_v
0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9

Design Materials			
ID	E (ksi)	F_y (ksi)	F_u (ksi)
1	29000	50	65

Section Dimensions



ID	Name	d (in)	t_w (in)					
2	2in Pipe Sch 80	2.38	0.22					
5	4in Pipe Sch 80	4.50	0.34					
10	8in Pipe Sch 80	8.63	0.50					



ID	Name	d (in)	b (in)	t_w (in)	t_b (in)	r (in)		
16	HSS5x3x3/16	5.00	3.00	0.17	0.17	0.17		



ID	Name	d (in)	t_w (in)	b_t (in)	b_b (in)	t_t (in)	t_b (in)	r (in)
19	W8x10	7.89	0.17	3.94	3.94	0.20	0.20	0.30

Section Properties

ID	Name	A (in ²)	J (in ⁴)	I_{yp} (in ⁴)	I_{zp} (in ⁴)	I_w (in ⁶)	S_{yp} (in ³)	S_{zp} (in ³)
2	2in Pipe Sch 80	1.48	1.74	0.87	0.87	0.00	1.02	1.02
5	4in Pipe Sch 80	4.41	19.22	9.61	9.61	0.00	5.85	5.85
10	8in Pipe Sch 80	12.76	211.43	105.72	105.72	0.00	33.05	33.05

108	19	1.33	1.33	2.0 5	2.30,2.30,2.30,2.30,2.30,2.30,2.32,2.30,2.33,2.30,2.32,2.30,2.33,2.30,2.32,2.30,2.35,2.30,2.3 2.2.30,2.34,2.30,2.32,2.30,2.33,2.30	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
109	2	2.60	2.60	4.0 0	-	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
110	16	2.44	2.44	3.7 5	1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.6 7,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.68	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
111	19	1.33	1.33	2.0 5	2.29,2.29,2.29,2.29,2.29,2.29,2.35,2.29,2.30,2.29,2.35,2.29,2.32,2.29,2.34,2.29,2.14,2.29,2.3 4,2.29,2.18,2.29,2.35,2.29,2.35,2.29	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
112	5	1.30	1.30	2.0 0	-	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
113	19	4.88	4.00	7.5 0	1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.04,1.03,1.0 3,1.03,1.04,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
114	19	4.88	4.00	7.5 0	1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.0 3,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
115	19	8.42	8.42	12. 95	1.17,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.16,1.17,1.16,1.17,1.16,1.17,1.16,1.17,1.16,1.17,1.15,1.17,1.1 6,1.17,1.15,1.17,1.16,1.17,1.16,1.17	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
116	19	8.42	8.42	12. 95	1.17,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.16,1.17,1.16,1.17,1.16,1.17,1.16,1.17,1.16,1.17,1.16,1.17,1.1 6,1.17,1.16,1.17,1.16,1.17,1.16,1.17	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
201	10	27.6 3	27.6 3	13. 16	-	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
202	5	1.30	1.30	2.0 0	-	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
203	16	0.92	0.92	1.4 2	1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.1 8,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
204	16	2.44	2.44	3.7 5	1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.6 7,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.68	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
205	16	1.52	1.52	2.3 3	1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.67,1.6 7,1.67,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
206	16	0.92	0.92	1.4 2	1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.1 8,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
207	16	1.52	1.52	2.3 3	1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.67,1.6 7,1.67,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.67,1.67	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
208	19	1.33	1.33	2.0 5	2.28,2.28,2.28,2.28,2.28,2.28,2.30,2.28,2.31,2.28,2.30,2.28,2.31,2.28,2.30,2.28,2.33,2.28,2.3 0,2.28,2.32,2.28,2.30,2.28,2.31,2.28	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
209	2	2.60	2.60	4.0 0	-	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
210	16	2.44	2.44	3.7 5	1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.6 7,1.68,1.66,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.68	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
211	19	1.33	1.33	2.0 5	2.27,2.26,2.27,2.26,2.27,2.27,2.27,2.34,2.26,2.35,2.26,2.34,2.27,2.37,2.27,2.32,2.26,2.13,2.26,2.3 3,2.27,2.19,2.27,2.34,2.27,2.37,2.27	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
212	5	1.30	1.30	2.0 0	-	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
213	19	4.88	4.00	7.5 0	1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.04,1.03,1.0 3,1.03,1.04,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
214	19	4.88	4.00	7.5 0	1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.0 3,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03,1.03	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
215	19	8.42	8.42	12. 95	1.17,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.16,1.17,1.15,1.17,1.16,1.17,1.15,1.17,1.16,1.17,1.15,1.17,1.1 6,1.17,1.15,1.17,1.16,1.17,1.15,1.17	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
216	19	8.42	8.42	12. 95	1.16,1.16,1.16,1.17,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.17,1.16,1.17,1.1 6,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16	3 0 0	2 0 0	1
301	10	27.6 3	27.6 3	13. 16	-	3 0 0	2 0 0	1

103	110.10	115.41	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
104	116.10	111.33	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
105	116.10	114.23	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
106	116.10	115.41	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
107	116.10	114.23	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
108	133.20	126.01	32.87	6.12	40.24	43.62
109	66.48	58.89	3.82	3.82	19.94	19.94
110	116.10	111.33	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
111	133.20	126.01	32.87	6.12	40.24	43.62
112	198.33	196.72	21.95	21.95	59.50	59.50
113	133.20	104.94	23.60	6.12	40.24	43.62
114	133.20	104.94	23.60	6.12	40.24	43.62
115	133.20	46.28	12.46	6.12	40.24	43.62
116	133.20	46.28	12.57	6.12	40.24	43.62
201	574.32	217.32	123.94	123.94	172.30	172.30
202	198.33	196.72	21.95	21.95	59.50	59.50
203	116.10	115.41	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
204	116.10	111.33	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
205	116.10	114.23	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
206	116.10	115.41	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
207	116.10	114.23	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
208	133.20	126.01	32.87	6.12	40.24	43.62
209	66.48	58.89	3.82	3.82	19.94	19.94
210	116.10	111.33	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
211	133.20	126.01	32.87	6.12	40.24	43.62
212	198.33	196.72	21.95	21.95	59.50	59.50
213	133.20	104.94	23.60	6.12	40.24	43.62
214	133.20	104.94	23.60	6.12	40.24	43.62
215	133.20	46.28	12.46	6.12	40.24	43.62
216	133.20	46.28	12.57	6.12	40.24	43.62
301	574.32	217.32	123.94	123.94	172.30	172.30
302	198.33	196.72	21.95	21.95	59.50	59.50
303	116.10	115.41	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
304	116.10	111.33	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
305	116.10	114.23	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
306	116.10	115.41	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
307	116.10	114.23	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
308	133.20	20.65	32.87	6.12	40.24	43.62
309	66.48	58.89	3.82	3.82	19.94	19.94
310	116.10	111.33	15.79	11.10	42.08	23.28
311	133.20	20.65	32.87	6.12	40.24	43.62
312	198.33	196.72	21.95	21.95	59.50	59.50
313	133.20	104.94	24.29	6.12	40.24	43.62
314	133.20	104.94	24.52	6.12	40.24	43.62
315	133.20	46.28	12.89	6.12	40.24	43.62
316	133.20	46.28	12.89	6.12	40.24	43.62

Design Ratio

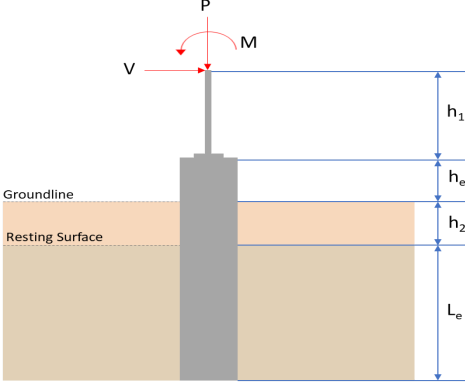
Member ID	P	M _z	M _y	V _y	V _z	(P,M _z ,M _y)	Worst LC	KL/r	φ	Status
1	0.038	0.815	0.001	0.043	0.000	0.834	#13	0.576	Not Required	Pass
2	0.004	0.277	0.332	0.063	0.063	0.611	#13	0.035	Not Required	Pass
3	0.007	0.612	0.036	0.061	0.002	0.642	#13	0.045	Not Required	Pass
4	0.007	0.611	0.153	0.061	0.001	0.605	#13	0.039	Not Required	Pass

4	0.007	0.380	0.160	0.061	0.040	0.412	#13	0.074	Not Required	Pass
5	0.007	0.610	0.039	0.061	0.002	0.641	#13	0.045	Not Required	Pass
6	0.007	0.379	0.157	0.060	0.041	0.415	#13	0.074	Not Required	Pass
7	0.000	0.079	0.160	0.046	0.013	0.203	#21	0.095	Not Required	Pass
8	0.017	0.034	0.066	0.001	0.000	0.107	#13	0.204	Not Required	Pass
9	0.007	0.601	0.150	0.060	0.031	0.680	#13	0.080	Not Required	Pass
10	0.000	0.083	0.163	0.046	0.013	0.208	#21	0.095	Not Required	Pass
11	0.004	0.273	0.326	0.063	0.063	0.601	#13	0.035	Not Required	Pass
12	0.007	0.301	0.371	0.056	0.016	0.590	#13	0.286	Not Required	Pass
13	0.007	0.303	0.371	0.056	0.016	0.590	#13	0.190	Not Required	Pass
14	0.000	0.131	0.222	0.036	0.010	0.309	#13	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
15	0.000	0.131	0.222	0.036	0.010	0.309	#13	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
16	0.040	0.850	0.002	0.045	0.000	0.871	#13	0.576	Not Required	Pass
101	0.003	0.281	0.332	0.066	0.065	0.614	#13	0.035	Not Required	Pass
102	0.008	0.629	0.040	0.062	0.002	0.664	#13	0.045	Not Required	Pass
103	0.008	0.631	0.147	0.063	0.031	0.712	#13	0.080	Not Required	Pass
104	0.008	0.391	0.152	0.062	0.039	0.423	#13	0.074	Not Required	Pass
105	0.008	0.648	0.040	0.065	0.002	0.684	#13	0.045	Not Required	Pass
106	0.008	0.403	0.151	0.064	0.038	0.436	#13	0.074	Not Required	Pass
107	0.000	0.057	0.158	0.044	0.013	0.193	#21	0.095	Not Required	Pass
108	0.015	0.033	0.066	0.001	0.000	0.104	#13	0.204	Not Required	Pass
109	0.008	0.645	0.145	0.064	0.030	0.719	#13	0.080	Not Required	Pass
110	0.000	0.054	0.160	0.044	0.013	0.194	#21	0.095	Not Required	Pass
111	0.003	0.294	0.345	0.067	0.067	0.641	#13	0.035	Not Required	Pass
112	0.007	0.237	0.344	0.055	0.016	0.497	#13	0.286	Not Required	Pass
113	0.007	0.247	0.342	0.055	0.016	0.504	#13	0.286	Not Required	Pass
114	0.000	0.348	0.185	0.043	0.013	0.499	#13	0.601	Not Required	Pass
115	0.000	0.346	0.187	0.043	0.013	0.500	#13	0.601	Not Required	Pass
116	0.040	0.850	0.002	0.045	0.000	0.871	#13	0.576	Not Required	Pass
201	0.003	0.294	0.345	0.067	0.067	0.641	#13	0.035	Not Required	Pass
202	0.008	0.649	0.040	0.065	0.002	0.684	#13	0.045	Not Required	Pass
203	0.008	0.645	0.145	0.064	0.030	0.719	#13	0.080	Not Required	Pass
204	0.008	0.403	0.151	0.064	0.038	0.436	#13	0.074	Not Required	Pass
205	0.008	0.629	0.040	0.062	0.002	0.664	#13	0.045	Not Required	Pass
206	0.008	0.391	0.152	0.062	0.039	0.423	#13	0.074	Not Required	Pass
207	0.000	0.058	0.161	0.043	0.013	0.196	#21	0.095	Not Required	Pass
208	0.015	0.033	0.066	0.001	0.000	0.104	#13	0.204	Not Required	Pass
209	0.008	0.630	0.147	0.063	0.031	0.712	#13	0.080	Not Required	Pass
210	0.000	0.053	0.162	0.043	0.013	0.196	#21	0.095	Not Required	Pass
211	0.003	0.281	0.332	0.066	0.065	0.614	#13	0.035	Not Required	Pass
212	0.007	0.237	0.344	0.055	0.016	0.497	#13	0.286	Not Required	Pass
213	0.007	0.247	0.342	0.055	0.016	0.504	#13	0.286	Not Required	Pass
214	0.001	0.386	0.185	0.044	0.013	0.538	#13	0.601	Not Required	Pass
215	0.001	0.382	0.187	0.044	0.013	0.533	#13	0.601	Not Required	Pass
216	0.038	0.815	0.001	0.043	0.000	0.834	#13	0.576	Not Required	Pass
301	0.004	0.273	0.326	0.063	0.063	0.601	#13	0.035	Not Required	Pass
302	0.007	0.610	0.039	0.061	0.002	0.641	#13	0.045	Not Required	Pass
303	0.007	0.601	0.150	0.060	0.031	0.680	#13	0.080	Not Required	Pass
304	0.007	0.379	0.157	0.060	0.041	0.415	#13	0.074	Not Required	Pass
305	0.007	0.612	0.036	0.061	0.002	0.642	#13	0.045	Not Required	Pass
306	0.007	0.380	0.160	0.061	0.040	0.412	#13	0.074	Not Required	Pass
307	0.000	0.131	0.222	0.036	0.010	0.309	#13	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
308	0.017	0.034	0.066	0.001	0.000	0.107	#13	0.204	Not Required	Pass
309										

310	0.007	0.611	0.153	0.061	0.031	0.685	#13	0.080	Not Required	Pass
311	0.000	0.131	0.222	0.036	0.010	0.309	#13	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
312	0.004	0.277	0.332	0.063	0.063	0.611	#13	0.035	Not Required	Pass
313	0.007	0.301	0.371	0.056	0.016	0.590	#13	0.190	Not Required	Pass
314	0.007	0.303	0.371	0.056	0.016	0.590	#13	0.286	Not Required	Pass
315	0.000	0.347	0.185	0.046	0.013	0.492	#13	0.601	Not Required	Pass
316	0.000	0.344	0.187	0.046	0.013	0.491	#13	0.601	Not Required	Pass

Definitions

Φ_t	Safety factor for tensile
Φ_c	Safety factor for compression
Φ_b	Safety factor for flexure
Φ_v	Safety factor for shear
E	Modulus of elasticity
F_y	Specified minimum yield stress
F_u	Specified minimum tensile strength
A	Cross-sectional area
J	Torsional constant
I_{yp}	Moment of inertia about the Y axes
I_{zp}	Moment of inertia about the Z axes
I_w	Warping constant
S_{yp}	Plastic section modulus about the Y axis
S_{zp}	Plastic section modulus about the Z axis
KL	Effective length
C_b	Buckling modification factor (from all load combinations)
L_b	Length between braced points
LST	Limited slenderness for tension
LSC	Limited slenderness for compression
LD	Limited deflection
P_n	Nominal axial strength (tension/compression)
M_n	Nominal flexural strength (about Z/Y axis)
V_n	Nominal shear strength (along Z/Y axis)
P	Design ratio in case of axial force
M_z	Design ratio in case of bending about Z axis
M_y	Design ratio in case of bending about Y axis
V_y	Design ratio in case of shear along Y axis
V_z	Design ratio in case of shear along Z axis
(P, M_z , M_y)	Design ratio in case of axial force and bending action
KL/r	Design ratio in case of section slenderness
δ	Design ratio in case of member deflection
OK	Capacity is provided
NG	Capacity is not provided

REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS																										
	<p>SkyCiv Foundation Design Pile Foundation</p> <p>Design Information : Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code) Unit System : Imperial</p>																											
	<p>Pile Input</p>  <p>Geometry</p> <p>Pile shape: rectangular $b = 48$ in - Pile width $D = 48$ in - Pile depth $L = 8.25$ ft - Total pile length $h_1 = 0$ ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile, $h_2 = 0$ ft - Depth to resting surface $h_e = 0$ ft - Length of pile above the ground</p> <p>Tabulation of Soil Parameters</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="416 1102 1193 1191"> <thead> <tr> <th>Layer</th> <th>Label</th> <th>Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf)</th> <th>Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel</td> <td>2000.000</td> <td>150.000</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Tabulation of Loads</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="675 1285 936 1458"> <thead> <tr> <th>Load Component</th> <th>ASD</th> <th>LRFD</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>P (kip)</td> <td>5.558</td> <td>8.204</td> </tr> <tr> <td>V_x (kip)</td> <td>-4.497</td> <td>-7.493</td> </tr> <tr> <td>V_z (kip)</td> <td>0.007</td> <td>0.010</td> </tr> <tr> <td>M_x (kipft)</td> <td>0.029</td> <td>0.045</td> </tr> <tr> <td>M_z (kipft)</td> <td>59.916</td> <td>100.994</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Material Properties</p> <p>$f'_{ck} = 3$ ksi - Concrete strength,</p>	Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)	1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000	Load Component	ASD	LRFD	P (kip)	5.558	8.204	V_x (kip)	-4.497	-7.493	V_z (kip)	0.007	0.010	M_x (kipft)	0.029	0.045	M_z (kipft)	59.916	100.994	
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	<p>Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD)</p> <p>H - Point of application of the lateral load</p> $H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$ $H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$ $H = 0 \text{ ft}$ <p>Considering x-direction:</p> <p>H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,</p> $H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$ $H_o = \frac{(-4.497 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $H_o = -0.71608 \text{ kip/ft}$ <p>M_o - Moment per length of pile,</p> $M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$																											

$$M_o = \frac{(59.916 \text{ kipft}) + ((-4.497 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 9.5408 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,x} = 7.5896 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in x-direction,

Considering z-direction:

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(0.007 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = 0.0011146 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.029 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.007 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.0046178 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_z^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,z} = 0.74856 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in z-direction,

Minimum embedded depth required:

$L_{e,req}$ - Depth of pile required,

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$$

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(7.5896 \text{ ft}), (0.74856 \text{ ft})]$$

$$L_{e,req} = 7.59 \text{ ft}$$

L_e - Actual embedded length of pile,

$$L_e = L - h_e - h_2$$

$$L_e = (8.25 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$L_e = 8.25 \text{ ft}$$

Ratio - Embedded depth

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(7.59 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.92$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.920**

End-bearing Capacity (ASD)

A - Pile cross-section area

$$A = b D$$

$$A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$$

q - End-bearing pressure

$$q = \frac{P_c}{A}$$

$$q = \frac{(5.558 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$$

$$q = 0.347375 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$$q = 0.34737 \text{ kip/ft}$$

Check bearing capacity ratio:

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.34737 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.17369$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.170**

Czerniak

Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):

L/D - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,

$$L/D = \frac{L}{D}$$

$$L/D = \frac{(8.25 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$$

$$L/D = 2.0625$$

Since $L/D \leq 10$,

Pile is short.

Considering x-direction:

$H_o = -0.71608 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 9.5408 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (9.5408 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.71608 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (9.5408 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.71608 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.7009 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (9.5408 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.71608 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(8.25 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (9.5408 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.71608 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.27392 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (9.5408 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.71608 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))]}{(8.25 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 1.1613 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{q}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(5.7009 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.42757 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.27392 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.42757 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.64065$$

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

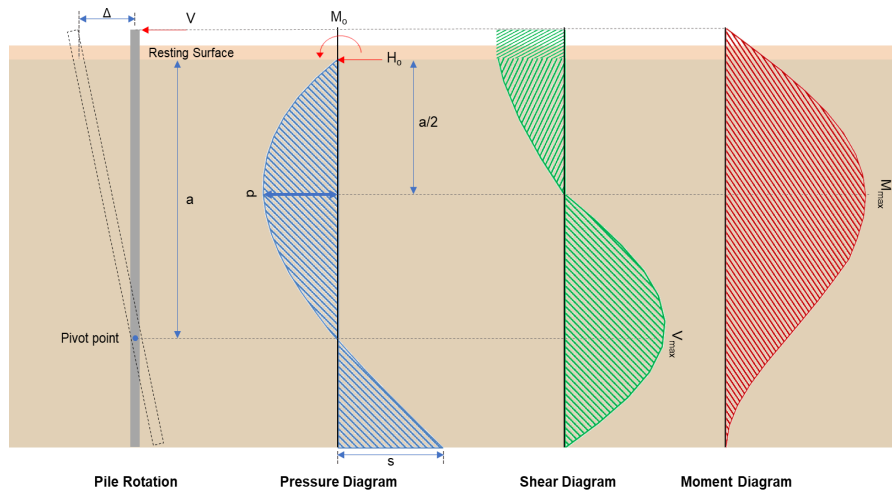
Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.640**

	$p_s = R L_e$ $p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})$ $p_s = 1.2375 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(1.1613 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.2375 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.93845$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.940</p>
	<p>Considering z-direction:</p> <p>$H_o = 0.0011146 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile, $M_o = 0.0046178 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile, a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,</p> $a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$ $a = \frac{(4 \times (0.0046178 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.0011146 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.0046178 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.0011146 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))}$ $a = 5.8921 \text{ ft}$ <p>p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,</p> $p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$ $p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (0.0046178 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (0.0011146 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(8.25 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (0.0046178 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (0.0011146 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))]}$ $p = 0.00072496 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e,</p> $s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$ $s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (0.0046178 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((0.0011146 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))]}{(8.25 \text{ ft})^2}$ $s = 0.0016248 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Check lateral soil pressure capacity:</p> <p>p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,</p> $p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$ $p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(5.8921 \text{ ft})}{2}$ $p_a = 0.44191 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.00072496 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.44191 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.0016405$ <p>p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e,</p> $p_s = R L_e$ $p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})$ $p_s = 1.2375 \text{ kip/ft}^2$ <p>Ratio - Lateral soil capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000</p>

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.0016248 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.2375 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.001313$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**



Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRF)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_e}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-7.493 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -1.1932 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(100.99 \text{ kipft}) + ((-7.493 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 16.082 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(16.082 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-1.1932 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 13.478 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (16.082 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-1.1932 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (16.082 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-1.1932 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.6992 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-1.1932 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (13.478 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.6992 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (13.478 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.6992 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 16.945 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-1.1932 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(13.478 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(5.6992 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.25 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (13.478 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.6992 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (13.478 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.6992 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 66.324 \text{ kipft}$$

Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(0.01 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = 0.0015924 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.045 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.01 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.0071656 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.0071656 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(0.0015924 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 4.5 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.0071656 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.0015924 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.0071656 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.0015924 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.8781 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((0.0015924 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (4.5 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.8781 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (4.5 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.8781 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.010386 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o b L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((0.0015924 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(4.5 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(5.8781 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.25 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (4.5 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.8781 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (4.5 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.8781 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 0.038149 \text{ kipft}$$

Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi}$ - Concrete strength,
 $f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$ - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,
 $\phi = 0.65$ - Reduction factor for axial strength,
 $\alpha = 0.8$ - Alpha factor for axial strength,
 $A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$ - Gross area of concrete,

Table 22.4.2.1

Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load, $A_{st,required}$

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{(8.204 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (3 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (3 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -101.99 \text{ in}^2$$

A_{min} - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-101.99 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$$

n_{rebar} - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 14$$

A_{st} - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.96556$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.970**

25.2.3

s_{rebar} - Minimum spacing of reinforcement,

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$$

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$$

Ties:

25.7.2.2 Since longitudinal reinforcement is \leq No. 10: Use #3(0.375 in)

25.7.2.1 s_{ties} - Maximum spacing of ties,

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), \text{Min} (D, b)]$$

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), \text{Min} ((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$$

Summary:

Main reinforcement: **14 - #5 (0.625 in)**

Ties: #3(0.375 in) - 10 in

Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)

22.4.2.2

ϕP_N - Allowable axial compressive strength

$$\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st})]$$

$$\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times [(0.85 \times (3 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$\phi P_N = 3183.4 \text{ kip}$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(8.204 \text{ kip})}{(3183.4 \text{ kip})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.0025771$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**

Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)

Parameters:

22.5.2.2

$b_w = 48 \text{ in}$ - Effective width,
 d - Effective depth

$$d = 0.80 D$$

$$d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$d = 38.4 \text{ in}$$

22.5.5.1.3

λ_s - size effect modification factor

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = 0.64282$$

22.5.5.1.1

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{c,max}$ - Max shear strength of concrete

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,max} = 324.49 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.1(a)

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$, $P = 8.204 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 8204 \text{ lbf}$,
 $V_{c,a}$ - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + \frac{P}{6 A_g} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} + \frac{(8204 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 130.89 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{c,b}$ - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + (0.05 f'_{ck}) \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} + (0.05 \times (3000 \text{ psi})) \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 406.27 \text{ kip}$$

V_c - Governing shear strength of concrete

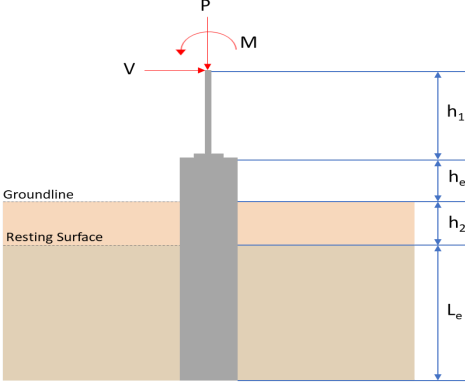
$$V_c = \text{Min}[V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min}[(324.49 \text{ kip}), (130.89 \text{ kip}), (406.27 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 130.89 \text{ kip}$$

<p>22.5.1.2</p>	<p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$, $V_{s,a}$ - Shear strength of steel (a)</p> $V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ $V_{s,a} = 807.65 \text{ kip}$ <p>A_v - Ties rebar area,</p> $A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$ $A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$ $A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$ <p>22.5.8.5.3 $V_{s,b}$ - Shear strength of steel (b)</p> $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yt} d}{s_{ties}}$ $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$ $V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p>V_s - Governing shear strength of steel</p> $V_s = \text{MIN}[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$ $V_s = \text{MIN}[(807.65 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$ $V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p>22.5.1.1 ϕV_n - Allowable shear strength</p> $\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$ $\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((130.89 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$ $\phi V_n = 118.16 \text{ kip}$ <p>Considering x-direction:</p> <p>$V_{max} = 16.945 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the x-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(16.945 \text{ kip})}{(118.16 \text{ kip})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.14341$ <p>Considering z-direction:</p> <p>$V_{max} = 0.010386 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the z-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.010386 \text{ kip})}{(118.16 \text{ kip})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.000087898$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.140</p> <p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000</p>
	<p>Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p>S_m - Section modulus</p> $S_m = \frac{b D^2}{6}$ $S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$ $S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$	

<p>14.5.2.1b</p>	<p>$\lambda = 1$ - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete), Allowable flexural strength: M_n shall be the lesser of: $\phi M_{n,1}$</p> $\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{3\text{ksi}} \times 18432.001\text{in}^3$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 273.423\text{kipft}$ <p>$\phi M_{n,2}$</p> $\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_c \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (3\text{ksi}) \times (18432\text{in}^3)$ $\phi M_{n,2} = 2545.9\text{kipft}$ <p>Therefore, ϕM_n - Allowable flexural strength,</p> $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$ $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(273.42\text{kipft}), (2545.9\text{kipft})]$ $\phi M_n = 273.42\text{kipft}$ <p>Considering x-direction: $M_{max} = 66.324\text{kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the x-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(66.324\text{kipft})}{(273.42\text{kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.24257$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.240</p>
	<p>Considering z-direction: $M_{max} = 0.038149\text{kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the z-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.038149\text{kipft})}{(273.42\text{kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.00013952$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000</p>

REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS																										
	<p>SkyCiv Foundation Design Pile Foundation</p> <p>Design Information : Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code) Unit System : Imperial</p>																											
	<p>Pile Input</p>  <p>Geometry Pile shape: rectangular $b = 48$ in - Pile width $D = 48$ in - Pile depth $L = 8.25$ ft - Total pile length $h_1 = 0$ ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile, $h_2 = 0$ ft - Depth to resting surface $h_e = 0$ ft - Length of pile above the ground</p> <p>Tabulation of Soil Parameters</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="416 1102 1193 1191"> <thead> <tr> <th>Layer</th> <th>Label</th> <th>Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf)</th> <th>Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel</td> <td>2000.000</td> <td>150.000</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Tabulation of Loads</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="675 1285 936 1458"> <thead> <tr> <th>Load Component</th> <th>ASD</th> <th>LRFD</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>P (kip)</td> <td>5.837</td> <td>8.622</td> </tr> <tr> <td>V_x (kip)</td> <td>-4.705</td> <td>-7.838</td> </tr> <tr> <td>V_z (kip)</td> <td>0.019</td> <td>0.031</td> </tr> <tr> <td>M_x (kipft)</td> <td>0.070</td> <td>0.118</td> </tr> <tr> <td>M_z (kipft)</td> <td>62.481</td> <td>105.361</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Material Properties $f'_{ck} = 3$ ksi - Concrete strength,</p>	Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)	1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000	Load Component	ASD	LRFD	P (kip)	5.837	8.622	V_x (kip)	-4.705	-7.838	V_z (kip)	0.019	0.031	M_x (kipft)	0.070	0.118	M_z (kipft)	62.481	105.361	
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	<p>Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD) H - Point of application of the lateral load</p> $H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$ $H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$ $H = 0 \text{ ft}$ <p>Considering x-direction: H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,</p> $H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$ $H_o = \frac{(-4.705 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $H_o = -0.7492 \text{ kip/ft}$ <p>M_o - Moment per length of pile,</p> $M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$																											

$$M_o = \frac{(62.481 \text{ kipft}) + ((-4.705 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 9.9492 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,x} = 7.6697 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in x-direction,

Considering z-direction:

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(0.019 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = 0.0030255 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.07 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.019 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.011146 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_z^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,z} = 1.0255 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in z-direction,

Minimum embedded depth required:

$L_{e,req}$ - Depth of pile required,

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$$

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(7.6697 \text{ ft}), (1.0255 \text{ ft})]$$

$$L_{e,req} = 7.67 \text{ ft}$$

L_e - Actual embedded length of pile,

$$L_e = L - h_e - h_2$$

$$L_e = (8.25 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$L_e = 8.25 \text{ ft}$$

Ratio - Embedded depth

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(7.67 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.9297$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.930**

End-bearing Capacity (ASD)

A - Pile cross-section area

$$A = b D$$

$$A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$$

q - End-bearing pressure

$$q = \frac{P_c}{A}$$

$$q = \frac{(5.837 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$$

$$q = 0.36481 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$$q = 0.00401 \text{ kip/ft}$$

Check bearing capacity ratio:

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.36481 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.18241$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.180**

Czerniak

Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):

L/D - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,

$$L/D = \frac{L}{D}$$

$$L/D = \frac{(8.25 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$$

$$L/D = 2.0625$$

Since $L/D \leq 10$,

Pile is short.

Considering x-direction:

$H_o = -0.7492 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 9.9492 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (9.9492 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.7492 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (9.9492 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.7492 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.7013 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 \times (9.9492 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.7492 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(8.25 \text{ ft})^2 [(3 \times (9.9492 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.7492 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.28468 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 \times (9.9492 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.7492 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))]}{(8.25 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 1.2093 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(5.7013 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.4276 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.28468 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.4276 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.66575$$

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.670**

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 1.2375 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(1.2093 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.2375 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.97718$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.980**

Considering z-direction:

$H_o = 0.0030255 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 0.011146 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.011146 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.0030255 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.011146 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.0030255 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.9117 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (0.011146 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (0.0030255 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(8.25 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (0.011146 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (0.0030255 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.0018866 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (0.011146 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((0.0030255 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))]}{(8.25 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.0041656 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(5.9117 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.44338 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.0018866 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.44338 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.0042551$$

p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 1.2375 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

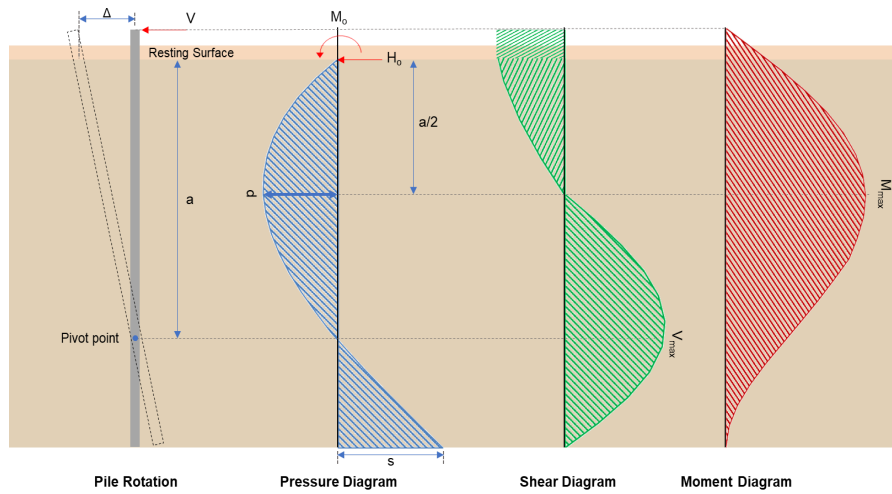
$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.0041656 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.2375 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.0033661$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**



Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-7.838 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -1.2481 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(105.36 \text{ kipft}) + ((-7.838 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 16.777 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(16.777 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-1.2481 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 13.442 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_c) + (3 H_o L_c^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_c)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (16.777 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-1.2481 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (16.777 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-1.2481 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.6996 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4 E}{L_c} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_c} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3 E}{L_c} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_c} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-1.2481 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (13.442 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.6996 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (13.442 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.6996 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 17.686 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-1.2481 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(13.442 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(5.6996 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.25 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (13.442 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.6996 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (13.442 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.6996 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 69.218 \text{ kipft}$$

Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(0.031 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = 0.0049363 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.118 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.031 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.01879 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.01879 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(0.0049363 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 3.8065 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.01879 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.0049363 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.01879 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.0049363 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.9063 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((0.0049363 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (3.8065 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.9063 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (3.8065 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.9063 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.029292 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o b L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((0.0049363 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(3.8065 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(5.9063 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.25 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (3.8065 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.9063 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (3.8065 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.9063 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 0.10632 \text{ kipft}$$

Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi}$ - Concrete strength,
 $f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$ - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,
 $\phi = 0.65$ - Reduction factor for axial strength,
 $\alpha = 0.8$ - Alpha factor for axial strength,
 $A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$ - Gross area of concrete,

Table 22.4.2.1

Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load, $A_{st,required}$

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{(8.622 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (3 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (3 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -101.98 \text{ in}^2$$

A_{min} - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-101.98 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$$

n_{rebar} - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 14$$

A_{st} - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.96556$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.970**

25.2.3

s_{rebar} - Minimum spacing of reinforcement,

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$$

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$$

Ties:

25.7.2.2 Since longitudinal reinforcement is \leq No. 10: Use #3(0.375 in)

25.7.2.1 s_{ties} - Maximum spacing of ties,

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), \text{Min} (D, b)]$$

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), \text{Min} ((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$$

Summary:

Main reinforcement: **14 - #5 (0.625 in)**

Ties: #3(0.375 in) - 10 in

Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)

22.4.2.2

ϕP_N - Allowable axial compressive strength

$$\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st})]$$

$$\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times [(0.85 \times (3 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$\phi P_N = 3183.4 \text{ kip}$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(8.622 \text{ kip})}{(3183.4 \text{ kip})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.0027084$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**

Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)

Parameters:

22.5.2.2

$b_w = 48 \text{ in}$ - Effective width,
 d - Effective depth

$$d = 0.80 D$$

$$d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$d = 38.4 \text{ in}$$

22.5.5.1.3

λ_s - size effect modification factor

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = 0.64282$$

22.5.5.1.1

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{c,max}$ - Max shear strength of concrete

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,max} = 324.49 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.1(a)

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$, $P = 8.622 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 8622 \text{ lbf}$,
 $V_{c,a}$ - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + \frac{P}{6 A_g} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} + \frac{(8622 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 130.94 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{c,b}$ - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + (0.05 f'_{ck}) \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} + (0.05 \times (3000 \text{ psi})) \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 406.27 \text{ kip}$$

V_c - Governing shear strength of concrete

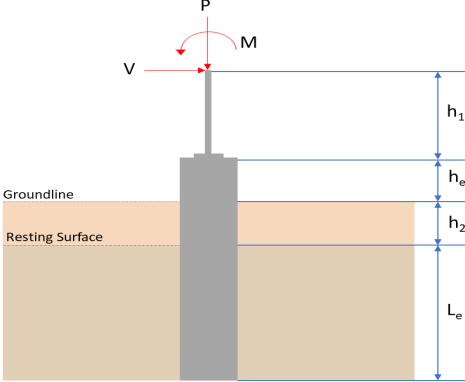
$$V_c = \text{Min}[V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min}[(324.49 \text{ kip}), (130.94 \text{ kip}), (406.27 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 130.94 \text{ kip}$$

<p>22.5.1.2</p>	<p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$, $V_{s,a}$ - Shear strength of steel (a)</p> $V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ $V_{s,a} = 807.65 \text{ kip}$ <p>A_v - Ties rebar area,</p> $A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$ $A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$ $A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$ <p>22.5.8.5.3 $V_{s,b}$ - Shear strength of steel (b)</p> $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yt} d}{s_{ties}}$ $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$ $V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p>V_s - Governing shear strength of steel</p> $V_s = \text{MIN}[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$ $V_s = \text{MIN}[(807.65 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$ $V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p>22.5.1.1 ϕV_n - Allowable shear strength</p> $\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$ $\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((130.94 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$ $\phi V_n = 118.19 \text{ kip}$ <p>Considering x-direction:</p> <p>$V_{max} = 17.686 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the x-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(17.686 \text{ kip})}{(118.19 \text{ kip})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.14963$ <p>Considering z-direction:</p> <p>$V_{max} = 0.029292 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the z-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.029292 \text{ kip})}{(118.19 \text{ kip})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.00024783$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.150</p> <p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000</p>
	<p>Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p>S_m - Section modulus</p> $S_m = \frac{b D^2}{6}$ $S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$ $S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$	

<p>14.5.2.1b</p>	<p>$\lambda = 1$ - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete), Allowable flexural strength: M_n shall be the lesser of: $\phi M_{n,1}$</p> $\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{3ksi} \times 18432.001 in^3$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 273.423 kipft$ <p>$\phi M_{n,2}$</p> $\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_c \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (3 ksi) \times (18432 in^3)$ $\phi M_{n,2} = 2545.9 kipft$ <p>Therefore, ϕM_n - Allowable flexural strength,</p> $\phi M_n = MIN[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$ $\phi M_n = MIN[(273.42 kipft), (2545.9 kipft)]$ $\phi M_n = 273.42 kipft$ <p>Considering x-direction: $M_{max} = 69.218 kipft$ - Maximum moment in the x-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $Ratio = \frac{(69.218 kipft)}{(273.42 kipft)}$ $Ratio = 0.25315$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.250</p>
	<p>Considering z-direction: $M_{max} = 0.10632 kipft$ - Maximum moment in the z-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $Ratio = \frac{(0.10632 kipft)}{(273.42 kipft)}$ $Ratio = 0.00038884$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000</p>

REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS																										
	<p>SkyCiv Foundation Design Pile Foundation</p> <p>Design Information : Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code) Unit System : Imperial</p>																											
	<p>Pile Input</p>  <p>Geometry Pile shape: rectangular $b = 48$ in - Pile width $D = 48$ in - Pile depth $L = 8.25$ ft - Total pile length $h_1 = 0$ ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile, $h_2 = 0$ ft - Depth to resting surface $h_e = 0$ ft - Length of pile above the ground</p> <p>Tabulation of Soil Parameters</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="416 1102 1193 1193"> <thead> <tr> <th>Layer</th> <th>Label</th> <th>Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf)</th> <th>Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel</td> <td>2000.000</td> <td>150.000</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Tabulation of Loads</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="675 1288 936 1458"> <thead> <tr> <th>Load Component</th> <th>ASD</th> <th>LRFD</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>P (kip)</td> <td>5.837</td> <td>8.622</td> </tr> <tr> <td>V_x (kip)</td> <td>-4.705</td> <td>-7.838</td> </tr> <tr> <td>V_z (kip)</td> <td>-0.019</td> <td>-0.031</td> </tr> <tr> <td>M_x (kipft)</td> <td>-0.070</td> <td>-0.118</td> </tr> <tr> <td>M_z (kipft)</td> <td>62.481</td> <td>105.361</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Material Properties $f'_{ck} = 3$ ksi - Concrete strength,</p>	Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_a) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)	1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000	Load Component	ASD	LRFD	P (kip)	5.837	8.622	V_x (kip)	-4.705	-7.838	V_z (kip)	-0.019	-0.031	M_x (kipft)	-0.070	-0.118	M_z (kipft)	62.481	105.361	
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M_x (kipft)	-0.070	-0.118																										
M_z (kipft)	62.481	105.361																										
	<p>Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD) H - Point of application of the lateral load</p> $H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$ $H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$ $H = 0 \text{ ft}$ <p>Considering x-direction: H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,</p> $H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$ $H_o = \frac{(-4.705 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $H_o = -0.7492 \text{ kip/ft}$ <p>M_o - Moment per length of pile,</p> $M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$																											

$$M_o = \frac{(62.481 \text{ kipft}) + ((-4.705 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 9.9492 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,x} = 7.6697 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in x-direction,

Considering z-direction:

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.019 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.0030255 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.07 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.019 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.011146 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_z^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,z} = 0.89976 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in z-direction,

Minimum embedded depth required:

$L_{e,req}$ - Depth of pile required,

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$$

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(7.6697 \text{ ft}), (0.89976 \text{ ft})]$$

$$L_{e,req} = 7.67 \text{ ft}$$

L_e - Actual embedded length of pile,

$$L_e = L - h_e - h_2$$

$$L_e = (8.25 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$L_e = 8.25 \text{ ft}$$

Ratio - Embedded depth

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(7.67 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.9297$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.930**

End-bearing Capacity (ASD)

A - Pile cross-section area

$$A = b D$$

$$A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$$

q - End-bearing pressure

$$q = \frac{P_c}{A}$$

$$q = \frac{(5.837 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$$

$$q = 0.36481 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$$q = 0.00401 \text{ kip/ft}$$

Check bearing capacity ratio:

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.36481 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.18241$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.180**

Czerniak

Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):

L/D - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,

$$L/D = \frac{L}{D}$$

$$L/D = \frac{(8.25 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$$

$$L/D = 2.0625$$

Since $L/D \leq 10$,

Pile is short.

Considering x-direction:

$H_o = -0.7492 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 9.9492 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (9.9492 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.7492 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (9.9492 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.7492 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.7013 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (9.9492 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.7492 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(8.25 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (9.9492 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.7492 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.28468 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (9.9492 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.7492 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))]}{(8.25 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 1.2093 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(5.7013 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.4276 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.28468 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.4276 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.66575$$

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.670**

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 1.2375 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(1.2093 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.2375 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.97718$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.980**

Considering z-direction:

$H_o = -0.0030255 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 0.011146 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.011146 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.0030255 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.011146 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.0030255 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.9117 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (0.011146 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.0030255 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(8.25 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (0.011146 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.0030255 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = -0.00061362 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (0.011146 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.0030255 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))]}{(8.25 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = -0.00023512 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(5.9117 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.44338 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(-0.00061362 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.44338 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = -0.001384$$

p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 1.2375 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

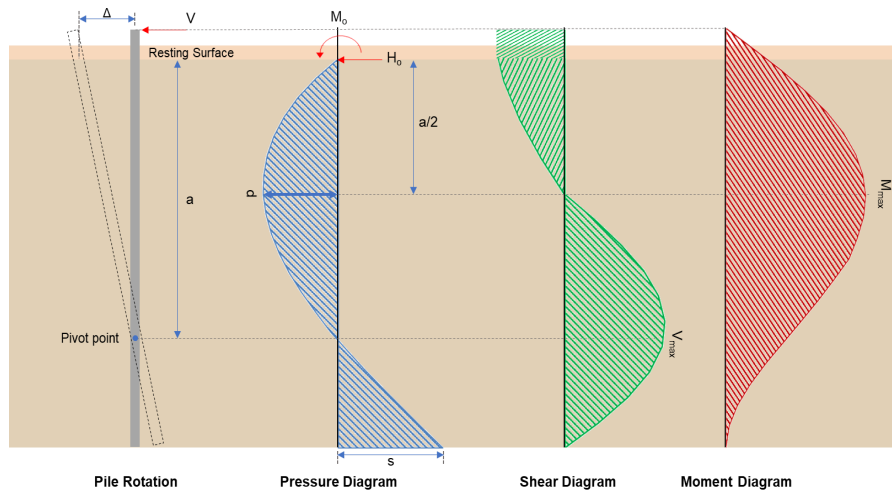
$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**

$$Ratio = \frac{(-0.00023512 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.2375 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = -0.00019$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**



Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-7.838 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -1.2481 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(105.36 \text{ kipft}) + ((-7.838 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 16.777 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(16.777 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-1.2481 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 13.442 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_c) + (3 H_o L_c^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_c)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (16.777 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-1.2481 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (16.777 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-1.2481 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.6996 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4 E}{L_c} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_c} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3 E}{L_c} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_c} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-1.2481 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (13.442 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.6996 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (13.442 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.6996 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 17.686 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-1.2481 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(13.442 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(5.6996 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.25 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (13.442 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.6996 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (13.442 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.6996 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 69.218 \text{ kipft}$$

Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.031 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.0049363 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.118 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.031 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.01879 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.01879 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.0049363 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 3.8065 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.01879 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.0049363 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.01879 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.0049363 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.9063 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 + 4 \left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.0049363 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (3.8065 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.9063 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 + 4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (3.8065 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.9063 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.029292 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o b L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.0049363 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(3.8065 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(5.9063 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.25 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (3.8065 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.9063 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (3.8065 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.9063 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 0.10632 \text{ kipft}$$

Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi}$ - Concrete strength,
 $f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$ - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,
 $\phi = 0.65$ - Reduction factor for axial strength,
 $\alpha = 0.8$ - Alpha factor for axial strength,
 $A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$ - Gross area of concrete,

Table 22.4.2.1

Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load, $A_{st,required}$

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{(8.622 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (3 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (3 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -101.98 \text{ in}^2$$

A_{min} - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-101.98 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$$

n_{rebar} - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 14$$

A_{st} - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.96556$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.970**

25.2.3

s_{rebar} - Minimum spacing of reinforcement,

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$$

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$$

Ties:

25.7.2.2 Since longitudinal reinforcement is \leq No. 10: Use #3(0.375 in)

25.7.2.1 s_{ties} - Maximum spacing of ties,

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), \text{Min} (D, b)]$$

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), \text{Min} ((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$$

Summary:

Main reinforcement: **14 - #5 (0.625 in)**

Ties: #3(0.375 in) - 10 in

Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)

22.4.2.2

ϕP_N - Allowable axial compressive strength

$$\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st})]$$

$$\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times [(0.85 \times (3 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$\phi P_N = 3183.4 \text{ kip}$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(8.622 \text{ kip})}{(3183.4 \text{ kip})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.0027084$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**

Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)

Parameters:

22.5.2.2

$b_w = 48 \text{ in}$ - Effective width,
 d - Effective depth

$$d = 0.80 D$$

$$d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$d = 38.4 \text{ in}$$

22.5.5.1.3

λ_s - size effect modification factor

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = 0.64282$$

22.5.5.1.1

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{c,max}$ - Max shear strength of concrete

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,max} = 324.49 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.1(a)

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$, $P = 8.622 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 8622 \text{ lbf}$,
 $V_{c,a}$ - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + \frac{P}{6 A_g} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} + \frac{(8622 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 130.94 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{c,b}$ - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + (0.05 f'_{ck}) \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} + (0.05 \times (3000 \text{ psi})) \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 406.27 \text{ kip}$$

V_c - Governing shear strength of concrete

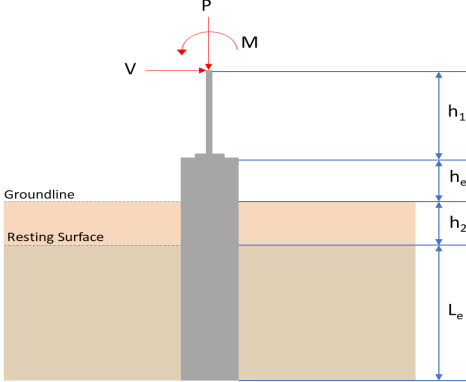
$$V_c = \text{Min}[V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min}[(324.49 \text{ kip}), (130.94 \text{ kip}), (406.27 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 130.94 \text{ kip}$$

<p>22.5.1.2</p>	<p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$, $V_{s,a}$ - Shear strength of steel (a)</p> $V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ $V_{s,a} = 807.65 \text{ kip}$ <p>A_v - Ties rebar area,</p> $A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$ $A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$ $A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$ <p>22.5.8.5.3 $V_{s,b}$ - Shear strength of steel (b)</p> $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yt} d}{s_{ties}}$ $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$ $V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p>V_s - Governing shear strength of steel</p> $V_s = \text{MIN}[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$ $V_s = \text{MIN}[(807.65 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$ $V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p>22.5.1.1 ϕV_n - Allowable shear strength</p> $\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$ $\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((130.94 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$ $\phi V_n = 118.19 \text{ kip}$ <p>Considering x-direction:</p> <p>$V_{max} = 17.686 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the x-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(17.686 \text{ kip})}{(118.19 \text{ kip})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.14963$ <p>Considering z-direction:</p> <p>$V_{max} = 0.029292 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the z-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.029292 \text{ kip})}{(118.19 \text{ kip})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.00024783$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.150</p> <p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000</p>
	<p>Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p>S_m - Section modulus</p> $S_m = \frac{b D^2}{6}$ $S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$ $S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$	

<p>14.5.2.1b</p>	<p>$\lambda = 1$ - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete), Allowable flexural strength: M_n shall be the lesser of: $\phi M_{n,1}$</p> $\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{3\text{ksi}} \times 18432.001\text{in}^3$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 273.423\text{kipft}$ <p>$\phi M_{n,2}$</p> $\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_c \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (3\text{ksi}) \times (18432\text{in}^3)$ $\phi M_{n,2} = 2545.9\text{kipft}$ <p>Therefore, ϕM_n - Allowable flexural strength,</p> $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$ $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(273.42\text{kipft}), (2545.9\text{kipft})]$ $\phi M_n = 273.42\text{kipft}$ <p>Considering x-direction: $M_{max} = 69.218\text{kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the x-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(69.218\text{kipft})}{(273.42\text{kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.25315$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.250</p>
	<p>Considering z-direction: $M_{max} = 0.10632\text{kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the z-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.10632\text{kipft})}{(273.42\text{kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.00038884$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000</p>

REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS																										
	<p>SkyCiv Foundation Design Pile Foundation</p> <p>Design Information : Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code) Unit System : Imperial</p>																											
	<p>Pile Input</p>  <p>Geometry Pile shape: rectangular $b = 48$ in - Pile width $D = 48$ in - Pile depth $L = 8.25$ ft - Total pile length $h_1 = 0$ ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile, $h_2 = 0$ ft - Depth to resting surface $h_e = 0$ ft - Length of pile above the ground</p> <p>Tabulation of Soil Parameters</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="416 1102 1193 1193"> <thead> <tr> <th>Layer</th> <th>Label</th> <th>Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_n) (psf)</th> <th>Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel</td> <td>2000.000</td> <td>150.000</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Tabulation of Loads</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="675 1285 936 1458"> <thead> <tr> <th>Load Component</th> <th>ASD</th> <th>LRFD</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>P (kip)</td> <td>5.558</td> <td>8.204</td> </tr> <tr> <td>V_x (kip)</td> <td>-4.497</td> <td>-7.493</td> </tr> <tr> <td>V_z (kip)</td> <td>-0.007</td> <td>-0.010</td> </tr> <tr> <td>M_x (kipft)</td> <td>-0.029</td> <td>-0.045</td> </tr> <tr> <td>M_z (kipft)</td> <td>59.916</td> <td>100.995</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Material Properties $f'_{ck} = 3$ ksi - Concrete strength,</p>	Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure (q_n) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure (R) (psf/ft)	1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000	Load Component	ASD	LRFD	P (kip)	5.558	8.204	V_x (kip)	-4.497	-7.493	V_z (kip)	-0.007	-0.010	M_x (kipft)	-0.029	-0.045	M_z (kipft)	59.916	100.995	
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M_z (kipft)	59.916	100.995																										
	<p>Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD) H - Point of application of the lateral load</p> $H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$ $H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$ $H = 0 \text{ ft}$ <p>Considering x-direction: H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,</p> $H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$ $H_o = \frac{(-4.497 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$ $H_o = -0.71608 \text{ kip/ft}$ <p>M_o - Moment per length of pile,</p> $M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$																											

$$M_o = \frac{(59.916 \text{ kipft}) + ((-4.497 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 9.5408 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_x^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,x} = 7.5896 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in x-direction,

Considering z-direction:

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.007 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.0011146 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.029 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.007 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.0046178 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_z^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,z} = 0.68673 \text{ ft}$ - Required depth in z-direction,

Minimum embedded depth required:

$L_{e,req}$ - Depth of pile required,

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$$

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(7.5896 \text{ ft}), (0.68673 \text{ ft})]$$

$$L_{e,req} = 7.59 \text{ ft}$$

L_e - Actual embedded length of pile,

$$L_e = L - h_e - h_2$$

$$L_e = (8.25 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$L_e = 8.25 \text{ ft}$$

Ratio - Embedded depth

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(7.59 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.92$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.920**

End-bearing Capacity (ASD)

A - Pile cross-section area

$$A = b D$$

$$A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$$

q - End-bearing pressure

$$q = \frac{P_c}{A}$$

$$q = \frac{(5.558 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$$

$$q = 0.347375 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$$q = 0.34737 \text{ kip/ft}$$

Check bearing capacity ratio:

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.34737 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.17369$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.170**

Czerniak

Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):

L/D - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,

$$L/D = \frac{L}{D}$$

$$L/D = \frac{(8.25 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$$

$$L/D = 2.0625$$

Since $L/D \leq 10$,

Pile is short.

Considering x-direction:

$H_o = -0.71608 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 9.5408 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (9.5408 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.71608 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (9.5408 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.71608 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.7009 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (9.5408 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.71608 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(8.25 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (9.5408 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.71608 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.27392 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (9.5408 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.71608 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))]}{(8.25 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 1.1613 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{q}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(5.7009 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.42757 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.27392 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.42757 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.64065$$

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.640**

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 1.2375 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(1.1613 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.2375 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.93845$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.940**

Considering z-direction:

$H_o = -0.0011146 \text{ kip/ft}$ - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 0.0046178 \text{ kipft/ft}$ - Overturning moment per length of pile,

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.0046178 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.0011146 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.0046178 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.0011146 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.8921 \text{ ft}$$

p - Earth pressure against the pile at distance $a/2$ from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (0.0046178 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.0011146 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(8.25 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (0.0046178 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.0011146 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = -0.00020179 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

s - Earth pressure against the pile at distance L_e ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (0.0046178 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.0011146 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))]}{(8.25 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 3.5093 \times 10^{-6} \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

p_a - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth $a/2$,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(5.8921 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.44191 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(-0.00020179 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.44191 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = -0.00045663$$

p_s - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth L_e ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 1.2375 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

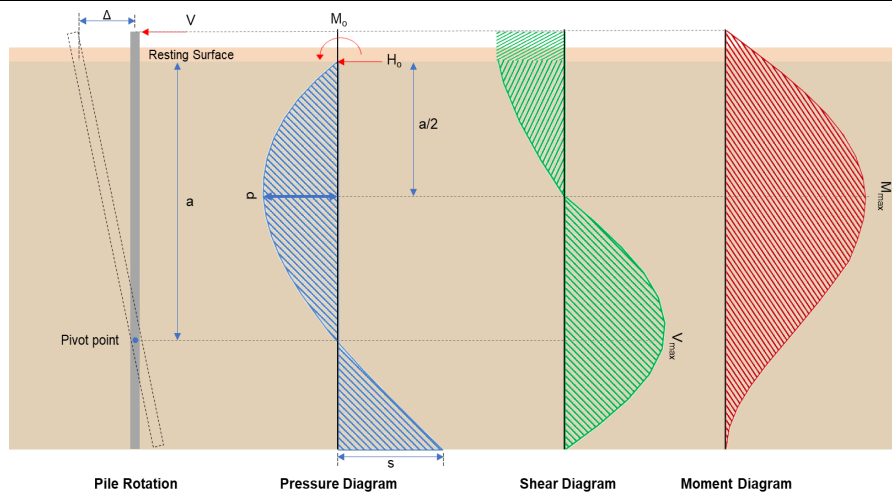
$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(3.5093 \times 10^{-6} \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(1.2375 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 2.8358 \times 10^{-6}$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000**



Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRF)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_e}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-7.493 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -1.1932 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_e + (V_e H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(101 \text{ kipft}) + ((-7.493 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 16.082 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(16.082 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-1.1932 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 13.479 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_c) + (3 H_o L_c^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_c)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (16.082 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-1.1932 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (16.082 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-1.1932 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.6992 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4 E}{L_c} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_c} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \left(\frac{3 E}{L_c} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_c} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-1.1932 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (13.479 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.6992 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (13.479 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.6992 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 16.945 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-1.1932 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(13.479 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(5.6992 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.25 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (13.479 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.6992 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (13.479 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.6992 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 66.325 \text{ kipft}$$

Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

H_o - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.01 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.0015924 \text{ kip/ft}$$

M_o - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.045 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.01 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.0071656 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

E - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.0071656 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.0015924 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 4.5 \text{ ft}$$

a - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.0071656 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.0015924 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.0071656 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.0015924 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 5.8781 \text{ ft}$$

V_{max} - Max shear force located at depth a ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[1 - \left[3 \left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 + 4 \left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.0015924 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[1 - \left[3 \times \left(\frac{4 \times (4.5 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.8781 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 + 4 \times \left(\frac{3 \times (4.5 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.8781 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.010386 \text{ kip}$$

M_{max} - Max bending moment located at depth $a/2$,

$$M_{max} = (H_o b L_e) \left[\left(\frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 + \left[\left(\frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left(\frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.0015924 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (8.25 \text{ ft})) \times \left[\left(\frac{(4.5 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(5.8781 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.25 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[\left(\frac{4 \times (4.5 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.8781 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 + \left[\left(\frac{3 \times (4.5 \text{ ft})}{(8.25 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left(\frac{(5.8781 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (8.25 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 0.038149 \text{ kipft}$$

Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi}$ - Concrete strength,
 $f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$ - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,
 $\phi = 0.65$ - Reduction factor for axial strength,
 $\alpha = 0.8$ - Alpha factor for axial strength,
 $A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$ - Gross area of concrete,

Table 22.4.2.1

Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load, $A_{st,required}$

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[\frac{\frac{(8.204 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (3 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (3 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -101.99 \text{ in}^2$$

A_{min} - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-101.99 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$$

n_{rebar} - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 14$$

A_{st} - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.96556$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.970**

25.2.3

s_{rebar} - Minimum spacing of reinforcement,

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$$

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$$

Ties:

25.7.2.2

Since longitudinal reinforcement is \leq No. 10: Use #3(0.375 in)

25.7.2.1

s_{ties} - Maximum spacing of ties,

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), \text{Min} (D, b)]$$

$$s_{ties} = \text{Min} [(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), \text{Min} ((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$$

Summary:

Main reinforcement: **14 - #5 (0.625 in)**

Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)22.4.2.2 ϕP_N - Allowable axial compressive strength

$$\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st})]$$

$$\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times [(0.85 \times (3 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$\phi P_N = 3183.4 \text{ kip}$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(8.204 \text{ kip})}{(3183.4 \text{ kip})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.0025771$$

Status: **PASS**
Ratio: **0.000****Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)****Parameters:**22.5.2.2 $b_w = 48 \text{ in}$ - Effective width,
 d - Effective depth

$$d = 0.80 D$$

$$d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$d = 38.4 \text{ in}$$

22.5.5.1.3 λ_s - size effect modification factor

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[\sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = 0.64282$$

22.5.5.1.1 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{c,max}$ - Max shear strength of concrete

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,max} = 324.49 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.1(a) The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$, $P = 8.204 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 8204 \text{ lbf}$,
 $V_{c,a}$ - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + \frac{P}{6 A_g} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} + \frac{(8204 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 130.89 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$,
 $V_{c,b}$ - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + (0.05 f'_{ck}) \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} + (0.05 \times (3000 \text{ psi})) \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 406.27 \text{ kip}$$

 V_c - Governing shear strength of concrete

$$V_c = \text{Min}[V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min}[(324.49 \text{ kip}), (130.89 \text{ kip}), (406.27 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 130.89 \text{ kip}$$

<p>22.5.1.2</p>	<p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula $f'_{ck} = 3 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 3000 \text{ psi}$, $V_{s,a}$ - Shear strength of steel (a)</p> $V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(3000 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$ $V_{s,a} = 807.65 \text{ kip}$ <p>A_v - Ties rebar area,</p> $A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$ $A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$ $A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$ <p>22.5.8.5.3 $V_{s,b}$ - Shear strength of steel (b)</p> $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yt} d}{s_{ties}}$ $V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$ $V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p>V_s - Governing shear strength of steel</p> $V_s = \text{MIN}[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$ $V_s = \text{MIN}[(807.65 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$ $V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$ <p>22.5.1.1 ϕV_n - Allowable shear strength</p> $\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$ $\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((130.89 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$ $\phi V_n = 118.16 \text{ kip}$ <p>Considering x-direction:</p> <p>$V_{max} = 16.945 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the x-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(16.945 \text{ kip})}{(118.16 \text{ kip})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.14341$ <p>Considering z-direction:</p> <p>$V_{max} = 0.010386 \text{ kip}$ - Maximum shear force in the z-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.010386 \text{ kip})}{(118.16 \text{ kip})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.000087898$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.140</p> <p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000</p>
	<p>Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</p> <p>S_m - Section modulus</p> $S_m = \frac{b D^2}{6}$ $S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$ $S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$	

<p>14.5.2.1b</p>	<p>$\lambda = 1$ - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete), Allowable flexural strength: M_n shall be the lesser of: $\phi M_{n,1}$</p> $\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{3\text{ksi}} \times 18432.001\text{in}^3$ $\phi M_{n,1} = 273.423\text{kipft}$ <p>$\phi M_{n,2}$</p> $\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_c \times S_m$ $\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (3\text{ksi}) \times (18432\text{in}^3)$ $\phi M_{n,2} = 2545.9\text{kipft}$ <p>Therefore, ϕM_n - Allowable flexural strength,</p> $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$ $\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(273.42\text{kipft}), (2545.9\text{kipft})]$ $\phi M_n = 273.42\text{kipft}$ <p>Considering x-direction: $M_{max} = 66.325\text{kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the x-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(66.325\text{kipft})}{(273.42\text{kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.24257$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.240</p>
	<p>Considering z-direction: $M_{max} = 0.038149\text{kipft}$ - Maximum moment in the z-direction, Ratio - Capacity</p> $\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$ $\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.038149\text{kipft})}{(273.42\text{kipft})}$ $\text{Ratio} = 0.00013952$	<p>Status: PASS Ratio: 0.000</p>