

**Project Name:** Lead Clay Ridge

**Date:** Thu Aug 21 2025

**Location:** 157 Old Lead Mine Valley Rd SW, Cleveland, TN 37311, USA

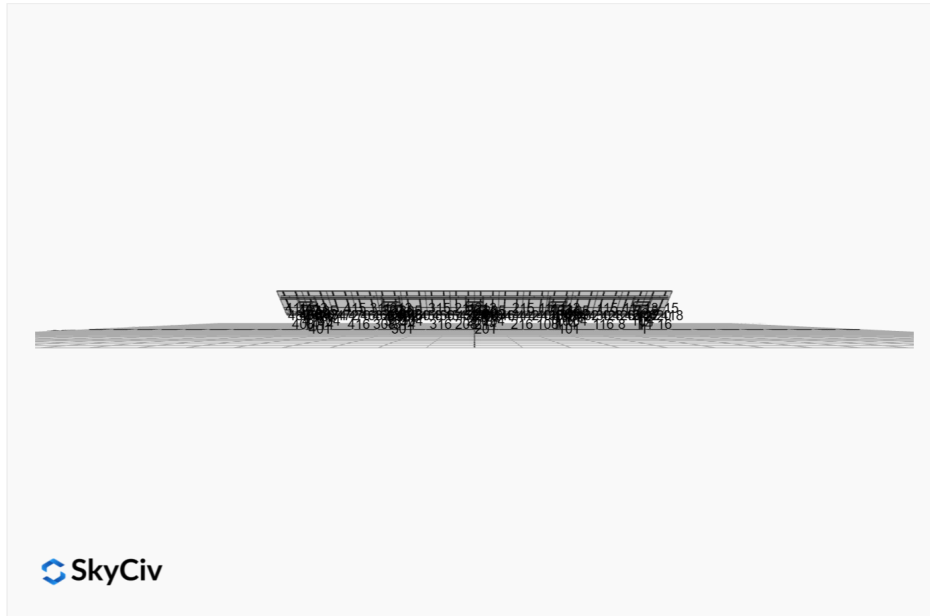
**Number of Modules:** 48

**Unique ID:** 5P-19.75-6TOP-SD-24-L-3Hx16W-FHL4

**Number of Poles:** 5

**Dealer:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Date Sold:** \_\_\_\_\_



<b>Array Dimensions N/S</b>	11.28 ft
<b>Array Dimensions E/W</b>	91.73 ft
<b>Winter Tilt Angle</b>	30
<b>Front Edge Clearance</b>	3 ft

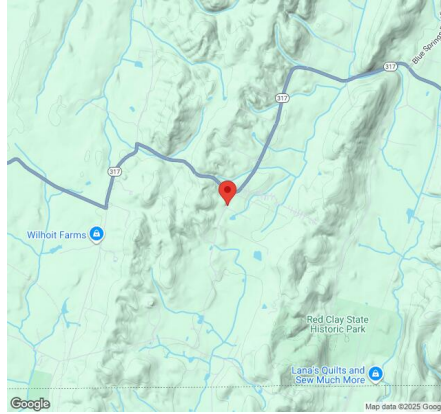
### MT Solar Bill of Materials (5P-19.75-6TOP-SD-24-L-3Hx16W-FHL4)

Part	Short Description	BOM Qty
MTS-PC-6	6IN Pole Cap Assembly	5
MTS-HF-SD	H-Frame Assembly-SD	5
MTS-SD-Wing-24	24IN SD Wing	4
MTS-SD-Splice-90	90IN SD Splice	8
MTS-SD-Splice-57	57IN SD Splice	8
MTS-CLAMP-HOOK-4PK	Hook Clamp	16

### Rail Bill of Materials

Part	Qty
Rails (135in)	32
Rail Attachment	64
Module Mid Clamp	64
Module End Clamp	64
Ground Lug	16

## Site Details:



**Site Address:** 157 Old Lead Mine Valley Rd SW, Cleveland, TN 37311, USA

### Array Specification

<b>Duty Classification:</b>	SD
<b>Module Width:</b>	44.60 in
<b>Module Length:</b>	67.80in
<b>Number of Rows:</b>	3
<b>Number of Columns:</b>	16
<b>Total Number of Modules:</b>	48
<b>Winter Tilt Angle:</b>	30
<b>Front Edge Clearance:</b>	3
<b>Total Array Height at Tilt:</b>	8.64 ft
<b>Total Frame Length:</b>	90.50 ft
<b>Module Info/Notes:</b>	Hyundai TOPCon Model HiN-T435NF (BK)
<b>Array Dimensions N/S:</b>	11.28 ft
<b>Array Dimensions E/W:</b>	91.73 ft
<b>Rail Length:</b>	135.30 in
<b>Rail Spacing:</b>	2.87 ft

### Support Specifications

<b>Pole Size:</b>	6in Pipe Sch 40
<b>Pole Length above Grade:</b>	5.82 ft
<b>Number of Poles:</b>	5
<b>Pole Spacing:</b>	19.75 ft

### Foundation Specifications

<b>Foundation Type:</b>	Square
<b>Foundation Dimensions:</b>	48 x 48 in
<b>Foundation Depth (below grade):</b>	Pile 1: 4.50 ft Pile 2: 4.75 ft Pile 3: 4.75 ft Pile 4: 4.75 ft Pile 5: 4.50 ft
<b>Foundation Volume:</b>	13.778 y <sup>3</sup>

### Site Info

<b>Risk Category:</b>	I
<b>Exposure:</b>	B
<b>Soil Classification:</b>	sand
<b>Site Location:</b>	157 Old Lead Mine Valley Rd SW, Cleveland, TN 37311, USA

<b>Wind Speed:</b>	98 mph
<b>Snow Load:</b>	10 psf

### **Design Disclaimer**

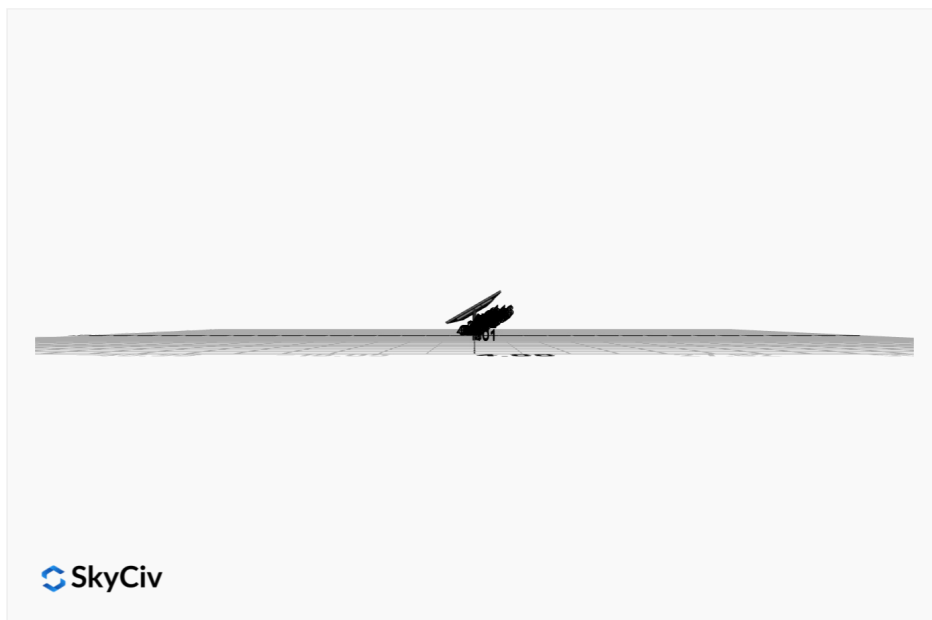
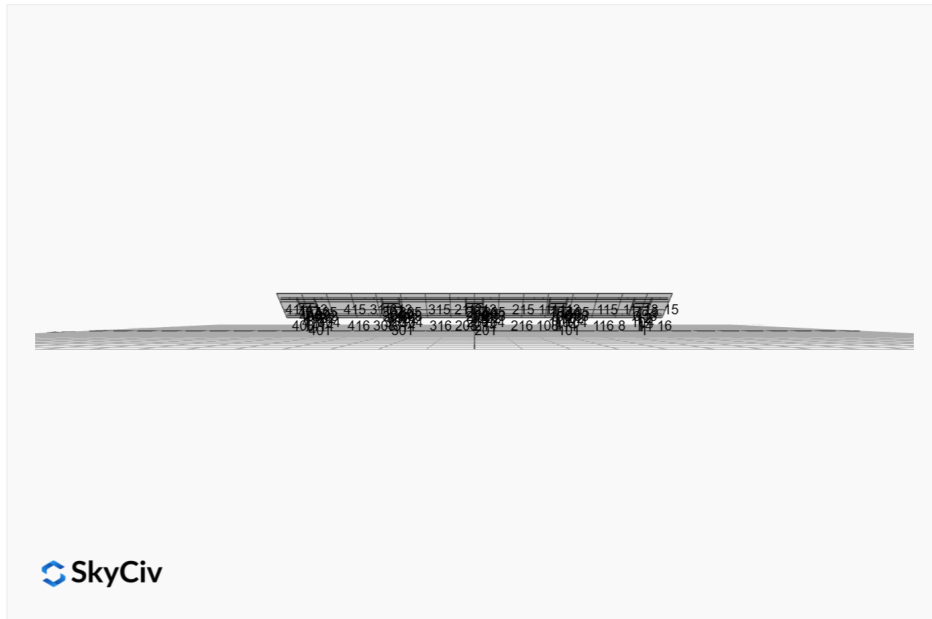
This software should be used for preliminary designs and should not be used as a final design unless reviewed, verified and designed by a qualified structural engineer.

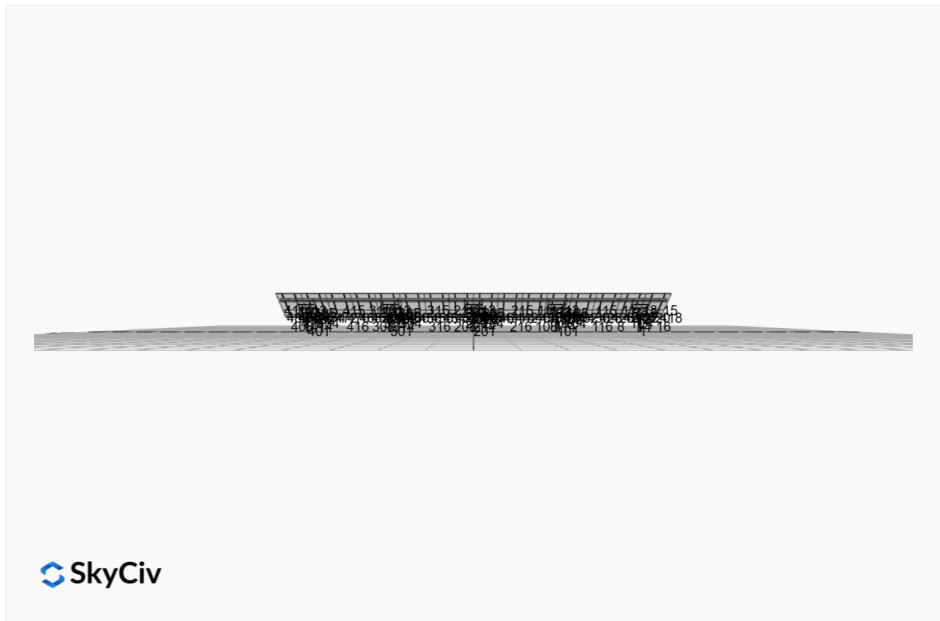
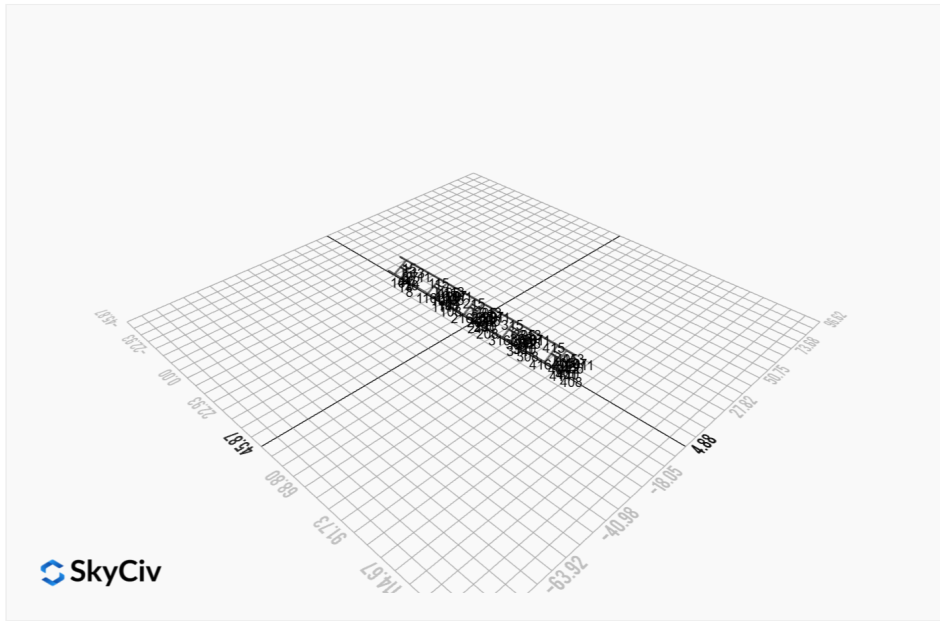
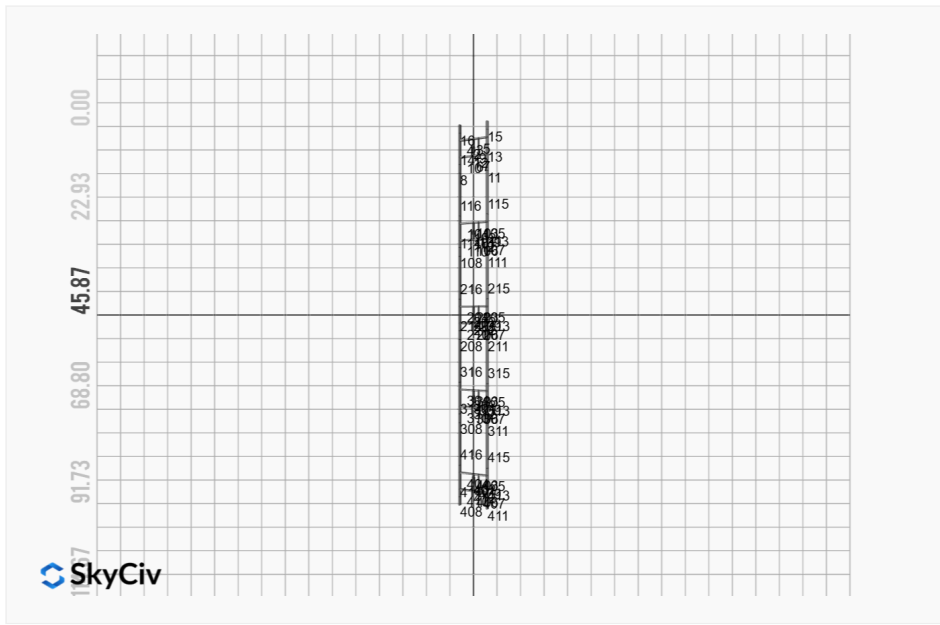
## AutoDesigner Input

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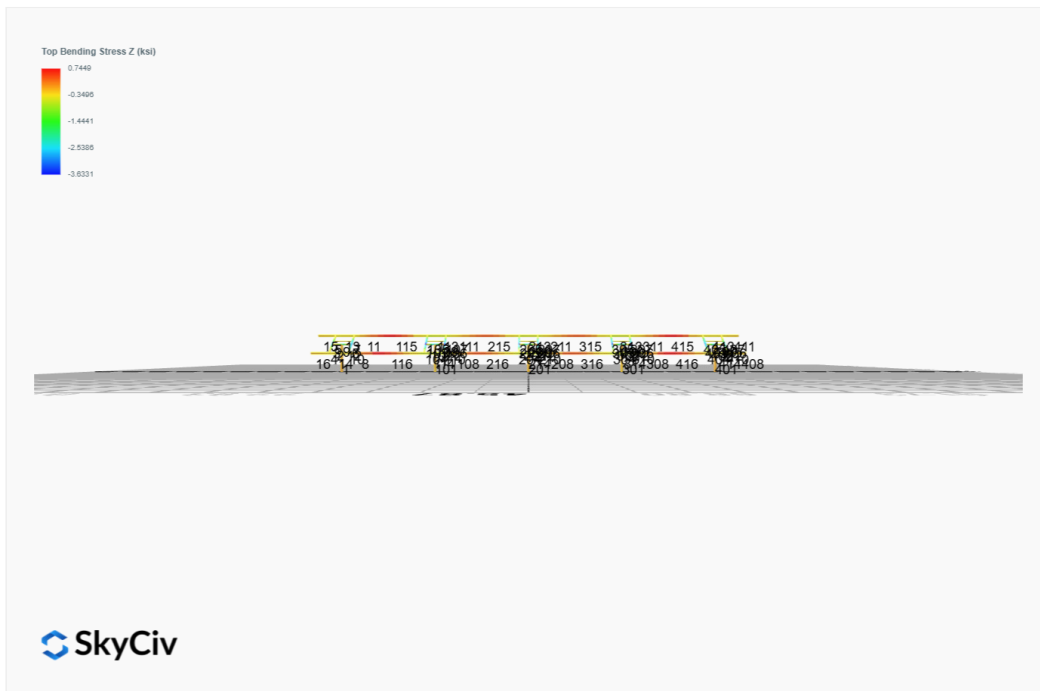
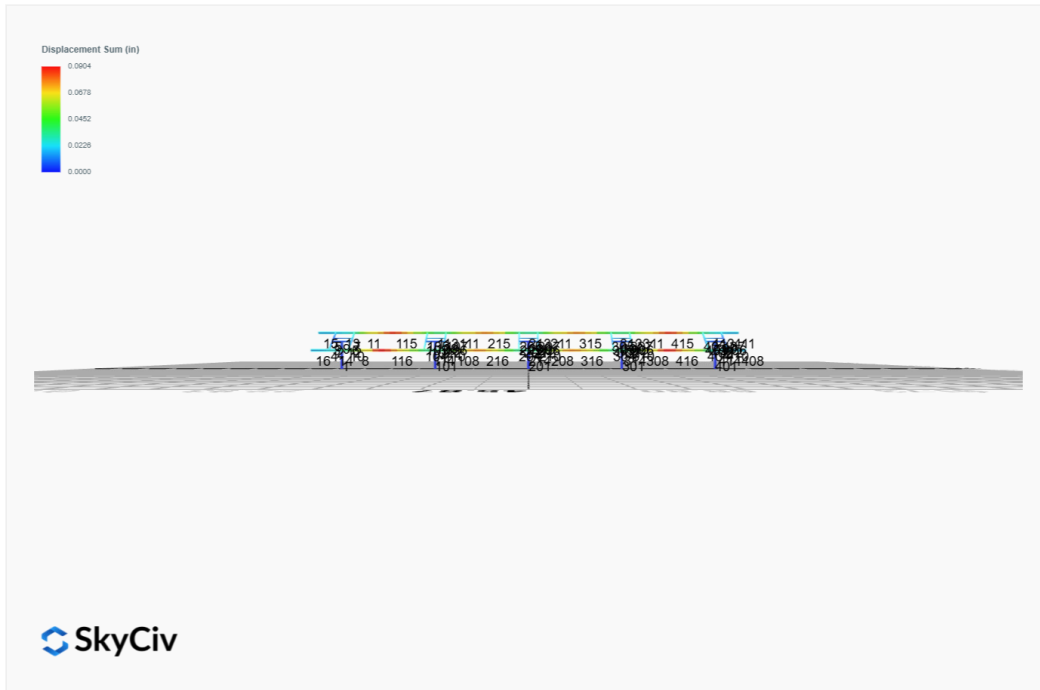
## Design Notes:

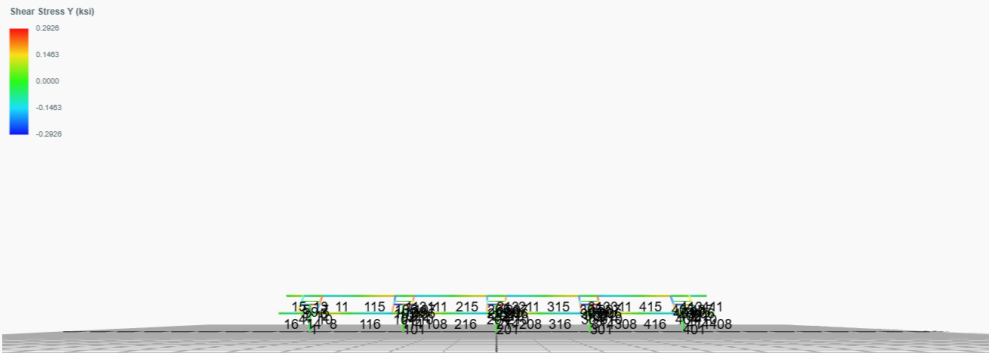
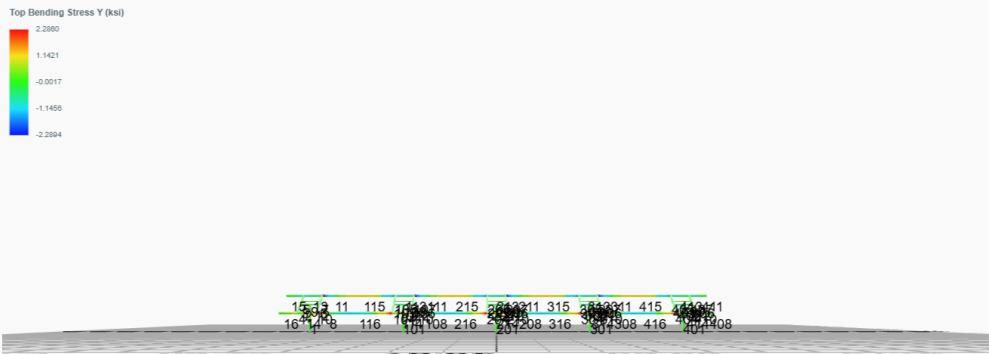
- AISC Deflection checks are set to L/1 due to structure design intent
- Foundation Soil Parameters used in this Autodesign are all estimates, proper geotechnical reports are required to confirm soil profiles
- Wind speeds, snow loads and other site specific results are based on ASCE 7 2016
- Steel frame design checks are based on AISC 360 2016 (LRFD)
- Foundation Design and Sizing is approximate only





# FEM Results (Envelope Worst Case for each member)







## Reaction Forces for Foundation 1 (Node ID#1), (kip, kip-ft)

### ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	0.0200	1.3871	0.1081	0.1119	-0.0647	-0.0903
ULS: 2. D + L	0.0200	1.3871	0.1081	0.1119	-0.0647	-0.0903
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0316	2.0370	0.1705	0.1766	-0.1021	-0.1528
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0200	1.3871	0.1081	0.1119	-0.0647	-0.0903
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0287	1.8745	0.1549	0.1604	-0.0927	-0.1371
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0200	1.3871	0.1081	0.1119	-0.0647	-0.0903
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	0.0200	1.3871	0.1081	0.1119	-0.0647	-0.0903
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	0.0287	1.8745	0.1549	0.1604	-0.0927	-0.1371
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	0.0120	0.8322	0.0649	0.0672	-0.0388	-0.0542
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.0493	3.2258	0.3163	0.2972	-0.4041	6.2239
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.0493	3.2258	0.3163	0.2972	-0.4041	6.2239
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	0.9366	-0.1890	-0.0690	-0.0459	0.2247	-5.4392
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	0.7922	0.0714	-0.0494	-0.0271	0.1999	-8.4778
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-0.7733	3.2535	0.3110	0.2993	-0.3473	4.5985
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.7733	3.2535	0.3110	0.2993	-0.3473	4.5985
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	0.7161	0.6924	0.0221	0.0421	0.1243	-4.1488
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.6078	0.8878	0.0368	0.0561	0.1057	-6.4278
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-0.7820	2.7661	0.2642	0.2509	-0.3193	4.6454
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.7820	2.7661	0.2642	0.2509	-0.3193	4.6454
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	0.7074	0.2050	-0.0247	-0.0064	0.1523	-4.1019
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.5991	0.4003	-0.0100	0.0076	0.1337	-6.3809
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.0573	2.6710	0.2730	0.2524	-0.3783	6.2600
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.0573	2.6710	0.2730	0.2524	-0.3783	6.2600
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	0.9286	-0.7439	-0.1123	-0.0906	0.2505	-5.4031
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	0.7842	-0.4834	-0.0926	-0.0719	0.2258	-8.4417

### Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.  
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	5.0538
Shear X	-1.7823
Shear Z	0.5092
Moment X	0.4765
Moment Y (Twist)	0.6632
Moment Z	14.1936

### Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.  
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	3.2535
Shear X	-1.0573
Shear Z	0.3163
Moment X	0.2993
Moment Y (Twist)	0.4041
Moment Z	8.4778

## Reaction Forces for Foundation 2 (Node ID#101), (kip, kip-ft)

### ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	-0.0229	1.7736	-0.0144	-0.0176	0.0218	0.1402
ULS: 2. D + L	-0.0229	1.7736	-0.0144	-0.0176	0.0218	0.1402
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	-0.0362	2.6463	-0.0227	-0.0277	0.0344	0.2106
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	-0.0229	1.7736	-0.0144	-0.0176	0.0218	0.1402
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	-0.0329	2.4281	-0.0206	-0.0252	0.0312	0.1930

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	-0.0229	1.7736	-0.0144	-0.0176	0.0218	0.1402
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	-0.0229	1.7736	-0.0144	-0.0176	0.0218	0.1402
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	-0.0329	2.4281	-0.0206	-0.0252	0.0312	0.1930
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	-0.0138	1.0642	-0.0086	-0.0106	0.0131	0.0841
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.4687	4.2922	-0.0429	-0.0529	0.0539	8.5478
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.4687	4.2922	-0.0429	-0.0529	0.0539	8.5478
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	1.2164	-0.3852	0.0100	0.0125	-0.0059	-6.9583
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	1.0003	-0.0206	0.0017	0.0048	0.0132	-10.7197
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.1172	4.3171	-0.0420	-0.0517	0.0553	6.4987
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.1172	4.3171	-0.0420	-0.0517	0.0553	6.4987
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	0.8966	0.8090	-0.0023	-0.0026	0.0104	-5.1309
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.7346	1.0824	-0.0085	-0.0084	0.0248	-7.9519
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.1073	3.6626	-0.0358	-0.0441	0.0459	6.4459
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.1073	3.6626	-0.0358	-0.0441	0.0459	6.4459
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	0.9066	0.1545	0.0039	0.0050	0.0010	-5.1836
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.7445	0.4279	-0.0023	-0.0008	0.0153	-8.0047
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.4595	3.5828	-0.0372	-0.0459	0.0452	8.4917
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.4595	3.5828	-0.0372	-0.0459	0.0452	8.4917
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	1.2256	-1.0946	0.0158	0.0195	-0.0146	-7.0143
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	1.0095	-0.7301	0.0074	0.0118	0.0045	-10.7757

### Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.  
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	6.7625
Shear X	-2.4437
Shear Z	-0.0692
Moment X	-0.0853
Moment Y (Twist)	0.0860
Moment Z	18.0998

### Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.  
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	4.3171
Shear X	-1.4687
Shear Z	-0.0429
Moment X	-0.0529
Moment Y (Twist)	0.0553
Moment Z	10.7757

### Reaction Forces for Foundation 3 (Node ID#201), (kip, kip-ft)

#### ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	0.0058	1.7199	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	-0.0004
ULS: 2. D + L	0.0058	1.7199	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	-0.0004
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0091	2.5615	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	-0.0111
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0058	1.7199	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	-0.0004
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0083	2.3511	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	-0.0084
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0058	1.7199	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	-0.0004
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	0.0058	1.7199	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	-0.0004
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	0.0083	2.3511	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	-0.0084
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	0.0035	1.0319	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	-0.0002
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.3836	4.1244	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	8.1941
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.3836	4.1244	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	8.1941
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	1.1967	-0.3411	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	-6.9190
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	1.0005	-0.0027	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	-10.7903

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.0338	4.1545	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	6.1375
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.0338	4.1545	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	6.1375
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	0.9015	0.8054	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	-5.1974
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.7543	1.0592	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	-8.1008
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.0363	3.5232	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	6.1455
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.0363	3.5232	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	6.1455
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	0.8989	0.1741	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	-5.1893
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.7518	0.4279	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	-8.0928
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.3859	3.4364	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	8.1943
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.3859	3.4364	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	8.1943
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	1.1944	-1.0291	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	-6.9189
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	0.9981	-0.6906	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	-10.7901

### Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.  
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	6.4922
Shear X	-2.3157
Shear Z	-0.0000
Moment X	0.0001
Moment Y (Twist)	0.0001
Moment Z	18.1097

### Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.  
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	4.1545
Shear X	-1.3859
Shear Z	0.0000
Moment X	-0.0000
Moment Y (Twist)	0.0000
Moment Z	10.7903

### Reaction Forces for Foundation 4 (Node ID#301), (kip, kip-ft)

#### ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	-0.0229	1.7736	0.0144	0.0176	-0.0218	0.1402
ULS: 2. D + L	-0.0229	1.7736	0.0144	0.0176	-0.0218	0.1402
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	-0.0362	2.6463	0.0227	0.0277	-0.0343	0.2106
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	-0.0229	1.7736	0.0144	0.0176	-0.0218	0.1402
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	-0.0329	2.4281	0.0206	0.0252	-0.0312	0.1930
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	-0.0229	1.7736	0.0144	0.0176	-0.0218	0.1402
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	-0.0229	1.7736	0.0144	0.0176	-0.0218	0.1402
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	-0.0329	2.4281	0.0206	0.0252	-0.0312	0.1930
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	-0.0138	1.0642	0.0086	0.0106	-0.0131	0.0841
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.4687	4.2922	0.0429	0.0529	-0.0539	8.5478
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.4687	4.2922	0.0429	0.0529	-0.0539	8.5478
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	1.2164	-0.3852	-0.0100	-0.0125	0.0059	-6.9583
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	1.0003	-0.0206	-0.0017	-0.0048	-0.0132	-10.7197
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.1172	4.3171	0.0420	0.0517	-0.0553	6.4987
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.1172	4.3171	0.0420	0.0517	-0.0553	6.4987
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	0.8966	0.8090	0.0023	0.0026	-0.0104	-5.1309
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.7346	1.0824	0.0085	0.0084	-0.0248	-7.9519
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.1073	3.6626	0.0358	0.0441	-0.0459	6.4459
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.1073	3.6626	0.0358	0.0441	-0.0459	6.4459
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	0.9066	0.1545	-0.0039	-0.0050	-0.0010	-5.1836
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.7445	0.4279	0.0023	0.0008	-0.0153	-8.0047

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.4595	3.5828	0.0372	0.0459	-0.0452	8.4917
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.4595	3.5828	0.0372	0.0459	-0.0452	8.4917
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	1.2256	-1.0946	-0.0158	-0.0195	0.0146	-7.0143
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	1.0095	-0.7301	-0.0074	-0.0119	-0.0045	-10.7757

### Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.  
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	6.7625
Shear X	-2.4437
Shear Z	0.0692
Moment X	0.0853
Moment Y (Twist)	0.0858
Moment Z	18.0998

### Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.  
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	4.3171
Shear X	-1.4687
Shear Z	0.0429
Moment X	0.0529
Moment Y (Twist)	0.0553
Moment Z	10.7757

## Reaction Forces for Foundation 5 (Node ID#401), (kip, kip-ft)

### ASD Load Combination Results

Name	Fx	Fy	Fz	Mx	My	Mz
ULS: 1. D	0.0200	1.3871	-0.1081	-0.1119	0.0647	-0.0902
ULS: 2. D + L	0.0200	1.3871	-0.1081	-0.1119	0.0647	-0.0902
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0316	2.0370	-0.1705	-0.1766	0.1021	-0.1528
ULS: 3. D + (S or Lr or R)	0.0200	1.3871	-0.1081	-0.1119	0.0647	-0.0902
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0287	1.8745	-0.1549	-0.1604	0.0928	-0.1371
ULS: 4. D + 0.75L + 0.75(S or Lr or R)	0.0200	1.3871	-0.1081	-0.1119	0.0647	-0.0902
ULS: 5b. D + 0.7E	0.0200	1.3871	-0.1081	-0.1119	0.0647	-0.0902
ULS: 6b. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.7)E + 0.75S	0.0287	1.8745	-0.1549	-0.1604	0.0928	-0.1371
ULS: 8. 0.6D + 0.7E	0.0120	0.8322	-0.0649	-0.0672	0.0388	-0.0541
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.0493	3.2258	-0.3163	-0.2972	0.4041	6.2239
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.0493	3.2258	-0.3163	-0.2972	0.4041	6.2239
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	0.9366	-0.1890	0.0690	0.0458	-0.2247	-5.4392
ULS: 5a. D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	0.7922	0.0714	0.0494	0.0271	-0.1999	-8.4778
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-0.7733	3.2535	-0.3110	-0.2993	0.3473	4.5985
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.7733	3.2535	-0.3110	-0.2993	0.3473	4.5985
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	0.7161	0.6924	-0.0221	-0.0421	-0.1243	-4.1488
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.6078	0.8878	-0.0368	-0.0561	-0.1057	-6.4278
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case A only	-0.7820	2.7661	-0.2642	-0.2509	0.3193	4.6454
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind downforce Case B only	-0.7820	2.7661	-0.2642	-0.2509	0.3193	4.6454
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case A only	0.7074	0.2050	0.0247	0.0064	-0.1523	-4.1019
ULS: 6a. D + 0.75L + 0.75(0.6)W + 0.75(S or Lr or R)_Wind uplift Case B only	0.5991	0.4003	0.0100	-0.0077	-0.1337	-6.3809
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case A only	-1.0573	2.6710	-0.2730	-0.2524	0.3783	6.2600
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind downforce Case B only	-1.0573	2.6710	-0.2730	-0.2524	0.3783	6.2600
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case A only	0.9286	-0.7439	0.1123	0.0906	-0.2505	-5.4031
ULS: 7. 0.6D + 0.6W_Wind uplift Case B only	0.7842	-0.4834	0.0926	0.0719	-0.2258	-8.4417

### Worst Case Reactions LRFD

These calculations are taken directly from the FEA via SkyCiv and are used in the Concrete Checks of the Foundation Module.  
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

### Worst Case Reactions ASD

These results are taken from the worst case values in the above table and are used in the Soil Checks in the Foundation Module.  
Note: Worst case values are assumed as downforce wind load cases.

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	5.0538
Shear X	-1.7823
Shear Z	-0.5092
Moment X	-0.4765
Moment Y (Twist)	0.6634
Moment Z	14.1938

Result	Value (kip, kip-ft)
Axial	3.2535
Shear X	-1.0573
Shear Z	-0.3163
Moment X	-0.2993
Moment Y (Twist)	0.4041
Moment Z	8.4778

## Project Details

Design Code: AISC 360-16 LRFD  
 Provision: LRFD  
 Country: United States  
 User Name: sales@mtsolar.us  
 Unit System: imperial

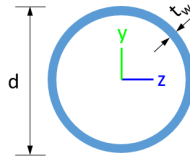


## Design Input Information

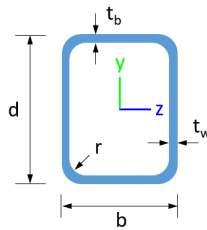
Design Factors			
$\Phi_t$	$\Phi_c$	$\Phi_b$	$\Phi_v$
0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9

Design Materials			
ID	E (ksi)	$F_y$ (ksi)	$F_u$ (ksi)
1	29000	50	65

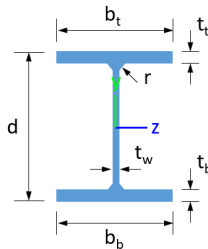
### Section Dimensions



ID	Name	d (in)	$t_w$ (in)				
1	2in Pipe Sch 40	2.38	0.15				
4	4in Pipe Sch 40	4.50	0.24				
7	6in Pipe Sch 40	6.63	0.28				



ID	Name	d (in)	b (in)	$t_w$ (in)	$t_b$ (in)	r (in)	
15	HSS5x3x1/8	5.00	3.00	0.12	0.12	0.12	



ID	Name	d (in)	$t_w$ (in)	$b_t$ (in)	$b_b$ (in)	$t_t$ (in)	$t_b$ (in)	r (in)
18	W6x9	5.90	0.17	3.94	3.94	0.21	0.21	0.25

### Section Properties

ID	Name	A (in <sup>2</sup> )	J (in <sup>4</sup> )	$I_{yp}$ (in <sup>4</sup> )	$I_{zp}$ (in <sup>4</sup> )	$I_w$ (in <sup>6</sup> )	$S_{yp}$ (in <sup>3</sup> )	$S_{zp}$ (in <sup>3</sup> )
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1	2in Pipe Sch 40	1.07	1.33	0.67	0.67	0.00	0.76	0.76
4	4in Pipe Sch 40	3.17	14.47	7.23	7.23	0.00	4.31	4.31
7	6in Pipe Sch 40	5.58	56.28	28.14	28.14	0.00	11.28	11.28
15	HSS5x3x1/8	1.77	6.02	2.75	6.03	0.51	2.07	2.93
18	W6x9	2.68	0.04	2.20	16.40	17.70	1.72	6.23

**Member Properties**

Member ID	Section ID	K <sub>z</sub> L (ft)	K <sub>y</sub> L (ft)	L <sub>b</sub> (ft)	C <sub>b</sub>	LS T	LS C	L D
1	7	12.2 2	12.2 2	5.8 2	-	30 0	20 0	1
2	4	1.30	1.30	2.0 0	-	30 0	20 0	1
3	15	0.92	0.92	1.4 2	1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.17,1.16,1.16,1.17,1.17,1.16,1.16,1.17,1.17,1.20,1.01,1.17,1.17,1.1 2,1.15,1.17,1.17,1.16,1.17	30 0	20 0	1
4	15	2.44	2.44	3.7 5	1.69,1.68,1.69,1.68,1.69,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.65,1.70,1.67,1.67,1.65,1.72,1.67,1.67,1.71,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.5 8,1.70,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.75	30 0	20 0	1
5	15	1.52	1.52	2.3 3	1.68,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.65,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.70,1.48,1.67,1.67,1.6 1,1.65,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66	30 0	20 0	1
6	15	0.92	0.92	1.4 2	1.19,1.19,1.19,1.19,1.19,1.19,1.19,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.19,1.20,1.05,1.19,1.19,1.1 6,1.17,1.19,1.19,1.18,1.18	30 0	20 0	1
7	15	1.52	1.52	2.3 3	1.68,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.69,1.50,1.67,1.67,1.6 3,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66	30 0	20 0	1
8	18	1.33	1.33	2.0 5	1.34,1.34,1.34,1.34,1.34,1.34,1.33,1.33,1.31,2.09,1.33,1.33,1.32,2.04,1.33,1.33,1.39,1.41,1.33,1.33,1.2 8,1.53,1.33,1.33,1.32,1.18	30 0	20 0	1
9	1	2.60	2.60	4.0 0	-	30 0	20 0	1
10	15	2.44	2.44	3.7 5	1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.70,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.73,1.67,1.67,1.70,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.6 1,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.66,2.81	30 0	20 0	1
11	18	1.33	1.33	2.0 5	1.36,1.36,1.36,1.36,1.36,1.36,1.37,1.37,1.39,1.47,1.37,1.37,1.38,1.45,1.36,1.36,1.32,1.34,1.37,1.37,1.4 2,1.54,1.37,1.37,1.38,1.44	30 0	20 0	1
12	4	1.30	1.30	2.0 0	-	30 0	20 0	1
13	18	4.88	4.00	7.5 0	1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.23,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.21,1.15,1.15,1.17,3.09,1.15,1.15,1.1 4,1.34,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.19	30 0	20 0	1
14	18	4.88	4.00	7.5 0	1.15,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.16,1.16,1.17,1.83,1.16,1.16,1.17,2.36,1.16,1.16,1.12,1.21,1.16,1.16,1.2 2,1.33,1.16,1.16,1.17,2.84	30 0	20 0	1
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16	18	4.20	4.20	2.0 0	2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.3 3,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.33,2.34	30 0	20 0	1
101	7	12.2 2	12.2 2	5.8 2	-	30 0	20 0	1
102	4	1.30	1.30	2.0 0	-	30 0	20 0	1
103	15	0.92	0.92	1.4 2	1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.46,1.18,1.18,1.1 5,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18	30 0	20 0	1
104	15	2.44	2.44	3.7 5	1.68,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.70,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.73,1.67,1.67,1.70,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.6 2,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.43	30 0	20 0	1
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106	15	0.92	0.92	1.4 2	1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.01,1.18,1.18,1.1 5,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18	30 0	20 0	1
107	15	1.52	1.52	2.3 3	1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.69,1.48,1.67,1.67,1.6 4,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66	30 0	20 0	1
108	18	1.33	1.33	2.0 5	2.17,2.18,2.17,2.18,2.17,2.17,2.23,2.23,2.31,1.75,2.23,2.23,2.29,1.41,2.21,2.21,2.11,2.10,2.22,2.22,2.3 7,2.07,2.24,2.24,2.28,1.06	30 0	20 0	1
109	1	2.60	2.60	4.0 0	-	30 0	20 0	1
110	15	2.44	2.44	3.7 5	1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.70,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.72,1.67,1.67,1.70,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.6 2,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.66,2.27	30 0	20 0	1
111	18	1.33	1.33	2.0 5	2.11,2.11,2.11,2.11,2.11,2.11,2.10,2.10,2.09,2.07,2.10,2.10,2.09,2.07,2.11,2.11,2.36,1.03,2.11,2.11,2.0 7,2.06,2.10,2.10,2.10,2.08	30 0	20 0	1
112	4	1.30	1.30	2.0 0	-	30 0	20 0	1

113	18	4.88	4.00	7.50	1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.05,1.05,1.05,1.10,1.05,1.05,1.05,1.09,1.05,1.05,1.03,1.07,1.05,1.05,1.07,1.18,1.05,1.05,1.05,1.08	300	200	1
114	18	4.88	4.00	7.50	1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,2.01,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.18,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.05,1.04,1.04,1.05,1.16,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.03	300	200	1
115	18	6.63	6.63	10.20	1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.15,1.13,1.16,1.16,1.15,1.14,1.16,1.16,1.19,1.59,1.16,1.16,1.13,1.12,1.16,1.16,1.15,1.14	300	200	1
116	18	6.63	6.63	10.20	1.17,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.10,1.17,1.17,1.17,1.09,1.17,1.17,1.16,1.15,1.17,1.17,1.18,1.13,1.17,1.17,1.17,2.09	300	200	1
201	7	12.22	12.22	5.82	-	300	200	1
202	4	1.30	1.30	2.00	-	300	200	1
203	15	0.92	0.92	1.42	1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.01,1.18,1.18,1.15,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18	300	200	1
204	15	2.44	2.44	3.75	1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.71,1.67,1.67,1.70,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.62,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.86	300	200	1
205	15	1.52	1.52	2.33	1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.69,1.52,1.67,1.67,1.64,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66	300	200	1
206	15	0.92	0.92	1.42	1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.01,1.18,1.18,1.15,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18	300	200	1
207	15	1.52	1.52	2.33	1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.69,1.52,1.67,1.67,1.64,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66	300	200	1
208	18	1.33	1.33	2.05	2.08,2.08,2.08,2.08,2.08,2.08,2.08,2.08,2.08,2.36,2.08,2.08,2.08,2.28,2.08,2.08,2.07,2.09,2.08,2.08,2.09,2.10,2.08,2.08,2.08,1.35	300	200	1
209	1	2.60	2.60	4.00	-	300	200	1
210	15	2.44	2.44	3.75	1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.71,1.67,1.67,1.70,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.62,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.86	300	200	1
211	18	1.33	1.33	2.05	2.09,2.09,2.09,2.09,2.09,2.09,2.08,2.08,2.08,2.10,2.08,2.08,2.08,2.10,2.09,2.09,2.09,2.21,2.08,2.08,2.09,2.10,2.08,2.08,2.08,2.09	300	200	1
212	4	1.30	1.30	2.00	-	300	200	1
213	18	4.88	4.00	7.50	1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.06,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.05,1.04,1.04,1.04,2.81,1.04,1.04,1.04,4.1,1.10,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04	300	200	1
214	18	4.88	4.00	7.50	1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.37,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.89,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,4.1,1.10,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.07	300	200	1
215	18	6.63	6.63	10.20	1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.15,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.15,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.41,1.16,1.16,1.15,1.17,1.16,1.16,1.16,1.16	300	200	1
216	18	6.63	6.63	10.20	1.15,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.18,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.21,1.15,1.15,1.15,1.16,1.15,1.15,1.16,1.16,1.15,1.15,1.96	300	200	1
301	7	12.22	12.22	5.82	-	300	200	1
302	4	1.30	1.30	2.00	-	300	200	1
303	15	0.92	0.92	1.42	1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.01,1.18,1.18,1.15,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.18	300	200	1
304	15	2.44	2.44	3.75	1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.70,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.72,1.67,1.67,1.70,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.62,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.66,2.27	300	200	1
305	15	1.52	1.52	2.33	1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.69,1.48,1.67,1.67,1.64,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66	300	200	1
306	15	0.92	0.92	1.42	1.19,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.17,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.19,1.46,1.18,1.18,1.15,1.17,1.18,1.18,1.18,1.18	300	200	1
307	15	1.52	1.52	2.33	1.68,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.68,2.21,1.67,1.67,1.64,1.66,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.66	300	200	1
308	18	1.33	1.33	2.05	2.09,2.09,2.09,2.09,2.09,2.09,2.09,2.09,2.10,1.39,2.09,2.09,2.10,1.18,2.09,2.09,2.07,2.05,2.09,2.09,2.12,1.75,2.10,2.10,2.10,1.13	300	200	1
309	1	2.60	2.60	4.00	-	300	200	1
310	15	2.44	2.44	3.75	1.68,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.68,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.70,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.73,1.67,1.67,1.70,1.68,1.67,1.67,1.62,1.69,1.67,1.67,1.66,1.43	300	200	1
311	18	1.33	1.33	2.05	2.08,2.08,2.08,2.08,2.08,2.08,2.07,2.07,1.95,1.75,2.07,2.07,1.99,1.79,2.07,2.07,2.20,1.04,2.07,2.07,1.68,1.61,2.07,2.07,2.03,1.82	300	200	1
312	4	1.30	1.30	2.00	-	300	200	1
313	18	4.88	4.00	7.50	1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.05,1.05,1.05,1.10,1.05,1.05,1.05,1.09,1.05,1.05,1.03,1.07,1.05,1.05,1.07,1.18,1.05,1.05,1.05,1.08	300	200	1
314	18	4.88	4.00	7.50	1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.04,2.01,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.18,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.05,1.04,1.04,1.04,4.1,1.16,1.04,1.04,1.04,1.03	300	200	1



104	79.65	72.84	10.99	6.26	29.14	16.61
105	79.65	74.30	10.99	6.26	29.14	16.61
106	79.65	74.89	10.99	6.26	29.14	16.61
107	79.65	74.30	10.99	6.26	29.14	16.61
108	120.60	115.40	23.36	6.45	30.09	45.74
109	48.35	43.11	2.85	2.85	14.51	14.51
110	79.65	72.84	10.99	6.26	29.14	16.61
111	120.60	115.40	23.36	6.45	30.09	45.74
112	142.83	141.72	16.17	16.17	42.85	42.85
113	120.60	84.03	18.19	6.45	30.09	45.74
114	120.60	84.03	18.15	6.45	30.09	45.74
115	120.60	68.63	15.31	6.45	30.09	45.74
116	120.60	68.63	14.92	6.45	30.09	45.74
201	251.16	183.88	42.30	42.30	75.35	75.35
202	142.83	141.72	16.17	16.17	42.85	42.85
203	79.65	74.89	10.99	6.26	29.14	16.61
204	79.65	72.84	10.99	6.26	29.14	16.61
205	79.65	74.30	10.99	6.26	29.14	16.61
206	79.65	74.89	10.99	6.26	29.14	16.61
207	79.65	74.30	10.99	6.26	29.14	16.61
208	120.60	115.40	23.36	6.45	30.09	45.74
209	48.35	43.11	2.85	2.85	14.51	14.51
210	79.65	72.84	10.99	6.26	29.14	16.61
211	120.60	115.40	23.36	6.45	30.09	45.74
212	142.83	141.72	16.17	16.17	42.85	42.85
213	120.60	84.03	18.27	6.45	30.09	45.74
214	120.60	84.03	18.28	6.45	30.09	45.74
215	120.60	68.63	15.76	6.45	30.09	45.74
216	120.60	68.63	15.66	6.45	30.09	45.74
301	251.16	183.88	42.30	42.30	75.35	75.35
302	142.83	141.72	16.17	16.17	42.85	42.85
303	79.65	74.89	10.99	6.26	29.14	16.61
304	79.65	72.84	10.99	6.26	29.14	16.61
305	79.65	74.30	10.99	6.26	29.14	16.61
306	79.65	74.89	10.99	6.26	29.14	16.61
307	79.65	74.30	10.99	6.26	29.14	16.61
308	120.60	115.40	23.36	6.45	30.09	45.74
309	48.35	43.11	2.85	2.85	14.51	14.51
310	79.65	72.84	10.99	6.26	29.14	16.61
311	120.60	115.40	23.36	6.45	30.09	45.74
312	142.83	141.72	16.17	16.17	42.85	42.85
313	120.60	84.03	18.19	6.45	30.09	45.74
314	120.60	84.03	18.17	6.45	30.09	45.74
315	120.60	68.63	15.53	6.45	30.09	45.74
316	120.60	68.63	15.13	6.45	30.09	45.74
401	251.16	183.88	42.30	42.30	75.35	75.35
402	142.83	141.72	16.17	16.17	42.85	42.85
403	79.65	74.89	10.99	6.26	29.14	16.61
404	79.65	72.84	10.99	6.26	29.14	16.61
405	79.65	74.30	10.99	6.26	29.14	16.61
406	79.65	74.89	10.99	6.26	29.14	16.61
407	79.65	74.30	10.99	6.26	29.14	16.61

407	79.03	74.30	10.99	6.20	29.14	10.01
408	120.60	96.18	23.36	6.45	30.09	45.74
409	48.35	43.11	2.85	2.85	14.51	14.51
410	79.65	72.84	10.99	6.26	29.14	16.61
411	120.60	96.18	23.36	6.45	30.09	45.74
412	142.83	141.72	16.17	16.17	42.85	42.85
413	120.60	84.03	20.08	6.45	30.09	45.74
414	120.60	84.03	19.73	6.45	30.09	45.74
415	120.60	68.63	14.90	6.45	30.09	45.74
416	120.60	68.63	14.87	6.45	30.09	45.74

## Design Ratio

Member ID	P	M <sub>z</sub>	M <sub>y</sub>	V <sub>y</sub>	V <sub>z</sub>	(P,M <sub>z</sub> ,M <sub>y</sub> )	Worst LC	KL/r	δ	Status
1	0.027	0.336	0.059	0.023	0.007	0.339	#32	0.327	Not Required	Pass
2	0.002	0.184	0.089	0.045	0.018	0.274	#13	0.052	Not Required	Pass
3	0.004	0.353	0.019	0.035	0.004	0.371	#13	0.044	Not Required	Pass
4	0.003	0.353	0.068	0.036	0.013	0.421	#13	0.117	Not Required	Pass
5	0.003	0.219	0.026	0.035	0.005	0.232	#13	0.073	Not Required	Pass
6	0.005	0.514	0.079	0.053	0.017	0.584	#13	0.044	Not Required	Pass
7	0.006	0.318	0.102	0.051	0.021	0.346	#13	0.073	Not Required	Pass
8	0.002	0.093	0.048	0.030	0.005	0.114	#13	0.088	Not Required	Pass
9	0.002	0.049	0.058	0.002	0.003	0.107	#13	0.198	Not Required	Pass
10	0.007	0.502	0.086	0.051	0.015	0.514	#13	0.078	Not Required	Pass
11	0.003	0.089	0.049	0.031	0.005	0.105	#13	0.088	Not Required	Pass
12	0.002	0.338	0.130	0.069	0.023	0.468	#13	0.052	Not Required	Pass
13	0.004	0.078	0.125	0.040	0.007	0.171	#21	0.265	Not Required	Pass
14	0.003	0.076	0.124	0.040	0.007	0.157	#21	0.177	Not Required	Pass
15	0.000	0.014	0.012	0.011	0.002	0.023	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
16	0.000	0.014	0.012	0.011	0.002	0.023	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
101	0.037	0.427	0.007	0.032	0.001	0.430	#32	0.327	Not Required	Pass
102	0.001	0.369	0.158	0.079	0.029	0.528	#13	0.034	Not Required	Pass
103	0.005	0.592	0.044	0.060	0.006	0.628	#13	0.044	Not Required	Pass
104	0.005	0.600	0.087	0.061	0.014	0.641	#13	0.078	Not Required	Pass
105	0.005	0.367	0.096	0.059	0.019	0.386	#13	0.073	Not Required	Pass
106	0.006	0.576	0.040	0.058	0.006	0.600	#13	0.044	Not Required	Pass
107	0.005	0.357	0.090	0.058	0.018	0.371	#13	0.073	Not Required	Pass
108	0.002	0.040	0.046	0.035	0.005	0.076	#21	0.088	Not Required	Pass
109	0.005	0.056	0.039	0.001	0.000	0.097	#13	0.198	Not Required	Pass
110	0.005	0.577	0.092	0.058	0.016	0.629	#13	0.078	Not Required	Pass
111	0.003	0.040	0.046	0.034	0.005	0.074	#21	0.088	Not Required	Pass
112	0.001	0.350	0.153	0.076	0.028	0.503	#13	0.034	Not Required	Pass
113	0.004	0.167	0.125	0.047	0.007	0.246	#13	0.265	Not Required	Pass
114	0.004	0.180	0.126	0.047	0.007	0.260	#13	0.265	Not Required	Pass
115	0.005	0.197	0.070	0.037	0.005	0.247	#13	0.439	Not Required	Pass
116	0.003	0.194	0.071	0.038	0.005	0.246	#13	0.439	Not Required	Pass
201	0.035	0.428	0.000	0.031	0.000	0.430	#32	0.327	Not Required	Pass
202	0.001	0.344	0.147	0.074	0.027	0.492	#13	0.034	Not Required	Pass
203	0.005	0.564	0.040	0.057	0.006	0.595	#13	0.044	Not Required	Pass
204	0.005	0.557	0.086	0.056	0.015	0.602	#13	0.078	Not Required	Pass
205	0.005	0.349	0.091	0.057	0.018	0.365	#13	0.073	Not Required	Pass

206	0.005	0.564	0.040	0.057	0.006	0.595	#13	0.044	Not Required	Pass
207	0.005	0.349	0.091	0.057	0.018	0.365	#13	0.073	Not Required	Pass
208	0.002	0.044	0.044	0.033	0.005	0.066	#21	0.088	Not Required	Pass
209	0.005	0.053	0.033	0.001	0.000	0.088	#13	0.198	Not Required	Pass
210	0.005	0.557	0.086	0.056	0.015	0.602	#13	0.078	Not Required	Pass
211	0.003	0.043	0.045	0.034	0.005	0.070	#21	0.088	Not Required	Pass
212	0.001	0.344	0.147	0.074	0.027	0.492	#13	0.034	Not Required	Pass
213	0.004	0.160	0.121	0.043	0.007	0.237	#21	0.265	Not Required	Pass
214	0.004	0.160	0.119	0.043	0.007	0.231	#21	0.265	Not Required	Pass
215	0.004	0.149	0.070	0.034	0.005	0.200	#13	0.439	Not Required	Pass
216	0.003	0.147	0.070	0.033	0.005	0.198	#13	0.439	Not Required	Pass
301	0.037	0.427	0.007	0.032	0.001	0.430	#32	0.327	Not Required	Pass
302	0.001	0.350	0.153	0.076	0.028	0.503	#13	0.034	Not Required	Pass
303	0.006	0.576	0.040	0.058	0.006	0.600	#13	0.044	Not Required	Pass
304	0.005	0.577	0.092	0.058	0.016	0.629	#13	0.078	Not Required	Pass
305	0.005	0.357	0.090	0.058	0.018	0.371	#13	0.073	Not Required	Pass
306	0.005	0.592	0.044	0.060	0.006	0.628	#13	0.044	Not Required	Pass
307	0.005	0.367	0.096	0.059	0.019	0.386	#13	0.073	Not Required	Pass
308	0.002	0.052	0.049	0.038	0.005	0.075	#21	0.088	Not Required	Pass
309	0.005	0.056	0.039	0.001	0.000	0.097	#13	0.198	Not Required	Pass
310	0.005	0.600	0.087	0.061	0.014	0.641	#13	0.078	Not Required	Pass
311	0.003	0.057	0.049	0.037	0.005	0.071	#21	0.088	Not Required	Pass
312	0.001	0.369	0.158	0.079	0.029	0.528	#13	0.034	Not Required	Pass
313	0.004	0.167	0.125	0.047	0.007	0.246	#13	0.265	Not Required	Pass
314	0.004	0.180	0.126	0.047	0.007	0.260	#13	0.265	Not Required	Pass
315	0.004	0.148	0.070	0.034	0.005	0.199	#13	0.439	Not Required	Pass
316	0.003	0.145	0.070	0.035	0.005	0.195	#13	0.439	Not Required	Pass
401	0.027	0.336	0.059	0.023	0.007	0.339	#32	0.327	Not Required	Pass
402	0.002	0.338	0.130	0.069	0.023	0.468	#13	0.052	Not Required	Pass
403	0.005	0.514	0.079	0.053	0.017	0.584	#13	0.044	Not Required	Pass
404	0.007	0.502	0.086	0.051	0.015	0.514	#13	0.078	Not Required	Pass
405	0.006	0.318	0.102	0.051	0.021	0.346	#13	0.073	Not Required	Pass
406	0.004	0.353	0.019	0.035	0.004	0.371	#13	0.044	Not Required	Pass
407	0.003	0.219	0.026	0.035	0.005	0.232	#13	0.073	Not Required	Pass
408	0.000	0.014	0.012	0.011	0.002	0.023	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
409	0.002	0.049	0.058	0.002	0.003	0.107	#13	0.198	Not Required	Pass
410	0.003	0.353	0.068	0.036	0.013	0.421	#13	0.117	Not Required	Pass
411	0.000	0.014	0.012	0.011	0.002	0.023	#21	Not Required	Not Required	Pass
412	0.002	0.184	0.089	0.045	0.018	0.274	#13	0.052	Not Required	Pass
413	0.004	0.078	0.125	0.040	0.007	0.171	#21	0.177	Not Required	Pass
414	0.003	0.076	0.124	0.040	0.007	0.157	#21	0.265	Not Required	Pass
415	0.005	0.208	0.070	0.031	0.005	0.256	#13	0.439	Not Required	Pass
416	0.003	0.209	0.071	0.030	0.005	0.260	#13	0.439	Not Required	Pass

## Definitions

$\Phi_t$	Safety factor for tensile
$\Phi_c$	Safety factor for compression
$\Phi_b$	Safety factor for flexure
$\Phi_v$	Safety factor for shear
E	Modulus of elasticity
$F_y$	Specified minimum yield stress
$F_u$	Specified minimum tensile strength

A	Cross-sectional area
J	Torsional constant
$I_{yp}$	Moment of inertia about the Y axes
$I_{zp}$	Moment of inertia about the Z axes
$I_w$	Warping constant
$S_{yp}$	Plastic section modulus about the Y axis
$S_{zp}$	Plastic section modulus about the Z axis
KL	Effective length
$C_b$	Buckling modification factor (from all load combinations)
$L_b$	Length between braced points
LST	Limited slenderness for tension
LSC	Limited slenderness for compression
LD	Limited deflection
$P_n$	Nominal axial strength (tension/compression)
$M_n$	Nominal flexural strength (about Z/Y axis)
$V_n$	Nominal shear strength (along Z/Y axis)
P	Design ratio in case of axial force
$M_z$	Design ratio in case of bending about Z axis
$M_y$	Design ratio in case of bending about Y axis
$V_y$	Design ratio in case of shear along Y axis
$V_z$	Design ratio in case of shear along Z axis
$(P, M_z, M_y)$	Design ratio in case of axial force and bending action
KL/r	Design ratio in case of section slenderness
$\delta$	Design ratio in case of member deflection
OK	Capacity is provided
NG	Capacity is not provided





REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS
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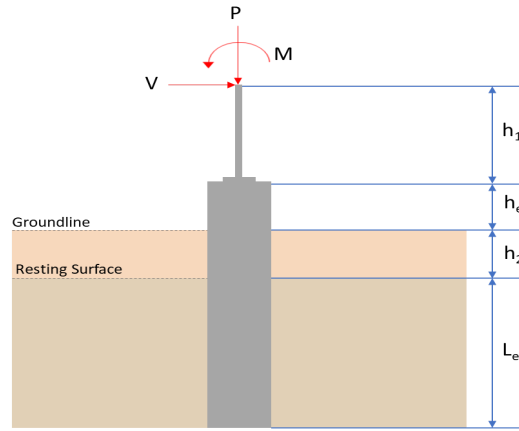
## SkyCiv Foundation Design

Pile Foundation

### Design Information :

Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code)  
Unit System : Imperial

### Pile Input



### Geometry

Pile shape: rectangular

$b = 48$  in - Pile width

$D = 48$  in - Pile depth

$L = 4.5$  ft - Total pile length

$h_1 = 0$  ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile,

$h_2 = 0$  ft - Depth to resisting surface

$h_e = 0$  ft - Length of pile above the ground

### Tabulation of Soil Parameters

Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure ( $q_a$ ) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure ( $R$ ) (psf/ft)
1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000

### Tabulation of Loads

Load Component	ASD	LRFD
$P$ (kip)	3.254	5.054
$V_x$ (kip)	-1.057	-1.782
$V_z$ (kip)	0.316	0.509
$M_x$ (kipft)	0.299	0.476
$M_z$ (kipft)	8.478	14.194

### Material Properties

$f'_{ck} = 2.5$  ksi - Concrete strength.

### Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD)

$H$  - Point of application of the lateral load

$$H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$$

$$H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$H = 0 \text{ ft}$$

### Considering x-direction:

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-1.057 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.16831 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(8.478 \text{ kipft}) + ((-1.057 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 1.35 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_x^3 - \left( 14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R} \right) - \left( 18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R} \right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,x} = 4.0613 \text{ ft}$  - Required depth in x-direction,

**Considering z-direction:**

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(0.316 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = 0.050318 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.299 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.316 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.047611 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_z^3 - \left( 14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R} \right) - \left( 18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R} \right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,z} = 2.1827 \text{ ft}$  - Required depth in z-direction,

**Minimum embedded depth required:**

$L_{e,req}$  - Depth of pile required,

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$$

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(4.0613 \text{ ft}), (2.1827 \text{ ft})]$$

$$L_{e,req} = 4.061 \text{ ft}$$

$L_e$  - Actual embedded length of pile,

$$L_e = L - h_e - h_2$$

$$L_e = (4.5 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$L_e = 4.5 \text{ ft}$$

**Ratio** - Embedded depth

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.061 \text{ ft})}{(4.5 \text{ ft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.90244$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.900**

### End-bearing Capacity (ASD)

$A$  - Pile cross-section area

$$A = b D$$

$$A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$$

$q$  - End-bearing pressure

$$q = \frac{P_v}{A}$$

$$q = \frac{(3.254 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$$

$$q = 0.20337 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

**Check bearing capacity ratio:**

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.20337 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.10169$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.100**

Czerniak

**Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):**

$L/D$  - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,

$$L/D = \frac{L}{D}$$

$$L/D = \frac{(4.5 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$$

$$L/D = 1.125$$

Since  $L/D \leq 10$ ,

Pile is short.

**Considering x-direction:**

$H_o = -0.16831 \text{ kip/ft}$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 1.35 \text{ kipft/ft}$  - Overturning moment per length of pile,

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (1.35 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (4.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.16831 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (1.35 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.16831 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 3.1021 \text{ ft}$$

$p$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $a/2$  from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (1.35 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.16831 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.5 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(4.5 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (1.35 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.16831 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.5 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.14292 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$s$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $L_e$ ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (1.35 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.16831 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.5 \text{ ft}))]}{(4.5 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.57558 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

**Check lateral soil pressure capacity:**

$p_a$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(3.1021 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.23266 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.14292 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.23266 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.61431$$

$p_s$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $L_e$ ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (4.5 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 0.675 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.57558 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.675 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.85272$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.610**

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.850**

#### Considering z-direction:

$H_o = 0.050318 \text{ kip/ft}$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 0.047611 \text{ kipft/ft}$  - Overturning moment per length of pile,

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.047611 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (4.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.050318 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.047611 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.050318 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 3.2851 \text{ ft}$$

$p$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $a/2$  from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 \times (0.047611 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (0.050318 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.5 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(4.5 \text{ ft})^2 [(3 \times (0.047611 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (0.050318 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.5 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.047032 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$s$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $L_e$ ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 \times (0.047611 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((0.050318 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.5 \text{ ft}))]}{(4.5 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.095305 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

#### Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

$p_a$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(3.2851 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.24638 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.047032 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.24638 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.19089$$

$p_s$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $L_e$ ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (4.5 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 0.675 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

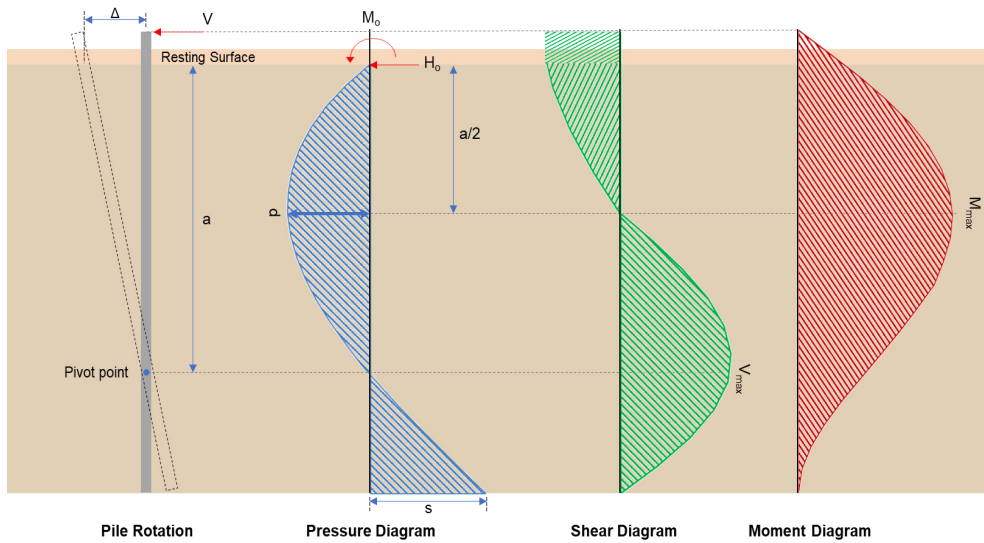
$$Ratio = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.095305 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.675 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.14119$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.190**

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.140**



### Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-1.782 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.28376 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(14.194 \text{ kipft}) + ((-1.782 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 2.2602 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

$E$  - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(2.2602 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.28376 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 7.9652 \text{ ft}$$

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (2.2602 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (4.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.28376 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times 2.2602) + (4 \times (-0.28376) \times 4.5)}$$

$$a = \frac{(6 \times (2.2602 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.28376 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.5 \text{ ft}))}{}$$

$$a = 3.1026 \text{ ft}$$

$V_{max}$  - Max shear force located at depth  $a$ ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \left( \frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \left( \frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.28376 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \times \left( \frac{4 \times (7.9652 \text{ ft})}{(4.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.1026 \text{ ft})}{(4.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \times \left( \frac{3 \times (7.9652 \text{ ft})}{(4.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.1026 \text{ ft})}{(4.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 4.3038 \text{ kip}$$

$M_{max}$  - Max bending moment located at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[ \left( \frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.28376 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (4.5 \text{ ft})) \times \left[ \left( \frac{(7.9652 \text{ ft})}{(4.5 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(3.1026 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (4.5 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 \times (7.9652 \text{ ft})}{(4.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.1026 \text{ ft})}{(2 \times (4.5 \text{ ft}))} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 \times (7.9652 \text{ ft})}{(4.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.1026 \text{ ft})}{(2 \times (4.5 \text{ ft}))} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 9.2196 \text{ kipft}$$

#### Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(0.509 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = 0.081051 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.476 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.509 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.075796 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

$E$  - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.075796 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(0.081051 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 0.93517 \text{ ft}$$

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.075796 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (4.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.081051 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.075796 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.081051 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 3.2859 \text{ ft}$$

$V_{max}$  - Max shear force located at depth  $a$ ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \left( \frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \left( \frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((0.081051 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \times \left( \frac{4 \times (0.93517 \text{ ft})}{(4.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.2859 \text{ ft})}{(4.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] \right. \\ \left. + \left[ 4 \times \left( \frac{3 \times (0.93517 \text{ ft})}{(4.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.2859 \text{ ft})}{(4.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.33807 \text{ kip}$$

$M_{max}$  - Max bending moment located at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$M_{max} = (H_o b L_e) \left[ \left( \frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) \right. \\ \left. - \left[ \left( \frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((0.081051 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (4.5 \text{ ft})) \times \left[ \left( \frac{(0.93517 \text{ ft})}{(4.5 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(3.2859 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (4.5 \text{ ft})} \right) \right. \\ \left. - \left[ \left( \frac{4 \times (0.93517 \text{ ft})}{(4.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.2859 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (4.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 \times (0.93517 \text{ ft})}{(4.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.2859 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (4.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 0.63182 \text{ kipft}$$

### Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

#### Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$  - Concrete strength,

$f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$  - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,

$\phi = 0.65$  - Reduction factor for axial strength,

$\alpha = 0.8$  - Alpha factor for axial strength,

$A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$  - Gross area of concrete,

#### Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load,  $A_{st,required}$

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[ \frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[ \frac{\frac{(5.054 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -84.428 \text{ in}^2$$

$A_{min}$  - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-84.428 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$$

$n_{rebar}$  - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 14$$

$A_{st}$  - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$$

Table 22.4.2.1

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

<p>25.2.3</p> <p>25.7.2.2</p> <p>25.7.2.1</p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><math>Ratio = 0.96556</math></p> <p><math>s_{rebar} = \text{Min spacing of reinforcement,}</math></p> $s_{rebar} = \text{Max}[1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$ $s_{rebar} = \text{Max}[1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$ $s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$ <p><b>Ties:</b></p> <p>Since longitudinal reinforcement is <math>\leq</math> No. 10: Use #3(0.375 in)</p> <p><math>s_{ties}</math> - Maximum spacing of ties,</p> $s_{ties} = \text{Min}[(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), \text{Min}(D, b)]$ $s_{ties} = \text{Min}[(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), \text{Min}((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]$ $s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$ <p><b>Summary:</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;">Main reinforcement: <b>14 - #5 (0.625 in)</b> Ties: <b>#3(0.375 in) - 10 in</b></p>	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>0.970</b></p>
<p>22.4.2.2</p>	<p><b>Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</b></p> <p><math>\phi P_N</math> - Allowable axial compressive strength</p> $\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_y A_{st})]$ $\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times [(0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2))]$ $\phi P_N = 2675.2 \text{ kip}$ <p>Ratio - Capacity</p> $Ratio = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$ $Ratio = \frac{(5.054 \text{ kip})}{(2675.2 \text{ kip})}$ $Ratio = 0.0018892$	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>0.000</b></p>
<p>22.5.2.2</p> <p>22.5.5.1.3</p> <p>22.5.5.1.1</p>	<p><b>Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</b></p> <p><b>Parameters:</b></p> <p><math>b_w = 48 \text{ in}</math> - Effective width, <math>d</math> - Effective depth</p> $d = 0.80 D$ $d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})$ $d = 38.4 \text{ in}$ <p><math>\lambda_s</math> - size effect modification factor</p> $\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[ \sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$ $\lambda_s = \text{MIN} \left[ \sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$ $\lambda_s = 0.64282$ <p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula <math>f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}</math>,</p> <p><math>V_{c,max}</math> - Max shear strength of concrete</p> $V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$ $V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$	

$$V_{c,max} = 296.21 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.1(a) The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ ,  $P = 5.054 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 5054 \text{ lbf}$ ,  
 $V_{c,a}$  - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[ 2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck} + \frac{P}{6 A_g}} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[ 2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi}) + \frac{(5054 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)}} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 119.16 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ ,  
 $V_{c,b}$  - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[ 2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck} + (0.05 f'_{ck})} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[ 2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi}) + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi}))} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 348.89 \text{ kip}$$

$V_c$  - Governing shear strength of concrete

$$V_c = \text{Min}[V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min}[(296.21 \text{ kip}), (119.16 \text{ kip}), (348.89 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 119.16 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ ,  
 $V_{s,a}$  - Shear strength of steel (a)

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{s,a} = 737.28 \text{ kip}$$

$A_v$  - Ties rebar area,

$$A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$$

22.5.8.5.3  $V_{s,b}$  - Shear strength of steel (b)

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yw} d}{s_{ties}}$$

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$$

$$V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$$

$V_s$  - Governing shear strength of steel

$$V_s = \text{MIN}[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$$

$$V_s = \text{MIN}[(737.28 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.1.1  $\phi V_n$  - Allowable shear strength

$$\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$$

$$\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((119.16 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$$

$$\phi V_n = 110.53 \text{ kip}$$

**Considering x-direction:**

$V_{max} = 4.3038 \text{ kip}$  - Maximum shear force in the x-direction,

$Ratio$  - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(4.3038 \text{ kip})}{(110.53 \text{ kip})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.038936$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.040**

**Considering z-direction:**

$V_{max} = 0.33807 \text{ kip}$  - Maximum shear force in the z-direction,  
Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.33807 \text{ kip})}{(110.53 \text{ kip})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.0030585$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.000**

**Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)**

$S_m$  - Section modulus

$$S_m = \frac{b D^2}{6}$$

$$S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$$

$$S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$$

$\lambda = 1$  - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete),

Allowable flexural strength:

$M_n$  shall be the lesser of:

$\phi M_{n,1}$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{(2.5 \text{ ksi})} \times 18432.001 \text{ in}^3$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 249.600 \text{ kipft}$$

14.5.2.1b

$\phi M_{n,2}$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_c \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (18432 \text{ in}^3)$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = 2121.6 \text{ kipft}$$

Therefore,

$\phi M_n$  - Allowable flexural strength,

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$$

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(249.6 \text{ kipft}), (2121.6 \text{ kipft})]$$

$$\phi M_n = 249.6 \text{ kipft}$$

**Considering x-direction:**

$M_{max} = 9.2196 \text{ kipft}$  - Maximum moment in the x-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(9.2196 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.036937$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.040**

**Considering z-direction:**

$M_{max} = 0.63182 \text{ kipft}$  - Maximum moment in the z-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.63182 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.0025313$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.000**

REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS
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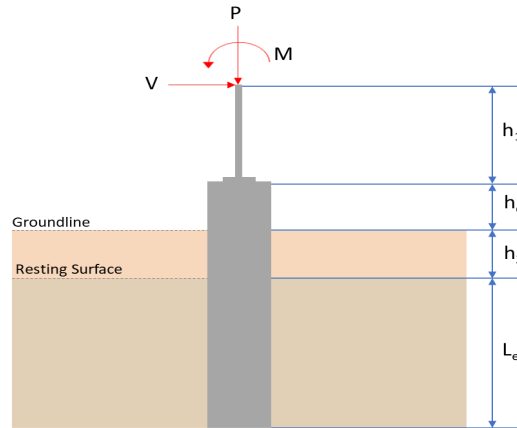
## SkyCiv Foundation Design

Pile Foundation

### Design Information :

Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code)  
Unit System : Imperial

### Pile Input



### Geometry

Pile shape: rectangular

$b = 48$  in - Pile width

$D = 48$  in - Pile depth

$L = 4.5$  ft - Total pile length

$h_1 = 0$  ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile,

$h_2 = 0$  ft - Depth to resisting surface

$h_e = 0$  ft - Length of pile above the ground

### Tabulation of Soil Parameters

Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure ( $q_a$ ) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure ( $R$ ) (psf/ft)
1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000

### Tabulation of Loads

Load Component	ASD	LRFD
$P$ (kip)	3.254	5.054
$V_x$ (kip)	-1.057	-1.782
$V_z$ (kip)	-0.316	-0.509
$M_x$ (kipft)	-0.299	-0.476
$M_z$ (kipft)	8.478	14.194

### Material Properties

$f'_{ck} = 2.5$  ksi - Concrete strength.

### Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD)

$H$  - Point of application of the lateral load

$$H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$$

$$H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$H = 0 \text{ ft}$$

### Considering x-direction:

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-1.057 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.16831 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(8.478 \text{ kipft}) + ((-1.057 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 1.35 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_x^3 - \left( 14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R} \right) - \left( 18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R} \right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,x} = 4.0613 \text{ ft}$  - Required depth in x-direction,

**Considering z-direction:**

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.316 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.050318 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.299 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.316 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.047611 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_z^3 - \left( 14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R} \right) - \left( 18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R} \right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,z} = 0.96442 \text{ ft}$  - Required depth in z-direction,

**Minimum embedded depth required:**

$L_{e,req}$  - Depth of pile required,

$$L_{e,req} = MAX[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$$

$$L_{e,req} = MAX[(4.0613 \text{ ft}), (0.96442 \text{ ft})]$$

$$L_{e,req} = 4.061 \text{ ft}$$

$L_e$  - Actual embedded length of pile,

$$L_e = L - h_e - h_2$$

$$L_e = (4.5 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$L_e = 4.5 \text{ ft}$$

**Ratio** - Embedded depth

$$Ratio = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(4.061 \text{ ft})}{(4.5 \text{ ft})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.90244$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.900**

### End-bearing Capacity (ASD)

$A$  - Pile cross-section area

$$A = b D$$

$$A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$$

$q$  - End-bearing pressure

$$q = \frac{P_v}{A}$$

$$q = \frac{(3.254 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$$

$$q = 0.20337 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

**Check bearing capacity ratio:**

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.20337 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.10169$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.100**

Czerniak

**Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):**

$L/D$  - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,

$$L/D = \frac{L}{D}$$

$$L/D = \frac{(4.5 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$$

$$L/D = 1.125$$

Since  $L/D \leq 10$ ,

Pile is short.

**Considering x-direction:**

$H_o = -0.16831 \text{ kip/ft}$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 1.35 \text{ kipft/ft}$  - Overturning moment per length of pile,

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (1.35 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (4.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.16831 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (1.35 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.16831 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 3.1021 \text{ ft}$$

$p$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $a/2$  from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (1.35 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.16831 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.5 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(4.5 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (1.35 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.16831 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.5 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.14292 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$s$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $L_e$ ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (1.35 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.16831 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.5 \text{ ft}))]}{(4.5 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.57558 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

**Check lateral soil pressure capacity:**

$p_a$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(3.1021 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.23266 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.14292 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.23266 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.61431$$

$p_s$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $L_e$ ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (4.5 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 0.675 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.57558 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.675 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.85272$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.610**

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.850**

#### Considering z-direction:

$H_o = -0.050318 \text{ kip/ft}$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 0.047611 \text{ kipft/ft}$  - Overturning moment per length of pile,

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.047611 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (4.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.050318 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.047611 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.050318 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 3.2851 \text{ ft}$$

$p$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $a/2$  from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (0.047611 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.050318 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.5 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(4.5 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (0.047611 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.050318 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.5 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = -0.028549 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$s$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $L_e$ ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (0.047611 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.050318 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.5 \text{ ft}))]}{(4.5 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = -0.038877 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

#### Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

$p_a$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(3.2851 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.24638 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(-0.028549 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.24638 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = -0.11587$$

$p_s$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $L_e$ ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (4.5 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 0.675 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

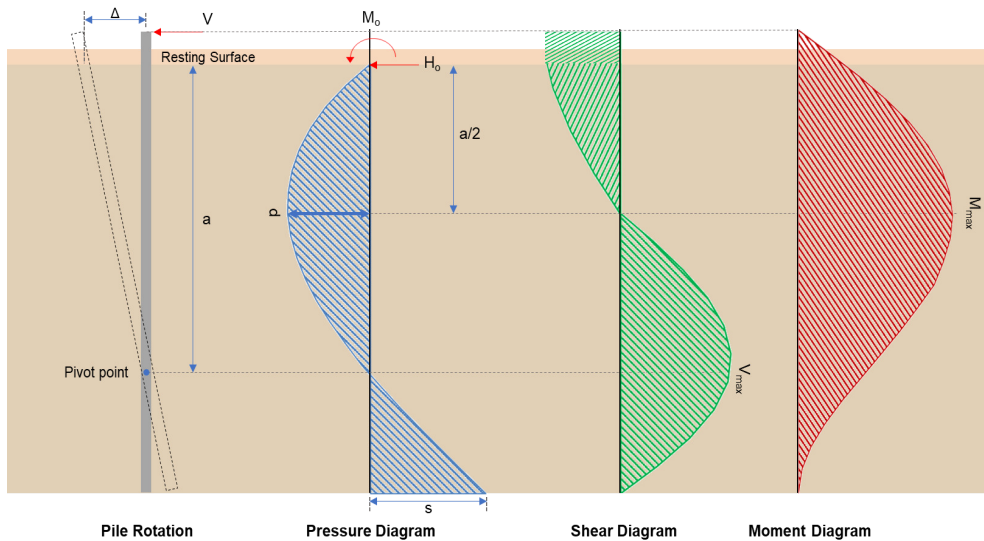
$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(-0.038877 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.675 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = -0.057596$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **-0.120**

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **-0.060**



### Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-1.782 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.28376 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(14.194 \text{ kipft}) + ((-1.782 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 2.2602 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

$E$  - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(2.2602 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.28376 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 7.9652 \text{ ft}$$

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (2.2602 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (4.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.28376 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (2.2602 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.28376 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = \frac{(-0.28376 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})}{(6 \times (2.2602 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.28376 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 3.1026 \text{ ft}$$

$V_{max}$  - Max shear force located at depth  $a$ ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \left( \frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \left( \frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.28376 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \times \left( \frac{4 \times (7.9652 \text{ ft})}{(4.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.1026 \text{ ft})}{(4.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \times \left( \frac{3 \times (7.9652 \text{ ft})}{(4.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.1026 \text{ ft})}{(4.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 4.3038 \text{ kip}$$

$M_{max}$  - Max bending moment located at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[ \left( \frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.28376 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (4.5 \text{ ft})) \times \left[ \left( \frac{(7.9652 \text{ ft})}{(4.5 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(3.1026 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (4.5 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 \times (7.9652 \text{ ft})}{(4.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.1026 \text{ ft})}{(2 \times (4.5 \text{ ft}))} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 \times (7.9652 \text{ ft})}{(4.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.1026 \text{ ft})}{(2 \times (4.5 \text{ ft}))} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 9.2196 \text{ kipft}$$

#### Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.509 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.081051 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.476 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.509 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.075796 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

$E$  - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.075796 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.081051 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 0.93517 \text{ ft}$$

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.075796 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (4.5 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.081051 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.5 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.075796 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.081051 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.5 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 3.2859 \text{ ft}$$

$V_{max}$  - Max shear force located at depth  $a$ ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \left( \frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \left( \frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.081051 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \times \left( \frac{4 \times (0.93517 \text{ ft})}{(4.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.2859 \text{ ft})}{(4.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] \right. \\ \left. + \left[ 4 \times \left( \frac{3 \times (0.93517 \text{ ft})}{(4.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.2859 \text{ ft})}{(4.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.33807 \text{ kip}$$

$M_{max}$  - Max bending moment located at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$M_{max} = (H_o \cdot b \cdot L_e) \left[ \left( \frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) \right. \\ \left. - \left[ \left( \frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.081051 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (4.5 \text{ ft})) \times \left[ \left( \frac{(0.93517 \text{ ft})}{(4.5 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(3.2859 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (4.5 \text{ ft})} \right) \right. \\ \left. - \left[ \left( \frac{4 \times (0.93517 \text{ ft})}{(4.5 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.2859 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (4.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 \times (0.93517 \text{ ft})}{(4.5 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.2859 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (4.5 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 0.63182 \text{ kipft}$$

### Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

#### Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$  - Concrete strength,

$f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$  - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,

$\phi = 0.65$  - Reduction factor for axial strength,

$\alpha = 0.8$  - Alpha factor for axial strength,

$A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$  - Gross area of concrete,

#### Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load,  $A_{st,required}$

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[ \frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[ \frac{\frac{(5.054 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -84.428 \text{ in}^2$$

$A_{min}$  - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-84.428 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$$

$n_{rebar}$  - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 14$$

$A_{st}$  - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$$

Table 22.4.2.1

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

<p>25.2.3</p> <p>25.7.2.2</p> <p>25.7.2.1</p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><math>Ratio = 0.96556</math></p> <p><math>s_{rebar} = Max[1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]</math></p> <p><math>s_{rebar} = Max[1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]</math></p> <p><math>s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}</math></p> <p><b>Ties:</b></p> <p>Since longitudinal reinforcement is <math>\leq</math> No. 10ø: Use #3(0.375 in)</p> <p><math>s_{ties} = Min[(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), Min(D, b)]</math></p> <p><math>s_{ties} = Min[(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), Min((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]</math></p> <p><math>s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}</math></p> <p><b>Summary:</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;">Main reinforcement: <b>14 - #5 (0.625 in)</b> Ties: <b>#3(0.375 in) - 10 in</b></p>	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>0.970</b></p>
<p>22.4.2.2</p>	<p><b>Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</b></p> <p><math>\phi P_N</math> - Allowable axial compressive strength</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st})]</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times [(0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2))]</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>\phi P_N = 2675.2 \text{ kip}</math></p> <p>Ratio - Capacity</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>Ratio = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>Ratio = \frac{(5.054 \text{ kip})}{(2675.2 \text{ kip})}</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>Ratio = 0.0018892</math></p>	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>0.000</b></p>
<p>22.5.2.2</p> <p>22.5.5.1.3</p> <p>22.5.5.1.1</p>	<p><b>Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</b></p> <p><b>Parameters:</b></p> <p><math>b_w = 48 \text{ in}</math> - Effective width, <math>d</math> - Effective depth</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>d = 0.80 D</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>d = 38.4 \text{ in}</math></p> <p><math>\lambda_s</math> - size effect modification factor</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>\lambda_s = MIN \left[ \sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>\lambda_s = MIN \left[ \sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>\lambda_s = 0.64282</math></p> <p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula <math>f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}</math>,</p> <p><math>V_{c,max}</math> - Max shear strength of concrete</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})</math></p>	

$$V_{c,max} = 296.21 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.1(a) The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ ,  $P = 5.054 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 5054 \text{ lbf}$ ,  
 $V_{c,a}$  - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[ 2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck} + \frac{P}{6 A_g}} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[ 2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi}) + \frac{(5054 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)}} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 119.16 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ ,  
 $V_{c,b}$  - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[ 2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck} + (0.05 f'_{ck})} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[ 2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi}) + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi}))} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 348.89 \text{ kip}$$

$V_c$  - Governing shear strength of concrete

$$V_c = \text{Min}[V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min}[(296.21 \text{ kip}), (119.16 \text{ kip}), (348.89 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 119.16 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ ,  
 $V_{s,a}$  - Shear strength of steel (a)

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{s,a} = 737.28 \text{ kip}$$

$A_v$  - Ties rebar area,

$$A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$$

22.5.8.5.3  $V_{s,b}$  - Shear strength of steel (b)

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yw} d}{s_{ties}}$$

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$$

$$V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$$

$V_s$  - Governing shear strength of steel

$$V_s = \text{MIN}[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$$

$$V_s = \text{MIN}[(737.28 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.1.1  $\phi V_n$  - Allowable shear strength

$$\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$$

$$\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((119.16 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$$

$$\phi V_n = 110.53 \text{ kip}$$

**Considering x-direction:**

$V_{max} = 4.3038 \text{ kip}$  - Maximum shear force in the x-direction,

$Ratio$  - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(4.3038 \text{ kip})}{(110.53 \text{ kip})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.038936$$

**Considering z-direction:**

$V_{max} = 0.33807 \text{ kip}$  - Maximum shear force in the z-direction,

$Ratio$  - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.33807 \text{ kip})}{(110.53 \text{ kip})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.0030585$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.040**

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.000**

**Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)**

$S_m$  - Section modulus

$$S_m = \frac{b D^2}{6}$$

$$S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$$

$$S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$$

$\lambda = 1$  - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete),

Allowable flexural strength:

$M_n$  shall be the lesser of:

$\phi M_{n,1}$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{(2.5 \text{ ksi})} \times 18432.001 \text{ in}^3$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 249.600 \text{ kipft}$$

14.5.2.1b

$\phi M_{n,2}$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_c \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (18432 \text{ in}^3)$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = 2121.6 \text{ kipft}$$

Therefore,

$\phi M_n$  - Allowable flexural strength,

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$$

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(249.6 \text{ kipft}), (2121.6 \text{ kipft})]$$

$$\phi M_n = 249.6 \text{ kipft}$$

**Considering x-direction:**

$M_{max} = 9.2196 \text{ kipft}$  - Maximum moment in the x-direction,

$Ratio$  - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(9.2196 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.036937$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.040**

**Considering z-direction:**

$M_{max} = 0.63182 \text{ kipft}$  - Maximum moment in the z-direction,

$Ratio$  - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.63182 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.0025313$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.000**

REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS
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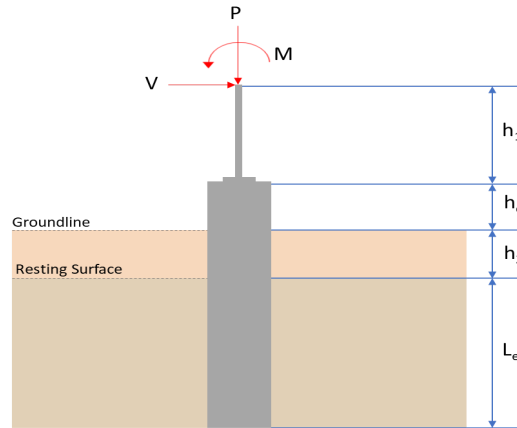
## SkyCiv Foundation Design

Pile Foundation

### Design Information :

Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code)  
Unit System : Imperial

### Pile Input



### Geometry

Pile shape: rectangular

$b = 48$  in - Pile width

$D = 48$  in - Pile depth

$L = 4.75$  ft - Total pile length

$h_1 = 0$  ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile,

$h_2 = 0$  ft - Depth to resisting surface

$h_e = 0$  ft - Length of pile above the ground

### Tabulation of Soil Parameters

Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure ( $q_a$ ) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure ( $R$ ) (psf/ft)
1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000

### Tabulation of Loads

Load Component	ASD	LRFD
$P$ (kip)	4.317	6.763
$V_x$ (kip)	-1.469	-2.444
$V_z$ (kip)	-0.043	-0.069
$M_x$ (kipft)	-0.053	-0.085
$M_z$ (kipft)	10.776	18.100

### Material Properties

$f'_{ck} = 2.5$  ksi - Concrete strength.

### Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD)

$H$  - Point of application of the lateral load

$$H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$$

$$H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$H = 0 \text{ ft}$$

### Considering x-direction:

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-1.469 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.23392 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(10.776 \text{ kipft}) + ((-1.469 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 1.7159 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_x^3 - \left( 14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R} \right) - \left( 18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R} \right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,x} = 4.2626 \text{ ft}$  - Required depth in x-direction,

**Considering z-direction:**

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.043 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.0068471 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.053 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.043 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.0084395 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_z^3 - \left( 14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R} \right) - \left( 18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R} \right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,z} = 0.72306 \text{ ft}$  - Required depth in z-direction,

**Minimum embedded depth required:**

$L_{e,req}$  - Depth of pile required,

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$$

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(4.2626 \text{ ft}), (0.72306 \text{ ft})]$$

$$L_{e,req} = 4.263 \text{ ft}$$

$L_e$  - Actual embedded length of pile,

$$L_e = L - h_e - h_2$$

$$L_e = (4.75 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$L_e = 4.75 \text{ ft}$$

**Ratio** - Embedded depth

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.263 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.89747$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.900**

### End-bearing Capacity (ASD)

$A$  - Pile cross-section area

$$A = b D$$

$$A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$$

$q$  - End-bearing pressure

$$q = \frac{P_v}{A}$$

$$q = \frac{(4.317 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$$

$$q = 0.26981 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

**Check bearing capacity ratio:**

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.26981 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.13491$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.130**

Czerniak

**Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):**

$L/D$  - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,

$$L/D = \frac{L}{D}$$

$$L/D = \frac{(4.75 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$$

$$L/D = 1.1875$$

Since  $L/D \leq 10$ ,

Pile is short.

**Considering x-direction:**

$H_o = -0.23392 \text{ kip/ft}$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 1.7159 \text{ kipft/ft}$  - Overturning moment per length of pile,

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (1.7159 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.23392 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (1.7159 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.23392 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 3.286 \text{ ft}$$

$p$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $a/2$  from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (1.7159 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.23392 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(4.75 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (1.7159 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.23392 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.14161 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$s$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $L_e$ ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (1.7159 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.23392 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft}))]}{(4.75 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.61715 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

**Check lateral soil pressure capacity:**

$p_a$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(3.286 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.24645 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.14161 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.24645 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.57461$$

$p_s$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $L_e$ ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 0.7125 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.61715 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.7125 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.86618$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.570**

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.870**

#### Considering z-direction:

$H_o = -0.0068471 \text{ kip/ft}$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 0.0084395 \text{ kipft/ft}$  - Overturning moment per length of pile,

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.0084395 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.0068471 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.0084395 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.0068471 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 3.4516 \text{ ft}$$

$p$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $a/2$  from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (0.0084395 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.0068471 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(4.75 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (0.0084395 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.0068471 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = -0.0034071 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$s$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $L_e$ ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (0.0084395 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.0068471 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft}))]}{(4.75 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = -0.0041604 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

#### Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

$p_a$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(3.4516 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.25887 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(-0.0034071 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.25887 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = -0.013162$$

$p_s$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $L_e$ ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 0.7125 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

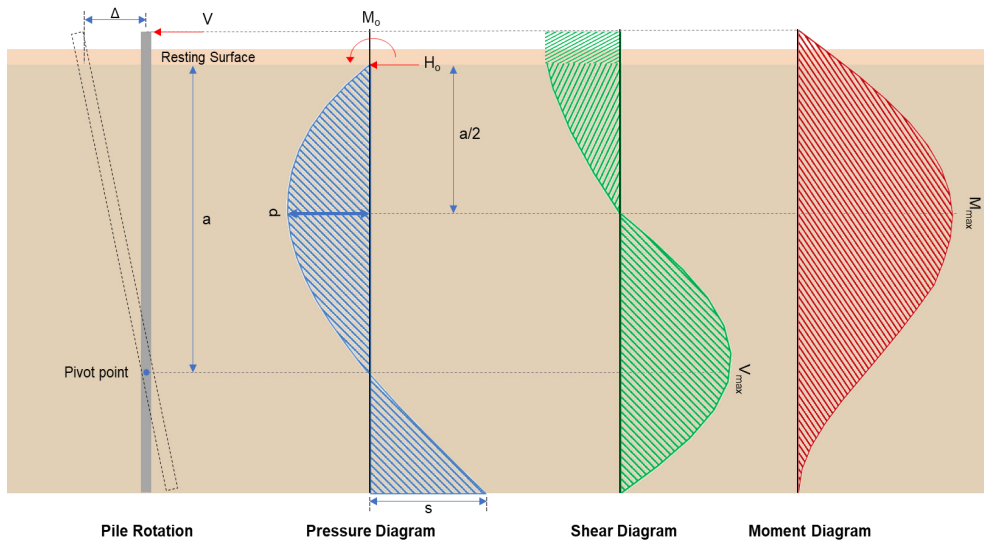
$$Ratio = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(-0.0041604 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.7125 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = -0.0058392$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **-0.010**

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **-0.010**



#### Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-2.444 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.38917 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(18.1 \text{ kipft}) + ((-2.444 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 2.8822 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

$E$  - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(2.8822 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.38917 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 7.4059 \text{ ft}$$

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (2.8822 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.38917 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (2.8822 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.38917 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = \frac{(6 \times (2.8822 \text{ kip/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.38917 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft}))}{(6 \times (2.8822 \text{ kip/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.38917 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 3.2852 \text{ ft}$$

$V_{max}$  - Max shear force located at depth  $a$ ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \left( \frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \left( \frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.38917 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \times \left( \frac{4 \times (7.4059 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.2852 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \times \left( \frac{3 \times (7.4059 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.2852 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 5.3212 \text{ kip}$$

$M_{max}$  - Max bending moment located at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[ \left( \frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.38917 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft})) \times \left[ \left( \frac{(7.4059 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(3.2852 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (4.75 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 \times (7.4059 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.2852 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (4.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 \times (7.4059 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.2852 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (4.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 11.967 \text{ kipft}$$

#### Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-0.069 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.010987 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.085 \text{ kipft}) + ((-0.069 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.013535 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

$E$  - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.013535 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.010987 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 1.2319 \text{ ft}$$

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.013535 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.010987 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.013535 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.010987 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 3.4516 \text{ ft}$$

$V_{max}$  - Max shear force located at depth  $a$ ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \left( \frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \left( \frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.010987 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \times \left( \frac{4 \times (1.2319 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.4516 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \times \left( \frac{3 \times (1.2319 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.4516 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.049745 \text{ kip}$$

$M_{max}$  - Max bending moment located at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$M_{max} = (H_o \ b \ L_e) \left[ \left( \frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.010987 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft})) \times \left[ \left( \frac{(1.2319 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(3.4516 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (4.75 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 \times (1.2319 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.4516 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (4.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 \times (1.2319 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.4516 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (4.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 0.09967 \text{ kipft}$$

### Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

#### Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$  - Concrete strength,

$f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$  - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,

$\phi = 0.65$  - Reduction factor for axial strength,

$\alpha = 0.8$  - Alpha factor for axial strength,

$A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$  - Gross area of concrete,

#### Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load,  $A_{st,required}$

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[ \frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[ \frac{\frac{(0.763 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -84.371 \text{ in}^2$$

$A_{min}$  - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-84.371 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$$

$n_{rebar}$  - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 14$$

$A_{st}$  - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$$

Table 22.4.2.1

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

<p>25.2.3</p> <p>25.7.2.2</p> <p>25.7.2.1</p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><math>Ratio = 0.96556</math></p> <p><math>s_{rebar} = Max[1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]</math></p> <p><math>s_{rebar} = Max[1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]</math></p> <p><math>s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}</math></p> <p><b>Ties:</b></p> <p>Since longitudinal reinforcement is <math>\leq</math> No. 10ø: Use #3(0.375 in)</p> <p><math>s_{ties} = Min[(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), Min(D, b)]</math></p> <p><math>s_{ties} = Min[(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), Min((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]</math></p> <p><math>s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}</math></p> <p><b>Summary:</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;">Main reinforcement: <b>14 - #5 (0.625 in)</b> Ties: <b>#3(0.375 in) - 10 in</b></p>	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>0.970</b></p>
<p>22.4.2.2</p>	<p><b>Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</b></p> <p><math>\phi P_N</math> - Allowable axial compressive strength</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st})]</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times [(0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2))]</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>\phi P_N = 2675.2 \text{ kip}</math></p> <p>Ratio - Capacity</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>Ratio = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>Ratio = \frac{(6.763 \text{ kip})}{(2675.2 \text{ kip})}</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>Ratio = 0.0025281</math></p>	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>0.000</b></p>
<p>22.5.2.2</p> <p>22.5.5.1.3</p> <p>22.5.5.1.1</p>	<p><b>Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</b></p> <p><b>Parameters:</b></p> <p><math>b_w = 48 \text{ in}</math> - Effective width, <math>d</math> - Effective depth</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>d = 0.80 D</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>d = 38.4 \text{ in}</math></p> <p><math>\lambda_s</math> - size effect modification factor</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>\lambda_s = MIN \left[ \sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>\lambda_s = MIN \left[ \sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>\lambda_s = 0.64282</math></p> <p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula <math>f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}</math>,</p> <p><math>V_{c,max}</math> - Max shear strength of concrete</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})</math></p>	

$$V_{c,max} = 296.21 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.1(a) The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ ,  $P = 6.763 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 6763 \text{ lbf}$ ,  
 $V_{c,a}$  - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[ 2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck} + \frac{P}{6 A_g}} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[ 2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi}) + \frac{(6763 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)}} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 119.39 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ ,  
 $V_{c,b}$  - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[ 2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck} + (0.05 f'_{ck})} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[ 2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi}) + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi}))} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 348.89 \text{ kip}$$

$V_c$  - Governing shear strength of concrete

$$V_c = \text{Min}[V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min}[(296.21 \text{ kip}), (119.39 \text{ kip}), (348.89 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 119.39 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ ,  
 $V_{s,a}$  - Shear strength of steel (a)

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{s,a} = 737.28 \text{ kip}$$

$A_v$  - Ties rebar area,

$$A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$$

22.5.8.5.3  $V_{s,b}$  - Shear strength of steel (b)

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yw} d}{s_{ties}}$$

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$$

$$V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$$

$V_s$  - Governing shear strength of steel

$$V_s = \text{MIN}[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$$

$$V_s = \text{MIN}[(737.28 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.1.1  $\phi V_n$  - Allowable shear strength

$$\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$$

$$\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((119.39 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$$

$$\phi V_n = 110.68 \text{ kip}$$

**Considering x-direction:**

$V_{max} = 5.3212 \text{ kip}$  - Maximum shear force in the x-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(5.3212 \text{ kip})}{(110.68 \text{ kip})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.048076$$

**Considering z-direction:**

$V_{max} = 0.049745 \text{ kip}$  - Maximum shear force in the z-direction,

$Ratio$  - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.049745 \text{ kip})}{(110.68 \text{ kip})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.00044944$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.050**

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.000**

**Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)**

$S_m$  - Section modulus

$$S_m = \frac{b D^2}{6}$$

$$S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$$

$$S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$$

$\lambda = 1$  - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete),

Allowable flexural strength:

$M_n$  shall be the lesser of:

$\phi M_{n,1}$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{(2.5 \text{ ksi})} \times 18432.001 \text{ in}^3$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 249.600 \text{ kipft}$$

14.5.2.1b

$\phi M_{n,2}$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_c \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (18432 \text{ in}^3)$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = 2121.6 \text{ kipft}$$

Therefore,

$\phi M_n$  - Allowable flexural strength,

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$$

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(249.6 \text{ kipft}), (2121.6 \text{ kipft})]$$

$$\phi M_n = 249.6 \text{ kipft}$$

**Considering x-direction:**

$M_{max} = 11.967 \text{ kipft}$  - Maximum moment in the x-direction,

$Ratio$  - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(11.967 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.047946$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.050**

**Considering z-direction:**

$M_{max} = 0.09967 \text{ kipft}$  - Maximum moment in the z-direction,

$Ratio$  - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.09967 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.00039932$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.000**

REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS
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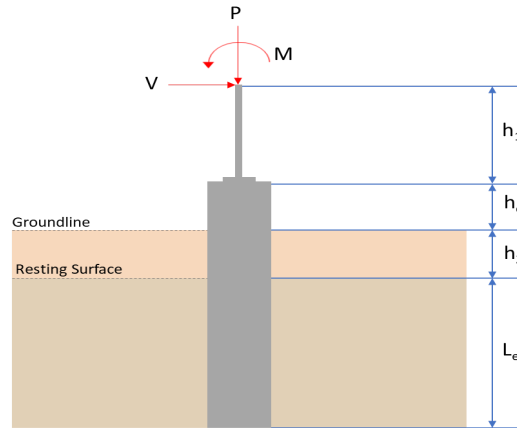
## SkyCiv Foundation Design

Pile Foundation

### Design Information :

Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code)  
Unit System : Imperial

### Pile Input



### Geometry

Pile shape: rectangular

$b = 48$  in - Pile width

$D = 48$  in - Pile depth

$L = 4.75$  ft - Total pile length

$h_1 = 0$  ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile,

$h_2 = 0$  ft - Depth to resisting surface

$h_e = 0$  ft - Length of pile above the ground

### Tabulation of Soil Parameters

Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure ( $q_a$ ) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure ( $R$ ) (psf/ft)
1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000

### Tabulation of Loads

Load Component	ASD	LRFD
$P$ (kip)	4.154	6.492
$V_x$ (kip)	-1.386	-2.316
$V_z$ (kip)	0.000	0.000
$M_x$ (kipft)	0.000	0.000
$M_z$ (kipft)	10.790	18.110

### Material Properties

$f'_{ck} = 2.5$  ksi - Concrete strength.

### Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD)

$H$  - Point of application of the lateral load

$$H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$$

$$H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$H = 0 \text{ ft}$$

### Considering x-direction:

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-1.386 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.2207 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(10.79 \text{ kipft}) + ((-1.386 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 1.7182 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_e^3 - \left(14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R}\right) - \left(18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R}\right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,x} = 4.3146 \text{ ft}$  - Required depth in x-direction,

**Considering z-direction:**

$L_{e,z} = 0 \text{ ft}$  - Required depth in z-direction,

**Minimum embedded depth required:**

$L_{e,req}$  - Depth of pile required,

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$$

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(4.3146 \text{ ft}), (0 \text{ ft})]$$

$$L_{e,req} = 4.315 \text{ ft}$$

$L_e$  - Actual embedded length of pile,

$$L_e = L - h_e - h_2$$

$$L_e = (4.75 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$L_e = 4.75 \text{ ft}$$

*Ratio* - Embedded depth

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.315 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.90842$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.910**

### End-bearing Capacity (ASD)

$A$  - Pile cross-section area

$$A = b D$$

$$A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$$

$q$  - End-bearing pressure

$$q = \frac{P_v}{A}$$

$$q = \frac{(4.154 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$$

$$q = 0.25962 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

**Check bearing capacity ratio:**

*Ratio* - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.25962 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.12981$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.130**

Czerniak

### Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):

$L/D$  - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,

$$L/D = \frac{L}{D}$$

$$L/D = \frac{(4.75 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$$

$$L/D = 1.1875$$

Since  $L/D \leq 10$ ,

Pile is short.

**Considering x-direction:**

$H_o = -0.2207 \text{ kip/ft}$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 1.7182 \text{ kipft/ft}$  - Overturning moment per length of pile,

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (1.7182 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.2207 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (1.7182 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.2207 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 3.2811 \text{ ft}$$

$p$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $a/2$  from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (1.7182 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.2207 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(4.75 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (1.7182 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.2207 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.15105 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$s$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $L_e$ ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (1.7182 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.2207 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft}))]}{(4.75 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.63503 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

**Check lateral soil pressure capacity:**

$p_a$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(3.2811 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.24608 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.15105 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.24608 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.61383$$

$p_s$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $L_e$ ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft})$$

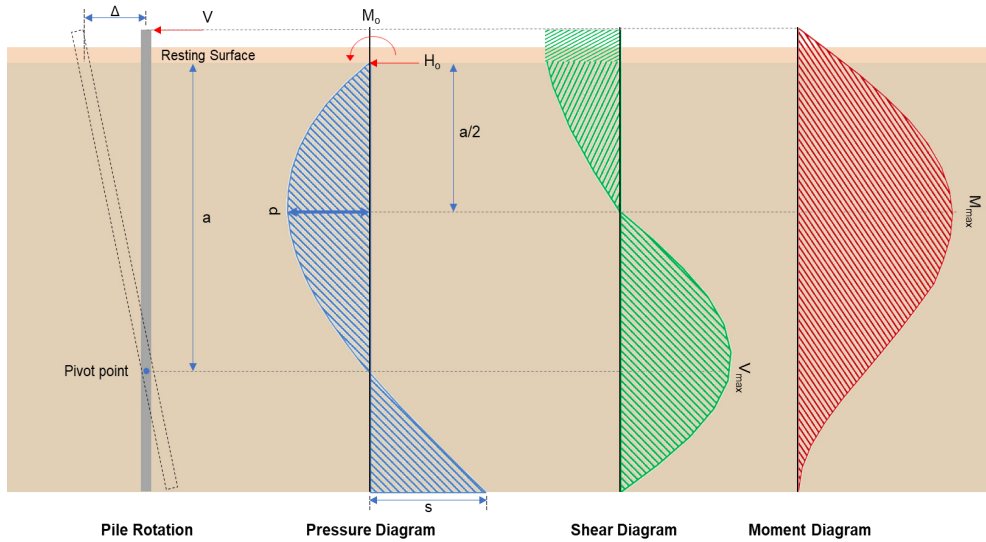
$$p_s = 0.7125 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.63503 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.7125 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.610**



**Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)**

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-2.316 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.36879 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(18.11 \text{ kipft}) + ((-2.316 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 2.8838 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

$E$  - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(2.8838 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.36879 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 7.8195 \text{ ft}$$

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (2.8838 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.36879 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (2.8838 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.36879 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 3.2808 \text{ ft}$$

$V_{max}$  - Max shear force located at depth  $a$ ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \left( \frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \left( \frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.36879 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \times \left( \frac{4 \times (7.8195 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.2808 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \times \left( \frac{3 \times (7.8195 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.2808 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 3.2099 \text{ kip}$$

$M_{max}$  - Max bending moment located at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[ \left( \frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 + \left[ \left( \frac{3 E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.36879 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft})) \times \left[ \left( \frac{(7.8195 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(3.2808 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (4.75 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 \times (7.8195 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.2808 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (4.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 + \left[ \left( \frac{3 \times (7.8195 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.2808 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (4.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 11.88 \text{ kipft}$$

### Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

#### Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$  - Concrete strength,

$f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$  - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,

$\phi = 0.65$  - Reduction factor for axial strength,

$\alpha = 0.8$  - Alpha factor for axial strength,

$A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$  - Gross area of concrete,

#### Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load,  $A_{st,required}$

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[ \frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[ \frac{\frac{(6.492 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -84.38 \text{ in}^2$$

$A_{min}$  - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-84.38 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$$

$n_{rebar}$  - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 14$$

$A_{st}$  - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.96556$$

25.2.3

$s_{rebar}$  - Minimum spacing of reinforcement,

$$s_{rebar} = \text{Max} [1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.970**

$$s_{rebar} = Max[1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}$$

**Ties:**

25.7.2.2 Since longitudinal reinforcement is  $\leq$  No. 10 $\emptyset$ : Use #3(0.375 in)

25.7.2.1  $s_{ties}$  - Maximum spacing of ties,

$$s_{ties} = Min[(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), Min(D, b)]$$

$$s_{ties} = Min[(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), Min((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]$$

$$s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}$$

**Summary:**

Main reinforcement: **14 - #5 (0.625 in)**

Ties: **#3(0.375 in) - 10 in**

**Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)**

22.4.2.2  $\phi P_N$  - Allowable axial compressive strength

$$\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_{yk} A_{st})]$$

$$\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times [(0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$\phi P_N = 2675.2 \text{ kip}$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(6.492 \text{ kip})}{(2675.2 \text{ kip})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.0024268$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.000**

**Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)**

**Parameters:**

$b_w$  = 48 in - Effective width,

$d$  - Effective depth

22.5.2.2

$$d = 0.80 D$$

$$d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$d = 38.4 \text{ in}$$

22.5.5.1.3

$\lambda_s$  - size effect modification factor

$$\lambda_s = MIN \left[ \sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = MIN \left[ \sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]$$

$$\lambda_s = 0.64282$$

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ ,

22.5.5.1.1

$V_{c,max}$  - Max shear strength of concrete

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,max} = 296.21 \text{ kip}$$

The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ ,  $P = 6.492 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 6492 \text{ lbf}$ ,

22.5.5.1.1(a)

$V_{c,a}$  - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[ 2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + \frac{P}{6 A_g} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[ 2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + \frac{(6492 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 119.35 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ ,  
 $V_{c,b}$  - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[ 2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} + (0.05 f'_{ck}) \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[ 2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi})) \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 348.89 \text{ kip}$$

$V_c$  - Governing shear strength of concrete

$$V_c = \text{Min}[V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min}[(296.21 \text{ kip}), (119.35 \text{ kip}), (348.89 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 119.35 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ ,  
 $V_{s,a}$  - Shear strength of steel (a)

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{s,a} = 737.28 \text{ kip}$$

$A_v$  - Ties rebar area,

$$A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$$

22.5.8.5.3  $V_{s,b}$  - Shear strength of steel (b)

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yw} d}{s_{ties}}$$

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$$

$$V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$$

$V_s$  - Governing shear strength of steel

$$V_s = \text{MIN}[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$$

$$V_s = \text{MIN}[(737.28 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.1.1  $\phi V_n$  - Allowable shear strength

$$\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$$

$$\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((119.35 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$$

$$\phi V_n = 110.66 \text{ kip}$$

**Considering x-direction:**

$V_{max} = 5.2699 \text{ kip}$  - Maximum shear force in the x-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(5.2699 \text{ kip})}{(110.66 \text{ kip})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.047623$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.050**

**Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LFRD)** $S_m$  - Section modulus

$$S_m = \frac{b D^2}{6}$$

$$S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$$

$$S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$$

 $\lambda = 1$  - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete),

Allowable flexural strength:

 $M_n$  shall be the lesser of: $\phi M_{n,1}$ 

$$\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{2.5 \text{ ksi}} \times 18432.001 \text{ in}^3$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 249.600 \text{ kipft}$$

14.5.2.1b  $\phi M_{n,2}$ 

$$\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 f'_c S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (18432 \text{ in}^3)$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = 2121.6 \text{ kipft}$$

Therefore,

 $\phi M_n$  - Allowable flexural strength,

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$$

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(249.6 \text{ kipft}), (2121.6 \text{ kipft})]$$

$$\phi M_n = 249.6 \text{ kipft}$$

**Considering x-direction:** $M_{max} = 11.88 \text{ kipft}$  - Maximum moment in the x-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(11.88 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.047597$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.050**

REFERENCES	CALCULATIONS	RESULTS
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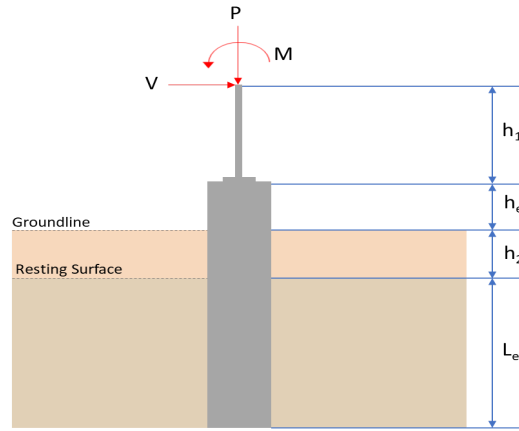
## SkyCiv Foundation Design

Pile Foundation

### Design Information :

Design code : IBC 2021 (International Building Code)  
Unit System : Imperial

### Pile Input



### Geometry

Pile shape: rectangular

$b = 48$  in - Pile width

$D = 48$  in - Pile depth

$L = 4.75$  ft - Total pile length

$h_1 = 0$  ft - Lateral load height from the top of the pile,

$h_2 = 0$  ft - Depth to resisting surface

$h_e = 0$  ft - Length of pile above the ground

### Tabulation of Soil Parameters

Layer	Label	Allowable Bearing Pressure ( $q_a$ ) (psf)	Allowable Lateral Pressure ( $R$ ) (psf/ft)
1	Sand, silty sand, clayey sand, silty gravel & clayey gravel	2000.000	150.000

### Tabulation of Loads

Load Component	ASD	LRFD
$P$ (kip)	4.317	6.763
$V_x$ (kip)	-1.469	-2.444
$V_z$ (kip)	0.043	0.069
$M_x$ (kipft)	0.053	0.085
$M_z$ (kipft)	10.776	18.100

### Material Properties

$f'_{ck} = 2.5$  ksi - Concrete strength.

### Required depth to resist lateral loads (ASD)

$H$  - Point of application of the lateral load

$$H = h_1 + h_2 + h_e$$

$$H = (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft}) + (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$H = 0 \text{ ft}$$

### Considering x-direction:

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-1.469 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.23392 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(10.776 \text{ kipft}) + ((-1.469 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 1.7159 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_x^3 - \left( 14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_x}{R} \right) - \left( 18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R} \right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,x} = 4.2626 \text{ ft}$  - Required depth in x-direction,

**Considering z-direction:**

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(0.043 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = 0.0068471 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.053 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.043 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.0084395 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

Required depth of embedment in earth:

$$L_z^3 - \left( 14.14 \times \frac{H_o \times L_z}{R} \right) - \left( 18.85 \times \frac{M_o}{R} \right) = 0$$

Solving the cubic equation:

$L_{e,z} = 1.0321 \text{ ft}$  - Required depth in z-direction,

**Minimum embedded depth required:**

$L_{e,req}$  - Depth of pile required,

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[L_{e,x}, L_{e,z}]$$

$$L_{e,req} = \text{MAX}[(4.2626 \text{ ft}), (1.0321 \text{ ft})]$$

$$L_{e,req} = 4.263 \text{ ft}$$

$L_e$  - Actual embedded length of pile,

$$L_e = L - h_e - h_2$$

$$L_e = (4.75 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft}) - (0 \text{ ft})$$

$$L_e = 4.75 \text{ ft}$$

**Ratio** - Embedded depth

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{L_{e,req}}{L_e}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.263 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.89747$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.900**

### End-bearing Capacity (ASD)

$A$  - Pile cross-section area

$$A = b D$$

$$A = (48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})$$

$$A = 16 \text{ ft}^2$$

$q$  - End-bearing pressure

$$q = \frac{P_v}{A}$$

$$q = \frac{(4.317 \text{ kip})}{(16 \text{ ft}^2)}$$

$$q = 0.26981 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

**Check bearing capacity ratio:**

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{q}{q_a}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.26981 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(2000 \text{ psf})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.13491$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.130**

Czerniak

**Lateral Soil Pressure (ASD):**

$L/D$  - Length to least lateral dimension ratio,

$$L/D = \frac{L}{D}$$

$$L/D = \frac{(4.75 \text{ ft})}{(48 \text{ in})}$$

$$L/D = 1.1875$$

Since  $L/D \leq 10$ ,

Pile is short.

**Considering x-direction:**

$H_o = -0.23392 \text{ kip/ft}$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 1.7159 \text{ kipft/ft}$  - Overturning moment per length of pile,

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (1.7159 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.23392 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (1.7159 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.23392 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 3.286 \text{ ft}$$

$p$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $a/2$  from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (1.7159 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (-0.23392 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(4.75 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (1.7159 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (-0.23392 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.14161 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$s$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $L_e$ ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (1.7159 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((-0.23392 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft}))]}{(4.75 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.61715 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

**Check lateral soil pressure capacity:**

$p_a$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(3.286 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.24645 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.14161 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.24645 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.57461$$

$p_s$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $L_e$ ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 0.7125 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.61715 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.7125 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.86618$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.570**

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.870**

#### Considering z-direction:

$H_o = 0.0068471 \text{ kip/ft}$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$M_o = 0.0084395 \text{ kipft/ft}$  - Overturning moment per length of pile,

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.0084395 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.0068471 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.0084395 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.0068471 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 3.4516 \text{ ft}$$

$p$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $a/2$  from resting surface,

$$p = \frac{0.75 [(4 M_o) + (3 H_o L_e)]^2}{L_e^2 [(3 M_o) + (2 H_o L_e)]}$$

$$p = \frac{0.75 \times [(4 \times (0.0084395 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (3 \times (0.0068471 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft}))]^2}{(4.75 \text{ ft})^2 \times [(3 \times (0.0084395 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (2 \times (0.0068471 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft}))]}$$

$$p = 0.0063444 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

$s$  - Earth pressure against the pile at distance  $L_e$ ,

$$s = \frac{6 [(2 M_o) + (H_o L_e)]}{L_e^2}$$

$$s = \frac{6 \times [(2 \times (0.0084395 \text{ kipft/ft})) + ((0.0068471 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft}))]}{(4.75 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$s = 0.013138 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

#### Check lateral soil pressure capacity:

$p_a$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$p_a = R \frac{a}{2}$$

$$p_a = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times \frac{(3.4516 \text{ ft})}{2}$$

$$p_a = 0.25887 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{p}{p_a}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.0063444 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.25887 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.024508$$

$p_s$  - Allowable lateral soil pressure at depth  $L_e$ ,

$$p_s = R L_e$$

$$p_s = (150 \text{ psf/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft})$$

$$p_s = 0.7125 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$

Ratio - Lateral soil capacity

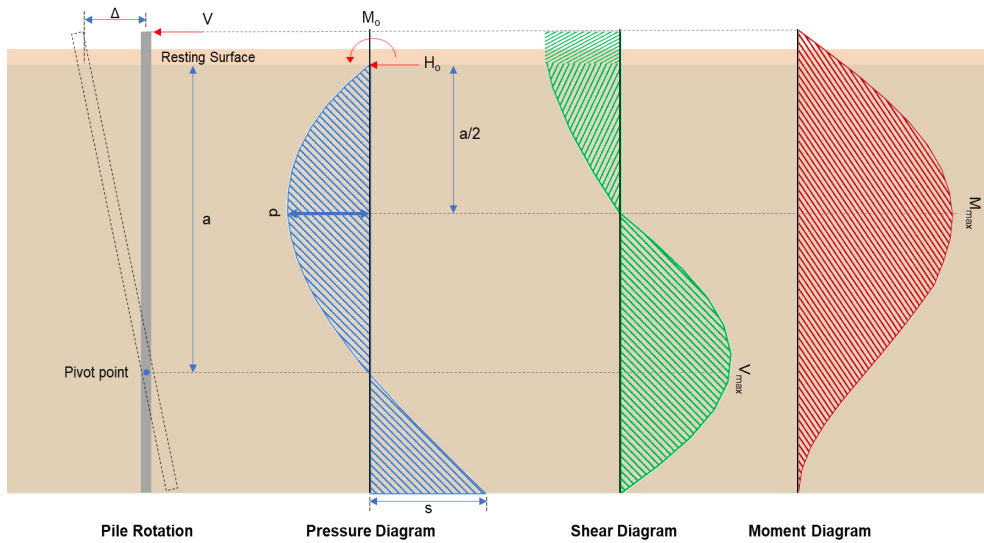
$$Ratio = \frac{s}{p_s}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.013138 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}{(0.7125 \text{ kip/ft}^2)}$$

$$Ratio = 0.018439$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.020**

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.020**



### Shear force and Bending moment (x-direction, LRFD)

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_x}{1.57 D}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(-2.444 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = -0.38917 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_z + (V_x H)}{1.57 D}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(18.1 \text{ kipft}) + ((-2.444 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 2.8822 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

$E$  - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(2.8822 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(-0.38917 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 7.4059 \text{ ft}$$

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (2.8822 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (-0.38917 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (2.8822 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.38917 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = \frac{(-0.38917 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft})}{(6 \times (2.8822 \text{ kip/ft})) + (4 \times (-0.38917 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 3.2852 \text{ ft}$$

$V_{max}$  - Max shear force located at depth  $a$ ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o D) \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \left( \frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \left( \frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((-0.38917 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \times \left( \frac{4 \times (7.4059 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.2852 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \times \left( \frac{3 \times (7.4059 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.2852 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 5.3212 \text{ kip}$$

$M_{max}$  - Max bending moment located at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$M_{max} = (H_o D L_e) \left[ \left( \frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((-0.38917 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft})) \times \left[ \left( \frac{(7.4059 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(3.2852 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (4.75 \text{ ft})} \right) - \left[ \left( \frac{4 \times (7.4059 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.2852 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (4.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 \times (7.4059 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.2852 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (4.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 11.967 \text{ kipft}$$

#### Shear force and Bending moment (z-direction, LRFD)

$H_o$  - Lateral force per length of pile,

$$H_o = \frac{V_z}{1.57 b}$$

$$H_o = \frac{(0.069 \text{ kip})}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$H_o = 0.010987 \text{ kip/ft}$$

$M_o$  - Moment per length of pile,

$$M_o = \frac{M_x + (V_z H)}{1.57 b}$$

$$M_o = \frac{(0.085 \text{ kipft}) + ((0.069 \text{ kip}) \times (0 \text{ ft}))}{1.57 \times (48 \text{ in})}$$

$$M_o = 0.013535 \text{ kipft/ft}$$

$E$  - Distance from lateral load to resisting surface,

$$E = \frac{M_o}{H_o}$$

$$E = \frac{(0.013535 \text{ kipft/ft})}{(0.010987 \text{ kip/ft})}$$

$$E = 1.2319 \text{ ft}$$

$a$  - Distance from resting surface to pivot point,

$$a = \frac{(4 M_o L_e) + (3 H_o L_e^2)}{(6 M_o) + (4 H_o L_e)}$$

$$a = \frac{(4 \times (0.013535 \text{ kipft/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft})) + (3 \times (0.010987 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft})^2)}{(6 \times (0.013535 \text{ kipft/ft})) + (4 \times (0.010987 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft}))}$$

$$a = 3.4516 \text{ ft}$$

$V_{max}$  - Max shear force located at depth  $a$ ,

$$V_{max} = (H_o b) \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \left( \frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^2 \right] + \left[ 4 \left( \frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{L_e} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = ((0.010987 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in})) \times \left[ 1 - \left[ 3 \times \left( \frac{4 \times (1.2319 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.4516 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^2 \right] \right. \\ \left. + \left[ 4 \times \left( \frac{3 \times (1.2319 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.4516 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] \right]$$

$$V_{max} = 0.049745 \text{ kip}$$

$M_{max}$  - Max bending moment located at depth  $a/2$ ,

$$M_{max} = (H_o \ b \ L_e) \left[ \left( \frac{E}{L_e} + \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right) \right. \\ \left. - \left[ \left( \frac{4E}{L_e} + 3 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3E}{L_e} + 2 \right) \left( \frac{a}{2 L_e} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = ((0.010987 \text{ kip/ft}) \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (4.75 \text{ ft})) \times \left[ \left( \frac{(1.2319 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})} + \frac{(3.4516 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (4.75 \text{ ft})} \right) \right. \\ \left. - \left[ \left( \frac{4 \times (1.2319 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})} + 3 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.4516 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (4.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^3 \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{3 \times (1.2319 \text{ ft})}{(4.75 \text{ ft})} + 2 \right) \times \left( \frac{(3.4516 \text{ ft})}{2 \times (4.75 \text{ ft})} \right)^4 \right] \right]$$

$$M_{max} = 0.09967 \text{ kipft}$$

### Minimum Reinforcement Check (LRFD)

#### Parameters:

$f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi}$  - Concrete strength,

$f_{yk} = 60 \text{ ksi}$  - Longitudinal reinforcement strength,

$\phi = 0.65$  - Reduction factor for axial strength,

$\alpha = 0.8$  - Alpha factor for axial strength,

$A_g = 2304 \text{ in}^2$  - Gross area of concrete,

#### Longitudinal reinforcement:

Required reinforcement due to axial load,  $A_{st,required}$

$A_{st,required}$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[ \frac{\frac{P}{\phi \alpha} - (0.85 f'_{ck} A_g)}{f_{yk} - (0.85 f'_{ck})}, (0.08 A_g) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = \text{Min} \left[ \frac{\frac{(0.763 \text{ kip})}{(0.65) \times (0.8)} - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))}{(60 \text{ ksi}) - (0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}))}, (0.08 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)) \right]$$

$$A_{st,required} = -84.371 \text{ in}^2$$

$A_{min}$  - Governing minimum reinforcement area,

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [A_{st,required}, (0.0018 A_g)]$$

$$A_{min} = \text{Max} [(-84.371 \text{ in}^2), (0.0018 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2))]$$

$$A_{min} = 4.1472 \text{ in}^2$$

$n_{rebar}$  - Required number of reinforcement,

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{rebar}}$$

$$n_{rebar} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(0.3068 \text{ in}^2)}$$

$$n_{rebar} = 14$$

$A_{st}$  - Actual total reinforcement area,

$$A_{st} = n_{rebar} \frac{\pi d_{bar}^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = (14) \times \frac{\pi \times (0.625 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_{st} = 4.2951 \text{ in}^2$$

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{A_{min}}{A_{st}}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(4.1472 \text{ in}^2)}{(4.2951 \text{ in}^2)}$$

Table 22.4.2.1

22.4.2.2, 10.6.1.1

<p>25.2.3</p> <p>25.7.2.2</p> <p>25.7.2.1</p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><math>Ratio = 0.96556</math></p> <p><math>s_{rebar} = Max[1.5, (1.5 d_{bar})]</math></p> <p><math>s_{rebar} = Max[1.5, (1.5 \times (0.625 \text{ in}))]</math></p> <p><math>s_{rebar} = 1.5 \text{ in}</math></p> <p><b>Ties:</b></p> <p>Since longitudinal reinforcement is <math>\leq</math> No. 10: Use #3(0.375 in)</p> <p><math>s_{ties} = Min[(16 d_{bar}), (48 d_{ties}), Min(D, b)]</math></p> <p><math>s_{ties} = Min[(16 \times (0.625 \text{ in})), (48 \times (0.375 \text{ in})), Min((48 \text{ in}), (48 \text{ in}))]</math></p> <p><math>s_{ties} = 10 \text{ in}</math></p> <p><b>Summary:</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;">Main reinforcement: <b>14 - #5 (0.625 in)</b> Ties: <b>#3(0.375 in) - 10 in</b></p>	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>0.970</b></p>
<p>22.4.2.2</p>	<p><b>Axial Compression Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</b></p> <p><math>\phi P_N</math> - Allowable axial compressive strength</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>\phi P_N = \phi 0.80 [(0.85 f'_{ck} [A_g - A_{st}]) + (f_y A_{st})]</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>\phi P_N = (0.65) \times 0.80 \times [(0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times [(2304 \text{ in}^2) - (4.2951 \text{ in}^2)]) + ((60 \text{ ksi}) \times (4.2951 \text{ in}^2))]</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>\phi P_N = 2675.2 \text{ kip}</math></p> <p>Ratio - Capacity</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>Ratio = \frac{P}{\phi P_N}</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>Ratio = \frac{(6.763 \text{ kip})}{(2675.2 \text{ kip})}</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>Ratio = 0.0025281</math></p>	<p>Status: <b>PASS</b> Ratio: <b>0.000</b></p>
<p>22.5.2.2</p> <p>22.5.5.1.3</p> <p>22.5.5.1.1</p>	<p><b>Shear Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)</b></p> <p><b>Parameters:</b></p> <p><math>b_w = 48 \text{ in}</math> - Effective width, <math>d</math> - Effective depth</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>d = 0.80 D</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>d = 0.80 \times (48 \text{ in})</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>d = 38.4 \text{ in}</math></p> <p><math>\lambda_s</math> - size effect modification factor</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>\lambda_s = MIN \left[ \sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{d}{10}}}, 1 \right]</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>\lambda_s = MIN \left[ \sqrt{\frac{2}{1 + \frac{(38.4 \text{ in})}{10}}}, 1 \right]</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>\lambda_s = 0.64282</math></p> <p>The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula <math>f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}</math>,</p> <p><math>V_{c,max}</math> - Max shear strength of concrete</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>V_{c,max} = 5 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>V_{c,max} = 5 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})</math></p>	

$$V_{c,max} = 296.21 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.1(a) The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ ,  $P = 6.763 \text{ kip} \rightarrow 6763 \text{ lbf}$ ,  
 $V_{c,a}$  - Shear strength of concrete (a)

$$V_{c,a} = \left[ 2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck} + \frac{P}{6 A_g}} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,a} = \left[ 2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi}) + \frac{(6763 \text{ lbf})}{6 \times (2304 \text{ in}^2)}} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,a} = 119.39 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ ,  
 $V_{c,b}$  - Shear strength of concrete (b)

$$V_{c,b} = \left[ 2 \lambda_s \sqrt{f'_{ck} + (0.05 f'_{ck})} \right] b_w d$$

$$V_{c,b} = \left[ 2 \times (0.64282) \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi}) + (0.05 \times (2500 \text{ psi}))} \right] \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{c,b} = 348.89 \text{ kip}$$

$V_c$  - Governing shear strength of concrete

$$V_c = \text{Min}[V_{c,max}, V_{c,a}, V_{c,b}]$$

$$V_c = \text{Min}[(296.21 \text{ kip}), (119.39 \text{ kip}), (348.89 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_c = 119.39 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.5.1.2 The following variables were converted to be consistent with empirical formula  $f'_{ck} = 2.5 \text{ ksi} \rightarrow 2500 \text{ psi}$ ,  
 $V_{s,a}$  - Shear strength of steel (a)

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \sqrt{f'_{ck}} b_w d$$

$$V_{s,a} = 8 \times \sqrt{(2500 \text{ psi})} \times (48 \text{ in}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})$$

$$V_{s,a} = 737.28 \text{ kip}$$

$A_v$  - Ties rebar area,

$$A_v = \frac{\pi d_{ties}^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = \frac{\pi \times (0.375 \text{ in})^2}{4}$$

$$A_v = 0.11045 \text{ in}^2$$

22.5.8.5.3  $V_{s,b}$  - Shear strength of steel (b)

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 A_v f_{yw} d}{s_{ties}}$$

$$V_{s,b} = \frac{2 \times (0.11045 \text{ in}^2) \times (60 \text{ ksi}) \times (38.4 \text{ in})}{(10 \text{ in})}$$

$$V_{s,b} = 50.894 \text{ kip}$$

$V_s$  - Governing shear strength of steel

$$V_s = \text{MIN}[V_{s,a}, V_{s,b}]$$

$$V_s = \text{MIN}[(737.28 \text{ kip}), (50.894 \text{ kip})]$$

$$V_s = 50.894 \text{ kip}$$

22.5.1.1  $\phi V_n$  - Allowable shear strength

$$\phi V_n = \phi (V_c + V_s)$$

$$\phi V_n = (0.65) \times ((119.39 \text{ kip}) + (50.894 \text{ kip}))$$

$$\phi V_n = 110.68 \text{ kip}$$

**Considering x-direction:**

$V_{max} = 5.3212 \text{ kip}$  - Maximum shear force in the x-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(5.3212 \text{ kip})}{(110.68 \text{ kip})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.048076$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.050**

**Considering z-direction:**

$V_{max} = 0.049745 \text{ kip}$  - Maximum shear force in the z-direction,  
Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{V_{max}}{\phi V_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(0.049745 \text{ kip})}{(110.68 \text{ kip})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.00044944$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.000**

**Flexural Strength (ACI 318-19, LRFD)**

$S_m$  - Section modulus

$$S_m = \frac{b D^2}{6}$$

$$S_m = \frac{(48 \text{ in}) \times (48 \text{ in})^2}{6}$$

$$S_m = 18432 \text{ in}^3$$

$\lambda = 1$  - Concrete modification factor (Normal concrete),

Allowable flexural strength:

$M_n$  shall be the lesser of:

$\phi M_{n,1}$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = \phi \times 5 \times \lambda \times \sqrt{f'_c} \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 0.65 \times 5 \times 1 \times \sqrt{(2.5 \text{ ksi})} \times 18432.001 \text{ in}^3$$

$$\phi M_{n,1} = 249.600 \text{ kipft}$$

14.5.2.1b

$\phi M_{n,2}$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = \phi \times 0.85 \times f'_c \times S_m$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = (0.65) \times 0.85 \times (2.5 \text{ ksi}) \times (18432 \text{ in}^3)$$

$$\phi M_{n,2} = 2121.6 \text{ kipft}$$

Therefore,

$\phi M_n$  - Allowable flexural strength,

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[\phi M_{n,1}, \phi M_{n,2}]$$

$$\phi M_n = \text{MIN}[(249.6 \text{ kipft}), (2121.6 \text{ kipft})]$$

$$\phi M_n = 249.6 \text{ kipft}$$

**Considering x-direction:**

$M_{max} = 11.967 \text{ kipft}$  - Maximum moment in the x-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$Ratio = \frac{(11.967 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$Ratio = 0.047946$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.050**

**Considering z-direction:**

$M_{max} = 0.09967 \text{ kipft}$  - Maximum moment in the z-direction,

Ratio - Capacity

$$Ratio = \frac{M_{max}}{\phi M_n}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{(0.09967 \text{ kipft})}{(249.6 \text{ kipft})}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = 0.00039932$$

Status: **PASS**  
Ratio: **0.000**